HOUSE BILL NO. 143

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

THIRTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

BY THE HOUSE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

Introduced: 3/27/23

Referred:

A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

- 1 "An Act relating to the Department of Environmental Conservation; relating to
- 2 advanced recycling and advanced recycling facilities; relating to waste; and providing
- 3 for an effective date."

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4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

* **Section 1.** AS 46.03.020 is amended to read:

Sec. 46.03.020. Powers of the department. The department may

- 7 (1) enter into contracts and compliance agreements necessary or 8 convenient to carry out the functions, powers, and duties of the department;
- 9 (2) review and appraise programs and activities of state departments 10 and agencies in light of the policy set out in AS 46.03.010 for the purpose of 11 determining the extent to which the programs and activities are contributing to the 12 achievement of that policy and to make recommendations to the departments and 13 agencies, including environmental guidelines;
- 14 (3) consult with and cooperate with

1	(A) officials and representatives of any nonprofit corporation or
2	organization in the state;
3	(B) persons, organizations, and groups, public and private,
4	using, served by, interested in, or concerned with the environment of the state;
5	(4) appear and participate in proceedings before any state or federal
6	regulatory agency involving or affecting the purposes of the department;
7	(5) undertake studies, inquiries, surveys, or analyses it may consider
8	essential to the accomplishment of the purposes of the department; these activities
9	may be carried out by the personnel of the department or in cooperation with public or
10	private agencies, including educational, civic, and research organizations, colleges,
11	universities, institutes, and foundations;
12	(6) at reasonable times, enter and inspect with the consent of the owner
13	or occupier any property or premises to investigate either actual or suspected sources
14	of pollution or contamination or to ascertain compliance or noncompliance with a
15	regulation that may be adopted under AS 46.03.020 - 46.03.040; information relating
16	to secret processes or methods of manufacture discovered during investigation is
17	confidential;
18	(7) conduct investigations and hold hearings and compel the
19	attendance of witnesses and the production of accounts, books, and documents by the
20	issuance of a subpoena;
21	(8) advise and cooperate with municipal, regional, and other local
22	agencies and officials in the state, to carry out the purposes of this chapter;
23	(9) act as the official agency of the state in all matters affecting the
24	purposes of the department under federal laws now or hereafter enacted;
25	(10) adopt regulations necessary to carry out the purposes of this
26	chapter, including regulations providing for
27	(A) control, prevention, and abatement of air, water, or land or
28	subsurface land pollution;
29	(B) safeguard standards for petroleum and natural gas pipeline
30	construction, operation, modification, or alteration;
31	(C) protection of public water supplies by establishing

1	minimum drinking water standards, and standards for the construction,
2	improvement, and maintenance of public water supply systems;
3	(D) collection and disposal of sewage and industrial waste;
4	(E) collection and disposal of garbage, refuse, and other
5	discarded solid materials from industrial, commercial, agricultural, and
6	community activities or operations;
7	(F) control of pesticides;
8	(G) other purposes as may be required for the implementation
9	of the policy declared in AS 46.03.010;
10	(H) handling, transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of
11	hazardous wastes;
12	(11) inspect the premises of sellers and suppliers of paint, vessels, and
13	marine and boating supplies, and take other actions necessary to enforce
14	AS 46.03.715;
15	(12) notwithstanding any other provision of law, take all actions
16	necessary to receive authorization from the administrator of the United States
17	Environmental Protection Agency to administer and enforce a National Pollutant
18	Discharge Elimination System program in accordance with 33 U.S.C. 1342 (sec. 402,
19	Clean Water Act), 33 U.S.C. 1345 (sec. 405, Clean Water Act), 40 C.F.R. Part 123,
20	and 40 C.F.R. Part 403, as amended;
21	(13) require the owner or operator of a facility to undertake
22	monitoring, sampling, and reporting activities described in 33 U.S.C. 1318 (sec. 308,
23	Clean Water Act);
24	(14) notwithstanding any other provision of law, take all actions
25	necessary to receive federal authorization of a state program for the department and
26	the Department of Natural Resources to administer and enforce a dredge and fill
27	permitting program allowed under 33 U.S.C. 1344 (sec. 404, Clean Water Act) and to
28	implement the program, if authorized;
29	(15) develop manufacturing regulations related to air emissions
30	and water discharges by an advanced recycling facility.
31	* Sec. 2. AS 46.03.900(11) is amended to read:

