State of Minnesota HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES H. F. No. 1

SPECIAL SESSION

06/12/2015 Authored by Loon, Davids and Urdahl The bill was read for the first time

1.1	A bill for an act
1.1	relating to state government; providing for funding and policy in early childhood,
1.2	kindergarten through grade 12, and adult education, including general education,
	education excellence, standards and assessments, charter schools, special
1.4	
1.5	education, facilities and technology, nutrition and accounting, libraries, early
1.6	childhood education, prevention, self-sufficiency and lifelong learning, state
1.7	agencies, and forecast adjustments; modifying an income tax credit; modifying
1.8	a sales tax exemption; requiring rulemaking; requiring reports; appropriating
1.9	money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 5A.03; 13.32, subdivision
1.10	5; 120B.02, subdivision 2; 120B.021, subdivision 4; 120B.022, subdivisions 1,
1.11	1a, 1b; 120B.024, subdivision 2; 120B.11, subdivision 9; 120B.12, subdivision
1.12	4a; 120B.125; 120B.13, subdivision 4; 120B.30, subdivisions 1, 1a, 3, 4, by
1.13	adding subdivisions; 120B.31, subdivision 4; 120B.36, subdivision 1; 121A.17,
1.14	subdivisions 3, 5; 122A.09, subdivision 4, by adding subdivisions; 122A.14,
1.15	subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 122A.18, subdivision 2, by adding
1.16	a subdivision; 122A.20, subdivision 1; 122A.21, subdivision 2; 122A.23;
1.17	122A.245, subdivisions 1, 3, 7; 122A.30; 122A.31, subdivisions 1, 2; 122A.40,
1.18	subdivisions 8, 13; 122A.41, subdivisions 5, 6; 122A.413, subdivisions 1, 2;
1.19	122A.414, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 2a, 2b, 3; 122A.415; 122A.60; 122A.61,
1.20	subdivision 1; 122A.69; 123A.24, subdivision 1; 123B.53, subdivisions 1,
1.21	4; 123B.57; 123B.77, subdivision 3; 123B.88, subdivision 1; 124D.041,
1.22	subdivisions 1, 2; 124D.09, subdivisions 5, 5a, 8, 9, 12; 124D.10, subdivisions
1.23	1, 3, 4, 8, 12, 14, by adding a subdivision; 124D.11, subdivisions 1, 5, 9, by
1.24	adding subdivisions; 124D.12; 124D.122; 124D.15, subdivision 5; 124D.16,
1.25	subdivision 2; 124D.165, subdivision 2; 124D.59, subdivision 2; 124D.73,
1.26	subdivisions 3, 4; 124D.74, subdivisions 1, 6; 124D.75, subdivisions 1, 3, 9;
1.27	124D.76; 124D.78; 124D.79, subdivisions 1, 2; 124D.791, subdivision 4;
1.28	124D.81; 124D.83, subdivision 2; 124D.98; 125A.01; 125A.023, subdivisions
1.29	3, 4; 125A.027; 125A.03; 125A.08; 125A.085; 125A.0942, subdivision 3;
1.30	125A.11, subdivision 1; 125A.21; 125A.28; 125A.63, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5;
1.31	125A.75, subdivision 9; 125A.76, subdivisions 1, 2c; 125A.79, subdivisions 1,
1.32	5; 125B.26, subdivision 2; 126C.01, subdivision 2; 126C.10, subdivisions 1,
1.33	2, 2a, 13a; 126C.13, subdivisions 3a, 4; 126C.15, subdivisions 1, 2; 126C.17,
1.34	subdivisions 1, 2; 126C.48, subdivision 8; 127A.05, subdivision 6; 127A.353,
1.35	subdivision 2; 127A.45, subdivision 3; 127A.47, subdivision 7; 127A.49,
1.36	subdivision 1; 127A.70, subdivision 1; 134.355, subdivisions 8, 9, 10; 135A.101,
1.37	by adding a subdivision; 290.0671, subdivisions 1, 6a; 297A.70, subdivision 2;
1.38	Laws 2013, chapter 116, article 1, section 58, subdivisions 2, as amended, 3, as
1.39	amended, 4, as amended, 5, as amended, 6, as amended, 7, as amended, 11, as

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2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10 2.11	amended; article 3, sections 35, subdivision 2; 37, subdivisions 3, as amended, 4, as amended, 5, as amended, 20, as amended; article 4, section 9, subdivision 2, as amended; article 5, section 31, subdivisions 2, as amended, 3, as amended; 4, as amended; article 6, section 12, subdivisions 2, as amended, 6, as amended; article 7, sections 19; 21, subdivisions 2, as amended, 3, as amended, 4, as amended; article 8, section 5, subdivisions 3, as amended, 4, as amended; taws 2014, chapter 312, article 16, sections 15; 16, subdivision 7; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 120B; 123B; 124D; 125A; 136D; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 120B.128; 123B.59; 123B.591; 125A.63, subdivision 1; 126C.12, subdivision 6; 126C.13, subdivisions 3a, 3b, 3c; 126C.41, subdivision 1.
2.12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
2.13	ARTICLE 1
2.14	GENERAL EDUCATION
2.15	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
2.16	Subdivision 1. General education revenue. (a) General education revenue must
2.17	be paid to a charter school as though it were a district. The general education revenue
2.18	for each adjusted pupil unit is the state average general education revenue per pupil
2.19	unit, plus the referendum equalization aid allowance in the pupil's district of residence,
2.20	minus an amount equal to the product of the formula allowance according to section
2.21	126C.10, subdivision 2, times .0466, calculated without declining enrollment revenue,
2.22	local optional revenue, basic skills revenue, extended time revenue, pension adjustment
2.23	revenue, transition revenue, and transportation sparsity revenue, plus declining enrollment
2.24	revenue, basic skills revenue, extended time revenue, pension adjustment revenue, and
2.25	transition revenue as though the school were a school district.
2.26	(b) For a charter school operating an extended day, extended week, or summer
2.27	program, the general education revenue for each extended time pupil unit equals \$4,794
2.28	in paragraph (a) is increased by an amount equal to 25 percent of the statewide average
2.29	extended time revenue per adjusted pupil unit.
2.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later.
2.31	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.12, is amended to read:
2.32	124D.12 PURPOSE OF FLEXIBLE LEARNING YEAR PROGRAMS.
2.33	Sections 124D.12 to 124D.127 authorize districts to evaluate, plan and employ
2.34	the use of flexible learning year programs. It is anticipated that the open selection of
2.35	the type of flexible learning year operation from a variety of alternatives will allow
2.36	each district seeking to utilize this concept to suitably fulfill the educational needs of
2.37	its pupils. These alternatives must include, but not be limited to, various 45-15 plans,

- four-quarter plans, quinmester plans, extended learning year plans, and flexible all-year
 plans, and four-day week plans. A school district with an approved four-day week plan
 in the 2014-2015 school year may continue under a four-day week plan through the end
 of the 2019-2020 school year. Future approvals are contingent upon meeting the school
 district's performance goals established in the district's plan under section 120B.11.
 The commissioner must give a school district one school year's notice before revoking
 approval of its flexible learning year program.
- 3.8

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

3.9 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.122, is amended to read:

3.10

124D.122 ESTABLISHMENT OF FLEXIBLE LEARNING YEAR PROGRAM.

The board of any district or a consortium of districts, with the approval of the 3.11 commissioner, may establish and operate a flexible learning year program in one or 3.12 more of the day or residential facilities for children with a disability within the district. 3.13 Consortiums may use a single application and evaluation process, though results, public 3.14 hearings, and board approvals must be obtained for each district as required under 3.15 appropriate sections. The commissioner must approve or disapprove of a flexible learning 3.16 year application within 45 business days of receiving the application. If the commissioner 3.17 disapproves the application, the commissioner must give the district or consortium 3.18

- 3.19 detailed reasons for the disapproval.
- 3.20 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.59, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 3.21 Subd. 2. English learner. (a) "English learner" means a pupil in kindergarten through
 3.22 grade 12 who meets the requirements under subdivision 2a or the following requirements:
 3.23 (1) the pupil, as declared by a parent or guardian first learned a language other than
 3.24 English, comes from a home where the language usually spoken is other than English, or
 3.25 usually speaks a language other than English; and
- 3.26 (2) the pupil is determined by a valid assessment measuring the pupil's English
 3.27 language proficiency and by developmentally appropriate measures, which might include
 3.28 observations, teacher judgment, parent recommendations, or developmentally appropriate
 3.29 assessment instruments, to lack the necessary English skills to participate fully in
 3.30 academic classes taught in English.
- 3.31 (b) A pupil enrolled in a Minnesota public school in any grade 4 through 12 who in
 3.32 the previous school year took a commissioner-provided assessment measuring the pupil's
 3.33 emerging academic English, shall be counted as an English learner in calculating English

learner pupil units under section 126C.05, subdivision 17, and shall generate state English 4.1 learner aid under section 124D.65, subdivision 5, if the pupil scored below the state cutoff 4.2 score or is otherwise counted as a nonproficient participant on the assessment measuring 4.3 the pupil's emerging academic English, or, in the judgment of the pupil's classroom 4.4 teachers, consistent with section 124D.61, clause (1), the pupil is unable to demonstrate 4.5 academic language proficiency in English, including oral academic language, sufficient to 4.6 successfully and fully participate in the general core curriculum in the regular classroom. 4.7 (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), a pupil in kindergarten through grade 48 12 shall not be counted as an English learner in calculating English learner pupil units 4.9 under section 126C.05, subdivision 17, and shall not generate state English learner aid 4.10 under section 124D.65, subdivision 5, if: 4.11

4.12 (1) the pupil is not enrolled during the current fiscal year in an educational program
4.13 for English learners under sections 124D.58 to 124D.64; or

4.14 (2) the pupil has generated six seven or more years of average daily membership in
4.15 Minnesota public schools since July 1, 1996.

4.16 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2017 4.17 and later.

4.18 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 126C.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
4.19 Subdivision 1. General education revenue. (a) For fiscal years 2013 and 2014, the
4.20 general education revenue for each district equals the sum of the district's basic revenue,
4.21 extended time revenue, gifted and talented revenue, small schools revenue, basic skills
4.22 revenue, secondary sparsity revenue, elementary sparsity revenue, transportation sparsity
4.23 revenue, total operating capital revenue, equity revenue, alternative teacher compensation
4.24 revenue, and transition revenue.

(b) For fiscal year 2015 and later, The general education revenue for each district
equals the sum of the district's basic revenue, extended time revenue, gifted and
talented revenue, declining enrollment revenue, local optional revenue, small schools
revenue, basic skills revenue, secondary sparsity revenue, elementary sparsity revenue,
transportation sparsity revenue, total operating capital revenue, equity revenue, pension
adjustment revenue, and transition revenue.

4.31 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 126C.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
4.32 Subd. 2. Basic revenue. For fiscal year 2014, the basic revenue for each district
4.33 equals the formula allowance times the adjusted marginal cost pupil units for the school
4.34 year. For fiscal year 2015 and later, The basic revenue for each district equals the formula

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- allowance times the adjusted pupil units for the school year. The formula allowance for
- 5.2 fiscal year 2013 is \$5,224. The formula allowance for fiscal year 2014 is \$5,302. The
- 5.3 formula allowance for fiscal year 2015 and later is \$5,831. The formula allowance for
- 5.4 fiscal year 2016 is \$5,948. The formula allowance for fiscal year 2017 and later is \$6,067.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 126C.10, subdivision 2a, is amended to read: 5.5 Subd. 2a. Extended time revenue. (a) A school district's extended time revenue for 5.6 fiscal year 2014 is equal to the product of \$4,601 and the sum of the adjusted marginal 5.7 cost pupil units of the district for each pupil in average daily membership in excess of 1.0 5.8 and less than 1.2 according to section 126C.05, subdivision 8. A school district's extended 5.9 time revenue for fiscal year 2015 and later is equal to the product of \$5,017-\$5,117 and the 5.10 sum of the adjusted pupil units of the district for each pupil in average daily membership 5.11 in excess of 1.0 and less than 1.2 according to section 126C.05, subdivision 8. 5.12
- (b) A school district's extended time revenue may be used for extended day
 programs, extended week programs, summer school, <u>vacation break academies such as</u>
 <u>spring break academies and summer term academies</u>, and other programming authorized
 under the learning year program.
- 5.17

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 126C.10, subdivision 13a, is amended to read:
Subd. 13a. Operating capital levy. To obtain operating capital revenue for fiscal
year 2015 and later, a district may levy an amount not more than the product of its operating
capital revenue for the fiscal year times the lesser of one or the ratio of its adjusted net tax
capacity per adjusted marginal cost pupil unit to the operating capital equalizing factor. The
operating capital equalizing factor equals \$14,500 for fiscal years 2015 and 2016, \$14,740
for fiscal year 2017, \$17,473 for fiscal year 2018, and \$20,510 for fiscal year 2019 and later.

5.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2016 and 5.26 later.

5.27 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 126C.13, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
5.28 Subd. 3a. Student achievement rate. The commissioner must establish the student
5.29 achievement rate by July 1 September 30 of each year for levies payable in the following
5.30 year. The student achievement rate must be a rate, rounded up to the nearest hundredth of
5.31 a percent, that, when applied to the adjusted net tax capacity for all districts, raises the
5.32 amount specified in this subdivision. The student achievement rate must be the rate that

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6.1	raises \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 20	015 and later years, 20)16, and 2017 and \$1(0,000,000
6.2	for fiscal year 2018. The student ac	hievement rate may no	ot be changed due to	changes or
6.3	corrections made to a district's adjustion	sted net tax capacity a	fter the rate has been	established.
6.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective the c	lay following final en	actment.
6.5	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 201	4, section 126C.13, su	bdivision 4, is amend	ed to read:
6.6	Subd. 4. General education	aid. (a) For fiscal yea	rs 2013 and 2014 only	, a district's
6.7	general education aid is the sum of	the following amount	s:	
6.8	(1) general education revenue	e, excluding equity rev	enue, total operating-	capital
6.9	revenue, alternative teacher comper	nsation revenue, and th	ansition revenue;	
6.10	(2) operating capital aid under	r section 126C.10, sub	odivision 13b;	
6.11	(3) equity aid under section 1	26C.10, subdivision 3	0;	
6.12	(4) alternative teacher compen	nsation aid under secti	on 126C.10, subdivis	i on 36;
6.13	(5) transition aid under section	n 126C.10, subdivisio	n 33;	
6.14	(6) shared time aid under seet	tion 126C.01, subdivis	ion 7;	
6.15	(7) referendum aid under seet	ion 126C.17, subdivis	ions 7 and 7a; and	
6.16	(8) online learning aid accord	ing to section 124D.0	96.	
6.17	(b) For fiscal year 2015 and la	ater, a district's general	l education aid equals	:
6.18	(1) general education revenue	e, excluding operating	capital revenue, equit	y revenue,
6.19	local optional revenue, and transition	on revenue, minus the	student achievement	levy,
6.20	multiplied times the ratio of the act	ual amount of student	achievement levy lev	ried to the
6.21	permitted student achievement levy	v; plus		
6.22	(2) operating capital aid under	r section 126C.10, sub	odivision 13b;	
6.23	(2) (3) equity aid under section	on 126C.10, subdivisio	on 30; plus	
6.24	(3) (4) transition aid under see	ction 126C.10, subdiv	ision 33; plus	
6.25	(4) (5) shared time aid under	section 126C.10, subd	ivision 7; plus	
6.26	(5)(6) referendum aid under s	section 126C.17, subd	ivisions 7 and 7a; plu	S
6.27	(6) (7) online learning aid und	der section 124D.096;	plus	
6.28	(7) (8) local optional aid according to the second seco	rding to section 126C.	10, subdivision 2d, par	ragraph (d).
6.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective for f	iscal year 2015 and la	iter.
6.30	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014	4, section 126C.15, su	bdivision 2, is amend	ed to read:
6.31	Subd. 2. Building allocation	n. (a) A district or coo	operative must allocat	e its
6.32	compensatory revenue to each scho	ool building in the dist	rict or cooperative w	here

6.33 the children who have generated the revenue are served unless the school district or

cooperative has received permission under Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 5,
article 1, section 50, to allocate compensatory revenue according to student performance
measures developed by the school board.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a district or cooperative may allocate up to five 7.4 50 percent of the amount of compensatory revenue that the district receives to school 7.5 sites according to a plan adopted by the school board, and a district or cooperative may 7.6 allocate up to an additional five percent of its compensatory revenue for activities under 7.7 subdivision 1, clause (10), according to a plan adopted by the school board. The money 7.8 reallocated under this paragraph must be spent for the purposes listed in subdivision 1, but 7.9 may be spent on students in any grade, including students attending school readiness or 7.10 other prekindergarten programs. 7.11

7.12 (c) For the purposes of this section and section 126C.05, subdivision 3, "building"
7.13 means education site as defined in section 123B.04, subdivision 1.

(d) Notwithstanding section 123A.26, subdivision 1, compensatory revenue
generated by students served at a cooperative unit shall be paid to the cooperative unit.
(e) A district or cooperative with school building openings, school building
closings, changes in attendance area boundaries, or other changes in programs or student

demographics between the prior year and the current year may reallocate compensatory
revenue among sites to reflect these changes. A district or cooperative must report to the
department any adjustments it makes according to this paragraph and the department must
use the adjusted compensatory revenue allocations in preparing the report required under
section 123B.76, subdivision 3, paragraph (c).

7.23

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 126C.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Referendum allowance. (a) A district's initial referendum allowance
equals the result of the following calculations:

_ . _

(1) multiply the referendum allowance the district would have received for fiscal
year 2015 under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.17, subdivision 1, based on
elections held before July 1, 2013, by the resident marginal cost pupil units the district
would have counted for fiscal year 2015 under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.05;
(2) add to the result of clause (1) the adjustment the district would have received

under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs (a), (b), and(c), based on elections held before July 1, 2013;

7.34 (3) divide the result of clause (2) by the district's adjusted pupil units for fiscal
7.35 year 2015;

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(4) add to the result of clause (3) any additional referendum allowance per adjusted 8.1 pupil unit authorized by elections held between July 1, 2013, and December 31, 2013; 8.2 (5) add to the result in clause (4) any additional referendum allowance resulting from 8.3 inflation adjustments approved by the voters prior to January 1, 2014; 8.4 (6) subtract from the result of clause (5), the sum of a district's actual local optional 8.5 levy and local optional aid under section 126C.10, subdivision 2e, divided by the adjusted 8.6 pupil units of the district for that school year; and 8.7 (7) if the result of clause (6) is less than zero, set the allowance to zero. 88 (b) A district's referendum allowance equals the sum of the district's initial 8.9 referendum allowance, plus any new referendum allowance authorized between July 1, 8.10 2013, and December 31, 2013, under subdivision 9a, plus any additional referendum 8.11 allowance per adjusted pupil unit authorized after December 31, 2013, minus any 8.12 allowances expiring in fiscal year 2016 or later, provided that the allowance may not be 8.13 less than zero. For a district with more than one referendum allowance for fiscal year 8.14 2015 under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.17, the allowance calculated under 8.15 paragraph (a), clause (3), must be divided into components such that the same percentage 8.16 of the district's allowance expires at the same time as the old allowances would have 8.17 expired under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.17. For a district with more than one 8.18 allowance for fiscal year 2015 that expires in the same year, the reduction under paragraph 8.19 (a), clause (6), to offset local optional revenue shall be made first from any allowances that 8.20 do not have an inflation adjustment approved by the voters. 8.21

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment for fiscal year 2015 and later.

8.24 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 126C.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
8.25 Subd. 2. Referendum allowance limit. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, for
8.26 fiscal year 2015 and later, a district's referendum allowance must not exceed the annual
8.27 inflationary increase as calculated under paragraph (b) times the greatest of:

8.28 (1) \$1,845;

(2) the sum of the referendum revenue the district would have received for fiscal
year 2015 under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.17, subdivision 4, based on
elections held before July 1, 2013, and the adjustment the district would have received
under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs (a), (b), and
(c), based on elections held before July 1, 2013, divided by the district's adjusted pupil
units for fiscal year 2015;

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(3) the product of the referendum allowance limit the district would have received for fiscal year 2015 under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.17, subdivision 2, and the resident marginal cost pupil units the district would have received for fiscal year 2015 under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.05, subdivision 6, plus the adjustment the district would have received under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), based on elections held before July 1, 2013, divided by the district's adjusted pupil units for fiscal year 2015; minus \$424 for a district receiving local optional revenue under section 126C.10, subdivision 2d, paragraph (a), minus

9.9 \$212 for a district receiving local optional revenue under section 126C.10, subdivision
9.10 2d, paragraph (b); or

9.11 (4) for a newly reorganized district created after July 1, 2013, the referendum
9.12 revenue authority for each reorganizing district in the year preceding reorganization
9.13 divided by its adjusted pupil units for the year preceding reorganization.

9.14 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, for fiscal year 2016 and later, "inflationary
9.15 increase" means one plus the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for urban
9.16 consumers, as prepared by the United States Bureau of Labor Standards, for the current
9.17 fiscal year to fiscal year 2015. For fiscal year 2016 and later, for purposes of paragraph (a),
9.18 clause (3), the inflationary increase equals one-fourth of the percentage increase in the
9.19 formula allowance for that year compared with the formula allowance for fiscal year 2015.

9.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment for 9.21 fiscal year 2015 and later.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 126C.48, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 9.22 Subd. 8. Taconite payment and other reductions. (1) Reductions in levies 9.23 pursuant to subdivision 1 must be made prior to the reductions in clause (2). 9.24 (2) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, districts that have revenue 9.25 pursuant to sections 298.018; 298.225; 298.24 to 298.28, except an amount distributed 9.26 under sections 298.26; 298.28, subdivision 4, paragraphs (c), clause (ii), and (d); 298.34 to 9.27 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; 477A.15; and any law imposing a tax upon severed 9.28 mineral values must reduce the levies authorized by this chapter and chapters 120B, 122A, 9.29 123A, 123B, 124A, 124D, 125A, and 127A, excluding the student achievement levy 9.30 under section 126C.13, subdivision 3b, by 95 percent of the sum of the previous year's 9.31 revenue specified under this clause and the amount attributable to the same production 9.32 year distributed to the cities and townships within the school district under section 298.28, 9.33 subdivision 2, paragraph (c). 9.34

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(3) The amount of any voter approved referendum, facilities down payment, and 10.1 debt levies shall not be reduced by more than 50 percent under this subdivision, except 10.2 that payments under section 298.28, subdivision 7a, may reduce the debt service levy by 10.3 more than 50 percent. In administering this paragraph, the commissioner shall first reduce 10.4 the nonvoter approved levies of a district; then, if any payments, severed mineral value 10.5 tax revenue or recognized revenue under paragraph (2) remains, the commissioner shall 10.6 reduce any voter approved referendum levies authorized under section 126C.17; then, if 10.7 any payments, severed mineral value tax revenue or recognized revenue under paragraph 10.8 (2) remains, the commissioner shall reduce any voter approved facilities down payment 10.9 levies authorized under section 123B.63 and then, if any payments, severed mineral value 10.10 tax revenue or recognized revenue under paragraph (2) remains, the commissioner shall 10.11

10.12 reduce any voter approved debt levies.

(4) Before computing the reduction pursuant to this subdivision of the health and
safety levy authorized by sections 123B.57 and 126C.40, subdivision 5, the commissioner
shall ascertain from each affected school district the amount it proposes to levy under
each section or subdivision. The reduction shall be computed on the basis of the amount
so ascertained.

(5) To the extent the levy reduction calculated under paragraph (2) exceeds the 10.18 limitation in paragraph (3), an amount equal to the excess must be distributed from the 10.19 school district's distribution under sections 298.225, 298.28, and 477A.15 in the following 10.20 year to the cities and townships within the school district in the proportion that their 10.21 taxable net tax capacity within the school district bears to the taxable net tax capacity of 10.22 10.23 the school district for property taxes payable in the year prior to distribution. No city or township shall receive a distribution greater than its levy for taxes payable in the year prior 10.24 to distribution. The commissioner of revenue shall certify the distributions of cities and 10.25 10.26 towns under this paragraph to the county auditor by September 30 of the year preceding distribution. The county auditor shall reduce the proposed and final levies of cities and 10.27 towns receiving distributions by the amount of their distribution. Distributions to the cities 10.28 and towns shall be made at the times provided under section 298.27. 10.29

10.30 Sec. 15. [136D.41] LISTED DISTRICTS MAY FORM INTERMEDIATE

10.31 **DISTRICT.**

10.32 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, two or more of the Independent School

10.33 Districts Nos. 108, 110, 111, and 112 of Carver County, Independent School Districts Nos.

- 10.34 <u>716, 717, 719, 720, and 721 of Scott County, and Independent School District No. 2905 of</u>
- 10.35 Le Sueur County, whether or not contiguous, may enter into agreements to accomplish

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11.1	jointly and cooperatively the acquisition, betterment, construction, maintenance, and
11.2	operation of facilities for, and instruction in, special education, career and technical
11.3	education, adult basic education, and alternative education. Each school district that
11.4	becomes a party to such an agreement is a "participating school district" for purposes
11.5	of sections 136D.41 to 136D.49. The agreement may provide for the exercise of these
11.6	powers by a joint school board created as set forth in sections 136D.41 to 136D.49.
11.7	Sec. 16. [136D.42] JOINT SCHOOL BOARD; MEMBERS; BYLAWS.
11.8	Subdivision 1. Board. The agreement shall provide for a joint school board
11.9	representing the parties to the agreement. The agreement shall specify the name of the
11.10	board, the number and manner of election or appointment of its members, their terms and
11.11	qualifications, and other necessary and desirable provisions.
11.12	Subd. 2. Bylaws. The board may adopt bylaws specifying the duties and powers of
11.13	its officers and the meeting dates of the board, and containing such other provisions as
11.14	may be usual and necessary for the efficient conduct of the business of the board.
11.15	Sec. 17. [136D.43] STATUS OF JOINT SCHOOL BOARD.
11.16	Subdivision 1. Public agency. The joint school board shall be a public agency of the
11.17	participating school districts and may receive and disburse federal and state funds made
11.18	available to it or to the participating school districts.
11.19	Subd. 2. Liability. No participating school district shall have individual liability
11.20	for the debts and obligations of the board, nor shall any individual serving as a member
11.21	of the board have such liability.
11.22	Subd. 3. Tax exempt. Any properties, real or personal, acquired, owned, leased,
11.23	controlled, used, or occupied by the board for its purposes shall be exempt from taxation
11.24	by the state or any of its political subdivisions.
11.25	Sec. 18. [136D.44] JOINT BOARD HAS ALL POWERS OF MEMBER
11.26	DISTRICTS.
11.27	To effectuate the agreement, the joint school board shall have all the powers granted
11.28	by law to any or all of the participating school districts.
11.29	Sec. 19. [136D.45] AGREEMENT APPROVAL; NOTICE; PETITION;
11.30	REFERENDUM.
11.31	Subdivision 1. Resolution. The agreement shall, before it becomes effective, be

12.1	Subd. 2. When effective. Each resolution shall be published once in a newspaper
12.2	published in the district, if there is one, or in a newspaper having general circulation in the
12.3	district, and shall become effective 30 days after publication, unless within the 30-day
12.4	period a petition for referendum on the resolution is filed with the school board, signed by
12.5	qualified voters of the school district equal in number to five percent of the number of
12.6	voters voting at the last annual school district election. In such case, the resolution shall
12.7	not become effective until approved by a majority of the voters voting thereon at a regular
12.8	or special election. The agreement may provide conditions under which it shall become
12.9	effective even though it may not be approved in all districts.
12.10	Sec. 20. [136D.46] DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS, DISBURSEMENTS,
12.11	CONTRACTS.
12.12	The participating school districts may contribute funds to the board. Disbursements
12.13	shall be made by the board in accordance with sections 123B.14, 123B.143, and 123B.147.
12.14	The board shall be subject to section 123B.52, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 5.
12.15	Sec. 21. [136D.47] TERM OF AGREEMENT.
12.16	The agreement shall state the term of its duration and may provide for the method of
12.17	termination and distribution of assets after payment of all liabilities of the joint school
12.18	board.
12.19	Sec. 22. [136D.48] NON-POSTSECONDARY PROGRAMS; LICENSED
12.20	DIRECTION.
12.21	The board may also provide any other educational programs or other services
12.22	requested by a participating district. However, these programs and services may not be
12.23	postsecondary programs or services. Academic offerings shall be provided only under the
12.24	direction of properly licensed academic supervisory personnel.
12.25	Sec. 23. [136D.49] OTHER MEMBERSHIP AND POWERS.
12.26	In addition to the districts listed in sections 136D.21, 136D.41, 136D.71, and
12.27	136D.81, the agreement of an intermediate school district established under this chapter
12.28	may provide for the membership of other school districts and cities, counties, and other
12.29	governmental units as defined in section 471.59. In addition to the powers listed in
12.30	sections 136D.25, 136D.73, and 136D.84, an intermediate school board may provide the
12.31	services defined in section 123A.21, subdivisions 7 and 8.

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13.1	Sec. 24. COMPENSATORY RE	VENUE; INTERN	1EDIATE DISTRIC	<u>'T.</u>
13.2	For the 2015-2016 school year	only, for an interme	ediate district formed	under
13.3	Minnesota Statutes, section 136D.41	, the department mu	ist calculate compens	atory
13.4	revenue based on the October 1, 2014	l, enrollment counts	for the South Metro	Educational
13.5	Cooperative.			
13.6	Sec. 25. SCHOOL DISTRICT I	LEVY ADJUSTME	ENTS.	
13.7	Subdivision 1. Tax rate adjust	ment. The commis	sioner of education m	<u>ust adjust</u>
13.8	each school district tax rate established	ed under Minnesota	Statutes, chapters 12	0B to 127A,
13.9	by multiplying the rate by the ratio of	f the statewide total	tax capacity for asses	ssment year
13.10	2014, as it existed prior to the passag	e of Regular Sessio	n 2015, House File N	o. 848, or
13.11	a similarly styled bill passed in a spe	cial session to the st	tatewide total tax cap	acity for
13.12	assessment year 2014.			
13.13	Subd. 2. Equalizing factors.	The commissioner of	of education must adju	ust each
13.14	school district equalizing factor estab	lished under Minne	sota Statutes, chapter	s 120B to
13.15	127A, by dividing the equalizing fact	or by the ratio of th	e statewide total tax c	capacity for
13.16	assessment year 2014, as it existed pr	rior to the passage o	f Regular Session 20	15, House
13.17	File No. 848, or a similarly styled bil	l passed in a special	session, to the statew	vide total tax
13.18	capacity for assessment year 2014.			
13.19	Sec. 26. INDEPENDENT SCHO	OOL DISTRICT N	<u>O. 761, OWATONN</u>	A PUBLIC
13.20	SCHOOLS; REFERENDUM REV	ENUE AUTHORI	ZATION.	
13.21	The referendum revenue author	ization for Independent	dent School District N	<u>No. 761,</u>
13.22	Owatonna public schools, shall be se	t at \$1,082.70 per a	djusted pupil unit for	taxes
13.23	payable in 2014 and adjusted thereaf	ter for the annual in	flationary increases c	alculated
13.24	under Minnesota Statutes, section 12	6C.17, subdivision	2, paragraph (b), to re	eflect the
13.25	intention of the school board and the	understanding of th	ne voters relating to the	ne new
13.26	authorization approved by the voters	of that school distri	ct on November 5, 20)13. This
13.27	referendum will be applicable for sev	en years beginning	with taxes payable in	2014 unless
13.28	otherwise revoked or reduced as prov	vided by law.		

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 13.29
- Sec. 27. APPROPRIATIONS. 13.30

	06/04/15 REVISOR JFK/PT 15-4523
14.1	Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are
14.2	appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years
14.3	designated.
14.4	Subd. 2. General education aid. For general education aid under Minnesota
14.5	Statutes, section 126C.13, subdivision 4:
14.6 14.7	$ \begin{array}{c} \underline{\$} & \underline{6,624,310,000} & \underline{\dots} & \underline{2016} \\ \underline{\$} & \underline{6,761,574,000} & \underline{\dots} & \underline{2017} \end{array} $
14.8	The 2016 appropriation includes \$622,908,000 for 2015 and \$6,001,405,000 for
14.9	2016.
14.10	The 2017 appropriation includes \$638,812,000 for 2016 and \$6,122,762,000 for
14.11	<u>2017.</u>
14.12	Subd. 3. Enrollment options transportation. For transportation of pupils attending
14.13	postsecondary institutions under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, or for transportation
14.14	of pupils attending nonresident districts under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.03:
14.15	<u>\$ 39,000 2016</u>
14.16	$\frac{\$}{\$} \qquad \frac{39,000}{42,000} \qquad \frac{\dots}{\dots} \qquad \frac{2016}{2017}$
14.17	Subd. 4. Abatement revenue. For abatement aid under Minnesota Statutes, section
14.18	127A.49:
14.19	<u>\$ 2,740,000</u> 2016
14.20	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
14.21	The 2016 appropriation includes \$278,000 for 2015 and \$2,462,000 for 2016.
14.22	The 2017 appropriation includes \$273,000 for 2016 and \$2,659,000 for 2017.
14.23	Subd. 5. Consolidation transition. For districts consolidating under Minnesota
14.24	Statutes, section 123A.485:
14.25	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
14.26	<u>\$</u> <u>165,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>
14.27	The 2016 appropriation includes \$22,000 for 2015 and \$270,000 for 2016.
14.28	The 2017 appropriation includes \$30,000 for 2016 and \$135,000 for 2017.
14.29	Subd. 6. Nonpublic pupil education aid. For nonpublic pupil education aid under
14.30	Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.40 to 123B.43 and 123B.87:
14.31	<u>\$ 16,881,000 2016</u>
14.32	<u>\$ 17,460,000 2017</u>
14.33	The 2016 appropriation includes \$1,575,000 for 2015 and \$15,306,000 for 2016.

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15.1	The 2017 appropriation includes \$	1,700,000 for 2016	and \$15,760,000 for	2017.
15.2	Subd. 7. Nonpublic pupil transp	ortation. For nonp	ublic pupil transporta	tion aid
15.3	under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.	92, subdivision 9:		
15.4	<u>\$ 17,654,000 2016</u>			
15.5	<u>\$ 17,792,000 2017</u>			
15.6	The 2016 appropriation includes \$	1,816,000 for 2015	and \$15,838,000 for	2016.
15.7	The 2017 appropriation includes \$	1,759,000 for 2016	and \$16,033,000 for	2017.
15.8	Subd. 8. One-room schoolhouse.	For a grant to Inde	ependent School Distr	rict No.
15.9	690, Warroad, to operate the Angle Inlet	t School:		
15.10	<u>\$ 65,000 2016</u>			
15.11	<u>\$ 65,000 2017</u>			
15.12	Subd. 9. Career and technical ai	d. For career and t	echnical aid under Mi	nnesota
15.13	Statutes, section 124D.4531, subdivision	<u>11b:</u>		
15.14	<u>\$ 5,420,000 2016</u>			
15.15	<u>\$</u> <u>4,405,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>			
15.16	The 2016 appropriation includes \$	574,000 for 2015 a	nd \$4,846,000 for 20	<u>16.</u>
15.17	The 2017 appropriation includes \$	538,000 for 2016 a	nd \$3,867,000 for 20	17.
15 10	See 29 DEDEALED			
15.18 15.19	Sec. 28. <u>REPEALER.</u> (a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section	ons 126C 12 subd	ivision 6: and 126C 4	1
15.20	subdivision 1, are repealed.	0113 120C.12, 3 u 0 u	<u>ivision 0, und 1200.1</u>	<u>1</u> ,
15.21	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section	on 126C.13, subdiv	visions 3a, 3b, and 3c	, are
15.22	repealed for taxes payable in 2018.			
15.00				
15.23		RTICLE 2		
15.24	EDUCATIO	ON EXCELLEN	E	
15.25	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, s	ection 13.32, subd	ivision 5, is amended	to read:
15.26	Subd. 5. Directory information.	Information design	ated as directory info	rmation
15.27	pursuant to the provisions of United Sta	tes Code, title 20, s	section 1232g and Co	de of
15.28	Federal Regulations, title 34, section 99	.37 which are in ef	fect on January 1, 200)7 <u>3,</u>
15.29	2012, is public data on individuals, to the	ne extent required u	under federal law. Wh	nen
15.30	conducting the directory information des	signation and notic	e process required by	federal
15.31	law, an educational agency or institution	shall give parents	and students notice o	f the
15.32	right to refuse to let the agency or institu	tion designate any	or all data about the	student

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as directory information. This notice may be given by any means reasonably likely toinform the parents and students of the right.

16.3

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.022, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 16.4 Subd. 1a. Foreign language and culture; proficiency certificates. (a) World 16.5 languages teachers and other school staff should develop and implement world languages 16.6 programs that acknowledge and reinforce the language proficiency and cultural awareness 16.7 that non-English language speakers already possess, and encourage students' proficiency 16.8 in multiple world languages. Programs under this section must encompass indigenous 16.9 American Indian languages and cultures, among other world languages and cultures. The 16.10 16.11 department shall consult with postsecondary institutions in developing related professional development opportunities for purposes of this section. 16.12

- 16.13 (b) Any Minnesota public, charter, or nonpublic school may award Minnesota
 16.14 World Language Proficiency Certificates or Minnesota World Language Proficiency High
 16.15 Achievement Certificates, consistent with this subdivision.
- (c) The Minnesota World Language Proficiency Certificate recognizes students who
 demonstrate listening, speaking, reading, and writing language skills at the American
 Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages' Intermediate-Low level on a valid and
 reliable assessment tool. For languages listed as Category 3 by the United States Foreign
 Service Institute or Category 4 by the United States Defense Language Institute, the
 standard is Intermediate-Low for listening and speaking and Novice-High for reading
 and writing.
- (d) The Minnesota World Language Proficiency High Achievement Certificate
 recognizes students who demonstrate listening, speaking, reading, and writing language
 skills at the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages' Pre-Advanced level
 for K-12 learners on a valid and reliable assessment tool. For languages listed as Category
 3 by the United States Foreign Service Institute or Category 4 by the United States
 Defense Language Institute, the standard is Pre-Advanced for listening and speaking and
 Intermediate-Mid for reading and writing.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.022, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
 Subd. 1b. State bilingual and multilingual seals. (a) Consistent with efforts to
 strive for the world's best workforce under sections 120B.11 and 124D.10, subdivision 8,
 paragraph (u), and close the academic achievement and opportunity gap under sections
 124D.861 and 124D.862, voluntary state bilingual and multilingual seals are established

to recognize high school graduates students who demonstrate level 3 an advanced low 17.1 level or an intermediate high level of functional native proficiency in listening, speaking, 17.2 reading, and writing on either the Foreign Services Institute language assessments aligned 17.3 with American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages' (ACTFL) proficiency 17.4 tests guidelines or on equivalent valid and reliable assessments in one or more languages 17.5 in addition to English. American Sign Language is a language other than English for 17.6 purposes of this subdivision and a world language for purposes of subdivision 1a. 17.7 (b) In addition to paragraph (a), to be eligible to receive a seal: 17.8 (1) students must satisfactorily complete all required English language arts credits; 17.9 and 17.10 (2) students whose primary language is other than English must demonstrate mastery 17.11 of Minnesota's English language proficiency standards. 17.12 (c) Consistent with this subdivision, a high school graduate student who 17.13 demonstrates an intermediate high ACTFL level of functional native proficiency in one 17.14 17.15 language in addition to English is eligible to receive the state bilingual gold seal. A high school graduate student who demonstrates an intermediate high ACTFL level of functional 17.16 native proficiency in more than one language in addition to English is eligible to receive 17.17 the state multilingual gold seal. A high school student who demonstrates an advanced low 17.18 ACTFL level of functional proficiency in one language in addition to English is eligible 17.19 to receive the state bilingual platinum seal. A high school student who demonstrates 17.20 an advanced-low ACTFL level of functional proficiency in more than one language in 17.21 addition to English is eligible to receive the state multilingual platinum seal. 17.22 17.23 (d) School districts and charter schools, in consultation with regional centers of excellence under section 120B.115, must may give students periodic opportunities to 17.24 demonstrate their level of proficiency in listening, speaking, reading, and writing in a 17.25 17.26 language in addition to English. Where valid and reliable assessments are unavailable, a school district or charter school may rely on a licensed foreign language immersion 17.27 teacher or a nonlicensed community expert under section 122A.25 evaluators trained in 17.28 assessing under ACTFL proficiency guidelines to assess a student's level of foreign, 17.29 heritage, or indigenous language proficiency under this section. School districts and 17.30 charter schools must maintain appropriate records to identify high school graduates 17.31 students eligible to receive the state bilingual or multilingual seal gold and platinum seals. 17.32 The school district or charter school must affix the appropriate seal to the transcript of 17.33 each high school graduate student who meets the requirements of this subdivision and 17.34 may affix the seal to the student's diploma. A school district or charter school must not 17.35 charge the high school graduate student a fee for this seal. 17.36

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(e) A school district or charter school may award elective course credits in world
languages to a student who demonstrates the requisite proficiency in a language other
than English under this section.

(f) A school district or charter school may award community service credit to a
student who demonstrates level 3 an intermediate high or advanced low ACTFL level of
functional native proficiency in listening, speaking, reading, and writing in a language
other than English and who participates in community service activities that are integrated
into the curriculum, involve the participation of teachers, and support biliteracy in the
school or local community.

- (g) The commissioner must develop a Web page for the electronic delivery of these
 seals. The commissioner must list on the Web page those assessments that are equivalent
 to the Foreign Services Institute language aligned to ACTFL proficiency tests guidelines.
- (h) By August 1, 2015, the colleges and universities of the Minnesota State Colleges 18.13 and Universities system must award foreign language credits to a student who receives a 18.14 18.15 state bilingual seal or a state multilingual seal under this subdivision and may establish criteria to translate the seals into college credits based on the world language course 18.16 equivalencies identified by the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities faculty and 18.17 staff and, upon request from an enrolled student, the Minnesota State Colleges and 18.18 Universities may award foreign language credits to a student who receives a Minnesota 18.19 World Language Proficiency Certificate or a Minnesota World Language Proficiency 18.20 High Achievement Certificate under subdivision 1a. A student who demonstrated the 18.21 requisite level of language proficiency in grade 10, 11, or 12 to receive a seal or certificate 18.22 18.23 and is enrolled in a Minnesota State Colleges and Universities institution must request college credits for the student's seal or proficiency certificate within three academic years 18.24 after graduating from high school. The University of Minnesota is encouraged to award 18.25 18.26 students foreign language academic credits consistent with this paragraph.
- 18.27 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
 18.28 applies beginning with students graduating in the 2014-2015 school year who demonstrate
 18.29 the requisite language proficiency in grade 10, 11, or 12.
- 18.30 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.12, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:
 18.31 Subd. 4a. Local literacy plan. (a) Consistent with this section, a school district
 18.32 must adopt a local literacy plan to have every child reading at or above grade level no
 18.33 later than the end of grade 3, including English learners. The plan must be consistent with
 18.34 section 122A.06, subdivision 4, and include the following:

19.1	(1) a process to assess students' level of reading proficiency; and data to support the
19.2	effectiveness of an assessment used to screen and identify a student's level of reading
19.3	proficiency;
19.4	(2) a process to notify and involve parents, intervene with;
19.5	(3) a description of how schools in the district will determine the proper reading
19.6	intervention strategy for a student and the process for intensifying or modifying the
19.7	reading strategy in order to obtain measurable reading progress;
19.8	(4) evidence-based intervention methods for students who are not reading at or
19.9	above grade level, and identify and meet and progress monitoring to provide information
19.10	on the effectiveness of the intervention; and
19.11	(5) identification of staff development needs, including a program to meet those
19.12	needs.
19.13	(b) The district must post its literacy plan on the official school district Web site.
19.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later.
19.11	
19.15	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.13, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
19.16	Subd. 4. Rigorous course taking information; AP, IB, and PSEO. The
19.17	commissioner shall submit the following information on rigorous course taking,
19.18	disaggregated by student subgroup, school district, and postsecondary institution, to the
19.19	education committees of the legislature each year by February 1:
19.20	(1) the number of pupils enrolled in postsecondary enrollment options under section
19.21	124D.09, including concurrent enrollment, career and technical education courses offered
19.22	as a concurrent enrollment course, advanced placement, and international baccalaureate
19.23	courses in each school district;
19.24	(2) the number of teachers in each district attending training programs offered by the
19.25	college board, International Baccalaureate North America, Inc., or Minnesota concurrent
19.26	enrollment programs;
19.27	(3) the number of teachers in each district participating in support programs;
19.28	(4) recent trends in the field of postsecondary enrollment options under section
19.29	124D.09, including concurrent enrollment, advanced placement, and international
19.30	baccalaureate programs;
19.31	(5) expenditures for each category in this section and under sections 124D.09 and
19.32	124D.091, including career and technical education courses offered as a concurrent
19.33	enrollment course; and
19.34	(6) other recommendations for the state program or the postsecondary enrollment
19.35	options under section 124D.09, including concurrent enrollment.

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Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.30, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 20.1 Subd. 3. Reporting. The commissioner shall report test results publicly and to 20.2 stakeholders, including the performance achievement levels developed from students' 20.3 unweighted test scores in each tested subject and a listing of demographic factors that 20.4 strongly correlate with student performance, including student homelessness, as data are 20.5 available, among other factors. The test results must not include personally identifiable 20.6 information as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 99.3. The 20.7 commissioner shall also report data that compares performance results among school 20.8 sites, school districts, Minnesota and other states, and Minnesota and other nations. The 20.9 commissioner shall disseminate to schools and school districts a more comprehensive 20.10 report containing testing information that meets local needs for evaluating instruction and 20.11 curriculum. The commissioner shall disseminate to charter school authorizers a more 20.12 comprehensive report containing testing information that contains anonymized data where 20.13 cell count data are sufficient to protect student identity and that meets the authorizer's 20.14 needs in fulfilling its obligations under section 124D.10. 20.15

20.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment 20.17 and applies to school year reports for the 2015-2016 school year and later.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.31, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 20.18 Subd. 4. Student performance data. In developing policies and assessment 20.19 processes to hold schools and districts accountable for high levels of academic standards 20.20 under section 120B.021, the commissioner shall aggregate student data over time to 20.21 report student performance and growth levels measured at the school, school district, and 20.22 statewide level. When collecting and reporting the performance data, the commissioner 20.23 shall organize and report the data so that state and local policy makers can understand the 20.24 educational implications of changes in districts' demographic profiles over time, including 20.25 student homelessness, as data are available, among other demographic factors. Any report 20.26 the commissioner disseminates containing summary data on student performance must 20.27 integrate student performance and the demographic factors that strongly correlate with 20.28 that performance. 20.29

20.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment 20.31 and applies to school year reports for the 2015-2016 school year and later.

20.32 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

21.1

21.2

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Subdivision 1. School performance reports. (a) The commissioner shall report student academic performance under section 120B.35, subdivision 2; the percentages of

students showing low, medium, and high growth under section 120B.35, subdivision
3, paragraph (b); school safety and student engagement and connection under section

21.5 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (d); rigorous coursework under section 120B.35,

subdivision 3, paragraph (c); the percentage of students under section 120B.35,

subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), whose progress and performance levels are

21.8 meeting career and college readiness benchmarks under sections 120B.30, subdivision 1,

and 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (e); longitudinal data on the progress of eligible

21.10 districts in reducing disparities in students' academic achievement and realizing racial

and economic integration under section 124D.861; the acquisition of English, and

21.12 where practicable, native language academic literacy, including oral academic language,

and the academic progress of English learners under section 124D.59, subdivisions

21.14 2 and 2a; two separate student-to-teacher ratios that clearly indicate the definition of
21.15 teacher consistent with sections 122A.06 and 122A.15 for purposes of determining these

21.16 ratios; staff characteristics excluding salaries; student enrollment demographics; student

21.17 homelessness and district mobility; and extracurricular activities. The report also must

21.18 indicate a school's adequate yearly progress status under applicable federal law, and must

21.19 not set any designations applicable to high- and low-performing schools due solely to21.20 adequate yearly progress status.

(b) The commissioner shall develop, annually update, and post on the departmentWeb site school performance reports.

21.23 (c) The commissioner must make available performance reports by the beginning21.24 of each school year.

(d) A school or district may appeal its adequate yearly progress status in writing to
the commissioner within 30 days of receiving the notice of its status. The commissioner's
decision to uphold or deny an appeal is final.

(e) School performance data are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9,
until the commissioner publicly releases the data. The commissioner shall annually post
school performance reports to the department's public Web site no later than September 1,
except that in years when the reports reflect new performance standards, the commissioner
shall post the school performance reports no later than October 1.

21.33 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment 21.34 and applies to school year reports for the 2015-2016 school year and later.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.09, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. License and rules. (a) The board must adopt rules to license public school 22.1 teachers and interns subject to chapter 14. 22.2

(b) The board must adopt rules requiring a person require all candidates for teacher 22.3 licensure to pass demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted skills examination 22.4 in reading, writing, and mathematics or attain either a composite score composed of 22.5 the average of the scores in English and writing, reading, and mathematics on the ACT 22.6 Plus Writing recommended by the board, or an equivalent composite score composed 22.7 of the average of the scores in critical reading, mathematics, and writing on the SAT 22.8 recommended by the board, as a requirement for initial teacher licensure, except that the 22.9 board may issue up to two four temporary, one-year teaching licenses to an otherwise 22.10 qualified candidate who has not yet passed the board-adopted skills exam or attained the 22.11 requisite composite score on the ACT Plus Writing or SAT. Such rules The board must 22.12 require college and universities offering a board-approved teacher preparation program 22.13 to provide remedial assistance to persons who did not achieve a qualifying score on the 22.14 22.15 board-adopted skills examination or attain the requisite composite score on the ACT Plus Writing or SAT, including those for whom English is a second language. The requirement 22.16 to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills examination or attain the 22.17 requisite composite score on the ACT Plus Writing or SAT does not apply to nonnative 22.18 English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota school district personnel or Minnesota 22.19 higher education faculty, who, after meeting the content and pedagogy requirements 22.20 under this subdivision, apply for a teaching license to provide direct instruction in their 22.21 native language or world language instruction under section 120B.022, subdivision 1. A 22.22 22.23 teacher candidate's official ACT Plus Writing or SAT composite score report to the board must not be more than ten years old at the time of licensure The Board of Teaching and 22.24 the entity administering the content, pedagogy, and skills examinations must allow any 22.25 22.26 individual who produces documentation of a disability in the form of an evaluation, 504 plan, or individual education program (IEP) to receive the same testing accommodations 22.27 on the content, pedagogy, and skills examinations that the applicant received during their 22.28 secondary or postsecondary education. 22.29

(c) The board must adopt rules to approve teacher preparation programs. The board, 22.30 upon the request of a postsecondary student preparing for teacher licensure or a licensed 22.31 graduate of a teacher preparation program, shall assist in resolving a dispute between the 22.32 person and a postsecondary institution providing a teacher preparation program when the 22.33 dispute involves an institution's recommendation for licensure affecting the person or the 22.34 person's credentials. At the board's discretion, assistance may include the application 22.35 of chapter 14. 22.36

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(d) The board must provide the leadership and adopt rules for the redesign of teacher
education programs to implement a research based, results-oriented curriculum that
focuses on the skills teachers need in order to be effective. <u>Among other components,</u>
teacher preparation programs may provide a school-year-long student teaching program
that combines clinical opportunities with academic coursework and in-depth student
teaching experiences to offer students ongoing mentorship, coaching, and assessment,
help to prepare a professional development plan, and structured learning experiences.
The board shall implement new systems of teacher preparation program evaluation
to assure program effectiveness based on proficiency of graduates in demonstrating
attainment of program outcomes. Teacher preparation programs including alternative
teacher preparation programs under section 122A.245, among other programs, must
include a content-specific, board-approved, performance-based assessment that measures
teacher candidates in three areas: planning for instruction and assessment; engaging

students and supporting learning; and assessing student learning. The board's redesign
rules must include creating flexible, specialized teaching licenses, credentials, and other
endorsement forms to increase students' participation in language immersion programs,
world language instruction, career development opportunities, work-based learning, early
college courses and careers, career and technical programs, Montessori schools, and
project and place-based learning, among other career and college ready learning offerings.

(e) The board must adopt rules requiring candidates for initial licenses to pass an 23.20 examination of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure-specific 23.21 teaching skills. The rules shall be effective by September 1, 2001. The rules under this 23.22 23.23 paragraph also must require candidates for initial licenses to teach prekindergarten or elementary students to pass, as part of the examination of licensure-specific teaching 23.24 skills, test items assessing the candidates' knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive, 23.25 scientifically based reading instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, and their 23.26 knowledge and understanding of the foundations of reading development, the development 23.27 of reading comprehension, and reading assessment and instruction, and their ability to 23.28 integrate that knowledge and understanding. 23.29

(f) The board must adopt rules requiring teacher educators to work directly with
elementary or secondary school teachers in elementary or secondary schools to obtain
periodic exposure to the elementary or secondary teaching environment.

(g) The board must grant licenses to interns and to candidates for initial licenses
based on appropriate professional competencies that are aligned with the board's licensing
system and students' diverse learning needs. All teacher candidates must have preparation
in English language development and content instruction for English learners in order to be

able to effectively instruct the English learners in their classrooms. The board must include these licenses in a statewide differentiated licensing system that creates new leadership roles for successful experienced teachers premised on a collaborative professional culture dedicated to meeting students' diverse learning needs in the 21st century, recognizes the importance of cultural and linguistic competencies, including the ability to teach and communicate in culturally competent and aware ways, and formalizes mentoring and induction for newly licensed teachers provided through a teacher support framework.

(h) The board must design and implement an assessment system which requires a
candidate for an initial license and first continuing license to demonstrate the abilities
necessary to perform selected, representative teaching tasks at appropriate levels.

(i) The board must receive recommendations from local committees as established
by the board for the renewal of teaching licenses. The board must require licensed teachers
who are renewing a continuing license to include in the renewal requirements further
preparation in English language development and specially designed content instruction
in English for English learners.

(j) The board must grant life licenses to those who qualify according to requirements
established by the board, and suspend or revoke licenses pursuant to sections 122A.20 and
24.18 214.10. The board must not establish any expiration date for application for life licenses.

(k) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing
their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements further preparation in
the areas of using positive behavior interventions and in accommodating, modifying, and
adapting curricula, materials, and strategies to appropriately meet the needs of individual
students and ensure adequate progress toward the state's graduation rule.

(1) In adopting rules to license public school teachers who provide health-related
services for disabled children, the board shall adopt rules consistent with license or
registration requirements of the commissioner of health and the health-related boards who
license personnel who perform similar services outside of the school.

