

SENATE BILL NO. 88

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

BY SENATOR MICCICHE

Introduced: 3/13/19

Referred: State Affairs, Finance

A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

1 **"An Act relating to the office of administrative hearings; relating to the types of**
2 **proceedings handled by the office of administrative hearings; relating to the entities that**
3 **may use the services of the office of administrative hearings; relating to the duties of the**
4 **chief administrative law judge, including the power to hire professional staff; relating to**
5 **the qualifications and powers of administrative law judges, including subpoena power;**
6 **relating to the compensation of the chief administrative law judge; relating to**
7 **complaints against administrative law judges and hearing officers; relating to**
8 **reimbursement for costs incurred by the office of administrative hearings; relating to**
9 **procedures for requesting and conducting proceedings of the office of administrative**
10 **hearings; and providing for an effective date."**

11 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:**

12 * **Section 1.** AS 18.80.120(b) is amended to read:

1 (b) The commission shall request the chief administrative law judge to
 2 appoint, under AS 44.64.020, an administrative law judge employed or retained by the
 3 office of administrative hearings to preside over a hearing conducted under this
 4 section. **AS 44.64.040 and 44.64.050** [AS 44.64.040 - 44.64.055], 44.64.070 -
 5 44.64.200, and the procedures in AS 44.62.330 - 44.62.630 (Administrative Procedure
 6 Act) apply to the hearing except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

7 * **Sec. 2.** AS 39.25.120(c)(20) is amended to read:

8 (20) the chief administrative law judge, [AND] administrative law
 9 judges, **and professional staff** of the office of administrative hearings;

10 * **Sec. 3.** AS 44.64.010(d) is amended to read:

11 (d) The chief administrative law judge shall receive a monthly salary that is
 12 **equal to a step in** [NOT LESS THAN STEP A NOR MORE THAN STEP F,] Range
 13 27 [,] of the salary schedule in AS 39.27.011(a) [FOR JUNEAU, ALASKA]. The
 14 chief administrative law judge is in the partially exempt service.

15 * **Sec. 4.** AS 44.64.020 is amended to read:

16 **Sec. 44.64.020. Powers and duties of chief administrative law judge. (a)**

17 The chief administrative law judge shall

18 (1) supervise the office;

19 (2) employ administrative staff, who shall be in the classified service;

20 (3) employ administrative law judges **and professional staff**, who
 21 shall be in the partially exempt service;

22 (4) preside over administrative hearings **and other proceedings**
 23 handled by the office or, based **on** [UPON] the qualifications and expertise of the
 24 administrative law judges, assign administrative law judges to preside over hearings
 25 **or other proceedings handled by the office**, and protect, support, and enhance the
 26 decisional independence of the administrative law judges;

27 (5) establish and implement performance standards, including
 28 provision for timeliness, and peer review programs for administrative law judges
 29 employed or retained by the office;

30 (6) make available and facilitate training and continuing education
 31 programs and services in administrative procedure, administrative adjudication,

1 substantive law, **alternative** [ALTERNATE] dispute resolution, and technical matters
2 for administrative law judges and other administrative adjudicators;

3 (7) survey administrative hearing participants and use other methods to
4 monitor the quality of administrative hearings held by the office and other [STATE]
5 agencies, and submit to the governor and the legislature on January 31 of each year the
6 results of the survey along with a report that includes a description of the activities of
7 the office and recommendations for statutory changes that may be needed in relation
8 to the administrative hearings held by the office or other [STATE] agencies;

9 (8) review and comment on regulations proposed by [STATE]
10 agencies to govern procedures in administrative hearings;

11 (9) enter into contracts as necessary to carry out the functions of the
12 office;

13 (10) annually prepare and submit to the commissioner of
14 administration a budget for the office for the next fiscal year that **must** [SHALL]
15 include and separately identify funding for training and continuing education; a copy
16 of the budget submitted to the commissioner under this paragraph shall also be
17 submitted to the **finance committee** [FINANCE COMMITTEE] of each house of the
18 legislature;

19 (11) after consulting with affected agencies, adopt regulations under
20 AS 44.62 (Administrative Procedure Act) to carry out the duties of the office and
21 implement this chapter;

22 (12) receive and review applications from individuals seeking
23 appointments to the Workers' Compensation Appeals Commission and submit the
24 names of individuals to the governor for appointment as provided in AS 23.30.007(d);
25 and

26 (13) appoint a chair pro tempore for the Workers' Compensation
27 Appeals Commission as provided in AS 23.30.007(m).