I	(11) "industrial waste" means a liquid, gaseous, solid, or other waste
2	substance or a combination of them resulting from process of industry, manufacturing
3	trade or business, or from the development of natural resources; "industrial waste"
4	does not include post-use polymers and recovered feedstocks at an advanced
5	recycling facility or [HOWEVER,] gravel, sand, mud, or earth taken from its original
6	situs and put through sluice boxes, dredges, or other devices for the washing and
7	recovery of the precious metal contained in them and redeposited in the same
8	watershed from which it came [IS NOT INDUSTRIAL WASTE];
9	* Sec. 3. AS 46.03.900(17) is amended to read:
10	(17) "other wastes" means garbage, refuse, decayed wood, sawdust,
11	shavings, bark, trimmings from logging operations, sand, lime cinders, ashes, offal,
12	oil, tar, dyestuffs, acids, chemicals, heat from cooling or other operations, and other
13	substances not sewage or industrial waste that [WHICH] may cause or tend to cause
14	pollution of the waters of the state; "other wastes" does not include post-use
15	polymers and recovered feedstocks at an advanced recycling facility;
16	* Sec. 4. AS 46.03.900(26) is amended to read:
17	(26) "solid waste" means garbage, refuse, or abandoned [,] or other
18	discarded solid or semi-solid material, regardless of whether subject to decomposition,
19	originating from any source; "solid waste" does not include post-use polymers and
20	recovered feedstocks at an advanced recycling facility;
21	* Sec. 5. AS 46.03.900(27) is amended to read:
22	(27) "solid waste disposal facility" means a facility for the discharge,
23	deposit, injection, consolidation, or placement of solid waste into or onto the land and
24	includes transfer stations and sanitary landfills, but does not include an advanced
25	recycling facility;
26	* Sec. 6. AS 46.03.900(28) is amended to read:
27	(28) "solid waste processing" means extraction of materials from solid
28	waste, volume reduction, conversion to energy, or other separation and preparation of
29	solid waste for reuse or disposal and includes processing by incinerators, shredders,
30	balers, and transfer stations; "solid waste processing" does not include the
31	extraction of materials from solid waste through advanced recycling;

1	* Sec. 7. AS 46.03.900 is amended by adding new paragraphs to read:
2	(38) "advanced recycling" means the manufacturing process of
3	converting post-use polymers and recovered feedstocks into basic raw materials
4	feedstocks, chemicals, and other recycled products through pyrolysis, gasification
5	depolymerization, catalytic cracking, reforming, hydrogenation, solvolysis
6	chemolysis, or other similar technologies; "advanced recycling" does not include solic
7	waste management, processing, or recovery, incineration, treatment, waste-to-energy
8	processes;
9	(39) "advanced recycling facility" means a manufacturing facility tha
10	receives, stores, and converts post-use polymers and recovered feedstocks into basic
11	raw materials, feedstocks, chemicals, and other recycled products; "advanced
12	recycling facility" does not include a solid waste disposal, management, processing, or
13	recovery facility, final disposal facility, incinerating facility, or waste-to-energy
14	facility;
15	(40) "depolymerization" means a manufacturing process where post-
16	use polymers are broken into smaller molecules, such as monomers and oligomers, or
17	raw, intermediate, final, or other recycled products;
18	(41) "gasification" means a manufacturing process through which post-
19	use polymers or recovered feedstocks are heated in an oxygen-controlled atmosphere
20	and converted into syngas before being converted into raw, intermediate, or final raw
21	materials or products;
22	(42) "mass balance attribution" means a chain of custody accounting
23	methodology with rules defined by a third-party certification system that enables the
24	attribution of the mass of advanced recycling feedstocks to one or more advanced
25	recycling products;
26	(43) "other recycled product" includes monomers, oligomers, plastics
27	plastic and chemical feedstocks, basic and unfinished chemicals, waxes, lubricants
28	coatings, and adhesives;
29	(44) "post-use polymer" means a plastic that
30	(A) is derived from agricultural, commercial, domestic, or
31	industrial activities, including preconsumer and postconsumer materials;

1	(B) has been sorted from solid waste and other regulated waste
2	but may contain residual amounts of waste and incidental contaminants or
3	impurities;
4	(C) is not mixed with solid waste or hazardous waste onsite or
5	during processing at an advanced recycling facility;
6	(D) is used or intended to be used as a feedstock in advanced
7	recycling; and
8	(E) is processed at an advanced recycling facility or held at an
9	advanced recycling facility before processing;
10	(45) "pyrolysis" means a manufacturing process through which post-
11	use polymers or recovered feedstocks are heated in the absence of oxygen until melted
12	and thermally decomposed, catalytically or noncatalytically, and then cooled,
13	condensed, and converted into raw materials and intermediate and final products;
14	(46) "recovered feedstock" means post-use polymers or materials for
15	which a nonwaste determination or feedstock determination has been made by the
16	United States Environmental Protection Agency and that has been processed so it may
17	be used as feedstock by an advanced recycling facility; "recovered feedstock" does not
18	include unprocessed municipal solid waste or feedstock mixed with solid waste or
19	hazardous waste onsite or during processing at an advanced recycling facility;
20	(47) "recycled plastics" means products that are produced from
21	(A) the mechanical recycling of preconsumer recovered
22	feedstocks or plastics and postconsumer plastics; or
23	(B) the advanced recycling of preconsumer recovered
24	feedstocks or plastics and postconsumer plastics by way of mass balance
25	attribution;
26	(48) "solvolysis" means hydrolysis, aminolysis, ammonolysis,
27	methanolysis, glycolysis, or other manufacturing process through which post-use
28	polymers are purified with the aid of solvents while heated at low temperature,
29	pressure, or both, that allows additives and contaminants to be removed to make
30	monomers, intermediates, chemicals, plastic and chemical feedstocks, or raw
31	materials;

1	(49) "third-party certification system" means an international and
2	multinational certification system that consists of rules for the implementation of mass
3	balance attribution approaches for advanced recycling and recycled plastics.
4	* Sec. 8. This Act takes effect immediately under AS 01.10.070(c).