(m) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing
their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements further reading
preparation, consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4. The rules do not take effect
until they are approved by law. Teachers who do not provide direct instruction including, at
least, counselors, school psychologists, school nurses, school social workers, audiovisual
directors and coordinators, and recreation personnel are exempt from this section.

(n) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing
their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements further preparation,
first, in understanding the key warning signs of early-onset mental illness in children

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and adolescents and then, during subsequent licensure renewal periods, preparation may 25.1 25.2 include providing a more in-depth understanding of students' mental illness trauma, accommodations for students' mental illness, parents' role in addressing students' mental 25.3 illness, Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders, autism, the requirements of section 125A.0942 25.4 governing restrictive procedures, and de-escalation methods, among other similar topics. 25.5 (o) The board must adopt rules by January 1, 2016, to license applicants under 25.6 sections 122A.23 and 122A.245. The rules must permit applicants to demonstrate their 25.7 qualifications through the board's recognition of a teaching license from another state 25.8 in a similar content field, completion of a state-approved teacher preparation program, 25.9 teaching experience as the teacher of record in a similar licensure field, depth of content 25.10 knowledge, depth of content methods or general pedagogy, subject-specific professional 25.11 25.12 development and contribution to the field, or classroom performance as determined by documented student growth on normed assessments or documented effectiveness on 25.13 evaluations. The rules must adopt criteria for determining a "similar content field" and 25.14 25.15 "similar licensure area."

25.16 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
 25.17 and applies to all candidates seeking initial teacher licensure, including those holding a
 25.18 temporary, one-year teaching license.

25.19 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. Teacher and administrator preparation and performance data; 25.21 report. (a) The Board of Teaching and the Board of School Administrators, in cooperation 25.22 with the Minnesota Association of Colleges of Teacher Education and Minnesota colleges 25.23 and universities offering board-adopted teacher or administrator preparation programs, 25.24 annually must collect and report summary data on teacher and administrator preparation 25.25 and performance outcomes, consistent with this subdivision. The Board of Teaching 25.26 and the Board of School Administrators annually by June 1 must update and post the 25.27 reported summary preparation and performance data on teachers and administrators from 25.28 25.29 the preceding school years on a Web site hosted jointly by the boards. (b) Publicly reported summary data on teacher preparation programs must include: 25.30 student entrance requirements for each Board of Teaching-approved program, including 25.31 grade point average for enrolling students in the preceding year; the average board-adopted 25.32 skills examination or ACT or SAT scores of students entering the program in the preceding 25.33

25.34 year; summary data on faculty qualifications, including at least the content areas of faculty

25.35 undergraduate and graduate degrees and their years of experience either as kindergarten

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through grade 12 classroom teachers or school administrators; the average time resident 26.1 and nonresident program graduates in the preceding year needed to complete the program; 26.2 the current number and percent of students by program who graduated, received a standard 26.3 26.4 Minnesota teaching license, and were hired to teach full time in their licensure field in a Minnesota district or school in the preceding year; the number of content area credits and 26.5 other credits by undergraduate program that students in the preceding school year needed 26.6 to complete to graduate; students' pass rates on skills and subject matter exams required for 26.7 graduation in each program and licensure area in the preceding school year; survey results 26.8 measuring student and graduate satisfaction with the program in the preceding school 26.9 year; a standard measure of the satisfaction of school principals or supervising teachers 26.10 with the student teachers assigned to a school or supervising teacher; and information 26.11 under paragraphs (d) and (e). Program reporting must be consistent with subdivision 11. 26.12 (c) Publicly reported summary data on administrator preparation programs 26.13 approved by the Board of School Administrators must include: summary data on faculty 26.14 26.15 qualifications, including at least the content areas of faculty undergraduate and graduate degrees and their years of experience either as kindergarten through grade 12 classroom 26.16 teachers or school administrators; the average time program graduates in the preceding 26.17 year needed to complete the program; the current number and percent of students who 26.18 graduated, received a standard Minnesota administrator license, and were employed as an 26.19 26.20 administrator in a Minnesota school district or school in the preceding year; the number of credits by graduate program that students in the preceding school year needed to complete 26.21 to graduate; survey results measuring student, graduate, and employer satisfaction with 26.22 26.23 the program in the preceding school year; and information under paragraphs (f) and (g). 26.24 Program reporting must be consistent with section 122A.14, subdivision 10. (d) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of Teaching 26.25 the following information for all teachers who finished the probationary period and 26.26 accepted a continuing contract position with the district from September 1 of the previous 26.27 year through August 31 of the current year: the effectiveness category or rating of the 26.28 teacher on the summative evaluation under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41, 26.29 subdivision 5; the licensure area in which the teacher primarily taught during the 26.30 three-year evaluation cycle; and the teacher preparation program preparing the teacher in 26.31 the teacher's primary areas of instruction and licensure. 26.32 (e) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of Teaching the 26.33 following information for all probationary teachers in the district who were released or 26.34 whose contracts were not renewed from September 1 of the previous year through August 26.35

26.36 <u>31 of the current year: the licensure areas in which the probationary teacher taught; and</u>

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27.1	the teacher preparation program preparing	the teacher in the t	eacher's primary are	eas of
27.2	instruction and licensure.			
27.3	(f) School districts annually by Octo	ber 1 must report t	o the Board of Scho	ool
27.4	Administrators the following information f	or all school princi	pals and assistant p	rincipals
27.5	who finished the probationary period and a	ccepted a continuin	ng contract position	with the
27.6	district from September 1 of the previous y	ear through Augus	at 31 of the current y	ear: the
27.7	effectiveness category or rating of the prin	cipal or assistant p	rincipal on the sumr	native
27.8	evaluation under section 123B.147, subdiv	ision 3; and the pri	ncipal preparation p	rogram
27.9	providing instruction to the principal or as	sistant principal.		
27.10	(g) School districts annually by Octo	ber 1 must report t	to the Board of Scho	ool
27.11	Administrators all probationary school prin	ncipals and assistar	t principals in the d	istrict
27.12	who were released or whose contracts were	not renewed from	September 1 of the	previous
27.13	year through August 31 of the current year	-		
27.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is	s effective July 1, 2	2016.	
27.15	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, sect	ion 122A.09, is an	nended by adding a	
27.16	subdivision to read:			
27.17	Subd. 11. Teacher preparation pro	gram reporting. E	By December 31, 20	18, and
27.18	annually thereafter, the Board of Teaching	shall report and pu	blish on its Web sit	e the
27.19	cumulative summary results of at least three	e consecutive years	of data reported to t	he board
27.20	under subdivision 4a, paragraph (b). When	e the data are suffi	cient to yield statist	ically

27.21 reliable information and the results would not reveal personally identifiable information

27.22 <u>about an individual teacher, the board shall report the data by teacher preparation program.</u>

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.14, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 27.23 Subd. 3. Rules for continuing education requirements. The board shall 27.24 adopt rules establishing continuing education requirements that promote continuous 27.25 improvement and acquisition of new and relevant skills by school administrators. 27.26 Continuing education programs, among other things, must provide school administrators 27.27 with information and training about building coherent and effective English learner 27.28 strategies that include relevant professional development, accountability for student 27.29 progress, students' access to the general curriculum, and sufficient staff capacity to effect 27.30 these strategies. A retired school principal who serves as a substitute principal or assistant 27.31 principal for the same person on a day-to-day basis for no more than 15 consecutive 27.32 school days is not subject to continuing education requirements as a condition of serving 27.33 27.34 as a substitute principal or assistant principal.

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28.1

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

28.2 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

28.4 <u>Subd. 10.</u> Principal preparation program reporting. By December 31, 2018, and
28.5 annually thereafter, the Board of School Administrators shall report and publish on its
28.6 Web site the cumulative summary results of three years of data reported to the board under
28.7 section 122A.09, subdivision 4a, paragraph (c), for each principal preparation program.

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 Subd. 2. Teacher and support personnel qualifications. (a) The Board of Teaching
 must issue licenses under its jurisdiction to persons the board finds to be qualified and
 competent for their respective positions, including those meeting the standards adopted
 under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (o).
- (b) The board must require a person to pass an candidate for teacher licensure to 28.13 demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted examination of skills in reading, writing, 28.14 and mathematics or attain either a composite score composed of the average of the scores in 28.15 English and writing, reading, and mathematics on the ACT Plus Writing recommended by 28.16 the board, or an equivalent composite score composed of the average of the scores in critical 28.17 reading, mathematics, and writing on the SAT recommended by the board, before being 28.18 granted an initial teaching license to provide direct instruction to pupils in prekindergarten, 28.19 elementary, secondary, or special education programs, except that the board may issue up 28.20 28.21 to two four temporary, one-year teaching licenses to an otherwise qualified candidate who has not yet passed the a board-adopted skills exam or attained the requisite composite score 28.22 on the ACT Plus Writing or SAT. At the request of the employing school district or charter 28.23 school, the Board of Teaching may issue a restricted license to an otherwise qualified 28.24 teacher not passing or demonstrating a passing score on a board-adopted skills examination 28.25 in reading, writing, and math. For purposes of this section, the restricted license issued by 28.26 the board is limited to the current subject or content matter the teacher is employed to teach 28.27 and limited to the district or charter school requesting the restricted license. If the board 28.28 denies the request, it must provide a detailed response to the school administrator as to the 28.29 reasons for the denial. The board must require colleges and universities offering a board 28.30 approved teacher preparation program to make available upon request remedial assistance 28.31 that includes a formal diagnostic component to persons enrolled in their institution who 28.32 did not achieve a qualifying score on the a board-adopted skills examination or attain the 28.33 requisite composite ACT Plus Writing or SAT score, including those for whom English is 28.34

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a second language. The colleges and universities must make available assistance in the 29.1 specific academic areas of candidates' deficiency. School districts may make available 29.2 upon request similar, appropriate, and timely remedial assistance that includes a formal 29.3 diagnostic component to those persons employed by the district who completed their 29.4 teacher education program, who did not achieve a qualifying score on the a board-adopted 29.5 skills examination, or attain the requisite composite ACT Plus Writing or SAT score, 29.6 and who received a temporary license to teach in Minnesota. The Board of Teaching 29.7 shall report annually to the education committees of the legislature on the total number 29.8 of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking the a board-adopted 29.9 skills examination, the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination, the 29.10 number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination, the distribution of all 29.11 eandidates' scores, the number of candidates who have taken the examination at least once 29.12 before, and the number of candidates who have taken the examination at least once before 29.13 and achieve a qualifying score, and the candidates who have not attained the requisite 29.14 composite ACT Plus Writing or SAT score or have not passed a content or pedagogy 29.15 exam, disaggregated by categories of race, ethnicity, and eligibility for financial aid. 29.16

(c) The Board of Teaching must grant continuing licenses only to those persons who 29.17 have met board criteria for granting a continuing license, which includes passing the a 29.18 board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics or attaining the 29.19 requisite composite ACT Plus Writing or SAT score consistent with paragraph (b), and the 29.20 exceptions in section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), that are consistent with this 29.21 paragraph. The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics 29.22 29.23 skills examination, or attain the requisite composite score on the ACT Plus Writing or SAT does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota school 29.24 district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the content and 29.25 pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching license to provide direct 29.26 instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section 120B.022, 29.27 subdivision 1. A teacher candidate's official ACT Plus Writing or SAT composite score 29.28 report to the board must not be more than ten years old at the time of licensure. 29.29

(d) All colleges and universities approved by the board of teaching to prepare persons
for teacher licensure must include in their teacher preparation programs a common core
of teaching knowledge and skills to be acquired by all persons recommended for teacher
licensure. Among other requirements, teacher candidates must demonstrate the knowledge
and skills needed to provide appropriate instruction to English learners to support and
accelerate their academic literacy, including oral academic language, and achievement in
content areas in a regular classroom setting. This common core shall meet the standards

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developed by the interstate new teacher assessment and support consortium in its 1992 30.1 30.2 "model standards for beginning teacher licensing and development." Amendments to standards adopted under this paragraph are covered by chapter 14. The board of teaching 30.3 shall report annually to the education committees of the legislature on the performance 30.4 of teacher candidates on common core assessments of knowledge and skills under this 30.5 paragraph during the most recent school year. 30.6 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.18, is amended by adding a 30.7 subdivision to read: 30.8 Subd. 4a. Limited provisional licenses. The board may grant two-year provisional 30.9 licenses to licensure candidates in a field in which they were not previously licensed or in a 30.10 field in which a shortage of licensed teachers exists. A shortage is defined as an inadequate 30.11 supply of licensed personnel in a given licensure area as determined by the commissioner. 30.12 30.13 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Grounds for revocation, suspension, or denial. (a) The Board of 30.14 Teaching or Board of School Administrators, whichever has jurisdiction over a teacher's 30.15 licensure, may, on the written complaint of the school board employing a teacher, a teacher 30.16 organization, or any other interested person, refuse to issue, refuse to renew, suspend, or 30.17 revoke a teacher's license to teach for any of the following causes: 30.18 (1) immoral character or conduct; 30.19 (2) failure, without justifiable cause, to teach for the term of the teacher's contract; 30.20 30.21 (3) gross inefficiency or willful neglect of duty; (4) failure to meet licensure requirements; or 30.22 (5) fraud or misrepresentation in obtaining a license. 30.23 30.24 The written complaint must specify the nature and character of the charges. (b) The Board of Teaching or Board of School Administrators, whichever 30.25 has jurisdiction over a teacher's licensure, shall refuse to issue, refuse to renew, or 30.26 automatically revoke a teacher's license to teach without the right to a hearing upon 30.27 receiving a certified copy of a conviction showing that the teacher has been convicted 30.28 of child abuse, as defined in section 609.185, sex trafficking in the first degree under 30.29 section 609.322, subdivision 1, sex trafficking in the second degree under section 609.322, 30.30 subdivision 1a, engaging in hiring, or agreeing to hire a minor to engage in prostitution 30.31 under section 609.324, subdivision 1, sexual abuse under section 609.342, 609.343, 30.32 609.344, 609.345, 609.3451, subdivision 3, or 617.23, subdivision 3, solicitation of 30.33 children to engage in sexual conduct or communication of sexually explicit materials 30.34

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to children under section 609.352, interference with privacy under section 609.746 or
stalking under section 609.749 and the victim was a minor, using minors in a sexual
performance under section 617.246, or possessing pornographic works involving a minor
under section 617.247, or any other offense not listed in this paragraph that requires the
person to register as a predatory offender under section 243.166, or a crime under a similar
law of another state or the United States. The board shall send notice of this licensing

31.7 action to the district in which the teacher is currently employed.

(c) A person whose license to teach has been revoked, not issued, or not renewed 31.8 under paragraph (b), may petition the board to reconsider the licensing action if the 31.9 person's conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse is reversed by a final decision of the 31.10 Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court or if the person has received a pardon for the 31.11 offense. The petitioner shall attach a certified copy of the appellate court's final decision or 31.12 the pardon to the petition. Upon receiving the petition and its attachment, the board shall 31.13 schedule and hold a disciplinary hearing on the matter under section 214.10, subdivision 2, 31.14 31.15 unless the petitioner waives the right to a hearing. If the board finds that, notwithstanding the reversal of the petitioner's criminal conviction or the issuance of a pardon, the 31.16 petitioner is disqualified from teaching under paragraph (a), clause (1), the board shall 31.17 affirm its previous licensing action. If the board finds that the petitioner is not disqualified 31.18 from teaching under paragraph (a), clause (1), it shall reverse its previous licensing action. 31.19 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the Board of Teaching is delegated the authority 31.20 to suspend or revoke coaching licenses. 31.21

31.22 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
31.23 Subd. 2. Licensure via portfolio. (a) An eligible candidate may use licensure
31.24 via portfolio to obtain an initial licensure or to add a licensure field, consistent with the
31.25 applicable Board of Teaching licensure rules.

31.26 (b) A candidate for initial licensure must submit to the Educator Licensing Division
31.27 at the department one portfolio demonstrating pedagogical competence and one portfolio
31.28 demonstrating content competence.

- (c) A candidate seeking to add a licensure field must submit to the Educator
 Licensing Division at the department one portfolio demonstrating content competence.
 (d) <u>The Board of Teaching must notify a candidate who submits a portfolio under</u>
 paragraph (b) or (c) within 90 calendar days after the portfolio is received whether or not
 the portfolio was approved. If the portfolio was not approved, the board must immediately
 inform the candidate how to revise the portfolio to successfully demonstrate the requisite
- 31.35 <u>competence</u>. The candidate may resubmit a revised portfolio at any time and the Educator

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32.1	Licensing Division at the departn	nent must approve or dis	approve the portfo	lio within
32.2	60 calendar days of receiving it.			
32.3	(e) A candidate must pay to	the executive secretary	of the Board of Te	eaching a
32.4	\$300 fee for the first portfolio sul	bmitted for review and a	\$200 fee for any p	portfolio
32.5	submitted subsequently. The fees	must be paid to the exec	cutive secretary of	the Board of
32.6	Teaching. The revenue generated	from the fee must be de	posited in an educa	tion licensure
32.7	portfolio account in the special re	evenue fund. The fees se	t by the Board of T	eaching are
32.8	nonrefundable for applicants not	qualifying for a license.	The Board of Teac	ching may
32.9	waive or reduce fees for candidat	es based on financial nee	ed.	
32.10 32.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This applies to all portfolios submitted			
32.12	after that date.			
32.13	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 20	014, section 122A.23, is	amended to read:	
32.14	122A.23 APPLICANTS T	RAINED IN OTHER S	STATES.	
32.15	Subdivision 1. Preparation	equivalency. When a l	icense to teach is a	uthorized to
32.16	be issued to any holder of a diplo	ma or a degree of a Mini	nesota state univers	sity, or of the
32.17	University of Minnesota, or of a l	liberal arts university, or	a technical training	g institution,
32.18	such license may also, in the disc	retion of the Board of Te	eaching or the com	missioner of
32.19	education, whichever has jurisdic	tion, be issued to any ho	older of a diploma of	or a degree
32.20	of a teacher training institution of	f equivalent rank and sta	nding of any other	state. The
32.21	diploma or degree must be grante	d by virtue of completing	g a course <u>coursew</u>	ork in teacher
32.22	preparation essentially equivalent	t in content to that require	red by such Minnes	sota state
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university or the University of Minnesota or a liberal arts university in Minnesota or a 32.23 technical training institution as preliminary to the granting of a diploma or a degree of the 32.24 same rank and class. For purposes of granting a Minnesota teaching license to a person 32.25 who receives a diploma or degree from a state-accredited, out-of-state teacher training 32.26 program leading to licensure, the Board of Teaching must establish criteria and streamlined 32.27 32.28 procedures by January 1, 2016, to recognize the experience and professional credentials of the person holding the out-of-state diploma or degree and allow that person to demonstrate 32.29 to the board the person's qualifications for receiving a Minnesota teaching license based 32.30 32.31 on performance measures the board adopts by January 1, 2016, under this section.

Subd. 2. Applicants licensed in other states. (a) Subject to the requirements of sections 122A.18, subdivision 8, and 123B.03, the Board of Teaching must issue a teaching license or a temporary teaching license under paragraphs (b) (c) to (e) (f) to an

applicant who holds at least a baccalaureate degree from a regionally accredited college 33.1 or university and holds or held a similar an out-of-state teaching license that requires the 33.2 applicant to successfully complete a teacher preparation program approved by the issuing 33.3 state, which includes either (1) field-specific teaching methods and, student teaching, or 33.4 essentially equivalent experience, or (2) at least two years of teaching experience as the 33.5 teacher of record in a similar licensure field. 33.6 (b) The Board of Teaching may issue a standard license on the basis of teaching 33.7 experience and examination requirements only. 33.8 (c) The Board of Teaching must issue a teaching license to an applicant who: 33.9 (1) successfully completed all exams and human relations preparation components 33.10 required by the Board of Teaching; and 33.11 (2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license to teach the same a similar content 33.12 field and grade levels if the scope of the out-of-state license is no more than two grade 33.13 levels less than a similar Minnesota license, and either (i) has completed field-specific 33.14 33.15 teaching methods, student teaching, or equivalent experience, or (ii) has at least two years of teaching experience as the teacher of record in a similar licensure field. 33.16 (e) (d) The Board of Teaching, consistent with board rules and paragraph (h) (i), 33.17 must issue up to three four one-year temporary teaching licenses to an applicant who holds 33.18 or held an out-of-state teaching license to teach the same a similar content field and grade 33.19 levels, where the scope of the out-of-state license is no more than two grade levels less 33.20 than a similar Minnesota license, but has not successfully completed all exams and human 33.21 relations preparation components required by the Board of Teaching. 33.22 33.23 (d) (e) The Board of Teaching, consistent with board rules, must issue up to three four one-year temporary teaching licenses to an applicant who: 33.24 (1) successfully completed all exams and human relations preparation components 33.25 33.26 required by the Board of Teaching; and (2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license to teach the same a similar content 33.27 field and grade levels, where the scope of the out-of-state license is no more than two 33.28 grade levels less than a similar Minnesota license, but has not completed field-specific 33.29

teaching methods or student teaching or equivalent experience. 33.30

The applicant may complete field-specific teaching methods and student teaching 33.31 or equivalent experience by successfully participating in a one-year school district 33.32 mentorship program consistent with board-adopted standards of effective practice and 33.33 Minnesota graduation requirements. 33.34

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(e) (f) The Board of Teaching must issue a temporary restricted teaching license 34.1 for a term of up to three years only in the content field or grade levels specified in the 34.2 out-of-state license to an applicant who: 34.3 (1) successfully completed all exams and human relations preparation components 34.4 required by the Board of Teaching; and 34.5 (2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license where the out-of-state license is 34.6 more limited in the content field or grade levels than a similar Minnesota license. 34.7 (f) (g) The Board of Teaching must not issue to an applicant more than three 34.8 one-year temporary teaching licenses under this subdivision may issue a two-year limited 34.9 provisional license to an applicant under this subdivision to teach in a shortage area, 34.10 consistent with section 122A.18, subdivision 4a. 34.11 (g) (h) The Board of Teaching must not may issue a license under this subdivision if 34.12 the applicant has not attained the additional degrees, credentials, or licenses required in 34.13 a particular licensure field and the applicant can demonstrate competency by obtaining 34.14 34.15 qualifying scores on the board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics, and on applicable board-adopted rigorous content area and pedagogy 34.16 examinations under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraphs (a) and (e). 34.17 (h) (i) The Board of Teaching must require an applicant for a teaching license 34.18 or a temporary teaching license under this subdivision to pass a board-adopted skills 34.19 examination in reading, writing, and mathematics or demonstrate, consistent with section 34.20 122A.09, subdivision 4, the applicant's attainment of either the requisite composite ACT 34.21 Plus Writing or SAT score before the board issues the license unless, notwithstanding 34.22 34.23 other provisions of this subdivision, an applicable board-approved National Association of State Directors of Teacher Education interstate reciprocity agreement exists to allow fully 34.24 certified teachers from other states to transfer their certification to Minnesota. 34.25 34.26 Subd. 3. Teacher licensure agreements with adjoining states. (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Board of Teaching must enter into a National Association 34.27 of State Directors of Teacher Education and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate 34.28 agreement and other interstate agreements for teacher licensure to allow fully certified 34.29 teachers from adjoining states to transfer their certification to Minnesota. The board must 34.30 enter into these interstate agreements only after determining that the rigor of the teacher 34.31 licensure or certification requirements in the adjoining state is commensurate with the 34.32 rigor of Minnesota's teacher licensure requirements. The board may limit an interstate 34.33 agreement to particular content fields or grade levels based on established priorities or 34.34 34.35 identified shortages. This subdivision does not apply to out-of-state applicants holding only a provisional teaching license. 34.36

06/04/15 REVISOR JFK/PT 15-4523 (b) The Board of Teaching must work with designated authorities in adjoining states 35.1 to establish interstate teacher licensure agreements under this section. 35.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2015. 35.3 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.245, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 35.4 Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) To improve academic excellence, improve ethnic 35.5 and cultural diversity in the classroom, and close the academic achievement gap, the 35.6 Board of Teaching must approve qualified teacher preparation programs under this section 35.7 that are a means to acquire a two-year limited-term license, which the board may renew 35.8 one time for an additional one-year term, and to prepare for acquiring a standard license. 35.9 The following entities are eligible to participate under this section: 35.10 35.11 (1) a school district or, charter school, or nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A for an education-related purpose that forms a partnership with a college or 35.12 university that has a board-approved alternative teacher preparation program; or 35.13 (2) a school district or charter school, after consulting with a college or university 35.14 with a board-approved teacher preparation program, that forms a partnership with a 35.15 nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A for an education-related purpose that 35.16 has a board-approved teacher preparation program. 35.17 (b) Before participating in this program becoming a teacher of record, a candidate 35.18 must: 35.19 (1) have a bachelor's degree with a 3.0 or higher grade point average unless the 35.20 board waives the grade point average requirement based on board-adopted criteria adopted 35.21 by January 1, 2016; 35.22 (2) pass the demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted reading, writing, and 35.23 mathematics skills examination under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (b); and 35.24 (3) obtain qualifying scores on applicable board-approved rigorous content area and 35.25 pedagogy examinations under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (e). 35.26 (c) The Board of Teaching must issue a two-year limited-term license to a person 35.27 who enrolls in an alternative teacher preparation program. 35.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 35.29 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.245, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 35.30 Subd. 3. Program approval; disapproval. (a) The Board of Teaching must approve 35.31

35.32 alternative teacher preparation programs under this section based on board-adopted

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36.1	criteria that reflect best practices for alternative teacher preparation programs, consistent
36.2	with this section.
36.3	(b) The board must permit teacher candidates to demonstrate mastery of pedagogy
36.4	and content standards in school-based settings and through other nontraditional means.
36.5	"Nontraditional means" must include a portfolio of previous experiences, teaching
36.6	experience, educator evaluations, certifications marking the completion of education
36.7	training programs, and essentially equivalent demonstrations.
36.8	(c) The board must use nontraditional criteria to determine the qualifications of
36.9	program instructors.
36.10	(d) The board may permit instructors to hold a baccalaureate degree only.
36.11	(b) (e) If the Board of Teaching determines that a teacher preparation program under
36.12	this section does not meet the requirements of this section, it may revoke its approval
36.13	of the program after it notifies the program provider of any deficiencies and gives the
36.14	program provider an opportunity to remedy the deficiencies.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.245, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 36.15 Subd. 7. Standard license. The Board of Teaching must issue a standard license 36.16 to an otherwise qualified teacher candidate under this section who successfully performs 36.17 throughout a program under this section, successfully completes all required obtains 36.18 qualifying scores on applicable board-adopted rigorous skills, pedagogy, and content 36.19 area examinations under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraphs (a) and (e), and is 36.20 recommended for licensure under subdivision 5 or successfully demonstrates to the board 36.21 36.22 qualifications for licensure under subdivision 6.

36.23 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.30, is amended to read:

36.24 122A.30 EXEMPTION FOR TECHNICAL COLLEGE EDUCATION 36.25 INSTRUCTORS.

36.26 (a) Notwithstanding section 122A.15, subdivision 1, and upon approval of the local
36.27 employer school board, a person who teaches in a part-time vocational or career and
36.28 technical education program not more than 61 hours per fiscal year is exempt from a
36.29 license requirement. Nothing in this section shall exclude licensed career and technical
36.30 educators from the definition of "teacher" in section 122A.40, 122A.41, or 179A.03.

36.31 (b) This section expires June 30, 2020.

36.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
 36.33 and applies to all technical education instructors hired after that date.

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Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.40, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 37.1 Subd. 8. Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract 37.2 teachers. (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive 37.3 representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop 37.4 a teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and continuing contract 37.5 teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the 37.6 teachers do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process, then the 37.7 school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement the state 37.8 teacher evaluation plan under paragraph (c). The process must include having trained 37.9 observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning 37.10 communities, consistent with paragraph (b). 37.11

(b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching
practices and improve student learning and success, the annual evaluation process for
teachers:

37.15 (1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under
37.16 subdivision 5;

37.17 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that
includes an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least
one summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a school
administrator. For the years when a tenured teacher is not evaluated by a qualified and
trained evaluator, the teacher must be evaluated by a peer review;

37.22 (3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule;

37.23 (4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A.60 and

37.24 122A.61 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;

37.25 (5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and37.26 teacher collaboration;

37.27 (6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning37.28 communities;

37.29

(7) may include mentoring and induction programs;

(8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio
demonstrating evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section
122A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), and include teachers' own performance assessment
based on student work samples and examples of teachers' work, which may include video
among other activities for the summative evaluation;

37.35 (9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local
37.36 academic standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy

that may include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of
teacher evaluation results;

- 38.3 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection, and other
 38.4 student outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which
 38.5 teachers are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and
 38.6 achievement of content areas of English learners;
- (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to
 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for
 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
- (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses
 (3) through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes
 established goals and timelines; and
- (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher
 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning,
 termination, discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or
 other discipline a school administrator determines is appropriate.
- 38.17 Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data
 38.18 under section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be
 38.19 disclosed to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.
- (c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent 38.20 organizations and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective 38.21 organizations, representing the Board of Teaching, the Minnesota Association of School 38.22 38.23 Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the Minnesota Elementary and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and representatives of 38.24 the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership, the Minnesota 38.25 Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with research expertise 38.26 in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process that complies 38.27 with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this section and 38.28 section 122A.41 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual teacher 38.29 evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under this 38.30 subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under 38.31 subdivision 5. 38.32

38.33 (d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:
 38.34 (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not
 38.35 place or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the
 38.36 improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative

06/04/15 REVISOR JFK/PT 15-4523 evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received 39.1 39.2 discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that grade; and 39.3 (2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place 39.4 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the 39.5 improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative 39.6 evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received 39.7 discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school 39.8 teaches that subject area and grade. 39.9 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13. 39.10 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.40, subdivision 13, is amended to read: 39.11 Subd. 13. Immediate discharge. (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph 39.12 (b), a board may discharge a continuing-contract teacher, effective immediately, upon any 39.13 of the following grounds: 39.14 39.15 (1) immoral conduct, insubordination, or conviction of a felony; (2) conduct unbecoming a teacher which requires the immediate removal of the 39.16 teacher from classroom or other duties; 39.17 39.18 (3) failure without justifiable cause to teach without first securing the written release of the school board; 39.19 (4) gross inefficiency which the teacher has failed to correct after reasonable written 39.20 notice; 39.21 (5) willful neglect of duty; or 39.22 39.23 (6) continuing physical or mental disability subsequent to a 12 months leave of absence and inability to qualify for reinstatement in accordance with subdivision 12. 39.24 For purposes of this paragraph, conduct unbecoming a teacher includes an unfair 39.25 discriminatory practice described in section 363A.13. 39.26 Prior to discharging a teacher under this paragraph, the board must notify the teacher 39.27 in writing and state its ground for the proposed discharge in reasonable detail. Within 39.28 ten days after receipt of this notification the teacher may make a written request for a 39.29 hearing before the board and it shall be granted before final action is taken. The board 39.30 may suspend a teacher with pay pending the conclusion of the hearing and determination 39.31 of the issues raised in the hearing after charges have been filed which constitute ground for 39.32 discharge. If a teacher has been charged with a felony and the underlying conduct that 39.33 is the subject of the felony charge is a ground for a proposed immediate discharge, the 39.34 suspension pending the conclusion of the hearing and determination of the issues may be 39.35

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without pay. If a hearing under this paragraph is held, the board must reimburse the teacher 40.1 for any salary or compensation withheld if the final decision of the board or the arbitrator 40.2 does not result in a penalty to or suspension, termination, or discharge of the teacher. 40.3 (b) A board must discharge a continuing-contract teacher, effective immediately, 40.4 upon receipt of notice under section 122A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), that the 40.5 teacher's license has been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or, as defined in 40.6 section 609.185; sex trafficking in the first degree under section 609.322, subdivision 1; 40.7 sex trafficking in the second degree under section 609.322, subdivision 1a; engaging 40.8 in hiring or agreeing to hire a minor to engage in prostitution under section 609.324, 40.9 subdivision 1; sexual abuse under section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.3451, 40.10 subdivision 3, or 617.23, subdivision 3; solicitation of children to engage in sexual 40.11 conduct or communication of sexually explicit materials to children under section 40.12 609.352; interference with privacy under section 609.746 or stalking under section 40.13 609.749 and the victim was a minor; using minors in a sexual performance under section 40.14 617.246; possessing pornographic works involving a minor under section 617.247; or 40.15 any other offense not listed in this paragraph that requires the person to register as a 40.16 predatory offender under section 243.166, or a crime under a similar law of another state 40.17 or the United States. 40.18

(c) When a teacher is discharged under paragraph (b) or when the commissioner 40.19 makes a final determination of child maltreatment involving a teacher under section 40.20 626.556, subdivision 11, the school principal or other person having administrative 40.21 control of the school must include in the teacher's employment record the information 40.22 40.23 contained in the record of the disciplinary action or the final maltreatment determination, consistent with the definition of public data under section 13.41, subdivision 5, and must 40.24 provide the Board of Teaching and the licensing division at the department with the 40.25 necessary and relevant information to enable the Board of Teaching and the department's 40.26 licensing division to fulfill their statutory and administrative duties related to issuing, 40.27 renewing, suspending, or revoking a teacher's license. Information received by the Board 40.28 of Teaching or the licensing division at the department under this paragraph is governed 40.29 by section 13.41 or other applicable law governing data of the receiving entity. In addition 40.30 to the background check required under section 123B.03, a school board or other school 40.31 hiring authority must contact the Board of Teaching and the department to determine 40.32 whether the teacher's license has been suspended or revoked, consistent with the discharge 40.33 and final maltreatment determinations identified in this paragraph. Unless restricted by 40.34 federal or state data practices law or by the terms of a collective bargaining agreement, 40.35 the responsible authority for a school district must disseminate to another school district 40.36

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41.1 private personnel data on a current or former teacher employee or contractor of the district,
41.2 including the results of background investigations, if the requesting school district seeks

the information because the subject of the data has applied for employment with the

- 41.4 requesting school district.
- 41.5

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.41, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 41.6 Subd. 5. Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract 41.7 41.8 teachers. (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop an 41.9 annual teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and nonprobationary 41.10 41.11 teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers in the district do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review 41.12 process, then the school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must 41.13 implement the state teacher evaluation plan developed under paragraph (c). The process 41.14 must include having trained observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate 41.15 in professional learning communities, consistent with paragraph (b). 41.16

41.17 (b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching
41.18 practices and improve student learning and success, the annual evaluation process for
41.19 teachers:

41.20 (1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under41.21 subdivision 2;

41.22 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that
41.23 includes an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least
41.24 one summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a school
41.25 administrator;

41.26 (3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule;

41.27 (4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A.60 and

41.28 122A.61 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;

41.29 (5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and41.30 teacher collaboration;

41.31 (6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning41.32 communities;

41.33 (7) may include mentoring and induction programs;

41.34 (8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio
41.35 demonstrating evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section

42.1 122A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), and include teachers' own performance assessment
42.2 based on student work samples and examples of teachers' work, which may include video
42.3 among other activities for the summative evaluation;

42.4 (9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local
42.5 academic standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy
42.6 that may include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of
42.7 teacher evaluation results;

42.8 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection and other
42.9 student outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which
42.10 teachers are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and
42.11 achievement of English learners;

42.12 (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to
42.13 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for
42.14 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;

42.15 (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses
42.16 (3) through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes
42.17 established goals and timelines; and

42.18 (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher
42.19 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning,
42.20 termination, discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or
42.21 other discipline a school administrator determines is appropriate.

42.22 Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data
42.23 under section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be
42.24 disclosed to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.

(c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent 42.25 organizations and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective 42.26 organizations, representing the Board of Teaching, the Minnesota Association of School 42.27 Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the Minnesota Elementary 42.28 and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and representatives of 42.29 the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership, the Minnesota 42.30 Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with research expertise 42.31 in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process that complies 42.32 with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this section and 42.33 section 122A.40 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual teacher 42.34 evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under this 42.35

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43.1	subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under
43.2	subdivision 2.
43.3	(d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:
43.4	(1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not
43.5	place or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the
43.6	improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative
43.7	evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received
43.8	discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school
43.9	teaches that grade; and
43.10	(2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place
43.11	or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the
43.12	improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative
43.13	evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received
43.14	discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school
43.15	teaches that subject area and grade.
43.16	All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13.
43.17	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.41, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
43.18	Subd. 6. Grounds for discharge or demotion. (a) Except as otherwise provided
43.19	in paragraph (b), causes for the discharge or demotion of a teacher either during or after
43.20	the probationary period must be:
43.21	(1) immoral character, conduct unbecoming a teacher, or insubordination;
43.22	(2) failure without justifiable cause to teach without first securing the written release
43.23	of the school board having the care, management, or control of the school in which the
43.24	teacher is employed;
43.25	(3) inefficiency in teaching or in the management of a school, consistent with
43.26	subdivision 5, paragraph (b);
43.27	(4) affliction with a communicable disease must be considered as cause for removal
43.28	or suspension while the teacher is suffering from such disability; or
43.29	(5) discontinuance of position or lack of pupils.
43.30	For purposes of this paragraph, conduct unbecoming a teacher includes an unfair
43.31	discriminatory practice described in section 363A.13.
43.32	(b) A probationary or continuing-contract teacher must be discharged immediately
43.33	upon receipt of notice under section 122A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), that the
43.34	teacher's license has been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or, as defined in
43.35	section 609.185; sex trafficking in the first degree under section 609.322, subdivision 1;

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44.1	sex trafficking in the second degree under section 609.322, subdivision 1a; engaging
44.2	in hiring or agreeing to hire a minor to engage in prostitution under section 609.324,
44.3	subdivision 1; sexual abuse under section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.3451,
44.4	subdivision 3, or 617.23, subdivision 3; solicitation of children to engage in sexual
44.5	conduct or communication of sexually explicit materials to children under section
44.6	609.352; interference with privacy under section 609.746 or stalking under section
44.7	609.749 and the victim was a minor; using minors in a sexual performance under section
44.8	617.246; possessing pornographic works involving a minor under section 617.247; or
44.9	any other offense not listed in this paragraph that requires the person to register as a
44.10	predatory offender under section 243.166, or a crime under a similar law of another state

44.11 or the United States.

(c) When a teacher is discharged under paragraph (b) or when the commissioner 44.12 makes a final determination of child maltreatment involving a teacher under section 44.13 626.556, subdivision 11, the school principal or other person having administrative 44.14 44.15 control of the school must include in the teacher's employment record the information contained in the record of the disciplinary action or the final maltreatment determination, 44.16 consistent with the definition of public data under section 13.41, subdivision 5, and must 44.17 provide the Board of Teaching and the licensing division at the department with the 44.18 necessary and relevant information to enable the Board of Teaching and the department's 44.19 licensing division to fulfill their statutory and administrative duties related to issuing, 44.20 renewing, suspending, or revoking a teacher's license. Information received by the Board 44.21 of Teaching or the licensing division at the department under this paragraph is governed 44.22 44.23 by section 13.41 or other applicable law governing data of the receiving entity. In addition to the background check required under section 123B.03, a school board or other school 44.24 hiring authority must contact the Board of Teaching and the department to determine 44.25 44.26 whether the teacher's license has been suspended or revoked, consistent with the discharge and final maltreatment determinations identified in this paragraph. Unless restricted by 44.27 federal or state data practices law or by the terms of a collective bargaining agreement, 44.28 the responsible authority for a school district must disseminate to another school district 44.29 private personnel data on a current or former teacher employee or contractor of the district, 44.30 including the results of background investigations, if the requesting school district seeks 44.31 the information because the subject of the data has applied for employment with the 44.32 requesting school district. 44.33

44.34

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

44.35 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.413, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

45.1	Subdivision 1. Qualifying plan. A district or, intermediate school district, or a
45.2	cooperative unit, as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2, may develop an educational
45.3	improvement plan for the purpose of qualifying for the alternative teacher professional pay
45.4	system under section 122A.414. The plan must include measures for improving school
45.5	district, intermediate school district, cooperative, school site, teacher, and individual
45.6	student performance.
45.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2017 and
45.8	later.
45.9	Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.413, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
45.10	Subd. 2. Plan components. The educational improvement plan must be approved
45.11	by the school board or governing board and have at least these elements:
45.12	(1) assessment and evaluation tools to measure student performance and progress,
45.13	including the academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of English
45.14	learners, among other measures;
45.15	(2) performance goals and benchmarks for improvement;
45.16	(3) measures of student attendance and completion rates;
45.17	(4) a rigorous research and practice-based professional development system, based
45.18	on national and state standards of effective teaching practice applicable to all students
45.19	including English learners with varied needs under section 124D.59, subdivisions 2 and
45.20	2a, and consistent with section 122A.60, that is aligned with educational improvement and
45.21	designed to achieve ongoing and schoolwide progress and growth in teaching practice;
45.22	(5) measures of student, family, and community involvement and satisfaction;
45.23	(6) a data system about students and their academic progress that provides parents
45.24	and the public with understandable information;
45.25	(7) a teacher induction and mentoring program for probationary teachers that
45.26	provides continuous learning and sustained teacher support; and
45.27	(8) substantial participation by the exclusive representative of the teachers in
45.28	developing the plan.
45.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2017 and
45.30	later.
45.31	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.414, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
45.32	Subdivision 1. Restructured pay system. A restructured alternative teacher

45.33 professional pay system is established under subdivision 2 to provide incentives to

46.1 encourage teachers to improve their knowledge and instructional skills in order to improve

student learning and for school districts, intermediate school districts, cooperative units,
as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2, and charter schools to recruit and retain

46.3 <u>as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2, and charter schools to recruit and retain</u>
 46.4 highly qualified teachers, encourage highly qualified teachers to undertake challenging

46.5 assignments, and support teachers' roles in improving students' educational achievement.

46.6 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2017 and
46.7 later.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.414, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
Subd. 1a. Transitional planning year. (a) To be eligible to participate in an
alternative teacher professional pay system, a school district, intermediate school district,
or site, at least one school year before it expects to fully implement an alternative pay
system, must:

(1) submit to the department a letter of intent executed by the school district or,
intermediate school district and the exclusive representative of the teachers to complete a
plan preparing for full implementation, consistent with subdivision 2, that may include,
among other activities, training to evaluate teacher performance, a restructured school
day to develop integrated ongoing site-based professional development activities, release
time to develop an alternative pay system agreement, and teacher and staff training on
using multiple data sources; and

46.20 (2) agree to use up to two percent of basic revenue for staff development purposes,
46.21 consistent with sections 122A.60 and 122A.61, to develop the alternative teacher
46.22 professional pay system agreement under this section.

(b) To be eligible to participate in an alternative teacher professional pay system, a
charter school, at least one school year before it expects to fully implement an alternative
pay system, must:

46.26 (1) submit to the department a letter of intent executed by the charter school and the46.27 charter school board of directors;

46.28 (2) submit the record of a formal vote by the teachers employed at the charter
46.29 school indicating at least 70 percent of all teachers agree to implement the alternative
46.30 pay system; and

46.31 (3) agree to use up to two percent of basic revenue for staff development purposes,
46.32 consistent with sections 122A.60 and 122A.61, to develop the alternative teacher
46.33 professional pay system.

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47.1	(c) To be eligible to participate	in an alternative te	acher professional pay	[,] system,	
47.2	a cooperative, excluding intermediate school districts, at least one school year before it				
47.3	expects to fully implement an alternation	tive pay system, m	iust:		
47.4	(1) submit to the department a l	etter of intent exec	cuted by the governing	; board	
47.5	of the cooperative; and				
47.6	(2) submit the record of a formation	I vote by the teach	ters employed by the c	ooperative	
47.7	indicating at least 70 percent of all tea	chers agree to imp	element the alternative	pay system.	
47.8	(e) (d) The commissioner may	waive the planning	g year if the commission	oner	
47.9	determines, based on the criteria unde	er subdivision 2, th	at the school district, in	ntermediate	
47.10	school district, cooperative, site or cha	arter school is read	y to fully implement ar	n alternative	
47.11	pay system.				
47.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sect	ion is effective for	revenue in fiscal year	2017 and	
47.13	later.				
47.14	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014,	section 122A.414,	subdivision 2, is amen	ded to read:	
47.15	Subd. 2. Alternative teacher p	professional pay sy	ystem. (a) To participa	ate in this	
47.16	program, a school district, intermedia	te school district, s	school site, or charter s	chool must	
47.17	have an educational improvement pla	n under section 12	2A.413 and an alternat	tive teacher	
47.18	professional pay system agreement ur	nder paragraph (b).	A charter school part	icipant also	
47.19	must comply with subdivision 2a.				
47.20	(b) The alternative teacher profe	essional pay system	n agreement must:		
47.21	(1) describe how teachers can a	chieve career adva	ancement and addition	al	
47.22	compensation;				
47.23	(2) describe how the school dist	trict, intermediate	school district, school	site, or	
47.24	charter school will provide teachers w	vith career advance	ement options that allow	w teachers	
47.25	to retain primary roles in student inst	ruction and facilita	ate site-focused profess	sional	
47.26	development that helps other teachers	s improve their ski	lls;		
47.27	(3) reform the "steps and lanes"	salary schedule, p	revent any teacher's co	mpensation	
47.28	paid before implementing the pay sys	tem from being rec	luced as a result of par-	ticipating in	
47.29	this system, base at least 60 percent o	f any compensation	n increase on teacher p	erformance	
47.30	using:				
47.31	(i) schoolwide student achieven	nent gains under se	ection 120B.35 or local	ly selected	
47.32	standardized assessment outcomes, or	r both;			
47.33	(ii) measures of student growth	and literacy that m	nay include value-adde	d models	
47.34	or student learning goals, consistent v	vith section 122A.	40, subdivision 8, clau	se (9), or	
47.35	122A.41, subdivision 5, clause (9), an	nd other measures t	that include the acaden	nic literacy,	

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48.1	oral academic language, and achievement of English learners under section 122A.40,				
48.2	subdivision 8, clause (10), or 122A.41, sub	odivision 5, clause (10); and		
48.3	(iii) an objective evaluation program	under section 122A	A.40, subdivision 8,		
48.4	paragraph (b), clause (2), or 122A.41, subd	livision 5, paragrapl	n (b), clause (2);		
48.5	(4) provide for participation in job-en	mbedded learning o	pportunities such as	5	
48.6	professional learning communities to impro	ove instructional sk	ills and learning tha	t are	
48.7	aligned with student needs under section 12	22A.413, consistent	with the staff devel	opment	
48.8	plan under section 122A.60 and led during	the school day by	trained teacher lead	ers	
48.9	such as master or mentor teachers;				
48.10	(5) allow any teacher in a participatin	ng school district, in	termediate school d	istrict,	
48.11	school site, or charter school that implement	nts an alternative pa	y system to particip	oate in	
48.12	that system without any quota or other limit	it; and			
48.13	(6) encourage collaboration rather that	an competition amo	ng teachers.		
48.14	(c) The alternative teacher profession	al pay system may:	_		
48.15	(1) include a hiring bonus or other ac	dded compensation	for teachers who ar	<u>e</u>	
48.16	identified as effective or highly effective un	nder the local teach	er professional revi	ew	
48.17	cycle and work in a hard-to-fill position or	in a hard-to-staff sc	hool such as a scho	ol with	
48.18	a majority of students whose families meet federal poverty guidelines, a geographically				
48.19	isolated school, or a school identified by the state as eligible for targeted programs or				
48.20	services for its students; and				
48.21	(2) include incentives for teachers to	obtain a master's de	egree or other advar	nced	
48.22	certification in their content field of licensu	ire, pursue the train	ing or education nec	cessary	
48.23	to obtain an additional licensure in shortag	e areas identified by	y the district or char	rter	
48.24	school, or help fund a "grow your own" ne	w teacher initiative	<u>.</u>		
48.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is	s effective the day f	ollowing final enact	ment	
48.26	and applies to agreements approved or rene	egotiated after that	date.		
48.27	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, sectio	on 122A.414, subdiv	ision 2a, is amended	l to read:	
48.28	Subd. 2a. Charter school application	ons <u>; cooperative ap</u>	plications. (a) For	charter	
48.29	school applications, the board of directors	of a charter school t	hat satisfies the con	ditions	
48.30	under subdivisions 2 and 2b must submit to	the commissioner	an application that c	contains:	
48.31	(1) an agreement to implement an alt	ternative teacher pro	ofessional pay syste	m	
48.32	under this section;				
48.33	(2) a resolution by the charter school	board of directors a	dopting the agreem	ent; and	
48.34	(3) the record of a formal vote by the	e teachers employed	l at the charter scho	ol	
48.35	indicating that at least 70 percent of all tea	chers agree to impl	ement the alternativ	/e	

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teacher professional pay system, unless the charter school submits an alternative teacher 49.1 49.2 professional pay system agreement under this section before the first year of operation. Alternative compensation revenue for a qualifying charter school must be calculated 49.3 under section 126C.10, subdivision 34, paragraphs (a) and (b). 49.4 (b) For cooperative unit applications, excluding intermediate school districts, the 49.5 governing board of a cooperative unit that satisfies the conditions under subdivisions 2 49.6 and 2b must submit to the commissioner an application that contains: 49.7 (1) an agreement to implement an alternative teacher professional pay system 49.8

49.9 <u>under this section;</u>

49.10 (2) a resolution by the governing board adopting the agreement; and

49.11 (3) the record of a formal vote by the teachers employed at the cooperative unit

49.12 indicating that at least 70 percent of all teachers agree to implement the alternative teacher

49.13 professional pay system.

49.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2017 and 49.15 later.

49.16 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.414, subdivision 2b, is amended to 49.17 read:

Subd. 2b. Approval process. (a) Consistent with the requirements of this section and 49.18 sections 122A.413 and 122A.415, the department must prepare and transmit to interested 49.19 school districts, intermediate school districts, cooperatives, school sites, and charter 49.20 schools a standard form for applying to participate in the alternative teacher professional 49.21 pay system. The commissioner annually must establish three dates as deadlines by which 49.22 interested applicants must submit an application to the commissioner under this section. 49.23 49.24 An interested school district, intermediate school district, cooperative, school site, or charter school must submit to the commissioner a completed application executed by the 49.25 district superintendent and the exclusive bargaining representative of the teachers if the 49.26 applicant is a school district, intermediate school district, or school site, or executed by 49.27 the charter school board of directors if the applicant is a charter school or executed by 49.28 the governing board if the applicant is a cooperative unit. The application must include 49.29 the proposed alternative teacher professional pay system agreement under subdivision 49.30 2. The department must review a completed application within 30 days of the most 49.31 recent application deadline and recommend to the commissioner whether to approve or 49.32 disapprove the application. The commissioner must approve applications on a first-come, 49.33 first-served basis. The applicant's alternative teacher professional pay system agreement 49.34 49.35 must be legally binding on the applicant and the collective bargaining representative before

the applicant receives alternative compensation revenue. The commissioner must approve
or disapprove an application based on the requirements under subdivisions 2 and 2a.

50.3 (b) If the commissioner disapproves an application, the commissioner must give the 50.4 applicant timely notice of the specific reasons in detail for disapproving the application. 50.5 The applicant may revise and resubmit its application and related documents to the 50.6 commissioner within 30 days of receiving notice of the commissioner's disapproval and 50.7 the commissioner must approve or disapprove the revised application, consistent with this 50.8 subdivision. Applications that are revised and then approved are considered submitted on 50.9 the date the applicant initially submitted the application.

50.10 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2017 and 50.11 later.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.414, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 50.12 Subd. 3. Report; continued funding. (a) Participating districts, intermediate school 50.13 districts, cooperatives, school sites, and charter schools must report on the implementation 50.14 and effectiveness of the alternative teacher professional pay system, particularly 50.15 addressing each requirement under subdivision 2 and make annual recommendations by 50.16 June 15 to their school boards. The school board or, board of directors, or governing board 50.17 shall transmit a copy of the report with a summary of the findings and recommendations 50.18 of the district, intermediate school district, cooperative, school site, or charter school to 50.19 the commissioner in the form and manner determined by the commissioner. 50.20

(b) If the commissioner determines that a school district, intermediate school district,
<u>cooperative</u>, school site, or charter school that receives alternative teacher compensation
revenue is not complying with the requirements of this section, the commissioner
may withhold funding from that participant. Before making the determination, the
commissioner must notify the participant of any deficiencies and provide the participant
an opportunity to comply.

50.27 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2017 and 50.28 later.

50.29 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.415, is amended to read:

50.30 **122A.415 ALTERNATIVE COMPENSATION REVENUE.**

50.31Subdivision 1. Revenue amount. (a) A school district, intermediate school district,50.32cooperative unit as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2, school site, or charter

- school that meets the conditions of section 122A.414 and submits an application approved
 by the commissioner is eligible for alternative teacher compensation revenue.
- 51.3 (b) For school district and intermediate school district applications, the commissioner 51.4 must consider only those applications to participate that are submitted jointly by a 51.5 district and the exclusive representative of the teachers. The application must contain an 51.6 alternative teacher professional pay system agreement that:
- 51.7 (1) implements an alternative teacher professional pay system consistent with
 51.8 section 122A.414; and
- (2) is negotiated and adopted according to the Public Employment Labor Relations
 Act under chapter 179A, except that notwithstanding section 179A.20, subdivision 3, a
 district may enter into a contract for a term of two or four years.
- Alternative teacher compensation revenue for a qualifying school district or site in which the school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers agree to place teachers in the district or at the site on the alternative teacher professional pay system equals \$260 times the number of pupils enrolled at the district or site on October 1 of the previous fiscal year. Alternative teacher compensation revenue for a qualifying intermediate school district or cooperative must be calculated under subdivision 4, paragraph (a) (b).
- (c) For a newly combined or consolidated district, the revenue shall be computed
 using the sum of pupils enrolled on October 1 of the previous year in the districts entering
 into the combination or consolidation. The commissioner may adjust the revenue computed
 for a site using prior year data to reflect changes attributable to school closings, school
 openings, or grade level reconfigurations between the prior year and the current year.
- (d) The revenue is available only to school districts, intermediate school districts,
 <u>cooperatives</u>, school sites, and charter schools that fully implement an alternative teacher
 professional pay system by October 1 of the current school year.
- 51.26 Subd. 3. Revenue timing. (a) Districts, intermediate school districts, cooperatives, school sites, or charter schools with approved applications must receive alternative 51.27 compensation revenue for each school year that the district, intermediate school district, 51.28 cooperative, school site, or charter school implements an alternative teacher professional 51.29 pay system under this subdivision and section 122A.414. For fiscal year 2007 and later, 51.30 A qualifying district, intermediate school district, cooperative, school site, or charter 51.31 school that received alternative teacher compensation aid for the previous fiscal year 51.32 must receive at least an amount of alternative teacher compensation revenue equal to the 51.33 lesser of the amount it received for the previous fiscal year or the amount it qualifies 51.34 for under subdivision 1 for the current fiscal year if the district, intermediate school 51.35 district, cooperative, school site, or charter school submits a timely application and the 51.36

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52.1 commissioner determines that the district, intermediate school district, <u>cooperative</u>, school
52.2 site, or charter school continues to implement an alternative teacher professional pay
52.3 system, consistent with its application under this section.

