- 1 HB566
- 2 139383-1
- 3 By Representative Buskey
- 4 RFD: Health
- 5 First Read: 20-MAR-12

139383-1:n:03/20/2012:LCG/tan LRS2012-1888 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, certain federally 8 qualified health care centers and public health 9 10 facilities and departments are authorized to 11 compound and dispense prescriptions, excluding 12 controlled substances, at one location and courier 13 the medication to clinics for patient pick-up. This bill would authorize another named 14 15 federally qualified health care center and public 16 health facility to compound and dispense 17 prescriptions, excluding controlled substances, at 18 one location and courier the medication to clinics 19 for patient pick-up. 20 21 A BILL 22 TO BE ENTITLED 23 AN ACT 24 25 To amend Section 34-23-70, Code of Alabama 1975, 26 relating to prescription drugs; to allow a named federally 27 qualified health care center and public health facility to

compound and dispense non-controlled substances at one
 location and deliver the medications to clinics for patient
 pick-up.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

5 Section 1. Section 34-23-70 of the Code of Alabama 6 1975, is amended to read as follows:

7

"§34-23-70.

"(a) Every pharmacy when opened for business shall 8 be under the personal supervision of a duly licensed 9 10 pharmacist who shall have personal supervision of not more than one pharmacy at the same time. During temporary absences 11 12 of the licensed pharmacist, not to exceed three hours daily or 13 more than one and one-half hours at any one time, nor more 14 than one week for temporary illness, the prescription 15 department shall be closed, and no prescriptions are to be filled. During the temporary absence of a pharmacist, a sign 16 17 shall be placed on the prescription counter in a prominent location easily seen by the public stating, "Prescription 18 Department Closed, No Pharmacist on Duty." 19

"(b) The permit issued to each pharmacist by the board and the licensure certificates issued to the licensed pharmacist employed by each pharmacy must be prominently and conspicuously displayed in the pharmacy. The name of the licensed pharmacist on duty must be conspicuously displayed in the prescription department in a place readily observable by the public. "(c) No licensed pharmacist or pharmacy operating
 within this state shall accept for refund purposes or
 otherwise any unused portion of any dispensed prescription.

4 "(d) The sale of poisons is restricted to the immediate supervision of a licensed pharmacist, and such 5 6 poison shall not be displayed in a pharmacy in such a manner 7 that a customer may obtain possession of such poisons when standing in an area allocated for customer use. No sale of a 8 poison shall be made or delivered to any minor under 12 years 9 10 of age or to any person known to be of unsound mind or under 11 the influence of alcohol.

12 "(e) No pharmacy shall authorize any person, firm, 13 or business establishment to serve as a pick-up station or 14 intermediary for the purpose of having prescriptions filled or 15 delivered, whether for profit or gratuitously. Except with respect to controlled substances, the following federally 16 17 qualified health care centers are expressly exempt from this subsection: Birmingham Health Care, Inc., Central Alabama 18 Comprehensive Health, Inc., Health Services, Inc., Family 19 Oriented Primary Health Care Clinic/Mobile County Health 20 21 Department, Franklin Primary Health Center, Quality of Life 22 Health Services, Inc., and Whatley Health Services, Inc., and 23 Central North Alabama Health Services. Each named federally 24 qualified health center is authorized to fill certain prescriptions at one location and deliver medications to 25 clinics for patient pick-up subject to the review of the Board 26 27 of Pharmacy.

1 "(f) No prescription blank supplied by a pharmacy or 2 pharmacist to a practitioner shall bear the imprint thereon of 3 the name or address of any pharmacy or bear the name or 4 address of any person registered under this chapter.

5 "(g) No person shall fill or compound a prescription 6 or drug order in an institution unless he is a duly licensed 7 pharmacist or otherwise permitted to do so under the 8 provisions of this chapter. The act of filling or compounding 9 prescriptions or drug orders in an institution shall be as 10 defined in the rules and regulations adopted by the board of 11 pharmacy.

12 "However, such rules and regulations shall not apply 13 to the reading, interpreting, and writing or verifying the 14 writing of adequate directions as are necessary to assure 15 patient's understanding of the prescriber's intentions by a 16 duly qualified nurse practicing her/his profession in a 17 licensed hospital or similar institution.

18 "Nothing in this chapter shall authorize the Board 19 of Pharmacy to promulgate or to enforce any rule or regulation 20 which governs, regulates, or restricts the professional 21 practice of a physician licensed to practice medicine in this 22 state. No provision of this chapter, or any rule promulgated 23 under the authority of this chapter shall be interpreted to 24 amend, alter, or modify the provisions of Section 34-23-11.

"(h) Only a licensed pharmacist or registered intern
may accept an oral prescription of any nature. Upon so
accepting such oral prescription, it must immediately be

1 reduced to writing, and only a licensed pharmacist or an 2 intern supervised by a licensed pharmacist may prepare a copy of a prescription or read a prescription to any person for 3 4 purposes of providing reference concerning treatment of the person or animal for whom the prescription was written; and, 5 when the copy is given, a notation shall be made upon the 6 7 prescription that a copy has been given, the date given, and to whom given. 8

"(i) If a prescription is refilled, a record of the 9 10 date upon which the prescription is refilled must appear on the prescription or in a permanent prescription record book. 11 12 On prescriptions which may be refilled, written or oral 13 authorization must be received before refilling unless the 14 number of refills is indicated on the original prescription. Those prescriptions marked "refill prn" or equivalent 15 designation shall be refilled only in quantities commensurate 16 17 with the dosage scheduled.

18 "(j) Each prescription must be written in a manner 19 so that it can be compounded by any registered pharmacist. The 20 coding of any prescription is in violation of this chapter. No 21 prescription shall be written in any characters, figures, or 22 ciphers, other than in the English or Latin language, 23 generally in use among medical and pharmaceutical 24 practitioners.

"(k) A prescription file or files shall be kept by
every pharmacy for a period of not less than two years in
which the original of every prescription compounded or

dispensed shall be filed in the order of compounding with number and date of dispensing placed on each prescription. Each pharmacy shall produce any prescription file whenever legally required to do so. Such prescription file shall at all times be open for inspection by the prescriber, the board of pharmacy, or its inspectors.

7 "(1) All drugs or drug preparations bearing upon the package the words, "caution, federal law prohibits dispensing 8 without prescription" or words to the same effect, otherwise 9 10 known as "legend drugs," shall be stored within the confines of the prescription department or the prescription department 11 12 storage room of each pharmacy. Such drugs shall be sold or 13 dispensed only on the prescription of a licensed practitioner 14 authorized to prescribe such drugs and shall not be sold or 15 dispensed as a refilled prescription except upon the express authorization of the prescriber. This shall not be construed 16 17 to prohibit return to authorized suppliers or sale or transfer to others licensed to possess legend drugs. 18

19 "(m) Any person who violates any of the provisions 20 of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

21 Section 2. This act shall become effective on the 22 first day of the third month following its passage and 23 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.