

ARIZONA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Fifty-fifth Legislature First Regular Session

Senate: COM DP 9-0-0-0 | 3rd Read 29-0-1-0

<u>SB 1218</u>: nonhealth professions; occupations; regulations. Sponsor: Senator Pace, LD 25 Committee on Commerce

<u>Overview</u>

Modifies the factors to be considered by a legislative committee of reference (COR) during both initial consideration of occupational regulations and sunset reviews of agencies which administer occupational regulations.

<u>History</u>

A profession or occupation may only be regulated to protect the public interest. Nonhealth professions may only be regulated if all the following apply to that profession:

- 1) An unregulated practice can clearly harm the public health, safety or welfare;
- 2) The public benefit clearly exceeds the costs imposed on consumers, businesses and individuals; and
- 3) The public needs and can be expected to benefit from assuring professional ability and cannot be protected by private certification or other alternatives (<u>A.R.S. § 32-4401</u>).

Each standing committee of the House of Representatives and Senate makes up a COR, which is empowered to review sunset reports of state agencies (A.R.S. § 41-2954).

Provisions

- 1. Requires a COR to consider, in determining the need for continuation or termination of an agency, the agency's ability to timely investigate and resolve complaints under its jurisdiction. (Sec. 1)
- 2. Directs each COR that reviews an agency that administers occupational regulations to consider, in determining the need for continuing or terminating the agency, the extent to which:
 - a) The occupational regulation meets specified requirements; and
 - b) Failure to regulate a profession or an occupation will result in:
 - i. Loss of insurance;
 - ii. An impact to the ability to practice in other states or as required by federal law;
 - iii. An impact to required licensure or registration with the federal government; and
 - iv. The loss of constitutionally afforded practices. (Sec. 1)
- 3. Stipulates if a COR reviews a state agency that administers an occupation regulation the COR must recommend the Legislature:
 - a) Repeal the occupational license;
 - b) Convert the occupational license to a less restrictive regulation; or
 - c) Instruct the state agency to seek legislation or adopt rules that reflect the COR's recommendation. (Sec. 1)
- 4. Prohibits occupational regulation from being imposed for the exclusive purpose of protecting a profession from economic competition. (Sec. 5)

- 5. Extends, from all *proposed legislation* to all *regulation*, the applicability of first-time reviews for occupational regulations. (Sec. 5)
- 6. Modifies the criteria that must be met during first-time reviews in determining if a profession or occupation must be regulated to include:
 - a) Credible evidence of harm that an unregulated practice threatens public health, safety or welfare in Arizona;
 - b) Need and reasonable expectation to benefit from government regulation; and
 - c) Inability of the public to be effectively protected by less restrictive regulations. (Sec. 5)
- 7. Removes the requirement that a COR must examine data evidencing actual harm to the public resulting from the industry being considered for regulation. (Sec. 5)
- 8. Allows a COR to consider information from state agencies and others with knowledge of the occupation or labor-market economics when evaluating criteria for occupational regulation. (Sec. 5)
- 9. Directs the COR to provide findings and recommendations to the relevant standing committee, which must address the appropriate type of regulation, scope of practice, and the impacts of a failure to regulate the occupation. (Sec. 5)
- 10. Specifies the criteria for evaluating the need for occupational regulations do not preempt federal regulations or require a private organization to grant or deny private certifications. (Sec. 5)
- 11. Defines government certification, government registration, lawful occupation, less restrictive regulation, occupational or professional license, occupational regulation, personal qualifications and private certification. (Sec. 4)
- 12. Transfers statute relating to regulation of nonhealth professions and occupations from Title 32 Professions and Occupations to Title 41 State Government. (Sec. 2, 3)
- 13. Makes technical and conforming changes. (Sec. 1, 5, 6)

□ Prop 105 (45 votes) □ Prop 108 (40 votes) □ Emergency (40 votes) □ Fiscal Note