- (b) The commissioner shall approve applications that comply with subdivision 1,
 and section 122A.414, subdivisions 2, paragraph (b), and 2a, if the applicant is a charter
 school or cooperative, in the order in which they are received, select applicants that
 qualify for this program, notify school districts, intermediate school districts, cooperatives,
 school sites, and charter schools about the program, develop and disseminate application
 materials, and carry out other activities needed to implement this section.
- (c) For fiscal year 2008 and later, the portion of the state total basic alternative
 teacher compensation aid entitlement allocated to charter schools must not exceed the
 product of \$3,374,000 times the ratio of the state total charter school enrollment for the
 previous fiscal year to the state total charter school enrollment for fiscal year 2007.
 Additional basic alternative teacher compensation aid may be approved for charter schools
- 52.15 after August 1, not to exceed the charter school limit for the following fiscal year, if
- the basic alternative teacher compensation aid entitlement for school districts based on
 applications approved by August 1 does not expend the remaining amount under the limit.
- Subd. 4. Basic alternative teacher compensation aid. (a) For fiscal year 2015 and 52.18 later, The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a school with a plan approved 52.19 under section 122A.414, subdivision 2b, equals 65 percent of the alternative teacher 52.20 compensation revenue under subdivision 1. The basic alternative teacher compensation 52.21 aid for an intermediate school district or a charter school with a plan approved under 52.22 52.23 section 122A.414, subdivisions 2a and 2b, if the recipient is a charter school, equals \$260 times the number of pupils enrolled in the school on October 1 of the previous year, or 52.24 on October 1 of the current year for a charter school in the first year of operation, times 52.25 the ratio of the sum of the alternative teacher compensation aid and alternative teacher 52.26 compensation levy for all participating school districts to the maximum alternative teacher 52.27 compensation revenue for those districts under subdivision 1. 52.28
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and subdivision 1, the state total basic alternative teacher compensation aid entitlement must not exceed \$75,636,000 \$88,118,000 for fiscal year 2015 2017 and later. The commissioner must limit the amount of alternative teacher compensation aid approved under this section so as not to exceed these limits. Basic alternative teacher compensation aid for an intermediate district or other cooperative unit equals \$3,000 times the number of licensed teachers employed by the intermediate district or cooperative unit on October 1 of the previous school year.

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53.1 Subd. 5. Alternative teacher compensation levy. For fiscal year 2015 and later, 53.2 The alternative teacher compensation levy for a district receiving basic alternative teacher 53.3 compensation aid equals the product of (1) the difference between the district's alternative 53.4 teacher compensation revenue and the district's basic alternative teacher compensation 53.5 aid, times (2) the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's adjusted net tax capacity per 53.6 adjusted pupil unit to \$6,100.

53.7 Subd. 6. Alternative teacher compensation equalization aid. (a) For fiscal year 53.8 2015 and later, A district's alternative teacher compensation equalization aid equals the 53.9 district's alternative teacher compensation revenue minus the district's basic alternative 53.10 teacher compensation aid minus the district's alternative teacher compensation levy. If a 53.11 district does not levy the entire amount permitted, the alternative teacher compensation 53.12 equalization aid must be reduced in proportion to the actual amount levied.

(b) A district's alternative teacher compensation aid equals the sum of the
district's basic alternative teacher compensation aid and the district's alternative teacher
compensation equalization aid.

53.16 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2017 and 53.17 later.

53.18 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.60, is amended to read:

53.19 **122A.60 STAFF DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.**

Subdivision 1. Staff development committee. (a) A school board must use the
revenue authorized in section 122A.61 for in-service education for programs under section
120B.22, subdivision 2, or for staff development:

53.23 (1) teacher development and evaluation plans under this section 122A.40,

- 53.24 subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5;
- 53.25 (2) principal development and evaluation under section 123B.147, subdivision 3;
- 53.26 (3) in-service education programs under section 120B.22, subdivision 2; and
- 53.27 (4) other staff development needs.

53.28 (b) The board must establish an advisory staff development committee to develop 53.29 the plan, assist site professional development teams in developing a site plan consistent 53.30 with the goals of the plan, and evaluate staff development efforts at the site level. A 53.31 majority of the advisory committee and the site professional development team must be 53.32 teachers representing various grade levels, subject areas, and special education. The 53.33 advisory committee must also include nonteaching staff, parents, and administrators.

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54.1	Subd. 1a. Effective staff deve	elopment activities.	(a) Staff development	activities
54.2	must:			
54.3	(1) focus on the school classro	om and research-bas	ed strategies that impr	ove student
54.4	learning;			
54.5	(2) provide opportunities for to	eachers to practice a	nd improve their instru	ictional
54.6	skills over time;			
54.7	(3) provide opportunities for te	eachers to use studer	it data as part of their d	laily work
54.8	to increase student achievement;			
54.9	(4) enhance teacher content ki	nowledge and instrue	ctional skills, including	g to
54.10	accommodate the delivery of digital	and blended learnin	g and curriculum and	engage
54.11	students with technology;			
54.12	(5) align with state and local a	cademic standards;		
54.13	(6) provide opportunities to bu	uild professional rela	tionships, foster collab	oration
54.14	among principals and staff who pro-	vide instruction, and	provide opportunities	for
54.15	teacher-to-teacher mentoring;			
54.16	(7) align with the plan of the d	listrict or site for an	alternative teacher prof	fessional
54.17	pay system;			
54.18	(8) provide teachers of English	n learners, including	English as a second lar	nguage and
54.19	content teachers, with differentiated	instructional strateg	ies critical for ensuring	g students'
54.20	long-term academic success; the me	ans to effectively use	e assessment data on th	e academic
54.21	literacy, oral academic language, and	d English language o	levelopment of English	ı learners;
54.22	and skills to support native and Engl	lish language develo	pment across the curric	culum; and
54.23	(9) provide opportunities for s	taff to learn about c	urrent workforce trend	s, the
54.24	connections between workforce tren	ds and postsecondar	y education, and training	ng options,
54.25	including career and technical education	ation options.		
54.26	Staff development activities may inc	clude curriculum dev	elopment and curriculu	um training
54.27	programs, and activities that provide	e teachers and other	members of site-based	teams
54.28	training to enhance team performance	ce. The school distri	ct also may implement	t other
54.29	staff development activities required	l by law and activition	es associated with prof	essional
54.30	teacher compensation models.			
54.31	(b) Release time provided for	teachers to supervise	students on field trips	and school
54.32	activities, or independent tasks not a	associated with enha	ncing the teacher's kno	wledge
54.33	and instructional skills, such as prep	aring report cards, c	alculating grades, or or	rganizing

classroom materials, may not be counted as staff development time that is financed with 54.34 staff development reserved revenue under section 122A.61. 54.35

55.1	Subd. 2. Contents of plan. The plan must include the staff development outcomes
55.2	under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5, and section 123B.147,
55.3	subdivision 3, the means to achieve the outcomes, and procedures for evaluating progress
55.4	at each school site toward meeting education and staff development outcomes, consistent
55.5	with relicensure requirements under section 122A.18, subdivision 4. The plan also must:
55.6	(1) support stable and productive professional communities achieved through
55.7	ongoing and schoolwide progress and growth in teaching practice;
55.8	(2) emphasize coaching, professional learning communities, classroom action
55.9	research, and other job-embedded models;
55.10	(3) maintain a strong subject matter focus premised on students' learning goals,
55.11	consistent with section 120B.125;
55.12	(4) ensure specialized preparation and learning about issues related to teaching
55.13	English learners and students with special needs by focusing on long-term systemic efforts
55.14	to improve educational services and opportunities and raise student achievement; and
55.15	(5) reinforce national and state standards of effective teaching practice.
55.16	Subd. 3. Staff development outcomes. The advisory staff development committee
55.17	must adopt a staff development plan, consistent with section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or
55.18	122A.41, subdivision 5, for developing and evaluating teachers and for improving student
55.19	achievement outcomes and with section 123B.147, subdivision 3, for strengthening
55.20	principals' capacity in areas of instruction, supervision, evaluation, and teacher
55.21	development. The plan must be consistent with education outcomes that the school board
55.22	determines. The plan must include ongoing staff development activities that contribute
55.23	toward continuous improvement in achievement of achieving the following goals:
55.24	(1) improve student achievement of state and local education standards in all areas of
55.25	the curriculum, including areas of regular academic and applied and experiential learning,
55.26	by using research-based best practices methods;
55.27	(2) effectively meet the needs of a diverse student population, including at-risk
55.28	children, children with disabilities, English learners, and gifted children, within the regular
55.29	classroom, applied and experiential learning settings, and other settings;
55.30	(3) provide an inclusive curriculum for a racially, ethnically, linguistically, and
55.31	culturally diverse student population that is consistent with the state education diversity
55.32	rule and the district's education diversity plan;
55.33	(4) improve staff collaboration and develop mentoring and peer coaching programs
55.34	for teachers new to the school or district;

(5) effectively teach and model violence prevention policy and curriculum that
address early intervention alternatives, issues of harassment, and teach nonviolent
alternatives for conflict resolution;

56.4 (6) effectively deliver digital and blended learning and curriculum and engage56.5 students with technology; and

56.6 (7) provide teachers and other members of site-based management teams with56.7 appropriate management and financial management skills.

Subd. 4. Staff development report. (a) By October 15 of each year, the district and 56.8 site staff development committees shall write and submit a report of staff development 56.9 activities and expenditures for the previous year, in the form and manner determined by 56.10 the commissioner. The report, signed by the district superintendent and staff development 56.11 chair, must include assessment and evaluation data indicating progress toward district and 56.12 site staff development goals based on teaching and learning outcomes, including the 56.13 percentage of teachers and other staff involved in instruction who participate in effective 56.14 56.15 staff development activities under subdivision 3.

56.16

(b) The report must break down expenditures for:

56.17 (1) curriculum development and curriculum training programs; and

56.18 (2) staff development training models, workshops, and conferences, and the cost of56.19 releasing teachers or providing substitute teachers for staff development purposes.

The report also must indicate whether the expenditures were incurred at the district level or the school site level, and whether the school site expenditures were made possible by grants to school sites that demonstrate exemplary use of allocated staff development revenue. These expenditures must be reported using the uniform financial and accounting and reporting standards.

(c) The commissioner shall report the staff development progress and expenditure
data to the house of representatives and senate committees having jurisdiction over
education by February 15 each year.

 56.28
 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and

 56.29
 later.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.61, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Staff development revenue. A district is required to reserve
an amount equal to at least two percent of the basic revenue under section 126C.10,
subdivision 2, for:

56.34 (1) teacher development and evaluation under sections 122A.40, subdivision 8, or
 56.35 <u>122A.41</u>, subdivision 5;

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57.1	(2) principal development and evaluation under section 123B.147, subdivision 3;
57.2	(3) professional development under section 122A.60; and
57.3	(4) in-service education for programs under section 120B.22, subdivision $2_{\frac{1}{2}}$
57.4	To the extent extra funds remain, staff development revenue may be used for
57.5	staff development plans, including plans for challenging instructional activities and
57.6	experiences under section 122A.60, and for curriculum development and programs,
57.7	other in-service education, teachers' mentoring under section 122A.70 and evaluation,
57.8	teachers' workshops, teacher conferences, the cost of substitute teachers staff development
57.9	purposes, preservice and in-service education for special education professionals and
57.10	paraprofessionals, and other related costs for staff development efforts. A district may
57.11	annually waive the requirement to reserve their basic revenue under this section if a
57.12	majority vote of the licensed teachers in the district and a majority vote of the school board
57.13	agree to a resolution to waive the requirement. A district in statutory operating debt is
57.14	exempt from reserving basic revenue according to this section. Districts may expend an
57.15	additional amount of unreserved revenue for staff development based on their needs.

57.16 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and 57.17 later.

57.18 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.69, is amended to read:

57.19

19 **122A.69 PRACTICE OR STUDENT TEACHERS.**

57.20 The Board of Teaching may, by agreements with teacher preparing preparation institutions, arrange for classroom experience in the district for practice or student 57.21 teachers who have completed not less than at least two years of an approved teacher 57.22 education preparation program. Such practice and student teachers must be provided with 57 23 appropriate supervision appropriately supervised by a fully qualified teacher under rules 57.24 promulgated adopted by the board. A practice or student teacher must be placed with a 57.25 cooperating licensed teacher who has at least three years of teaching experience and is 57.26 not in the improvement process under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), 57.27 57.28 clause (12), or 122A.41, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (12). Practice and student teachers are deemed employees of the school district in which they are rendering services 57.29 for purposes of workers' compensation; liability insurance, if provided for other district 57.30 57.31 employees in accordance with under section 123B.23; and legal counsel in accordance with the provisions of under section 123B.25. 57.32

57.33 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2015-2016 school year and 57.34 later.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.09, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 58.1 Subd. 5. Authorization; notification. Notwithstanding any other law to the 58.2 contrary, an 11th or 12th grade pupil enrolled in a school or an American Indian-controlled 58.3 tribal contract or grant school eligible for aid under section 124D.83, except a foreign 58.4 exchange pupil enrolled in a district under a cultural exchange program, may apply to an 58.5 eligible institution, as defined in subdivision 3, to enroll in nonsectarian courses offered by 58.6 that postsecondary institution. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a 9th or 10th 58.7 grade pupil enrolled in a district or an American Indian-controlled tribal contract or grant 58.8 school eligible for aid under section 124D.83, except a foreign exchange pupil enrolled in 58.9 a district under a cultural exchange program, may apply to enroll in nonsectarian courses 58.10 offered under subdivision 10, if after all 11th and 12th grade students have applied for a 58.11 course, additional students are necessary to offer the course (1) the school district and the 58.12 eligible postsecondary institution providing the course agree to the student's enrollment 58.13 or (2) the course is a world language course currently available to 11th and 12th grade 58.14 students, and consistent with section 120B.022 governing world language standards, 58.15 certificates, and seals. If an institution accepts a secondary pupil for enrollment under this 58.16 section, the institution shall send written notice to the pupil, the pupil's school or school 58.17 district, and the commissioner within ten days of acceptance. The notice must indicate 58.18 the course and hours of enrollment of that pupil. If the pupil enrolls in a course for 58.19 postsecondary credit, the institution must notify the pupil about payment in the customary 58.20 manner used by the institution. 58.21

58.22 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.09, subdivision 5a, is amended to read: Subd. 5a. Authorization; career or technical education. A 10th, 11th, or 12th 58.23 grade pupil enrolled in a district or an American Indian-controlled tribal contract or grant 58.24 school eligible for aid under section 124D.83, except a foreign exchange pupil enrolled in 58.25 a district under a cultural exchange program, may enroll in a career or technical education 58.26 course offered by a Minnesota state college or university. A 10th grade pupil applying 58.27 for enrollment in a career or technical education course under this subdivision must have 58.28 received a passing score on the 8th grade Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment in 58.29 reading as a condition of enrollment. A current 10th grade pupil who did not take the 8th 58.30 grade Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment in reading may substitute another reading 58.31 assessment accepted by the enrolling postsecondary institution. A secondary pupil may 58.32 enroll in the pupil's first postsecondary options enrollment course under this subdivision. 58.33 A student who is refused enrollment by a Minnesota state college or university under this 58.34 subdivision may apply to an eligible institution offering a career or technical education 58.35

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course. The postsecondary institution must give priority to its students according to 59.1 subdivision 9. If a secondary student receives a grade of "C" or better in the career or 59.2 technical education course taken under this subdivision, the postsecondary institution 59.3 must allow the student to take additional postsecondary courses for secondary credit at 59.4 that institution, not to exceed the limits in subdivision 8. A "career or technical course" is 59.5 a course that is part of a career and technical education program that provides individuals 59.6 with coherent, rigorous content aligned with academic standards and relevant technical 59.7 knowledge and skills needed to prepare for further education and careers in current and 59.8 emerging professions and provide technical skill proficiency, an industry recognized 59.9 credential, and a certificate, a diploma, or an associate degree. 59.10

59.11 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.09, subdivision 8, is amended to read: Subd. 8. Limit on participation. A pupil who first enrolls in grade 9 may not 59.12 enroll in postsecondary courses under this section for secondary credit for more than 59.13 the equivalent of four academic years. A pupil who first enrolls in grade 10 may not 59.14 enroll in postsecondary courses under this section for secondary credit for more than 59.15 the equivalent of three academic years. A pupil who first enrolls in grade 11 may not 59.16 enroll in postsecondary courses under this section for secondary credit for more than the 59.17 equivalent of two academic years. A pupil who first enrolls in grade 12 may not enroll in 59.18 postsecondary courses under this section for secondary credit for more than the equivalent 59.19 of one academic year. If a pupil in grade 9, 10, 11, or 12 first enrolls in a postsecondary 59.20 course for secondary credit during the school year, the time of participation shall be 59.21 59.22 reduced proportionately. If a pupil is in a learning year or other year-round program and begins each grade in the summer session, summer sessions shall not be counted against 59.23 the time of participation. If a school district determines a pupil is not on track to graduate, 59.24 the limit on participation does not apply to that pupil. A pupil who has graduated from 59.25 high school cannot participate in a program under this section. A pupil who has completed 59.26 course requirements for graduation but who has not received a diploma may participate in 59.27 the program under this section. 59.28

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
Subd. 9. Enrollment priority. (a) A postsecondary institution shall give priority to
its postsecondary students when enrolling 10th, 11th, and 12th grade pupils in its courses.
A postsecondary institution may provide information about its programs to a secondary
school or to a pupil or parent and it may advertise or otherwise recruit or solicit a secondary
pupil to enroll in its programs on educational and programmatic grounds only except,

notwithstanding other law to the contrary, and for the 2014-2015 through 2019-2020
school years only, an eligible postsecondary institution may advertise or otherwise recruit
or solicit a secondary pupil residing in a school district with 700 students or more in grades
10, 11, and 12, to enroll in its programs on educational, programmatic, or financial grounds.

- (b) An institution must not enroll secondary pupils, for postsecondary enrollment 60.5 options purposes, in remedial, developmental, or other courses that are not college level 60.6 except when a student eligible to participate and enrolled in the graduation incentives 60.7 program under section 124D.68 enrolls full time in a middle or early college program. A 60.8 middle or early college program must be specifically designed to allow the student to earn 60.9 dual high school and college credit with a well-defined pathway to allow the student to earn 60.10 a postsecondary degree or credential. In this case, the student shall receive developmental 60.11 college credit and not college credit for completing remedial or developmental courses. 60.12
- 60.13 (c) Once a pupil has been enrolled in any postsecondary course under this section,
 60.14 the pupil shall not be displaced by another student.

60.15 (b) (d) If a postsecondary institution enrolls a secondary school pupil in a course 60.16 under this section, the postsecondary institution also must enroll in the same course an 60.17 otherwise enrolled and qualified postsecondary student who qualifies as a veteran under 60.18 section 197.447, and demonstrates to the postsecondary institution's satisfaction that the 60.19 institution's established enrollment timelines were not practicable for that student.

60.20 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.09, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
60.21 Subd. 12. Credits. A pupil must not audit a course under this section.

A district shall grant academic credit to a pupil enrolled in a course for secondary 60.22 credit if the pupil successfully completes the course. Seven quarter or four semester 60.23 college credits equal at least one full year of high school credit. Fewer college credits may 60.24 60.25 be prorated. A district must also grant academic credit to a pupil enrolled in a course for postsecondary credit if secondary credit is requested by a pupil. If no comparable course is 60.26 offered by the district, the district must, as soon as possible, notify the commissioner, who 60.27 shall determine the number of credits that shall be granted to a pupil who successfully 60.28 completes a course. If a comparable course is offered by the district, the school board 60.29 shall grant a comparable number of credits to the pupil. If there is a dispute between the 60.30 district and the pupil regarding the number of credits granted for a particular course, the 60.31 pupil may appeal the board's decision to the commissioner. The commissioner's decision 60.32 regarding the number of credits shall be final. 60.33

60.34The secondary credits granted to a pupil must be counted toward the graduation60.35requirements and subject area requirements of the district. Evidence of successful

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completion of each course and secondary credits granted must be included in the pupil's 61.1 61.2 secondary school record. A pupil shall provide the school with a copy of the pupil's grade in each course taken for secondary credit under this section. Upon the request of a pupil, 61.3 the pupil's secondary school record must also include evidence of successful completion 61.4 and credits granted for a course taken for postsecondary credit. In either case, the record 61.5 must indicate that the credits were earned at a postsecondary institution. 61.6

If a pupil enrolls in a postsecondary institution after leaving secondary school, the 61.7 postsecondary institution must award postsecondary credit for any course successfully 61.8 completed for secondary credit at that institution. Other postsecondary institutions may 61.9 award, after a pupil leaves secondary school, postsecondary credit for any courses 61.10 successfully completed under this section. An institution may not charge a pupil for 61.11 the award of credit. 61.12

The Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities and 61.13 the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota must, and private nonprofit and 61.14 61.15 proprietary postsecondary institutions should, award postsecondary credit for any successfully completed courses in a program certified by the National Alliance of 61.16 Concurrent Enrollment Partnerships offered according to an agreement under subdivision 61.17 10. Consistent with section 135A.101, subdivision 3, all MnSCU institutions must give 61.18 full credit to a secondary pupil who completes for postsecondary credit a postsecondary 61.19 course or program that is part or all of a goal area or a transfer curriculum at a MnSCU 61.20 institution when the pupil enrolls in a MnSCU institution after leaving secondary school. 61.21 Once one MnSCU institution certifies as completed a secondary student's postsecondary 61.22 61.23 course or program that is part or all of a goal area or a transfer curriculum, every MnSCU 61.24 institution must consider the student's course or program for that goal area or the transfer curriculum as completed. 61.25

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2015-2016 school year and 61.26 later.

61.27

Sec. 44. [124D.231] FULL-SERVICE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS. 61.28

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, the following terms 61.29

have the meanings given them. 61.30

(a) "Community organization" means a nonprofit organization that has been in 61.31

existence for three years or more and serves persons within the community surrounding 61.32

the covered school site on education and other issues. 61.33

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62.1	(b) "Community school consortium" means a group of schools and community
62.2	organizations that propose to work together to plan and implement community school
62.3	programming.
62.4	(c) "Community school programming" means services, activities, and opportunities
62.5	described under subdivision 2, paragraph (g).
62.6	(d) "High-quality child care or early childhood education programming" means
62.7	educational programming for preschool-aged children that is grounded in research,
62.8	consistent with best practices in the field, and provided by licensed teachers.
62.9	(e) "School site" means a school site at which an applicant has proposed or has been
62.10	funded to provide community school programming.
62.11	(f) "Site coordinator" is an individual who is responsible for aligning programming
62.12	with the needs of the school community identified in the baseline analysis.
62.13	Subd. 2. Full-service community school program. (a) The commissioner shall
62.14	provide funding to eligible school sites to plan, implement, and improve full-service
62.15	community schools. Eligible school sites must meet one of the following criteria:
62.16	(1) the school is on a development plan for continuous improvement under section
62.17	120B.35, subdivision 2; or
62.18	(2) the school is in a district that has an achievement and integration plan approved
62.19	by the commissioner of education under sections 124D.861 and 124D.862.
62.20	(b) An eligible school site may receive up to \$100,000 annually. School sites
62.21	receiving funding under this section shall hire or contract with a partner agency to hire a
62.22	site coordinator to coordinate services at each covered school site.
62.23	(c) Implementation funding of up to \$20,000 must be available for up to one year for
62.24	planning for school sites. At the end of this period, the school must submit a full-service
62.25	community school plan, pursuant to paragraph (g).
62.26	(d) The commissioner shall dispense the funds to schools with significant populations
62.27	of students receiving free or reduced-price lunches. Schools with significant homeless and
62.28	highly mobile students shall also be a priority. The commissioner must also dispense the
62.29	funds in a manner to ensure equity among urban, suburban, and greater Minnesota schools.
62.30	(e) A school site must establish a school leadership team responsible for developing
62.31	school-specific programming goals, assessing program needs, and overseeing the process
62.32	of implementing expanded programming at each covered site. The school leadership team
62.33	shall have between 12 to 15 members and shall meet the following requirements:
62.34	(1) at least 30 percent of the members are parents and 30 percent of the members
62.35	are teachers at the school site and must include the school principal and representatives
62.36	from partner agencies; and

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63.1	(2) the school leadership team must be responsible for overseeing the baseline
63.2	analyses under paragraph (f). A school leadership team must have ongoing responsibility
63.3	for monitoring the development and implementation of full service community school
63.4	operations and programming at the school site and shall issue recommendations to schools
63.5	on a regular basis and summarized in an annual report. These reports shall also be made
63.6	available to the public at the school site and on school and district Web sites.
63.7	(f) School sites must complete a baseline analysis prior to beginning programming
63.8	as a full-service community school. The analysis shall include:
63.9	(1) a baseline analysis of needs at the school site, led by the school leadership team,
63.10	which shall include the following elements:
63.11	(i) identification of challenges facing the school;
63.12	(ii) analysis of the student body, including:
63.13	(A) number and percentage of students with disabilities and needs of these students;
63.14	(B) number and percentage of students who are English learners and the needs of
63.15	these students;
63.16	(C) number of students who are homeless or highly mobile; and
63.17	(D) number and percentage of students receiving free or reduced-price lunch and
63.18	the needs of these students; and
63.19	(iii) analysis of enrollment and retention rates for students with disabilities,
63.20	English learners, homeless and highly mobile students, and students receiving free or
63.21	reduced-price lunch;
63.22	(iv) analysis of suspension and expulsion data, including the justification for such
63.23	disciplinary actions and the degree to which particular populations, including, but not
63.24	limited to, students of color, students with disabilities, students who are English learners,
63.25	and students receiving free or reduced-price lunch are represented among students subject
63.26	to such actions;
63.27	(v) analysis of school achievement data disaggregated by major demographic
63.28	categories, including, but not limited to, race, ethnicity, English learner status, disability
63.29	status, and free or reduced-price lunch status;
63.30	(vi) analysis of current parent engagement strategies and their success; and
63.31	(vii) evaluation of the need for and availability of wraparound services, including,
63.32	but not limited to:
63.33	(A) mechanisms for meeting students' social, emotional, and physical health needs,
63.34	which may include coordination of existing services as well as the development of new
63.35	services based on student needs; and

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65.1	(ii) juvenile crime preventio	n and rehabilitation prog	grams;	
65.2	(iii) home visitation services	by teachers and other p	professionals;	
65.3	(iv) developmentally approp	riate physical education	<u>ı;</u>	
65.4	(v) nutrition services;			
65.5	(vi) primary health and dent	al care; and		
65.6	(vii) mental health counseling	g services;		
65.7	(5) community involvement	-		
65.8	(i) service and service-learn	ng opportunities;		
65.9	(ii) adult education, includin	g instruction in English	as a second language	; and
65.10	(iii) homeless prevention ser	vices;		
65.11	(6) positive discipline practi	ces; and		
65.12	(7) other programming desig	ned to meet school and	community needs ide	entified in
65.13	the baseline analysis and reflected	in the full-service com	nunity school plan.	
65.14	(h) The school leadership te	am at each school site n	nust develop a full-se	rvice
65.15	community school plan detailing t	he steps the school lead	ership team will take,	including:
65.16	(1) timely establishment and	consistent operation of	the school leadership	team;
65.17	(2) maintenance of attendance	ce records in all program	nming components;	
65.18	(3) maintenance of measural	ole data showing annual	participation and the	impact
65.19	of programming on the participati	ng children and adults;		
65.20	(4) documentation of meaning	ngful and sustained coll	aboration between the	e school
65.21	and community stakeholders, incl	uding local government	al units, civic engage	ment
65.22	organizations, businesses, and soc	ial service providers;		
65.23	(5) establishment and maint	enance of partnerships v	with institutions, such	as
65.24	universities, hospitals, museums, o	or not-for-profit commu	nity organizations to f	further the
65.25	development and implementation	of community school pr	ogramming;	
65.26	(6) ensuring compliance wit	h the district nondiscrim	nination policy; and	
65.27	(7) plan for school leadershi	p team development.		
65.28	Subd. 3. Full-service com	nunity school review.	(a) Every three years	<u>, a</u>
65.29	full-service community school site	e must submit to the con	nmissioner, and make	available
65.30	at the school site and online, a rep	ort describing efforts to	integrate community	school
65.31	programming at each covered sch	ool site and the effect of	the transition to a ful	ll-service
65.32	community school on participatin	g children and adults. T	his report shall includ	le, but
65.33	is not limited to, the following:			
65.34	(1) an assessment of the effective effectiv	ectiveness of the school	site in development	or
65.35	implementing the community sche	ool plan;		

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66.1	(2) problems encountered in the de	sign and execution o	f the community sch	nool	
66.2	plan, including identification of any federal, state, or local statute or regulation impeding				
66.3	program implementation;				
66.4	(3) the operation of the school leadership team and its contribution to successful				
66.5	execution of the community school plan;				
66.6	(4) recommendations for improving delivery of community school programming				
66.7	to students and families;				
66.8	(5) the number and percentage of students receiving community school programming				
66.9	who had not previously been served;				
66.10	(6) the number and percentage of nonstudent community members receiving				
66.11	community school programming who had not previously been served;				
66.12	(7) improvement in retention among students who receive community school				
66.13	programming;				
66.14	(8) improvement in academic achievement among students who receive community				
66.15	school programming;				
66.16	(9) changes in student's readiness to enter school, active involvement in learning and				
66.17	in their community, physical, social and emotional health, and student's relationship with				
66.18	the school and community environment;				
66.19	(10) an accounting of anticipated lo	ocal budget savings,	if any, resulting from	n the	
66.20	implementation of the program;				
66.21	(11) improvements to the frequency or depth of families' involvement with their				
66.22	children's education;				
66.23	(12) assessment of community stak	eholder satisfaction;			
66.24	(13) assessment of institutional partner satisfaction;				
66.25	(14) the ability, or anticipated ability	ty, of the school site	and partners to conti	nue to	
66.26	provide services in the absence of future	funding under this se	ection;		
66.27	(15) increases in access to services	for students and their	r families; and		
66.28	(16) the degree of increased collaboration	oration among partici	pating agencies and	private	
66.29	partners.				
66.30	(b) Reports submitted under this see	ction shall be evaluat	ed by the commissio	oner with	
66.31	respect to the following criteria:				
66.32	(1) the effectiveness of the school or the community school consortium in				
66.33	implementing the full-service community	y school plan, includ	ing the degree to wh	nich	
66.34	the school site navigated difficulties encountered in the design and operation of the				
66.35	full-service community school plan, including identification of any federal, state, or local				
66.36	statute or regulation impeding program in	mplementation;			

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67.1	(2) the extent to which the project has produced lessons about ways to improve		
67.2	delivery of community school programming to students;		
67.3	(3) the degree to which there has been an increase in the number or percentage of		
67.4	students and nonstudents receiving community school programming;		
67.5	(4) the degree to which there has been an improvement in retention of students and		
67.6	improvement in academic achievement among students receiving community school		
67.7	programming;		
67.8	(5) local budget savings, if any, resulting from the implementation of the program;		
67.9	(6) the degree of community stakeholder and institutional partner engagement;		
67.10	(7) the ability, or anticipated ability, of the school site and partners to continue to		
67.11	provide services in the absence of future funding under this section;		
67.12	(8) increases in access to services for students and their families; and		
67.13	(9) the degree of increased collaboration among participating agencies and private		
67.14	partners.		
67.15	Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.73, subdivision 3, is amended to read:		
67.16	Subd. 3. Advisory task force Tribal Nations Education Committee. "Advisory		
67.17	task force" "Tribal Nations Education Committee" means the state advisory task force		
67.18	committee established through tribal directive that the commissioner consults with		
67.19	on American Indian education programs, policy, and all matters related to educating		
67.20	Minnesota's American Indian students.		
67.21	Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.73, subdivision 4, is amended to read:		
67.22	Subd. 4. Participating school; American Indian school. "Participating school"		
67.23	and "American Indian school" mean a school that:		
67.24	(1) is not operated by a school district; and		
67.25	(2) is eligible for a grant under <u>federal</u> Title IV of the Indian <u>VII of the Elementary</u>		
67.26	and Secondary Education Act for the education of American Indian children.		
67.27	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.74, subdivision 1, is amended to read:		
67.28	Subdivision 1. Program described. American Indian education programs are		
67.29	programs in public elementary and secondary schools, nonsectarian nonpublic, community,		
67.30	tribal, charter, or alternative schools enrolling American Indian children designed to:		
67.31	(1) support postsecondary preparation for pupils;		
67.32	(2) support the academic achievement of American Indian students with identified		
67.33	focus to improve reading and mathematic skills;		

(3) make the curriculum more relevant to the needs, interests, and cultural heritage
of American Indian pupils;

68.3

(4) provide positive reinforcement of the self-image of American Indian pupils;

(5) develop intercultural awareness among pupils, parents, and staff; and

(6) supplement, not supplant, state and federal educational and cocurricular programs.

Program components may include: development of support components for students in 68.6 the areas of services designed to increase completion and graduation rates of American 68.7 Indian students must emphasize academic achievement, retention, and attendance; 68.8 development of support components services for staff, including in-service training and 68.9 technical assistance in methods of teaching American Indian pupils; research projects, 68.10 including experimentation with innovative teaching approaches and evaluation of 68.11 methods of relating to American Indian pupils; provision of personal and vocational 68.12 career counseling to American Indian pupils; modification of curriculum, instructional 68.13 methods, and administrative procedures to meet the needs of American Indian pupils; and 68.14 supplemental instruction in American Indian language, literature, history, and culture. 68.15 68.16 Districts offering programs may make contracts for the provision of program components services by establishing cooperative liaisons with tribal programs and American Indian 68.17 social service agencies. These programs may also be provided as components of early 68.18 68.19 childhood and family education programs.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.74, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 68.20 Subd. 6. Nonverbal courses and extracurricular activities. In predominantly 68.21 nonverbal subjects, such as art, music, and physical education, American Indian children 68.22 shall participate fully and on an equal basis with their contemporaries peers in school 68.23 classes provided for these subjects. Every school district or participating school shall 68.24 ensure to children enrolled in American Indian education programs an equal and 68.25 meaningful opportunity to participate fully with other children in all extracurricular 68.26 activities. This subdivision shall not be construed to prohibit instruction in nonverbal 68.27 subjects or extracurricular activities which relate to the cultural heritage of the American 68.28 Indian children, or which are otherwise necessary to accomplish the objectives described 68.29 in sections 124D.71 to 124D.82. 68.30

68.31 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
68.32 Subdivision 1. American Indian language and culture education licenses. The
68.33 Board of Teaching, in consultation with the Tribal Nations Education Committee, must
68.34 grant initial and continuing teaching licenses in American Indian language and culture

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education that bear the same duration as other initial and continuing licenses. The boardmust grant licenses to persons who present satisfactory evidence that they:

69.3 (1) possess competence in an American Indian language or possess unique
69.4 qualifications relative to or knowledge and understanding of American Indian history
69.5 and culture; or

69.6 (2) possess a bachelor's degree or other academic degree approved by the board or
69.7 meet such requirements as to course of study and training as the board may prescribe, or
69.8 possess such relevant experience as the board may prescribe.

69.9 This evidence may be presented by affidavits, <u>tribal</u> resolutions, or by such other
69.10 methods as the board may prescribe. Individuals may present applications for licensure on
69.11 their own behalf or these applications may be submitted by the superintendent or other
69.12 authorized official of a school district, participating school, or an American Indian school.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Resolution or letter. All persons applying for a license under this section
must submit to the board a resolution or letter of support signed by an American Indian
tribal government or its designee. All persons holding a license under this section on July
1, 1995, must have on file or file with the board a resolution or letter of support signed by
a tribal government or its designee by January 1, 1996, or the next renewal date of the
license thereafter.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.75, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 69.20 69.21 Subd. 9. Affirmative efforts in hiring. In hiring for all positions in these programs, school districts and participating schools shall give preference to and make affirmative 69.22 efforts to seek, recruit, and employ persons who share the culture of the American Indian 69.23 children who are enrolled in the program. The district or participating school shall must 69.24 provide procedures for the involvement of the parent advisory committees in designing 69.25 the procedures for the recruitment, screening and selection of applicants. This subdivision 69.26 shall not be construed to limit the school board's authority to hire and discharge personnel. 69.27

69.28

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.76, is amended to read:

69.29 124D.76 TEACHERS AIDES; COMMUNITY COORDINATORS, INDIAN 69.30 HOME/SCHOOL LIAISONS, PARAPROFESSIONALS.

69.31 In addition to employing American Indian language and culture education teachers,
69.32 each district or participating school providing programs pursuant to sections 124D.71 to
69.33 124D.82 may employ teachers' aides paraprofessionals. Teachers' aides Paraprofessionals

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must not be employed for the purpose of supplanting American Indian language andculture education teachers.

Any district or participating school which conducts American Indian education programs pursuant to sections 124D.71 to 124D.82 must employ one or more full-time or part-time community coordinators <u>or Indian home/school liaisons</u> if there are 100 or more <u>American Indian</u> students enrolled in the <u>program district</u>. Community coordinators shall promote communication understanding, and cooperation between the schools and the community and shall visit the homes of children who are to be enrolled in an American Indian education program in order to convey information about the program.

70.10 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.78, is amended to read:

70.11

124D.78 PARENT AND COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION.

Subdivision 1. Parent committee. School boards and American Indian schools 70.12 must provide for the maximum involvement of parents of children enrolled in education 70.13 programs, programs for elementary and secondary grades, special education programs, 70.14 70.15 and support services. Accordingly, the board of a school district in which there are ten or more American Indian ehildren students enrolled and each American Indian school 70.16 must establish a an American Indian education parent advisory committee. If a committee 70.17 70.18 whose membership consists of a majority of parents of American Indian children has been or is established according to federal, tribal, or other state law, that committee may serve 70.19 as the committee required by this section and is subject to, at least, the requirements of 70.20 this subdivision and subdivision 2. 70.21

The American Indian education parent advisory committee must develop its 70.22 recommendations in consultation with the curriculum advisory committee required by 70.23 section 120B.11, subdivision 3. This committee must afford parents the necessary 70.24 information and the opportunity effectively to express their views concerning all aspects 70.25 of American Indian education and the educational needs of the American Indian children 70.26 enrolled in the school or program. The committee must also address the need for adult 70.27 education programs for American Indian people in the community. The school board or 70.28 American Indian school must ensure that programs are planned, operated, and evaluated 70.29 with the involvement of and in consultation with parents of children students served by 70.30 the programs. 70.31

Subd. 2. Resolution of concurrence. Prior to <u>December March</u> 1, the <u>school</u>
board or American Indian school must submit to the department a copy of a resolution
adopted by the <u>American Indian education parent advisory committee</u>. The copy must be
signed by the chair of the committee and must state whether the committee concurs with

the educational programs for American Indian ehildren students offered by the school board or American Indian school. If the committee does not concur with the educational programs, the reasons for nonconcurrence and recommendations shall be submitted with the resolution. By resolution, the board must respond in writing within 60 days, in cases of nonconcurrence, to each recommendation made by the committee and state its reasons for not implementing the recommendations.

Subd. 3. Membership. The American Indian education parent advisory committee 71.7 must be composed of parents of children eligible to be enrolled in American Indian 71.8 education programs; secondary students eligible to be served; American Indian language 71.9 and culture education teachers and aides paraprofessionals; American Indian teachers; 71.10 counselors; adult American Indian people enrolled in educational programs; and 71.11 representatives from community groups. A majority of each committee must be parents 71.12 of children enrolled or eligible to be enrolled in the programs. The number of parents 71.13 of American Indian and non-American Indian children shall reflect approximately the 71.14 71.15 proportion of children of those groups enrolled in the programs.

Subd. 4. Alternate committee. If the organizational membership or the board
of directors of an American Indian school consists of parents of children attending the
school, that membership or board may serve also as the <u>American Indian education</u> parent
<u>advisory committee</u>.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.79, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 71.20 Subdivision 1. American Indian community involvement. The commissioner 71.21 71.22 must provide for the maximum involvement of the state committees on American Indian education Tribal Nations Education Committee, parents of American Indian children, 71.23 secondary students eligible to be served, American Indian language and culture education 71.24 71.25 teachers, American Indian teachers, teachers' aides paraprofessionals, representatives of community groups, and persons knowledgeable in the field of American Indian education, 71.26 in the formulation of policy and procedures relating to the administration of sections 71.27 124D.71 to 124D.82. The commissioner must annually hold a field hearing on Indian 71.28 education to gather input from American Indian educators, parents, and students on the 71.29 state of American Indian education in Minnesota. Results of the hearing must be made 71.30 available to all 11 tribal nations for review and comment. 71.31

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.79, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Technical assistance. The commissioner shall provide technical assistance
to districts, schools and postsecondary institutions for preservice and in-service training

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72.1 for <u>teachers</u>, American Indian education teachers and teacher's aides, <u>paraprofessionals</u>

72.2 specifically designed to implement culturally responsive teaching methods, <u>culturally</u>

72.3 <u>based</u> curriculum development, testing and testing mechanisms, and the development of

72.4 materials for American Indian education programs.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.791, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Duties; powers. The Indian education director shall:

(1) serve as the liaison for the department with the Tribal Nations Education
Committee, the 11 reservations tribal communities in Minnesota, the Minnesota Chippewa
tribe, and the Minnesota Indian Affairs Council, and the Urban Advisory Council;

(2) evaluate the state of American Indian education in Minnesota;

(3) engage the tribal bodies, community groups, parents of children eligible to be
served by American Indian education programs, American Indian administrators and
teachers, persons experienced in the training of teachers for American Indian education
programs, the tribally controlled schools, and other persons knowledgeable in the field of
American Indian education and seek their advice on policies that can improve the quality
of American Indian education;

72.17

72.10

(4) advise the commissioner on American Indian education issues, including:

72.18 (i) issues facing American Indian students;

72.19 (ii) policies for American Indian education;

(iii) awarding scholarships to eligible American Indian students and in administering
 the commissioner's duties regarding awarding of American Indian postsecondary
 preparation education grants to school districts; and

(iv) administration of the commissioner's duties under sections 124D.71 to 124D.82
and other programs for the education of American Indian people;

(5) propose to the commissioner legislative changes that will improve the qualityof American Indian education;

(6) develop a strategic plan and a long-term framework for American Indian
education, in conjunction with the Minnesota Indian Affairs Council, that is updated every
five years and implemented by the commissioner, with goals to:

(i) increase American Indian student achievement, including increased levels ofproficiency and growth on statewide accountability assessments;

(ii) increase the number of American Indian teachers in public schools;

(iii) close the achievement gap between American Indian students and their moreadvantaged peers;

72.35

(iv) increase the statewide graduation rate for American Indian students; and

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73.1	(v) increase American Indian	student placement in	postsecondary prograr	ns and
73.2	the workforce; and			
73.3	(7) keep the American Indian	community informed	about the work of the	department
73.4	by reporting to the Tribal Nations I	Education Committee a	at each committee mee	eting.
73.5	Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 201	4, section 124D.81, is	amended to read:	
73.6	124D.81 CONTINUATION	OF AMERICAN IN	DIAN EDUCATION	GRANTS
73.7	<u>AID</u> .			
73.8	Subdivision 1. Grants; Proc	edures. Each fiscal ye	ar the commissioner of	f education
73.9	must make grants to no fewer than	six American Indian o	ducation programs. A	t least
73.10	three programs must be in urban ar	eas and at least three r	nust be on or near rese	ervations.
73.11	The board of a local district, a part	icipating school or a g	roup of boards may de	evelop a
73.12	proposal for grants in support of A	merican Indian educat	ion programs. Propos	als A
73.13	school district, charter school, or A	American Indian-contro	olled tribal contract or	grant
73.14	school enrolling at least 20 Americ	an Indian students on	October 1 of the previo	ous school
73.15	year and operating an American Inc	dian education progran	n according to section	124D.74 is
73.16	eligible for Indian education aid if	it meets the requirement	nts of this section. Prop	grams may
73.17	provide for contracts for the provis	ion of program compo	nents by nonsectarian	nonpublic,
73.18	community, tribal, charter, or altern	native schools. The co	mmissioner shall prese	cribe the
73.19	form and manner of application for	r grants <u>aids</u>, and no g	rant aid shall be made	for a
73.20	proposal program not complying w	with the requirements of	f sections 124D.71 to	124D.82.
73.21	Subd. 2. Plans. Each To qua	alify for aid, an eligibl	e district, charter scho	ol, or
73.22	participating tribal contract school	submitting a proposal	under subdivision 1 n	nust
73.23	develop and submit with the propo	sal a plan <u>for approval</u>	by the Indian education	on director
73.24	which that shall:			
73.25	(a) Identify the measures to b	e used to meet the requ	uirements of sections 1	124D.71 to
73.26	124D.82;			
73.27	(b) Identify the activities, me	thods and programs to	meet the identified ed	ucational
73.28	needs of the children to be enrolled	l in the program;		
73.29	(c) Describe how district goa	ls and objectives as we	ell as the objectives of	sections
73.30	124D.71 to 124D.82 are to be achi	eved;		
73.31	(d) Demonstrate that required	and elective courses	as structured do not ha	ave a
73.32	discriminatory effect within the me	aning of section 124D	.74, subdivision 5;	
73.33	(e) Describe how each schoo	l program will be orga	nized, staffed, coordir	nated,
73.34	and monitored; and			
73.35	(f) Project expenditures for p	rograms under sections	s 124D.71 to 124D.82	

74.1	Subd. 2a. American Indian education aid. (a) The American Indian education aid
74.2	for an eligible district or tribal contract school equals the greater of (1) the sum of \$20,000
74.3	plus the product of \$358 times the difference between the number of American Indian
74.4	students enrolled on October 1 of the previous school year and 20; or (2) if the district or
74.5	school received a grant under this section for fiscal year 2015, the amount of the grant
74.6	for fiscal year 2015.
74.7	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the American Indian education aid must not
74.8	exceed the district or tribal contract school's actual expenditure according to the approved
74.9	plan under subdivision 2.
74.10	Subd. 3. Additional requirements. Each district receiving a grant aid under this
74.11	section must each year conduct a count of American Indian children in the schools
74.12	of the district; test for achievement; identify the extent of other educational needs of
74.13	the children to be enrolled in the American Indian education program; and classify the
74.14	American Indian children by grade, level of educational attainment, age and achievement.
74.15	Participating schools must maintain records concerning the needs and achievements of
74.16	American Indian children served.
74.17	Subd. 4. Nondiscrimination; testing. In accordance with recognized professional
74.18	standards, all testing and evaluation materials and procedures utilized for the identification,

testing, assessment, and classification of American Indian children must be selected and
administered so as not to be racially or culturally discriminatory and must be valid for the
purpose of identifying, testing, assessing, and classifying American Indian children.

Subd. 5. Records. Participating schools and districts must keep records and afford
access to them as the commissioner finds necessary to ensure that American Indian
education programs are implemented in conformity with sections 124D.71 to 124D.82.
Each school district or participating school must keep accurate, detailed, and separate
revenue and expenditure accounts for pilot American Indian education programs funded
under this section.

Subd. 6. Money from other sources. A district or participating school providing
American Indian education programs shall be eligible to receive moneys for these programs
from other government agencies and from private sources when the moneys are available.

Subd. 7. Exceptions. Nothing in sections 124D.71 to 124D.82 shall be construed as
prohibiting a district or school from implementing an American Indian education program
which is not in compliance with sections 124D.71 to 124D.82 if the proposal and plan for
that program is not funded pursuant to this section.

74.35 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2016 74.36 and later.

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- Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.83, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 Subd. 2. Revenue amount. An American Indian-controlled tribal contract or
 grant school that is located on a reservation within the state and that complies with the
 requirements in subdivision 1 is eligible to receive tribal contract or grant school aid.
 The amount of aid is derived by:
- (1) multiplying the formula allowance under section 126C.10, subdivision 2, less
 \$170, times the difference between (i) the resident pupil units as defined in section
 126C.05, subdivision 6, in average daily membership, excluding section 126C.05,
 subdivision 13, and (ii) the number of pupils for the current school year, weighted
 according to section 126C.05, subdivision 1, receiving benefits under section 123B.42 or
 123B.44 or for which the school is receiving reimbursement under section 124D.69;
- (2) adding to the result in clause (1) an amount equal to the product of the formula
 allowance under section 126C.10, subdivision 2, less \$300 times the tribal contract
 compensation revenue pupil units;
- (3) subtracting from the result in clause (2) the amount of money allotted to the 75.15 school by the federal government through Indian School Equalization Program of the 75.16 Bureau of Indian Affairs, according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 25, part 39, 75.17 subparts A to E, for the basic program as defined by section 39.11, paragraph (b), for 75.18 the base rate as applied to kindergarten through twelfth grade, excluding small school 75.19 adjustments and additional weighting, but not money allotted through subparts F to L for 75.20 contingency funds, school board training, student training, interim maintenance and minor 75.21 repair, interim administration cost, prekindergarten, and operation and maintenance, and 75.22 75.23 the amount of money that is received according to section 124D.69;
- (4) dividing the result in clause (3) by the sum of the resident pupil units in average
 daily membership, excluding section 126C.05, subdivision 13, plus the tribal contract
 compensation revenue pupil units; and
- (5) multiplying the sum of the resident pupil units, including section 126C.05,
 subdivision 13, in average daily membership plus the tribal contract compensation revenue
 pupil units by the lesser of \$3,230 for fiscal years 2016 and 2017 or \$1,500 for fiscal year
 2018 and later or the result in clause (4).

75.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2016 75.32 and later.

75.33 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.98, is amended to read:

75.34 **124D.98 LITERACY INCENTIVE AID.**

Subdivision 1. Literacy incentive aid. In fiscal year 2013 and later, A district's 76.1 literacy incentive aid equals the sum of the proficiency aid under subdivision 2, and the 76.2 growth aid under subdivision 3. 76.3 Subd. 2. Proficiency aid. In fiscal year 2013 and later, The proficiency aid for 76.4 each school in a district that has submitted to the commissioner its local literacy plan 76.5 under section 120B.12, subdivision 4a, is equal to the product of the school's proficiency 76.6 allowance times the number of third grade pupils at the school on October 1 of the previous 76.7 fiscal year. A school's proficiency allowance is equal to the percentage of students in 76.8 each building that meet or exceed proficiency on the third grade reading Minnesota 76.9 Comprehensive Assessment, averaged across the previous three test administrations, 76.10 times \$530. 76.11 Subd. 3. Growth aid. In fiscal year 2013 and later, The growth aid for each school 76.12 in a district that has submitted to the commissioner its local literacy plan under section 76.13 120B.12, subdivision 4a, is equal to the product of the school's growth allowance times 76.14 the number of fourth grade pupils enrolled at the school on October 1 of the previous 76.15 fiscal year. A school's growth allowance is equal to the percentage of students at that 76.16 school making medium or high growth, under section 120B.299, on the fourth grade 76.17

reading Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment, averaged across the previous three testadministrations, times \$530.

76.20

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 126C.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 76.21 Subdivision 1. Use of revenue. The basic skills revenue under section 126C.10, 76.22 subdivision 4, must be reserved and used to meet the educational needs of pupils who 76.23 enroll under-prepared to learn and whose progress toward meeting state or local content 76.24 or performance standards is below the level that is appropriate for learners of their age. 76.25 Basic skills revenue may also be used for programs designed to prepare children and their 76.26 families for entry into school whether the student first enrolls in kindergarten or first grade. 76.27 Any of the following may be provided to meet these learners' needs: 76.28

(1) direct instructional services under the assurance of mastery program according
to section 124D.66;

76.31 (2) remedial instruction in reading, language arts, mathematics, other content areas,
76.32 or study skills to improve the achievement level of these learners;

(3) additional teachers and teacher aides to provide more individualized instruction
to these learners through individual tutoring, lower instructor-to-learner ratios, or team
teaching;

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(4) a longer school day or week during the regular school year or through a summer
program that may be offered directly by the site or under a performance-based contract
with a community-based organization;

(5) comprehensive and ongoing staff development consistent with district and site
plans according to section 122A.60 and to implement plans under section 120B.12,
<u>subdivision 4a</u>, for teachers, teacher aides, principals, and other personnel to improve
their ability to identify the needs of these learners and provide appropriate remediation,
intervention, accommodations, or modifications;

(6) instructional materials, digital learning, and technology appropriate for meetingthe individual needs of these learners;

(7) programs to reduce truancy, encourage completion of high school, enhance
self-concept, provide health services, provide nutrition services, provide a safe and secure
learning environment, provide coordination for pupils receiving services from other
governmental agencies, provide psychological services to determine the level of social,
emotional, cognitive, and intellectual development, and provide counseling services,
guidance services, and social work services;

77.17

(8) bilingual programs, bicultural programs, and programs for English learners;

77.18 (9) all-day kindergarten;

(10) early education programs, parent-training programs, school readiness programs,
kindergarten programs for four-year-olds, voluntary home visits under section 124D.13,
subdivision 4, and other outreach efforts designed to prepare children for kindergarten;

77.22

2 (11) extended school day and extended school year programs; and

(12) substantial parent involvement in developing and implementing remedial
education or intervention plans for a learner, including learning contracts between the
school, the learner, and the parent that establish achievement goals and responsibilities of
the learner and the learner's parent or guardian.

