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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

14 H. F. No. SPECIAL SESSION

A bill for an act

06/12/2015 Authored by Hamilton

1.1

1.2

The bill was read for the first time

relating to state government; appropriating money for agriculture; making policy and technical changes to various agricultural related provisions, including 1.3 provisions related to pesticides, plant protection, fertilizers, nursery law, 1.4 seeds, dairy, food handlers, food, farmland, farming, and loans; authorizing 1.5 the Industrial Hemp Development Act; modifying license exclusions for the 1.6 direct sale of certain prepared food; establishing the agriculture research, 1.7 education, extension, and technology transfer grant program; providing incentive 1.8 payments; providing a vocational training pilot program; establishing the farm 19 opportunity loan program; requiring studies and reports; creating accounts; 1.10 modifying certain grant, permit, and fee provisions; requiring rulemaking; 1.11 providing criminal penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 1.12 3.737, by adding a subdivision; 13.643, subdivision 1; 18B.01, subdivisions 1.13 28, 29; 18B.05, subdivision 1; 18B.32, subdivision 1; 18B.33, subdivision 1; 1.14 18B.34, subdivision 1; 18C.425, subdivision 6; 18C.70, subdivision 2; 18G.10, 1.15 subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 18H.02, subdivision 20, by adding subdivisions; 18H.06, 1 16 subdivision 2; 18H.07; 18H.17; 18J.01; 18J.02; 18J.03; 18J.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 1.17 3, 4; 18J.05, subdivisions 1, 2, 6; 18J.06; 18J.07, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 18J.09; 1 18 18J.11, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 21.89, subdivision 2; 21.891, 1.19 subdivisions 2, 5; 25.341, subdivision 2; 25.39, subdivisions 1, 1a; 32.075; 1.20 32.105; 41B.03, subdivision 6, by adding a subdivision; 41B.04, subdivision 17; 1.21 41B.043, subdivision 3; 41B.045, subdivisions 3, 4; 41B.046, subdivision 5; 1.22 41B.047, subdivisions 1, as amended, 3, as amended, 4, as amended; 41B.048, 1 23 subdivision 6; 41B.049, subdivision 4; 41B.055, subdivision 3; 41B.056, 1.24 subdivision 2; 41B.06; 135A.52, by adding a subdivision; 375.30, subdivision 2; 1 25 500.24, subdivision 4; 583.215; Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 12, section 3; 1.26 proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 18C; 28A; 41A; 1.27 41B; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18K; repealing 1.28 Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 17.115; 28A.15, subdivisions 9, 10; 116V.03. 1.29 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: 1.30 ARTICLE 1 1.31

Section 1. AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS

1.32

1.33

AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS

06/11/15	REVISOR	JRM/NB	15-4551

2.1	The sums	shown in the columns n	narked "Approp	oriations" are appropr	riated to the
2.2	agencies and fo	r the purposes specified	in this article.	The appropriations ar	re from the
2.3	general fund, o	r another named fund, ar	nd are available	e for the fiscal years i	ndicated
2.4	for each purpos	e. The figures "2016" ar	nd "2017" used	in this article mean	that the
2.5	appropriations	isted under them are ava	ilable for the fi	scal year ending June	e 30, 2016, or
2.6	June 30, 2017,	respectively. "The first ye	ear" is fiscal ye	ar 2016. "The second	l year" is fiscal
2.7	year 2017. "Th	e biennium" is fiscal yea	rs 2016 and 20	<u>17.</u>	
2.8 2.9 2.10 2.11				APPROPRIATI Available for the Ending June 2016	Year Year
2.12	Sec. 2. DEPAR	RTMENT OF AGRICU	<u>LTURE</u>		
2.13	Subdivision 1.	Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	41,485,000 \$	45,537,000
2.14	<u>A</u>	ppropriations by Fund			
2.15		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		
2.16	General	40,907,000	44,959,000		
2.17	Remediation	388,000	388,000		
2.18	Agricultural	190,000	190,000		
2.19	The amounts the	at may be spent for each	<u>1</u>		
2.20	purpose are spe	ecified in the following			
2.21	subdivisions.				
2.22	Subd. 2. Prote	ction Services		16,452,000	16,402,000
2.23	A	ppropriations by Fund			
2.24	_	2016	<u>2017</u>		
2.25	General	15,874,000	15,824,000		
2.26	<u>Agricultural</u>	<u>190,000</u>	190,000		
2.27	Remediation	388,000	388,000		
2.28	\$25,000 the firs	t year and \$25,000 the se	econd		
2.29	year are to dev	elop and maintain cottag	<u>e</u>		
2.30	food license ex	emption outreach and tra	ining		
2.31	materials.				
2.32	\$75,000 the firs	t year is for the commissi	oner,		
2.33	in consultation	with the Northeast Region	<u>onal</u>		
2.34	Corrections Ce	nter and the United Food	<u>1</u>		
2.35	and Commercia	al Workers, to study and			
2.36	provide recomm	nendations for upgrading	the sthe		

3.1	existing processing facility on the campus of
3.2	the Northeast Regional Corrections Center
3.3	into a USDA-certified food processing
3.4	facility. The commissioner shall report these
3.5	recommendations to the chairs of the house
3.6	of representatives and senate committees
3.7	with jurisdiction over agriculture finance by
3.8	March 15, 2016.
3.9	\$75,000 the second year is for a coordinator
3.10	for the correctional facility vocational
3.11	training pilot program.
3.12	\$388,000 the first year and \$388,000 the
3.13	second year are from the remediation fund
3.14	for administrative funding for the voluntary
3.15	cleanup program.
3.16	\$225,000 the first year and \$175,000
3.17	the second year are for compensation
3.18	for destroyed or crippled animals under
3.19	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737. This
3.20	appropriation may be spent to compensate
3.21	for animals that were destroyed or crippled
3.22	during fiscal years 2014 and 2015. If the
3.23	amount in the first year is insufficient, the
3.24	amount in the second year is available in the
3.25	first year.
3.26	\$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the
3.27	second year are for compensation for crop
3.28	damage under Minnesota Statutes, section
3.29	3.7371. If the amount in the first year is
3.30	insufficient, the amount in the second year is
3.31	available in the first year.
3.32	If the commissioner determines that claims
3.33	made under Minnesota Statutes, section
3.34	3.737 or 3.7371, are unusually high, amounts
3.35	appropriated for either program may be

4.1	transferred to the appropriation for the other
4.2	program.
4.3	\$70,000 the first year and \$70,000 the second
4.4	year are for additional cannery inspections.
4.5	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
4.6	second year are for increased oversight of
4.7	delegated local health boards.
4.8	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
4.9	second year are to decrease the turnaround
4.10	time for retail food handler plan reviews.
4.11	\$1,024,000 the first year and \$1,024,000 the
4.12	second year are to streamline the retail food
4.13	safety regulatory and licensing experience
4.14	for regulated businesses and to decrease the
4.15	inspection delinquency rate.
4.16	\$1,350,000 the first year and \$1,350,000 the
4.17	second year are for additional inspections of
4.18	food manufacturers and wholesalers.
4.19	\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
4.20	second year are for additional funding for
4.21	dairy inspection services.
4.22	\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
4.23	second year are for additional funding for
4.24	laboratory services operations.
4.25	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000
4.26	the second year are for additional meat
4.27	inspection services, including inspections
4.28	provided under the correctional facility
4.29	vocational training pilot program.
4.30	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
4.31	18B.05, \$90,000 the first year and \$90,000
4.32	the second year are from the pesticide
4.33	regulatory account in the agricultural fund

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5.1	for an increase in the operating budget f	<u>cor</u>		
5.2	the Laboratory Services Division.			
5.3	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the	<u>e</u>		
5.4	second year are from the pesticide regula	ator <u>y</u>		
5.5	account in the agricultural fund to update	<u>te</u>		
5.6	and modify applicator education and train	ning		
5.7	materials.			
5.8 5.9	Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development	<u>l</u>	3,973,000	3,873,000
5.10	The commissioner may provide one-sto	<u>p</u>		
5.11	access for farmers in need of information	n or		
5.12	assistance to obtain or renew licenses, m	neet		
5.13	state regulatory requirements, or resolve	2		
5.14	disputes with state agencies.			
5.15	The commissioner must provide outread	<u>eh</u>		
5.16	to urban farmers regarding the departme	ent's		
5.17	financial and technical assistance progra	<u>ms</u>		
5.18	and must assist urban farmers in applying	g for		
5.19	assistance.			
5.20	\$100,000 the first year is to (1) enhance	the		
5.21	commissioner's efforts to identify existing	<u>ng</u>		
5.22	and emerging opportunities for Minneso	ta's		
5.23	agricultural producers and processors to			
5.24	export their products to Cuba, consistent	with		
5.25	federal law, and (2) effectively commun	icate		
5.26	these opportunities to the producers and	_		
5.27	processors.			
5.28	\$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the	<u>e</u>		
5.29	second year are for transfer to the Minne	<u>esota</u>		
5.30	grown account and may be used as gran	<u>ts</u>		
5.31	for Minnesota grown promotion under			
5.32	Minnesota Statutes, section 17.102. Gra	nts		
5.33	may be made for one year. Notwithstand	ding		
5.34	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the			
5.35	appropriations encumbered under contra	<u>act</u>		

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6.1	on or before June 30, 2017, for Minnesota
6.2	grown grants in this paragraph are available
6.3	<u>until June 30, 2019.</u>
6.4	\$634,000 the first year and \$634,000 the
6.5	second year are for continuation of the dairy
6.6	development and profitability enhancement
6.7	and dairy business planning grant programs
6.8	established under Laws 1997, chapter
6.9	216, section 7, subdivision 2, and Laws
6.10	2001, First Special Session chapter 2,
6.11	section 9, subdivision 2. The commissioner
6.12	may allocate the available sums among
6.13	permissible activities, including efforts to
6.14	improve the quality of milk produced in the
6.15	state, in the proportions that the commissioner
6.16	deems most beneficial to Minnesota's dairy
6.17	farmers. The commissioner must submit
6.18	a detailed accomplishment report and
6.19	a work plan detailing future plans for,
6.20	and anticipated accomplishments from,
6.21	expenditures under this program to the
6.22	chairs and ranking minority members of the
6.23	legislative committees with jurisdiction over
6.24	agriculture policy and finance on or before
6.25	the start of each fiscal year. If significant
6.26	changes are made to the plans in the course
6.27	of the year, the commissioner must notify the
6.28	chairs and ranking minority members.
6.29	The commissioner may use funds
6.30	appropriated in this subdivision for annual
6.31	cost-share payments to resident farmers
6.32	or entities that sell, process, or package
6.33	agricultural products in this state for the costs
6.34	of organic certification. The commissioner
6.35	may allocate these funds for assistance for

8.1	\$10,235,000 the first year and \$10,235,000
8.2	the second year are for the agricultural
8.3	growth, research, and innovation program
8.4	in Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12. No
8.5	later than February 1, 2016, and February
8.6	1, 2017, the commissioner must report to
8.7	the legislative committees with jurisdiction
8.8	over agriculture policy and finance regarding
8.9	the commissioner's accomplishments
8.10	and anticipated accomplishments in
8.11	the following areas: facilitating the
8.12	start-up, modernization, or expansion of
8.13	livestock operations including beginning
8.14	and transitioning livestock operations;
8.15	developing new markets for Minnesota
8.16	farmers by providing more fruits, vegetables,
8.17	meat, grain, and dairy for Minnesota school
8.18	children; assisting value-added agricultural
8.19	businesses to begin or expand, access new
8.20	markets, or diversify products; developing
8.21	urban agriculture; facilitating the start-up,
8.22	modernization, or expansion of other
8.23	beginning and transitioning farms including
8.24	loans under Minnesota Statutes, section
8.25	41B.056; sustainable agriculture on farm
8.26	research and demonstration; development or
8.27	expansion of food hubs and other alternative
8.28	community-based food distribution systems;
8.29	and research on bioenergy, biobased content,
8.30	or biobased formulated products and other
8.31	renewable energy development. The
8.32	commissioner may use up to 4.5 percent
8.33	of this appropriation for costs incurred to
8.34	administer the program. Any unencumbered
8.35	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
8.36	year and is available for the second year.

9.1	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
9.2	16A.28, the appropriations encumbered
9.3	under contract on or before June 30, 2017, for
9.4	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
9.5	grants are available until June 30, 2019.
9.6	The commissioner may use funds
9.7	appropriated for the agricultural growth,
9.8	research, and innovation program as provided
9.9	in this paragraph. The commissioner may
9.10	award grants to owners of Minnesota
9.11	facilities producing bioenergy, biobased
9.12	content, or a biobased formulated product;
9.13	to organizations that provide for on-station,
9.14	on-farm field scale research and outreach to
9.15	develop and test the agronomic and economic
9.16	requirements of diverse strands of prairie
9.17	plants and other perennials for bioenergy
9.18	systems; or to certain nongovernmental
9.19	entities. For the purposes of this paragraph,
9.20	"bioenergy" includes transportation fuels
9.21	derived from cellulosic material, as well as
9.22	the generation of energy for commercial heat,
9.23	industrial process heat, or electrical power
9.24	from cellulosic materials via gasification or
9.25	other processes. Grants are limited to 50
9.26	percent of the cost of research, technical
9.27	assistance, or equipment related to bioenergy,
9.28	biobased content, or biobased formulated
9.29	product production or \$500,000, whichever
9.30	is less. Grants to nongovernmental entities
9.31	for the development of business plans and
9.32	structures related to community ownership
9.33	of eligible bioenergy facilities together may
9.34	not exceed \$150,000. The commissioner
9.35	shall make a good-faith effort to select
9.36	projects that have merit and, when taken

10.1	together, represent a variety of bioenergy
10.2	technologies, biomass feedstocks, and
10.3	geographic regions of the state. Projects
0.4	must have a qualified engineer provide
10.5	certification on the technology and fuel
10.6	source. Grantees must provide reports at the
10.7	request of the commissioner.
0.8	Of the amount appropriated for the
10.9	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
0.10	program in this subdivision, \$1,000,000 the
10.11	first year and \$1,000,000 the second year
10.12	are for distribution in equal amounts to each
10.13	of the state's county fairs to preserve and
0.14	promote Minnesota agriculture.
10.15	Of the amount appropriated for the
10.16	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
10.17	program in this subdivision, \$500,000 in
10.18	fiscal year 2016 and \$1,500,000 in fiscal
10.19	year 2017 are for incentive payments
0.20	under Minnesota Statutes, sections 41A.16,
10.21	41A.17, and 41A.18. If the appropriation
0.22	exceeds the total amount for which all
10.23	producers are eligible in a fiscal year, the
0.24	balance of the appropriation is available
10.25	to the commissioner for the agricultural
10.26	growth, research, and innovation program.
10.27	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
0.28	section 16A.28, the first year appropriation
10.29	is available until June 30, 2017, and the
0.30	second year appropriation is available until
10.31	June 30, 2018. The commissioner may use
10.32	up to 4.5 percent of the appropriation for
10.33	administration of the incentive payment
10.34	programs.