28 (b) In carrying out the responsibilities of the office, the chief administrative
29 law judge shall seek to accomplish the following goals:

30 (1) provide for the delivery of high quality adjudication **and**
31 **alternative dispute resolution** services in a timely, efficient, and cost-effective

1 manner;

2 (2) ensure respect for the privacy and dignity of the individuals whose
3 cases are being adjudicated and protect them from threats, intimidation, and
4 harassment;

5 (3) foster open and clearly explained agency decisions and improve
6 public access to the process of administrative adjudication;

7 (4) guarantee protection of all parties' due process rights, increase the
8 public parties' perception of fairness in administrative adjudication, and foster
9 acceptance of final administrative decisions by the public and affected parties;

10 (5) protect the integrity of the process of administrative adjudication
11 and decisional independence of administrative adjudicators; and

12 (6) increase consistency in administrative procedures and decisions.

13 * **Sec. 5.** AS 44.64.030(b) is amended to read:

14 (b) An agency **or entity** may request the office to conduct an administrative
15 hearing, **arbitration**, or **alternative dispute resolution** [OTHER PROCEEDING] of
16 **the requesting** [THAT] agency **or entity** or to conduct several administrative
17 hearings, **arbitrations**, or **alternative dispute resolutions** [OTHER
18 PROCEEDINGS] under statutes **or ordinances** not listed in (a) of this section. The
19 office may provide the service after entering into a written agreement with the
20 **requesting** agency **or entity** describing the services to be provided **and procedures,**
21 **which must be consistent with applicable law, to be applied** and providing for
22 reimbursement by the **requesting** agency **or entity** to the office of the costs incurred
23 by the office in providing the services.

24 * **Sec. 6.** AS 44.64.030(c) is amended to read:

25 (c) To the extent otherwise permitted by law, the agency **or entity** may
26 delegate to the administrative law judge assigned to conduct the hearing on behalf of
27 the agency **or entity** the authority to make a final agency **or entity** decision in the
28 matter. The final decision may be appealed to the superior court by any party.

29 * **Sec. 7.** AS 44.64.040(a) is amended to read:

30 (a) An administrative law judge must be admitted to practice law in this state
31 and must have been admitted to practice in this state for at least **four** [TWO] years

1 before being employed or retained with the office, **except that, if the duties of an**
 2 **administrative law judge who is employed or retained by the office will include**
 3 **conducting a proceeding under AS 43.05.405 - 43.05.499, the administrative law**
 4 **judge must be admitted to practice law in this state and must have been admitted**
 5 **to practice in this state or another state for four years before being employed or**
 6 **retained with the office.** The chief administrative law judge shall establish additional
 7 qualifications for administrative law judges employed or retained by the office and for
 8 those administrative law judges that may be assigned to particular types of cases. An
 9 administrative law judge is in the partially exempt service. Notwithstanding
 10 AS 39.25.120(b), full-time administrative law judges employed by the office are
 11 subject to the personnel rules adopted under AS 39.25.150(7), (15), and (16).

12 * **Sec. 8.** AS 44.64.040(b) is amended to read:

13 (b) An administrative law judge employed or retained by the office may, in
 14 conducting an administrative hearing **or other proceeding** for an agency **or entity**,
 15 exercise the powers authorized by law for exercise by that agency **or entity** in the
 16 performance of its duties in connection with the hearing **or other proceeding**. An
 17 administrative law judge may

18 (1) engage in alternative dispute resolution under regulations adopted
 19 by the chief administrative law judge that is in addition to any **alternative**
 20 [ALTERNATE] dispute resolution procedure used by an agency **or entity** before the
 21 case is referred to the office;

22 (2) order a party, a party's attorney, or another authorized
 23 representative of a party to pay reasonable expenses, including attorney fees, incurred
 24 by another party as a result of actions done in bad faith or as a result of tactics used
 25 frivolously or solely intended to cause unnecessary delay;

26 (3) perform other necessary and appropriate acts in the performance of
 27 official duties.

28 * **Sec. 9.** AS 44.64.040(c) is amended to read:

29 (c) An administrative law judge employed by the office must devote full time
 30 to the duties of the office unless **serving** [APPOINTED TO A POSITION THAT IS]
 31 less than **full time** [FULL-TIME]. An administrative law judge employed by the

1 office may not perform duties inconsistent with the duties and responsibilities of an
2 administrative law judge.

3 * **Sec. 10.** AS 44.64.050(c) is amended to read:

4 (c) Except as provided in (e) of this section, the chief administrative law judge
5 shall receive and consider all complaints against administrative law judges or hearing
6 officers employed or retained by the office or another agency alleging violations of (a)
7 of this section or of the code of hearing officer conduct. The chief administrative law
8 judge shall deliver the complaint to the attorney general when the chief administrative
9 law judge determines that

10 **(1) the complaint alleges a violation that occurred**

11 **(A) not more than three years before the complaint was**
12 **filed; or**

13 **(B) in connection with an adjudication or other proceeding,**
14 **and the complaint was filed not more than two years after conclusion of**
15 **the adjudication or other proceeding, including resolution of all appeals;**
16 **and**

17 **(2)** the conduct alleged, if true, would constitute a violation of

18 **(A)** [(1) SUBSECTION] (a) of this section; or

19 **(B)** [(2)] the code and would warrant disciplinary action under
20 the regulations adopted under (b) of this section.