77.27

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 135A.101, is amended by adding a
subdivision to read:

<u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Minnesota transfer curriculum.</u> Notwithstanding section 135A.08 or
 <u>other law to the contrary, all MnSCU institutions must give full credit to a secondary pupil</u>
 <u>who completes for postsecondary credit a postsecondary course or program that is part or</u>
 <u>all of a goal area or a transfer curriculum at a MnSCU institution when the pupil enrolls</u>
 <u>in a MnSCU institution after leaving secondary school. Once one MnSCU institution</u>
 certifies as completed a secondary student's postsecondary course or program that is part

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78.1	or all of a goal area or a transfer cur	riculum, every MnSC	U institution must co	nsider the
78.2	student's course or program for that			
78.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se			
78.4	Sec. 62. Laws 2013, chapter 116,	article 3, section 35, s	subdivision 2, is amend	ded to read:
78.5	Subd. 2. Achievement and in	tegration levy. For f	iscal year 2014 only, a	a district's
78.6	achievement and integration levy ec	quals the lesser of the	district's achievemen	t and
78.7	integration revenue for that year or	the amount the distric	t was authorized to le	vy under
78.8	Laws 2011, First Special Session ch	apter 11, article 2, sec	ction 49, paragraph (f)	1.
78.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ction is effective retro	pactively from July 1,	<u>2014.</u>
78.10	Sec. 63. Laws 2014, chapter 312	, article 16, section 15	5, is amended to read:	
78.11	Sec. 15. TEACHER DEVEL	OPMENT AND EV	ALUATION REVEN	IUE.
78.12	(a) For fiscal year 2015 only,	teacher development a	and evaluation revenu	e for a
78.13	school district, intermediate school	district, <u>educational c</u>	ooperative, education	district,
78.14	or charter school with any school si	te that does not have a	an alternative professi	onal pay
78.15	system agreement under Minnesota	Statutes, section 122A	A.414, subdivision 2, e	quals \$302
78.16	times the number of full-time equiva	alent teachers employ	ed on October 1 of the	e previous
78.17	school year in each school site with	out an alternative pro	fessional pay system	under
78.18	Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.4	14, subdivision 2. Exc	cept for charter school	<u>s,</u> revenue
78.19	under this section must be reserved	for teacher developm	ent and evaluation act	tivities
78.20	consistent with Minnesota Statutes,	section 122A.40, subc	livision 8, or Minneso	ta Statutes,
78.21	section 122A.41, subdivision 5. For	r the purposes of this	section, "teacher" has	s the
78.22	meaning given it in Minnesota Statu	ites, section 122A.40,	, subdivision 1, or Mir	nnesota
78.23	Statutes, section 122A.41, subdivisi	on 1.		
78.24	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph	n (a), the state total te	eacher development an	nd
78.25	evaluation revenue entitlement must	t not exceed \$10,000,	000 <u>\$10,022,000</u> for f	iscal year
78.26	2015. The commissioner must limit	the amount of revenue	ue under this section s	o as not
78.27	to exceed this limit.			
78.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ction is effective retro	actively from July 1,	<u>2014.</u>
78.29	Sec. 64. Laws 2014, chapter 312	, article 16, section 10	6, subdivision 7, is an	nended to
78.30	read:			
78.31	Subd. 7. Teacher developme	nt and evaluation. F	For teacher developme	ent and

78.32

evaluation revenue.

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79.1 79.2	\$ <u>9,000,000</u> \$ <u>9,020,000</u> 2015
79.3	The 2015 appropriation includes \$0 for 2014 and \$9,000,000 <u>\$9,020,000</u> for 2015.
79.4	This is a onetime appropriation and is available until expended the end of fiscal year 2017.
79.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
79.6	Sec. 65. TRANSFER CURRICULUM REPORT.
79.7	By February 1, 2016, the chancellor of the Minnesota State Colleges and
79.8	Universities must prepare and submit to the K-12 and higher education committees of
79.9	the legislature a report describing the implementation of the transfer curriculum policy
79.10	for postsecondary enrollment options program students under Minnesota Statutes,
79.11	sections 124D.09, subdivision 12, and 135A.101, subdivision 3, and how to standardize
79.12	Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, and college-level exam program course
79.13	equivalencies across all state colleges and universities.
79.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
79.15	Sec. 66. EXAMINING AND DEVELOPING STATEWIDE SWIMMING
79.16	RESOURCES.
79.17	(a) The commissioner of education must use existing budgetary resources to
79.18	inventory and report to the education committees of the legislature by February 1, 2016,
79.19	on the extent of existing resources and best practices available for swimming instruction
79.20	in Minnesota public schools.
79.21	(b) The commissioner of education must establish a work group of interested
79.22	stakeholders, including the commissioner or commissioner's designee, the commissioner
79.23	of health or the commissioner's designee, and representatives of K-12 physical education
79.24	teachers, K-12 school administrators, the Minnesota school boards association, nonprofit
79.25	fitness and recreational organizations, public parks and recreation departments, and
79.26	other stakeholders, including community members underserved and disproportionately
79.27	impacted by the current distribution of swimming resources, interested in swimming
79.28	instruction and activities identified by the commissioner of education, to determine
79.29	and report to the education committees of the legislature by February 1, 2016, on the
79.30	curriculum, resources, personnel, and other costs needed to make swimming instruction
79.31	available in all Minnesota public schools for children beginning at an early age. The work
	available in an ivitilitése a public sendels for entraren deglinning at an early age. The work

79.33

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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80.1	Sec. 67. SCHOOL START DATE FOR THE 2015-2016 SCHOOL YEAR ONLY.
80.2	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 120A.40, or other law to the contrary,
80.3	for the 2015-2016 school year only, school districts may begin the school year on
80.4	September 1.
80.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment for
80.6	the 2015-2016 school year only.
80.7	Sec. 68. DEVELOPMENTAL COURSE TAKING; REPORT.
80.8	The commissioner of education, in consultation with the commissioner of the Office
80.9	of Higher Education, the chancellor of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities,
80.10	and the president of the University of Minnesota, shall collect and report the following
80.11	information to the legislature by March 1, 2016:
80.12	(1) the tuition costs incurred by students enrolled in noncredit-bearing college
80.13	courses at the University of Minnesota and the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities
80.14	for developmental or remedial purposes for the 2014-2015 and preceding four school
80.15	years; and
80.16	(2) for the same time period, the Minnesota high schools that graduated the students
80.17	in clause (1), the aggregate number of students from each high school in clause (1), and
80.18	the tuition cost under clause (1) for students from each high school.
80.19	Sec. 69. RECOMMENDATIONS ON SERVICE-LEARNING.
80.20	The Board of Teaching may make recommendations to the legislature on teacher
80.21	preparation and licensure requirements in the area of service-learning, consistent with
80.22	Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.50, and the definition of service-learning in the federal
80.23	National and Community Service Act, as amended, and submit the recommendations
80.24	to the legislature by February 15, 2016. The board must consult with representatives
80.25	of teacher preparation programs and institutions, school-based and community-based
80.26	service-learning practitioners and experts, licensed teachers, students with service-learning
80.27	experience, and other interested stakeholders in developing the recommendations.
80.28	Sec. 70. APPROPRIATIONS.
80.29	Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are
80.30	appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years
80.31	designated.
80.32	Subd. 2. Alternative compensation. For alternative teacher compensation aid
80.33	under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.415, subdivision 4:

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81.1	<u>\$ 78,331,000 2016</u>
81.2	<u>\$ 87,147,000 2017</u>
81.3	The 2016 appropriation includes \$7,766,000 for 2015 and \$70,565,000 for 2016.
81.4	The 2017 appropriation includes \$7,840,000 for 2016 and \$79,307,000 for 2017.
81.5	Subd. 3. Achievement and integration aid. For achievement and integration aid
81.6	under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.862:
81.7	<u>\$ 65,539,000 2016</u>
81.8	<u>\$ 68,745,000 2017</u>
81.9	The 2016 appropriation includes \$6,382,000 for 2015 and \$59,157,000 for 2016.
81.10	The 2017 appropriation includes \$6,573,000 for 2016 and \$62,172,000 for 2017.
81.11	Subd. 4. Literacy incentive aid. For literacy incentive aid under Minnesota
81.12	Statutes, section 124D.98:
81.13	<u>\$ 44,552,000 2016</u>
81.14	<u>\$</u> <u>45,508,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>
81.15	The 2016 appropriation includes \$4,683,000 for 2015 and \$39,869,000 for 2016.
81.16	The 2017 appropriation includes \$4,429,000 for 2016 and \$41,079,000 for 2017.
81.17	Subd. 5. Interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants. For
81.18	interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants under Minnesota Statutes,
81.19	section 124D.87:
81.20	<u>\$ 15,023,000 2016</u>
81.21	<u>\$ 15,825,000 2017</u>
81.22	Subd. 6. Reading Corps. For grants to ServeMinnesota for the Minnesota Reading
81.23	Corps under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.42, subdivision 8:
81.24	<u>\$</u> <u>6,125,000</u> <u></u> <u>2016</u>
81.25	<u>\$</u> <u>6,125,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>
81.26	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
81.27	Subd. 7. Tribal contract schools. For tribal contract school aid under Minnesota
81.28	Statutes, section 124D.83:
81.29	<u>\$</u> <u>4,340,000</u> <u></u> <u>2016</u>
81.30	<u>\$ 5,090,000 2017</u>
81.31	The 2016 appropriation includes \$204,000 for 2015 and \$4,136,000 for 2016.
81.32	The 2017 appropriation includes \$459,000 for 2016 and \$4,631,000 for 2017.
81.33	Subd. 8. Compensatory revenue pilot project. (a) For grants for participation in
81.34	the compensatory revenue pilot program under Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter
81.35	5, article 1, section 50:

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82.1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
82.2	<u>\$</u> <u>7,325,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>
82.3	(b) Of this amount, \$4,730,000 in each year is for a grant to Independent School
82.4	District No. 11, Anoka-Hennepin; \$240,000 in each year is for a grant to Independent
82.5	School District No. 286, Brooklyn Center; \$660,000 in each year is for a grant to
82.6	Independent School District No. 279, Osseo; \$500,000 in each year is for a grant to
82.7	Independent School District No. 281, Robbinsdale; \$520,000 in each year is for a grant to
82.8	Independent School District No. 535, Rochester; \$205,000 in each year is for a grant to
82.9	Independent School District No. 833, South Washington; and \$470,000 in each year is
82.10	for a grant to Independent School District No. 241, Albert Lea. If a grant to a specific
82.11	school district is not awarded, the commissioner may increase the aid amounts to any of
82.12	the remaining participating school districts.
82.13	(c) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, districts participating under this
82.14	subdivision must post to their district Web sites their plan and accountability measures
82.15	and data, which may appear as part of the posting requirements of Minnesota Statutes,
82.16	section 120B.11, subdivision 5.
82.17	(d) The base for this program in fiscal year 2018 and later is \$2,325,000. Grants
82.18	shall be awarded in the same amount as under Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter
82.19	11, article 1, section 36: \$1,500,000 is for a grant to Independent School District No.
82.20	11, Anoka-Hennepin; \$75,000 is for a grant to Independent School District No. 286,
82.21	Brooklyn Center; \$210,000 is for a grant to Independent School District No. 279, Osseo;
82.22	\$160,000 is for a grant to Independent School District No. 281, Robbinsdale; \$165,000 is
82.23	for a grant to Independent School District No. 535, Rochester; \$65,000 is for a grant to
82.24	Independent School District No. 833, South Washington; and \$150,000 is for a grant to
82.25	Independent School District No. 241, Albert Lea.
82.26	Subd. 9. Concurrent enrollment program. For concurrent enrollment programs
82.27	under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.091:
82.28	<u>\$</u> <u>\$4,000,000</u> <u>2016</u>
82.29	<u>\$</u> <u>\$4,000,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>
82.30	If the appropriation is insufficient, the commissioner must proportionately reduce
82.31	the aid payment to each district.
82.32	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
82.33	Subd. 10. Success for the future. For American Indian success for the future grants
82.34	under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.81:
82.35	<u>\$</u> <u>213,000</u> <u></u> <u>2016</u>
82.36	$\underline{\$}$ $\underline{0}$ $\underline{\dots}$ $\underline{2017}$

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83.1	The 2016 appropriation includes \$213,000 for 2015 and \$0 for 2016.
83.2	Subd. 11. American Indian education aid. For American Indian education aid
83.3	under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.81, subdivision 2a:
83.4	<u>\$</u> <u>7,868,000</u> <u></u> <u>2016</u>
83.5	<u>\$ 8,875,000 2017</u>
83.6	The 2016 appropriation includes \$0 for 2015 and \$7,868,000 for 2016.
83.7	The 2017 appropriation includes \$874,000 for 2016 and \$8,001,000 for 2017.
83.8	Subd. 12. Collaborative urban educator. For the collaborative urban educator
83.9	grant program:
83.10	<u>\$</u> <u>780,000</u> <u></u> <u>2016</u>
83.11	<u>\$</u> <u>780,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>
83.12	Grants shall be awarded in equal amounts: \$195,000 each year is for the Southeast
83.13	Asian teacher program at Concordia University, St. Paul; \$195,000 each year is for the
83.14	collaborative urban educator program at the University of St. Thomas; \$195,000 each year
83.15	is for the Center for Excellence in Urban Teaching at Hamline University; and \$195,00
83.16	each year is for the East Africa Student to Teacher program at Augsburg College.
83.17	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
83.18	Each institution shall prepare for the legislature, by January 15 of each year, a
83.19	detailed report regarding the funds used. The report must include the number of teachers
83.20	prepared as well as the diversity for each cohort of teachers produced.
83.21	Subd. 13. ServeMinnesota program. For funding ServeMinnesota programs under
83.22	Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.37 to 124D.45:
83.23	$\frac{\$}{\$} \qquad \frac{900,000}{900,000} \qquad \frac{\dots}{\dots} \qquad \frac{2016}{2017}$
83.24	
83.25	A grantee organization may provide health and child care coverage to the dependents
83.26	of each participant enrolled in a full-time ServeMinnesota program to the extent such
83.27	coverage is not otherwise available.
83.28	Subd. 14. Student organizations. For student organizations:
83.29	$\frac{\$}{\$} \qquad \frac{725,000}{725,000} \qquad \frac{\dots}{\dots} \qquad \frac{2016}{2017}$
83.30	
83.31	\$46,000 each year is for student organizations serving health occupations (HOSA).
83.32	\$100,000 each year is for student organizations serving trade and industry
83.33	occupations (Skills USA, secondary and postsecondary).
83.34	\$95,000 each year is for student organizations serving business occupations (BPA,
83.35	secondary and postsecondary).

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84.1	\$193,000 each year is for studen	t organizations serv	ing agriculture occupa	tions
84.2	(FFA, PAS).			
84.3	\$142,000 each year is for student	organizations servi	ng family and consum	er science
84.4	occupations (FCCLA).			
84.5	\$109,000 each year is for studen	t organizations serv	ing marketing occupat	tions
84.6	(DECA and DECA collegiate).			
84.7	\$40,000 each year is for the Mini	nesota Foundation f	or Student Organizatio	ons.
84.8	Any balance in the first year does	not cancel but is av	vailable in the second	year.
84.9	Subd. 15. Museums and Educa	tion Centers. For g	rants to museums and	education
84.10	centers:			
84.11	<u>\$</u> <u>351,000</u> <u></u> <u>2016</u>			
84.12	<u>\$</u> <u>351,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>			
84.13	(a) \$260,000 each year is for the	Minnesota Childrer	l's Museum.	
84.14	(b) \$50,000 each year is for the I	Duluth Children's M	useum.	
84.15	(c) \$41,000 each year is for the M	/innesota Academy	of Science.	
84.16	Any balance in the first year does	s not cancel but is av	vailable in the second	year.
84.17	Subd. 16. Teacher developmen	t and evaluation. F	For teacher developme	nt and
84.18	evaluation revenue:			
84.19	<u>\$ 1,002,000 2016</u>			
84.20	The 2016 appropriation includes	\$1,002,000 for 201	6 and \$0 for 2017. Th	is is a
84.21	onetime appropriation and is available	in the second year.		
84.22	Subd. 17. Starbase MN. For a	grant to Starbase M	N for rigorous science	<u>e,</u>
84.23	technology, engineering, and math (ST	EM) program provi	ding students in grade	es 4 to
84.24	6 with a multisensory learning experie	nce and a hands-on	curriculum in an aero	space
84.25	environment using state-of-the-art tech	nology:		
84.26	<u>\$</u> <u>924,000</u> 2016			
84.27	<u>\$</u> <u>-0-</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>			
84.28	This appropriation does not cance	el but is available in	the second year of the	biennium.
84.29	The base appropriation for this a	opropriation in fisca	l year 2018 is \$500,00	<u>00.</u>
84.30	All unspent funds, estimated at \$	924,000 from the S	tarbase appropriation	under
84.31	Laws 2013, chapter 116, article 3, sect	ion 37, subdivision	22, are canceled to the	general
84.32	fund on June 30, 2015.			
84.33	Subd. 18. Recovery program g	grants. For recover	y program grants unde	er
84.34	Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.695:			

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85.1	<u>\$</u>	<u>500,000</u> 20	16		
85.2	<u> </u>	<u>500,000</u> 20			
85.3	Any bala	ance in the first year d	oes not cancel and is av	ailable in the second y	year.
85.4	Subd. 1	9. Full-service comm	unity schools. For full	-service community so	chools
85.5	under Minnes	ota Statutes, section 12	24D.231:		
85.6	<u>\$</u>	<u>250,000</u> <u>20</u>	016		
85.7	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>250,000</u> <u>20</u>	17		
85.8	<u>This is a</u>	onetime appropriation	n. Any balance in the f	irst year does not canc	el but
85.9	is available in	the second year.			
85.10	<u>Subd. 20</u>	0. Minnesota math co	orps program. For the	Minnesota math corps	program
85.11	under Minnes	ota Statutes, section 12	24D.42, subdivision 9:		
85.12	<u>\$</u>	<u>250,000</u> <u>20</u>			
85.13	<u>\$</u>	<u>250,000</u> <u>20</u>	017		
85.14	Any une	expended balance in th	e first year does not ca	ncel but is available ir	<u>n the</u>
85.15	second year.				
85.16			eacher preparation gr		
85.17	American Ind	ian people to become t	teachers under Minnesc	ta Statutes, section 12	<u>2A.63:</u>
85.18	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>190,000</u> <u>20</u>			
85.19	<u>\$</u>	<u>190,000</u> <u>20</u>	<u>)] /</u>		
85.20			ants. For grants to the		
85.21			rning Law and Democr		
85.22		-	tic education programs		
85.23			study of constitutional		
85.24			d local institutions, and		
85.25 85.26	under the rule		ded in the understandin	g of constitutional gov	/ermnent
			16		
85.27 85.28	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	017		
85.29			oes not cancel but is av	ailable in the second y	<i>r</i> ear
85.30		-	bals' Academy. For a g	-	
85.31			d Human Development		
85.32		incipals' Academy:			
85.33		<u>150,000</u> <u>20</u>	016		
85.34	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>150,000</u> 20			
85.35	Any bala	ance in the first year de	oes not cancel but is av	ailable in the second y	ear.

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86.1	Subd. 24. Race 2 Reduce. For grants to support expanded Race 2 Reduce water
86.2	conservation programming in Minnesota schools:
86.3	<u>\$ 81,000 2016</u>
86.4	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
86.5	In the first year, \$28,000 is for H2O for Life; \$38,000 is for Independent School
86.6	District No. 624, White Bear Lake; and \$15,000 is for Independent School District
86.7	No. 832, Mahtomedi. In the second year, \$32,000 is for H2O for Life; \$22,000 is for
86.8	Independent School District No. 624, White Bear Lake; and \$15,000 is for Independent
86.9	School District No. 832, Mahtomedi.
86.10	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. The
86.11	base appropriation for fiscal year 2018 and later is \$0.
86.12	Subd. 25. Northwestern Online College in the High School program. For the
86.13	Northwestern Online College in the High School program:
86.14	<u>\$ 50,000 2016</u>
86.15	<u>\$</u> <u>50,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>
86.16	This is a onetime appropriation. Any balance from the first year may carry forward
86.17	into the second year.
86.18	Subd. 26. Education partnership pilots. For education partnership pilot grants:
86.19	<u>\$ 501,000 2016</u>
86.20	<u>\$ 501,000 2017</u>
86.21	Of this amount, \$167,000 in each year is for the Northfield Healthy Community
86.22	Initiative for a pilot site in Northfield; \$167,000 in each year is for the Jones Family
86.23	Foundation for a pilot site in Red Wing; and \$167,000 in each year is for Independent
86.24	School District No. 742, St. Cloud, for a pilot site in St. Cloud. Each partnership pilot
86.25	program shall support community collaborations focused on academic achievement and
86.26	youth development, use a comprehensive and data-driven approach to increase student
86.27	success, and measure outcomes, such as kindergarten readiness, reading proficiency at
86.28	third grade, high school graduation, and college and career readiness. By February 15,
86.29	2016, each partnership pilot grant recipient shall submit to the chairs and ranking minority
86.30	members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over kindergarten through
86.31	grade 12 education a report describing the activities funded by the grant, changes in
86.32	outcome measures attributable to the grant-funded activities, and the recipient's program
86.33	plan for the following year.
86.34	This is a onetime appropriation. Any balance from the first year may carry forward
86.35	into the second year.

87.1

87.2

ARTICLE 3

STANDARDS AND ASSESSMENTS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 87.3 Subd. 2. Graduation requirements. (a) To graduate from high school, students must 87.4 demonstrate to their enrolling school district or school their satisfactory completion of the 87.5 credit requirements under section 120B.024 and their understanding of academic standards 87.6 on a nationally normed college entrance exam. A school district must adopt graduation 87.7 requirements that meet or exceed state graduation requirements established in law or rule. 87.8 (b) Students ages 19 to 21 who have not yet graduated from a Minnesota high school 87.9 and, but for their age, are otherwise eligible to participate in an adult basic education 87.10 program may be admitted to an adult high school diploma program under section 124D.52, 87.11 87.12 subdivisions 8 and 9. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section, paragraph (a), is effective and applies to 87.13 students entering grade 8 in the 2012-2013 school year and later. 87.14

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.021, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 87.15 Subd. 4. Revisions and reviews required. (a) The commissioner of education must 87.16 revise and appropriately embed technology and information literacy standards consistent 87.17 with recommendations from school media specialists into the state's academic standards 87.18 and graduation requirements and implement a ten-year cycle to review and, consistent 87.19 with the review, revise state academic standards and related benchmarks, consistent with 87.20 this subdivision. During each ten-year review and revision cycle, the commissioner also 87.21 must examine the alignment of each required academic standard and related benchmark 87.22 with the knowledge and skills students need for career and college readiness and advanced 87.23 work in the particular subject area. The commissioner must include the contributions of 87.24 Minnesota American Indian tribes and communities as related to the academic standards 87.25 during the review and revision of the required academic standards. 87.26

(b) The commissioner must ensure that the statewide mathematics assessments
administered to students in grades 3 through 8 and 11 are aligned with the state academic
standards in mathematics, consistent with section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph
(b). The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related
benchmarks in mathematics beginning in the 2015-2016 2020-2021 school year and
every ten years thereafter.

(c) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related
benchmarks in arts beginning in the 2016-2017 school year and every ten years thereafter.

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(d) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and
related benchmarks in science beginning in the 2017-2018 school year and every ten
years thereafter.

(e) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and
related benchmarks in language arts beginning in the 2018-2019 school year and every
ten years thereafter.

(f) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and
related benchmarks in social studies beginning in the 2019-2020 school year and every
ten years thereafter.

(g) School districts and charter schools must revise and align local academic
standards and high school graduation requirements in health, world languages, and career
and technical education to require students to complete the revised standards beginning
in a school year determined by the school district or charter school. School districts and
charter schools must formally establish a periodic review cycle for the academic standards
and related benchmarks in health, world languages, and career and technical education.

88.16

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.022, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Elective standards. A district must establish its own standards in the
following subject areas:

- ionowing subject areas.
- 88.20 (1) career and technical education; and.

88.21 (2) A district must use the current world languages standards developed by the
 88.22 American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages.

A school district must offer courses in all elective subject areas.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.024, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Credit equivalencies. (a) A one-half credit of economics taught in a
school's agriculture education or business department may fulfill a one-half credit in
social studies under subdivision 1, clause (5), if the credit is sufficient to satisfy all of the
academic standards in economics.

(b) An agriculture science or career and technical education credit may fulfill the
eredit in chemistry or physics or the elective science credit required under subdivision 1,
clause (4), if the credit meets the state chemistry or physics, or district biology physical
science, life science, earth and space science, chemistry, or physics academic standards or
a combination of these academic standards as approved by the district. An agriculture or
career and technical education credit may fulfill the credit in chemistry or physics required

under subdivision 1, clause (4), if the credit meets the state chemistry or physics academic 89.1 89.2 standards as approved by the district. A student must satisfy either all of the chemistry academic standards or all of the physics academic standards prior to graduation. An 89.3 agriculture science or career and technical education credit may not fulfill the required 89.4 biology credit under subdivision 1, clause (4). 89.5 (c) A career and technical education credit may fulfill a mathematics or arts credit 89.6 requirement under subdivision 1, clause (2) or (6). 89.7 (d) An agriculture education teacher is not required to meet the requirements of 89.8 Minnesota Rules, part 3505.1150, subpart 1, item B, to meet the credit equivalency 89.9 89.10 requirements of paragraph (b) above. (e) A computer science credit may fulfill a mathematics credit requirement under 89.11 subdivision 1, clause (2), if the credit meets state academic standards in mathematics. 89.12 (f) A Project Lead the Way credit may fulfill a science or mathematics credit 89.13 requirement under subdivision 1, clause (2) or (4), if the credit meets the state academic 89.14 standards in science or mathematics. 89.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2015-2016 school year and 89.16

89.17 later.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.11, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
Subd. 9. Annual evaluation. (a) The commissioner must identify effective
strategies, practices, and use of resources by districts and school sites in striving for the
world's best workforce. The commissioner must assist districts and sites throughout the
state in implementing these effective strategies, practices, and use of resources.

(b) The commissioner must identify those districts in any consecutive three-year 89.23 period not making sufficient progress toward improving teaching and learning for all 89.24 students, including English learners with varied needs, consistent with section 124D.59, 89.25 subdivisions 2 and 2a, and striving for the world's best workforce. The commissioner, in 89.26 collaboration with the identified district, may require the district to use up to two percent 89.27 of its basic general education revenue per fiscal year during the proximate three school 89.28 years to implement commissioner-specified strategies and practices, consistent with 89.29 paragraph (a), to improve and accelerate its progress in realizing its goals under this 89.30 section. In implementing this section, the commissioner must consider districts' budget 89.31 constraints and legal obligations. 89.32

(c) The commissioner shall report by January 25 of each year to the committees of
 the legislature having jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education the list of
 school districts that have not submitted their report to the commissioner under subdivision

06/04/15 REVISOR JFK/PT 15-4523 5 and the list of school districts not achieving their performance goals established in 90.1 90.2 their plan under subdivision 2. Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.125, is amended to read: 90.3 **120B.125 PLANNING FOR STUDENTS' SUCCESSFUL TRANSITION** 90.4 **TO POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION AND EMPLOYMENT; PERSONAL** 90.5 **LEARNING PLANS.** 90.6 (a) Consistent with sections 120B.128, 120B.13, 120B.131, 120B.132, 120B.14, 90.7 120B.15, 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), 125A.08, and other related sections, 90.8 school districts, beginning in the 2013-2014 school year, must assist all students by no 90.9 later than grade 9 to explore their educational, college, and career interests, aptitudes, and 90.10 aspirations and develop a plan for a smooth and successful transition to postsecondary 90.11 education or employment. All students' plans must: 90.12 (1) provide a comprehensive plan to prepare for and complete a career and college 90.13 ready curriculum by meeting state and local academic standards and developing career and 90.14 employment-related skills such as team work, collaboration, creativity, communication, 90.15 critical thinking, and good work habits; 90.16 (2) emphasize academic rigor and high expectations; 90.17 90.18 (3) help students identify interests, aptitudes, aspirations, and personal learning styles that may affect their career and college ready goals and postsecondary education 90.19 and employment choices; 90.20 (4) set appropriate career and college ready goals with timelines that identify 90.21 effective means for achieving those goals; 90.22 (5) help students access education and career options; 90.23 (6) integrate strong academic content into career-focused courses and applied and 90.24 experiential learning opportunities and integrate relevant career-focused courses and 90.25 applied and experiential learning opportunities into strong academic content; 90.26 (7) help identify and access appropriate counseling and other supports and assistance 90.27 that enable students to complete required coursework, prepare for postsecondary education 90.28 and careers, and obtain information about postsecondary education costs and eligibility 90.29 for financial aid and scholarship; 90.30 (8) help identify collaborative partnerships among prekindergarten through grade 90.31 12 schools, postsecondary institutions, economic development agencies, and local and 90.32 regional employers that support students' transition to postsecondary education and 90.33 90.34 employment and provide students with applied and experiential learning opportunities; and

91.1 (9) be reviewed and revised at least annually by the student, the student's parent or
91.2 guardian, and the school or district to ensure that the student's course-taking schedule keeps
91.3 the student making adequate progress to meet state and local academic standards and high
91.4 school graduation requirements and with a reasonable chance to succeed with employment
91.5 or postsecondary education without the need to first complete remedial course work.

91.6 (b) A school district may develop grade-level curricula or provide instruction that
91.7 introduces students to various careers, but must not require any curriculum, instruction,
91.8 or employment-related activity that obligates an elementary or secondary student to
91.9 involuntarily select or pursue a career, career interest, employment goals, or related job
91.10 training.

91.11 (c) Educators must possess the knowledge and skills to effectively teach all English
91.12 learners in their classrooms. School districts must provide appropriate curriculum,
91.13 targeted materials, professional development opportunities for educators, and sufficient
91.14 resources to enable English learners to become career and college ready.

91.15 (d) When assisting students in developing a plan for a smooth and successful
91.16 transition to postsecondary education and employment, districts must recognize the unique
91.17 possibilities of each student and ensure that the contents of each student's plan reflect the
91.18 student's unique talents, skills, and abilities as the student grows, develops, and learns.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 91.19 Subdivision 1. Statewide testing. (a) The commissioner, with advice from experts 91.20 with appropriate technical qualifications and experience and stakeholders, consistent 91.21 91.22 with subdivision 1a, shall include in the comprehensive assessment system, for each grade level to be tested, state-constructed tests developed as computer-adaptive reading 91.23 and mathematics assessments for students that are aligned with the state's required 91.24 91.25 academic standards under section 120B.021, include multiple choice questions, and are administered annually to all students in grades 3 through 7 8. Reading and mathematics 91.26 assessments for all students in grade 8 must be aligned with the state's required reading and 91.27 mathematics standards, be administered annually, and include multiple choice questions. 91.28 State-developed high school tests aligned with the state's required academic standards 91.29 under section 120B.021 and administered to all high school students in a subject other than 91.30 writing must include multiple choice questions. The commissioner shall establish one or 91.31 more months during which schools shall administer the tests to students each school year. 91.32 (1) Students enrolled in grade 8 through the 2009-2010 school year are eligible 91.33 to be assessed under (i) the graduation-required assessment for diploma in reading, 91.34 mathematics, or writing under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, 91.35

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92.1	paragraphs (c), clauses (1) and (2), and (d), (ii) the WorkI	Keys job skills assessn	nent, (iii)
92.2	the Compass college placement test, (iv) the ACT assessment for college admission, σr (v)			
92.3	a nationally recognized armed se	rvices vocational aptitud	e test.	
92.4	(2) Students enrolled in gra	de 8 in the 2010-2011 of	r 2011-2012 school ye	ear are
92.5	eligible to be assessed under (i) the	e graduation-required as	sessment for diploma	in reading,
92.6	mathematics, or writing under M	innesota Statutes 2012, s	section 120B.30, subd	ivision
92.7	1, paragraph (c), clauses (1) and	(2), (ii) the WorkKeys jo	bb skills assessment, (i	iii) the
92.8	Compass college placement test,	(iv) the ACT assessment	t for college admissior	n, or (v) a
92.9	nationally recognized armed serv	ices vocational aptitude	test.	
92.10	(3) For students under claus	se (1) or (2), a school dis	trict may substitute a s	score from
92.11	an alternative, equivalent assessn	nent to satisfy the require	ements of this paragrap	ph.
92.12	(b) The state assessment sy	stem must be aligned to	the most recent revisi	on of
92.13	academic standards as described	in section 120B.023 in the	ne following manner:	
92.14	(1) mathematics;			
92.15	(i) grades 3 through 8 begin	nning in the 2010-2011 s	chool year; and	
92.16	(ii) high school level begins	ning in the 2013-2014 sc	hool year;	
92.17	(2) science; grades 5 and 8	and at the high school le	vel beginning in the 2	011-2012
92.18	school year; and			
92.19	(3) language arts and readir	ng; grades 3 through 8 an	d high school level be	ginning in
92.20	the 2012-2013 school year.			
92.21	(c) For students enrolled in	grade 8 in the 2012-201	3 school year and later	r, students'
92.22	state graduation requirements, ba	sed on a longitudinal, sy	stematic approach to s	student
92.23	education and career planning, as	sessment, instructional s	support, and evaluation	n, include
92.24	the following:			
92.25	(1) demonstrate understand	ing of required academic	: standards an opportu	nity to
92.26	participate on a nationally norme	d college entrance exam	, in grade 11 or grade	<u>12;</u>
92.27	(2) achievement and career	-		-
92.28	writing, consistent with paragrap			
92.29	continuous development of and g		.	
92.30	students' progress and performan		_	-
92.31	diagnosing areas where students	_	-	-
92.32	interventions, or remediation; and	•		
92.33	data, determine students' learning			cools and
92.34	best practices that support acader	-		.
92.35	(3) consistent with this para			-
92.36	and planning activities and career	assessments to encoura	ge students to identify	personally

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relevant career interests and aptitudes and help students and their families develop a
regularly reexamined transition plan for postsecondary education or employment without
need for postsecondary remediation.

- Based on appropriate state guidelines, students with an individualized education program
- 93.5 may satisfy state graduation requirements by achieving an individual score on the93.6 state-identified alternative assessments.

(d) Expectations of schools, districts, and the state for career or college readiness 93.7 under this subdivision must be comparable in rigor, clarity of purpose, and rates of student 93.8 completion. A student under paragraph (c), clause (2), must receive targeted, relevant, 93.9 academically rigorous, and resourced instruction, which may include a targeted instruction 93.10 and intervention plan focused on improving the student's knowledge and skills in core 93.11 subjects so that the student has a reasonable chance to succeed in a career or college 93.12 without need for postsecondary remediation. Consistent with sections 120B.13, 124D.09, 93.13 124D.091, 124D.49, and related sections, an enrolling school or district must actively 93.14 encourage a student in grade 11 or 12 who is identified as academically ready for a career 93.15 93.16 or college to participate in courses and programs awarding college credit to high school students. Students are not required to achieve a specified score or level of proficiency on 93.17 an assessment under this subdivision to graduate from high school. 93.18

93.19 (d) To improve the secondary and postsecondary outcomes of all students, the alignment between secondary and postsecondary education programs and Minnesota's 93.20 workforce needs, and the efficiency and cost-effectiveness of secondary and postsecondary 93.21 programs, the commissioner, after consulting with the chancellor of the Minnesota State 93.22 Colleges and Universities and using a request for proposal process, shall contract for a 93.23 series of assessments that are consistent with this subdivision, aligned with state academic 93.24 standards, and include career and college readiness benchmarks. Mathematics, reading, 93.25 and writing assessments for students in grades 8 and 10 must be predictive of a nationally 93.26 normed assessment for career and college readiness. This 93.27

(e) Though not a high school graduation requirement, students are encouraged to 93.28 participate in a nationally recognized college entrance exam. With funding provided by 93.29 the state, a district must pay the cost, one time, for an interested student in grade 11 or 12 93.30 to take a nationally recognized assessment must be a college entrance exam and given to 93.31 students in grade 11 before graduating. This series of assessments must include a college 93.32 placement diagnostic exam and contain career exploration elements. A student must be 93.33 able to take the exam under this paragraph at the student's high school during the school 93.34 day and at any one of the multiple exam administrations available to students in the district. 93.35

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(f) The commissioner and the chancellor of the Minnesota State Colleges and 94.1 Universities must collaborate in aligning instruction and assessments for adult basic 94.2 education students and English learners to provide the students with diagnostic information 94.3 about any targeted interventions, accommodations, modifications, and supports they 94.4 need so that assessments and other performance measures are accessible to them and 94.5 they may seek postsecondary education or employment without need for postsecondary 94.6 remediation. When administering formative or summative assessments used to measure 94.7 the academic progress, including the oral academic development, of English learners 94 8 and inform their instruction, schools must ensure that the assessments are accessible to 94.9 the students and students have the modifications and supports they need to sufficiently 94.10 understand the assessments. 94.11

(1) (g) Districts and schools, on an annual basis, must use the career exploration 94.12 elements in these assessments to help students, beginning no later than grade 9, and their 94.13 families explore and plan for postsecondary education or careers based on the students' 94.14 94.15 interests, aptitudes, and aspirations. Districts and schools must use timely regional labor market information and partnerships, among other resources, to help students and their 94.16 families successfully develop, pursue, review, and revise an individualized plan for 94.17 postsecondary education or a career. This process must help increase students' engagement 94.18 in and connection to school, improve students' knowledge and skills, and deepen students' 94.19 understanding of career pathways as a sequence of academic and career courses that lead 94.20 to an industry-recognized credential, an associate's degree, or a bachelor's degree and are 94.21 available to all students, whatever their interests and career goals. 94.22

94.23 (2) Students in grade 10 or 11 not yet academically ready for a career or college based
94.24 on their growth in academic achievement between grades 8 and 10 must take the college
94.25 placement diagnostic exam before taking the college entrance exam under clause (3).
94.26 Students, their families, the school, and the district can then use the results of the college
94.27 placement diagnostic exam for targeted instruction, intervention, or remediation and
94.28 improve students' knowledge and skills in core subjects sufficient for a student to graduate
94.29 and have a reasonable chance to succeed in a career or college without remediation.

94.30 (3) All students except those eligible for alternative assessments must be given the
94.31 college entrance part of these assessments in grade 11. (h) A student under this clause
94.32 who demonstrates attainment of required state academic standards, which include career
94.33 and college readiness benchmarks, on these high school assessments under subdivision 1a
94.34 is academically ready for a career or college and is encouraged to participate in courses
94.35 awarding college credit to high school students. Such courses and programs may include

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95.1 sequential courses of study within broad career areas and technical skill assessments95.2 that extend beyond course grades.

- 95.3 (4) (i) As appropriate, students through grade 12 must continue to participate in
 95.4 targeted instruction, intervention, or remediation and be encouraged to participate in
 95.5 courses awarding college credit to high school students.
- 95.6 (5) A study to determine the alignment between these assessments and state
 95.7 academic standards under this chapter must be conducted. Where alignment exists, the
 95.8 commissioner must seek federal approval to, and immediately upon receiving approval,
 95.9 replace the federally required assessments referenced under subdivision 1a and section
 95.10 120B.35, subdivision 2, with assessments under this paragraph.
- (e) (j) In developing, supporting, and improving students' academic readiness for a 95.11 career or college, schools, districts, and the state must have a continuum of empirically 95.12 derived, clearly defined benchmarks focused on students' attainment of knowledge and 95.13 skills so that students, their parents, and teachers know how well students must perform to 95.14 95.15 have a reasonable chance to succeed in a career or college without need for postsecondary remediation. The commissioner, in consultation with local school officials and educators, 95.16 and Minnesota's public postsecondary institutions must ensure that the foundational 95.17 knowledge and skills for students' successful performance in postsecondary employment 95.18 or education and an articulated series of possible targeted interventions are clearly 95.19 identified and satisfy Minnesota's postsecondary admissions requirements. 95.20
- 95.21 (f) (k) For students in grade 8 in the 2012-2013 school year and later, a school,
 95.22 district, or charter school must record on the high school transcript a student's progress
 95.23 toward career and college readiness, and for other students as soon as practicable.
- 95.24 (g) (l) The school board granting students their diplomas may formally decide to
 95.25 include a notation of high achievement on the high school diplomas of those graduating
 95.26 seniors who, according to established school board criteria, demonstrate exemplary
 95.27 academic achievement during high school.
- 95.28 (h) (m) The 3rd through 7th 8th grade computer-adaptive assessment results and grade 95.29 8 and high school test results shall be available to districts for diagnostic purposes affecting 95.30 student learning and district instruction and curriculum, and for establishing educational 95.31 accountability. The commissioner must establish empirically derived benchmarks on 95.32 adaptive assessments in grades 3 through 7<u>8</u> that reveal a trajectory toward career and 95.33 college readiness. The commissioner must disseminate to the public the computer-adaptive 95.34 assessments, grade 8, and high school test results upon receiving those results.
- 95.35 (i) (n) The grades 3 through 7<u>8</u> computer-adaptive assessments and grade 8 and
 95.36 high school tests must be aligned with state academic standards. The commissioner shall

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96.1 determine the testing process and the order of administration. The statewide results shall
96.2 be aggregated at the site and district level, consistent with subdivision 1a.

96.3 (j) (o) The commissioner shall include the following components in the statewide
 96.4 public reporting system:

96.5 (1) uniform statewide computer-adaptive assessments of all students in grades 3
96.6 through 7<u>8</u> and testing at the grade 8 and high school levels that provides appropriate,
96.7 technically sound accommodations or alternate assessments;

96.8 (2) educational indicators that can be aggregated and compared across school
96.9 districts and across time on a statewide basis, including average daily attendance, high
96.10 school graduation rates, and high school drop-out rates by age and grade level;

96.11

(3) state results on the American College Test; and

96.12 (4) state results from participation in the National Assessment of Educational
96.13 Progress so that the state can benchmark its performance against the nation and other
96.14 states, and, where possible, against other countries, and contribute to the national effort
96.15 to monitor achievement.

96.16 (k) (p) For purposes of statewide accountability, "career and college ready" means a
96.17 high school graduate has the knowledge, skills, and competencies to successfully pursue a
96.18 career pathway, including postsecondary credit leading to a degree, diploma, certificate, or
96.19 industry-recognized credential and employment. Students who are career and college ready
96.20 are able to successfully complete credit-bearing coursework at a two- or four-year college
96.21 or university or other credit-bearing postsecondary program without need for remediation.

96.22 (<u>1) (q)</u> For purposes of statewide accountability, "cultural competence," "cultural
96.23 competency," or "culturally competent" means the ability and will to interact effectively
96.24 with people of different cultures, native languages, and socioeconomic backgrounds.

 96.25
 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2015-2016 school year and

 96.26
 later.

96.27 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.30, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
96.28 Subd. 1a. Statewide and local assessments; results. (a) For purposes of this
96.29 section, the following definitions have the meanings given them.

96.30 (1) "Computer-adaptive assessments" means fully adaptive assessments.

96.31 (2) "Fully adaptive assessments" include test items that are on-grade level and items96.32 that may be above or below a student's grade level.

96.33 (3) "On-grade level" test items contain subject area content that is aligned to state96.34 academic standards for the grade level of the student taking the assessment.

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97.1 (4) "Above-grade level" test items contain subject area content that is above the
97.2 grade level of the student taking the assessment and is considered aligned with state
97.3 academic standards to the extent it is aligned with content represented in state academic
97.4 standards above the grade level of the student taking the assessment. Notwithstanding
97.5 the student's grade level, administering above-grade level test items to a student does not
97.6 violate the requirement that state assessments must be aligned with state standards.

97.7 (5) "Below-grade level" test items contain subject area content that is below the
97.8 grade level of the student taking the test and is considered aligned with state academic
97.9 standards to the extent it is aligned with content represented in state academic standards
97.10 below the student's current grade level. Notwithstanding the student's grade level,
97.11 administering below-grade level test items to a student does not violate the requirement
97.12 that state assessments must be aligned with state standards.

97.13 (b) The commissioner must use fully adaptive mathematics and reading assessments
97.14 for grades 3 through 7 beginning in the 2015-2016 school year and later <u>8</u>.

97.15 (c) For purposes of conforming with existing federal educational accountability requirements, the commissioner must develop and implement computer-adaptive reading 97.16 and mathematics assessments for grades 3 through 7 8, state-developed grade 8 and 97.17 high school reading and mathematics tests aligned with state academic standards, a 97.18 high school writing test aligned with state standards when it becomes available, and 97.19 science assessments under clause (2) that districts and sites must use to monitor student 97.20 growth toward achieving those standards. The commissioner must not develop statewide 97.21 assessments for academic standards in social studies, health and physical education, and 97.22 97.23 the arts. The commissioner must require:

97.24 (1) annual computer-adaptive reading and mathematics assessments in grades 3
97.25 through 7<u>8</u>, and grade 8 and high school reading, writing, and mathematics tests; and

97.26 (2) annual science assessments in one grade in the grades 3 through 5 span, the
97.27 grades 6 through 8 span, and a life sciences assessment in the grades 9 through 12 span,
97.28 and the commissioner must not require students to achieve a passing score on high school
97.29 science assessments as a condition of receiving a high school diploma.

97.30

(d) The commissioner must ensure that for annual computer-adaptive assessments:

97.31 (1) individual student performance data and achievement reports are available
97.32 within three school days of when students take an assessment except in a year when an
97.33 assessment reflects new performance standards;

97.34 (2) growth information is available for each student from the student's first
97.35 assessment to each proximate assessment using a constant measurement scale;

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98.1 (3) parents, teachers, and school administrators are able to use elementary and
98.2 middle school student performance data to project students' secondary and postsecondary
98.3 achievement; and

(4) useful diagnostic information about areas of students' academic strengths and
weaknesses is available to teachers and school administrators for improving student
instruction and indicating the specific skills and concepts that should be introduced and
developed for students at given performance levels, organized by strands within subject
areas, and aligned to state academic standards.

98.9 (e) The commissioner must ensure that all state tests administered to elementary and
98.10 secondary students measure students' academic knowledge and skills and not students'
98.11 values, attitudes, and beliefs.

98.12 (f) Reporting of state assessment results must:

98.13 (1) provide timely, useful, and understandable information on the performance of98.14 individual students, schools, school districts, and the state;

98.15 (2) include a growth indicator of student achievement; and

98.16 (3) determine whether students have met the state's academic standards.

(g) Consistent with applicable federal law, the commissioner must include
appropriate, technically sound accommodations or alternative assessments for the very
few students with disabilities for whom statewide assessments are inappropriate and
for English learners.

(h) A school, school district, and charter school must administer statewide 98.21 assessments under this section, as the assessments become available, to evaluate student 98.22 98.23 progress toward career and college readiness in the context of the state's academic standards. A school, school district, or charter school may use a student's performance 98.24 on a statewide assessment as one of multiple criteria to determine grade promotion or 98.25 98.26 retention. A school, school district, or charter school may use a high school student's performance on a statewide assessment as a percentage of the student's final grade in a 98.27 course, or place a student's assessment score on the student's transcript. 98.28

98.29 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.30, is amended by adding a subdivision
98.30 to read:

98.31 Subd. 1b. Special and extenuating circumstances. The Department of Education
98.32 shall develop a list of circumstances in which a student may be unable to test. The list
98.33 shall include but not be limited to: students transferring to Minnesota from another state,
98.34 students transferring from nonpublic to public school and students hospitalized. Students

06/04/15REVISORJFK/PT15-452399.1unable to participate in statewide assessment due to a circumstance on the list authorized

99.2 <u>under this subdivision shall not be penalized for missing the opportunity to take a test.</u>

- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.30, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 99.3 Subd. 4. Access to tests. Consistent with section 13.34, the commissioner must 99.4 adopt and publish a policy to provide public and parental access for review of basic 99.5 skills tests, Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments, or any other such statewide test 99.6 and assessment developed assessments which would not compromise the objectivity or 99.7 fairness of the testing or examination process. Upon receiving a written request, the 99.8 commissioner must make available to parents or guardians a copy of their student's actual 99.9 responses to the test questions for their review. 99.10
- 99.11 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.30, is amended by adding a subdivision99.12 to read:

99.13 Subd. 6. Commissioner-ordered suspension of assessments. In the event that it
99.14 becomes necessary for the commissioner to order the suspension of assessments under
99.15 this section because of service disruptions, technical interruptions, or any other reason
99.16 beyond the control of school districts, the commissioner must immediately notify the chair
99.17 and ranking member of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten
99.18 through grade 12 education.

99.19 Sec. 12. [120B.301] LIMITS ON LOCAL TESTING.

(a) For students in grades 1 through 6, the cumulative total amount of time spent
taking locally adopted districtwide or schoolwide assessments must not exceed ten hours
per school year. For students in grades 7 through 12, the cumulative total amount of time
spent taking locally adopted districtwide or schoolwide assessments must not exceed 11
hours per school year. For purposes of this paragraph, International Baccalaureate and
Advanced Placement exams are not considered locally adopted assessments.

99.26 (b) A district or charter school is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a),
99.27 if the district or charter school, in consultation with the exclusive representative of the
99.28 teachers or other teachers if there is no exclusive representative of the teachers, decides
99.29 to exceed a time limit in paragraph (a) and includes in the report required under section
99.30 120B.11, subdivision 5.

99.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

99.32 Sec. 13. **INTERRUPTED TESTS; TEST DATA.**

100.1	(a) The commissioner of education must contract with a qualified independent				
100.2	contractor to determine whether students' 2015 Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments				
100.3	mathematics, reading, and science test results under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30,				
100.4	are sufficiently robust or were sufficiently invariant to observed disruptions of the test				
100.5	administration to accurately reflect students' achievement on these tests.				
100.6	(b) For purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.36, and section 122A.40,				
100.7	subdivision 9, or 122A.41, subdivision 5, and notwithstanding other law to the contrary,				
100.8	a school district may decide, consistent with the concern under paragraph (a) about				
100.9	incomplete data from interrupted tests, to not report student test results for the 2014-2015				
100.10	school year.				
100.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.				
100.12	0.12 Sec. 14. REPORT ON MCA CONTRACTOR PERFORMANCE.				
100.13	By February 10, 2016, the commissioner of education must report to the legislative				
100.14	committee with jurisdiction over education finance and policy describing the performance				
100.15	of the contractor providing the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments to the state,				
100.16	including any payment adjusted to reflect the contractor's failure to perform according to				
100.17	the terms of the state contract, findings from the qualified independent contractor under				
100.18	section 13, and any other information about online administration of the Minnesota				
100.19	Comprehensive assessments the commissioner wishes to include in the report.				
100.20	Sec. 15. APPROPRIATIONS.				
100.21	Subdivision 1. Department. The sums indicated in this section are appropriated				
100.22	from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years designated.				
100.23	Subd. 2. Statewide testing and reporting system. For the statewide testing and				
100.24	reporting system under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30:				
100.25	<u>\$ 11,204,000 2016</u>				
100.26	<u>\$ 10,892,000 2017</u>				
100.27	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.				
100.28	Subd. 3. ACT test reimbursement. To reimburse districts for students who qualify				
100.29	under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (e), for onetime				
100.30	payment of their ACT examination fee:				
100.31	<u>\$ 3,011,000 2016</u>				
100.32	<u>\$</u> <u>3,011,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>				

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101.1	The Department of Education must reimburse districts for their onetime payments					
101.2	on behalf of students.					
101.3	Subd. 4. Examination fees; teacher training and support programs. (a) For					
101.4	students' advanced placement and international baccalaureate examination fees under					
101.5	Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 3, and the training and related costs					
101.6	for teachers and other interested educators under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13,					
101.7	subdivision 1:					
101.8	<u>\$</u> <u>4,500,000</u> <u></u> <u>2016</u>					
101.9	<u>\$</u> <u>4,500,000</u> <u>2017</u>					
101.10	(b) The advanced placement program shall receive 75 percent of the appropriation					
101.11	each year and the international baccalaureate program shall receive 25 percent of the					
101.12	appropriation each year. The department, in consultation with representatives of the					
101.13	advanced placement and international baccalaureate programs selected by the Advanced					
101.14	Placement Advisory Council and IBMN, respectively, shall determine the amounts of					
101.15	the expenditures each year for examination fees and training and support programs for					
101.16	each program.					
101.17	(c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 1, at least					
101.18	\$500,000 each year is for teachers to attend subject matter summer training programs					
101.19	and follow-up support workshops approved by the advanced placement or international					
101.20	baccalaureate programs. The amount of the subsidy for each teacher attending an					
101.21	advanced placement or international baccalaureate summer training program or workshop					
101.22	shall be the same. The commissioner shall determine the payment process and the amount					
101.23	of the subsidy.					
101.24	(d) The commissioner shall pay all examination fees for all students of low-income					
101.25	families under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 3, and to the extent					
101.26	of available appropriations shall also pay examination fees for students sitting for an					
101.27	advanced placement examination, intern	advanced placement examination, international baccalaureate examination, or both.				
101.28	Any balance in the first year does r	not cancel but is availa	able in the second ye	ear.		
101.29	Sec. 16. REPEALER.					
101.30	Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 1	20B.128, is repealed.				
101.31	A	RTICLE 4				
101.32	CHARTER SCHOOLS					
101.33	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, se	ection 124D.10, subdi	vision 1, is amended	l to read:		

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Subdivision 1. Purposes. (a) The primary purpose of this section is to improve all
pupil learning and all student achievement. Additional purposes include to:

102.3 (1) increase learning opportunities for all pupils;

102.4 (2) encourage the use of different and innovative teaching methods;

102.5 (3) measure learning outcomes and create different and innovative forms of102.6 measuring outcomes;

102.7 (4) establish new forms of accountability for schools; or

102.8 (5) create new professional opportunities for teachers, including the opportunity to102.9 be responsible for the learning program at the school site.

(b) This section does not provide a means to keep open a school that a school board 102.10 decides to close. However, a school board may endorse or authorize the establishing of 102.11 a charter school to replace the school the board decided to close. Applicants seeking a 102.12 charter under this circumstance must demonstrate to the authorizer that the charter sought 102.13 is substantially different in purpose and program from the school the board closed and 102.14 102.15 that the proposed charter satisfies the requirements of this subdivision. If the school board that closed the school authorizes the charter, it must document in its affidavit to the 102.16 commissioner that the charter is substantially different in program and purpose from 102.17 102.18 the school it closed.

102.19 (c) An authorizer shall not approve an application submitted by a charter school 102.20 developer under subdivision 4, paragraph (a), if the application does not comply with this 102.21 subdivision. The commissioner shall not approve an affidavit submitted by an authorizer 102.22 under subdivision 4, paragraph (b), if the affidavit does not comply with this subdivision.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Authorizer. (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this
subdivision have the meanings given them.

^{102.26} "Application" to receive approval as an authorizer means the proposal an eligible ^{102.27} authorizer submits to the commissioner under paragraph (e) (d) before that authorizer is ^{102.28} able to submit any affidavit to charter to a school.

"Application" under subdivision 4 means the charter school business plan a
school developer submits to an authorizer for approval to establish a charter school that
documents the school developer's mission statement, school purposes, program design,
financial plan, governance and management structure, and background and experience,
plus any other information the authorizer requests. The application also shall include a
"statement of assurances" of legal compliance prescribed by the commissioner.

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103.1 "Affidavit" means a written statement the authorizer submits to the commissioner
103.2 for approval to establish a charter school under subdivision 4 attesting to its review and
103.3 approval process before chartering a school.

