## SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 2

# IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA TWENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

#### BY THE SENATE RULES COMMITTEE

Introduced: 1/20/15 Referred: Taken Up

## **A RESOLUTION**

1 Establishing a Senate Special Committee on the Arctic.

### 2 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE:

- WHEREAS this state is what makes the United States an Arctic nation; and
- 4 **WHEREAS** the interests of the state are directly affected by Arctic policy; and
- 5 **WHEREAS** residents of the state, having lived and worked in the Arctic region for
- 6 decades, have developed expert knowledge regarding a full range of activities and issues
- 7 involving the region; and
- 8 **WHEREAS** the Arctic region is now framed by increasing activity, change,
- 9 opportunity, globalization, resource development, a sensitive environment, and rich and
- 10 diverse cultures; and
- 11 **WHEREAS** the Arctic region is a dynamic place that is changing rapidly; and
- 12 **WHEREAS** the Arctic region is becoming increasingly accessible because of
- 13 receding sea ice and technological advances; and
- 14 WHEREAS the Arctic region constitutes the final frontier in exploration and
- 15 opportunity; and
- WHEREAS the Northern Sea Route along the coast of Russia and through the Bering

2	between Europe and Asia and is being increasingly used; and
3	WHEREAS the Arctic region contains 30 percent of the world's undiscovered natural
4	gas and 13 percent of the world's undiscovered oil; and
5	WHEREAS the development of the state's natural resources is essential to the well-
6	being of the residents of the state; and
7	WHEREAS the Arctic region represents one of the best opportunities for progress
8	and economic development in the state; and
9	WHEREAS the United States and other nations are rapidly developing Arctic
10	strategies and policies; and
11	WHEREAS it is essential that the federal government consult with the state when
12	developing national Arctic strategies and policies; and
13	WHEREAS the Arctic region of the United States has a severe infrastructure deficit
14	that creates a barrier to capitalizing fully on emerging opportunities in natural resource
15	extraction, shipping, and tourism; and
16	WHEREAS capital intensity, federal regulatory uncertainty, and diminished access to
17	state land through federal land holdings constitute barriers to the economic development of
18	the Arctic region; and
19	WHEREAS the Arctic region of the United States has some of the highest energy
20	costs in the nation; and
21	WHEREAS the use of science by the University of Alaska, the world's premier Arctic
22	university, and of emerging technologies developed by residents of the state may create new
23	ways to give an advantage to the state in the Arctic region; and
24	WHEREAS the Alaska Arctic Policy Commission is a nonpolitical body of
25	legislators and experts with a duty to listen to and provide a voice for the people in future
26	Arctic policy; and
27	WHEREAS the Alaska Arctic Policy Commission has done considerable work
28	toward Arctic policy; and
29	WHEREAS the extension of the Alaska Arctic Policy Commission is a goal of the
30	Senate;
31	BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate that a Senate Special Committee on the Arctic is

Strait is 40 percent shorter than the shipping route through the Suez Canal for shipping

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established to examine issues related to the Arctic in the state; and be it

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- FURTHER RESOLVED that the President of the Senate shall determine the number of senators to be members of the committee and shall appoint the members and designate a member to chair the committee; and be it
- FURTHER RESOLVED that the Senate Special Committee on the Arctic may meet during and between sessions of the Twenty-Ninth Alaska State Legislature and is terminated on the convening of the First Regular Session of the Thirtieth Alaska State Legislature.