11.1	Of the amount appropriated for the
11.2	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
11.3	program in this subdivision, \$250,000 the first
11.4	year is for grants to communities to develop
11.5	or expand food hubs and other alternative
11.6	community-based food distribution
11.7	systems. Of this amount, \$50,000 is for
11.8	the commissioner to consult with existing
11.9	food hubs, alternative community-based
11.10	food distribution systems, and University
11.11	of Minnesota Extension to identify best
11.12	practices for use by other Minnesota
11.13	communities. No later than December 15,
11.14	2015, the commissioner must report to the
11.15	legislative committees with jurisdiction over
11.16	agriculture and health regarding the status of
11.17	emerging alternative community-based food
11.18	distribution systems in the state along with
11.19	recommendations to eliminate any barriers to
11.20	success. This is a onetime appropriation.
11.21	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
11.22	second year are for grants that enable
11.23	retail petroleum dispensers to dispense
11.24	biofuels to the public in accordance with the
11.25	biofuel replacement goals established under
11.26	Minnesota Statutes, section 239.7911. A
11.27	retail petroleum dispenser selling petroleum
11.28	for use in spark ignition engines for vehicle
11.29	model years after 2000 is eligible for grant
11.30	money under this paragraph if the retail
11.31	petroleum dispenser has no more than 15
11.32	retail petroleum dispensing sites and each
11.33	site is located in Minnesota. The grant
11.34	money received under this paragraph must
11.35	be used for the installation of appropriate
11.36	technology that uses fuel dispensing

12.1	equipment appropriate for at least one fuel		
12.2	dispensing site to dispense gasoline that is		
12.3	blended with 15 percent of agriculturally		
12.4	derived, denatured ethanol, by volume, and		
12.5	appropriate technical assistance related to		
12.6	the installation. A grant award must not		
12.7	exceed 85 percent of the cost of the technical		
12.8	assistance and appropriate technology,		
12.9	including remetering of and retrofits for		
12.10	retail petroleum dispensers and replacement		
12.11	of petroleum dispenser projects. The		
12.12	commissioner may use up to \$35,000 of this		
12.13	appropriation for administrative expenses.		
12.14	The commissioner shall cooperate with		
12.15	biofuel stakeholders in the implementation		
12.16	of the grant program. The commissioner		
12.17	must report to the legislative committees		
12.18	with jurisdiction over agriculture policy and		
12.19	finance by February 1 each year, detailing		
12.20	the number of grants awarded under this		
12.21	paragraph and the projected effect of the grant		
12.22	program on meeting the biofuel replacement		
12.23	goals under Minnesota Statutes, section		
12.24	239.7911. These are onetime appropriations.		
12.25	\$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the second		
12.26	year are for grants to the Southern Minnesota		
12.27	Initiative Foundation to promote local foods		
12.28	through an annual event that raises public		
12.29	awareness of local foods and connects local		
12.30	food producers and processors with potential		
12.31	buyers.		
12.32 12.33	Subd. 5. Administration and Financial Assistance	6,067,000	6,252,000
12.34	\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the		
12.35	second year are for grants to the Center for		
12.36	Rural Policy and Development.		

13.1	The base for the farm-to-foodshelf program
13.2	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000
13.3	each year.
13.4	\$25,000 the first year is for the livestock
13.5	industry study.
13.6	<u>\$47,000</u> the first year and \$47,000 the second
13.7	year are for the Northern Crops Institute.
13.8	These appropriations may be spent to
13.9	purchase equipment.
13.10	\$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the
13.11	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
13.12	Livestock Breeders Association.
13.13	\$235,000 the first year and \$235,000 the
13.14	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
13.15	Agricultural Education and Leadership
13.16	Council for programs of the council under
12.17	Minnagata Statutas, abantar 11D
13.17	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D.
13.17	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the
13.18	
13.18 13.19	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the
	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and
13.18 13.19 13.20	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations
13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02,
13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and
13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations
13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of
13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of
13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid from the state for an annual fair held in
13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid from the state for an annual fair held in the previous calendar year.
13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid from the state for an annual fair held in the previous calendar year. \$1,000 the first year and \$1,000 the second
13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 13.28 13.29 13.30	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid from the state for an annual fair held in the previous calendar year. \$1,000 the first year and \$1,000 the second year are for grants to the Minnesota State
13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 13.28 13.29 13.30 13.31	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid from the state for an annual fair held in the previous calendar year. \$1,000 the first year and \$1,000 the second year are for grants to the Minnesota State Poultry Association.
13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 13.28 13.29	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid from the state for an annual fair held in the previous calendar year. \$1,000 the first year and \$1,000 the second year are for grants to the Minnesota State Poultry Association. \$108,000 the first year and \$108,000 the

14.1	production of forage and turf seed related to
14.2	new and improved varieties; and (2) native
14.3	plants, including plant breeding, nutrient
14.4	management, pest management, disease
14.5	management, yield, and viability. The grant
14.6	recipient may subcontract with a qualified
14.7	third party for some or all of the basic or
14.8	applied research.
14.9	\$550,000 the first year and \$550,000 the
14.10	second year are for grants to Second Harvest
14.11	Heartland on behalf of Minnesota's six
14.12	Second Harvest food banks for the purchase
14.13	of milk for distribution to Minnesota's food
14.14	shelves and other charitable organizations
14.15	that are eligible to receive food from the food
14.16	banks. Milk purchased under the grants must
14.17	be acquired from Minnesota milk processors
14.18	and based on low-cost bids. The milk must be
14.19	allocated to each Second Harvest food bank
14.20	serving Minnesota according to the formula
14.21	used in the distribution of United States
14.22	Department of Agriculture commodities
14.23	under The Emergency Food Assistance
14.24	Program (TEFAP). Second Harvest
14.25	Heartland must submit quarterly reports
14.26	to the commissioner on forms prescribed
14.27	by the commissioner. The reports must
14.28	include, but are not limited to, information
14.29	on the expenditure of funds, the amount
14.30	of milk purchased, and the organizations
14.31	to which the milk was distributed. Second
14.32	Harvest Heartland may enter into contracts
14.33	or agreements with food banks for shared
14.34	funding or reimbursement of the direct
14.35	purchase of milk. Each food bank receiving
14.29 14.30 14.31 14.32	on the expenditure of funds, the amount of milk purchased, and the organizations to which the milk was distributed. Second Harvest Heartland may enter into contracts

15.1	two percent of the grant for administrative
15.2	expenses.
15.3	\$113,000 the first year and \$113,000 the
15.4	second year are for transfer to the Board of
15.5	Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges
15.6	and Universities for statewide mental health
15.7	counseling support to farm families and
15.8	business operators. South Central College
15.9	shall serve as the fiscal agent.
15.10	\$17,000 the first year and \$17,000 the
15.11	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
15.12	Horticultural Society.
15.13	Sec. 3. <u>BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH</u> <u>\$ 5,318,000 \$ 5,384,000</u>
15.14 15.15	Sec. 4. <u>AGRICULTURAL UTILIZATION</u> <u>RESEARCH INSTITUTE</u> \$ 3,643,000 \$ 3,643,000
15.16	Sec. 5. AVIAN INFLUENZA RESPONSE ACTIVITIES; APPROPRIATIONS
15.17	AND TRANSFERS.
15.18	(a) \$3,619,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the
15.19	commissioner of agriculture for avian influenza emergency response activities. The
15.20	commissioner may use money appropriated under this paragraph to purchase necessary
15.21	euthanasia and composting equipment and to reimburse costs incurred by local units of
15.22	government directly related to avian influenza emergency response activities that are not
15.23	eligible for federal reimbursement. This appropriation is available the day following final
15.24	enactment until June 30, 2017.
15.25	(b) \$1,853,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the
15.26	Board of Animal Health for avian influenza emergency response activities. The Board
15.27	may use money appropriated under this paragraph to purchase necessary euthanasia and
15.28	composting equipment. This appropriation is available the day following final enactment
15.29	until June 30, 2017.
15.30	(c) \$103,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the
15.31	commissioner of health for avian influenza emergency response activities. This
15.32	appropriation is available the day following final enactment until June 30, 2017.
13.32	appropriation is available the day following final chaetinent until June 30, 2017.

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16.1	(d) \$350,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the
16.2	commissioner of natural resources for sampling wild animals to detect and monitor the
16.3	avian influenza virus. This appropriation may also be used to conduct serology sampling,
16.4	in consultation with the Board of Animal Health and the University of Minnesota Pomeroy
16.5	Chair in Avian Health, from birds within a control zone and outside of a control zone.
16.6	This appropriation is available the day following final enactment until June 30, 2017.
16.7	(e) \$544,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the
16.8	commissioner of public safety to operate the State Emergency Operation Center in
16.9	coordination with the statewide avian influenza response activities. Appropriations
16.10	under this paragraph may also be used to support a staff person at the state's agricultural
16.11	incident command post in Willmar. This appropriation is available the day following final
16.12	enactment until June 30, 2017.
16.13	(f) The commissioner of management and budget may transfer unexpended balances
16.14	from the appropriations in this section to any state agency for operating expenses related
16.15	to avian influenza emergency response activities. The commissioner of management and
16.16	budget must report each transfer to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate
16.17	Committee on Finance and the house of representatives Committee on Ways and Means.
16.18	(g) In addition to the transfers required under Laws 2015, chapter 65, article 1,
16.19	section 17, no later than September 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and
16.20	budget must transfer \$4,400,000 from the fiscal year 2015 closing balance in the general
16.21	fund to the disaster assistance contingency account in Minnesota Statutes, section 12.221,
16.22	subdivision 6. This amount is available for avian influenza emergency response activities
16.23	as provided in Laws 2015, chapter 65, article 1, section 18.

Sec. 6. RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY; APPROPRIATION.

\$10,000,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2016 from the general fund to the commissioner of agriculture for transfer to the rural finance authority revolving loan account under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.06, for the purposes of disaster recovery loans under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.047. This appropriation is available the day following final enactment until June 30, 2017.

Sec. 7. <u>AVIAN INFLUENZA</u>; <u>FEDERAL FUNDS APPROPRIATION AND</u> REPORTING.

All federal money received in fiscal years 2015 through 2017 by the Board of Animal Health or the commissioner of agriculture, health, natural resources, or public safety to address avian influenza is appropriated in the fiscal year when it is received. Before

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spending federal funds appropriated in this section, the commissioner of management and budget shall report the anticipated federal funds appropriated under this section and their intended purpose to the Legislative Advisory Commission, consistent with the urgent federal funds request procedure under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.3005, subdivision

4. By January 15, 2018, the commissioner of management and budget shall report the actual federal funds received and appropriated under this section and their actual use to the Legislative Advisory Commission.

Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE.

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Sections 5 to 7 are effective the day following final enactment.

17.10 ARTICLE 2

17.11 AGRICULTURE POLICY

- 17.12 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.737, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 6. **Federal reimbursement.** The commissioner must pursue federal reimbursement for any compensation payment issued under this section while:
 - (1) the United States Fish and Wildlife Service lists the Minnesota population of gray wolves as endangered and threatened wildlife under the federal Endangered Species Act; or
 - (2) the federal government otherwise prohibits livestock producers from protecting their livestock from wolf depredation.
- 17.20 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 13.643, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Department of Agriculture data.** (a) **Loan and grant applicant data.** The following data on applicants, collected by the Department of Agriculture in its sustainable agriculture revolving loan and grant programs program under sections 17.115 and section 17.116, are private or nonpublic: nonfarm income; credit history; insurance coverage; machinery and equipment list; financial information; and credit information requests.
 - (b) **Farm advocate data.** The following data supplied by farmer clients to Minnesota farm advocates and to the Department of Agriculture are private data on individuals: financial history, including listings of assets and debts, and personal and emotional status information.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.01, subdivision 28, is amended to read:

Article 2 Sec. 3.

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Subd. 28. **Structural pest.** "Structural pest" means a an invertebrate pest, other than a plant, or commensal rodent in, on, under, or near a structure such as a residential or commercial building.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.01, subdivision 29, is amended to read:

 Subd. 29. **Structural pest control.** "Structural pest control" means the control of any structural pest through the use of a device, a procedure, or application of pesticides or through other means in or around a building or other structures, including trucks, boxcars, ships, aircraft, docks, and fumigation vaults, and the business activity related to use of a device, a procedure, or application of a pesticide.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** A pesticide regulatory account is established in the agricultural fund. Fees, assessments, and penalties collected under this chapter must be deposited in the agricultural fund and credited to the pesticide regulatory account.

 Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and up to \$20,000 per fiscal year may also be used by the commissioner for purposes of section 18H.14, paragraph (e).
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

 Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) A person may not engage in structural pest

 control applications:
 - (1) for hire without a structural pest control license; and
 - (2) as a sole proprietorship, company, partnership, or corporation unless the person is or employs a licensed master in structural pest control operations.
 - (b) A structural pest control licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required by the commissioner.
 - (e) Notwithstanding the licensing requirements of this subdivision, a person may control the following nuisance or economically damaging wild animals, by trapping, without a structural pest control license:
 - (1) fur-bearing animals, as defined in section 97A.015, with a valid trapping license or special permit from the commissioner of natural resources; and
 - (2) skunks, woodehucks, gophers, porcupines, coyotes, moles, and weasels.

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) A person may not apply a pesticide for hire without a commercial applicator license for the appropriate use categories or a structural pest control license.

- (b) A commercial applicator licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The commissioner shall prescribe the information required on the license identification card.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) Except for a licensed commercial applicator, certified private applicator, or licensed structural pest control applicator, a person, including a government employee, may not <u>purchase or use</u> a restricted use pesticide in performance of official duties without having a noncommercial applicator license for an appropriate use category.

- (b) A licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying pesticides and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required by the commissioner.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Payment of inspection fee.** (a) The person who registers and distributes in the state a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411 shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner.
- (b) The person licensed under section 18C.415 who distributes a fertilizer to a person not required to be so licensed shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner, except as exempted under section 18C.421, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
- (c) The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil amendments, or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay an inspection fee of 30 39 cents per ton, and until June 30, 2019, an additional 40 cents per ton, of fertilizer, soil amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this state, with a minimum of \$10 on all tonnage reports. Notwithstanding section 18C.131, the commissioner must deposit all revenue from the additional 40 cent per ton fee in the agricultural fertilizer research and education account in section 18C.80. Products sold or distributed to

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manufacturers or exchanged between them are exempt from the inspection fee imposed by this subdivision if the products are used exclusively for manufacturing purposes.

(d) A registrant or licensee must retain invoices showing proof of fertilizer, plant amendment, or soil amendment distribution amounts and inspection fees paid for a period of three years.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18C.70, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Powers and duties.** The council must review applications and select projects to receive agricultural fertilizer research and education program grants, as authorized in section 18C.71. The council must establish a program to provide grants to research, education, and technology transfer projects related to agricultural fertilizer, soil amendments, and plant amendments. For the purpose of this section, "fertilizer" includes soil amendments and plant amendments, but does not include vegetable or animal manures that are not manipulated. The commissioner is responsible for all fiscal and administrative duties in the first year and may use up to eight percent of program revenue to offset costs incurred. No later than October 1, 2007, the commissioner must provide the council with an estimate of the annual costs the commissioner would incur in administering the program.

Sec. 11. [18C.80] AGRICULTURAL FERTILIZER RESEARCH AND EDUCATION ACCOUNT.

Subdivision 1. Account; appropriation. An agricultural fertilizer research and education account is established in the agricultural fund. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the commissioner for grants determined by the Minnesota Agricultural Fertilizer Research and Education Council under section 18C.71. The commissioner may use up to \$80,000 each fiscal year for direct costs incurred to provide fiscal and administrative support to the council as required under section 18C.70, subdivision 2. The commissioner may also recover associated indirect costs from the account as required under section 16A.127.

Subd. 2. **Expiration.** This section expires June 30, 2020.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. **Cooperative agreements.** The commissioner may enter into cooperative agreements with federal and state agencies for administration of the export certification program. An exporter of plants or plant products desiring to originate shipments from Minnesota to a foreign country requiring a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate must submit an application to the commissioner.

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Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 21.1 Subd. 4. Phytosanitary and export certificates. An exporter of plants or plant 21.2 products desiring to originate shipments from Minnesota to a foreign country requiring 21.3 a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate must submit an application to the 21.4 commissioner. Application for phytosanitary certificates or export certificates must be 21.5 made on forms provided or approved by the commissioner. The commissioner shall may 21.6 conduct inspections of plants, plant products, or facilities for persons that have applied for 21.7 or intend to apply for a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate from the commissioner. 21.8 Inspections must include one or more of the following as requested or required: 21.9 (1) an inspection of the plants or plant products intended for export under a 21.10 phytosanitary certificate or export certificate; 21.11 (2) field inspections of growing plants to determine presence or absence of plant 21.12 diseases, if necessary; 21.13 (3) laboratory diagnosis for presence or absence of plant diseases, if necessary; 21.14 21.15 (4) observation and evaluation of procedures and facilities utilized in handling plants and plant products, if necessary; and 21.16 (5) review of United States Department of Agriculture, Federal Grain Inspection 21.17 Service Official Export Grain Inspection Certificate logs. 21.18 The commissioner may issue a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate if the 21.19 plants or plant products satisfactorily meet the requirements of the importing foreign 21.20 country and the United States Department of Agriculture requirements. The requirements 21.21 of the destination countries must be met by the applicant. 21.22 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 21.23 Subd. 5. Certificate fees. (a) The commissioner shall assess the fees in paragraphs 21.24 21.25 (b) to (f) fees sufficient to recover all costs for the inspection, service, and work performed in carrying out the issuance of a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate. The 21.26 inspection fee must be based on mileage and inspection time. 21.27 (b) Mileage charge: current United States Internal Revenue Service mileage rate. 21.28 (c) Inspection time: \$50 per hour minimum or fee necessary to cover department 21.29 costs. Inspection time includes the driving time to and from the location in addition to 21.30 the time spent conducting the inspection. 21.31 (d) (b) If laboratory analysis or other technical analysis is required to issue a 21.32 certificate, the commissioner must set and collect the fee to recover this additional cost. 21.33

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not to exceed \$300, that is sufficient to recover all processing costs for each phytosanitary

(e) (c) The certificate fee for product value greater than \$250: is \$75 or a fee amount,

or export certificate issued for any single shipment valued at more than \$250 in addition to 22.1 any mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed. 22.2 (f) Certificate fee for product value less than \$250: \$25 for each phytosanitary or 22.3 export certificate issued for any single shipment valued at less than \$250 in addition to 22.4 any mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed. 22.5 (g) (d) For services provided for in subdivision 7 that are goods and services 22.6 provided for the direct and primary use of a private individual, business, or other entity, 22.7 the commissioner must set and collect the fees to cover the cost of the services provided. 22.8 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, subdivision 20, is amended to read: 22.9 Subd. 20. Nursery stock. "Nursery stock" means a plant intended for planting or 22.10 propagation, including, but not limited to, trees, shrubs, vines, perennials, biennials, grafts, 22.11 cuttings, and buds that may be sold for propagation, whether cultivated or wild, and all 22.12 viable parts of these plants. Nursery stock does not include: 22.13 22.14 (1) field and forage crops or sod; (2) the seeds of grasses, cereal grains, vegetable crops, and flowers; 22.15 (3) vegetable plants, bulbs, or tubers; 22.16 (4) cut flowers, unless stems or other portions are intended for propagation; 22.17 (5) annuals; or 22.18 (6) Christmas trees. 22.19 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision 22.20 22.21 to read: Subd. 32a. Sod. "Sod" means the upper portion of soil that contains the roots of 22.22 grasses and the living grass plants. 22.23 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision 22.24 to read: 22.25 Subd. 35. Tropical plant. "Tropical plant" means a plant that has a United States 22.26 Department of Agriculture hardiness zone designation of zone 6 or greater, or an annual 22.27 minimum hardiness temperature of -9 degrees Fahrenheit. 22.28 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 22.29 Subd. 2. Occasional sales. (a) An individual may offer nursery stock for sale and be 22.30

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(1) the gross sales of all nursery stock in a calendar year do not exceed \$2,000;

exempt from the requirement to obtain a nursery stock dealer certificate if:

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(2) all nursery stock sold or distributed by the individual is intended for planting in Minnesota;

- (3) all nursery stock purchased or procured for resale or distribution was grown in Minnesota and has been certified by the commissioner; and
- (4) the individual conducts sales or distributions of nursery stock on ten or fewer days in a calendar year.
- (b) The commissioner may prescribe the conditions of the exempt nursery sales under this subdivision and may conduct routine inspections of the nursery stock offered for sale.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.07, is amended to read:

18H.07 FEE SCHEDULE.

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Subdivision 1. **Establishment of fees.** The commissioner shall establish fees sufficient to allow for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter, including the portion of general support costs and statewide indirect costs of the agency attributable to that function, with a reserve sufficient for up to six months. The commissioner shall review the fee schedule annually in consultation with the Minnesota Nursery and Landscape Advisory Committee. For the certificate year beginning January 1, 2006, the fees are as described in this section.

- Subd. 2. **Nursery stock grower certificate.** (a) A nursery stock grower must pay an annual fee based on the area of all acreage on which nursery stock is grown for eertification as follows:
- 23.21 (1) less than one-half acre, \$150;
- 23.22 (2) from one-half acre to two acres, \$200;
- 23.23 (3) over two acres up to five acres, \$300;
- 23.24 (4) over five acres up to ten acres, \$350;
- 23.25 (5) over ten acres up to 20 acres, \$500;
- 23.26 (6) over 20 acres up to 40 acres, \$650;
- 23.27 (7) over 40 acres up to 50 acres, \$800;
- 23.28 (8) over 50 acres up to 200 acres, \$1,100;
- 23.29 (9) over 200 acres up to 500 acres, \$1,500; and
- 23.30 (10) over 500 acres, \$1,500 plus \$2 for each additional acre.
- 23.31 (b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due
 23.32 must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a
 23.33 maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not postmarked by December 31
 23.34 of the current year.

24.1	(c) A nursery stock grower found operating without a valid nursery stock grower
24.2	certificate cannot offer for sale or sell nursery stock until: (1) payment is received by the
24.3	commissioner for (i) the certificate fee due, and (ii) a penalty equal to the certificate fee
24.4	owed; and (2) a new certificate is issued to the nursery stock grower by the commissioner.
24.5	Subd. 3. Nursery stock dealer certificate. (a) A nursery stock dealer must pay an
24.6	annual fee based on the dealer's gross sales of certified nursery stock per location during
24.7	the most recent certificate year. A certificate applicant operating for the first time must pay
24.8	the minimum fee. The fees per sales location are:
24.9	(1) gross sales up to \$5,000, \$150;
24.10	(2) gross sales over \$5,000 up to \$20,000, \$175;
24.11	(3) gross sales over \$20,000 up to \$50,000, \$300;
24.12	(4) gross sales over \$50,000 up to \$75,000, \$425;
24.13	(5) gross sales over \$75,000 up to \$100,000, \$550;
24.14	(6) gross sales over \$100,000 up to \$200,000, \$675; and
24.15	(7) gross sales over \$200,000, \$800.
24.16	(b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due
24.17	must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a
24.18	maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not postmarked by December 31
24.19	of the current year.
24.20	(c) A nursery stock dealer found operating without a valid nursery stock dealer
24.21	certificate cannot offer for sale or sell nursery stock until: (1) payment is received by the
24.22	commissioner for (i) the certificate fee due, and (ii) a penalty equal to the certificate fee
24.23	owed; and (2) a new certificate is issued to the nursery stock dealer by the commissioner.
24.24	Subd. 4. Reinspection; additional or optional inspection fees. If a reinspection is
24.25	required or an additional inspection is needed or requested a fee must be assessed based
24.26	on mileage and inspection time as follows:
24.27	(1) mileage must be charged at the current United States Internal Revenue Service
24.28	reimbursement rate; and
24.29	(2) inspection time must be charged at the rate of \$50 per hour a rate sufficient to
24.30	recover all inspection costs, including the driving time to and from the location in addition
24.31	to the time spent conducting the inspection.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.17, is amended to read:

18H.17 NURSERY AND PHYTOSANITARY ACCOUNT.

A nursery and phytosanitary account is established in the state treasury. The fees and penalties collected under this chapter and interest attributable to money in the account

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must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the nursery and phytosanitary 25.1 25.2 account in the agricultural fund. Money in the account, including interest earned, is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the administration and enforcement for 25.3 this chapter. The commissioner may spend no more than \$20,000 from the account each 25.4 fiscal year for purposes of section 18H.14, paragraph (e). 25.5 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.01, is amended to read: 25.6 25.7 18J.01 DEFINITIONS. (a) The definitions in sections 18G.02, 18H.02, <u>18K.02</u>, 27.01, 223.16, 231.01, 25.8 and 232.21 apply to this chapter. 25.9 (b) For purposes of this chapter, "associated rules" means rules adopted under this 25.10 chapter, chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232, or sections 21.80 to 21.92. 25.11 25.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.02, is amended to read: 25.13 18J.02 DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER. 25.14 The commissioner shall administer and enforce this chapter, chapters 18G, 18H, 25.15 18K, 27, 223, 231, and 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; and associated rules. 25.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 25.17 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.03, is amended to read: 25.18 18J.03 CIVIL LIABILITY. 25.19 A person regulated by this chapter, chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232, 25.20 or sections 21.80 to 21.92, is civilly liable for any violation of one of those statutes or 25.21 associated rules by the person's employee or agent. 25.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 25.23 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 25.24 Subdivision 1. Access and entry. The commissioner, upon presentation of official 25.25 department credentials, must be granted immediate access at reasonable times to sites 25.26 where a person manufactures, distributes, uses, handles, disposes of, stores, or transports 25.27 seeds, plants, grain, household goods, general merchandise, produce, or other living or 25.28 25.29 nonliving products or other objects regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231,

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or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 2, is amended to r	ead:
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- Subd. 2. **Purpose of entry.** (a) The commissioner may enter sites for:
- (1) inspection of inventory and equipment for the manufacture, storage, handling,
- distribution, disposal, or any other process regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K,</u> 27,
- 26.6 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules;

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- 26.7 (2) sampling of sites, seeds, plants, products, grain, household goods, general
- 26.8 merchandise, produce, or other living or nonliving objects that are manufactured, stored,
- distributed, handled, or disposed of at those sites and regulated under chapter 18G, 18H,
- 26.10 <u>18K,</u> 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules;
- 26.11 (3) inspection of records related to the manufacture, distribution, storage, handling,
- or disposal of seeds, plants, products, grain, household goods, general merchandise,
- produce, or other living or nonliving objects regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, <u>27</u>,
- 26.14 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules;
- 26.15 (4) investigating compliance with chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, <u>27</u>, 223, 231, or 232;
- sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules; or
- 26.17 (5) other purposes necessary to implement chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or
- 26.18 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules.
- 26.19 (b) The commissioner may enter any public or private premises during or after
- regular business hours without notice of inspection when a suspected violation of chapter
- 26.21 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules may
- 26.22 threaten public health or the environment.