- 103.4 (b) The following organizations may authorize one or more charter schools:
- 103.5 (1) a school board, intermediate school district school board, or education district
 103.6 organized under sections 123A.15 to 123A.19;
- (2) a charitable organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
 of 1986, excluding a nonpublic sectarian or religious institution; any person other than a
 natural person that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls,
 is controlled by, or is under common control with the nonpublic sectarian or religious
 institution; and any other charitable organization under this clause that in the federal IRS
 Form 1023, Part IV, describes activities indicating a religious purpose, that:
- 103.13 (i) is a member of the Minnesota Council of Nonprofits or the Minnesota Council on103.14 Foundations;
- 103.15 (ii) is registered with the attorney general's office; and
- (iii) is incorporated in the state of Minnesota and has been operating continuouslyfor at least five years but does not operate a charter school;
- (3) a Minnesota private college, notwithstanding clause (2), that grants two- or
 four-year degrees and is registered with the Minnesota Office of Higher Education under
 chapter 136A; community college, state university, or technical college governed by the
 Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities; or the University
 of Minnesota;
- (4) a nonprofit corporation subject to chapter 317A, described in section 317A.905,
 and exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code
 of 1986, may authorize one or more charter schools if the charter school has operated
 for at least three years under a different authorizer and if the nonprofit corporation has
 existed for at least 25 years; or
- (5) single-purpose authorizers formed as charitable, nonsectarian organizations
 under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and incorporated in the state
 of Minnesota under chapter 317A as a corporation with no members or under section
 322B.975 as a nonprofit limited liability company for the sole purpose of chartering schools.
 (c) Eligible organizations interested in being approved as an authorizer under this
- paragraph must submit a proposal to the commissioner that includes the provisions
 of paragraph (e) (d) and a five-year financial plan. Such authorizers shall consider and
 approve charter school applications using the criteria provided in subdivision 4 and shall

not limit the applications it solicits, considers, or approves to any single curriculum,learning program, or method.

(e) (d) An eligible authorizer under this subdivision must apply to the commissioner 104.3 for approval as an authorizer before submitting any affidavit to the commissioner to charter 104.4 a school. The application for approval as a charter school authorizer must demonstrate 104.5 the applicant's ability to implement the procedures and satisfy the criteria for chartering a 104.6 school under this section. The commissioner must approve or disapprove an application 104.7 within 45 business days of the application deadline. If the commissioner disapproves 104.8 the application, the commissioner must notify the applicant of the specific deficiencies 104.9 in writing and the applicant then has 20 business days to address the deficiencies to the 104.10 commissioner's satisfaction. After the 20 business days expire, the commissioner has 15 104.11 business days to make a final decision to approve or disapprove the application. Failing to 104.12 address the deficiencies to the commissioner's satisfaction makes an applicant ineligible to 104.13 be an authorizer. The commissioner, in establishing criteria for approval, must consider 104.14 104.15 the applicant's:

104.16 (1) capacity and infrastructure;

104.17 (2) application criteria and process;

104.18 (3) contracting process;

104.19 (4) ongoing oversight and evaluation processes; and

104.20 (5) renewal criteria and processes.

104.21(d) (e) An applicant must include in its application to the commissioner to be an104.22approved authorizer at least the following:

104.23 (1) how chartering schools is a way for the organization to carry out its mission;

(2) a description of the capacity of the organization to serve as an authorizer,
including the personnel who will perform the authorizing duties, their qualifications, the
amount of time they will be assigned to this responsibility, and the financial resources
allocated by the organization to this responsibility;

(3) a description of the application and review process the authorizer will use tomake decisions regarding the granting of charters;

104.30 (4) a description of the type of contract it will arrange with the schools it charters104.31 that meets the provisions of subdivision 6;

104.32 (5) the process to be used for providing ongoing oversight of the school consistent 104.33 with the contract expectations specified in clause (4) that assures that the schools chartered 104.34 are complying with both the provisions of applicable law and rules, and with the contract;

104.35 (6) a description of the criteria and process the authorizer will use to grant expanded 104.36 applications under subdivision 4, paragraph (j) (s);

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105.1 (7) the process for making decisions regarding the renewal or termination of

105.2 the school's charter based on evidence that demonstrates the academic, organizational,

and financial competency of the school, including its success in increasing student

achievement and meeting the goals of the charter school agreement; and

105.5 (8) an assurance specifying that the organization is committed to serving as an105.6 authorizer for the full five-year term.

105.7 (e) (f) A disapproved applicant under this section may resubmit an application
 105.8 during a future application period.

105.9 (f) (g) If the governing board of an approved authorizer votes to withdraw as 105.10 an approved authorizer for a reason unrelated to any cause under subdivision 23, the 105.11 authorizer must notify all its chartered schools and the commissioner in writing by July 15 105.12 of its intent to withdraw as an authorizer on June 30 in the next calendar year, regardless 105.13 of when the authorizer's five-year term of approval ends. The commissioner may approve 105.14 the transfer of a charter school to a new authorizer under this paragraph after the new 105.15 authorizer submits an affidavit to the commissioner.

105.16

(g) (h) The authorizer must participate in department-approved training.

105.17 (h) (i) The commissioner shall review an authorizer's performance every five years 105.18 in a manner and form determined by the commissioner and may review an authorizer's 105.19 performance more frequently at the commissioner's own initiative or at the request of a 105.20 charter school operator, charter school board member, or other interested party. The 105.21 commissioner, after completing the review, shall transmit a report with findings to the 105.22 authorizer.

105.23 (j) If, consistent with this section, the commissioner finds that an authorizer has not fulfilled the requirements of this section, the commissioner may subject the authorizer 105.24 to corrective action, which may include terminating the contract with the charter school 105.25 105.26 board of directors of a school it chartered. The commissioner must notify the authorizer in writing of any findings that may subject the authorizer to corrective action and 105.27 the authorizer then has 15 business days to request an informal hearing before the 105.28 commissioner takes corrective action. If the commissioner terminates a contract between 105.29 an authorizer and a charter school under this paragraph, the commissioner may assist the 105.30 charter school in acquiring a new authorizer. 105.31

105.32(i) (k) The commissioner may at any time take corrective action against an105.33authorizer, including terminating an authorizer's ability to charter a school for:

105.34 (1) failing to demonstrate the criteria under paragraph (e) (d) under which the 105.35 commissioner approved the authorizer;

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106.1 (2) violating a term of the chartering contract between the authorizer and the charter106.2 school board of directors;

106.3 (3) unsatisfactory performance as an approved authorizer; or

106.4 (4) any good cause shown that provides the commissioner a legally sufficient reason106.5 to take corrective action against an authorizer.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Formation of school. (a) An authorizer, after receiving an application from
a school developer, may charter a licensed teacher under section 122A.18, subdivision
1, or a group of individuals that includes one or more licensed teachers under section
122A.18, subdivision 1, to operate a school subject to the commissioner's approval of the
authorizer's affidavit under paragraph (b) (d).

106.12 (b) The school must be organized and operated as a nonprofit corporation under 106.13 chapter 317A and the provisions under the applicable chapter shall apply to the school 106.14 except as provided in this section.

106.15 (c) Notwithstanding sections 465.717 and 465.719, a school district, subject to this 106.16 section and section 124D.11, may create a corporation for the purpose of establishing a 106.17 charter school.

(b) (d) Before the operators may establish and operate a school, the authorizer must 106.18 106.19 file an affidavit with the commissioner stating its intent to charter a school. An authorizer must file a separate affidavit for each school it intends to charter. An authorizer must file 106.20 an affidavit by May 1 to be able to charter a new school in the next school year after the 106.21 106.22 commissioner approves the authorizer's affidavit at least 14 months before July 1 of the year the new charter school plans to serve students. The affidavit must state the terms and 106.23 conditions under which the authorizer would charter a school and how the authorizer 106.24 106.25 intends to oversee the fiscal and student performance of the charter school and to comply 106.26 with the terms of the written contract between the authorizer and the charter school board of directors under subdivision 6. The commissioner must approve or disapprove 106.27 the authorizer's affidavit within 60 business days of receipt of the affidavit. If the 106.28 commissioner disapproves the affidavit, the commissioner shall notify the authorizer of 106.29 the deficiencies in the affidavit and the authorizer then has 20 business days to address the 106.30 deficiencies. The commissioner must notify the authorizer of final approval or disapproval 106.31 within 15 business days after receiving the authorizer's response to the deficiencies in the 106.32 affidavit. If the authorizer does not address deficiencies to the commissioner's satisfaction, 106.33 the commissioner's disapproval is final. Failure to obtain commissioner approval precludes 106.34 an authorizer from chartering the school that is the subject of this affidavit. 106.35

(c) (e) The authorizer may prevent an approved charter school from opening for
 operation if, among other grounds, the charter school violates this section or does not meet
 the ready-to-open standards that are part of the authorizer's oversight and evaluation
 process or are stipulated in the charter school contract.

- 107.5 (d) (f) The operators authorized to organize and operate a school, before entering
 107.6 into a contract or other agreement for professional or other services, goods, or facilities,
 107.7 must incorporate as a nonprofit corporation under chapter 317A and.
- (g) The operators authorized to organize and operate a school, before entering into a
 contract or other agreement for professional or other services, goods, or facilities, must
 establish a board of directors composed of at least five members who are not related parties
 until a timely election for members of the ongoing charter school board of directors is
 held according to the school's articles and bylaws under paragraph (f) (1). A charter school
 board of directors must be composed of at least five members who are not related parties.
- 107.14 (h) Staff members employed at the school, including teachers providing instruction 107.15 under a contract with a cooperative, members of the board of directors, and all parents 107.16 or legal guardians of children enrolled in the school are the voters eligible to elect the 107.17 members of the school's board of directors. A charter school must notify eligible voters of 107.18 the school board election dates at least 30 days before the election.
- 107.19 (i) Board of director meetings must comply with chapter 13D.
- (e) (j) A charter school shall publish and maintain on the school's official Web site:
 (1) the minutes of meetings of the board of directors, and of members and committees
 having any board-delegated authority, for at least one calendar year from the date
 of publication; (2) directory information for members of the board of directors and
 committees having board-delegated authority; and (3) identifying and contact information
 for the school's authorizer. Identifying and contact information for the school's authorizer
 must be included in other school materials made available to the public.
- 107.27 (k) Upon request of an individual, the charter school must also make available in 107.28 a timely fashion financial statements showing all operations and transactions affecting 107.29 income, surplus, and deficit during the school's last annual accounting period; and a 107.30 balance sheet summarizing assets and liabilities on the closing date of the accounting 107.31 period. A charter school also must include that same information about its authorizer in 107.32 other school materials that it makes available to the public.
- (f) (l) Every charter school board member shall attend annual training throughout
 the member's term on the board. All new board members shall attend initial training on
 the board's role and responsibilities, employment policies and practices, and financial
 management. A new board member who does not begin the required initial training within

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six months after being seated and complete that training within 12 months of being seated
on the board is automatically ineligible to continue to serve as a board member. The
school shall include in its annual report the training attended by each board member
during the previous year.

 $\frac{(g)(m)}{(g)(m)}$ The ongoing board must be elected before the school completes its third year of operation. Board elections must be held during the school year but may not be conducted on days when the school is closed for holidays, breaks, or vacations.

(n) The charter school board of directors shall be composed of at least five nonrelated 108.8 members and include: (i) at least one licensed teacher employed as a teacher at the school 108.9 or providing instruction under contract between the charter school and a cooperative; (ii) 108.10 at least one parent or legal guardian of a student enrolled in the charter school who is not 108.11 an employee of the charter school; and (iii) at least one interested community member 108.12 who resides in Minnesota and is not employed by the charter school and does not have a 108.13 child enrolled in the school. The board may include a majority of teachers described in 108.14 108.15 this paragraph or parents or community members, or it may have no clear majority. The chief financial officer and the chief administrator may only serve as ex-officio nonvoting 108.16 board members. No charter school employees shall serve on the board other than teachers 108.17 under item (i). Contractors providing facilities, goods, or services to a charter school shall 108.18 not serve on the board of directors of the charter school. 108.19

(o) Board bylaws shall outline the process and procedures for changing the board's
 governance structure, consistent with chapter 317A. A board may change its governance
 structure only:

(1) by a majority vote of the board of directors and a majority vote of the licensed
 teachers employed by the school as teachers, including licensed teachers providing
 instruction under a contract between the school and a cooperative; and

108.26 (2) with the authorizer's approval.

108.27 Any change in board governance structure must conform with the composition of 108.28 the board established under this paragraph.

(h) (p) The granting or renewal of a charter by an authorizer must not be conditioned
 upon the bargaining unit status of the employees of the school.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \hline (i) (q) \\ \hline (i) (q)$

108.34 (r) Any potential contract, lease, or purchase of service from an authorizer must 108.35 be disclosed to the commissioner, accepted through an open bidding process, and be a 108.36 separate contract from the charter contract. The school must document the open bidding

process. An authorizer must not enter into a contract to provide management and financial
services for a school that it authorizes, unless the school documents that it received at
least two competitive bids.

(i) (s) A charter school may apply to the authorizer to amend the school charter to 109.4 expand the operation of the school to additional grades or sites that would be students' 109.5 primary enrollment site beyond those defined in the original affidavit approved by the 109.6 commissioner. After approving the school's application, the authorizer shall submit a 109.7 supplementary affidavit in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. The 109.8 authorizer must file a supplement affidavit by October 1 to be eligible to expand in the next 109.9 school year. The supplementary affidavit must document that the school has demonstrated 109.10 to the satisfaction of the authorizer the following: 109.11

(1) the need for the expansion with supporting long-range enrollment projections;
(2) a longitudinal record of demonstrated student academic performance and growth
on statewide assessments under chapter 120B or on other academic assessments that
measure longitudinal student performance and growth approved by the charter school's
board of directors and agreed upon with the authorizer;

(3) a history of sound school finances and a finance plan to implement the expansionin a manner to promote the school's financial sustainability; and

(4) board capacity and an administrative and management plan to implement itsexpansion.

(k) (t) The commissioner shall have 30 business days to review and comment on the 109.21 supplemental affidavit. The commissioner shall notify the authorizer in writing of any 109.22 109.23 deficiencies in the supplemental affidavit and the authorizer then has 20 business days to address, to the commissioner's satisfaction, any deficiencies in the supplemental affidavit. 109.24 The commissioner must notify the authorizer of final approval or disapproval within 15 109.25 109.26 business days after receiving the authorizer's response to the deficiencies in the affidavit. The school may not expand grades or add sites until the commissioner has approved the 109.27 supplemental affidavit. The commissioner's approval or disapproval of a supplemental 109.28 affidavit is final. 109.29

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.10, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Federal, state, and local requirements. (a) A charter school shall meet all
federal, state, and local health and safety requirements applicable to school districts.
(b) A school must comply with statewide accountability requirements governing
standards and assessments in chapter 120B.

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(c) A school authorized by a school board may be located in any district, unless theschool board of the district of the proposed location disapproves by written resolution.

(d) A charter school must be nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies,
employment practices, and all other operations. An authorizer may not authorize a charter
school or program that is affiliated with a nonpublic sectarian school or a religious
institution.

(e) A charter school student must be released for religious instruction, consistent
 with section 120A.22, subdivision 12, clause (3).

(e) (f) Charter schools must not be used as a method of providing education or
 generating revenue for students who are being home-schooled. This paragraph does not
 apply to shared time aid under section 126C.19.

110.12 (f) (g) The primary focus of a charter school must be to provide a comprehensive program of instruction for at least one grade or age group from five through 18 years of 110.13 age. Instruction may be provided to people older than 18 years of age. A charter school 110.14 110.15 may offer a free or fee-based preschool or prekindergarten that meets high-quality early learning instructional program standards that are aligned with Minnesota's early learning 110.16 standards for children. The hours a student is enrolled in a fee-based prekindergarten 110.17 program do not generate pupil units under section 126C.05 and must not be used to 110.18 calculate general education revenue under section 126C.10. A charter school with at least 110.19 90 percent of enrolled students who are eligible for special education services and have 110.20 a primary disability of deaf or hard-of-hearing may enroll prekindergarten pupils with a 110.21 disability under section 126C.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), and must comply with the 110.22 110.23 federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act under Code of Federal Regulations,

110.24 <u>title 34</u>, section 300.324, subsection (2), clause (iv).

(g) (h) Except as provided in paragraph (g), a charter school may not charge tuition.
 (h) (i) A charter school is subject to and must comply with chapter 363A and section
 110.27 121A.04.

(i) (j) Once a student is enrolled in the school, the student is considered enrolled
in the school until the student formally withdraws or is expelled under the Pupil Fair
Dismissal Act in sections 121A.40 to 121A.56. A charter school is subject to and must
comply with the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, sections 121A.40 to 121A.56, and.

(k) A charter school is subject to and must comply with the Minnesota Public School
 Fee Law, sections 123B.34 to 123B.39.

federal Single Audit Act, if applicable, and section 6.65. A charter school is subject 111.1 to and must comply with sections 15.054; 118A.01; 118A.02; 118A.03; 118A.04; 111.2 118A.05; 118A.06; 471.38; 471.391; 471.392; and 471.425. The audit must comply with 111.3 the requirements of sections 123B.75 to 123B.83, except to the extent deviations are 111.4 necessary because of the program at the school. Deviations must be approved by the 111.5 commissioner and authorizer. The Department of Education, state auditor, legislative 111.6 auditor, or authorizer may conduct financial, program, or compliance audits. A charter 111.7 school determined to be in statutory operating debt under sections 123B.81 to 123B.83 111.8 must submit a plan under section 123B.81, subdivision 4. 111.9 (k) (m) A charter school is a district for the purposes of tort liability under chapter 466. 111.10 (1) (n) A charter school must comply with chapters 13 and 13D; and sections 111.11

111.12 120A.22, subdivision 7; 121A.75; and 260B.171, subdivisions 3 and 5.

(m) (o) A charter school is subject to the Pledge of Allegiance requirement under
 section 121A.11, subdivision 3.

(n) (p) A charter school offering online courses or programs must comply with
 section 124D.095.

- (o) (q) A charter school and charter school board of directors are subject to chapter
 181.
- 111.19 (p) (r) A charter school must comply with section 120A.22, subdivision 7, governing 111.20 the transfer of students' educational records and sections 138.163 and 138.17 governing 111.21 the management of local records.
- 111.22 (q) (s) A charter school that provides early childhood health and developmental 111.23 screening must comply with sections 121A.16 to 121A.19.
- 111.24 (r) (t) A charter school that provides school-sponsored youth athletic activities 111.25 must comply with section 121A.38.
- (s) (u) A charter school is subject to and must comply with continuing truant
 notification under section 260A.03.
- (t) (v) A charter school must develop and implement a teacher evaluation and
 peer review process under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), clauses (2) to
 (13). The teacher evaluation process in this paragraph does not create any additional
 employment rights for teachers.
- (u) (w) A charter school must adopt a policy, plan, budget, and process, consistent
 with section 120B.11, to review curriculum, instruction, and student achievement and
 strive for the world's best workforce.
- 111.35 (v)(x) A charter school must comply with section 121A.031 governing policies on 111.36 prohibited conduct.

112.1 (w)(y) A charter school must comply with all pupil transportation requirements in 112.2 section 123B.88, subdivision 1. A charter school must not require parents to surrender

their rights to pupil transportation under section 123B.88, subdivision 2.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment

112.5 except the provision under paragraph (g) allowing prekindergarten deaf or hard-of-hearing

112.6 pupils to enroll in a charter school is effective only if the commissioner of education

112.7 determines there is no added cost attributable to the pupil.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.10, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
 Subd. 12. Pupils with a disability. A charter school must comply with sections
 12.10 125A.02, 125A.03 to 125A.24, and 125A.65, and 125A.75 and rules relating to the
 education of pupils with a disability as though it were a district. A charter school enrolling
 prekindergarten pupils with a disability under subdivision 8, paragraph (g), must comply
 with sections 125A.259 to 125A.48 and rules relating to the Interagency Early Intervention
 System as though it were a school district.
- 112.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.10, subdivision 14, is amended to read: 112.16 Subd. 14. Annual public reports. (a) A charter school must publish an annual 112.17 report approved by the board of directors. The annual report must at least include 112.18 information on school enrollment, student attrition, governance and management, staffing, 112.19 112.20 finances, academic performance, innovative practices and implementation, and future plans. A charter school may combine this report with the reporting required under section 112.21 120B.11. A charter school must post the annual report on the school's official Web site. A 112.22 charter school must also distribute the annual report by publication, mail, or electronic 112.23 means to its authorizer, school employees, and parents and legal guardians of students 112.24 enrolled in the charter school. The reports are public data under chapter 13. 112.25 (b) The commissioner shall establish specifications for an authorizer's annual public 112.26

report that is part of the system to evaluate authorizer performance under subdivision
3, paragraph (h). The report shall at least include key indicators of school academic,
operational, and financial performance.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.10, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

113.1	Subd. 24a. Merger. (a) Two or more charter schools may merge under chapter
113.2	317A. The effective date of a merger must be July 1. The merged school must continue
113.3	under the identity of one of the merging schools. A new charter contract under subdivision
113.4	6 must be executed by July 1. The authorizer must submit to the commissioner a copy of
113.5	the new signed charter contract within ten business days of its execution.
113.6	(b) Each merging school must submit a separate year-end report for the previous year
113.7	for that school only. After the final fiscal year of the premerger schools is closed out, the
113.8	fund balances and debts from the merging schools must be transferred to the merged school.
113.9	(c) For its first year of operation, the merged school is eligible to receive aid from
113.10	programs requiring approved applications equal to the sum of the aid of all of the merging
113.11	schools. For aids based on prior year data, the merged school is eligible to receive aid for
113.12	its first year of operation based on the combined data of all of the merging schools.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.11, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 113.13 Subd. 9. Payment of aids to charter schools. (a) Notwithstanding section 113.14 127A.45, subdivision 3, if the current year aid payment percentage under section 113.15 127A.45, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), is 90 or greater, aid payments for the current 113.16 fiscal year to a charter school shall be of an equal amount on each of the 24 payment 113.17 dates. Notwithstanding section 127A.45, subdivision 3, if the current year aid payment 113.18 percentage under section 127A.45, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), is less than 90, aid 113.19 payments for the current fiscal year to a charter school shall be of an equal amount on 113.20 each of the 16 payment dates in July through February. 113.21

113.22 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and section 127A.45, for a charter school ceasing operation on or prior to June 30 of a school year, for the payment periods occurring after 113.23 the school ceases serving students, the commissioner shall withhold the estimated state aid 113.24 113.25 owed the school. The charter school board of directors and authorizer must submit to the commissioner a closure plan under chapter 308A or 317A, and financial information about 113.26 the school's liabilities and assets. After receiving the closure plan, financial information, 113.27 an audit of pupil counts, documentation of lease expenditures, and monitoring of special 113.28 education expenditures, the commissioner may release cash withheld and may continue 113.29 regular payments up to the current year payment percentages if further amounts are 113.30 owed. If, based on audits and monitoring, the school received state aid in excess of the 113.31 amount owed, the commissioner shall retain aid withheld sufficient to eliminate the aid 113.32 overpayment. For a charter school ceasing operations prior to, or at the end of, a school 113.33 year, notwithstanding section 127A.45, subdivision 3, preliminary final payments may 113.34 be made after receiving the closure plan, audit of pupil counts, monitoring of special 113.35

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education expenditures, documentation of lease expenditures, and school submission of
Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS) financial data for the
final year of operation. Final payment may be made upon receipt of audited financial
statements under section 123B.77, subdivision 3.

(c) If a charter school fails to comply with the commissioner's directive to return,
for cause, federal or state funds administered by the department, the commissioner may
withhold an amount of state aid sufficient to satisfy the directive.

(d) If, within the timeline under section 471.425, a charter school fails to pay the state 114.8 of Minnesota, a school district, intermediate school district, or service cooperative after 114.9 receiving an undisputed invoice for goods and services, the commissioner may withhold 114.10 an amount of state aid sufficient to satisfy the claim and shall distribute the withheld 114.11 aid to the interested state agency, school district, intermediate school district, or service 114.12 cooperative. An interested state agency, school district, intermediate school district, or 114.13 education cooperative shall notify the commissioner when a charter school fails to pay an 114.14 114.15 undisputed invoice within 75 business days of when it received the original invoice.

(c) Notwithstanding section 127A.45, subdivision 3, and paragraph (a), 80 percent
 of the start-up cost aid under subdivision 8 shall be paid within 45 days after the first day
 of student attendance for that school year.

(f) (e) In order to receive state aid payments under this subdivision, a charter school 114.19 in its first three years of operation must submit a school calendar in the form and manner 114.20 requested by the department and a quarterly report to the Department of Education. The 114.21 report must list each student by grade, show the student's start and end dates, if any, 114.22 114.23 with the charter school, and for any student participating in a learning year program, the report must list the hours and times of learning year activities. The report must be 114.24 submitted not more than two weeks after the end of the calendar quarter to the department. 114.25 The department must develop a Web-based reporting form for charter schools to use 114.26 when submitting enrollment reports. A charter school in its fourth and subsequent year of 114.27 operation must submit a school calendar and enrollment information to the department in 114.28 the form and manner requested by the department. 114.29

 $\frac{(g)(f)}{(g)(f)}$ Notwithstanding sections 317A.701 to 317A.791, upon closure of a charter school and satisfaction of creditors, cash and investment balances remaining shall be returned to the state.

(h) (g) A charter school must have a valid, signed contract under section 124D.10,
subdivision 6, on file at the Department of Education at least 15 days prior to the date of
first payment of state aid for the fiscal year.

- (i) (h) State aid entitlements shall be computed for a charter school only for the
- 115.2 portion of a school year for which it has a valid, signed contract under section 124D.10,
- subdivision 6.

115.4 Sec. 9. APPROPRIATIONS.

- 115.5 Subdivision 1. Department. The sums indicated in this section are appropriated
- 115.6 from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years designated.
- 115.7 <u>Subd. 2.</u> Charter school building lease aid. For building lease aid under Minnesota
- 115.8 <u>Statutes, section 124D.11, subdivision 4:</u>
- 115.9
 \$
 66,787,000

 2016

 115.10
 \$
 73,603,000

 2017
- 115.11 The 2016 appropriation includes \$6,032,000 for 2015 and \$60,755,000 for 2016.
- 115.12 The 2017 appropriation includes \$6,750,000 for 2016 and \$66,853,000 for 2017.
- 115.13 Sec. 10. **REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.**
- 115.14 The revisor of statutes shall renumber the provisions of Minnesota Statutes listed
- in column A to the references listed in column B. The revisor of statutes may alter the
- 115.16 renumbering to incorporate statutory changes made during the 2015 regular legislative
- 115.17 session. The revisor shall also make necessary cross-reference changes in Minnesota
- 115.18 <u>Statutes and Minnesota Rules consistent with the renumbering in this instruction and the</u>
- 115.19 relettering of paragraphs in sections 1 to 8.

115.20	Column A	Column B
115.21	124D.10, subd. 1, paragraph (a)	<u>124E.01, subd. 1</u>
115.22	<u>124D.10, subd. 1, paragraph (b)</u>	<u>124E.06, subd. 3, paragraph (d)</u>
115.23	124D.10, subd. 1, paragraph (c)	124E.06, subd. 1, paragraph (b)
115.24	<u>124D.10, subd. 2</u>	<u>124E.01, subd. 2</u>
115.25	124D.10, subd. 3, paragraph (a)	<u>124E.02, paragraph (a)</u>
115.26	<u>124D.10, subd. 3, paragraph (b)</u>	<u>124E.05, subd. 1</u>
115.27	124D.10, subd. 3, paragraph (c)	124E.05, subd. 2, paragraph (a)
115.28	124D.10, subd. 3, paragraph (d)	124E.05, subd. 3, paragraph (a)
115.29	124D.10, subd. 3, paragraph (e)	<u>124E.05, subd. 4</u>
115.30	124D.10, subd. 3, paragraph (f)	124E.05, subd. 3, paragraph (b)
115.31	124D.10, subd. 3, paragraph (g)	<u>124E.05, subd. 7</u>
115.32	124D.10, subd. 3, paragraph (h)	124E.05, subd. 2, paragraph (b)
115.33	124D.10, subd. 3, paragraph (i)	<u>124E.05, subd. 5</u>
115.34	124D.10, subd. 3, paragraph (j)	124E.05, subd. 6, paragraph (a)
115.35	124D.10, subd. 3, paragraph (k)	124E.05, subd. 6, paragraph (b)
115.36	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (a)	124E.06, subd. 1, paragraph (a)

116.1	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (b)	124E.06, subd. 2, paragraph (a)
116.2	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (c)	124E.06, subd. 2, paragraph (c)
116.3	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (d)	<u>124E.06, subd. 4</u>
116.4	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (e)	124E.06, subd. 3, paragraph (g)
116.5	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (f)	124E.06, subd. 2, paragraph (b)
116.6	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (g)	124E.07, subd. 1
116.7	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (h)	124E.07, subd. 5
116.8	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (i)	124E.07, subd. 8, paragraph (a)
116.9	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (j)	124E.07, subd. 8, paragraph (b)
116.10	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (k)	<u>124E.17, subd. 2</u>
116.11	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (1)	<u>124E.07, subd. 7</u>
116.12	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (m)	<u>124E.07, subd. 2</u>
116.13	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (n)	124E.07, subd. 3, paragraph (a)
116.14	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (o)	<u>124E.07, subd. 4</u>
116.15	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (p)	124E.10, subd. 2, paragraph (c)
116.16	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (q)	124E.10, subd. 2, paragraph (b)
116.17	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (r)	124E.10, subd. 2, paragraph (a)
116.18	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (s)	124E.06, subd. 5, paragraph (a)
116.19	124D.10, subd. 4, paragraph (t)	124E.06, subd. 5, paragraph (b)
116.20	124D.10, subd. 4a, paragraph (a)	124E.07, subd. 3, paragraph (b)
116.21	124D.10, subd. 4a, paragraph (b)	<u>124E.14, paragraph (a)</u>
116.22	124D.10, subd. 4a, paragraph (c)	124E.07, subd. 3, paragraph (c)
116.23	124D.10, subd. 4a, paragraph (d)	124E.07, subd. 3, paragraph (d)
116.24	124D.10, subd. 4a, paragraph (e)	124E.14, paragraph (b)
116.25	124D.10, subd. 4a, paragraph (f)	124E.14, paragraph (c)
116.26	<u>124D.10, subd. 5</u>	<u>124E.06, subd. 6</u>
116.27	124D.10, subd. 6	124E.10, subd. 1, paragraph (a)
116.28 116.29	<u>124D.10, subd. 6a</u>	$\frac{124E.16, \text{ subd. 1, paragraphs (b) to}}{(e)}$
116.30	<u>124D.10, subd. 7</u>	<u>124E.03, subd. 1</u>
116.31	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (a)	124E.03, subd. 2, paragraph (a)
116.32	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (b)	124E.03, subd. 2, paragraph (b)
116.33	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (c)	124E.06, subd. 3, paragraph (e)
116.34	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (d)	124E.06, subd. 3, paragraph (b)
116.35	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (e)	124E.03, subd. 4, paragraph (a)
116.36	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (f)	124E.06, subd. 3, paragraph (c)
116.37	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (g)	124E.06, subd. 3, paragraph (a)
116.38	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (h)	<u>124E.06, subd. 3, paragraph (f)</u>
116.39	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (i)	124E.03, subd. 4, paragraph (b)
116.40	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (j)	124E.11, paragraph (g)
116.41	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (k)	124E.03, subd. 2, paragraph (c)
116.42	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (1)	124E.16, subd. 1, paragraph (a)
116.43	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (m)	124E.03, subd. 2, paragraph (d)
116.44	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (n)	124E.03, subd. 5, paragraph (a)

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117.1	<u>124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (o)</u>	<u>124E.03, subd. 2, paragraph (e)</u>
117.2	<u>124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (p)</u>	124E.03, subd. 7, paragraph (a)
117.3	<u>124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (q)</u>	<u>124E.03</u> , subd. 2, paragraph (f)
117.4	<u>124D.10</u> , subd. 8, paragraph (r)	124E.03, subd. 5, paragraph (b)
117.5	<u>124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (s)</u>	124E.03, subd. 7, paragraph (b)
117.6	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (t)	124E.03, subd. 7, paragraph (c)
117.7	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (u)	124E.03, subd. 2, paragraph (g)
117.8	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (v)	124E.03, subd. 2, paragraph (h)
117.9	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (w)	124E.03, subd. 2, paragraph (i)
117.10	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (x)	124E.03, subd. 4, paragraph (c)
117.11	124D.10, subd. 8, paragraph (y)	<u>124E.15, paragraph (a)</u>
117.12	<u>124D.10, subd. 8a</u>	124E.25, subd. 3, paragraph (a)
117.13	124D.10, subd. 8b	124E.25, subd. 3, paragraph (b)
117.14	<u>124D.10, subd. 9</u>	124E.11, paragraphs (a) to (f)
117.15	<u>124D.10, subd. 10</u>	<u>124E.10, subd. 1, paragraph (b)</u>
117.16	124D.10, subd. 11, paragraph (a)	<u>124E.12, subd. 1</u>
117.17	124D.10, subd. 11, paragraph (b)	<u>124E.12, subd. 2</u>
117.18	<u>124D.10, subd. 11, paragraph (c)</u>	<u>124E.07, subd. 6</u>
117.19	124D.10, subd. 11, paragraph (d)	<u>124E.12, subd. 5</u>
117.20	<u>124D.10, subd. 12</u>	124E.03, subd. 3
117.21	124D.10, subd. 13	124E.03, subd. 6
117.22	<u>124D.10, subd. 14</u>	124E.16, subd. 2
117.23	124D.10, subd. 15, paragraphs (a)	124E.10, subd. 3, paragraphs (a) to
117.24	to (e)	<u>(e)</u>
117.25	124D.10, subd. 15, paragraph (f)	124E.05, subd. 8
117.26	124D.10, subd. 16	124E.15, paragraphs (b) to (d)
117.27	124D.10, subd. 17	<u>124E.13, subd. 1</u>
117.28	124D.10, subd. 17a	<u>124E.13, subd. 3</u>
117.29	124D.10, subd. 17b	124E.13, subd. 4
117.30	124D.10, subd. 19	<u>124E.17, subd. 1</u>
117.31	124D.10, subd. 20	124E.12, subd. 6
117.32	<u>124D.10, subd. 21</u>	<u>124E.12, subd. 3</u>
117.33	124D.10, subd. 22	124E.12, subd. 4
117.34	124D.10, subd. 23, paragraphs (a)	124E.10, subd. 4, paragraphs (a) and
117.35	and (b)	<u>(b)</u>
117.36	<u>124D.10, subd. 23, paragraph (c)</u>	<u>124E.10, subd. 5</u>
117.37	<u>124D.10, subd. 23, paragraph (d)</u>	<u>124E.10, subd. 4, paragraph (c)</u>
117.38	<u>124D.10</u> , subd. 23a, paragraph (a)	<u>124E.13, subd. 2, paragraph (a)</u>
117.39	<u>124D.10</u> , subd. 23a, paragraph (b)	<u>124E.02, paragraph (b)</u>
117.40	<u>124D.10</u> , subd. 23a, paragraph (c)	124E.13, subd. 2, paragraph (b)
117.41	124D.10, subd. 23a, paragraph (d)	124E.13, subd. 2, paragraph (c)
117.42	124D.10, subd. 24	<u>124E.10, subd. 6</u>
117.43	<u>124D.10, subd. 25</u>	<u>124E.09</u>
117.44	124D.10, subd. 27	<u>124E.08</u>

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110.1	104D 11 mbd 1		$124E_{20}$ and 1	
118.1 118.2	<u>124D.11, subd. 1</u> 124D.11, subd. 2		<u>124E.20, subd.1</u> 124E.23	
118.3	124D.11, subd. 2		124E.20, subd. 2	
118.4	124D.11, subd. 4		124E.22	
118.5	124D.11, subd. 5		124E.21	
118.6	124D.11, subd. 6		124E.24	
118.7	124D.11, subd. 7		<u>124E.26</u>	
118.8	124D.11, subd. 9, paragra	aph (a)	124E.25, subd. 1, para	agraph (a)
118.9	124D.11, subd. 9, paragra	aph (b)	124E.25, subd. 1, para	agraph (b)
118.10	124D.11, subd. 9, paragra		124E.25, subd. 4, para	
118.11	<u>124D.11, subd. 9, paragra</u>		124E.25, subd. 4, para	
118.12	<u>124D.11, subd. 9, paragra</u>		124E.25, subd. 2, para	
118.13	<u>124D.11, subd. 9, paragra</u>	• • • •	<u>124E.25, subd. 1, para</u>	
118.14	<u>124D.11, subd. 9, paragra</u>		<u>124E.25, subd. 2, para</u>	
118.15	124D.11, subd. 9, paragra	aph (h)	124E.25, subd. 2, para	igraph (c)
118.16	A	ARTICLE 5		
118.17	SPECI	AL EDUCA	TION	
110.17				
118.18	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014,	section 122A	31 subdivision 1 is a	mended to read:
118.19	Subdivision 1. Requirements for			
118.20	(a) In addition to any other requirement			-
118.21	employed to provide American sign lan			• •
118.22	services on a full-time or part-time basi			C
118.23	(1) hold current interpreter and tra		-	
118.24	of Interpreters for the Deaf (RID), or th		-	
118.25	awarded by the National Association o	-		•
118.26	certification from the commissioner of	education; an	nd	
118.27	(2) satisfactorily complete an inte	rpreter/transl	iterator training progra	am affiliated
118.28	with an accredited educational institution	on.		
118.29	(b) New graduates of an interpret	er/transliterat	tor program affiliated	with an
118.30	accredited education institution shall be	e granted a tw	vo-year provisional ce	rtificate by
118.31	the commissioner. During the two-year	provisional j	period, the interpreter/	transliterator
118.32	must develop and implement an educat	ion plan in co	ollaboration with a me	entor under
118.33	paragraph (c).			
118.34	(c) A mentor of a provisionally c	ertified interp	oreter/transliterator mu	ıst be an
118.35	interpreter/transliterator who has either	NAD level l	IV or V certification o	or RID
118.36	certified interpreter and certified transli	terator certifi	cation and have at lea	st three
118.37	years interpreting/transliterating experies	ence in any e	ducational setting. Th	e mentor, in

collaboration with the provisionally certified interpreter/transliterator, shall develop and
implement an education plan designed to meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause
(1), and include a weekly on-site mentoring process.

(d) Consistent with the requirements of this paragraph, a person holding a
provisional certificate may apply to the commissioner for one time-limited extension.
The commissioner, in consultation with the Commission of Deaf, DeafBlind and
Hard-of-Hearing Minnesotans, must grant the person a time-limited extension of the
provisional certificate based on the following documentation:

(1) letters of support from the person's mentor, a parent of a pupil the person serves,
the special education director of the district in which the person is employed, and a
representative from the regional service center of the deaf and hard-of-hearing;

(2) records of the person's formal education, training, experience, and progress onthe person's education plan; and

(3) an explanation of why the extension is needed.

119.15 As a condition of receiving the extension, the person must comply with a plan and the accompanying time line for meeting the requirements of this subdivision. A 119.16 committee composed of the director of the Minnesota Resource Center Serving Deaf and 119.17 Hard-of-Hearing, or the director's designee deaf and hard-of-hearing state specialist, a 119.18 representative of the Minnesota Association of Deaf Citizens, a representative of the 119.19 Minnesota Registry of Interpreters of the Deaf, and other appropriate persons selected 119.20 by the commissioner must develop the plan and time line for the person receiving the 119.21 extension. 119.22

(e) A school district may employ only an interpreter/transliterator who has been
certified under paragraph (a) or (b), or for whom a time-limited extension has been
granted under paragraph (d).

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.31, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. **Oral or cued speech transliterators.** (a) In addition to any other requirements that a school district establishes, any person employed to provide oral transliterating or cued speech transliterating services on a full-time or part-time basis for a school district after July 1, 2000, must hold a current applicable transliterator certificate awarded by the national certifying association or comparable state certification from the commissioner of education.

(b) To provide oral or cued speech transliterator services on a full-time or part-time
basis, a person employed in a school district must comply with paragraph (a). The
commissioner shall grant a nonrenewable, two-year certificate to a school district on behalf

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of a person who has not yet attained a current applicable transliterator certificate under paragraph (a). A person for whom a nonrenewable, two-year certificate is issued must work under the direction of a licensed teacher who is skilled in language development

of individuals who are deaf or hard-of-hearing. A person for whom a nonrenewable,

120.5 two-year certificate is issued also must enroll in a state-approved training program and

demonstrate progress towards the certification required under paragraph (a) sufficient forthe person to be certified at the end of the two-year period.

(c) Consistent with the requirements of this paragraph, a person holding a
provisional certificate may apply to the commissioner for one time-limited extension. The
commissioner, in consultation with the Commission Serving Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing
People, must grant the person a time-limited extension of the provisional certificate based
on the following documentation:

(1) letters of support from the person's mentor, a parent of a pupil the person serves,
the special education director of the district in which the person is employed, and a
representative from the regional service center of the deaf and hard-of-hearing;

(2) records of the person's formal education, training, experience, and progress onthe person's education plan; and

120.18 (3) an explanation of why the extension is needed.

As a condition of receiving the extension, the person must comply with a plan 120.19 and the accompanying time line for meeting the requirements of this subdivision. A 120.20 committee composed of the director of the Minnesota Resource Center Serving Deaf and 120.21 Hard-of-Hearing, or the director's designee deaf and hard-of-hearing state specialist, a 120.22 120.23 representative of the Minnesota Association of Deaf Citizens, a representative of the Minnesota Registry of Interpreters of the Deaf, and other appropriate persons selected 120.24 by the commissioner must develop the plan and time line for the person receiving the 120.25 120.26 extension.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.88, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 120.27 Subdivision 1. Providing transportation. The board may provide for the 120.28 transportation of pupils to and from school and for any other purpose. The board may 120.29 also provide for the transportation of pupils to schools in other districts for grades and 120.30 departments not maintained in the district, including high school, at the expense of the 120.31 district, when funds are available therefor and if agreeable to the district to which it is 120.32 proposed to transport the pupils, for the whole or a part of the school year, as it may 120.33 deem advisable, and subject to its rules. In any district, the board must arrange for the 120.34 attendance of all pupils living two miles or more from the school, except pupils whose 120.35

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transportation privileges have been voluntarily surrendered under subdivision 2, or 121.1 whose privileges have been revoked under section 123B.91, subdivision 1, clause (6), or 121.2 123B.90, subdivision 2. The district may provide for the transportation of or the boarding 121.3 and rooming of the pupils who may be more economically and conveniently provided for 121.4 by that means. Arrangements for attendance may include a requirement that parents or 121.5 guardians request transportation before it is provided. The board must provide necessary 121.6 transportation to and from the home of consistent with section 123B.92, subdivision 1, 121.7 paragraph (b), clause (4), for a child with a disability not yet enrolled in kindergarten 121.8 when for the provision of special instruction and services under sections 125A.03 to 121.9 125A.24, 125A.26 to 125A.48, and 125A.65 are provided in a location other than in 121.10 the child's home. Special instruction and services for a child with a disability not yet 121.11 enrolled in kindergarten include an individualized education program team placement 121.12 in an early childhood program when that placement is necessary to address the child's 121.13 level of functioning and needs. When transportation is provided, scheduling of routes, 121.14 121.15 establishment of the location of bus stops, manner and method of transportation, control and discipline of school children, the determination of fees, and any other matter relating 121.16 thereto must be within the sole discretion, control, and management of the board. The 121.17 district may provide for the transportation of pupils or expend a reasonable amount 121.18 for room and board of pupils whose attendance at school can more economically and 121.19 121.20 conveniently be provided for by that means or who attend school in a building rented or leased by a district within the confines of an adjacent district. 121.21

121.22 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. General education revenue. (a) General education revenue must 121.23 be paid to a charter school as though it were a district. The general education revenue 121.24 121.25 for each adjusted pupil unit is the state average general education revenue per pupil unit, plus the referendum equalization aid allowance in the pupil's district of residence, 121.26 minus an amount equal to the product of the formula allowance according to section 121.27 126C.10, subdivision 2, times .0466, calculated without declining enrollment revenue, 121.28 local optional revenue, basic skills revenue, extended time revenue, pension adjustment 121.29 revenue, transition revenue, and transportation sparsity revenue, plus declining enrollment 121.30 revenue, basic skills revenue, extended time revenue, pension adjustment revenue, and 121.31 transition revenue as though the school were a school district. The general education 121.32 revenue for each extended time pupil unit equals \$4,794. 121.33

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the general education revenue for an eligible
 special education charter school as defined in subdivision 5a equals the sum of the

122.1	amount determined under paragraph (a) and the school's unreimbursed cost as defined in
122.2	subdivision 5a for educating students not eligible for special education services.
122.3	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.11, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
122.4	Subd. 5. Special education aid. (a) Except as provided in subdivision 2, special
122.5	education aid must be paid to a charter school according to section 125A.76, as though
122.6	it were a school district.
122.7	(b) For fiscal year 2015 and later, the special education aid paid to the charter school
122.8	shall be adjusted as follows:
122.9	(1) if the charter school does not receive general education revenue on behalf of
122.10	the student according to subdivision 1, the aid shall be adjusted as provided in section
122.11	125A.11; or
122.12	(2) if the charter school receives general education revenue on behalf of the student
122.13	according to subdivision 1, the aid shall be adjusted as provided in section 127A.47,
122.14	subdivision 7, paragraphs (b) to (d) (e).
122.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later.
122.16	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.11, is amended by adding a subdivision
122.17	to read:
122.18	Subd. 5a. Definitions. (a) For purposes of subdivision 5b, the terms in this
122.19	subdivision have the meanings given.
122.20	(b) "Unreimbursed costs" means the difference between the total cost of educating
122.21	students at the school and the total of state and federal aids and grants, excluding aid under
122.22	subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and subdivision 5b.
122.23	(c) "Eligible special education charter school" means a charter school:
122.24	(1) where the percent of students eligible for special education services equals at
122.25	least 90 percent of the charter school's total enrollment; and
122.26	(2) that submits to the commissioner a preliminary annual budget by June 15 prior
122.27	to the start of the fiscal year and a revised budget by January 15 of the current fiscal
122.28	year detailing its unreimbursed costs for educating students eligible and not eligible for
122.29	special education services.
122.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later.
122.31	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.11, is amended by adding a subdivision
122.32	to read:

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123.1	Subd. 5b. Special education aid for eligible special education charter schools.
123.2	(a) Notwithstanding subdivision 5, the special education aid for an eligible special
123.3	education charter school equals the sum of the school's special education aid under
123.4	subdivision 5, paragraph (a), and the school's approved unreimbursed cost for educating
123.5	students eligible for special education services.
123.6	(b) The commissioner must review the budget data submitted by an eligible special
123.7	education charter school under subdivision 5a and notify the school of the approved
123.8	unreimbursed cost to be used for current aid payments within 30 days of receiving the
123.9	budget from the school.
123.10	(c) For purposes of section 127A.45, subdivision 13, the aid under this subdivision
123.11	is not subject to the 97.4 percent current fiscal year special education aid entitlement
123.12	provision.
123.13	(d) Final aid payments must be calculated using the actual unreimbursed costs as
123.14	determined by the department based on year-end financial and student data submitted by
123.15	the charter school.
123.16 123.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later. Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.01, is amended to read:
123.18	125A.01 DEFINITIONS.
123.19	Subdivision 1. General application. For purposes of this chapter, the words defined
123.20	in section 120A.05 have the same meaning.
123.21	Subd. 2. Dyslexia. "Dyslexia" means a specific learning disability that is
123.22	neurological in origin. It is characterized by difficulties with accurate or fluent recognition
123.23	of words and by poor spelling and decoding abilities. These difficulties typically result
123.24	from a deficit in the phonological component of language that is often unexpected in
123.25	relation to other cognitive abilities and the provision of effective classroom instruction.
123.26	Secondary consequences may include problems in reading comprehension and reduced
123.27	reading experience that can impede the growth of vocabulary and background knowledge.
123.28	Students who have a dyslexia diagnosis must meet the state and federal eligibility
123.29	criteria in order to qualify for special education services.
123.30	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.023, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section and section 125A.027, the

123.32 following terms have the meanings given them:

123.33 (a) "Health plan" means:

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124.1	(1) a health plan under section 62Q.01, subdivision 3;
124.2	(2) a county-based purchasing plan under section 256B.692;
124.3	(3) a self-insured health plan established by a local government under section
124.4	471.617; or
124.5	(4) self-insured health coverage provided by the state to its employees or retirees.
124.6	(b) For purposes of this section, "health plan company" means an entity that issues
124.7	a health plan as defined in paragraph (a).
124.8	(c) "Interagency intervention service system" means a system that coordinates
124.9	services and programs required in state and federal law to meet the needs of eligible
124.10	children with disabilities ages birth three through 21, including:
124.11	(1) services provided under the following programs or initiatives administered
124.12	by state or local agencies:
124.13	(i) the maternal and child health program under title V of the Social Security Act;
124.14	(ii) the Minnesota children with special health needs program under sections 144.05
124.15	and 144.07;
124.16	(iii) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, section 619, and Part
124.17	C as amended;
124.18	(iv) medical assistance under title 42, chapter 7, of the Social Security Act;
124.19	(v) developmental disabilities services under chapter 256B;
124.20	(vi) the Head Start Act under title 42, chapter 105, of the Social Security Act;
124.21	(vii) vocational rehabilitation services provided under chapters 248 and 268A and
124.22	the Rehabilitation Act of 1973;
124.23	(viii) Juvenile Court Act services provided under sections 260.011 to 260.91;
124.24	260B.001 to 260B.446; and 260C.001 to 260C.451;
124.25	(ix) Minnesota Comprehensive Children's Mental Health Act under section 245.487;
124.26	(x) the community health services grants under sections 145.88 to 145.9266;
124.27	(xi) the Local Public Health Act under chapter 145A; and
124.28	(xii) the Vulnerable Children and Adults Act, sections 256M.60 to 256M.80;
124.29	(2) service provision and funding that can be coordinated through:
124.30	(i) the children's mental health collaborative under section 245.493;
124.31	(ii) the family services collaborative under section 124D.23;
124.32	(iii) the community transition interagency committees under section 125A.22; and
124.33	(iv) the interagency early intervention committees under section 125A.259;
124.34	(3) financial and other funding programs to be coordinated including medical
124.35	assistance under title 42, chapter 7, of the Social Security Act, the MinnesotaCare program
124.36	under chapter 256L, Supplemental Social Security Income, Developmental Disabilities

Assistance, and any other employment-related activities associated with the Social
Security Administration; and services provided under a health plan in conformity with an
individual family service plan or an individualized education program or an individual
interagency intervention plan; and

(4) additional appropriate services that local agencies and counties provide on
an individual need basis upon determining eligibility and receiving a request from (i)
the interagency early intervention committee school board or county board and (ii) the
child's parent.

(d) "Children with disabilities" has the meaning given in section 125A.02.

(e) A "standardized written plan" means those individual services or programs, with
accompanying funding sources, available through the interagency intervention service
system to an eligible child other than the services or programs described in the child's
individualized education program or the child's individual family service plan.

125.14 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.023, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. State Interagency Committee. (a) The commissioner of education, on 125.15 behalf of the governor, shall convene an interagency committee to develop and implement 125.16 a coordinated, multidisciplinary, interagency intervention service system for children ages 125.17 three to 21 with disabilities. The commissioners of commerce, education, health, human 125.18 rights, human services, employment and economic development, and corrections shall 125.19 each appoint two committee members from their departments; and the Association of 125.20 Minnesota Counties, Minnesota School Boards Association, the Minnesota Administrators 125.21 125.22 of Special Education, and the School Nurse Association of Minnesota shall each appoint one committee member. The committee shall select a chair from among its members. 125.23

(b) The committee shall:

(1) identify and assist in removing state and federal barriers to local coordination ofservices provided to children with disabilities;

(2) identify adequate, equitable, and flexible funding sources to streamline theseservices;

(3) develop guidelines for implementing policies that ensure a comprehensive and
coordinated system of all state and local agency services, including multidisciplinary
assessment practices for children with disabilities ages three to 21, including:

(i) develop, consistent with federal law, a standardized written plan for providingservices to a child with disabilities;

(ii) identify how current systems for dispute resolution can be coordinated;

126.1	(iii) develop an evaluation process to measure the success of state and local
126.2	interagency efforts in improving the quality and coordination of services to children with
126.3	disabilities ages three to 21; and
126.4	(iv) develop guidelines to assist the governing boards of the interagency early
126.5	intervention committees school boards and county boards in carrying out the duties
126.6	assigned in section 125A.027, subdivision 1, paragraph (b); and
126.7	(4) carry out other duties necessary to develop and implement within communities
126.8	a coordinated, multidisciplinary, interagency intervention service system for children
126.9	with disabilities.
126.10	(c) The committee shall consult on an ongoing basis with the state Special Education
126.11	Advisory Panel and the governor's Interagency Coordinating Council in carrying out
126.12	its duties under this section, including assisting the governing school boards of the
126.13	interagency early intervention committees and county boards.
126.14	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.027, is amended to read:
126.15	125A.027 INTERAGENCY EARLY INTERVENTION COMMITTEE
126.16	RESPONSIBILITIES LOCAL AGENCY COORDINATION RESPONSIBILITIES.
126.17	Subdivision 1. Additional duties School board and county board responsibilities.
126.18	(a) It is the joint responsibility of school and county boards to coordinate, provide, and
126.19	pay for appropriate services and to facilitate payment for services from public and private
126.20	sources. Appropriate services for children eligible under section 125A.02 and receiving
126.21	services from two or more public agencies of which one is the public school must be
126.22	determined in consultation with parents, physicians, and other education, medical health,
126.23	and human services providers. The services provided must conform with a standardized
126.24	written plan for each eligible child ages three to 21.
126.25	(b) Appropriate services include those services listed on a child's standardized
126.26	written plan. These services are those that are required to be documented on a plan under
126.27	federal and state law or rule.
126.28	(c) School and county boards shall coordinate interagency services. Service
126.29	responsibilities for eligible children, ages three to 21, may be established in interagency
126.30	agreements or joint powers board agreements. In addition, interagency agreements or
126.31	joint powers board agreements may be developed to establish agency responsibility that
126.32	ensures that coordinated interagency services are coordinated, provided, and paid for and
126.33	that payment is facilitated from public and private sources. School boards must provide,
126.34	pay for, and facilitate payment for special education services as required under sections
126.35	125A.03 and 125A.06. County boards must provide, pay for, and facilitate payment for

06/04/15 REVISOR JFK/PT 15-4523 those programs over which they have service and fiscal responsibility as referenced in 127.1 section 125A.023, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), clause (1). 127.2 Subd. 1a. Local governance structure. (a) The governing school boards of 127.3 the interagency early intervention committees and county boards are responsible for 127.4 developing and implementing interagency policies and procedures to coordinate services 127.5 at the local level for children with disabilities ages three to 21 under guidelines established 127.6 by the state interagency committee under section 125A.023, subdivision 4. Consistent 127.7 with the requirements in this section and section 125A.023, the governing school boards 127.8 of the interagency early intervention committees and county boards may organize as a 127.9 joint powers board under section 471.59 or enter into an interagency agreement that 127.10 establishes a governance structure. 127.11 (b) The governing board of each interagency early intervention committee as defined 127.12 in section 125A.30, paragraph (a), which may include a juvenile justice professional, shall: 127.13 (1) identify state and federal barriers to local coordination of services provided to 127.14 127.15 ehildren with disabilities; (2) implement policies that ensure a comprehensive and coordinated system of all 127.16 state and local agency services, including practices on multidisciplinary assessment, 127.17 standardized written plans, dispute resolution, and system evaluation for children with 127.18 disabilities ages three to 21; 127.19 (3) coordinate services and facilitate payment for services from public and private 127.20 institutions, agencies, and health plan companies; and 127.21 (4) share needed information consistent with state and federal data practices 127.22 127.23 requirements. Subd. 2. Appropriate and necessary services. (a) Parents, physicians, other health 127.24 care professionals including school nurses, and education and human services providers 127.25 jointly must determine appropriate and necessary services for eligible children with 127.26 disabilities ages three to 21. The services provided to the child under this section must 127.27 conform with the child's standardized written plan. The governing school board of an 127.28 interagency early intervention committee or county board must provide those services 127.29 contained in a child's individualized education program and those services for which a 127.30 legal obligation exists. Nothing in this section creates an additional right of appeal beyond 127.31 the rights granted under sections 125A.091, 125A.25, and 256.045. 127.32 (b) Nothing in this section or section 125A.023 increases or decreases the obligation 127.33 of the state, county, regional agency, local school district, or local agency or organization 127.34 to pay for education, health care, or social services. 127.35

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(c) A health plan may not exclude any medically necessary covered service solely 128.1 because the service is or could be identified in a child's individual family service plan, 128.2 individualized education program, a plan established under section 504 of the federal 128.3 Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or a student's individual health plan. This paragraph reaffirms 128.4 the obligation of a health plan company to provide or pay for certain medically necessary 128.5 covered services, and encourages a health plan company to coordinate this care with any 128.6 other providers of similar services. Also, a health plan company may not exclude from a 128.7 health plan any medically necessary covered service such as an assessment or physical 128.8 examination solely because the resulting information may be used for an individualized 128.9 education program or a standardized written plan. 128.10

Subd. 4. Responsibilities of school and county boards. (a) It is the joint 128.11 responsibility of school and county boards to coordinate, provide, and pay for appropriate 128.12 services, and to facilitate payment for services from public and private sources. 128.13 Appropriate service for children eligible under section 125A.02 and receiving service 128.14 128.15 from two or more public agencies of which one is the public school must be determined in consultation with parents, physicians, and other education, medical health, and human 128.16 services providers. The services provided must be in conformity with a standardized 128.17 written plan for each eligible child ages 3 to 21. 128.18

(b) Appropriate services include those services listed on a child's standardized 128.19 128.20 written plan. These services are those that are required to be documented on a plan under federal and state law or rule. 128.21

(c) School and county boards shall coordinate interagency services. Service 128.22 128.23 responsibilities for eligible children, ages 3 to 21, may be established in interagency agreements or joint powers board agreements. In addition, interagency agreements or joint 128.24 powers board agreements may be developed to establish agency responsibility that assures 128.25 that coordinated interagency services are coordinated, provided, and paid for, and that 128.26 payment is facilitated from public and private sources. School boards must provide, 128.27 pay for, and facilitate payment for special education services as required under sections 128.28 125A.03 and 125A.06. County boards must provide, pay for, and facilitate payment for 128.29 those programs over which they have service and fiscal responsibility as referenced in 128.30 section 125A.023, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), clause (1). 128.31

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.08, is amended to read: 128.32

128.33

125A.08 INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS.