21 * **Sec. 11.** AS 44.64.060(a) is amended to read:

22 (a) The chief administrative law judge shall, by regulation, establish
23 procedures for administrative hearings conducted by the office. Each administrative
24 hearing under the jurisdiction of the office or that has been transferred to the office by
25 an agency **or entity** shall be conducted in accordance with statutes **or ordinances** that
26 apply to that hearing, including, if applicable, AS 44.62 (Administrative Procedure
27 Act). In case of conflict between this section and another applicable statute **or**
28 **ordinance** establishing procedures for administrative hearings, the other statute **or**
29 **ordinance** prevails. However, **except as otherwise provided in AS 44.64.030(b),** to
30 the extent regulations adopted by an agency for the conduct of an administrative
31 hearing conflict with regulations adopted by the chief administrative law judge under

1 this subsection, the regulations adopted by the chief administrative law judge control
2 to the maximum extent possible without conflicting with applicable statutes.

3 * **Sec. 12.** AS 44.64.060(b) is amended to read:

4 (b) When an agency receives a request for a hearing that is subject to
5 AS 44.64.030, the agency shall, within 10 days and in writing, deny the request for
6 reasons provided by law or grant the request and refer the case to the office **with a**
7 **copy of the request for a hearing, the names, addresses, electronic mail addresses,**
8 **and telephone numbers of all parties and their representatives, and the document**
9 **containing the decision or other matter under review.** The agency shall
10 immediately give notice of the denial or referral to the requesters and the office. If the
11 request is denied, the denial may be appealed to the **office or** [SUPERIOR COURT]
12 as provided by other law. If the request is granted, the agency shall, within **20** [15]
13 days after receiving the request, compile and transmit to the office a copy of the
14 [REQUEST FOR A HEARING, THE NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TELEPHONE
15 NUMBERS OF ALL PARTIES AND THEIR REPRESENTATIVES, AND THE
16 AGENCY'S DECISION, IF ANY, TOGETHER WITH THE] record relied on to
17 support the decision **or other matter.** Any information provided to the office that is
18 confidential by law shall be identified by the agency as confidential and shall be kept
19 confidential by the office.

20 * **Sec. 13.** AS 44.64.060(d) is amended to read:

21 (d) An administrative law judge employed or retained by the office shall,
22 within 120 days after the date the agency received the request for a hearing, prepare a
23 proposed decision, unless another [TIME] period is provided by law or agreed to by
24 the parties and the chief administrative law judge. **With the approval of the chief**
25 **administrative law judge, an administrative law judge may stay a proceeding to**
26 **allow related criminal prosecutions or civil litigation to proceed first. The**
27 **running of the 120-day deadline under this subsection is suspended during a stay**
28 [THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE SHALL IMMEDIATELY SUBMIT THE
29 PROPOSED DECISION TO THE AGENCY].

30 * **Sec. 14.** AS 44.64.060(e) is amended to read:

31 (e) A proposed decision in an administrative hearing **must** [SHALL] be in a

1 form that may be adopted as the final decision by the agency with authority to make
 2 the final decision. The proposed decision is a public record, except as otherwise
 3 provided by statute. A copy of the proposed decision shall be served by the office on
 4 each party in the case or on the attorneys representing those parties in the hearing.
 5 Unless the office has established a shorter [TIME] period **or, for good cause and with**
 6 **the consent of all parties to the hearing, a longer period,** or **unless** another statute
 7 has established a different [TIME] period, within 30 days after the proposed decision
 8 is served, a party may file with the **office** [AGENCY] a proposal for action under (1) -
 9 (5) of this subsection. **The administrative law judge may permit a party to reply to**
 10 **a proposal for action and shall, within 15 days after the final date for submission**
 11 **of proposals for action, transmit the proposed decision and any proposals for**
 12 **action and replies to the final decision maker or return the matter to the**
 13 **administrative law judge to prepare a revised proposed decision under (d) of this**
 14 **section.** The agency with authority to make a final decision in the case retains **the**
 15 [AGENCY] discretion in the final disposition of the case and shall, within 45 days
 16 after the date the **office transmits to the agency the proposed decision or revised**
 17 proposed decision [IS SERVED] or at the next regularly scheduled meeting that
 18 occurs at least 45 days after the **office transmits to the agency the proposed decision**
 19 **or the revised proposed decision** [PROPOSED DECISION IS SERVED], do one or
 20 more of the following:

- 21 (1) adopt the proposed decision as the final agency decision;
- 22 (2) return the case to the administrative law judge to take additional
 23 evidence or make additional findings or for other specific proceedings, in which case
 24 the administrative law judge shall complete the additional work and return the revised
 25 proposed decision to the agency within 45 days after the original decision was
 26 returned under this paragraph **or within another period prescribed in the order**
 27 **returning the case to the administrative law judge;**
- 28 (3) exercise its discretion by revising the proposed enforcement action,
 29 determination of best interests, order, award, remedy, sanction, penalty, or other
 30 disposition of the case, and adopt the proposed decision as revised;
- 31 (4) in writing, reject, modify, or amend a factual finding in the

1 proposed decision by specifying the affected finding and identifying the testimony and
 2 other evidence relied on by the agency for the rejection, modification, or amendment
 3 of the finding, and issue a final agency decision;

4 (5) in writing, reject, modify, or amend an interpretation or application
 5 in the proposed decision of a statute or regulation directly governing the agency's
 6 actions by specifying the reasons for the rejection, modification, or amendment, and
 7 issue a final agency decision.

8 * **Sec. 15.** AS 44.64.060(f) is amended to read:

9 (f) If a final decision is not issued timely in accordance with (e) of this section,
 10 the administrative law judge's proposed decision **or, if the proposed decision has**
 11 **been revised under (e) of this section, the administrative law judge's revised**
 12 **proposed decision,** is the final agency decision.

13 * **Sec. 16.** AS 44.64.060 is amended by adding new subsections to read:

14 (g) Except as otherwise provided by statute, agency regulation, or an
 15 ordinance in an administrative hearing subject to AS 44.64.060(a), an administrative
 16 law judge may, for good cause shown, issue a subpoena to compel the attendance and
 17 testimony of witnesses and the production of documents and records.

18 (h) After a final agency decision has been issued under (e) of this section, the
 19 maker of the final decision may reopen a proceeding for a reason provided in Rule
 20 60(b), Alaska Rules of Civil Procedure. This subsection does not supersede or modify
 21 authority to reopen a proceeding as otherwise provided by law.

22 * **Sec. 17.** AS 44.64.080(c) is amended to read:

23 (c) After an administrative hearing is referred by an agency to the office for
 24 hearing, the agency may not take further adjudicatory action in the case, except **for**
 25 **agency staff acting** as a party litigant **and the official or body with authority to**
 26 **render a final decision taking action under AS 44.64.060(e)** [OR TO RENDER A
 27 FINAL DECISION AS PROVIDED BY LAW]. This subsection does not otherwise
 28 limit the agency's authority to take action affecting a party to the case.

29 * **Sec. 18.** AS 44.64.200(1) is amended to read:

30 (1) "administrative hearing" means a quasi-judicial hearing before an
 31 agency **or entity**; it does not include an informal conference or review held by an

1 agency **or entity** before a [FINAL] decision is issued or a rate-making proceeding or
 2 other nonadjudicative public hearing;

3 * **Sec. 19.** AS 44.64.200 is amended by adding new paragraphs to read:

4 (6) "entity" means a municipality, school district, or other
 5 governmental entity;

6 (7) "other proceeding" means an arbitration or alternative dispute
 7 resolution conducted under AS 44.64.030(b);

8 (8) "school district" means a borough school district, a city school
 9 district, or a regional educational attendance area under AS 14.

10 * **Sec. 20.** AS 44.64.055 is repealed.

11 * **Sec. 21.** The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to
 12 read:

13 APPLICABILITY. (a) The change in compensation made by AS 44.64.010(d), as
 14 amended by sec. 3 of this Act, applies only to an individual who is appointed on or after the
 15 effective date of sec. 3 of this Act.

16 (b) The four-year admission requirement in AS 44.64.040(a), as amended by sec. 7 of
 17 this Act, applies to an individual whose employment or retention as an administrative law
 18 judge by the office of administrative hearings established under AS 44.64.010 begins on or
 19 after the effective date of sec. 7 of this Act.

20 (c) AS 44.64.050(c), as amended by sec. 10 of this Act, applies to a complaint against
 21 an administrative law judge or hearing officer received on or after the effective date of sec. 10
 22 of this Act.

23 (d) In this section,

24 (1) "administrative law judge" has the meaning given in AS 44.64.200;

25 (2) "hearing officer" has the meaning given in AS 44.64.200.

26 * **Sec. 22.** Section 10 of this Act takes effect July 1, 2020.