26.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Notice of inspection samples and analyses. (a) The commissioner shall
- 26.26 provide the owner, operator, or agent in charge with a receipt describing any samples
- obtained. If requested, the commissioner shall split any samples obtained and provide
- them to the owner, operator, or agent in charge. If an analysis is made of the samples,
- 26.29 a copy of the results of the analysis must be furnished to the owner, operator, or agent
- in charge within 30 days after an analysis has been performed. If an analysis is not
- performed, the commissioner must notify the owner, operator, or agent in charge within 30
- 26.32 days of the decision not to perform the analysis.
- (b) The sampling and analysis must be done according to methods provided for
- under applicable provisions of chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections

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21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules. In cases not covered by those sections and methods or in cases where methods are available in which improved applicability has been demonstrated the commissioner may adopt appropriate methods from other sources.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. **Inspection requests by others.** (a) A person who believes that a violation of chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules has occurred may request an inspection by giving notice to the commissioner of the violation. The notice must be in writing, state with reasonable particularity the grounds for the notice, and be signed by the person making the request.

- (b) If after receiving a notice of violation the commissioner reasonably believes that a violation has occurred, the commissioner shall make a special inspection in accordance with the provisions of this section as soon as practicable, to determine if a violation has occurred.
- (c) An inspection conducted pursuant to a notice under this subdivision may cover an entire site and is not limited to the portion of the site specified in the notice. If the commissioner determines that reasonable grounds to believe that a violation occurred do not exist, the commissioner must notify the person making the request in writing of the determination.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

 Subdivision 1. **Enforcement required.** (a) A violation of chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27,

 27.23 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or an associated rule is a violation of this chapter.
 - (b) Upon the request of the commissioner, county attorneys, sheriffs, and other officers having authority in the enforcement of the general criminal laws must take action to the extent of their authority necessary or proper for the enforcement of chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules or valid orders, standards, stipulations, and agreements of the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. **Commissioner's discretion.** If minor violations of chapter 18G, 18H,
18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules occur or the

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commissioner believes the public interest will be best served by a suitable notice of 28.1 warning in writing, this section does not require the commissioner to: 28.2 (1) report the violation for prosecution; 28.3 28.4 (2) institute seizure proceedings; or (3) issue a withdrawal from distribution, stop-sale, or other order. 28.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 28.6 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.05, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 28.7 28.8 Subd. 6. Agent for service of process. All persons licensed, permitted, registered, or certified under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or 28.9 associated rules must appoint the commissioner as the agent upon whom all legal process 28.10 may be served and service upon the commissioner is deemed to be service on the licensee, 28.11 permittee, registrant, or certified person. 28.12 28.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.06, is amended to read: 28.14 18J.06 FALSE STATEMENT OR RECORD. 28.15 28.16 A person must not knowingly make or offer a false statement, record, or other information as part of: 28.17 (1) an application for registration, license, certification, or permit under chapter 18G, 28.18 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules; 28.19 (2) records or reports required under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; 28.20 sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules; or 28.21 (3) an investigation of a violation of chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; 28.22 sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules. 28.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 28.24 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 28.25 Subd. 3. Cancellation of registration, permit, license, certification. The 28.26 commissioner may cancel or revoke a registration, permit, license, or certification 28.27 provided for under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; 28.28 or associated rules or refuse to register, permit, license, or certify under provisions of 28.29 chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules 28.30 if the registrant, permittee, licensee, or certified person has used fraudulent or deceptive 28.31

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practices in the evasion or attempted evasion of a provision of chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K,</u> 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Service of order or notice. (a) If a person is not available for service of an
order, the commissioner may attach the order to the facility, site, seed or seed container,
plant or other living or nonliving object regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223,
231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules and notify the owner, custodian,
other responsible party, or registrant.

(b) The seed, seed container, plant, or other living or nonliving object regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules may not be sold, used, tampered with, or removed until released under conditions specified by the commissioner, by an administrative law judge, or by a court.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.07, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Unsatisfied judgments.** (a) An applicant for a license, permit, registration, or certification under provisions of this chapter, chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules may not allow a final judgment against the applicant for damages arising from a violation of those statutes or rules to remain unsatisfied for a period of more than 30 days.
 - (b) Failure to satisfy, within 30 days, a final judgment resulting from a violation of this chapter results in automatic suspension of the license, permit, registration, or certification.

29.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.09, is amended to read:

18J.09 CREDITING OF PENALTIES, FEES, AND COSTS.

Penalties, cost reimbursements, fees, and other money collected under this chapter must be deposited into the state treasury and credited to the appropriate nursery and phytosanitary, industrial hemp, or seed account.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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30.1	Subdivision 1. General violation. Except as provided in subdivisions 2 and, 3, and
30.2	4, a person is guilty of a misdemeanor if the person violates this chapter or an order,
30.3	standard, stipulation, agreement, or schedule of compliance of the commissioner.
30.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
30.5	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.11, is amended by adding a subdivision
30.6	to read:
30.7	Subd. 4. Controlled substance offenses. Prosecution under this section does not
30.8	preclude prosecution under chapter 152.
30.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
30.10	Sec. 38. [18K.01] SHORT TITLE.
30.11	This chapter may be referred to as the "Industrial Hemp Development Act."
30.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
30.13	Sec. 39. [18K.02] DEFINITIONS.
30.14	Subdivision 1. Scope. The definitions in this section apply to this chapter.
30.15	Subd. 2. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.
30.16	Subd. 3. Industrial hemp. "Industrial hemp" means the plant Cannabis sativa L.
30.17	and any part of the plant, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol
30.18	concentration of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis. Industrial hemp is not
30.19	marijuana as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 9.
30.20	Subd. 4. Marijuana. "Marijuana" has the meaning given in section 152.01,
30.21	subdivision 9.
30.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
30.23	Sec. 40. [18K.03] AGRICULTURAL CROP; POSSESSION AUTHORIZED.
30.24	Industrial hemp is an agricultural crop in this state. A person may possess, transport,
30.25	process, sell, or buy industrial hemp that is grown pursuant to this chapter.
30.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
30.27	Sec. 41. [18K.04] LICENSING.
30.28	Subdivision 1. Requirement; issuance; presumption. (a) A person must obtain a
30.29	license from the commissioner before growing industrial hemp for commercial purposes.

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31.1	A person must apply to the commissioner in the form prescribed by the commissioner and
31.2	must pay the annual registration and inspection fee established by the commissioner in
31.3	accordance with section 16A.1285, subdivision 2. The license application must include
31.4	the name and address of the applicant and the legal description of the land area or areas
31.5	where industrial hemp will be grown by the applicant.
31.6	(b) When an applicant has paid the fee and completed the application process to the
31.7	satisfaction of the commissioner, the commissioner must issue a license which is valid
31.8	until December 31 of the year of application.
31.9	(c) A person licensed under this section is presumed to be growing industrial hemp
31.10	for commercial purposes.
31.11	Subd. 2. Background check; data classification. The commissioner must require
31.12	each first-time applicant for a license to submit to a background investigation conducted
31.13	by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension as a condition of licensure. As part of the
31.14	background investigation, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension must conduct criminal
31.15	history checks of Minnesota records and is authorized to exchange fingerprints with the
31.16	<u>United States Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of a</u>
31.17	criminal background check of the national files. The cost of the investigation must be paid
31.18	by the applicant. Criminal history records provided to the commissioner under this section
31.19	must be treated as private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.
31.20	Subd. 3. Federal requirements. The applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction
31.21	of the commissioner that the applicant has complied with all applicable federal
31.22	requirements pertaining to the production, distribution, and sale of industrial hemp.
31.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
31.24	Sec. 42. [18K.05] ANNUAL REPORT; SALES NOTIFICATION.
31.25	(a) Annually, a licensee must file with the commissioner:
31.26	(1) documentation demonstrating to the commissioner's satisfaction that the seeds
31.27	planted by the licensee are of a type and variety that contain no more than three-tenths of
31.28	one percent delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol; and
31.29	(2) a copy of any contract to grow industrial hemp.
31.30	(b) Within 30 days, a licensee must notify the commissioner of each sale or
31.31	distribution of industrial hemp grown by the licensee including, but not limited to, the
31.32	name and address of the person receiving the industrial hemp and the amount of industrial
31.33	hemp sold or distributed.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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32.1	Sec. 43. [18K.06] RULEMAKING.
32.2	(a) The commissioner shall adopt rules governing the production, testing, and
32.3	licensing of industrial hemp.
32.4	(b) Rules adopted under paragraph (a) must include, but not be limited to, provisions
32.5	governing:
32.6	(1) the supervision and inspection of industrial hemp during its growth and harvest;
32.7	(2) the testing of industrial hemp to determine delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol levels;
32.8	(3) the use of background checks results required under section 18K.04 to approve
32.9	or deny a license application; and
32.10	(4) any other provision or procedure necessary to carry out the purposes of this
32.11	chapter.
32.12	(c) Rules issued under this section must be consistent with federal law regarding
32.13	the production, distribution, and sale of industrial hemp.
32.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the federal government
32.15	authorizes the commercial production of industrial hemp in this country.
32.16	Sec. 44. [18K.07] FEES.
32.17	Fees collected under this chapter must be credited to the industrial hemp account,
32.18	which is hereby established in the agricultural fund in the state treasury. Interest earned
32.19	in the account accrues to the account. Funds in the industrial hemp account are annually
32.20	appropriated to the commissioner to implement and enforce this chapter.
32.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
32.21	This section is effective the day following final effective.
32.22	Sec. 45. [18K.08] DEFENSE FOR POSSESSION OF MARIJUANA.
32.23	It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution for the possession of marijuana under
32.24	chapter 152 if:
32.25	(1) the defendant possesses industrial hemp grown pursuant to this chapter; or
32.26	(2) the defendant has a valid controlled substance registration from the United States
32.27	Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration, if required under federal law.
22.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final engatment
32.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
32.29	Sec. 46. [18K.09] PILOT PROGRAM; OTHER RESEARCH AUTHORIZED.
32.30	Subdivision 1. Authorized activity. The commissioner may grow or cultivate
32.31	industrial hemp pursuant to a pilot program administered by the commissioner to study
32.32	the growth, cultivation, or marketing of industrial hemp. The commissioner may: (1)

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authorize institutions of higher education to grow or cultivate industrial hemp as part of the commissioner's pilot program or as is necessary to perform other agricultural, renewable energy, or academic research; and (2) contract with public or private entities for testing or other activities authorized under this subdivision. Authorized activity under this section may include collecting seed from wild hemp sources.

- Subd. 2. **Site registration.** Before growing or cultivating industrial hemp pursuant to this section, each site must be registered with and certified by the commissioner. A person must register each site annually in the form prescribed by the commissioner and must pay the annual registration and certification fee established by the commissioner in accordance with section 16A.1285, subdivision 2.
- Subd. 3. **Rulemaking.** The commissioner may adopt rules that govern the pilot program pursuant to this section and Public Law 113-79.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.89, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Permits; issuance and revocation.** The commissioner shall issue a permit to the initial labeler of agricultural, vegetable, flower, and wildflower seeds which are sold for use in Minnesota and which conform to and are labeled under sections 21.80 to 21.92. The categories of permits are as follows:
- (1) for initial labelers who sell 50,000 pounds or less of agricultural seed each calendar year, an annual permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph (b);
- (2) for initial labelers who sell vegetable, flower, and wildflower seed packed for use in home gardens or household plantings, and initial labelers who sell native grasses and wildflower seed in commercial or agricultural quantities, an annual permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), based upon the gross sales from the previous year; and
- (3) for initial labelers who sell more than 50,000 pounds of agricultural seed each calendar year, a permanent permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph (d).

In addition, the person shall furnish to the commissioner an itemized statement of all seeds sold in Minnesota for the periods established by the commissioner. This statement shall be delivered, along with the payment of the fee, based upon the amount and type of seed sold, to the commissioner no later than 30 days after the end of each reporting period. Any person holding a permit shall show as part of the analysis labels or invoices on all agricultural, vegetable, flower, wildflower, tree, or shrub seeds all information the

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commissioner requires. The commissioner may revoke any permit in the event of failure to comply with applicable laws and rules.

- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.891, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 34.3
 - Subd. 2. Seed fee permits. (a) An initial labeler who wishes to sell seed in Minnesota must comply with section 21.89, subdivisions 1 and 2, and the procedures in this subdivision. Each initial labeler who wishes to sell seed in Minnesota must apply to the commissioner to obtain a permit. The application must contain the name and address of the applicant, the application date, and the name and title of the applicant's contact person.
- (b) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause (1), must be accompanied by an application fee of \$50 \$75. 34.10
 - (c) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause (2), must be accompanied by an application fee based on the level of annual gross sales as follows:
- 34.14 (1) for gross sales of \$0 to \$25,000, the annual permit fee is \$50 \$75;
- (2) for gross sales of \$25,001 to \$50,000, the annual permit fee is \$100 \$150; 34.15
- (3) for gross sales of \$50,001 to \$100,000, the annual permit fee is \$200 \$300; 34.16
- (4) for gross sales of \$100,001 to \$250,000, the annual permit fee is \$500 \$750; 34.17
- (5) for gross sales of \$250,001 to \$500,000, the annual permit fee is \$1,000 \$1,500; 34.18 34.19 and
- (6) for gross sales of \$500,001 and above to \$1,000,000, the annual permit fee is 34.20 \$2,000 \$3,000; and 34.21
- (7) for gross sales of \$1,000,001 and above, the annual permit fee is \$4,500. 34.22
- (d) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause 34.23 (3), must be accompanied by an application fee of \$50 \$75. Initial labelers holding seed 34.24 34.25 fee permits covered under this paragraph need not apply for a new permit or pay the application fee. Under this permit category, the fees for the following kinds of agricultural 34.26 seed sold either in bulk or containers are: 34.27
- (1) oats, wheat, and barley, 6.3 9 cents per hundredweight; 34.28
- (2) rye, field beans, soybeans, buckwheat, and flax, 8.4 12 cents per hundredweight; 34.29
- (3) field corn, 29.4 17 cents per hundredweight 80,000 seed unit; 34.30
- (4) forage, lawn and turf grasses, and legumes, 49 69 cents per hundredweight; 34.31
- (5) sunflower, \$1.40 \$1.96 per hundredweight; 34.32
- (6) sugar beet, \$3.29 12 cents per hundredweight 100,000 seed unit; and 34.33
- (7) soybeans, 7.5 cents per 140,000 seed unit; and 34.34

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(7) (8) for any agricultural seed not listed in clauses (1) to (6) (7), the fee for the crop most closely resembling it in normal planting rate applies.

- (e) If, for reasons beyond the control and knowledge of the initial labeler, seed is shipped into Minnesota by a person other than the initial labeler, the responsibility for the seed fees are transferred to the shipper. An application for a transfer of this responsibility must be made to the commissioner. Upon approval by the commissioner of the transfer, the shipper is responsible for payment of the seed permit fees.
- (f) Seed permit fees may be included in the cost of the seed either as a hidden cost or as a line item cost on each invoice for seed sold. To identify the fee on an invoice, the words "Minnesota seed permit fees" must be used.
- (g) All seed fee permit holders must file semiannual reports with the commissioner, even if no seed was sold during the reporting period. Each semiannual report must be submitted within 30 days of the end of each reporting period. The reporting periods are October 1 to March 31 and April 1 to September 30 of each year or July 1 to December 31 and January 1 to June 30 of each year. Permit holders may change their reporting periods with the approval of the commissioner.
- (h) The holder of a seed fee permit must pay fees on all seed for which the permit holder is the initial labeler and which are covered by sections 21.80 to 21.92 and sold during the reporting period.
- (i) If a seed fee permit holder fails to submit a semiannual report and pay the seed fee within 30 days after the end of each reporting period, the commissioner shall assess a penalty of \$100 or eight percent, calculated on an annual basis, of the fee due, whichever is greater, but no more than \$500 for each late semiannual report. A \$15 penalty must be charged when the semiannual report is late, even if no fee is due for the reporting period. Seed fee permits may be revoked for failure to comply with the applicable provisions of this paragraph or the Minnesota seed law.
 - Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.891, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Brand name registration fee.** The fee is \$25_\$50 for each variety registered for sale by brand name.
 - Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 25.341, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Application; fee; term.** A person who is required to have a commercial feed license shall submit an application on a form provided or approved by the commissioner accompanied by a fee of \$25 \$75 paid to the commissioner for each location. A license is not transferable from one person to another, from one ownership to

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another, or from one location to another. The license year is the calendar year. A license expires on December 31 of the year for which it is issued, except that a license is valid through January 31 of the next year or until the issuance of the renewal license, whichever comes first, if the licensee has filed a renewal application with the commissioner on or before December 31 of the year for which the current license was issued. Any person who is required to have, but fails to obtain a license or a licensee who fails to comply with license renewal requirements, shall pay a \$50 \$100 late fee in addition to the license fee.

- Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 25.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

 Subdivision 1. **Amount of fee.** (a) An inspection fee at the rate of 16 cents per ton must be paid to the commissioner on commercial feeds distributed in this state by the person who first distributes the commercial feed, except that:
 - (1) no fee need be paid on:

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- (i) a commercial feed if the payment has been made by a previous distributor; or
- (ii) customer formula feeds if the inspection fee is paid on the commercial feeds which are used as ingredients; or
- (2) a Minnesota feed distributor who can substantiate that greater than 50 percent of the distribution of commercial feed is to purchasers outside the state may purchase commercial feeds without payment of the inspection fee under a tonnage fee exemption permit issued by the commissioner. Such location specific permits shall be issued on a calendar year basis to commercial feed distributors who submit a \$100 nonrefundable application fee and comply with rules adopted by the commissioner relative to record keeping, tonnage of commercial feed distributed in Minnesota, total of all commercial feed tonnage distributed, and all other information which the commissioner may require so as to ensure that proper inspection fee payment has been made.
- (b) In the case of pet food distributed in the state only in packages of ten pounds or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must be submitted annually on forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an annual fee of \$50 \$100 for each product in lieu of the inspection fee. This annual fee is due by July 1. The inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to pet food distributed in packages exceeding ten pounds.
- (c) In the case of specialty pet food distributed in the state only in packages of ten pounds or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must be submitted annually on forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an annual fee of \$25 \$100 for each product in lieu of the inspection fee. This annual fee is

due by July 1. The inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to specialty pet food distributed in packages exceeding ten pounds.

(d) The minimum inspection fee is \$10 \$75 per annual reporting period.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 25.39, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

- Subd. 1a. **Containers of ten pounds or less.** A distributor who is subject to the annual fee specified in subdivision 1, paragraph (b) or (c), shall do the following:
- (1) before beginning distribution, file with the commissioner a listing of pet and specialty pet foods to be distributed in the state only in containers of ten pounds or less, on forms provided by the commissioner. The listing under this clause must be renewed annually before July 1 and is the basis for the payment of the annual fee. New products added during the year must be submitted to the commissioner as a supplement to the annual listing before distribution; and
- (2) if the annual renewal of the listing is not received before July 1 or if an unlisted product is distributed, pay a late filing fee of \$10 \$100 per product in addition to the normal charge for the listing. The late filing fee under this clause is in addition to any other penalty under this chapter.

Sec. 53. [28A.152] COTTAGE FOODS EXEMPTION.

Subdivision 1. Licensing provisions applicability. (a) The licensing provisions of sections 28A.01 to 28A.16 do not apply to the following:

- (1) an individual who prepares and sells food that is not potentially hazardous food, as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 4626.0020, subpart 62, if the following requirements are met:
- (i) the prepared food offered for sale under this clause is labeled to accurately reflect the name and address of the individual preparing and selling the food, the date on which the food was prepared, and the ingredients and any possible allergens; and
- (ii) the individual displays at the point of sale a clearly legible sign or placard stating:

 "These products are homemade and not subject to state inspection."; and
- (2) an individual who prepares and sells home-processed and home-canned food products if the following requirements are met:
- 37.30 (i) the products are pickles, vegetables, or fruits having an equilibrium pH value of 4.6 or lower;
 - (ii) the products are home-processed and home-canned in Minnesota;
- 37.33 (iii) the individual displays at the point of sale a clearly legible sign or placard 37.34 stating: "These canned goods are homemade and not subject to state inspection."; and

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38.1	(iv) each container of the product sold or offered for sale under this clause is
38.2	accurately labeled to provide the name and address of the individual who processed
38.3	and canned the goods, the date on which the goods were processed and canned, and
38.4	ingredients and any possible allergens.
38.5	(b) An individual who qualifies for an exemption under paragraph (a), clause (2), is
38.6	also exempt from the provisions of sections 31.31 and 31.392.
38.7	Subd. 2. Direct sales to consumers. (a) An individual qualifying for an exemption
38.8	under subdivision 1 may sell the exempt food:
38.9	(1) directly to the ultimate consumer;
38.10	(2) at a community event or farmers' market; or
38.11	(3) directly from the individual's home to the consumer, to the extent allowed by
38.12	local ordinance.
38.13	(b) If an exempt food product will be delivered to the ultimate consumer upon sale
38.14	of the food product, the individual who prepared the food product must be the person who
38.15	delivers the food product to the ultimate consumer.
38.16	(c) Food products exempt under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), may not be
38.17	sold outside of Minnesota.
38.18	(d) Food products exempt under subdivision 1 may be sold over the Internet but
38.19	must be delivered directly to the ultimate consumer by the individual who prepared the
38.20	food product. The statement "These products are homemade and not subject to state
38.21	inspection." must be displayed on the Web site that offers the exempt foods for purchase.
38.22	Subd. 3. Limitation on sales. An individual selling exempt foods under this section
38.23	is limited to total sales with gross receipts of \$18,000 or less in a calendar year.
38.24	Subd. 4. Registration. An individual who prepares and sells exempt food under
38.25	subdivision 1 must register annually with the commissioner. The annual registration fee is
38.26	\$50. An individual with \$5,000 or less in annual gross receipts from the sale of exempt
38.27	food under this section is not required to pay the registration fee.
38.28	Subd. 5. Training. (a) An individual with gross receipts between \$5,000 and
38.29	\$18,000 in a calendar year from the sale of exempt food under this section must complete a
38.30	safe food handling training course that is approved by the commissioner before registering
38.31	under subdivision 4. The training shall not exceed eight hours and must be completed
38.32	every three years while the individual is registered under subdivision 4.
38.33	(b) An individual with gross receipts of less than \$5,000 in a calendar year from
38.34	the sale of exempt food under this section must satisfactorily complete an online course
38.35	and exam as approved by the commissioner before registering under subdivision 4. The

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commissioner shall offer the online course and exam under this paragraph at no cost to the individual.

Subd. 6. Local ordinances. This section does not preempt the application of any business licensing requirement or sanitation, public health, or zoning ordinance of a political subdivision.

Subd. 7. Account established. A cottage foods account is created as a separate account in the agricultural fund in the state treasury for depositing money received by the commissioner under this section. Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for purposes of this section.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 32.075, is amended to read:

32.075 TERM OF LICENSE; TRANSFERABILITY; FEES AND PENALTIES.

Every An initial license issued by the commissioner shall be for a period ending expires on the following December 31st day of December next following, and shall is not be transferable. A renewal license is valid for two years and expires on December 31 of the second year. The fee for each such an initial or renewal license shall be \$50 and each renewal thereof shall be \$25 and is \$60. The fee shall be paid to the commissioner before any the commissioner issues an initial or renewal license or renewal thereof is issued. If a license renewal is not applied for on or before January 1 of each year, a penalty of \$10 \$30 shall be imposed. A person who does not renew a license within one year following its December 31 expiration date, except those persons who do not renew such license while engaged in active military service, shall be required to prove competency and qualification pursuant to section 32.073, before a license is issued. The commissioner may require any other person who renews a license to prove competency and qualification in the same manner. All license fees and penalties received by the commissioner shall be paid into the state treasury deposited in the dairy services account in the agricultural fund.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 32.105, is amended to read:

32.105 MILK PROCUREMENT FEE.

Each dairy plant operator within the state must pay to the commissioner on or before the 18th of each month a fee of .71_1.1 cents per hundredweight of milk purchased the previous month. If a milk producer within the state ships milk out of the state for sale, the producer must pay the fee to the commissioner unless the purchaser voluntarily pays the fee.

Producers who ship milk out of state or processors must submit monthly reports as to milk purchases along with the appropriate procurement fee to the commissioner. The commissioner may have access to all relevant purchase or sale records as necessary to

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verify compliance with this section and may require the producer or purchaser to produce records as necessary to determine compliance.

The fees collected under this section must be deposited in the dairy services account in the agricultural fund. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the commissioner to administer this chapter.

Sec. 56. [41A.14] AGRICULTURE RESEARCH, EDUCATION, EXTENSION, AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER GRANT PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. **Duties; grants.** The agriculture research, education, extension, and technology transfer grant program is created. The purpose of the grant program is to provide investments that will most efficiently achieve long-term agricultural productivity increases through improved infrastructure, vision, and accountability. The scope and intent of the grants, to the extent possible, shall provide for a long-term base funding that allows the research grantee to continue the functions of the research, education, and extension efforts to a practical conclusion. Priority for grants shall be given to human infrastructure. The commissioner shall provide grants for:

- (1) agricultural research and technology transfer needs and recipients including agricultural research and extension at the University of Minnesota, research and outreach centers, the College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Sciences, the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station, University of Minnesota Extension Service, the University of Minnesota Veterinary School, the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory, the Stakman-Borlaug Center, and the Minnesota Agriculture Fertilizer Research and Education Council;
 - (2) agriculture rapid response for plant and animal diseases and pests; and
- (3) agricultural education including but not limited to the Minnesota Agriculture

 Education Leadership Council, farm business management, mentoring programs, graduate
 debt forgiveness, and high school programs.
- Subd. 2. **Advisory panel.** In awarding grants under this section, the commissioner must consult with an advisory panel consisting of the following stakeholders:
- 40.29 (1) a representative of the College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource 40.30 Sciences at the University of Minnesota;
 - (2) a representative of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system;
- 40.32 (3) a representative of the Minnesota Farm Bureau;
- 40.33 (4) a representative of the Minnesota Farmers Union;
- 40.34 (5) a person representing agriculture industry statewide;

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41.1	(6) a representative of each of the state commodity councils organized under section
41.2	17.54 and the Minnesota Pork Board;
41.3	(7) a person representing an association of primary manufacturers of forest products;
41.4	(8) a person representing organic or sustainable agriculture; and
41.5	(9) a person representing statewide environment and natural resource conservation
41.6	organizations.
41.7	Subd. 3. Account. An agriculture research, education, extension, and technology
41.8	transfer account is created in the agricultural fund in the state treasury. The account
41.9	consists of money received in the form of gifts, grants, reimbursement, or appropriations
41.10	from any source for any of the purposes provided in subdivision 1, and any interest or
41.11	earnings of the account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of
41.12	agriculture for the purposes under subdivision 1.
41.13	Sec. 57. [41A.15] DEFINITIONS.
41.14	Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of sections 41A.15 to 41A.18, the terms
41.15	defined in this section have the meanings given them.
41.16	Subd. 2. Advanced biofuel. "Advanced biofuel" has the meaning given in section
41.17	<u>239.051</u> , subdivision 1a.
41.18	Subd. 3. Biomass thermal production. "Biomass thermal production" means the
41.19	generation of energy for commercial heat or industrial process heat from a cellulosic
41.20	material or other material composed of forestry or agricultural feedstocks for a new or
41.21	expanding capacity facility or a facility that is displacing existing use of fossil fuel after
41.22	the effective date of this section.
41.23	Subd. 4. Cellulosic biomass. "Cellulosic biomass" means material primarily made
41.24	up of cellulose, hemicellulose, or lingnin, or a combination of those ingredients.
41.25	Subd. 5. Cellulosic sugar. "Cellulosic sugar" means sugar derived from cellulosic
41.26	biomass from agricultural or forestry resources.
41.27	Subd. 6. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.
41.28	Subd. 7. Cover crops. "Cover crops" means grasses, legumes, forbs, or other
41.29	herbaceous plants that are known to be noninvasive and not listed as a noxious weed in
41.30	Minnesota and that are either interseeded into living cash crops or planted on agricultural
41.31	fields during fallow periods for seasonal cover and conservation purposes.
41.32	Subd. 8. MMbtu. "MMbtu" means 1,000,000 British thermal units.
41.33	Subd. 9. Perennial crops. "Perennial crops" means agriculturally produced plants
41.34	that are known to be noninvasive and not listed as a noxious weed in Minnesota and that

have a life cycle of at least three years at the location where the plants are being cultivated.