(a) At the beginning of each school year, each school district shall have in effect, for 128.34 each child with a disability, an individualized education program. 128.35

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(b) As defined in this section, every district must ensure the following:
(1) all students with disabilities are provided the special instruction and services
which are appropriate to their needs. Where the individualized education program team
has determined appropriate goals and objectives based on the student's needs, including
the extent to which the student can be included in the least restrictive environment,
and where there are essentially equivalent and effective instruction, related services, or
assistive technology devices available to meet the student's needs, cost to the district may

and where there are essentially equivalent and effective instruction, related services, or 129.6 assistive technology devices available to meet the student's needs, cost to the district may 129.7 be among the factors considered by the team in choosing how to provide the appropriate 129.8 services, instruction, or devices that are to be made part of the student's individualized 129.9 education program. The individualized education program team shall consider and 129.10 may authorize services covered by medical assistance according to section 256B.0625, 129.11 subdivision 26. The student's needs and the special education instruction and services to 129.12 be provided must be agreed upon through the development of an individualized education 129.13 program. The program must address the student's need to develop skills to live and 129.14 129.15 work as independently as possible within the community. The individualized education program team must consider positive behavioral interventions, strategies, and supports 129.16 that address behavior needs for children with attention deficit disorder or attention deficit 129.17 hyperactivity disorder. During grade 9, the program must address the student's needs for 129.18 transition from secondary services to postsecondary education and training, employment, 129.19 community participation, recreation, and leisure and home living. In developing the 129.20 program, districts must inform parents of the full range of transitional goals and related 129.21 services that should be considered. The program must include a statement of the needed 129.22 transition services, including a statement of the interagency responsibilities or linkages or 129.23 both before secondary services are concluded; 129.24

(2) children with a disability under age five and their families are provided special
 instruction and services appropriate to the child's level of functioning and needs;

(3) children with a disability and their parents or guardians are guaranteed procedural
safeguards and the right to participate in decisions involving identification, assessment
including assistive technology assessment, and educational placement of children with a
disability;

(4) eligibility and needs of children with a disability are determined by an initial
evaluation or reevaluation, which may be completed using existing data under United
States Code, title 20, section 33, et seq.;

(5) to the maximum extent appropriate, children with a disability, including those
in public or private institutions or other care facilities, are educated with children who
are not disabled, and that special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of children

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with a disability from the regular educational environment occurs only when and to the 130.2 extent that the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary services cannot be achieved satisfactorily; 130.3 (6) in accordance with recognized professional standards, testing and evaluation 130.4 materials, and procedures used for the purposes of classification and placement of children 130.5 with a disability are selected and administered so as not to be racially or culturally 130.6

discriminatory; and 130.7

(7) the rights of the child are protected when the parents or guardians are not known 130.8 or not available, or the child is a ward of the state. 130.9

(c) For all paraprofessionals employed to work in programs for whose role in part 130.10 is to provide direct support to students with disabilities, the school board in each district 130.11 shall ensure that: 130.12

(1) before or immediately upon beginning at the time of employment, each 130.13 paraprofessional develops must develop sufficient knowledge and skills in emergency 130.14 procedures, building orientation, roles and responsibilities, confidentiality, vulnerability, 130.15 and reportability, among other things, to begin meeting the needs, especially 130.16

disability-specific and behavioral needs, of the students with whom the paraprofessional 130.17 works: 130.18

(2) annual training opportunities are available required to enable the paraprofessional 130.19 to continue to further develop the knowledge and skills that are specific to the students 130.20 with whom the paraprofessional works, including understanding disabilities, the unique 130.21 and individual needs of each student according to the student's disability and how the 130.22 130.23 disability affects the student's education and behavior, following lesson plans, and implementing follow-up instructional procedures and activities; and 130.24 (3) a district wide process obligates each paraprofessional to work under the ongoing 130.25

130.26 direction of a licensed teacher and, where appropriate and possible, the supervision of a school nurse. 130.27

Sec. 13. [125A.083] STUDENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS; TRANSFERRING 130.28 **RECORDS.** 130.29

To efficiently and effectively meet federal and state compliance and accountability 130.30

requirements using an online case management reporting system, school districts may 130.31

contract only for a student information system that is Schools Interoperability Framework 130.32

compliant and compatible with the online system for compliance reporting under section 130.33

125A.085 beginning in the 2018-2019 school year and later. A district's information 130.34

system under this section must facilitate the seamless transfer of student records for 130.35

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- 131.1 <u>a student with disabilities who transfers between school districts, including records</u>
- 131.2 containing the student's evaluation report, service plan, and other due process forms and
- 131.3 information, regardless of what information system any one district uses.

 131.4
 EFFECTIVE DATE.
 This section is effective the day following final enactment

and applies to all district contracts with student information system vendors entered into
or modified after that date.

131.7 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.085, is amended to read:

131.8

125A.085 ONLINE REPORTING OF REQUIRED DATA.

(a) To ensure a strong focus on outcomes for children with disabilities informs
federal and state compliance and accountability requirements and to increase opportunities
for special educators and related-services providers to focus on teaching children with
disabilities, the commissioner must customize a streamlined, user-friendly statewide
online system, with a single model online form, for effectively and efficiently collecting
and reporting required special education-related data to individuals with a legitimate
educational interest and who are authorized by law to access the data.

(b) The commissioner must consult with qualified experts, including information 131.16 technology specialists, licensed special education teachers and directors of special 131.17 education, related-services providers, third-party vendors, a designee of the commissioner 131.18 of human services, parents of children with disabilities, representatives of advocacy groups 131.19 131.20 representing children with disabilities, and representatives of school districts and special education cooperatives on integrating, field testing, customizing, and sustaining this simple, 131.21 easily accessible, efficient, and effective online data system for uniform statewide reporting 131.22 of required due process compliance data. Among other outcomes, the system must: 131.23

131.24 (1) reduce special education teachers' paperwork burden and thereby increase the131.25 teachers' opportunities to focus on teaching children;

(2) to the extent authorized by chapter 13 or other applicable state or federal law
governing access to and dissemination of educational records, provide for efficiently
and effectively transmitting the records of all transferring children with disabilities,
including highly mobile and homeless children with disabilities, among others, and avoid
fragmented service delivery;

(3) address language and other barriers and disparities that prevent parents from
understanding and communicating information about the needs of their children with
disabilities; and

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(4) help continuously improve the interface among the online systems serving children with disabilities in order to maintain and reinforce the children's ability to learn. 132.2

(c) The commissioner must use the federal Office of Special Education Programs 132.3 model forms for the (1) individualized education program, (2) notice of procedural 132.4 safeguards, and (3) prior written notice that are consistent with Part B of IDEA to integrate 132.5 and customize a state-sponsored universal special education online case management 132.6 system, consistent with the requirements of state law and this section for customizing a 132.7 statewide online reporting system. The commissioner must use a request for proposal 132.8 process to contract for the technology and software needed for customizing the online 132.9 system in order for the system to be fully functional, consistent with the requirements of 132.10 this section. This online system must be made available to school districts without charge 132.11 beginning in the 2015-2016 2016-2017 school year. For the 2015-2016 through 2017-2018 132.12 2016-2017 and later school years, school districts may use this online system or may 132.13 contract with an outside vendor for compliance reporting. Beginning in the 2018-2019 132.14

school year and later, school districts must use this online system for compliance reporting. 132.15

(d) All data on individuals maintained in the statewide reporting system are 132.16 classified as provided in chapter 13 or other applicable state or federal law. An authorized 132.17 individual's ability to enter, update, or access data must be limited through the use of 132.18 role-based access codes corresponding to that individual's official duties or training level, 132.19 and the statutory authorization that grants access for a particular purpose. Any action 132.20 in which data in the system are entered, updated, accessed, or shared or disseminated 132.21 outside of the system must be recorded in an audit trail. The audit trail must identify the 132.22 specific user responsible for the action, the date and time the action occurred, and the 132.23 purpose for the action. Data contained in the audit trail maintain the same classification 132.24 as the underlying data affected by the action, provided the responsible authority makes 132.25 the data available to a student or the student's parent upon request, and the responsible 132.26 authority may access the data to audit the system's user activity and security safeguards. 132.27 Before entering data on a student, the responsible authority must provide the student or the 132.28 student's parent written notice of the data practices rights and responsibilities required 132.29 by this section and a reasonable opportunity to refuse consent to have the student's data 132.30 included in the system. Upon receiving the student or the student's parent written refusal 132.31 to consent, the school district must not enter data on that student into the system and must 132.32 delete any existing data on that student currently in the system. 132.33

(e) Consistent with this section, the commissioner must establish a public Internet 132.34 Web interface to provide information to educators, parents, and the public about the form 132.35 and content of required special education reports, to respond to queries from educators, 132.36

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parents, and the public about specific aspects of special education reports and reporting, 133.1 and to use the information garnered from the interface to streamline and revise special 133.2 education reporting on the online system under this section. The public Internet Web 133.3 interface must have a prominently linked page describing the rights and responsibilities 133.4 of students and parents whose data are included in the statewide reporting system, and 133.5 include information on the data practices rights of students and parents provided by this 133.6 section and a form students or parents may use to refuse consent to have a student's data 133.7 included in the system. The public Internet Web interface must not provide access to the 133.8 educational records of any individual child. 133.9

(f) The commissioner annually by February 1 must submit to the legislature a reporton the status, recent changes, and sustainability of the online system under this section.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.0942, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

133.14 Subd. 3. **Physical holding or seclusion.** (a) Physical holding or seclusion may be 133.15 used only in an emergency. A school that uses physical holding or seclusion shall meet the 133.16 following requirements:

(1) physical holding or seclusion is the least intrusive intervention that effectivelyresponds to the emergency;

133.19 (2) physical holding or seclusion is not used to discipline a noncompliant child;

(3) physical holding or seclusion ends when the threat of harm ends and the staffdetermines the child can safely return to the classroom or activity;

(4) staff directly observes the child while physical holding or seclusion is being used;
(5) each time physical holding or seclusion is used, the staff person who implements
or oversees the physical holding or seclusion documents, as soon as possible after the
incident concludes, the following information:

(i) a description of the incident that led to the physical holding or seclusion;

(ii) why a less restrictive measure failed or was determined by staff to beinappropriate or impractical;

(iii) the time the physical holding or seclusion began and the time the child wasreleased; and

(iv) a brief record of the child's behavioral and physical status;

133.32 (6) the room used for seclusion must:

(i) be at least six feet by five feet;

(ii) be well lit, well ventilated, adequately heated, and clean;

(iii) have a window that allows staff to directly observe a child in seclusion;

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(iv) have tamperproof fixtures, electrical switches located immediately outside the 134.1 door, and secure ceilings; 134.2 (v) have doors that open out and are unlocked, locked with keyless locks that 134.3 have immediate release mechanisms, or locked with locks that have immediate release 134.4 mechanisms connected with a fire and emergency system; and 134.5 (vi) not contain objects that a child may use to injure the child or others; 134.6 (7) before using a room for seclusion, a school must: 134.7 (i) receive written notice from local authorities that the room and the locking 134.8 mechanisms comply with applicable building, fire, and safety codes; and 134.9 (ii) register the room with the commissioner, who may view that room; and 134.10 (8) until August 1, 2015, a school district may use prone restraints with children 134.11 age five or older if: 134.12 (i) the district has provided to the department a list of staff who have had specific 134.13 training on the use of prone restraints; 134.14 (ii) the district provides information on the type of training that was provided and 134.15 by whom; 134.16 (iii) only staff who received specific training use prone restraints; 134.17 (iv) each incident of the use of prone restraints is reported to the department within 134.18 five working days on a form provided by the department; and 134.19 (v) the district, before using prone restraints, must review any known medical or 134.20 psychological limitations that contraindicate the use of prone restraints. 134.21 The department must collect data on districts' use of prone restraints and publish the data 134.22 in a readily accessible format on the department's Web site on a quarterly basis. 134.23 (b) By February 1, 2015, and annually thereafter, stakeholders must may, as 134.24 necessary, recommend to the commissioner specific and measurable implementation and 134.25 outcome goals for reducing the use of restrictive procedures and the commissioner must 134.26 submit to the legislature a report on districts' progress in reducing the use of restrictive 134.27 procedures that recommends how to further reduce these procedures and eliminate 134.28 the use of prone restraints. The statewide plan includes the following components: 134.29 measurable goals; the resources, training, technical assistance, mental health services, and 134.30 collaborative efforts needed to significantly reduce districts' use of prone restraints; and 134.31 recommendations to clarify and improve the law governing districts' use of restrictive 134.32 procedures. The commissioner must consult with interested stakeholders when preparing 134.33 the report, including representatives of advocacy organizations, special education directors, 134.34 teachers, paraprofessionals, intermediate school districts, school boards, day treatment 134.35 providers, county social services, state human services department staff, mental health 134.36

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professionals, and autism experts. By June 30 each year, districts must report summary
data on their use of restrictive procedures to the department, in a form and manner
determined by the commissioner. The summary data must include information about the
use of restrictive procedures, including use of reasonable force under section 121A.582.

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5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 135.6 Subdivision 1. Nonresident tuition rate; other costs. (a) For fiscal year 2015 and 135.7 135.8 later, when a school district provides special instruction and services for a pupil with a disability as defined in section 125A.02 outside the district of residence, excluding 135.9 a pupil for whom an adjustment to special education aid is calculated according to 135.10 135.11 section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs (b) to (d), special education aid paid to the resident district must be reduced by an amount equal to (1) the actual cost of providing 135.12 special instruction and services to the pupil, including a proportionate amount for special 135.13 transportation and unreimbursed building lease and debt service costs for facilities used 135.14 primarily for special education, plus (2) the amount of general education revenue and 135.15 referendum equalization aid attributable to that pupil, calculated using the resident district's 135.16 average general education revenue and referendum equalization aid per adjusted pupil 135.17 unit excluding basic skills revenue, elementary sparsity revenue and secondary sparsity 135.18 revenue, minus (3) the amount of special education aid for children with a disability 135.19 under section 125A.76 received on behalf of that child, minus (4) if the pupil receives 135.20 special instruction and services outside the regular classroom for more than 60 percent 135.21 of the school day, the amount of general education revenue and referendum equalization 135.22 aid, excluding portions attributable to district and school administration, district support 135.23 services, operations and maintenance, capital expenditures, and pupil transportation, 135.24 attributable to that pupil for the portion of time the pupil receives special instruction 135.25 and services outside of the regular classroom, calculated using the resident district's 135.26 average general education revenue and referendum equalization aid per adjusted pupil unit 135.27 excluding basic skills revenue, elementary sparsity revenue and secondary sparsity revenue 135.28 and the serving district's basic skills revenue, elementary sparsity revenue and secondary 135.29 sparsity revenue per adjusted pupil unit. Notwithstanding clauses (1) and (4), for pupils 135.30 served by a cooperative unit without a fiscal agent school district, the general education 135.31 revenue and referendum equalization aid attributable to a pupil must be calculated using 135.32 the resident district's average general education revenue and referendum equalization aid 135.33 excluding compensatory revenue, elementary sparsity revenue, and secondary sparsity 135.34 revenue. Special education aid paid to the district or cooperative providing special 135.35

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instruction and services for the pupil must be increased by the amount of the reduction in 136.1 the aid paid to the resident district. Amounts paid to cooperatives under this subdivision 136.2 and section 127A.47, subdivision 7, shall be recognized and reported as revenues and 136.3 expenditures on the resident school district's books of account under sections 123B.75 136.4 and 123B.76. If the resident district's special education aid is insufficient to make the full 136.5 adjustment, the remaining adjustment shall be made to other state aid due to the district. 136.6 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), when a charter school receiving special education 136.7 aid under section 124D.11, subdivision 5b, provides special instruction and services for 136.8 a pupil with a disability as defined in section 125A.02, excluding a pupil for whom an 136.9 adjustment to special education aid is calculated according to section 127A.46, subdivision 136.10 7, paragraphs (b) to (e), special education aid paid to the resident district must be reduced 136.11 by an amount equal to that calculated under paragraph (a) as if the charter school received 136.12 aid under section 124D.11, subdivision 5. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), special education 136.13 aid paid to the charter school providing special instruction and services for the pupil must 136.14 136.15 not be increased by the amount of the reduction in the aid paid to the resident district. (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs 136.16 (b) to (d), a charter school where more than 30 percent of enrolled students receive special 136.17 education and related services, a site approved under section 125A.515, an intermediate 136.18 district, a special education cooperative, or a school district that served as the applicant 136.19 agency for a group of school districts for federal special education aids for fiscal year 136.20 2006 may apply to the commissioner for authority to charge the resident district an 136.21

additional amount to recover any remaining unreimbursed costs of serving pupils with
a disability. The application must include a description of the costs and the calculations
used to determine the unreimbursed portion to be charged to the resident district. Amounts
approved by the commissioner under this paragraph must be included in the tuition billings
or aid adjustments under paragraph (a), or section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs
to (d), as applicable.

(c) (d) For purposes of this subdivision and section 127A.47, subdivision 7,
paragraph (b), "general education revenue and referendum equalization aid" means
the sum of the general education revenue according to section 126C.10, subdivision 1,
excluding the local optional levy according to section 126C.10, subdivision 2e, paragraph
(c), plus the referendum equalization aid according to section 126C.17, subdivision 7.

136.33EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later.

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Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.21, is amended to read: 137.1

125A.21 THIRD-PARTY PAYMENT. 137.2

Subdivision 1. Obligation to pay. Nothing in sections 125A.03 to 125A.24 and 137.3 125A.65 relieves an insurer or similar third party from an otherwise valid obligation to 137.4 pay, or changes the validity of an obligation to pay, for services rendered to a child with 137.5 a disability, and the child's family. A school district shall pay the nonfederal share of 137.6 medical assistance services provided according to section 256B.0625, subdivision 26. 137.7 Eligible expenditures must not be made from federal funds or funds used to match other 137.8 federal funds. Any federal disallowances are the responsibility of the school district. A 137.9 school district may pay or reimburse co-payments, coinsurance, deductibles, and other 137.10 enrollee cost-sharing amounts, on behalf of the student or family, in connection with 137.11 health and related services provided under an individual educational plan or individualized 137.12 family service plan. 137.13

Subd. 2. Third-party reimbursement. (a) Beginning July 1, 2000, districts 137.14 shall seek reimbursement from insurers and similar third parties for the cost of services 137.15 137.16 provided by the district whenever the services provided by the district are otherwise covered by the child's health coverage. Districts shall request, but may not require, the 137.17 child's family to provide information about the child's health coverage when a child with a 137.18 137.19 disability begins to receive services from the district of a type that may be reimbursable, and shall request, but may not require, updated information after that as needed. 137.20

(b) For children enrolled in medical assistance under chapter 256B or MinnesotaCare 137.21 under chapter 256L who have no other health coverage, a district shall provide an initial 137.22 and annual written notice to the enrolled child's parent or legal representative of its intent 137.23 137.24 to seek reimbursement from medical assistance or MinnesotaCare for the individualized education program or individualized family service plan health-related services provided 137.25 by the district. The initial notice must give the child's parent or legal representative the 137.26 right to request a copy of the child's education records on the health-related services that 137.27 the district provided to the child and disclosed to a third-party payer. 137.28

137.29

(c) The district shall give the parent or legal representative annual written notice of: (1) the district's intent to seek reimbursement from medical assistance or 137.30 MinnesotaCare for individualized education program or individualized family service plan 137.31 health-related services provided by the district; 137.32

(2) the right of the parent or legal representative to request a copy of all records 137.33 concerning individualized education program or individualized family service plan 137.34 health-related services disclosed by the district to any third party; and 137.35

(3) the right of the parent or legal representative to withdraw consent for disclosureof a child's records at any time without consequence.

The written notice shall be provided as part of the written notice required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 300.504 or 303.520. The district must ensure that the parent of a child with a disability is given notice, in understandable language, of federal and state procedural safeguards available to the parent under this paragraph and paragraph (b).

(d) In order to access the private health care coverage of a child who is covered byprivate health care coverage in whole or in part, a district must:

(1) obtain annual written informed consent from the parent or legal representative, incompliance with subdivision 5; and

(2) inform the parent or legal representative that a refusal to permit the district
or state Medicaid agency to access their private health care coverage does not relieve
the district of its responsibility to provide all services necessary to provide free and
appropriate public education at no cost to the parent or legal representative.

(e) If the commissioner of human services obtains federal approval to exempt
covered individualized education program <u>or individualized family service plan</u>
health-related services from the requirement that private health care coverage refuse
payment before medical assistance may be billed, paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) shall also
apply to students with a combination of private health care coverage and health care
coverage through medical assistance or MinnesotaCare.

(f) In the event that Congress or any federal agency or the Minnesota legislature 138.21 or any state agency establishes lifetime limits, limits for any health care services, 138.22 cost-sharing provisions, or otherwise provides that individualized education program or 138.23 individualized family service plan health-related services impact benefits for persons 138.24 enrolled in medical assistance or MinnesotaCare, the amendments to this subdivision 138.25 adopted in 2002 are repealed on the effective date of any federal or state law or regulation 138.26 that imposes the limits. In that event, districts must obtain informed consent consistent 138.27 with this subdivision as it existed prior to the 2002 amendments and subdivision 5, before 138.28 seeking reimbursement for children enrolled in medical assistance under chapter 256B or 138.29 MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L who have no other health care coverage. 138.30

Subd. 3. Use of reimbursements. Of the reimbursements received, districts may:
(1) retain an amount sufficient to compensate the district for its administrative costs
of obtaining reimbursements;

(2) regularly obtain from education- and health-related entities training and otherappropriate technical assistance designed to improve the district's ability to access

third-party payments for individualized education program <u>or individualized family</u>
 <u>service plan health-related services; or</u>

(3) reallocate reimbursements for the benefit of students with individualized
education programs or individual individualized family service plans in the district.

Subd. 4. Parents not obligated to use health coverage. To the extent required by
federal law, a school district may not require parents of children with disabilities, if they
would incur a financial cost, to use private or public health coverage to pay for the services
that must be provided under an individualized education program or individualized
family service plan.

Subd. 5. Informed consent. When obtaining informed consent, consistent with 139.10 sections 13.05, subdivision 4a; 256B.77, subdivision 2, paragraph (p); and Code of 139.11 Federal Regulations, title 34, parts 99 and, 300, and 303, to bill health plans for covered 139.12 services, the school district must notify the legal representative (1) that the cost of the 139.13 person's private health insurance premium may increase due to providing the covered 139.14 139.15 service in the school setting, (2) that the school district may pay certain enrollee health plan costs, including but not limited to, co-payments, coinsurance, deductibles, premium 139.16 increases or other enrollee cost-sharing amounts for health and related services required 139.17 by an individual service plan, or individual individualized family service plan, and (3) that 139.18 the school's billing for each type of covered service may affect service limits and prior 139.19 authorization thresholds. The informed consent may be revoked in writing at any time 139.20 by the person authorizing the billing of the health plan. 139.21

Subd. 6. **District obligation to provide service.** To the extent required by federal law, no school district may deny, withhold, or delay any service that must be provided under an individualized education program <u>or individualized family service plan</u> because a family has refused to provide informed consent to bill a health plan for services or a health plan company has refused to pay any, all, or a portion of the cost of services billed.

Subd. 7. District disclosure of information. A school district may disclose 139.27 information contained in a student's individualized education program, consistent with 139.28 section 13.32, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, 139.29 parts 99 and, 300, and 303; including records of the student's diagnosis and treatment, to a 139.30 health plan company only with the signed and dated consent of the student's parent, or 139.31 other legally authorized individual. The school district shall disclose only that information 139.32 necessary for the health plan company to decide matters of coverage and payment. A 139.33 health plan company may use the information only for making decisions regarding 139.34 coverage and payment, and for any other use permitted by law. 139.35

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Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.28, is amended to read:

140.2 **125A.28 STATE INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COUNCIL.**

An Interagency Coordinating Council of at least 17, but not more than 25 members is 140.3 established, in compliance with Public Law 108-446, section 641. The members must be 140.4 appointed by the governor and reasonably represent the population of Minnesota. Council 140.5 members must elect the council chair, who may not be a representative of the Department 140.6 of Education. The council must be composed of at least five parents, including persons 140.7 140.8 of color, of children with disabilities under age 12, including at least three parents of a child with a disability under age seven, five representatives of public or private providers 140.9 of services for children with disabilities under age five, including a special education 140.10 director, county social service director, local Head Start director, and a community health 140.11 services or public health nursing administrator, one member of the senate, one member of 140.12 the house of representatives, one representative of teacher preparation programs in early 140.13 childhood-special education or other preparation programs in early childhood intervention, 140.14 at least one representative of advocacy organizations for children with disabilities under 140.15 140.16 age five, one physician who cares for young children with special health care needs, one representative each from the commissioners of commerce, education, health, human 140.17 services, a representative from the state agency responsible for child care, foster care, 140.18 140.19 mental health, homeless coordinator of education of homeless children and youth, and a representative from Indian health services or a tribal council. Section 15.059, subdivisions 140.20 2 to 4, apply to the council. The council must meet at least quarterly. 140.21

The council must address methods of implementing the state policy of developing and implementing comprehensive, coordinated, multidisciplinary interagency programs of early intervention services for children with disabilities and their families.

The duties of the council include recommending policies to ensure a comprehensive and coordinated system of all state and local agency services for children under age five with disabilities and their families. The policies must address how to incorporate each agency's services into a unified state and local system of multidisciplinary assessment practices, individual intervention plans, comprehensive systems to find children in need of services, methods to improve public awareness, and assistance in determining the role of interagency early intervention committees.

On the date that Minnesota Part C Annual Performance Report is submitted to
Within 30 days of receiving the annual determination from the federal Office of Special
Education on the Minnesota Part C Annual Performance Report, the council must
recommend to the governor and the commissioners of education, health, human services,

141.1 commerce, and employment and economic development policies for a comprehensive141.2 and coordinated system.

Annually, the council must prepare and submit a report to the governor and the secretary of the federal Department of Education on the status of early intervention services and programs for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, United States Code, title 20, sections 141.7 1471 to 1485 (Part C, Public Law 102-119), as operated in Minnesota. The Minnesota Part C annual performance report may serve as the report.

141.9 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the State Interagency Coordinating
141.10 Council does not expire unless federal law no longer requires the existence of the council
141.11 or committee.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.63, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Programs. (a) The resource centers department must offer summer
institutes or other training programs throughout the state for deaf or hard-of-hearing, blind
or visually impaired, and multiply disabled pupils. The resource centers department must
also offer workshops for teachers, and leadership development for teachers.

A program (b) Training and workshop programs offered through the resource centers
 under paragraph (a) must help promote and develop education programs offered by school
 districts or other organizations. The program programs must assist school districts or other
 organizations to develop innovative programs.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.63, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Programs by nonprofits. The resource centers department may contract
to have nonprofit organizations provide programs through the resource centers under
<u>subdivision 2</u>.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.63, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Advisory committees. (a) The commissioner shall establish an advisory
eommittee committees for each resource center the deaf and hard-of-hearing and for the
blind and visually impaired. The advisory committees shall develop recommendations
regarding the resource centers and submit an annual report to the commissioner on the
form and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner.

(b) The advisory committee for the Resource Center committees for the deaf and
hard of hearing and for the blind and visually impaired shall meet periodically at least four
times per year and each submit an annual report to the commissioner, the education policy

and finance committees of the legislature, and the Commission of Deaf, DeafBlind, and
 Hard of Hearing Hard-of-Hearing Minnesotans. The report reports must, at least:

(1) identify and report the aggregate, data-based education outcomes for children
with the primary disability classification of deaf and hard of hearing or of blind and
<u>visually impaired</u>, consistent with the commissioner's child count reporting practices, the
commissioner's state and local outcome data reporting system by district and region, and
the school performance report cards under section 120B.36, subdivision 1; and

(2) describe the implementation of a data-based plan for improving the education
outcomes of deaf and hard of hearing or blind and visually impaired children that is
premised on evidence-based best practices, and provide a cost estimate for ongoing
implementation of the plan.

- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.63, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 Subd. 5. Statewide hearing loss early education intervention coordinator. (a)
 The coordinator shall:
- (1) collaborate with the early hearing detection and intervention coordinator for the
 Department of Health, the director of the Department of Education Resource Center for
 Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing deaf and hard-of-hearing state specialist, and the Department
 of Health Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Advisory Council;
- (2) coordinate and support Department of Education early hearing detection andintervention teams;
- (3) leverage resources by serving as a liaison between interagency early intervention
 committees; part C coordinators from the Departments of Education, Health, and
 Human Services; Department of Education regional low-incidence facilitators; service
 coordinators from school districts; Minnesota children with special health needs in the
 Department of Health; public health nurses; child find; Department of Human Services
 Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Services Division; and others as appropriate;
- (4) identify, support, and promote culturally appropriate and evidence-based early
 intervention practices for infants with hearing loss, and provide training, outreach, and use
 of technology to increase consistency in statewide service provision;
- (5) identify culturally appropriate specialized reliable and valid instruments to assessand track the progress of children with hearing loss and promote their use;

(6) ensure that early childhood providers, parents, and members of the individual
family service and intervention plan are provided with child progress data resulting from
specialized assessments;

(7) educate early childhood providers and teachers of the deaf and hard-of-hearing
to use developmental data from specialized assessments to plan and adjust individual
family service plans; and

(8) make recommendations that would improve educational outcomes to the early
hearing detection and intervention committee, the commissioners of education and health,
the Commission of Deaf, DeafBlind and Hard-of-Hearing Minnesotans, and the advisory
council of the Minnesota Department of Education Resource Center for the deaf and
hard-of-hearing.

(b) The Department of Education must provide aggregate data regarding outcomes
of deaf and hard-of-hearing children who receive early intervention services within the
state in accordance with the state performance plan.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.76, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section and section 125A.79,
the definitions in this subdivision apply.

(b) "Basic revenue" has the meaning given it in section 126C.10, subdivision 2.
For the purposes of computing basic revenue pursuant to this section, each child with a
disability shall be counted as prescribed in section 126C.05, subdivision 1.

(c) "Essential personnel" means teachers, cultural liaisons, related services, and
support services staff providing services to students. Essential personnel may also include
special education paraprofessionals or clericals providing support to teachers and students
by preparing paperwork and making arrangements related to special education compliance
requirements, including parent meetings and individualized education programs. Essential
personnel does not include administrators and supervisors.

(d) "Average daily membership" has the meaning given it in section 126C.05.
(e) "Program growth factor" means 1.046 for fiscal years 2012 through 2015, 1.0
for fiscal year 2016, 1.046 for fiscal year 2017, and the product of 1.046 and the program
growth factor for the previous year for fiscal year 2018 and later.

(f) "Nonfederal special education expenditure" means all direct expenditures that
are necessary and essential to meet the district's obligation to provide special instruction
and services to children with a disability according to sections 124D.454, 125A.03 to

143.31 125A.24, 125A.259 to 125A.48, and 125A.65 as submitted by the district and approved by

143.32 the department under section 125A.75, subdivision 4, excluding expenditures:

143.33 (1) reimbursed with federal funds;

143.34 (2) reimbursed with other state aids under this chapter;

143.35 (3) for general education costs of serving students with a disability;

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(4) for facilities; 144.1 (5) for pupil transportation; and 144.2 (6) for postemployment benefits. 144.3 (g) "Old formula special education expenditures" means expenditures eligible for 144.4 revenue under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 125A.76, subdivision 2. 144.5 (h) For the Minnesota State Academy for the Deaf and the Minnesota State Academy 144.6 for the Blind, expenditures under paragraphs (f) and (g) are limited to the salary and 144.7 fringe benefits of one-to-one instructional and behavior management aides and one-to-one 144.8 licensed, certified professionals assigned to a child attending the academy, if the aides or 144.9 professionals are required by the child's individualized education program. 144.10 (i) "Cross subsidy reduction aid percentage" means 1.0 percent for fiscal year 2014 144.11 and 2.27 percent for fiscal year 2015. 144.12 (j) "Cross subsidy reduction aid limit" means \$20 for fiscal year 2014 and \$48 144.13 for fiscal year 2015. 144.14 144.15 (k) "Special education aid increase limit" means \$80 for fiscal year 2016, \$100 for fiscal year 2017, and, for fiscal year 2018 and later, the sum of the special education aid 144.16 increase limit for the previous fiscal year and \$40. 144.17 (1) "District" means a school district, a charter school, or a cooperative unit as 144.18 defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2. Notwithstanding section 123A.26, cooperative 144.19 units as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2, are eligible to receive special education 144.20 aid under this section and section 125A.79. 144.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later. 144 22

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.76, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:
Subd. 2c. Special education aid. (a) For fiscal year 2014 and fiscal year 2015, a
district's special education aid equals the sum of the district's special education aid under
subdivision 5, the district's cross subsidy reduction aid under subdivision 2b, and the
district's excess cost aid under section 125A.79, subdivision 7.

(b) For fiscal year 2016 and later, a district's special education aid equals the sum of
the district's special education initial aid under subdivision 2a and the district's excess cost
aid under section 125A.79, subdivision 5.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), for fiscal year 2016, the special education aid for
a school district must not exceed the sum of the special education aid the district would
have received for fiscal year 2016 under Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 125A.76
and 125A.79, as adjusted according to Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 125A.11 and

145.1 127A.47, subdivision 7, and the product of the district's average daily membership served145.2 and the special education aid increase limit.

- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), for fiscal year 2017 and later, the special education 145.3 aid for a school district must not exceed the sum of: (i) the product of the district's average 145.4 daily membership served and the special education aid increase limit and (ii) the product 145.5 of the sum of the special education aid the district would have received for fiscal year 2016 145.6 under Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 125A.76 and 125A.79, as adjusted according 145.7 to Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 125A.11 and 127A.47, subdivision 7, the ratio of 145.8 the district's average daily membership served for the current fiscal year to the district's 145.9 average daily membership served for fiscal year 2016, and the program growth factor. 145.10
- (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), for fiscal year 2016 and later the special 145.11 education aid for a school district, not including a charter school or cooperative unit as 145.12 defined in section 123A.24, must not be less than the lesser of (1) the district's nonfederal 145.13 special education expenditures for that fiscal year or (2) the product of the sum of the 145.14 145.15 special education aid the district would have received for fiscal year 2016 under Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 125A.76 and 125A.79, as adjusted according to Minnesota Statutes 145.16 2012, sections 125A.11 and 127A.47, subdivision 7, the ratio of the district's adjusted 145.17 daily membership for the current fiscal year to the district's average daily membership for 145.18 fiscal year 2016, and the program growth factor. 145.19
- (f) Notwithstanding subdivision 2a and section 125A.79, a charter school in its first
 year of operation shall generate special education aid based on current year data. A newly
 formed cooperative unit as defined in section 123A.24 may apply to the commissioner
 for approval to generate special education aid for its first year of operation based on
 current year data, with an offsetting adjustment to the prior year data used to calculate aid
 for programs at participating school districts or previous cooperatives that were replaced
 by the new cooperative.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.79, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the definitions in this
- 145.29 subdivision apply.
- 145.30 (a) "Unreimbursed old formula special education expenditures" means:

(1) old formula special education expenditures for the prior fiscal year; minus
(2) for fiscal years 2014 and 2015, the sum of the special education aid under section
125A.76, subdivision 5, for the prior fiscal year and the cross subsidy reduction aid under
section 125A.76, subdivision 2b, and for fiscal year 2016 and later, the special education
initial aid under section 125A.76, subdivision 2a; minus

(3) for fiscal year 2016 and later, the amount of general education revenue, excluding 146.1 local optional revenue, plus local optional aid and referendum equalization aid for the 146.2 prior fiscal year attributable to pupils receiving special instruction and services outside the 146.3 regular classroom for more than 60 percent of the school day for the portion of time the 146.4 pupils receive special instruction and services outside the regular classroom, excluding 146.5 portions attributable to district and school administration, district support services, 146.6 operations and maintenance, capital expenditures, and pupil transportation. 146.7 (b) "Unreimbursed nonfederal special education expenditures" means: 146.8 (1) nonfederal special education expenditures for the prior fiscal year; minus 146.9 (2) special education initial aid under section 125A.76, subdivision 2a; minus 146.10 (3) the amount of general education revenue and referendum equalization aid for the 146.11 prior fiscal year attributable to pupils receiving special instruction and services outside the 146.12 regular classroom for more than 60 percent of the school day for the portion of time the 146.13 pupils receive special instruction and services outside of the regular classroom, excluding 146.14 146.15 portions attributable to district and school administration, district support services, operations and maintenance, capital expenditures, and pupil transportation. 146.16

(c) "General revenue" for a school district means the sum of the general education 146.17 revenue according to section 126C.10, subdivision 1, excluding transportation sparsity 146.18 revenue, local optional revenue, and total operating capital revenue. "General revenue" 146.19 146.20 for a charter school means the sum of the general education revenue according to section 124D.11, subdivision 1, and transportation revenue according to section 124D.11, 146.21 subdivision 2, excluding referendum equalization aid, transportation sparsity revenue, and 146.22 146.23 operating capital revenue.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.79, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 146.24 146.25 Subd. 5. Excess cost aid. For fiscal year 2016 and later, a district's excess cost aid equals the greater of: 146.26

(1) 56 percent of the difference between (i) the district's unreimbursed nonfederal 146.27 special education expenditures and (ii) 7.0 percent of the product of the ratio of \$5,831 to 146.28 the formula allowance for the prior year and the district's general revenue; 146.29

(2) 62 percent of the difference between (i) the district's unreimbursed old formula 146.30 special education expenditures and (ii) 2.5 percent of the product of the ratio of \$5,831 to 146.31 the formula allowance for the prior year and the district's general revenue; or 146.32 (3) zero. 146.33

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 127A.45, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 146.34

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Subd. 3. Payment dates and percentages. (a) The commissioner shall pay to a
district on the dates indicated an amount computed as follows: the cumulative amount
guaranteed minus the sum of (1) the district's other district receipts through the current
payment, and (2) the aid and credit payments through the immediately preceding payment.
For purposes of this computation, the payment dates and the cumulative disbursement
percentages are as follows:

147.7		Payment date	Percentage
147.8	Payment 1	July 15:	5.5
147.9	Payment 2	July 30:	8.0
147.10	Payment 3	August 15:	17.5
147.11	Payment 4	August 30:	20.0
147.12	Payment 5	September 15:	22.5
147.13	Payment 6	September 30:	25.0
147.14	Payment 7	October 15:	27.0
147.15	Payment 8	October 30:	30.0
147.16	Payment 9	November 15:	32.5
147.17	Payment 10	November 30:	36.5
147.18	Payment 11	December 15:	42.0
147.19	Payment 12	December 30:	45.0
147.20	Payment 13	January 15:	50.0
147.21	Payment 14	January 30:	54.0
147.22	Payment 15	February 15:	58.0
147.23	Payment 16	February 28:	63.0
147.24	Payment 17	March 15:	68.0
147.25	Payment 18	March 30:	74.0
147.26	Payment 19	April 15:	78.0
147.27	Payment 20	April 30:	85.0
147.28	Payment 21	May 15:	90.0
147.29	Payment 22	May 30:	95.0
147.30	Payment 23	June 20:	100.0

(b) In addition to the amounts paid under paragraph (a), the commissioner shall pay 147.31 to a school district or charter school on the dates indicated an amount computed as follows: 147.32 August 15: the final adjustment for the prior fiscal year for the state paid Payment 3 147.33 property tax credits established in section 273.1392 147.34 August 30: 30 percent of the final adjustment for the prior fiscal year for Payment 4 147.35 all aid entitlements except state paid property tax credits 147.36 September 30: 40 percent of the final adjustment for the prior fiscal year Payment 6 147.37 for all aid entitlements except state paid property tax credits 147.38 October 30: 30 percent of the final adjustment for the prior fiscal year Payment 8 147.39 for all aid entitlements except state paid property tax credits 147.40 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), if the current year aid payment percentage 147.41 under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), is less than 90, in addition to the amounts paid under 147.42

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148.1	paragraph (a), the commissioner shall pay to a charter school on the dates indicated an				
148.2	amount computed as follows:				
148.3 148.4	Payment 1	July 15: 75 percent of the final adjustment for the prior fiscal year for all aid entitlements			
148.5 148.6	Payment 8	October 30: 25 percent of the final adjustment for the prior fiscal year for all aid entitlements			
148.7	(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), if a charter school is an eligible special education				
148.8	charter school under section 124D.11, subdivision 5a, in addition to the amounts paid				
148.9	under paragraph (a), the commissioner shall pay to a charter school on the dates indicated				
148.10	an amount computed as follows:				
148.11 148.12	Payment 1 July 15: 75 percent of the final adjustment for the prior fiscal year for all aid entitlements				
148.13	Payment 8	October 30: 25 percent of the final adjustment for the prior fiscal year			

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 127A.47, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Alternative attendance programs. (a) The general education aid and
special education aid for districts must be adjusted for each pupil attending a nonresident
district under sections 123A.05 to 123A.08, 124D.03, 124D.08, and 124D.68. The
adjustments must be made according to this subdivision.

for all aid entitlements

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, the "unreimbursed cost of providing special 148.20 148.21 education and services" means the difference between: (1) the actual cost of providing special instruction and services, including special transportation and unreimbursed building 148.22 lease and debt service costs for facilities used primarily for special education, for a pupil 148.23 with a disability, as defined in section 125A.02, or a pupil, as defined in section 125A.51, 148.24 who is enrolled in a program listed in this subdivision, minus (2) if the pupil receives 148.25 special instruction and services outside the regular classroom for more than 60 percent of 148.26 the school day, the amount of general education revenue and referendum equalization aid 148.27 as defined in section 125A.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (e) (d), attributable to that pupil 148.28 148.29 for the portion of time the pupil receives special instruction and services outside of the regular classroom, excluding portions attributable to district and school administration, 148.30 district support services, operations and maintenance, capital expenditures, and pupil 148.31 transportation, minus (3) special education aid under section 125A.76 attributable to 148.32 that pupil, that is received by the district providing special instruction and services. For 148.33 purposes of this paragraph, general education revenue and referendum equalization aid 148.34 attributable to a pupil must be calculated using the serving district's average general 148.35 education revenue and referendum equalization aid per adjusted pupil unit. 148.36

(c) For fiscal year 2015 and later, special education aid paid to a resident district
must be reduced by an amount equal to 90 percent of the unreimbursed cost of providing
special education and services.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), special education aid paid to a resident district
must be reduced by an amount equal to 100 percent of the unreimbursed cost of special
education and services provided to students at an intermediate district, cooperative, or
charter school where the percent of students eligible for special education services is at
least 70 percent of the charter school's total enrollment.

(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), special education aid paid to a resident district
must be reduced under paragraph (d) for students at a charter school receiving special
education aid under section 124D.11, subdivision 5b, calculated as if the charter school
received special education aid under section 124D.11, subdivision 5.

 $\begin{array}{rcl} & (e) (f) & \text{Special education aid paid to the district or cooperative providing special} \\ & \text{instruction and services for the pupil, or to the fiscal agent district for a cooperative, must} \\ & \text{instruction and services for the pupil, or to the fiscal agent district for a cooperative, must} \\ & \text{be increased by the amount of the reduction in the aid paid to the resident district under} \\ & \text{paragraphs (c) and (d). If the resident district's special education aid is insufficient to make} \\ & \text{the full adjustment <u>under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e), the remaining adjustment shall be} \\ & \text{made to other state aids due to the district.} \\ \end{array}$ </u>

(g) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), general education aid paid to the resident district 149.19 of a nonspecial education student for whom an eligible special education charter school 149.20 receives general education aid under section 124D.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), must 149.21 be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the general education aid 149.22 149.23 attributable to the student under section 124D.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and the general education aid that the student would have generated for the charter school under 149.24 section 124D.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (a). For purposes of this paragraph, "nonspecial 149.25 education student" means a student who does not meet the definition of pupil with a 149.26 disability, as defined in section 125A.02 or the definition of a pupil in section 125A.51. 149.27

(f) (h) An area learning center operated by a service cooperative, intermediate 149.28 district, education district, or a joint powers cooperative may elect through the action of 149.29 the constituent boards to charge the resident district tuition for pupils rather than to have 149.30 the general education revenue paid to a fiscal agent school district. Except as provided in 149.31 paragraph (e) (f), the district of residence must pay tuition equal to at least 90 and no more 149.32 than 100 percent of the district average general education revenue per pupil unit minus 149.33 an amount equal to the product of the formula allowance according to section 126C.10, 149.34 subdivision 2, times .0466, calculated without compensatory revenue, local optional 149.35

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revenue, and transportation sparsity revenue, times the number of pupil units for pupilsattending the area learning center.

150.3

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and later.

150.4 Sec. 29. SPECIAL EDUCATION EVALUATION.

Subdivision 1. Special education teachers' compliance with legal requirements. 150.5 The Department of Education must identify ways to give teachers working with eligible 150.6 children with disabilities sufficient written and online resources to make informed decisions 150.7 150.8 about how to effectively comply with legal requirements related to providing special education programs and services, including writing individualized education programs and 150.9 related documents, among other requirements. The department must work collaboratively 150.10 150.11 with teachers working with eligible children with disabilities, other school and district staff, and representatives of affected organizations, including Education Minnesota, Minnesota 150.12 School Boards Association, and Minnesota Administrators of Special Education, among 150.13 others, to identify obstacles to and solutions for teachers' confusion about complying with 150.14 legal requirements governing special education programs and services. The department 150.15 150.16 must work with schools and districts to provide staff development training to better comply with applicable legal requirements while meeting the educational needs and 150.17 improving the educational progress of eligible children with disabilities. 150.18 Subd. 2. Efficiencies to reduce paperwork. The Department of Education, in 150.19 collaboration with teachers and administrators working with eligible children with 150.20 disabilities in schools and districts, must identify strategies to effectively decrease the 150.21 amount of time teachers spend completing paperwork for special education programs and 150.22 services, evaluate whether the strategies are cost-effective, and determine whether other 150.23 schools and districts are able to effectively use the strategies given available staff and 150.24 150.25 resources. Where an evaluation shows that particular paperwork reduction strategies are cost-effective without undermining the purpose of the paperwork or the integrity of special 150.26 education requirements, the department must electronically disseminate and promote the 150.27 strategies to other schools and districts throughout the state. 150.28

Subd. 3.Special education forms; reading level.The Department of Education150.30must determine the current reading level of its special education forms, establish a target150.31reading level for such forms, and, based on that target level, determine whether alternative150.32forms are needed to accommodate the lexical and sublexical cognitive processes of150.33individual form users and readers. The department must work with interested special150.34education stakeholders and reading experts in making the determinations and identification150.35required in this subdivision.

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151.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sec	tion is effective the c	lay following final ena	actment.
151.2	Sec. 30. APPROPRIATIONS.			
151.3	Subdivision 1. Department of	Education. The sur	ns indicated in this se	ction are
151.4	appropriated from the general fund to	the Department of	Education for the fisc	al years
151.5	designated.			
151.6	Subd. 2. Special education; re	e gular. For special e	ducation aid under M	innesota
151.7	Statutes, section 125A.75:			
151.8	<u>\$ 1,170,929,000</u> 201	6		
151.9	<u>\$ 1,229,706,000</u> 201			
151.10	The 2016 appropriation include	es \$137,932,000 for 2	2015 and \$1,032,997,	000 for
151.11	<u>2016.</u>			
151.12	The 2017 appropriation include	es \$145,355,000 for 2	2016 and \$1,084,351,	000 for
151.13	<u>2017.</u>			
151.14	Subd. 3. Travel for home-base	ed services. For aid	for teacher travel for h	ome-based
151.15	services under Minnesota Statutes, se	ection 125A.75, subc	livision 1:	
151.16	\$ 361,000 201	.6		
151.17	$\frac{\$}{\$} \qquad \frac{361,000}{371,000} \qquad {} \qquad \frac{201}{201}$	7		
151.18	The 2016 appropriation include	es \$35,000 for 2015 a	and \$326,000 for 2016	<u>.</u>
151.19	The 2017 appropriation include	es \$36,000 for 2016 a	and \$335,000 for 2017	7 <u>.</u>
151.20	Subd. 4. Special education ou	t-of-state tuition. F	or special education o	ut-of-state
151.21	tuition according to Minnesota Statut			
151.22	<u>\$ 250,000 201</u>	6		
151.23	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
151.24	Subd. 5. Aid for children with	h disabilities. For a	id under Minnesota St	atutes,
151.25	section 125A.75, subdivision 3, for cl			
151.26	within the district boundaries for who			
151.27	<u>\$ 1,406,000 201</u>	6		
151.28	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
151.29	If the appropriation for either y	ear is insufficient, th	e appropriation for th	e other
151.30	year is available.			

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152.9

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152.1	Subd. (6. Court-place	ed special edu	cation revenue.	For reimburg	sing serving school
152.2	districts for u	nreimbursed e	ligible expendi	tures attributable	to children p	placed in the serving
152.3	school distric	t by court acti	on under Minr	esota Statutes, se	ection 125A.	79, subdivision 4:
152.4	<u>\$</u>	56,000	<u></u> <u>2016</u>			
152.5	<u>\$</u>	57,000	<u></u> <u>2017</u>			

152.6 Sec. 31. REPEALER. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.63, subdivision 1, is repealed. 152.7 152.8

ARTICLE 6

FACILITIES AND TECHNOLOGY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 152.10 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the eligible debt service 152.11 revenue of a district is defined as follows: 152.12

(1) the amount needed to produce between five and six percent in excess of the 152.13 amount needed to meet when due the principal and interest payments on the obligations of 152.14 the district for eligible projects according to subdivision 2, including the amounts necessary 152.15 for repayment of energy loans according to section 216C.37 or sections 298.292 to 298.298, 152.16 debt service loans and, capital loans, and lease purchase payments under section 126C.40, 152.17 152.18 subdivision 2, alternative facilities levies under section 123B.59, subdivision 5, paragraph (a), excluding long-term facilities maintenance levies under section 123B.595, minus 152.19 (2) the amount of debt service excess levy reduction for that school year calculated 152.20

according to the procedure established by the commissioner. 152.21

(b) The obligations in this paragraph are excluded from eligible debt service revenue: 152.22

(1) obligations under section 123B.61; 152.23

(2) the part of debt service principal and interest paid from the taconite environmental 152.24 protection fund or Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust, excluding the portion of 152.25 152.26 taconite payments from the Iron Range school consolidation and cooperatively operated school account under section 298.28, subdivision 7a; 152.27

- (3) obligations issued under Laws 1991, chapter 265, article 5, section 18, as 152.28 amended by Laws 1992, chapter 499, article 5, section 24; 152.29
- (4) obligations under section 123B.62; and 152.30
- (5) obligations equalized under section 123B.535. 152.31
- (c) For purposes of this section, if a preexisting school district reorganized under 152.32 sections 123A.35 to 123A.43, 123A.46, and 123A.48 is solely responsible for retirement 152.33

of the preexisting district's bonded indebtedness, capital loans or debt service loans, debtservice equalization aid must be computed separately for each of the preexisting districts.

(d) For purposes of this section, the adjusted net tax capacity determined according
to sections 127A.48 and 273.1325 shall be adjusted to include the tax capacity of property
generally exempted from ad valorem taxes under section 272.02, subdivision 64.

