CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 128(FIN)

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

THIRTIETH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY THE SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE

Offered: 4/25/18 Referred: Rules

10

Sponsor(s): SENATOR GIESSEL

A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

- 1 "An Act establishing the marijuana education and treatment fund; and relating to the
- 2 duties of the Department of Health and Social Services to administer a comprehensive
- 3 marijuana use education and treatment program."
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:
- 5 *** Section 1.** AS 43.61.010(d) is amended to read:
- (d) The legislature may use the annual estimated balance in the <u>recidivism</u>

 reduction fund to make appropriations to the Department of Corrections, the

 Department of Health and Social Services, or the Department of Public Safety for recidivism reduction programs.
 - * Sec. 2. AS 43.61.010 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
- 11 (f) The marijuana education and treatment fund is established in the general 12 fund. In addition to the accounting under (c) of this section, the Department of 13 Administration shall separately account for 25 percent of the tax collected under this 14 section and deposit it into the marijuana education and treatment fund. The

1	Department of Administration shall deposit interest earned on the fund into the general
2	fund. Money in the fund does not lapse. The legislature may use the annual estimated
3	balance in the fund to make appropriations to the Department of Health and Social
4	Services for the marijuana use education and treatment program established under
5	AS 44.29.020(a)(17).
6	* Sec. 3. AS 44.29.020(a) is amended to read:
7	(a) The Department of Health and Social Services shall administer the state
8	programs of public health and social services, including
9	(1) maternal and child health services;
10	(2) preventive medical services;
11	(3) public health nursing services;
12	(4) nutrition services;
13	(5) health education;
14	(6) laboratories;
15	(7) mental health treatment and diagnosis;
16	(8) management of state institutions, except for adult penal institutions;
17	(9) medical facilities;
18	(10) adult public assistance;
19	(11) the Alaska temporary assistance program;
20	(12) child welfare services;
21	(13) general relief;
22	(14) a comprehensive smoking education, tobacco use prevention, and
23	tobacco control program; to the maximum extent possible, the department shall
24	administer the program required under this paragraph by grant to or contract with one
25	or more organizations in the state; the department's program must include
26	(A) a community-based tobacco use prevention and cessation
27	component addressing the needs of youth and adults that includes use of
28	cessation aids such as a nicotine patch or a nicotine gum tobacco substitute;
29	(B) youth-based efforts that involve youth in the design and
30	implementation of tobacco control efforts;
31	(C) anti-tobacco counter-marketing targeting both youth and

1	adult populations designed to communicate messages to help prevent youth
2	initiation of tobacco use, promote cessation among tobacco users, and educate
3	the public about the lethal effects of exposure to secondhand smoke;
4	(D) tobacco use surveys of youth and adult populations
5	concerning knowledge, awareness, attitude, and use of tobacco products; and
6	(E) an enforcement component;
7	(15) the Alaska Pioneers' Home and the Alaska Veterans' Home;
8	(16) licensure and regulation of child care facilities:
9	(17) a comprehensive marijuana use education and treatment
10	program; to the extent possible, the department shall administer the program
11	required under this paragraph by grant to, or contract with, one or more
12	organizations in the state; the department's program must include
13	(A) a community-based marijuana misuse prevention
14	component; the community-based component must provide for a youth
15	services grant program to
16	(i) reduce initiation and promote cessation of
17	marijuana use by youth, reduce youth access to marijuana
18	products, and reduce exposure of youth to impaired driving
19	dangers related to marijuana use;
20	(ii) provide recreational, educational, and character-
21	building programs for youth outside school hours; and
22	(iii) address marijuana use prevention through
23	outcome-based curricula, adult and peer mentoring, and
24	opportunities for positive, prosocial leisure and recreational
25	activities;
26	(B) marijuana public education designed to communicate
27	messages to help prevent youth initiation of marijuana use, educate the
28	public about the effects of marijuana use, and educate the public about
29	marijuana laws;
30	(C) surveys of
31	(i) youth and adult populations concerning

knowledge, awareness, attitude, and use of marijuana products;
(ii) the need for trained professionals working in
organizations described in this paragraph;
(D) the development of plans to address the need for
trained professionals and to assist in implementing a training program for
those professionals;
(E) monitoring of population health status related to the
consequences of marijuana use; and
(F) substance abuse screening, brief intervention, and
referral to treatment.