Biomass from alfalfa produced in a two-year rotation shall be considered a perennial crop.

Subd. 10. Renewable chemical. "Renewable chemical" means a chemical with

biobased content as defined in section 41A.105, subdivision 1a.

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Sec. 58. [41A.16] ADVANCED BIOFUEL PRODUCTION INCENTIVE.

Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this section must source at least 80 percent raw materials from Minnesota. If a facility is sited 50 miles or less from the state border, raw materials may be sourced from within a 100-mile radius. Raw materials must be from agricultural or forestry sources or from solid waste. The facility must be located in Minnesota, must begin production at a specific location by June 30, 2025, and must not begin operating above 95,000 MMbtu of annual biofuel production before July 1, 2015. Eligible facilities include existing companies and facilities that are adding advanced biofuel production capacity, or retrofitting existing capacity, as well as new companies and facilities. Production of conventional corn ethanol and conventional biodiesel is not eligible. Eligible advanced biofuel facilities must produce at least 95,000 MMbtu a year.

- (b) No payments shall be made for advanced biofuel production that occurs after June 30, 2035, for those eligible biofuel producers under paragraph (a).
- (c) An eligible producer of advanced biofuel shall not transfer the producer's eligibility for payments under this section to an advanced biofuel facility at a different location.
- (d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive payments under this section until the producer resumes production.
- (e) Renewable chemical production for which payment has been received under section 41A.17, and biomass thermal production for which payment has been received under section 41A.18, are not eligible for payment under this section.
- Subd. 2. Payment amounts; limits. (a) The commissioner shall make payments to eligible producers of advanced biofuel. The amount of the payment for each eligible producer's annual production is \$2.1053 per MMbtu for advanced biofuel production from cellulosic biomass, and \$1.053 per MMbtu for advanced biofuel production from sugar or starch at a specific location for ten years after the start of production.
- (b) Total payments under this section to an eligible biofuel producer in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 2,850,000 MMbtu of biofuel production.

 Total payments under this section to all eligible biofuel producers in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 17,100,000 MMbtu of biofuel production. The

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commissioner shall award payments on a first-come, first-served basis within the limits of 43.1 43.2 available funding. (c) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more 43.3 than one advanced biofuel facility is considered a single eligible producer. 43.4 Subd. 3. **Perennial and cover crops required.** To be eligible for payment under 43.5 this section, a producer that produces advanced biofuel from agricultural cellulosic 43.6 biomass other than corn kernel fiber or biogas must derive at least the following portions 43.7 of the producer's total eligible MMbtus from perennial crop or cover crop biomass: 43.8 (1) ten percent during the first two years of eligible production; 43.9 (2) 30 percent during the third and fourth years of eligible production; and 43.10 (3) 50 percent during the fifth through tenth years of eligible production. 43.11 43.12 Subd. 4. Cellulosic forestry biomass requirements. All forestry-derived cellulosic biomass must be produced using Minnesota state biomass harvesting guidelines or the 43.13 equivalent. All biomass from brushlands must be produced using Minnesota brushland 43.14 43.15 harvesting biomass harvest guidelines or the equivalent. Forestry-derived cellulosic biomass that comes from land parcels greater than 160 acres must be certified by the Forest 43.16 Stewardship Council, Sustainable Forestry Initiative, or American Tree Farm System. 43.17 Uncertified land from parcels of 160 acres or less and federal land must be harvested by 43.18 a logger who has completed training for biomass harvesting from the Minnesota logger 43.19 education program or the equivalent and have a forest stewardship plan. 43.20 Subd. 5. Agricultural cellulosic biomass sourcing plan. (a) An eligible producer 43.21 who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass must submit a responsible biomass sourcing 43.22 43.23 plan for approval by the commissioner prior to applying for payments under this section. The commissioner shall make the plan publicly available. The plan must: 43.24 (1) provide a detailed explanation of how agricultural cellulosic biomass will be 43.25 43.26 produced and managed in a way that preserves soil quality, does not increase soil and nutrient runoff, avoids introduction of harmful invasive species, limits negative impacts 43.27 on wildlife habitat, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions; 43.28 (2) include the producer's approach to verifying that biomass suppliers are following 43.29 the plan; 43.30 (3) discuss how new technologies and practices that are not yet commercially viable 43.31 may be encouraged and adopted during the life of the facility, and how the producer will 43.32 encourage continuous improvement during the life of the project; 43.33 (4) include specific numeric goals and timelines for making progress; 43.34

(5) require agronomic practices that result in a positive Natural Resources
Conservation Service Soil Conditioning Index score for acres from which biomass from
corn stover will be harvested; and

- (6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil organic matter.
- (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer is in compliance with the plan.
- Subd. 6. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each eligible biofuel producer shall file a claim for payment for advanced biofuel production during the preceding three calendar months. An eligible biofuel producer that files a claim under this subdivision shall include a statement of the eligible biofuel producer's total advanced biofuel production in Minnesota during the quarter covered by the claim. For each claim and statement of total advanced biofuel production filed under this subdivision, the volume of advanced biofuel production must be examined by a CPA firm with a valid permit to practice under chapter 326A, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
- (b) The commissioner must issue payments by November 15, February 15, May 15, and August 15. A separate payment must be made for each claim filed.

Sec. 59. [41A.17] RENEWABLE CHEMICAL PRODUCTION INCENTIVE.

Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this program must source at least 80 percent biobased content, as defined in section 41A.105, subdivision 1a, clause (1), from Minnesota. If a facility is sited 50 miles or less from the state border, biobased content must be sourced from within a 100-mile radius. Biobased content must be from agricultural or forestry sources or from solid waste. The facility must be located in Minnesota, must begin production at a specific location by June 30, 2025, and must not begin production of 3,000,000 pounds of chemicals annually before January 1, 2015. Eligible facilities include existing companies and facilities that are adding production capacity, or retrofitting existing capacity, as well as new companies and

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facilities. Eligible renewable chemical facilities must produce at least 3,000,000 pounds 45.1 per year. Renewable chemicals produced through processes that are fully commercial 45.2 before January 1, 2000, are not eligible. 45.3 (b) No payments shall be made for renewable chemical production that occurs after 45.4 June 30, 2035, for those eligible renewable chemical producers under paragraph (a). 45.5 (c) An eligible producer of renewable chemicals shall not transfer the producer's 45.6 eligibility for payments under this section to a renewable chemical facility at a different 45.7 location. 45.8 (d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive 45.9 payments under this section until the producer resumes production. 45.10 (e) Advanced biofuel production for which payment has been received under section 45.11 41A.16, and biomass thermal production for which payment has been received under 45.12 section 41A.18, are not eligible for payment under this section. 45.13 Subd. 2. Payment amounts; bonus; limits. (a) The commissioner shall make 45.14 45.15 payments to eligible producers of renewable chemicals located in the state. The amount of the payment for each producer's annual production is \$0.03 per pound of sugar-derived 45.16 renewable chemical, \$0.03 per pound of cellulosic sugar, and \$0.06 per pound of 45.17 cellulosic-derived renewable chemical produced at a specific location for ten years after 45.18 the start of production. 45.19 (b) An eligible facility producing renewable chemicals using agricultural cellulosic 45.20 biomass is eligible for a 20 percent bonus payment for each MMbtu produced from 45.21 agricultural biomass that is derived from perennial crop or cover crop biomass. 45.22 45.23 (c) Total payments under this section to an eligible renewable chemical producer in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 99,999,999 pounds of renewable 45.24 chemical production. Total payments under this section to all eligible renewable chemical 45.25 producers in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 599,999,999 pounds of 45.26 renewable chemical production. The commissioner shall award payments on a first-come, 45.27 first-served basis within the limits of available funding. 45.28 (d) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more 45.29 than one renewable chemical production facility is considered a single eligible producer. 45.30 Subd. 3. Cellulosic biomass requirements. All forestry-derived cellulosic biomass 45.31 must be produced using Minnesota state biomass harvesting guidelines or the equivalent. 45.32 All cellulosic biomass from brushlands must be produced using Minnesota brushland 45.33 harvesting biomass harvest guidelines or the equivalent. Forestry-derived cellulosic 45.34 45.35 biomass that comes from land parcels greater than 160 acres must be certified by the Forest Stewardship Council, Sustainable Forestry Initiative, or American Tree Farm System. 45.36

Uncertified land from parcels of 160 acres or less and federal land must be harvested by a logger who has completed training for biomass harvesting from the Minnesota logger education program or the equivalent and have a forest stewardship plan.

- Subd. 4. **Agricultural cellulosic biomass sourcing plan.** (a) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass must submit a responsible biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner prior to applying for payments under this section. The plan must:
- (1) provide a detailed explanation of how agricultural cellulosic biomass will be produced and managed in a way that preserves soil quality, does not increase soil and nutrient runoff, avoids introduction of harmful invasive species, limits negative impacts on wildlife habitat, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions;
- (2) include the producer's approach to verifying that biomass suppliers are following the plan;
- (3) discuss how new technologies and practices that are not yet commercially viable may be encouraged and adopted during the life of the facility, and how the producer will encourage continuous improvement during the life of the project; and
 - (4) include specific numeric goals and timelines for making progress.
- (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer is in compliance with the plan.
- Subd. 5. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each eligible renewable chemical producer shall file a claim for payment for renewable chemical production during the preceding three calendar months. An eligible renewable chemical producer that files a claim under this subdivision shall include a statement of the eligible producer's total renewable chemical production in Minnesota during the quarter covered by the claim. For each claim and statement of total renewable chemical production filed under this paragraph, the volume of renewable chemical production must be examined by a CPA firm with a valid permit to practice under chapter 326A, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

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(b) The commissioner must issue payments by November 15, February 15, May 15, and August 15. A separate payment must be made for each claim filed.

Sec. 60. [41A.18] BIOMASS THERMAL PRODUCTION INCENTIVE.

- Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this section must source at least 80 percent raw materials from Minnesota. If a facility is sited 50 miles or less from the state border, raw materials should be sourced from within a 100-mile radius. Raw materials must be from agricultural or forestry sources. The facility must be located in Minnesota, must have begun production at a specific location by June 30, 2025, and must not begin before July 1, 2015. Eligible facilities include existing companies and facilities that are adding production capacity, or retrofitting existing capacity, as well as new companies and facilities. Eligible biomass thermal production facilities must produce at least 1,000 MMbtu per year.
- (b) No payments shall be made for biomass thermal production that occurs after June 30, 2035, for those eligible biomass thermal producers under paragraph (a).
- (c) An eligible producer of biomass thermal production shall not transfer the producer's eligibility for payments under this section to a biomass thermal production facility at a different location.
- (d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive payments under this section until the producer resumes production.
- (e) Biofuel production for which payment has been received under section 41A.16, and renewable chemical production for which payment has been received under section 41A.17, are not eligible for payment under this section.
- Subd. 2. Payment amounts; bonus; limits; blending. (a) The commissioner shall make payments to eligible producers of biomass thermal located in the state. The amount of the payment for each producer's annual production is \$5.00 per MMbtu of biomass thermal production produced at a specific location for ten years after the start of production.
- (b) An eligible facility producing biomass thermal using agricultural cellulosic biomass is eligible for a 20 percent bonus payment for each MMbtu produced from agricultural biomass that is derived from perennial crop or cover crop biomass.
- (c) Total payments under this section to an eligible thermal producer in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 30,000 MMbtu of thermal production.

 Total payments under this section to all eligible thermal producers in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 150,000 MMbtu of total thermal production. The commissioner shall award payments on a first-come, first-served basis within the limits of available funding.