153.6 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2017 and
153.7 later.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.53, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Debt service equalization revenue. (a) The debt service equalization
revenue of a district equals the sum of the first tier debt service equalization revenue and
the second tier debt service equalization revenue.

(b) The first tier debt service equalization revenue of a district equals the greater of zero or the eligible debt service revenue minus the amount raised by a levy of 15.74 percent times the adjusted net tax capacity of the district minus the second tier debt service equalization revenue of the district.

(c) The second tier debt service equalization revenue of a district equals the greater
of zero or the eligible debt service revenue, excluding alternative facilities levies under
section 123B.59, subdivision 5, minus the amount raised by a levy of 26.24 percent times
the adjusted net tax capacity of the district.

 153.20
 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2017 and

 153.21
 later.

153.22 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.57, is amended to read:

153.23 **123B.57 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE; HEALTH AND SAFETY.**

Subdivision 1. Health and safety revenue application. (a) To receive health 153.24 and safety revenue for any fiscal year a district must submit to the commissioner a 153.25 eapital expenditure health and safety revenue application by the date determined by the 153.26 commissioner. The application must include a health and safety budget adopted and 153.27 confirmed by the school district board as being consistent with the district's health and 153.28 safety policy under subdivision 2. The budget must include the estimated cost of the 153.29 program per Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS) finance 153.30 code, by fiscal year. Upon approval through the adoption of a resolution by each of an 153.31 intermediate district's member school district boards and the approval of the Department 153.32

of Education, a school district may include its proportionate share of the costs of health
and safety projects for an intermediate district in its application.

(b) Health and safety projects with an estimated cost of \$500,000 or more per 154.3 site are not eligible for health and safety revenue. Health and safety projects with an 154.4 estimated cost of \$500,000 or more per site that meet all other requirements for health and 154.5 safety funding, are eligible for alternative facilities bonding and levy revenue according 154.6 to section 123B.59. A school board shall not separate portions of a single project into 154.7 components to qualify for health and safety revenue, and shall not combine unrelated 154.8 projects into a single project to qualify for alternative facilities bonding and levy revenue. 154.9 (c) The commissioner of education shall not make eligibility for health and safety 154.10 revenue contingent on a district's compliance status, level of program development, or 154.11 training. The commissioner shall not mandate additional performance criteria such as 154.12 training, certifications, or compliance evaluations as a prerequisite for levy approval. 154.13

Subd. 2. Health and safety policy. To qualify for health and safety revenue, a
school board must adopt a health and safety policy. The policy must include provisions
for implementing a health and safety program that complies with health, safety, and
environmental regulations and best practices including indoor air quality management.

Subd. 3. Health and safety revenue. A district's health and safety revenue
for a fiscal year equals the district's alternative facilities levy under section 123B.59,
subdivision 5, paragraph (b), plus the greater of zero or:

(1) the sum of (a) the total approved cost of the district's hazardous substance
plan for fiscal years 1985 through 1989, plus (b) the total approved cost of the district's
health and safety program for fiscal year 1990 through the fiscal year to which the levy
is attributable, excluding expenditures funded with bonds issued under section 123B.59
or 123B.62, or chapter 475; certificates of indebtedness or capital notes under section
154.26
123B.61; levies under section 123B.58, 123B.59, 123B.63, or 126C.40, subdivision 1 or
154.27
6; and other federal, state, or local revenues, minus

(2) the sum of (a) the district's total hazardous substance aid and levy for fiscal years
154.29 1985 through 1989 under sections 124.245 and 275.125, subdivision 11c, plus (b) the
154.30 district's health and safety revenue under this subdivision, for years before the fiscal year
154.31 to which the levy is attributable.

154.32Subd. 4. Health and safety levy. To receive health and safety revenue, a district154.33may levy an amount equal to the district's health and safety revenue as defined in154.34subdivision 3 multiplied by the lesser of one, or the ratio of the quotient derived by154.35dividing the adjusted net tax capacity of the district for the year preceding the year the

155.1 levy is certified by the adjusted pupil units in the district for the school year to which
155.2 the levy is attributable, to \$3,165.

Subd. 5. Health and safety aid. A district's health and safety aid is the difference
between its health and safety revenue and its health and safety levy. If a district does not
levy the entire amount permitted, health and safety aid must be reduced in proportion to
the actual amount levied. Health and safety aid may not be reduced as a result of reducing
a district's health and safety levy according to section 123B.79.

Subd. 6. Uses of Health and safety revenue capital projects. (a) Health and 155.8 safety revenue may be used only for approved capital projects may include expenditures 155.9 necessary for the correction of fire and life safety hazards; design, purchase, installation, 155.10 maintenance, and inspection of fire protection and alarm equipment; purchase or 155.11 construction of appropriate facilities for the storage of combustible and flammable 155.12 materials; inventories and facility modifications not related to a remodeling project 155.13 to comply with lab safety requirements under section 121A.31; inspection, testing, 155.14 155.15 repair, removal or encapsulation, and disposal of asbestos-containing building materials; cleanup and disposal of polychlorinated biphenyls; cleanup and disposal of hazardous and 155.16 infectious wastes; cleanup, removal, disposal, and repairs related to storing heating fuel or 155.17 transportation fuels such as alcohol, gasoline, fuel oil, and special fuel, as defined in section 155.18 296A.01; correction of occupational safety and health administration regulated hazards; 155.19 indoor air quality inspections, investigations, and testing; mold abatement; upgrades or 155.20 replacement of mechanical ventilation systems to meet American Society of Heating, 155.21 Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers standards and State Mechanical Code; 155.22 155.23 design, materials, and installation of local exhaust ventilation systems, including required make-up air for controlling regulated hazardous substances; correction of Department of 155.24 Health Food Code violations; correction of swimming pool hazards excluding depth 155.25 correction; playground safety inspections, repair of unsafe outdoor playground equipment, 155.26 and the installation of impact surfacing materials; bleacher repair or rebuilding to comply 155.27 with the order of a building code inspector under section 326B.112; testing and mitigation 155.28 of elevated radon hazards; lead testing; copper in water testing; cleanup after major 155.29 weather-related disasters or flooding; reduction of excessive organic and inorganic levels 155.30 in wells and capping of abandoned wells; installation and testing of boiler backflow valves 155.31 to prevent contamination of potable water; vaccinations, titers, and preventative supplies 155.32 for bloodborne pathogen compliance; costs to comply with the Janet B. Johnson Parents' 155.33 Right to Know Act; automated external defibrillators and other emergency plan equipment 155.34 and supplies specific to the district's emergency action plan; compliance with the National 155.35 Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for school generators established by the 155.36

156.1

156.2

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including costs to establish and operate safety committees, in school buildings or property 156.3 owned or being acquired by the district. Testing and calibration activities are permitted for 156.4 existing mechanical ventilation systems at intervals no less than every five years. 156.5 (b) For fiscal years 2014 through 2017, a school district must not include expenses 156.6 related to emission compliance projects for school generators in its health and safety 156.7 revenue capital projects unless it reduces its approved spending on other qualified health 156.8 and safety projects by the same amount. 156.9 Subd. 6a. Restrictions on health and safety revenue. Notwithstanding subdivision 156.10 6, health and safety revenue must not be used: 156.11 (1) to finance a lease purchase agreement, installment purchase agreement, or other 156.12 deferred payments agreement; 156.13 (2) for the construction of new facilities, remodeling of existing facilities, or the 156.14 156.15 purchase of portable classrooms; (3) for interest or other financing expenses; 156.16 (4) for energy-efficiency projects under section 123B.65, for a building or property 156.17 or part of a building or property used for postsecondary instruction or administration or for 156.18 a purpose unrelated to elementary and secondary education; 156.19 (5) for replacement of building materials or facilities including roof, walls, windows, 156.20 internal fixtures and flooring, nonhealth and safety costs associated with demolition of 156.21 facilities, structural repair or replacement of facilities due to unsafe conditions, violence 156.22 156.23 prevention and facility security, ergonomics, or public announcement systems and emergency communication devices; or 156.24 (6) for building and heating, ventilating and air conditioning supplies, maintenance, 156.25 and cleaning activities. All assessments, investigations, inventories, and support 156.26 equipment not leading to the engineering or construction of a project shall be included in 156.27 the health, safety, and environmental management costs in subdivision 8, paragraph (a). 156.28

United States Environmental Protection Agency; and health, safety, and environmental

management costs associated with implementing the district's health and safety program

Subd. 6b. Health and safety projects. (a) Health and safety revenue applications 156.29 defined in subdivision 1 must be accompanied by a description of each project for which 156.30 funding is being requested. Project descriptions must provide enough detail for an auditor 156.31 to determine if the work qualifies for revenue. For projects other than fire and life 156.32 safety projects, playground projects, and health, safety, and environmental management 156.33 activities, a project description does not need to include itemized details such as material 156.34 types, room locations, square feet, names, or license numbers. The commissioner 156.35

may request supporting information and shall approve only projects that comply with 157.1 subdivisions 6 and 8, as defined by the Department of Education. 157.2 (b) Districts may request funding for allowable projects based on self-assessments, 157.3 safety committee recommendations, insurance inspections, management assistance 157.4 reports, fire marshal orders, or other mandates. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, paragraph 157.5 (b), and subdivision 8, paragraph (b), for projects under \$500,000, individual project 157.6 size for projects authorized by this subdivision is not limited and may include related 157.7 work in multiple facilities. Health and safety management costs from subdivision 8 may 157.8 be reported as a single project. 157.9 (c) All costs directly related to a project shall be reported in the appropriate Uniform 157.10 Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS) finance code. 157.11 (d) For fire and life safety egress and all other projects exceeding \$20,000, cited 157.12 under the Minnesota Fire Code, a fire marshal plan review is required. 157.13 (c) Districts shall update project estimates with actual expenditures for each 157.14 157.15 fiscal year. If a project's final cost is significantly higher than originally approved, the commissioner may request additional supporting information. 157.16 Subd. 6c. Appeals process. In the event a district is denied funding approval for 157.17 a project the district believes complies with subdivisions 6 and 8, and is not otherwise 157.18 excluded, a district may appeal the decision. All such requests must be in writing. The 157.19 commissioner shall respond in writing. A written request must contain the following: 157.20 project number; description and amount; reason for denial; unresolved questions for 157.21 consideration; reasons for reconsideration; and a specific statement of what action the 157.22 157.23 district is requesting. Subd. 7. Proration. In the event that the health and safety aid available for any year 157.24 is prorated, a district having its aid prorated may levy an additional amount equal to the 157.25 amount not paid by the state due to proration. 157.26 Subd. 8. Health, safety, and environmental management cost. (a) "Health, safety, 157.27 and environmental management" is defined in section 123B.56. 157.28 (b) A district's cost for health, safety, and environmental management is limited to 157.29 the lesser of: 157.30 (1) actual cost to implement their plan; or 157.31

157.32 (2) an amount determined by the commissioner, based on enrollment, building
157.33 age, and size.

(c) The department may contract with regional service organizations, private
 contractors, Minnesota Safety Council, or state agencies to provide management
 assistance to school districts for health and safety capital projects. Management assistance

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is the development of written programs for the identification, recognition and control ofhazards, and prioritization and scheduling of district health and safety capital projects. The

158.3 commissioner shall not mandate management assistance or exclude private contractors

158.4 from the opportunity to provide any health and safety services to school districts.

 158.5
 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2017 and

 158.6
 later.

158.7 Sec. 4. [123B.595] LONG-TERM FACILITIES MAINTENANCE REVENUE.

158.8 Subdivision 1. Long-term facilities maintenance revenue. (a) For fiscal year 2017 only, long-term facilities maintenance revenue equals the greater of (1) \$193 times 158.9 the district's adjusted pupil units times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's 158.10 158.11 average building age to 35 years, plus the cost approved by the commissioner for indoor air quality, fire alarm and suppression, and asbestos abatement projects under section 158.12 123B.57, subdivision 6, with an estimated cost of \$100,000 or more per site or (2) the 158.13 sum of the amount the district would have qualified for under Minnesota Statutes 2014, 158.14 section 123B.57, Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.59, and Minnesota Statutes 158.15 158.16 2014, section 123B.591. (b) For fiscal year 2018 only, long-term facilities maintenance revenue equals the 158.17 greater of (1) \$292 times the district's adjusted pupil units times the lesser of one or the 158.18 ratio of the district's average building age to 35 years, plus the cost approved by the 158.19 commissioner for indoor air quality, fire alarm and suppression, and asbestos abatement 158.20 projects under section 123B.57, subdivision 6, with an estimated cost of \$100,000 or more 158.21 per site or (2) the sum of the amount the district would have qualified for under Minnesota 158.22 Statutes 2014, section 123B.57, Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.59, and Minnesota 158.23 Statutes 2014, section 123B.591. 158.24

158.25(c) For fiscal year 2019 and later, long-term facilities maintenance revenue equals158.26the greater of (1) \$380 times the district's adjusted pupil units times the lesser of one or158.27the ratio of the district's average building age to 35 years, plus the cost approved by the

commissioner for indoor air quality, fire alarm and suppression, and asbestos abatement

projects under section 123B.57, subdivision 6, with an estimated cost of \$100,000 or more

158.30 per site or (2) the sum of the amount the district would have qualified for under Minnesota

158.31 Statutes 2014, section 123B.57, Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.59, and Minnesota

158.32 Statutes 2014, section 123B.591.

158.33Subd. 2.Long-term facilities maintenance revenue for a charter school. (a)158.34For fiscal year 2017 only, long-term facilities maintenance revenue for a charter school

158.35 equals \$34 times the adjusted pupil units.

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159.1	(b) For fiscal year 2018 only, long-term facilities maintenance revenue for a charter
159.2	school equals \$85 times the adjusted pupil units.
159.3	(c) For fiscal year 2019 and later, long-term facilities maintenance revenue for a
159.4	charter school equals \$132 times the adjusted pupil units.
159.5	Subd. 3. Intermediate districts and other cooperative units. Upon approval
159.6	through the adoption of a resolution by each member district school board of an
159.7	intermediate district or other cooperative units under section 123A.24, subdivision 2,
159.8	and the approval of the commissioner of education, a school district may include in its
159.9	authority under this section a proportionate share of the long-term maintenance costs
159.10	of the intermediate district or cooperative unit. The cooperative unit may issue bonds
159.11	to finance the project costs or levy for the costs, using long-term maintenance revenue
159.12	transferred from member districts to make debt service payments or pay project costs.
159.13	Authority under this subdivision is in addition to the authority for individual district
159.14	projects under subdivision 1.
159.15	Subd. 4. Facilities plans. (a) To qualify for revenue under this section, a school
159.16	district or intermediate district, not including a charter school, must have a ten-year facility
159.17	plan adopted by the school board and approved by the commissioner. The plan must include
159.18	provisions for implementing a health and safety program that complies with health, safety,
159.19	and environmental regulations and best practices, including indoor air quality management.
159.20	(b) The district must annually update the plan, biennially submit a facility
159.21	maintenance plan to the commissioner, and indicate whether the district will issue bonds
159.22	to finance the plan or levy for the costs.
159.23	(c) For school districts issuing bonds to finance the plan, the plan must include a
159.24	debt service schedule demonstrating that the debt service revenue required to pay the
159.25	principal and interest on the bonds each year will not exceed the projected long-term
159.26	facilities revenue for that year.
159.27	Subd. 5. Bond authorization. (a) A school district may issue general obligation
159.28	bonds under this section to finance facilities plans approved by its board and the
159.29	commissioner. Chapter 475, except sections 475.58 and 475.59, must be complied with.
159.30	The authority to issue bonds under this section is in addition to any bonding authority
159.31	authorized by this chapter or other law. The amount of bonding authority authorized
159.32	under this section must be disregarded in calculating the bonding or net debt limits of this
159.33	chapter, or any other law other than section 475.53, subdivision 4.
159.34	(b) At least 20 days before the earliest of solicitation of bids, the issuance of bonds,
159.35	or the final certification of levies under subdivision 6, the district must publish notice

06/04/15 REVISOR JFK/PT 15-4523 of the intended projects, the amount of the bond issue, and the total amount of district 160.1 160.2 indebtedness. (c) The portion of revenue under this section for bonded debt must be recognized 160.3 160.4 in the debt service fund. Subd. 6. Levy authorization. A district may levy for costs related to an approved 160.5 plan under subdivision 4 as follows: 160.6 (1) if the district has indicated to the commissioner that bonds will be issued, the 160.7 district may levy for the principal and interest payments on outstanding bonds issued 160.8 under subdivision 5 after reduction for any aid receivable under subdivision 9; 160.9 (2) if the district has indicated to the commissioner that the plan will be funded 160.10 through levy, the district may levy according to the schedule approved in the plan after 160.11 160.12 reduction for any aid receivable under subdivision 9; or (3) if the debt service revenue for a district required to pay the principal and interest 160.13 on bonds issued under subdivision 5 exceeds the district's long-term facilities maintenance 160.14 160.15 revenue for the same fiscal year, the district's general fund levy must be reduced by the amount of the excess. 160.16 Subd. 7. Long-term facilities maintenance equalization revenue. (a) For fiscal 160.17 year 2017 only, a district's long-term facilities maintenance equalization revenue equals 160.18 the lesser of (1) \$193 times the adjusted pupil units or (2) the district's revenue under 160.19 160.20 subdivision 1. (b) For fiscal year 2018 only, a district's long-term facilities maintenance 160.21 equalization revenue equals the lesser of (1) \$292 times the adjusted pupil units or (2)160.22 160.23 the district's revenue under subdivision 1. (c) For fiscal year 2019 and later, a district's long-term facilities maintenance 160.24 equalization revenue equals the lesser of (1) \$380 times the adjusted pupil units or (2)160.25 160.26 the district's revenue under subdivision 1. Subd. 8. Long-term facilities maintenance equalized levy. For fiscal year 2017 160.27 and later, a district's long-term facilities maintenance equalized levy equals the district's 160.28 long-term facilities maintenance revenue minus the greater of: 160.29 (1) the lesser of the district's long-term facilities maintenance revenue or the amount 160.30 of aid the district received for fiscal year 2015 under Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 160.31 123B.59, subdivision 6; or 160.32 (2) the district's long-term facilities maintenance equalization revenue times the 160.33 greater of (i) zero or (ii) one minus the ratio of its adjusted net tax capacity per adjusted 160.34

160.35 pupil unit in the year preceding the year the levy is certified to 123 percent of the state

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161.1	average adjusted net tax capacity per adjusted pupil unit in the year preceding the year				
161.2	the levy is certified.				
161.3	Subd. 9. Long-term facilities	maintenance equalized	ed aid. For fiscal yea	r 2017	
161.4	and later, a district's long-term facility	ties maintenance equal	zed aid equals its lon	g-term	
161.5	facilities maintenance revenue minus	s its long-term facilities	s maintenance equaliz	zed levy	
161.6	times the ratio of the actual amount	levied to the permitted	levy.		
161.7	Subd. 10. Allowed uses for lo	ong-term facilities ma	intenance revenue. ((a) <u>A</u>	
161.8	district may use revenue under this s	ection for any of the fo	llowing:		
161.9	(1) deferred capital expenditure	es and maintenance pro	jects necessary to pro	event	
161.10	further erosion of facilities;				
161.11	(2) increasing accessibility of s	school facilities; or			
161.12	(3) health and safety capital pro-	ojects under section 12	<u>3B.57.</u>		
161.13	(b) A charter school may use r	evenue under this secti	on for any purpose re	elated	
161.14	to the school.				
161.15	Subd. 11. Restrictions on long-term facilities maintenance revenue.				
161.16	Notwithstanding subdivision 11, long-term facilities maintenance revenue may not be used:				
161.17	(1) for the construction of new facilities, remodeling of existing facilities, or the				
161.18	purchase of portable classrooms;				
161.19	(2) to finance a lease purchase agreement, installment purchase agreement, or other				
161.20	deferred payments agreement;				
161.21	(3) for energy-efficiency project	ets under section 123B.	65, for a building or J	property	
161.22	or part of a building or property used	for postsecondary inst	ruction or administrat	tion or for	
161.23	a purpose unrelated to elementary an	nd secondary education	; or		
161.24	(4) for violence prevention and	l facility security, ergo	nomics, or emergency	У	
161.25	communication devices.				
161.26	Subd. 12. Reserve account.	The portion of long-ter	m facilities maintenai	nce	
161.27	revenue not recognized under subdiv	vision 5, paragraph (c),	must be maintained	<u>in a</u>	
161.28	reserve account within the general fu	<u>und.</u>			
161.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sec	ction is effective for rev	venue in fiscal year 20)17 and	
161.30	later.				
161.31	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014,				
161.32	Subd. 2. E-rates. To be eligible	le for aid under this sec	tion, a district, charte	r school,	

161.33 or intermediate school district is required to file an e-rate application either separately or

161.34 through its telecommunications access cluster and have a current technology plan on file

with the department. Discounts received on telecommunications expenditures shall be

162.1

reflected in the costs submitted to the department for aid under this section.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 126C.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Adjusted net tax capacity. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b),
"adjusted net tax capacity" means the net tax capacity of the taxable property of the
district as adjusted by the commissioner of revenue under sections 127A.48 and 273.1325.
The adjusted net tax capacity for any given calendar year must be used to compute levy
limitations for levies certified in the succeeding calendar year and aid for the school year
beginning in the second succeeding calendar year.

162.10 (b) For purposes of the long-term maintenance facilities equalization levy under

162.11 section 123B.595, subdivision 8, "adjusted net tax capacity" means the value described in

162.12 paragraph (a) reduced by 50 percent of the value of class 2a agricultural land determined

162.13 <u>under that paragraph before the application of the growth limit under section 127A.48</u>,

162.14 subdivision 7.

162.15

5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2016 and later.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.70, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Sales to government. (a) All sales, except those listed in paragraph (b),
to the following governments and political subdivisions, or to the listed agencies or
instrumentalities of governments and political subdivisions, are exempt:

162.20 (1) the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities;

(2) school districts, local governments, the University of Minnesota, state universities,
community colleges, technical colleges, state academies, the Perpich Minnesota Center for
Arts Education, and an instrumentality of a political subdivision that is accredited as an
optional/special function school by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools;
(3) hospitals and nursing homes owned and operated by political subdivisions of
the state of tangible personal property and taxable services used at or by hospitals and

162.27 nursing homes;

(4) notwithstanding paragraph (d), the sales and purchases by the Metropolitan
Council of vehicles and repair parts to equip operations provided for in section 473.4051
are exempt through December 31, 2016;

(5) other states or political subdivisions of other states, if the sale would be exemptfrom taxation if it occurred in that state; and

(6) public libraries, public library systems, multicounty, multitype library systems
as defined in section 134.001, county law libraries under chapter 134A, state agency
libraries, the state library under section 480.09, and the Legislative Reference Library.

(b) This exemption does not apply to the sales of the following products and services:
(1) building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor
or a subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a
guaranteed maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction,
alteration, or repair of a building or facility;

(2) construction materials purchased by tax exempt entities or their contractors to
be used in constructing buildings or facilities which will not be used principally by the
tax exempt entities;

(3) the leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 11,
except for leases entered into by the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities;

(4) lodging as defined under section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause
(2), and prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages as defined in section
297A.67, subdivision 2, except for lodging, prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic
beverages purchased directly by the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities; or

(5) goods or services purchased by a local government as inputs to a liquor store, gas
or electric utility, solid waste hauling service, solid waste recycling service, landfill, golf
course, marina, campground, cafe, or laundromat.

(c) As used in this subdivision, "school districts" means public school entities and
districts of every kind and nature organized under the laws of the state of Minnesota, and
any instrumentality of a school district, as defined in section 471.59.

(d) For purposes of the exemption granted under this subdivision, "localgovernments" has the following meaning:

(1) for the period prior to January 1, 2016 2017, local governments means statutory
or home rule charter cities, counties, and townships; and

163.28 (2) for the period of January 1, 2016, to December 31, 2016, local governments
 163.29 means statutory or home rule charter cities, counties, and townships; special districts as

163.30 defined under section 6.465, except for the Metropolitan Council under sections 473.123

- 163.31 to 473.549; any instrumentality of a statutory or home rule charter city, county, or
- 163.32 township as defined in section 471.59; and any joint powers board or organization created

163.33 under section 471.59; and

 instrumentality of a statutory or home rule charter city, county, or township as define section 471.59; and any joint powers board or organization created under section 47 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactmed Sec. 8. <u>COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION; 1:1 DEVICE PROGRAM</u> <u>GUIDELINES.</u> The commissioner of education must research existing 1:1 device programs in Minnesota and across the country to determine best practices for Minnesota schools implementing 1:1 device programs. By February 15, 2016, the commissioner must develop and publish guidelines to ensure maximum effectiveness of 1:1 device programs and make a report on the research findings to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education. 	.59.
164.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactmed 164.4 Sec. 8. COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION; 1:1 DEVICE PROGRAM 164.5 GUIDELINES. 164.6 The commissioner of education must research existing 1:1 device programs in 164.7 Minnesota and across the country to determine best practices for Minnesota schools 164.8 implementing 1:1 device programs. By February 15, 2016, the commissioner must 164.9 develop and publish guidelines to ensure maximum effectiveness of 1:1 device programs 164.10 and make a report on the research findings to the committees of the legislature with 164.11 jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education. 164.12 Sec. 9. FAIR SCHOOL CRYSTAL TRANSITION. 164.13 Subdivision 1. Student enrollment. A student enrolled in the FAIR School	
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164.13 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Student enrollment. A student enrolled in the FAIR School	
164.14 Crystal during the 2014-2015 school year and a student accepted for enrollment dur	ng
164.15 the 2015-2016 school year may continue to enroll in the FAIR School Crystal in an	/
164.16 year through the 2019-2020 school year. For the 2015-2016 school year and later, or	her
164.17 <u>students may apply for enrollment under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.03.</u>	
164.18 Subd. 2. Compensatory revenue; literacy aid; alternative compensation	
164.19 revenue. For the 2015-2016 school year only, the Department of Education must cal	culate
164.20 compensatory revenue, literacy aid, and alternative compensation revenue for the FA	<u>IR</u>
164.21 School Crystal based on the October 1, 2014, enrollment counts.	
164.22 Subd. 3. Pupil transportation. The district may transport a pupil enrolled in	
164.23 the 2014-2015 school year and a pupil accepted for enrollment during the 2015-201	<u>6</u>
school year to and from the FAIR School Crystal in succeeding school years regard	ess
164.25 of the pupil's district of residence. Pupil transportation expenses under this section a	re
164.26 reimbursable under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.87.	
164.27 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following the date on w	hich
164.28 the real and personal property of the FAIR School Crystal in Crystal is conveyed to	
164.29 Independent School District No. 281, Robbinsdale.	
interpendent bender District (10. 201, Robellistuie.	
164.30 Sec. 10. FAIR SCHOOL DOWNTOWN TRANSITION.	
164.31Subdivision 1. Student enrollment. A student enrolled in the FAIR School	
164.32 downtown during the 2014-2015 school year and a student accepted for enrollment of	

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- 165.1 the 2015-2016 school year may continue to enroll in the FAIR School downtown in any
- 165.2 year through the 2018-2019 school year. For the 2015-2016 school year and later, other
- 165.3 students may apply for enrollment under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.03.
- 165.4 <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Compensatory revenue; literacy aid; alternative compensation</u>
- 165.5 **revenue.** For the 2015-2016 school year only, the Department of Education must calculate
- 165.6 compensatory revenue, literacy aid, and alternative compensation revenue for the FAIR
- 165.7 <u>School downtown based on the October 1, 2014, enrollment counts.</u>
- 165.8 <u>Subd. 3.</u> Pupil transportation. The district may transport a pupil enrolled in the
- 165.9 2014-2015 school year and a pupil accepted for enrollment during the 2015-2016 school
- 165.10 year to and from the FAIR School downtown in succeeding school years regardless of
- 165.11 the pupil's district of residence. Pupil transportation expenses under this section are
- 165.12 reimbursable under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.87.
- 165.13 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following the date on which
 165.14 the real and personal property of the FAIR School downtown in Minneapolis is conveyed
- 165.15 to Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis.
- 165.16 Sec. 11. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CERTIFICATION PARTNERSHIP.
- Subdivision 1. Request for proposals. The commissioner of education shall issue
 a request for proposals no later than August 1, 2015, and award a contract no later than
 October 15, 2015, to a provider for the program under subdivision 3.
- 165.20 <u>Subd. 2.</u> Eligible schools. A school district, intermediate district, or charter school
 165.21 is eligible to participate in the program under this section, as long as funds are available.
- 165.22 <u>Subd. 3.</u> Program description; provider duties. (a) The provider must partner
- 165.23 with eligible schools to make available a program to teach information technology skills
- and competencies that are essential for career and college readiness. By December 1,
- 165.25 <u>2015</u>, the provider must contact each eligible school and indicate how the school can
- 165.26 access program services under this section.
- (b) The provider shall recruit up to 200 schools to participate in the program as long
- 165.28 as funds are available. The provider must engage schools on a first-come, first-served
- 165.29 <u>basis</u>, except that no more than half of the total funds available may be used to deliver the
- 165.30 program to schools located in the seven-county metropolitan area.
- 165.31 (c) The provider shall deliver to each participating school:
- 165.32 (1) a research-based information technology curriculum;
- 165.33 (2) online access to the curriculum;
- 165.34 (3) instructional software for classroom and student use;
- 165.35 (4) training for teachers who will be using the curriculum or instructional software;

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166.1	(5) industry-recognized certification of skills and competencies in a broad array of
166.2	information technology-related skill areas; and
166.3	(6) project management, deployment, and program support, including, but not
166.4	limited to, integration with academic standards under Minnesota Statutes, section
166.5	<u>120B.021 or 120B.022.</u>
166.6	Subd. 4. Department support. The Department of Education must make support
166.7	available to the provider, including acting as the primary liaison between schools and the
166.8	provider and providing direction and oversight, consistent with the purposes of this section.
166.9	Subd. 5. Report required. By February 1, 2018, the provider and commissioner
166.10	must jointly develop and deliver to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over
166.11	kindergarten through grade 12 education, a summary report on program activities and
166.12	outcomes, including a description of the number and location of participating schools and
166.13	students, and the number and type of certifications earned by students.
166.14	Sec. 12. CANCELLATION OF PREVIOUS BIENNIUM APPROPRIATION.
166.15	The appropriation made by Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 16, section 16,
166.16	subdivision 5, is canceled.
166.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
166.18	Sec. 13. APPROPRIATIONS.
166.19	Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are
166.20	appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years
166.21	designated.
166.22	Subd. 2. Long-term maintenance equalization aid. For long-term maintenance
166.23	equalization aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.595:
166.24	
166.25	$\frac{\$}{\$} \qquad \frac{0}{52,088,000} \qquad \frac{0}{0} \qquad \frac{2016}{0} \qquad \frac{2017}{0}$
166.26	The 2017 appropriation includes \$0 for 2016 and \$52,088,000 for 2017.
100.20	
166.27	Subd. 3. Debt service equalization. For debt service aid according to Minnesota
166.28	Statutes, section 123B.53, subdivision 6:
166.29	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
166.30	<u>\$ 22,171,000 2017</u>
166.31	The 2016 appropriation includes \$2,295,000 for 2015 and \$18,054,000 for 2016.
166.32	The 2017 appropriation includes \$2,005,000 for 2016 and \$20,166,000 for 2017.

167.1	Subd. 4. Alternative facilities bonding aid. For alternative facilities bonding aid,
167.2	according to Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.59, subdivision 1:
167.3	<u>\$ 19,287,000 2016</u>
167.4	<u>\$ 1,928,000 2017</u>
167.5	The 2016 appropriation includes \$1,928,000 for 2015 and \$17,359,000 for 2016.
167.6	The 2017 appropriation includes \$1,928,000 for 2016 and \$0 for 2017.
167.7	Subd. 5. Equity in telecommunications access. For equity in telecommunications
167.8	access:
167.9	<u>\$ 3,750,000 2016</u>
167.10	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
167.11	If the appropriation amount is insufficient, the commissioner shall reduce the
167.12	reimbursement rate in Minnesota Statutes, section 125B.26, subdivisions 4 and 5, and the
167.13	revenue for fiscal years 2016 and 2017 shall be prorated.
167.14	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
167.15	Subd. 6. Deferred maintenance aid. For deferred maintenance aid, according to
167.16	Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.591, subdivision 4:
167.17	<u>\$ 3,520,000 2016</u>
167.18	<u>\$ 345,000 2017</u>
167.19	The 2016 appropriation includes \$409,000 for 2015 and \$3,111,000 for 2016.
167.20	The 2017 appropriation includes \$345,000 for 2016 and \$0 for 2017.
167.21	Subd. 7. Health and safety revenue. For health and safety aid according to
167.22	Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.57, subdivision 5:
167.23	<u>\$ 501,000 2016</u>
167.24	$ \begin{array}{c} \underline{\$} & \underline{501,000} & \underline{\dots} & \underline{2016} \\ \underline{\$} & \underline{48,000} & \underline{\dots} & \underline{2017} \end{array} $
167.25	The 2016 appropriation includes \$66,000 for 2015 and \$435,000 for 2016.
167.26	The 2017 appropriation includes \$48,000 for 2016 and \$0 for 2017.
167.27	Subd. 8. Information technology certification partnership. For an information
167.28	technology certification partnership:
167.29	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
167.30	$\underline{\$}$ $\underline{0}$ $\underline{\dots}$ $\underline{2017}$
167.31	This is a onetime appropriation. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is
167.32	available in the second year. Of this appropriation, five percent is for departmental costs
167.33	related to providing support for the information technology certification partnership.

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168.1	Subd. 9. Innovative Technology Cooperative. For a grant to the Innovative
168.2	Technology Cooperative under Minnesota Statutes, section 123A.215, to provide
168.3	professional development related to technology:
168.4	<u>\$ 150,000 2016</u>
168.5	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
168.6	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. The base
168.7	for this program in fiscal year 2018 is \$0.
168.8	Sec. 14. <u>REPEALER.</u>
168.9	Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 123B.59; and 123B.591, are repealed.
168.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2017 and
168.11	later.
168.12	ARTICLE 7
168.13	NUTRITION AND ACCOUNTING
168.14	
168.15	Subdivision 1. Distribution of assets and liabilities. (a) If a district withdraws
168.16	from a cooperative unit defined in subdivision 2, the distribution of assets and assignment
168.17	of liabilities to the withdrawing district shall be determined according to this subdivision.
168.18	(b) The withdrawing district remains responsible for its share of debt incurred by the
168.19 168.20	cooperative unit according to section 123B.02, subdivision 3. The district and cooperative unit may mutually agree, through a board resolution by each, to terms and conditions of
168.20	the distribution of assets and the assignment of liabilities.
168.22	(c) If the cooperative unit and the district cannot agree on the terms and conditions,
168.23	the commissioner shall resolve the dispute by determining the district's proportionate share
168.24	of assets and liabilities based on the district's enrollment, financial contribution, usage, or
168.25	other factor or combination of factors determined appropriate by the commissioner. If the
168.26	dispute requires the commissioner to involve an administrative law judge, any fees due
168.27	to the Office of Administrative Hearings must be equally split between the district and
168.28	cooperative unit. The assets must be disbursed to the withdrawing district in a manner
168.29	that minimizes financial disruption to the cooperative unit.
168.30	(d) Assets related to an insurance pool shall not be disbursed to a member district
168.31	under paragraph (c).
168.32	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.77, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 169.1 169.2 Subd. 3. Statement for comparison and correction. (a) By November 30 of the calendar year of the submission of the unaudited financial data, the district must provide to 169.3 the commissioner audited financial data for the preceding fiscal year. The audit must be 169.4 conducted in compliance with generally accepted governmental auditing standards, the 169.5 federal Single Audit Act, and the Minnesota legal compliance guide issued by the Office 169.6 of the State Auditor. An audited financial statement prepared in a form which will allow 169.7 comparison with and correction of material differences in the unaudited financial data 169.8 shall be submitted to the commissioner and the state auditor by December 31. The audited 169.9 financial statement must also provide a statement of assurance pertaining to uniform 169.10 financial accounting and reporting standards compliance and a copy of the management 169.11 169.12 letter submitted to the district by the school district's auditor.

(b) By February <u>15 1</u> of the calendar year following the submission of the unaudited
financial data, the commissioner shall convert the audited financial data required by this
subdivision into the consolidated financial statement format required under subdivision 1a
and publish the information on the department's Web site.

169.17 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.75, subdivision 9, is amended to read: Subd. 9. Litigation costs; annual report. (a) By November 30 of each year, 169.18 a school district must annually report the district's special education litigation costs, 169.19 including attorney fees and costs of due process hearings, to the commissioner of 169.20 education, consistent with the Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards. 169.21 169.22 (b) By January 15 February 1 of each year, the commissioner shall report school 169.23 district special education litigation costs to the house of representatives and the senate committees having jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education finance. 169.24

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 127A.05, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 169.25 Subd. 6. Survey of districts. The commissioner of education shall survey the state's 169.26 school districts and teacher preparation programs and report to the education committees 169.27 of the legislature by January 15 February 1 of each odd-numbered year on the status of 169.28 teacher early retirement patterns, the teacher shortage, and the substitute teacher shortage, 169.29 including patterns and shortages in subject areas and regions of the state. The report must 169.30 also include how districts are making progress in hiring teachers and substitutes in the 169.31 areas of shortage and a five-year projection of teacher demand for each district. 169.32

169.33

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 127A.49, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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Subdivision 1. **Omissions.** No adjustments to any aid payments made pursuant to this chapter or chapters 120B, 122A, 123A, 123B, 124D, 125A, and 126C resulting from omissions in district reports, except those adjustments determined by the legislative auditor, shall be made for any school year after December $30 \, 15$ of the next school year, unless otherwise specifically provided by law.

Sec. 6. Laws 2013, chapter 116, article 7, section 19, is amended to read:

170.7 Sec. 19. FUND TRANSFER; FISCAL <u>YEARS YEAR</u> 2014 AND 2015
 170.8 <u>THROUGH FISCAL YEAR 2017</u> ONLY.

(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.80, subdivision 3, for fiscal
years year 2014 and 2015 through fiscal year 2017 only, the commissioner must approve
a request for a fund transfer if the transfer does not increase state aid obligations to the
district or result in additional property tax authority for the district. This section does not
permit transfers from the community service fund, the food service fund, or the reserved
account for staff development under section 122A.61.

(b) A school board may approve a fund transfer under paragraph (a) only after
adopting a resolution stating the fund transfer will not diminish instructional opportunities
for students.

170.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

170.19 Sec. 7. <u>APPROPRIATIONS.</u>

Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are
appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years
designated.

170.23Subd. 2.School lunch.For school lunch aid according to Minnesota Statutes,170.24section 124D.111, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, section 210.17:

 170.25
 \$
 15,661,000

 2016

 170.26
 \$
 15,818,000

 2017

 170.27
 Subd. 3.
 School breakfast.
 For traditional school breakfast aid under Minnesota

 170.28
 Statutes, section 124D.1158:

170.29 $\underline{\$}$ $\underline{9,731,000}$ $\underline{2016}$ 170.30 $\underline{\$}$ $\underline{10,361,000}$ $\underline{2017}$

170.31 <u>Subd. 4.</u> Kindergarten milk. For kindergarten milk aid under Minnesota Statutes,
170.32 section 124D.118:

06/04/15 REVISOR JFK/PT 15-4523 \$ 942,000 2016 171.1 \$ 942,000 2017 171.2 Subd. 5. Summer school service replacement aid. For summer food service 171.3 replacement aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.119: 171.4 2016 150,000 171.5 <u>\$</u> \$ 150,000 2017 171.6 **ARTICLE 8** 171.7

171.8

LIBRARIES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 134.355, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 171.9 171.10 Subd. 8. Eligibility. A regional public library system may apply for regional library telecommunications aid. The aid must be used for data and video access maintenance, 171.11 equipment, or installation of telecommunication lines. on behalf of itself and member 171.12 public libraries. The aid must be used for connections and other eligible nonvoice related 171.13 e-rate program category one services. Aid may be used for e-rate program category two 171.14 services as identified in the Federal Communication Commission's eligible services list 171.15 for the current and preceding four funding years, if sufficient funds remain once category 171.16 one needs are met in each funding year. To be eligible, a regional public library system 171.17 must be officially designated by the commissioner of education as a regional public library 171.18 system as defined in section 134.34, subdivision 3, and each of its participating cities and 171.19 counties must meet local support levels defined in section 134.34, subdivision 1. A public 171.20 library building that receives aid under this section must be open a minimum of 20 hours 171.21 per week. Exceptions to the minimum open hours requirement may be granted by the 171.22 171.23 Department of Education on request of the regional public library system for the following circumstances: short-term closing for emergency maintenance and repairs following a 171.24 natural disaster; in response to exceptional economic circumstances; building repair or 171.25 171.26 maintenance that requires public services areas to be closed; or to adjust hours of public service to respond to documented seasonal use patterns. 171.27

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 134.355, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
Subd. 9. Telecommunications aid. An application for regional library
telecommunications aid must, at a minimum, contain information to document the
following:

(1) the connections are adequate and employ an open network architecture that
will ensure interconnectivity and interoperability with school districts, postsecondary
education, or other governmental agencies;

(2) that the connection is established through the most cost-effective means and that
the regional library has explored and coordinated connections through school districts,
postsecondary education, or other governmental agencies;

(3) that the regional library system has and member libraries included in the
application have filed or are included in an e-rate application; and

(4) other information, as determined by the commissioner of education, to ensure
that connections are coordinated, efficient, and cost-effective, take advantage of discounts,

172.11 and meet applicable state standards.

The library system may include costs associated with cooperative arrangements with postsecondary institutions, school districts, and other governmental agencies.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 134.355, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Award of funds. The commissioner of education shall develop an
application and a reporting form and procedures for regional library telecommunications
aid. Aid shall be based on actual costs of including, but not limited to, connections, as
documented in e-rate funding commitment decision letters for category one services and
acceptable documentation for category two services and funds available for this purpose.
The commissioner shall make payments directly to the regional public library system.

172.21 Sec. 4. APPROPRIATIONS.

Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are
appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years
designated.

172.25 <u>Subd. 2.</u> Basic system support. For basic system support aid under Minnesota
172.26 Statutes, section 134.355:

172.27\$13,570,000.....2016172.28\$13,570,000.....2017

172.29 The 2016 appropriation includes \$1,357,000 for 2015 and \$12,213,000 for 2016.

172.30 The 2017 appropriation includes \$1,357,000 for 2016 and \$12,213,000 for 2017.

172.31Subd. 3.Multicounty, multitype library systems.For aid under Minnesota172.32Statutes, sections 134.353 and 134.354, to multicounty, multitype library systems:

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173.1 173.2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
173.3	<u>Φ</u> <u>1,500,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u> The 2016 appropriation includes \$130,000 for 2015 and \$1,170,000 for 2016.
173.4	The 2017 appropriation includes \$130,000 for 2016 and \$1,170,000 for 2017.
173.5	Subd. 4. Electronic library for Minnesota. For statewide licenses to online
173.6	databases selected in cooperation with the Minnesota Office of Higher Education for
173.7	school media centers, public libraries, state government agency libraries, and public
173.8	or private college or university libraries:
173.9	<u>\$ 900,000 2016</u>
173.10	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
173.11	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
173.12	Subd. 5. Regional library telecommunications aid. For regional library
173.13	telecommunications aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 134.355:
173.14	<u>\$ 2,300,000 2016</u>
173.15	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
173.16	The 2016 appropriation includes \$230,000 for 2015 and \$2,070,000 for 2016.
173.17	The 2017 appropriation includes \$230,000 for 2016 and \$2,070,000 for 2017.
173.18	ARTICLE 9
173.19	EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

173.20 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 121A.17, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. Developmental screening program information. (a) The board must 173.21 inform each resident family with a child eligible to participate in the developmental 173.22 screening program, and a charter school that provides screening must inform families 173.23 that apply for admission to the charter school, about the availability of the program and 173.24 the state's requirement that a child receive a developmental screening or provide health 173.25 records indicating that the child received a comparable developmental screening from a 173.26 public or private health care organization or individual health care provider not later than 173.27 173.28 30 days after the first day of attending kindergarten in a public school. A school district must inform all resident families with eligible children under age seven, and a charter 173.29 school that provides screening must inform families that apply for admission to the charter 173.30 173.31 school, that their children may receive a developmental screening conducted either by the school district or by a public or private health care organization or individual health care 173.32 provider and that the screening is not required if a statement signed by the child's parent 173.33

or guardian is submitted to the administrator or other person having general control and 174.1 supervision of the school that the child has not been screened. 174.2 (b) A school district that enrolls students from an adjoining state under section 174.3 124D.041 may inform a nonresident child whose family resides at a Minnesota address as 174.4 assigned by the United States Postal Service about the availability of the developmental 174.5 screening program and may provide screening under this section to that child. 174.6 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2016 174.7 and later. 174.8 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.041, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 174.9 Subdivision 1. Agreements. (a) The commissioner may enter into an agreement 174.10 174.11 with the designated authority from an adjoining state to establish an enrollment options program between Minnesota and the adjoining state. Any agreement entered into pursuant 174.12 to this section must specify the following: 174.13 (1) for students who are not residents of Minnesota, the enrollment options program 174.14 applies only to a student whose resident school district borders Minnesota; 174.15 (2) the commissioner must negotiate equal, reciprocal rates with the designated 174.16 authority from the adjoining state; 174.17 (3) if the adjoining state sends more students to Minnesota than Minnesota sends to 174.18 the adjoining state, the adjoining state must pay the state of Minnesota the rate agreed 174.19 upon under clause (2) for the excess number of students sent to Minnesota; 174.20 (4) if Minnesota sends more students to the adjoining state than the adjoining state 174.21 sends to Minnesota, the state of Minnesota will pay the adjoining state the rate agreed 174.22 upon under clause (2) for the excess number of students sent to the adjoining state; 174.23 (5) the application procedures for the enrollment options program between 174.24 Minnesota and the adjoining state; 174.25 (6) the reasons for which an application for the enrollment options program between 174.26 Minnesota and the adjoining state may be denied; and 174.27 (7) that a Minnesota school district is not responsible for transportation for any 174.28 resident student attending school in an adjoining state under the provisions of this section. 174.29 A Minnesota school district may, at its discretion, provide transportation services for 174.30 such a student. 174.31 (b) Any agreement entered into pursuant to this section may specify additional 174.32 terms relating to any student in need of special education and related services pursuant 174.33 to chapter 125A, including early childhood special education services. Any additional 174.34 174.35 terms must apply equally to both states.

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175.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.041, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Pupil accounting. (a) Any student from an adjoining state enrolled in
Minnesota pursuant to this section is included in the receiving school district's average
daily membership and pupil units according to section 126C.05 as if the student were
a resident of another Minnesota school district attending the receiving school district
under section 124D.03.

(b) Any Minnesota resident student enrolled in an adjoining state pursuant to this
section is included in the resident school district's average daily membership and pupil
units according to section 126C.05 as if the student were a resident of the district attending
another Minnesota school district under section 124D.03.

175.12 (c) A prekindergarten child from an adjoining state whose family resides at a

175.13 Minnesota address as assigned by the United States Postal Service and is receiving early

175.14 childhood special education services from a Minnesota school district is considered

- 175.15 enrolled in a Minnesota school district.
- 175.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.15, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 175.17 Subd. 5. Services with new or existing providers. A district may contract 175.18 with a charter school or community-based organization to provide eligible children 175.19 developmentally appropriate services that meet the program requirements in subdivision 175.20 3. In the alternative, a district may pay tuition or fees to place an eligible child in an 175.21 existing program. A district may establish a new program where no existing, reasonably 175.22 accessible program meets the program requirements in subdivision 3. Districts must 175.23 submit a copy of each contract to the commissioner with the biennial plan. Services may 175.24 be provided in a site-based program or in the home of the child or a combination of both. 175.25 The district may not restrict participation to district residents. 175.26

175.27

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2017 and later.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Amount of aid. (a) A district is eligible to receive school readiness aid
for eligible prekindergarten pupils enrolled in a school readiness program under section
124D.15 if the biennial plan required by section 124D.15, subdivision 3a, has been
approved by the commissioner.

176.1 (b) A district must receive school readiness aid equal to:

(1) the number of four-year-old children in the district on October 1 for the previous
school year times the ratio of 50 percent of the total school readiness aid for that year to
the total number of four-year-old children reported to the commissioner for the previous
school year; plus

(2) the number of pupils enrolled in the school district from families eligible for the
free or reduced school lunch program for the previous school year times the ratio of
50 percent of the total school readiness aid for that year to the total number of pupils
in the state from families eligible for the free or reduced school lunch program for the
previous school year.

(c) For fiscal year 2015 and later, The total school readiness aid entitlement equals
\$12,170,000 \$23,558,000 for fiscal year 2016 and \$33,683,000 for fiscal year 2017 and
later.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.165, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Family eligibility. (a) For a family to receive an early learning scholarship,
parents or guardians must meet the following eligibility requirements:

(1) have a child three or four years of age on September 1 of the current school year,who has not yet started kindergarten; and

(2) have income equal to or less than 185 percent of federal poverty level income 176.19 in the current calendar year, or be able to document their child's current participation in 176.20 the free and reduced-price lunch program or child and adult care food program, National 176.21 176.22 School Lunch Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 1751 and 1766; the Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations, Food and Nutrition Act, United States 176.23 Code, title 7, sections 2011-2036; Head Start under the federal Improving Head Start for 176.24 School Readiness Act of 2007; Minnesota family investment program under chapter 256J; 176.25 child care assistance programs under chapter 119B; the supplemental nutrition assistance 176.26 program; or placement in foster care under section 260C.212. 176.27

(b) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, a parent under age 21 who
is pursuing a high school or general education equivalency diploma is eligible for an early
learning scholarship if the parent has a child age zero to five years old and meets the
income eligibility guidelines in this subdivision.

(c) Any siblings between the ages zero to five years old of a child who has been
awarded a scholarship under this section must be awarded a scholarship upon request,
provided the sibling attends the same program as long as funds are available.

- (d) A child who has received a scholarship under this section must continue to
 receive a scholarship each year until that child is eligible for kindergarten under section
 120A.20 and as long as funds are available.
- (e) Early learning scholarships may not be counted as earned income for the
 purposes of medical assistance under chapter 256B, MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L,
 Minnesota family investment program under chapter 256J, child care assistance programs
 under chapter 119B, or Head Start under the federal Improving Head Start for School
 Readiness Act of 2007.
- 177.9 (f) A child from an adjoining state whose family resides at a Minnesota address as 177.10 assigned by the United States Postal Service, who has received developmental screening
- 177.11 under sections 121A.16 to 121A.19, who intends to enroll in a Minnesota school district,
- and whose family meets the criteria of paragraph (a) is eligible for an early learning
- 177.13 scholarship under this section.
- 177.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.
- 177.15 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 125A.03, is amended to read:
- 177.16

125A.03 SPECIAL INSTRUCTION FOR CHILDREN WITH A DISABILITY.

(a) As defined in paragraph (b), every district must provide special instruction and 177.17 services, either within the district or in another district, for all children with a disability, 177.18 including providing required services under Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 177.19 177.20 300.121, paragraph (d), to those children suspended or expelled from school for more than ten school days in that school year, who are residents of the district and who are disabled 177.21 as set forth in section 125A.02. For purposes of state and federal special education laws, 177.22 the phrase "special instruction and services" in the state Education Code means a free 177.23 and appropriate public education provided to an eligible child with disabilities. "Free 177.24 appropriate public education" means special education and related services that: 177.25 (1) are provided at public expense, under public supervision and direction, and 177.26 without charge; 177.27

(2) meet the standards of the state, including the requirements of the Individualswith Disabilities Education Act, Part B or C;

(3) include an appropriate preschool, elementary school, or secondary schooleducation; and

(4) are provided to children ages three through 21 in conformity with an
individualized education program that meets the requirements of the Individuals with
Disabilities Education Act, subpart A, sections 300.320 to 300.324, and provided to

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(b) Notwithstanding any age limits in laws to the contrary, special instruction and 178.4 services must be provided from birth until July 1 after the child with a disability becomes 178.5 21 years old but shall not extend beyond secondary school or its equivalent, except as 178.6 provided in section 124D.68, subdivision 2. Local health, education, and social service 178.7 agencies must refer children under age five who are known to need or suspected of 178.8 needing special instruction and services to the school district. Districts with less than the 178.9 minimum number of eligible children with a disability as determined by the commissioner 178.10 must cooperate with other districts to maintain a full range of programs for education 178.11 and services for children with a disability. This section does not alter the compulsory 178.12 attendance requirements of section 120A.22. 178.13

178.14 (c) At the board's discretion, a school district that participates in a reciprocity

agreement with a neighboring state under section 124D.041 may enroll and provide

178.16 special instruction and services to a child from an adjoining state whose family resides

178.17 at a Minnesota address as assigned by the United States Postal Service if the district has

178.18 completed child identification procedures for that child to determine the child's eligibility

178.19 for special education services, and the child has received developmental screening under

178.20 sections 121A.16 to 121A.19.

178.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

178.22 Sec. 8. <u>APPROPRIATIONS.</u>

178.23Subdivision 1.Department of Education.The sums indicated in this section are178.24appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years178.25designated.

178.26Subd. 2.School readiness.For revenue for school readiness programs under178.27Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.15 and 124D.16:

 178.28
 \$
 22,420,000

 2016

 178.29
 \$
 32,670,000

 2017

The 2016 appropriation includes \$1,217,000 for 2015 and \$21,203,000 for 2016.

