

# ARIZONA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Fifty-sixth Legislature Second Regular Session Senate: ED DP 4-3-0-0 | 3rd Read 16-13-1-0

## <u>SB 1182</u>: public schools; showers; reasonable accommodations Sponsor: Senator Kavanagh, LD 3 Committee on Education

### **Overview**

Mandates a public school provide a reasonable accommodation to a person who is unwilling or unable to use a multioccupancy shower room designated for the person's sex. Grants private cause of action to an individual who is denied a reasonable accommodation or who encounters a person of the opposite sex in a public school multioccupancy shower room as specified.

### <u>History</u>

A *public school* is any public institution that offers instruction to students in preschool programs for children with disabilities, kindergarten programs or any combination of the 1st-12th grades (A.R.S. § 15-101).

The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) prohibits discrimination against qualified individuals with disabilities in certain areas, such as employment, state/local government services, public accommodations, transportation and telecommunications. Buildings open to the public, including public schools, are required to meet ADA guidelines (<u>28 C.F.R. § 35</u>).

### **Provisions**

- 1. Requires a public school, upon written request from a person, to provide a reasonable accommodation to any person who:
  - a) is, for any reason, unwilling or unable to use a multioccupancy shower room designated for the person's sex that is located in a public school building or provided in connection with a public school-sponsored activity; and
  - b) submits satisfactory evidence of the person's sex to the school. (Sec. 1)
- 2. Specifies a reasonable accommodation:
  - a) includes a single-occupancy or employee shower room; and
  - b) excludes a shower room designated for use by individuals of the opposite sex while individuals of the opposite sex are present. (Sec. 1)
- 3. Authorizes public schools to adopt policies that:
  - a) are necessary to accommodate individuals protected under the ADA or young children who need physical assistance when using public school shower rooms; and
  - b) authorize a person to enter a multioccupancy shower room that is designated for use by individuals of the opposite sex if the person enters the shower room to:
    - i. perform custodial or maintenance services while the shower room is unoccupied;
    - ii. provide emergency medical assistance; or
    - iii. maintain order or address a serious threat to student safety during an emergency situation. (Sec. 1)

 $\Box$  Prop 105 (45 votes)  $\Box$  Prop 108 (40 votes)  $\Box$  Emergency (40 votes)

□ Fiscal Note

- 4. Stipulates that unless the public school can demonstrate an accommodation would cause an undue hardship, a person whose written request for a reasonable accommodation is denied by a public school, an administrator or employee has private cause of action against the public school. (Sec. 1)
- 5. Grants a person a private cause of action against a public school if:
  - a) the person encounters a person of the opposite sex in a multioccupancy shower room that is designated for the person's sex and that is located in a public school building or provided in connection with a public school-sponsored activity, unless the person of the opposite sex is:
    - i. the person's spouse, parent, guardian, child, sibling or grandparent;
    - ii. a young child accompanied by an adult who is not a person of the opposite sex; or
    - iii. present in the shower room consistent with the public school's policies; and
  - b) the public school, an administrator or employee gave the person of the opposite sex permission to use the shower room. (Sec. 1)
- 6. Requires any claims to be brought in superior court in the county where the aggrieved person resides or the public school is located at the time of filing. (Sec. 1)
- 7. Mandates all civil actions be initiated within two years after the alleged violation occurred. (Sec. 1)
- 8. Declares a person who prevails on a claim:
  - a) may recover monetary damages for all psychological, emotional and physical harm suffered; and
  - b) is entitled to recover reasonable attorney fees and costs. (Sec. 1)
- 9. States other remedies at law or equity available to the aggrieved person against the public school are not limited. (Sec. 1)
- 10. Defines *satisfactory evidence* and *sex*. (Sec. 1)
- 11. Contains a severability clause. (Sec. 2)
- 12. Cites this legislation as the Arizona Accommodations for All Children Act. (Sec. 3)