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(d) An eligible facility may blend a cellulosic feedstock with other fuels in the

48.2	biomass thermal production facility, but only the percentage attributable to cellulosic
48.3	material is eligible to receive payment.
48.4	(e) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more
48.5	than one biomass thermal production facility is considered a single eligible producer.
48.6	Subd. 3. Cellulosic biomass requirements. All forestry-derived cellulosic biomass
48.7	must be produced using Minnesota state biomass harvesting guidelines or the equivalent.
48.8	All biomass from brushland must be produced using Minnesota brushland harvesting
48.9	biomass guidelines or the equivalent. Forestry-derived cellulosic biomass that comes from
48.10	land parcels greater than 160 acres must be certified by the Forest Stewardship Council,
48.11	the Sustainable Forestry Initiative, or American Tree Farm. Uncertified land from parcels
48.12	of 160 acres or less and federal land must be harvested by a logger who has completed
48.13	training for biomass harvesting from the Minnesota logger education program or the
48.14	equivalent and have a forest stewardship plan.
48.15	Subd. 4. Agricultural cellulosic biomass sourcing plan. (a) An eligible producer
	who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass must submit a responsible biomass sourcing
48.16	plan to the commissioner prior to applying for payments under this section. The plan must
48.17	(1) provide a detailed explanation of how agricultural cellulosic biomass will be
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48.19	produced and managed in a way that preserves soil quality, does not increase soil and
48.20	nutrient runoff, avoids introduction of harmful invasive species, limits negative impacts
48.21	on wildlife habitat, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions;
48.22	(2) include the producer's approach to verifying that biomass suppliers are following
48.23	the plan;
48.24	(3) discuss how new technologies and practices that are not yet commercially viable
48.25	may be encouraged and adopted during the life of the facility, and how the producer will
48.26	encourage continuous improvement during the life of the project; and
48.27	(4) include specific numeric goals and timelines for making progress.
48.28	(b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives
48.29	payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible
48.30	biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must
48.31	include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the
48.32	plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall
48.33	perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the
48.34	producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner
48.35	may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer
48.36	is in compliance with the plan.

Subd. 5. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each producer shall file a claim for payment for biomass thermal production during the preceding three calendar months. A producer that files a claim under this subdivision shall include a statement of the producer's total biomass thermal production in Minnesota during the quarter covered by the claim. For each claim and statement of total biomass thermal production filed under this paragraph, the volume of biomass thermal production must be examined by a CPA firm with a valid permit to practice under chapter 326A, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

(b) The commissioner must issue payments by November 15, February 15, May 15, and August 15. A separate payment shall be made for each claim filed.

Sec. 61. [41A.19] REPORT; INCENTIVE PROGRAMS.

By January 15 each year, the commissioner shall report on the incentive programs under sections 41A.16, 41A.17, and 41A.18 to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over environment and agriculture policy and finance. The report shall include information on production and incentive expenditures under the programs.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read: Subd. 6. **Application fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application submitted for a beginning farmer loan or a seller-sponsored loan. The application fee is initially \$50. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fee must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the beginning farmer and seller-sponsored loan programs the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in subdivision 7.

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. Rural Finance Authority administrative account. There is established in the agricultural fund a Rural Finance Authority administrative account. Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture for the administrative expenses of the loan programs administered by the Rural Finance Authority.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.04, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

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Subd. 17. **Application and origination fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application and an origination fee for each loan issued under the loan restructuring program. The origination fee is 1.5 percent of the authority's participation interest in the loan and the application fee is \$50. The authority may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the loan restructuring program the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

Subd. 3. **Application and origination fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application submitted for a participation issued under the agricultural improvement loan program. The application fee is initially \$50. The authority may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the agricultural improvement loan program the Rural Finance Authority administrative

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.043, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.045, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. **Specifications.** No loan may be made to refinance an existing debt. Each loan participation must be secured by a mortgage on real property and such other security as the authority may require.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.045, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. **Application and origination fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application for a loan participation and an origination fee for each loan issued under the livestock expansion loan program. The origination fee initially shall be set at 1.5 percent and the application fee at \$50. The authority may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the livestock expansion loan program the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

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account established in section 41B.03.

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.046, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

- Subd. 5. **Loans.** (a) The authority may participate in a stock loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 4. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$40,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the authority's interest rate must not exceed 50 percent of the lender's interest rate.
- (b) No more than 95 percent of the purchase price of the stock may be financed under this program.
- (c) Security for stock loans must be the stock purchased, a personal note executed by the borrower, and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
- (d) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application for a stock loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.03.
- (e) Stock loans under this program will be made using money in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.
- (f) The authority may not grant stock loans in a cumulative amount exceeding \$2,000,000 for the financing of stock purchases in any one cooperative.
- 51.21 (g) Repayments of financial assistance under this section, including principal and interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.
- Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws 2015, chapter 44, section 27, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The authority shall establish and implement a disaster recovery loan program to help farmers:
 - (1) clean up, repair, or replace farm structures and septic and water systems, as well as replace seed, other crop inputs, feed, and livestock, when damaged by high winds, hail, tornado, or flood;
 - (2) purchase watering systems, irrigation systems, and other drought mitigation systems and practices when drought is the cause of the purchase;
 - (3) restore farmland; or
- 51.33 (4) replace flocks, make building improvements, or obtain an operating line of credit 51.34 if the loss or damage cover the loss of revenue when the replacement, improvements, or

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<u>loss of revenue</u> is due to the confirmed presence of <u>the</u> highly pathogenic avian influenza in a commercial poultry <u>or game flock located</u> in Minnesota.

- Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 3, as amended by Laws 2015, chapter 44, section 28, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Eligibility.** To be eligible for this program, a borrower must:
- 52.6 (1) meet the requirements of section 41B.03, subdivision 1;

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- (2) certify that the damage or loss was (i) sustained within a county that was the subject of (i) a state or federal disaster declaration or (ii) a peacetime emergency declaration made by the governor under section 12.31 due to the confirmed presence of the highly pathogenic avian influenza in a commercial poultry or game flock located in Minnesota;
 - (3) demonstrate an ability to repay the loan; and
- (4) for loans under subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (3), have a total net worth, including assets and liabilities of the borrower's spouse and dependents, of less than \$660,000 in 2004 and an amount in subsequent years which is adjusted for inflation by multiplying that amount by the cumulative inflation rate as determined by the Consumer Price Index; and
- 52.16 (5) (4) have received at least 50 percent of average annual gross income from farming for the past three years.
- Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 4, as amended by Laws 2015, chapter 44, section 29, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. **Loans.** (a) The authority may participate in a disaster recovery loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 3. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$200,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the authority's interest rate must not exceed four percent.
 - (b) Standards for loan amortization shall be set by the Rural Finance Authority not to exceed ten years.
 - (c) Security for the disaster recovery loans must be a personal note executed by the borrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
 - (d) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for a disaster recovery loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established under section 41B.03.

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(e) Disaster recovery loans under this program will be made using money in the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06.

- (f) Repayments of financial assistance under this section, including principal and interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06.
- Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.048, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 6. **Loans.** (a) The authority may disburse loans through a fiscal agent to farmers and agricultural landowners who are eligible under subdivision 5. The total accumulative loan principal must not exceed \$75,000 per loan.
 - (b) The fiscal agent may impose a loan origination fee in the amount of one percent of the total approved loan. This fee is to be paid by the borrower to the fiscal agent at the time of loan closing.
 - (c) The loan may be disbursed over a period not to exceed 12 years.
 - (d) A borrower may receive loans, depending on the availability of funds, for planted areas up to 160 acres for up to:
 - (1) the total amount necessary for establishment of the crop;
 - (2) the total amount of maintenance costs, including weed control, during the first three years; and
 - (3) 70 percent of the estimated value of one year's growth of the crop for years four through 12.
 - (e) Security for the loan must be the crop, a personal note executed by the borrower, an interest in the land upon which the crop is growing, and whatever other security is required by the fiscal agent or the authority. All recording fees must be paid by the borrower.
 - (f) The authority may prescribe forms and establish an application process for applicants to apply for a loan.
 - (g) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for each application for a loan under this program. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.
 - (h) Loans under the program must be made using money in the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06.
- 53.33 (i) All repayments of financial assistance granted under this section, including 53.34 principal and interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established 53.35 under section 41B.06.

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(j) The interest payable on loans made by the authority for the agroforestry loan program must, if funded by revenue bond proceeds, be at a rate not less than the rate on the revenue bonds, and may be established at a higher rate necessary to pay costs associated with the issuance of the revenue bonds and a proportionate share of the cost of administering the program. The interest payable on loans for the agroforestry loan program funded from sources other than revenue bond proceeds must be at a rate determined by the authority.

- (k) Loan principal balance outstanding plus all assessed interest must be repaid within 120 days of harvest, but no later than 15 years from planting.
 - Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.049, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Loans.** (a) The authority may make a direct loan or participate in a loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 3. Repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan. Loans made under this section must be no-interest loans.
- (b) Application for a direct loan or a loan participation must be made on forms prescribed by the authority.
- (c) Standards for loan amortization shall be set by the Rural Finance Authority not to exceed ten years.
- (d) Security for the loans must be a personal note executed by the borrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
 - (e) No loan proceeds may be used to refinance a debt existing prior to application.
- (f) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application for a direct loan or a loan participation. The authority may review the application fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The application fee is initially set at \$100 for a loan under subdivision 1. The fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.
- Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.055, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Loans.** (a) The authority may participate in a livestock equipment loan equal to 90 percent of the purchased equipment value with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 2. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$40,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the authority's interest rate must

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not exceed three percent. The authority may review the interest annually and make adjustments as necessary.

- (b) Standards for loan amortization must be set by the Rural Finance Authority and must not exceed ten years.
- (c) Security for a livestock equipment loan must be a personal note executed by the borrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
 - (d) Refinancing of existing debt is not an eligible purpose.

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- (e) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for a livestock equipment loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The initial application fee is \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.03.
- (f) Loans under this program must be made using money in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.
- Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.056, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.
 - (b) "Intermediary" means any lending institution or other organization of a for-profit or nonprofit nature that is in good standing with the state of Minnesota that has the appropriate business structure and trained personnel suitable to providing efficient disbursement of loan funds and the servicing and collection of loans.
 - (c) "Specialty crops" means agricultural crops, such as annuals, flowers, perennials, and other horticultural products, that are intensively cultivated.
 - (d) "Eligible livestock" means poultry that has been allowed access to the outside, sheep, or goats beef cattle, dairy cattle, swine, poultry, goats, mules, farmed cervidae, ratitae, bison, sheep, horses, and llamas.

Sec. 76. [41B.057] FARM OPPORTUNITY LOAN PROGRAM.

- 55.27 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> **Establishment.** The authority shall establish a farm opportunity loan program to provide loans that enable farmers to:
- (1) add value to crops or livestock produced in Minnesota;
- 55.30 (2) adopt best management practices that emphasize sufficiency and self-sufficiency;
- 55.31 (3) reduce or improve management of agricultural inputs resulting in environmental improvements; or
- 55.33 (4) increase production of on-farm energy.

Subd. 2. Loan criteria. (a) The farm opportunity loan program shall provide loans for purchase of new or used equipment and installation of equipment for projects that make environmental improvements and enhance farm profitability. The loan program shall also be used to add value to crops or livestock produced in Minnesota by, but not limited to, initiating or expanding livestock product processing; purchasing equipment to initiate, upgrade, or modernize value-added agricultural businesses; or increasing farmers' processing and aggregating capacity facilitating entry into farm-to-institution and other markets. Eligible loan uses do not include expenses related to seeds, fertilizer, fuel, or other operating expenses.

- (b) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for a farm opportunity loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The initial application fee is \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.
- (c) Loans may only be made to Minnesota residents engaged in farming. Standards for loan amortization must be set by the Rural Finance Authority and must not exceed ten years.
 - (d) The borrower must show the ability to repay the loan.
 - (e) Refinancing of existing debt is not an eligible expense.
- (f) Loans under this program must be made using money in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.
- Subd. 3. Loan participation. The authority may participate in a farm opportunity loan with an eligible lender, as defined in section 41B.02, subdivision 8, to a farmer or a group of farmers on joint projects who are eligible under subdivision 2, paragraph (c), and who are actively engaged in farming. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$45,000 per individual, whichever is less. For loans to a group made up of four or more individuals, participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$180,000, whichever is less. The interest rate on the loans must not exceed six percent.

Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.06, is amended to read:

41B.06 RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY REVOLVING LOAN ACCOUNT.

There is established in the rural finance administration fund a Rural Finance
Authority revolving loan account that is eligible to receive appropriations and the transfer
of loan funds from other programs. All repayments of financial assistance granted from
this account, including principal and interest, must be deposited into this account. Interest

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earned on money in the account accrues to the account, and the money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture for purposes of the Rural Finance Authority livestock equipment, methane digester, disaster recovery, value-added agricultural product, agroforestry, and agricultural microloan, and farm opportunity loan programs, including costs incurred by the authority to establish and administer the programs.

- Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 135A.52, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6. Farm business management. Minnesota State Colleges and Universities campuses that offer farm business management may specify space availability in the delivery of farm business management courses.
- Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 375.30, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

 Subd. 2. **Wild hemp.** A county board, by resolution, may appropriate and spend money as necessary to spray and otherwise eradicate wild hemp, commonly known as marijuana, on private property within the county. The county board may authorize the use of county equipment, personnel and supplies and materials to spray or otherwise eradicate wild hemp on private property, and may pro rate the expenses involved between the county and owner or occupant of the property. Industrial hemp grown by a person licensed under chapter 18K is not wild hemp.
- Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 500.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

 Subd. 4. **Reports.** (a) The chief executive officer of every pension or investment fund, corporation, limited partnership, limited liability company, or entity that is seeking to qualify for an exemption from the commissioner, and the trustee of a family farm trust that holds any interest in agricultural land or land used for the breeding, feeding, pasturing, growing, or raising of livestock, dairy or poultry, or products thereof, or land used for the production of agricultural crops or fruit or other horticultural products, other than a bona fide encumbrance taken for purposes of security, or which is engaged in farming or proposing to commence farming in this state after May 20, 1973, shall file with the commissioner a report containing the following information and documents:
- (1) the name of the pension or investment fund, corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company and its place of incorporation, certification, or registration;
- (2) the address of the pension or investment plan headquarters or of the registered office of the corporation in this state, the name and address of its registered agent in this state

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and, in the case of a foreign corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company, the address of its principal office in its place of incorporation, certification, or registration;

- (3) the acreage and location listed by quarter-quarter section, township, and county of each lot or parcel of agricultural land or land used for the keeping or feeding of poultry in this state owned or leased by the pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability company;
- (4) the names and addresses of the officers, administrators, directors, or trustees of the pension or investment fund, or of the officers, shareholders owning more than ten percent of the stock, including the percent of stock owned by each such shareholder, the members of the board of directors of the corporation, and the members of the limited liability company, and the general and limited partners and the percentage of interest in the partnership by each partner;
- (5) the farm products which the pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability company produces or intends to produce on its agricultural land;
- (6) with the first report, a copy of the title to the property where the farming operations are or will occur indicating the particular exception claimed under subdivision 3; and
- (7) with the first or second report, a copy of the conservation plan proposed by the soil and water conservation district, and with subsequent reports a statement of whether the conservation plan was implemented.