178.31 The 2017 appropriation includes \$2,355,000 for 2016 and \$30,315,000 for 2017.

178.32 <u>Subd. 3.</u> Early learning scholarships. For the early learning scholarship program 178.33 under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.165:

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179.1	\$	44,134,000	2016		
179.2	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	59,884,000			
179.3	Up to	\$950,000 each year is	for administration of t	his program.	
179.4	Any b	palance in the first year	does not cancel but is	available in the second	year.
179.5	Subd.	_4. Head Start progra	am. For Head Start pro	ograms under Minnesot	a Statutes,
179.6	section 119	<u>A.52:</u>			
179.7	<u>\$</u>	25,100,000	2016		
179.8	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	25,100,000	2017		
179.9	Subd.	5. Early childhood	family education aid.	For early childhood fa	mily
179.10	education a	id under Minnesota St	atutes, section 124D.12	35:	
179.11	<u>\$</u>	28,444,000	2016		
179.12	<u>\$</u>	<u>29,939,000</u>	2017		
179.13	The 2	016 appropriation incl	udes \$2,713,000 for 20	15 and \$25,731,000 for	r 2016.
179.14	The 2	017 appropriation inclu	udes \$2,858,000 for 20	16 and \$27,081,000 for	<u>r 2017.</u>
179.15	Subd.	6. Developmental sc	ereening aid. For deve	lopmental screening aid	d under
179.16	Minnesota	Statutes, sections 121A	A.17 and 121A.19:		
179.17	<u>\$</u>	3,363,000	2016		
179.18	<u>\$</u>	3,369,000	2017		
179.19	The 2	016 appropriation incl	udes \$338,000 for 201	5 and \$3,025,000 for 20)16.
179.20	The 2	017 appropriation incl	udes \$336,000 for 201	6 and \$3,033,000 for 20)17.
179.21	Subd.	7. Parent-child hom	ne program. For a gra	nt to the parent-child h	ome
179.22	program:				
179.23	<u>\$</u>	350,000	2016		
179.24	<u>\$</u>	350,000	2017		
179.25	The g	rant must be used for a	in evidence-based and r	esearch-validated early	childhood
179.26	literacy and	school readiness prog	gram for children ages	16 months to four year	s at its
179.27	existing sub	ourban program locatio	on. The program must	include urban and rural	program
179.28	locations for	or fiscal years 2016 and	<u>d 2017.</u>		
179.29	Subd.	8. Kindergarten ent	trance assessment ini	tiative and intervention	<u>)n</u>
179.30	program.	For the kindergarten en	ntrance assessment init	ative and intervention	program
179.31	under Minr	nesota Statutes, section	124D.162:		
179.32	<u>\$</u>	<u>281,000</u>	2016		
179.33	<u>\$</u>	<u>281,000</u>	2017		

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180.1	Subd. 9. Quality R	ating System	. For transfer to	the commissioner of	human
180.2	services for the purposes of expanding the Quality Rating and Improvement System under				
180.3	Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.142, in greater Minnesota and increasing supports for				
180.4	providers participating in the Quality Rating and Improvement System:				
180.5		<u></u> <u>2016</u>			
180.6		<u></u> <u>2017</u>			
180.7	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. The				
180.8	base for this program in fiscal year 2018 and later is \$1,750,000.				
180.9	Subd. 10. Early childhood programs at tribal schools. For early childhood				
180.10	family education programs at tribal contract schools under Minnesota Statutes, section				
180.11	124D.83, subdivision 4:				
180.12	<u>\$</u> <u>68,000</u> <u>\$</u> <u>68,000</u>	<u></u> <u>2016</u>			
180.13	<u>\$</u> <u>68,000</u>	<u></u> <u>2017</u>			
180.14	Subd. 11. Educate parents partnership. For the educate parents partnership under				
180.15	Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.129:				
180.16		<u></u> <u>2016</u>			
180.17	<u>\$</u> <u>49,000</u>	<u></u> <u>2017</u>			
180.18		A	RTICLE 10		
180.19		PR	EVENTION		

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 121A.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 180.20 Subd. 3. Screening program. (a) A screening program must include at least the 180.21 180.22 following components: developmental assessments, hearing and vision screening or referral, immunization review and referral, the child's height and weight, the date of the 180.23 child's most recent comprehensive vision examination, if any, identification of risk factors 180.24 that may influence learning, an interview with the parent about the child, and referral for 180.25 assessment, diagnosis, and treatment when potential needs are identified. The district and 180.26 180.27 the person performing or supervising the screening must provide a parent or guardian with clear written notice that the parent or guardian may decline to answer questions 180.28 or provide information about family circumstances that might affect development and 180.29 identification of risk factors that may influence learning. The notice must state "Early 180.30 childhood developmental screening helps a school district identify children who may 180.31 benefit from district and community resources available to help in their development. 180.32 Early childhood developmental screening includes a vision screening that helps detect 180.33

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potential eye problems but is not a substitute for a comprehensive eye exam." The notice 181.1 must clearly state that declining to answer questions or provide information does not 181.2 prevent the child from being enrolled in kindergarten or first grade if all other screening 181.3 components are met. If a parent or guardian is not able to read and comprehend the written 181.4 notice, the district and the person performing or supervising the screening must convey 181.5 the information in another manner. The notice must also inform the parent or guardian 181.6 that a child need not submit to the district screening program if the child's health records 181.7 indicate to the school that the child has received comparable developmental screening 181.8 performed within the preceding 365 days by a public or private health care organization or 181.9 individual health care provider. The notice must be given to a parent or guardian at the 181.10 time the district initially provides information to the parent or guardian about screening 181.11 and must be given again at the screening location. 181.12

(b) All screening components shall be consistent with the standards of the state 181.13 commissioner of health for early developmental screening programs. A developmental 181.14 181.15 screening program must not provide laboratory tests or a physical examination to any child. The district must request from the public or private health care organization or the 181.16 individual health care provider the results of any laboratory test or physical examination 181.17 within the 12 months preceding a child's scheduled screening. For the purposes of this 181.18 section, "comprehensive vision examination" means a vision examination performed by 181.19 181.20 an optometrist or ophthalmologist.

(c) If a child is without health coverage, the school district must refer the child to anappropriate health care provider.

(d) A board may offer additional components such as nutritional, physical and
dental assessments, review of family circumstances that might affect development, blood
pressure, laboratory tests, and health history.

(e) If a statement signed by the child's parent or guardian is submitted to the
administrator or other person having general control and supervision of the school that
the child has not been screened because of conscientiously held beliefs of the parent
or guardian, the screening is not required.

181.30 Sec. 2. COMPREHENSIVE VISION EXAMINATION REPORT.

181.31 By January 15, 2017, the commissioner must submit to the committees of the

181.32 legislature with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education a report

181.33 describing the number and proportion of children in each school district who report having

181.34 had a comprehensive vision examination, disaggregated by age at the time of early

181.35 childhood developmental screening under Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.17.

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182.1	Sec. 3. APPROPRIATIONS.			
182.2	Subdivision 1. Department of E	ducation. The sur	ns indicated in this sect	ion are
182.3	appropriated from the general fund to t	he Department of	Education for the fiscal	years
182.4	designated.			
182.5	Subd. 2. Community education	aid. For commu	nity education aid unde	<u>r</u>
182.6	Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.20:			
182.7	<u>\$</u> <u>788,000</u> <u></u> <u>2016</u>			
182.8	<u>\$</u> <u>554,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>			
182.9	The 2016 appropriation includes	\$107,000 for 2015	and \$681,000 for 2016	:
182.10	The 2017 appropriation includes	\$75,000 for 2016	and \$479,000 for 2017.	
182.11	Subd. 3. Adults with disabilitie	s program aid. F	or adults with disabiliti	es
182.12	programs under Minnesota Statutes, se	ction 124D.56:		
182.13	<u>\$</u> <u>710,000</u> <u></u> <u>2016</u>			
182.14	<u>\$</u> <u>710,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>			
182.15	The 2016 appropriation includes	\$71,000 for 2015	and \$639,000 for 2016.	
182.16	The 2017 appropriation includes	\$71,000 for 2016	and \$639,000 for 2017.	
182.17	Subd. 4. Hearing-impaired adu	lts. For programs	for hearing-impaired ac	lults
182.18	under Minnesota Statutes, section 124I	<u>D.57:</u>		
182.19	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
182.20	<u>\$</u> <u>70,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>			
182.21	Subd. 5. School-age care revenu	1e. For extended d	ay aid under Minnesota	Statutes,
182.22	section 124D.22:			
182.23	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
182.24	<u>\$ 1,000 2017</u>			
182.25	The 2016 appropriation includes	\$0 for 2015 and \$	1,000 for 2016.	
182.26	The 2017 appropriation includes	\$0 for 2016 and \$	1,000 for 2017.	
182.27	Subd. 6. Northside Achievemen	t Zone. For a gran	nt to the Northside Achi	evement
182.28	Zone:			
182.29	$\frac{\$}{\$} \qquad \frac{1,200,000}{1,200,000} \qquad \frac{\dots}{2017} \qquad \frac{2016}{2017}$			
182.30	<u>\$ 1,200,000 2017</u>			
182.31	Funds appropriated in this section	n are to reduce mu	ltigenerational poverty a	and the
182.32	educational achievement gap through in	ncreased enrollme	nt of families within the	zone,

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183.1	and may be used for Northside Act	nievement Zone progra	amming and services	consistent
183.2	with federal Promise Neighborhoo	d program agreements	and requirements.	
183.3	Subd. 7. St. Paul Promise I	Neighborhood. For a	grant to the St. Paul	Promise
183.4	Neighborhood:		8	
183.5	<u>\$ 1,200,000</u> 2	2016		
183.6	<u>\$ 1,200,000</u> 2			
183.7	Funds appropriated in this se	ction are to reduce mu	ltigenerational povert	y and the
183.8	educational achievement gap throu	gh increased enrollme	ent of families within	the zone,
183.9	and may be used for St. Paul Prom	ise Neighborhood prog	gramming and service	es consistent
183.10	with federal Promise Neighborhoo	d program agreements	and requirements.	
183.11		ARTICLE 11		
183.12	SELE SUFFICIE	NCY AND LIFELO	NC I FADNINC	
185.12	SELF-SUFFICIE			
183.13	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 20)14, section 290.0671,	subdivision 1, is amen	ided to read:
183.14	Subdivision 1. Credit allow	ed. (a) An individual <u>v</u>	vho is a resident of M	innesota is
183.15	allowed a credit against the tax imp	posed by this chapter e	equal to a percentage	of earned
183.16	income. To receive a credit, a taxpa	ayer must be eligible f	or a credit under secti	on 32 of the
183.17	Internal Revenue Code.			
183.18	(b) For individuals with no q	ualifying children, the	credit equals 2.10 per	rcent of the
183.19	first \$6,180 of earned income. The	credit is reduced by 2	2.01 percent of earned	income
183.20	or adjusted gross income, whichev	er is greater, in excess	of \$8,130, but in no	case is
183.21	the credit less than zero.			
183.22	(c) For individuals with one	qualifying child, the ci	redit equals 9.35 perce	ent of the
183.23	first \$11,120 of earned income. Th	e credit is reduced by	6.02 percent of earne	d income
183.24	or adjusted gross income, whichev	er is greater, in excess	of \$21,190, but in no) case is
183.25	the credit less than zero.			
183.26	(d) For individuals with two	or more qualifying chi	ldren, the credit equal	s 11 percent
183.27	of the first \$18,240 of earned incom	ne. The credit is reduc	ced by 10.82 percent of	of earned
183.28	income or adjusted gross income,	whichever is greater, in	n excess of \$25,130, l	out in no
183.29	case is the credit less than zero.			
183.30	(e) For a nonresident or part-	year resident, the cred	it must be allocated be	ased on the
183.31	percentage calculated under section	n 290.06, subdivision 2	2c, paragraph (e).	
183.32	(f) For a person who was a re	esident for the entire ta	ax year and has earned	1 income
183.33	not subject to tax under this chapte	er, including income ex	cluded under section	290.01,
183.34	subdivision 19b, clause (9), the cre	edit must be allocated	based on the ratio of	federal
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adjusted gross income reduced by the earned income not subject to tax under this chapter 184.1 over federal adjusted gross income. For purposes of this paragraph, the subtractions 184.2 for military pay under section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clauses (10) and (11), are not 184.3 considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter." 184.4

For the purposes of this paragraph, the exclusion of combat pay under section 112 184.5 of the Internal Revenue Code is not considered "earned income not subject to tax under 184.6 this chapter." 184.7

(g) For tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and before December 31, 184.8 2010, and for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017, the \$8,130 in paragraph (b), 184.9 the \$21,190 in paragraph (c), and the \$25,130 in paragraph (d), after being adjusted for 184.10 inflation under subdivision 7, are each increased by \$3,000 for married taxpayers filing joint 184.11 returns. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2008, the commissioner shall annually 184.12 adjust the \$3,000 by the percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) 184.13 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B), the word "2007" shall be 184.14 substituted for the word "1992." For 2009, the commissioner shall then determine the 184.15 percent change from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2007, to the 12 months ending on 184.16 August 31, 2008, and in each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 184.17 2007, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The 184.18 earned income thresholds as adjusted for inflation must be rounded to the nearest \$10. If the 184.19 amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10. The determination of the 184.20 commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule under the Administrative Procedure Act. 184.21

(h)(1) For tax years beginning after December 31, 2012, and before January 1, 2014, 184.22 184.23 the \$5,770 in paragraph (b), the \$15,080 in paragraph (c), and the \$17,890 in paragraph (d), after being adjusted for inflation under subdivision 7, are increased by \$5,340 for married 184.24 taxpayers filing joint returns; and (2) for tax years beginning after December 31, 2013, and 184.25 before January 1, 2018, the \$8,130 in paragraph (b), the \$21,190 in paragraph (c), and the 184.26 \$25,130 in paragraph (d), after being adjusted for inflation under subdivision 7, are each 184.27 increased by \$5,000 for married taxpayers filing joint returns. For tax years beginning 184.28 after December 31, 2010, and before January 1, 2012, and for tax years beginning after 184.29 December 31, 2013, and before January 1, 2018, the commissioner shall annually adjust 184.30 the \$5,000 by the percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of 184.31 the Internal Revenue Code, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B), the word "2008" shall be 184.32 substituted for the word "1992." For 2011, the commissioner shall then determine the 184.33 percent change from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2008, to the 12 months ending on 184.34 August 31, 2010, and in each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 184.35 2008, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The 184.36

earned income thresholds as adjusted for inflation must be rounded to the nearest \$10. If the
amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10. The determination of the
commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule under the Administrative Procedure Act.

(i) The commissioner shall construct tables showing the amount of the credit at
various income levels and make them available to taxpayers. The tables shall follow
the schedule contained in this subdivision, except that the commissioner may graduate
the transition between income brackets.

185.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 185.9 December 31, 2014.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.0671, subdivision 6a, is amended to read: 185.10 185.11 Subd. 6a. TANF appropriation for working family credit expansion. (a) On an annual basis the commissioner of revenue, with the assistance of the commissioner 185.12 of human services, shall calculate the value of the refundable portion of the Minnesota 185.13 Working Family Credit provided under this section that qualifies for payment with funds 185.14 from the federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) block grant. Of this 185.15 total amount, the commissioner of revenue shall estimate the portion entailed by the 185.16 expansion of the credit rates provided in Laws 2000, chapter 490, article 4, section 17, 185.17 for individuals with qualifying children over the rates provided in Laws 1999, chapter 185.18 243, article 2, section 12. 185.19 (b) An amount sufficient to pay the refunds entailed by the expansion of the credit 185.20 rates provided in Laws 2000, chapter 490, article 4, section 17, for individuals with 185.21 qualifying children over the rates provided in Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 2, section 185.22 12, as estimated in paragraph (a), is appropriated to the commissioner of human services 185.23 from the federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) block grant funds, for 185.24

185.25 transfer to the commissioner of revenue for deposit in the general fund.

185.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for transfers in fiscal 185.27 year 2015 and thereafter.

185.28 Sec. 3. <u>APPROPRIATIONS.</u>

Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are
 appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years
 designated.

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186.1	Subd. 2. Adult basic education aid. For adult basic education aid under Minnesota
186.2	Statutes, section 124D.531:
186.3	<u>\$ 49,118,000 2016</u>
186.4	<u>\$</u> <u>50,592,000</u> <u></u> <u>2017</u>
186.5	The 2016 appropriation includes \$4,782,000 for 2015 and \$44,336,000 for 2016.
186.6	The 2017 appropriation includes \$4,926,000 for 2016 and \$45,666,000 for 2017.
106 7	Subd. 2 CED tosts. For normant of (0 noncent of the costs of CED tosts under
186.7	Subd. 3. GED tests. For payment of 60 percent of the costs of GED tests under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D 55:
186.8	Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.55:
186.9	$\frac{\$}{\$} \qquad \frac{125,000}{125,000} \qquad \frac{\dots}{\dots} \qquad \frac{2016}{2017}$
186.10	<u>\$ 125,000 2017</u>
186.11	ARTICLE 12
186.12	STATE AGENCIES
186.13	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 5A.03, is amended to read:
186.14	5A.03 ORGANIZATION APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION.
186.15	Subdivision 1. Placing high school students in Minnesota. (a) An application for
186.16	registration as an international student exchange visitor placement organization must be
186.17	submitted in the form prescribed by the secretary of state. The application must include:
186.18	(1) evidence that the organization meets the standards established by the secretary of
186.19	state by rule;
186.20	(2) the name, address, and telephone number of the organization, its chief executive
186.21	officer, and the person within the organization who has primary responsibility for
186.22	supervising placements within the state;
186.23	(3) the organization's unified business identification number, if any;
186.24	(4) the organization's Office of Exchange Coordination and Designation, United
186.25	States Department of State number, if any;
186.26	(5) evidence of Council on Standards for International Educational Travel listing, if
186.27	any;
186.28	(6) whether the organization is exempt from federal income tax; and
186.29	(7) a list of the organization's placements in Minnesota for the previous academic
186.30	year including the number of students placed, their home countries, the school districts in
186.31	which they were placed, and the length of their placements.
186.32	(b) The application must be signed by the chief executive officer of the organization
186.33	and the person within the organization who has primary responsibility for supervising

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placements within Minnesota. If the secretary of state determines that the application is 187.1 187.2 complete, the secretary of state shall file the application and the applicant is registered. (c) Organizations that have registered shall inform the secretary of state of any 187.3 changes in the information required under paragraph (a), clause (1), within 30 days of the 187.4 change. There is no fee to amend a registration. 187.5 (d) Registration under this chapter is valid for one year. The registration may be 187.6 renewed annually. The fee to renew a registration is \$50 per year. 187.7 (e) Organizations registering for the first time in Minnesota must pay an initial 187.8 registration fee of \$150. 187.9 (f) Fees collected by the secretary of state under this section must be deposited in the 187.10 state treasury and credited to the general fund. 187.11 Subd. 2. Placing Minnesota students in travel abroad programs. (a) A school 187.12 district or charter school with enrolled students who participate in a foreign exchange or 187.13 study or other travel abroad program under a written agreement between the district or 187.14 187.15 charter school and the program provider must use a form developed by the Department of Education to annually report to the department by November 1 the following data 187.16 from the previous school year: 187.17 (1) the number of Minnesota student deaths that occurred while Minnesota students 187.18 were participating in the foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad program and 187.19 187.20 that resulted from Minnesota students participating in the program; (2) the number of Minnesota students hospitalized due to accidents and the illnesses 187.21 that occurred while Minnesota students were participating in the foreign exchange or study 187.22 187.23 or other travel abroad program and that resulted from Minnesota students participating in the program; and 187.24 (3) the name and type of the foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad 187.25 program and the city or region where the reported death, hospitalization due to accident, 187.26 or the illness occurred. 187.27 (b) School districts and charter schools must ask but must not require enrolled 187.28 eligible students and the parents or guardians of other enrolled students who complete 187.29 a foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad program to disclose the information 187.30 187.31 under paragraph (a). (c) When reporting the data under paragraph (a), a school district or charter school 187.32 may supplement the data with a brief explanatory statement. The Department of Education 187.33 annually must aggregate and publish the reported data on the department Web site in 187.34 a format that facilitates public access to the aggregated data and include links to both 187.35 the United States Department of State's Consular Information Program that informs the 187.36

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public of conditions abroad that may affect students' safety and security and the publicly 188.1 188.2 available reports on sexual assaults and other criminal acts affecting students participating in a foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad program. 188.3 (d) School districts and charter schools with enrolled students who participate in 188.4 foreign exchange or study or other travel abroad programs under a written agreement 188.5 between the district or charter school and the program provider are encouraged to adopt 188.6 policies supporting the programs and to include program standards in their policies to 188.7 ensure students' health and safety. 188.8 (e) To be eligible under this subdivision to provide a foreign exchange or study or 188.9 other travel abroad program to Minnesota students enrolled in a school district or charter 188.10 school, a program provider annually must register with the secretary of state and provide 188.11 the following information on a form developed by the secretary of state: the name, 188.12 address, and telephone number of the program provider, its chief executive officer, and 188.13 the person within the provider's organization who is primarily responsible for supervising 188.14 188.15 programs within the state; the program provider's unified business identification number, if any; whether the program provider is exempt from federal income tax; a list of the 188.16 program provider's placements in foreign countries for the previous school year including 188.17 the number of Minnesota students placed, where Minnesota students were placed, and 188.18 the length of their placement; the terms and limits of the medical and accident insurance 188.19 188.20 available to cover participating students and the process for filing a claim; and the signatures of the program provider's chief executive officer and the person primarily 188.21 responsible for supervising Minnesota students' placements in foreign countries. If the 188.22 188.23 secretary of state determines the registration is complete, the secretary of state shall file the registration and the program provider is registered. Registration with the secretary of state 188.24 must not be considered or represented as an endorsement of the program provider by the 188.25 secretary of state. The secretary of state annually must publish on its Web site aggregated 188.26 data under paragraph (c) received from the Department of Education. 188.27 (f) Program providers, annually by August 1, must provide the data required under 188.28 paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3), to the districts and charter schools with enrolled students 188.29 participating in the provider's program. 188.30 (g) The Department of Education must publish the information it has under 188.31 paragraph (c), but it is not responsible for any errors or omissions in the information 188.32 provided to it by a school district or charter school. A school district or charter school is 188.33 not responsible for omissions in the information provided to it by students and programs. 188.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2015-2016 school year and 188.35

188.36 <u>later.</u>

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 127A.353, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 189.1 Subd. 2. Qualifications. The governor shall select the school trust lands director on 189.2 the basis of outstanding professional qualifications and knowledge of finance, business 189.3 practices, minerals, forest and real estate management, and the fiduciary responsibilities 189.4 of a trustee to the beneficiaries of a trust. The school trust lands director serves in the 189.5 unclassified service for a term of four years. The first term shall end on December 31, 189.6 2016 2020. The governor may remove the school trust lands director for cause. If a 189.7 director resigns or is removed for cause, the governor shall appoint a director for the 189.8 remainder of the term. 189.9

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 127A.70, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 189.10 Subdivision 1. Establishment; membership. (a) A P-20 education partnership is 189.11 established to create a seamless system of education that maximizes achievements of 189.12 all students, from early childhood through elementary, secondary, and postsecondary 189.13 education, while promoting the efficient use of financial and human resources. The 189.14 partnership shall consist of major statewide educational groups or constituencies or 189.15 noneducational statewide organizations with a stated interest in P-20 education. The initial 189.16 membership of the partnership includes the members serving on the Minnesota P-16 189.17 Education Partnership and four legislators appointed as follows: 189.18

(1) one senator from the majority party and one senator from the minority party,
appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of the Committee on Rules and
Administration; and

(2) one member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the
house and one member appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives.
(b) The chair of the P-16 education partnership must convene the first meeting
of the P-20 partnership. Prospective members may be nominated by any partnership
member and new members will be added with the approval of a two-thirds majority of the
partnership. The partnership will also seek input from nonmember organizations whose
expertise can help inform the partnership's work.

(c) Partnership members shall be represented by the chief executives, presidents, or
other formally designated leaders of their respective organizations, or their designees. The
partnership shall meet at least three times during each calendar year.

(d) The P-20 education partnership shall be the state council for the Interstate
Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children under section 127A.85 with
the chair commissioner or commissioner's designee serving as the compact commissioner
responsible for the administration and management of the state's participation in the

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190.1	compact. When conducting business required under section 127A.85, the P-20 partnership
190.2	shall include a representative from a military installation appointed by the adjutant general
190.3	of the Minnesota National Guard.
190.4	Sec. 4. APPROPRIATIONS; DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.
190.5	Subdivision 1. Department of Education. Unless otherwise indicated, the sums
190.6	indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of
190.7	Education for the fiscal years designated.
190.8	Subd. 2. Department. (a) For the Department of Education:
190.9	<u>\$</u> <u>21,246,000</u> <u></u> <u>2016</u>
190.10	<u>\$ 21,973,000 2017</u>
190.11	Of these amounts:
190.12	(1) \$718,000 each year is for the Board of Teaching;
190.13	(2) \$228,000 in fiscal year 2016 and \$231,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for the Board
190.14	of School Administrators;
190.15	(3) \$1,000,000 each year is for Regional Centers of Excellence under Minnesota
190.16	Statutes, section 120B.115;
190.17	(4) \$500,000 each year is for the School Safety Technical Assistance Center under
190.18	Minnesota Statutes, section 127A.052;
190.19	(5) \$250,000 each year is for the School Finance Division to enhance financial
190.20	data analysis; and
190.21	(6) \$441,000 in fiscal year 2016 and \$720,000 in fiscal year 2017 is for implementing
190.22	Laws 2014, chapter 272, article 1, Minnesota's Learning for English Academic Proficiency
190.23	and Success Act, as amended.
190.24	(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
190.25	(c) None of the amounts appropriated under this subdivision may be used for
190.26	Minnesota's Washington, D.C. office.
190.27	(d) The expenditures of federal grants and aids as shown in the biennial budget
190.28	document and its supplements are approved and appropriated and shall be spent as
190.29	indicated.
190.30	(e) This appropriation includes funds for information technology project services and
190.31	support subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 16E.0466. Any ongoing
190.32	information technology costs will be incorporated into the service level agreement and
190.33	will be paid to the Office of MN.IT Services by the Department of Education under the
190.34	rates and mechanism specified in that agreement.

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191.1	(f) The agency's base but	lget in fiscal year 2018 is \$2	21,973,000. The agency'	's base
191.2	budget in fiscal year 2019 is \$			
191.3	Sec. 5. APPROPRIATION	NS; MINNESOTA STATE	ACADEMIES.	
191.4	(a) The sums indicated in	this section are appropriate	ed from the general fund	to the
191.5	Minnesota State Academies fo	r the Deaf and the Blind for	the fiscal years designat	ted:
191.6		2016		
191.7	<u>\$ 12,819,000</u>	2017		
191.8	(b) Of the amounts approx	priated in paragraph (a), \$7	08,000 in fiscal year 201	16 and
191.9	\$490,000 in fiscal year 2017 a	re for technology enhancem	ents and may be used for	<u>or:</u>
191.10	(1) computer hardware; (2) $contraction (2) contraction (2) c$	mputer software; (3) connec	tivity, communications,	and
191.11	infrastructure; (4) assistive tech	hnology; (5) access to electronic	onic books and other or	ıline
191.12	materials, licenses, and subscri			
191.13	· /	st year does not cancel but i		1 year.
191.14	··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	base in fiscal year 2018 is \$		
191.15	(e) The agency's budget	base in fiscal year 2019 is \$	12,786,000.	
101.16		JG. DEDDICH CENTED I	OD ADTS EDUCATU	
191.16	Sec. 6. <u>APPROPRIATION</u>	on are appropriated from th		
191.17 191.18	Center for Arts Education for t		e general fund to the re	
		<u>_</u>		
191.19 191.20	\$ 6,872,000 \$ 6,973,000	<u>2016</u> 2017		
191.21		st year does not cancel but i	s available in the second	d vear
.,	())			<u> </u>
191.22		ARTICLE 13		
191.23	F	DRECAST ADJUSTMEN	TS	
191.24	Α	. GENERAL EDUCATIO	DN	
191.25	Section 1. Laws 2013, chap	ter 116, article 1, section 58	s, subdivision 2, as amer	nded
191.26	by Laws 2013, chapter 144, se	ction 7, and Laws 2014, cha	upter 312, article 15, sec	tion
191.27	26, is amended to read:			
191.28	Subd. 2. General educa	tion aid. For general education	tion aid under Minneso	ita
191.29	Statutes, section 126C.13, sub-	division 4:		
191.30	\$ 6,851,419,000	2014		
191.31 191.32	6,464,199,000 \$ 6,443,330,000	2015		
171.32	$\Psi 0, \tau \tau \sigma, \sigma \sigma$	2013		

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192.1	The 2014 appropriation in	ncludes \$780,156,000 for 2	2013 and \$6,071,263,000 for
192.2	2014.		
192.3	The 2015 appropriation i	ncludes	6,824,000 for 2014 and
192.4	\$5,875,104,000 <u>\$5,856,506,000</u>	<u>)</u> for 2015.	
192.5	Sec. 2. Laws 2013, chapter	116, article 1, section 58, s	subdivision 3, as amended by
192.6	Laws 2014, chapter 312, article	e 22, section 1, is amended	to read:
192.7	Subd. 3. Enrollment opt	ions transportation. For t	transportation of pupils attending
192.8	postsecondary institutions unde	r Minnesota Statutes, secti	on 124D.09, or for transportation
192.9	of pupils attending nonresident	districts under Minnesota	Statutes, section 124D.03:
192.10	\$ 37,000	. 2014	
192.11 192.12	\$ 36,000	. 2015	
192.12	\$ <u>50,000</u>	. 2015	
102.12	Saa 2 Lawa 2012 abantan	116 article 1 spation 59	aubdivision 4 as amondod by
192.13 192.14	Laws 2014, chapter 312, article		subdivision 4, as amended by
192.14	-		nder Minnesota Statutes, section
192.15	127A.49:		nuci minicista statutes, section
		. 2014	
192.17 192.18	\$ 2,870,000 3,103,000	. 2014	
192.19	\$ <u>2,796,000</u>	. 2015	
192.20	The 2014 appropriation in	ncludes \$301,000 for 2013	and \$2,575,000 for 2014.
192.21	The 2015 appropriation in	ncludes \$286,000 for 2014	and \$2,817,000 \$2,510,000
192.22	for 2015.		
192.23	Sec. 4. Laws 2013, chapter	116, article 1, section 58, s	subdivision 5, as amended by
192.24	Laws 2014, chapter 312, article	e 22, section 3, is amended	to read:
192.25	Subd. 5. Consolidation	transition. For districts co	onsolidating under Minnesota
192.26	Statutes, section 123A.485:		
192.27	\$ 585,000	. 2014	
192.28	\$	2015	

192.29 \$ <u>263,000</u> 2015

192.30The 2014 appropriation includes \$40,000 for 2013 and \$545,000 for 2014.

192.31 The 2015 appropriation includes \$60,000 for 2014 and \$194,000 <u>\$203,000</u> for 2015.

192.32 Sec. 5. Laws 2013, chapter 116, article 1, section 58, subdivision 6, as amended by192.33 Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 15, section 27, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Nonpublic pupil education aid. For nonpublic pupil education aid under
Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.40 to 123B.43 and 123B.87:

 193.3
 \$
 15,867,000

 2014

 193.4
 16,132,000

 2015

 193.5
 \$
 15,569,000

 2015

193.6 The 2014 appropriation includes \$1,898,000 for 2013 and \$13,969,000 for 2014.

193.7 The 2015 appropriation includes \$1,552,000 \$1,394,000 for 2014 and \$14,580,000

193.8 <u>\$14,175,000</u> for 2015.

193.9 Sec. 6. Laws 2013, chapter 116, article 1, section 58, subdivision 7, as amended by193.10 Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 15, section 28, is amended to read:

193.11 Subd. 7. Nonpublic pupil transportation. For nonpublic pupil transportation aid193.12 under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.92, subdivision 9:

 193.13
 \$
 18,500,000

 2014

 193.14
 17,710,000

 2015

 193.15
 \$
 18,118,000

 2015

193.16The 2014 appropriation includes \$2,602,000 for 2013 and \$15,898,000 for 2014.193.17The 2015 appropriation includes \$1,766,000 for 2014 and \$15,944,000 \$16,352,000

193.18 for 2015.

193.19 Sec. 7. Laws 2013, chapter 116, article 1, section 58, subdivision 11, as amended by193.20 Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 22, section 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. Career and technical aid. For career and technical aid under Minnesota
Statutes, section 124D.4531, subdivision 1b:

 193.23
 \$ 3,959,000

 2014

 193.24
 5,172,000

 2015

 193.25
 \$ 5,617,000

 2015

193.26 The 2014 appropriation includes \$0 for 2013 and \$3,959,000 for 2014.

 193.27
 The 2015 appropriation includes \$439,000 \$445,000 for 2014 and \$4,733,000

193.28 <u>\$5,172,000</u> for 2015.

193.29

B. EDUCATION EXCELLENCE

193.30 Sec. 8. Laws 2013, chapter 116, article 3, section 37, subdivision 3, as amended by193.31 Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 22, section 5, is amended to read:

193.32 Subd. 3. Achievement and integration aid. For achievement and integration aid193.33 under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.862:

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194.1 194.2 194.3	\$ \$	55,609,000 62,692,000 63,831,000	2014 2015			
194.4	The 20)14 appropriation	on includes \$	0 for 2013 and \$	655,609,000 for 2014.	
194.5			on includes \$	6,178,000 	<u>6,000</u> for 2014 and \$	56,514,000
194.6	<u>\$57,445,000</u>	for 2015.				
194.7 194.8		-	-	le 3, section 37, on 6, is amende	, subdivision 4, as am d to read:	ended by
194.9	Subd.	4. Literacy in	centive aid.	For literacy inc	entive aid under Mini	nesota
194.10	Statutes, sec	tion 124D.98:				
194.11	\$	50,998,000	2014			
194.12 194.13	\$	47,458,000 44,839,000	2015			
194.13				6,607,000 for 20	013 and \$44,391,000	for 2014.
194.15	The 20	15 appropriatio	on includes \$4	4,932,000 for 20	014 and \$42,526,000	\$39,907,000
194.16	for 2015.					
194.17	Sec. 10.	Laws 2013, cha	apter 116, arti	cle 3, section 37	7, subdivision 5, as ar	nended by
194.18	Laws 2014,	chapter 312, ar	ticle 22, secti	on 7, is amende	d to read:	
194.19	Subd.	5. Interdistric	t desegregat	ion or integrati	on transportation g	r ants. For
194.20	interdistrict	desegregation of	or integration	transportation g	rants under Minnesot	ta Statutes,
194.21	section 124I	D.87:				

194.22	\$ 13,521,000	 2014
194.23	14,248,000	
194.24	\$ 14,261,000	 2015

Sec. 11. Laws 2013, chapter 116, article 3, section 37, subdivision 20, as amended by 194.25 Laws 2013, chapter 144, section 10, and Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 22, section 9, 194.26 is amended to read: 194.27 Subd. 20. Alternative compensation. For alternative teacher compensation aid 194.28 under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.415, subdivision 4: 194.29 71,599,000 194.30 \$ 69,899,000 2015 194.31

The 2015 appropriation includes \$0 for 2014 and \$71,599,000 \$69,899,000 for 2015. 194.32

194.33

C. CHARTER SCHOOLS

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195.1	Sec. 12. Laws 2013, chapter	116, article 4, section 9, s	subdivision 2, as ame	nded by
195.2	Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 2	22, section 10, is amende	d to read:	
195.3	Subd. 2. Charter school b	uilding lease aid. For bu	ilding lease aid under	Minnesota
195.4	Statutes, section 124D.11, subdi-	vision 4:		
195.5	\$ 54,625,000	2014		
195.6	58,294,000	2015		
195.7		2015		2014
195.8	The 2014 appropriation inc			
195.9	The 2015 appropriation inc	cludes \$5,327,000 <u>\$5,270</u>	<u>,000</u> for 2014 and \$5	2,967,000
195.10	<u>\$54,295,000</u> for 2015.			
195.11	D.	SPECIAL PROGRAM	1S	
195.12	Sec. 13. Laws 2013, chapter	116, article 5, section 31,	subdivision 2, as am	ended by
195.13	Laws 2013, chapter 144, section	14, and Laws 2014, chap	pter 312, article 22, s	ection
195.14	11, is amended to read:			
195.15	Subd. 2. Special educatio	n; regular. For special e	ducation aid under M	innesota
195.16	Statutes, section 125A.75:			
195.17	\$ 1,038,465,000	2014		
195.18	1,111,641,000	2015		
195.19	\$ <u>1,109,144,000</u>	2015		
195.20	The 2014 appropriation inc	eludes \$118,183,000 for 2	:013 and \$920,282,00	0 for 2014.
195.21	The 2015 appropriation inc	cludes <u>\$129,549,000 \$12</u>	<u>9,317,000</u> for 2014 a	nd
195.22	\$982,092,000 \$979,827,000 for	2015.		
195.23	Sec. 14. Laws 2013, chapter	116, article 5, section 31,	subdivision 3, as am	ended by
195.24	Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 2	22, section 12, is amende	d to read:	
195.25	Subd. 3. Aid for children	with disabilities. For ai	d under Minnesota S	tatutes,
195.26	section 125A.75, subdivision 3, f	for children with disabilit	ies placed in residenti	ial facilities
195.27	within the district boundaries for	whom no district of resid	dence can be determine	ned:
195.28	\$ 1,548,000	2014		
195.29	\$ 1,674,000 \$ 1,367,000	2015		
195.30				
195.31	If the appropriation for eith	ner year is insufficient, th	e appropriation for th	e other
195.32	year is available.			

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196.1	Sec. 15. Laws 2013, c	hapter 116, article 5, section 31	, subdivision 4, as ar	nended by
196.2	Laws 2014, chapter 312,	article 22, section 13, is amend	ed to read:	
196.3	Subd. 4. Travel for	home-based services. For aid	for teacher travel for	home-based
196.4	services under Minnesota	Statutes, section 125A.75, sub-	division 1:	
196.5	\$ 351,000	2014		
196.6 196.7	\$ 346,000 \$ 351,000	2015		
196.8	The 2014 appropria	tion includes \$45,000 for 2013	and \$306,000 for 20	14.
196.9	The 2015 appropria	tion includes \$33,000 for 2014	and \$313,000 <u>\$318,0</u>	000 for 2015.
196.10	Ε	. FACILITIES AND TECHN	OLOGY	
196.11	Sec. 16. Laws 2013, c	hapter 116, article 6, section 12	, subdivision 2, as ar	nended by
196.12	Laws 2014, chapter 312,	article 22, section 15, is amende	ed to read:	
196.13	Subd. 2. Health an	nd safety revenue. For health a	and safety aid accord	ling to
196.14	Minnesota Statutes, section	on 123B.57, subdivision 5:		
196.15	\$ 471,000	2014		
196.16 196.17	\$ <u>651,000</u> \$ <u>649,000</u>	2015		
196.18	The 2014 appropria	tion includes \$24,000 for 2013	and \$447,000 for 20	14.
196.19	The 2015 appropria	tion includes \$49,000 for 2014	and \$602,000_\$600,0	000 for 2015.
10(20	Sec. 17 Laws 2012	hapter 116, article 6, section 12	gubdivision 6 as ar	nandad by
196.20 196.21		article 22, section 18, is amend		licitated by
196.21	-	maintenance aid. For deferred		cording to
196.23		on 123B.591, subdivision 4:	,	
196.24	\$ 3,877,000			
196.25	4,024,000			
196.26	\$ <u>4,067,000</u>	2015		
196.27	The 2014 appropria	tion includes \$475,000 for 2013	3 and \$3,402,000 for	2014.
196.28	** *	tion includes \$378,000 for 2014	4 and \$3,646,000 <u>\$3</u>,	689,000
196.29	for 2015.			
196.30		F. NUTRITION AND LIBR	ARIES	
196.31	Sec. 18. Laws 2013. c	hapter 116, article 7, section 21	, subdivision 2, as ar	nended by
	,	- · · · · ·		2

196.32 Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 19, section 5, is amended to read:

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197.1	Subd.	. 2. School lun	ich. For scl	hool lunch aid acc	cording to Minnesota	Statutes,
197.2	section 124	D.111, and Co	de of Feder	al Regulations, tit	le 7, section 210.17:	
197.3	\$	12,417,000	201	4		
197.4 197.5	\$	16,185,000 15,506,000	201	5		
197.6	Sec. 19.	Laws 2013, ch	napter 116,	article 7, section 2	21, subdivision 3, as a	mended by
197.7	Laws 2014	, chapter 312, a	rticle 19, se	ection 6, is amend	ed to read:	
197.8	Subd.	. 3. School bre	akfast. Fo	r traditional schoo	l breakfast aid under	Minnesota
197.9	Statutes, se	ection 124D.115	58:			
197.10	\$	5,308,000	201	4		
197.11 197.12	\$	6,176,000 <u>9,168,000</u>	201	5		
197.13	Sec. 20.	Laws 2013, ch	napter 116,	article 7, section 2	21, subdivision 4, as a	mended by
197.14	Laws 2014	, chapter 312, a	rticle 22, se	ection 19, is amen	ded to read:	
197.15	Subd.	. 4. Kindergar	ten milk. H	For kindergarten n	nilk aid under Minnes	ota Statutes,
197.16	section 124	D.118:				
197.17	\$	992,000	201	4		
197.18		1,002,000		_		
197.19	\$	942,000	201	5		

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197.20 G. EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION, SELF-SUFFICIENCY, 197.21 AND LIFELONG LEARNING

197.22 Sec. 21. Laws 2013, chapter 116, article 8, section 5, subdivision 3, as amended by197.23 Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 20, section 17, is amended to read:

197.24 Subd. 3. Early childhood family education aid. For early childhood family
197.25 education aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.135:

 197.26
 \$ 22,797,000 2014

 197.27
 26,651,000

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197.28 \$ <u>26,623,000</u> 2015

197.29The 2014 appropriation includes \$3,008,000 for 2013 and \$19,789,000 for 2014.197.30The 2015 appropriation includes \$2,198,000 for 2014 and \$24,453,000 \$24,425,000197.31for 2015.

197.32 Sec. 22. Laws 2013, chapter 116, article 8, section 5, subdivision 4, as amended by
197.33 Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 22, section 23, is amended to read:

198.1	Subd. 4. Health and developmental screening aid. For health and developmental
198.2	screening aid under Minnesota Statutes, sections 121A.17 and 121A.19:
198.3	\$ 3,524,000 2014
198.4 198.5	\$ <u>3,330,000</u> \$ <u>3,390,000</u> 2015
198.6	The 2014 appropriation includes \$471,000 for 2013 and \$3,053,000 for 2014.
198.7	The 2015 appropriation includes \$339,000 for 2014 and \$2,991,000 <u>\$3,051,000</u>
198.8	for 2015.
198.9	Sec. 23. Laws 2013, chapter 116, article 8, section 5, subdivision 14, as amended by
198.10	Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 20, section 20, is amended to read:
198.11	Subd. 14. Adult basic education aid. For adult basic education aid under
198.12	Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.531:
198.13	\$ 48,776,000 2014
198.14	48,415,000
198.15	\$ <u>47,750,000</u> 2015
198.16	The 2014 appropriation includes \$6,278,000 for 2013 and \$42,498,000 for 2014.
198.17	The 2015 appropriation includes \$4,722,000 \$4,712,000 for 2014 and \$43,693,000

198.18 <u>\$43,038,000</u> for 2015.

APPENDIX Article locations in 15-4523

ARTICLE 1	GENERAL EDUCATION	Page.Ln 2.13
ARTICLE 2	EDUCATION EXCELLENCE	Page.Ln 15.23
ARTICLE 3	STANDARDS AND ASSESSMENTS	Page.Ln 87.1
ARTICLE 4	CHARTER SCHOOLS	Page.Ln 101.31
ARTICLE 5	SPECIAL EDUCATION	Page.Ln 118.16
ARTICLE 6	FACILITIES AND TECHNOLOGY	Page.Ln 152.8
ARTICLE 7	NUTRITION AND ACCOUNTING	Page.Ln 168.12
ARTICLE 8	LIBRARIES	Page.Ln 171.7
ARTICLE 9	EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION	Page.Ln 173.18
ARTICLE 10	PREVENTION	Page.Ln 180.18
ARTICLE 11	SELF-SUFFICIENCY AND LIFELONG LEARNING	Page.Ln 183.11
ARTICLE 12	STATE AGENCIES	Page.Ln 186.11
ARTICLE 13	FORECAST ADJUSTMENTS	Page.Ln 191.22

120B.128 EDUCATIONAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT SYSTEM (EPAS) PROGRAM.

(a) School districts and charter schools may elect to participate in the Educational Planning and Assessment System (EPAS) program offered by ACT, Inc. to provide a longitudinal, systematic approach to student educational and career planning, assessment, instructional support, and evaluation. The EPAS achievement tests include English, reading, mathematics, science, and components on planning for high school and postsecondary education, interest inventory, needs assessments, and student education plans. These tests are linked to the ACT assessment for college admission and allow students, parents, teachers, and schools to determine the student's college readiness before grades 11 and 12.

(b) The commissioner of education shall provide ACT Explore tests for students in grade 8 and the ACT Plan test for students in grade 10 to assess individual student academic strengths and weaknesses, academic achievement and progress, higher order thinking skills, and college readiness.

(c) Students enrolled in grade 8 through the 2011-2012 school year who have not yet demonstrated proficiency on the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments, the graduation-required assessments for diploma, or the basic skills testing requirements prior to high school graduation may satisfy state high school graduation requirements for assessments in reading, mathematics, and writing by taking the graduation-required assessment for diploma in reading, mathematics, or writing under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (2), the WorkKeys job skills assessment, the Compass college placement test, a nationally recognized armed services vocation aptitude test, or the ACT assessment for college admission.

(d) The state shall pay the test costs for public school students to participate in the assessments under this section. The commissioner shall establish an application procedure and a process for state payment of costs.

123B.59 ALTERNATIVE FACILITIES BONDING AND LEVY PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. To qualify. (a) An independent or special school district qualifies to participate in the alternative facilities bonding and levy program if the district has:

(1) more than 66 students per grade;

(2) over 1,850,000 square feet of space and the average age of building space is 15 years or older or over 1,500,000 square feet and the average age of building space is 35 years or older;

(3) insufficient funds from projected health and safety revenue and capital facilities revenue to meet the requirements for deferred maintenance, to make accessibility improvements, or to make fire, safety, or health repairs; and

(4) a ten-year facility plan approved by the commissioner according to subdivision 2.

(b) An independent or special school district not eligible to participate in the alternative facilities bonding and levy program under paragraph (a) qualifies for limited participation in the program if the district has:

(1) one or more health and safety projects with an estimated cost of \$500,000 or more per site that would qualify for health and safety revenue except for the project size limitation in section 123B.57, subdivision 1, paragraph (b); and

(2) insufficient funds from capital facilities revenue to fund those projects.

(c) Notwithstanding the square footage limitation in paragraph (a), clause (2), a school district that qualified for eligibility under paragraph (a) as of July 1, 2007, remains eligible for funding under this section as long as the district continues to meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clauses (1), (3), and (4).

Subd. 2. Facility plan. (a) A district qualifying under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), must have a ten-year facility plan approved by the commissioner that includes an inventory of projects and costs that would be eligible for:

(1) health and safety revenue, without restriction as to project size;

(2) disabled access levy; and

(3) deferred capital expenditures and maintenance projects necessary to prevent further erosion of facilities.

(b) A district qualifying under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), must have a five-year plan that includes an inventory of projects and costs for health and safety projects with an estimated cost of \$500,000 or more per site that would qualify for health and safety revenue except for the project size limitation in section 123B.57, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

(c) The school district must:

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(1) annually update the plans;

(2) biennially submit a facility maintenance plan; and

(3) indicate whether the district will issue bonds to finance the plan or levy for the costs. Subd. 3. Bond authorization. (a) A school district may issue general obligation bonds under this section to finance facilities plans approved by its board and the commissioner. Chapter 475, except sections 475.58 and 475.59, must be complied with. The district may levy under subdivision 5 for the debt service revenue. The authority to issue bonds under this section is in addition to any bonding authority authorized by this chapter, or other law. The amount of bonding authority authorized under this section must be disregarded in calculating the bonding or net debt limits of this chapter, or any other law other than section 475.53, subdivision 4.

(b) At least 20 days before the earliest of solicitation of bids, the issuance of bonds, or the final certification of levies under subdivision 5, the district must publish notice of the intended projects, the amount of the bond issue, and the total amount of district indebtedness.

Subd. 3a. Levy authorization. (a) A school district may levy under this section to finance the portion of facilities plans approved by its board and the commissioner that are not financed through bond issues according to subdivision 3.

(b) At least 20 days before a final district certification of levies under subdivision 5, the district must publish notice of the intended projects, including the total estimated project cost.

Subd. 4. Levy prohibited for capital projects. A district that participates in the alternative facilities bonding and levy program is not eligible to levy and cannot receive aid under sections 123B.57 and 123B.58 for any capital projects funded under this section. A district may levy and receive aid for health and safety environmental management costs and health and safety regulatory, hazard assessment, record keeping, and maintenance programs as defined in section 123A.443, subdivision 2, and approved by the commissioner.

Subd. 5. Levy authorized. A district may levy for costs related to an approved facility plan as follows:

(a) if the district has indicated to the commissioner that bonds will be issued, the district may levy for the principal and interest payments on outstanding bonds issued according to subdivision 3 after reduction for any alternative facilities aid receivable under subdivision 6; or

(b) if the district has indicated to the commissioner that the plan will be funded through levy, the district may levy according to the schedule approved in the plan after reduction for any alternative facilities aid receivable under subdivision 6.

Subd. 6. Alternative facilities aid. A district's alternative facilities aid is the amount equal to the district's annual debt service costs, provided that the amount does not exceed the amount certified to be levied for those purposes for taxes payable in 1997, or for a district that made a levy under subdivision 5, paragraph (b), the lesser of the district's annual levy amount, or one-sixth of the amount of levy that it certified for that purpose for taxes payable in 1998.

Subd. 7. Alternative facilities appropriation. (a) An amount not to exceed \$19,700,000 for fiscal year 2000 and \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2001 and each year thereafter is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of education for payment of alternative facilities aid under subdivision 6.

(b) The appropriation in paragraph (a) must be reduced by the amount of any money specifically appropriated for the same purpose in any year from any state fund.

Subd. 8. **Separate account.** A district must establish a separate account under the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards (UFARS) for this program. If the district's levy exceeds the necessary interest and principal payments and noncapital health and safety costs, the district must reserve the revenue to replace future bonding authority, prepay bonds authorized under this program, or make payments on principal and interest.

123B.591 DEFERRED MAINTENANCE REVENUE.

Subdivision 1. **Eligibility.** An independent or special school district that does not qualify to participate in the alternative facilities bonding and levy under section 123B.59, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), is eligible to receive deferred maintenance revenue.

Subd. 2. **Deferred maintenance revenue.** The deferred maintenance revenue for an eligible school district equals the product of \$64 times the adjusted pupil units for the school year times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's average age of building space to 35 years.

Subd. 3. **Deferred maintenance levy.** To obtain deferred maintenance revenue, a district may levy an amount not more than the product of its deferred maintenance revenue for the fiscal year times the lesser of one or the ratio of its adjusted net tax capacity per adjusted pupil unit to \$5,965.

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Subd. 4. **Deferred maintenance aid.** For fiscal year 2008 and later, a district's deferred maintenance aid equals its deferred maintenance revenue minus its deferred maintenance levy times the ratio of the actual amount levied to the permitted levy.

Subd. 5. **Reserve account.** Deferred maintenance revenue must be maintained in a reserve account within the general fund. Deferred maintenance revenue may be used only for expenditures that would be eligible for alternative facilities bonding and levy revenue under section 123B.59, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), if the district qualified for that revenue under section 123B.59, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).

125A.63 RESOURCE CENTERS; DEAF OR HARD OF HEARING AND BLIND OR VISUALLY IMPAIRED.

Subdivision 1. **Also for multiply disabled.** Resource centers for the deaf or hard of hearing, and the blind or visually impaired, each also serving multiply disabled pupils, are transferred to the Department of Education.

126C.12 LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT REVENUE AMOUNT AND USE.

Subd. 6. **Annual report.** By December 1 of each year, districts receiving revenue under subdivision 1 shall make available to the public a report on the amount of revenue the district has received and the use of the revenue. This report shall be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner and shall include the district average class sizes in kindergarten through grade 6 as of October 1 of the current school year and the class sizes for each site serving kindergarten through grade 6 students in the district. A copy of the report shall be filed with the commissioner by December 15.

126C.13 GENERAL EDUCATION AID.

Subd. 3a. **Student achievement rate.** The commissioner must establish the student achievement rate by July 1 of each year for levies payable in the following year. The student achievement rate must be a rate, rounded up to the nearest hundredth of a percent, that, when applied to the adjusted net tax capacity for all districts, raises the amount specified in this subdivision. The student achievement rate must be the rate that raises \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2015 and later years. The student achievement rate may not be changed due to changes or corrections made to a district's adjusted net tax capacity after the rate has been established.

Subd. 3b. **Student achievement levy.** To obtain general education revenue, a district may levy an amount not to exceed the student achievement rate times the adjusted net tax capacity of the district for the preceding year. If the amount of the student achievement levy would exceed the general education revenue, the student achievement levy must be determined according to subdivision 3c.

Subd. 3c. **Student achievement levy; districts off the formula.** (a) If the amount of the student achievement levy for a district exceeds the district's general education revenue, excluding operating capital revenue, equity revenue, and transition revenue, the amount of the student achievement levy must be limited to the district's general education revenue, excluding operating capital revenue, equity revenue, and transition revenue.

(b) A levy made according to this subdivision shall also be construed to be the levy made according to subdivision 3b.

126C.41 BENEFITS LEVIES.

Subdivision 1. **Health insurance.** (a) A district may levy the amount necessary to make employer contributions for insurance for retired employees under this subdivision.

(b) The school board of a joint vocational technical district formed under the provisions formerly codified as sections 136C.60 to 136C.69 and the school board of a school district may provide employer-paid hospital, medical, and dental benefits to a person who:

(1) is eligible for employer-paid insurance under collective bargaining agreements or personnel plans in effect on June 30, 1992;

(2) has at least 25 years of service credit in the public pension plan of which the person is a member on the day before retirement or, in the case of a teacher, has a total of at least 25 years of service credit in the teachers retirement association, a first-class city teacher retirement fund, or any combination of these;

(3) upon retirement is immediately eligible for a retirement annuity;

(4) is at least 55 and not yet 65 years of age; and

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(5) retires on or after May 15, 1992, and before July 21, 1992.

A school board paying insurance under this subdivision may not exclude any eligible employees.

(c) An employee who is eligible both for the health insurance benefit under this subdivision and for an early retirement incentive under a collective bargaining agreement or personnel plan established by the employer must select either the early retirement incentive provided under the collective bargaining agreement personnel plan or the incentive provided under this subdivision, but may not receive both. For purposes of this subdivision, a person retires when the person terminates active employment and applies for retirement benefits. The retired employee is eligible for single and dependent coverages and employer payments to which the person was entitled immediately before retirement, subject to any changes in coverage and employer and employee payments through collective bargaining or personnel plans, for employees in positions equivalent to the position from which the employee retired. The retired employee is not eligible for employer-paid life insurance. Eligibility ceases when the retired employee attains the age of 65, or when the employee chooses not to receive the retirement benefits for which the employee has applied, or when the employee is eligible for employer-paid health insurance from a new employer. Coverages must be coordinated with relevant health insurance benefits provided through the federally sponsored Medicare program.

(d) Unilateral implementation of this section by a public employer is not an unfair labor practice for purposes of chapter 179A. The authority provided in this subdivision for an employer to pay health insurance costs for certain retired employees is not subject to the limits in section 179A.20, subdivision 2a.

(e) If a school district levies according to this subdivision, it may not also levy according to section 123A.73, subdivision 12, for eligible employees.