The report of a corporation, trust, limited liability company, or partnership seeking to qualify hereunder as a family farm corporation, an authorized farm corporation, an authorized livestock farm corporation, a family farm partnership, an authorized farm partnership, a family farm limited liability company, an authorized farm limited liability company, or a family farm trust or under an exemption from the commissioner shall contain the following additional information: the number of shares, partnership interests, or governance and financial rights owned by persons or current beneficiaries of a family farm trust residing on the farm or actively engaged in farming, or their relatives within the third degree of kindred according to the rules of the civil law or their spouses; the name, address, and number of shares owned by each shareholder, partnership interests owned by each partner or governance and financial rights owned by each member, and a statement as to percentage of gross receipts of the corporation derived from rent, royalties, dividends, interest, and annuities. No pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability company shall commence farming in this state until the commissioner has inspected the report and certified that its proposed operations comply with the provisions of this section.

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(b) Every pension or investment fund, limited partnership, trust, corporation, or
limited liability company as described in paragraph (a) shall, prior to April 15 of each
year, file with the commissioner a report containing the information required in paragraph
(a), based on its operations in the preceding calendar year and its status at the end of the
year. A pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability
company that does not file the report by April 15 must pay a \$500 civil penalty. The
penalty is a lien on the land being farmed under subdivision 3 until the penalty is paid.

- (c) The commissioner may, for good cause shown, issue a written waiver or reduction of the civil penalty for failure to make a timely filing of the annual report required by this subdivision. The waiver or reduction is final and conclusive with respect to the civil penalty, and may not be reopened or modified by an officer, employee, or agent of the state, except upon a showing of fraud or malfeasance or misrepresentation of a material fact. The report required under paragraph (b) must be completed prior to a reduction or waiver under this paragraph. The commissioner may enter into an agreement under this paragraph only once for each corporation or partnership.
- (d) A report required under paragraph (a) or (b) must be submitted with a filing fee of \$15. The fee must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the agricultural fund. Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for the administrative expenses of this section.
- 59.20 (d) (e) Failure to file a required report or the willful filing of false information is a gross misdemeanor.
- Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 583.215, is amended to read:
- 59.23 **583.215 EXPIRATION.**

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- 59.24 Sections 336.9-601, subsections (h) and (i); 550.365; 559.209; 582.039; and 583.20 to 583.32, expire June 30, 2016 2017.
- 59.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective May 23, 2016, if the legislature does not meet in regular session in calendar year 2016 before May 23, 2016. If the legislature meets in regular session in calendar year 2016 before May 23, 2016, this section is void.
- Sec. 82. Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 12, section 3, is amended to read:
- 59.30 Sec. 3. AGRICULTURE.

-0- \$

\$

2,750,000

- 59.31 \$2,000,000 in 2015 is for a grant to Second
- 59.32 Harvest Heartland on behalf of the six
- 59.33 Feeding America food banks that serve

60.1	Minnesota to compensate agricultural
60.2	producers and processors for costs incurred
60.3	to harvest and package for transfer surplus
60.4	fruits, vegetables, or other agricultural
60.5	commodities that would otherwise go
60.6	unharvested or, be discarded, or be sold in
60.7	a secondary market. Surplus commodities
60.8	must be distributed statewide to food
60.9	shelves and other charitable organizations
60.10	that are eligible to receive food from the
60.11	food banks. Surplus food acquired under
60.12	this appropriation must be from Minnesota
60.13	producers and processors. Second Harvest
60.14	Heartland must report when required by, and
60.15	in the form prescribed by, the commissioner.
60.16	For fiscal year 2015, Second Harvest
60.17	Heartland may use up to 11 percent of any
60.18	grant received for administrative expenses
60.19	and up to four percent of the grant for
60.20	transportation expenses. For fiscal years
60.21	2016 and 2017, Second Harvest Heartland
60.22	may use up to five percent of any grant
60.23	received for administrative expenses. This
60.24	is a onetime appropriation and is available
60.25	until June 30, 2017.
60.26	The commissioner shall examine how other
60.27	states are implementing the industrial hemp
60.28	research authority provided in Public Law
60.29	113-79 and gauge the interest of Minnesota
60.30	higher education institutions. No later
60.31	than January 15, 2015, the commissioner
60.32	must report the information and items for
60.33	legislative consideration to the legislative
60.34	committees with jurisdiction over agriculture
60.35	policy and finance.

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61.1	\$350,000 in 2015 is for an increase in retail
61.2	food handler inspections.
61.3	\$200,000 in 2015 is added to the
61.4	appropriation in Laws 2013, chapter 114,
61.5	article 1, section 3, subdivision 4, for
61.6	distribution to the state's county fairs. This is
61.7	a onetime appropriation.
61.8	\$200,000 in 2015 is for a grant as determined
61.9	by the commissioner to a public higher
61.10	education institution to research porcine
61.11	epidemic diarrhea virus. This is a onetime
61.12	appropriation and is available until June 30,
61.13	2017.
61.14	Sec. 83. LIVESTOCK INDUSTRY STUDY.
61.15	The commissioner of agriculture must identify causes of the relative growth or
61.16	decline in the number of head of poultry and livestock produced in Minnesota, Iowa,
61.17	North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, and Nebraska over the last ten years, including
61.18	but not limited to the impact of nuisance conditions and lawsuits filed against poultry or
61.19	livestock farms. No later than February 1, 2016, the commissioner must report findings
61.20	by poultry and livestock sector and provide recommendations on how to strengthen and
61.21	expand Minnesota animal agriculture to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over
61.22	agriculture policy and finance.
61.23	Sec. 84. CORRECTIONAL FACILITY VOCATIONAL TRAINING PILOT
61.24	PROGRAM.
61.25	Subdivision 1. Pilot program. The commissioner of agriculture must coordinate
61.26	a pilot program operated by the Northeast Regional Corrections Center to train inmates
61.27	for careers as meat cutters upon release. The commissioner must facilitate program
61.28	development and ensure that the program prepares inmates to meet applicable food safety
61.29	and licensure requirements.
61.30	Subd. 2. Program development. In facilitating development of the pilot program,
61.31	the commissioner must consult with the commissioner of employment and economic
61.32	development and a representative of each of the following organizations:
61.33	(1) Northeast Regional Corrections Center; and

61.34

(2) United Food and Commercial Workers.

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Subd. 3. **Report required.** No later than February 1, 2017, the commissioner must 62.1 62.2 report on the progress and outcomes of the program to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture, economic development, higher education, and public safety. 62.3 Subd. 4. Expiration. This section expires on June 30, 2017. 62.4 Sec. 85. URBAN AGRICULTURE DEVELOPMENT PROPOSAL. 62.5 The commissioner of agriculture must convene interested stakeholders and develop 62.6 a proposal to effectively and efficiently promote urban agriculture in Minnesota cities. 62.7 For purposes of this section, "urban agriculture" means producing agricultural plants, 62.8 poultry, or livestock on public or private property within city limits. No later than January 62.9 15, 2016, the commissioner must report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction 62.10 62.11 over agriculture policy and finance and submit proposed legislation that includes a new definition of urban agriculture if the commissioner and stakeholders determine that a 62.12 different definition more accurately defines urban agriculture. 62.13 62.14 Sec. 86. BALANCES TRANSFERRED; ACCOUNTS ABOLISHED. The balances in the accounts created under Minnesota Statutes, sections 41B.03, 62.15 62.16 subdivision 6; 41B.04, subdivision 17; 41B.043, subdivision 3; and 41B.045, subdivision 4, are transferred to the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established under 62.17 Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.03, subdivision 7, and the original accounts are abolished. 62.18 The balance in the account created under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.115, 62.19 is transferred to the Rural Finance Authority revolving loan account established under 62.20 Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.06, and the original account is abolished. 62.21 Sec. 87. REPEALER. 62.22 62.23 Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 17.115; 28A.15, subdivisions 9 and 10; and 116V.03, are repealed. 62.24 Sec. 88. EFFECTIVE DATE. 62.25 (a) Sections 62 to 77 and section 86 are effective the day following final enactment. 62.26 (b) Laws 2015, chapter 44, sections 22 to 26 and section 29, are effective the day 62.27

Article 2 Sec. 88.

following final enactment.

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17.115 SHARED SAVINGS LOAN PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The commissioner shall establish a shared savings loan program to provide loans that enable farmers to adopt best management practices that emphasize sufficiency and self-sufficiency in agricultural inputs, including energy efficiency, reduction or improved management of inputs, increasing energy production by agricultural producers, and environmental improvements.

- Subd. 2. **Loan criteria.** (a) The shared savings loan program must provide loans for purchase of new or used machinery and installation of equipment for projects that make environmental improvements and enhance farm profitability. Eligible loan uses do not include seed, fertilizer, or fuel.
- (b) Loans may not exceed \$40,000 per individual applying for a loan and may not exceed \$160,000 for loans to four or more individuals on joint projects. The loan repayment period may be up to seven years as determined by project cost and energy savings. The interest rate on the loans must not exceed six percent.
 - (c) Loans may only be made to residents of this state engaged in farming.
- Subd. 3. **Awarding of loans.** (a) Applications for loans must be made to the commissioner on forms prescribed by the commissioner.
- (b) The applications must be reviewed, ranked, and recommended by a loan review panel appointed by the commissioner. The loan review panel shall consist of two lenders with agricultural experience, two resident farmers of the state using sustainable agriculture methods, two resident farmers of the state using organic agriculture methods, a farm management specialist, a representative from a postsecondary education institution, and a chair from the department.
 - (c) The loan review panel shall rank applications according to the following criteria:
 - (1) realize savings to the cost of agricultural production;
 - (2) reduce or make more efficient use of energy or inputs;
 - (3) increase overall farm profitability; and
 - (4) result in environmental benefits.
 - (d) A loan application must show that the loan can be repaid by the applicant.
- (e) The commissioner must consider the recommendations of the loan review panel and may make loans for eligible projects.
- Subd. 4. **Administration; information dissemination.** The amount in the revolving loan account is appropriated to the commissioner to make loans under this section and administer the loan program. The interest on the money in the revolving loan account and the interest on loans repaid to the state may be spent by the commissioner for administrative expenses. The commissioner shall collect and disseminate information relating to projects for which loans are given under this section.
- Subd. 5. **Farm manure digester technology.** Appropriations in Laws 1998, chapter 401, section 6, must be used for revolving loans for demonstration projects of farm manure digester technology. Notwithstanding the limitations of subdivision 2, paragraphs (b) and (c), loans under this subdivision are no-interest loans in principal amounts not to exceed \$200,000 and may be made to any resident of this state. Loans for one or more projects must be made only after the commissioner seeks applications. Loans under this program may be used as a match for federal loans or grants. Money repaid from loans must be returned to the revolving fund for future projects.

28A.15 EXCLUSIONS.

- Subd. 9. Community event or farmers' market. An individual who prepares and sells food that is not potentially hazardous food, as defined in rules adopted under section 31.11, at a community event or farmers' market with gross receipts of \$5,000 or less in a calendar year from the prepared food items. If the food is not prepared in a kitchen that is licensed or inspected, the seller must post a visible sign or placard stating that: "These products are homemade and not subject to state inspection." Prepared foods sold under this subdivision must be labeled to accurately reflect the name and address of the person preparing and selling the foods.
- Subd. 10. **Certain home-processed and home-canned foods.** (a) A person who receives less than \$5,000 in gross receipts in a calendar year from the sale of home-processed and home-canned food products and meets the requirements in clauses (1) to (5):
- (1) the products are pickles, vegetables, or fruits having an equilibrium pH value of 4.6 or lower;
 - (2) the products are home-processed and home-canned in Minnesota;

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- (3) the products are sold or offered for sale at a community or social event or a farmers' market in Minnesota;
- (4) the seller displays at the point of sale a clearly legible sign or placard stating: "These canned goods are homemade and not subject to state inspection" unless the products were processed and canned in a kitchen that is licensed or inspected; and
- (5) each container of the product sold or offered for sale under this exemption is accurately labeled to provide the name and address of the person who processed and canned the goods and the date on which the goods were processed and canned.
- (b) A person who qualifies for an exemption under paragraph (a) is also exempt from the provisions of sections 31.31 and 31.392.
 - (c) A person claiming an exemption under this subdivision is urged to:
- (1) attend and successfully complete a better process school recognized by the commissioner; and
- (2) have the recipe and manufacturing process reviewed by a person knowledgeable in the food canning industry and recognized by the commissioner as a process authority.
- (d) The commissioner, in close cooperation with the commissioner of health and the Minnesota Extension Service, shall attempt to maximize the availability of information and technical services and support for persons who wish to home process and home can low acid and acidified food products.

116V.03 APPROPRIATION.

\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2014 and each year thereafter is appropriated from the general fund to the Agricultural Utilization Research Institute established under section 116V.01.