First Regular Session Sixty-eighth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 11-0340.01 Debbie Haskins

HOUSE BILL 11-1144

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Solano, Casso, Duran, Kerr A., Todd

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Tochtrop,

House Committees

Senate Committees

Health and Environment

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING FETAL ALCOHOL SPECTRUM DISORDERS, AND, IN
102	CONNECTION THEREWITH, EXPANDING THE NUMBER OF
103	MEMBERS OF THE FETAL ALCOHOL SPECTRUM DISORDERS
104	COMMISSION, ENCOURAGING EVALUATION AND EXPANDED USE
105	OF HEALTH WARNING INFORMATION, AND REQUIRING HEALTH
106	INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR MULTIDISCIPLINARY EVALUATIONS
107	OF CHILDREN SUSPECTED OF HAVING FETAL ALCOHOL
108	SPECTRUM DISORDERS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

The bill includes a legislative declaration of the general assembly's findings regarding fetal alcohol spectrum disorders (FASD), the FASD commission (commission), and the purposes for the bill.

The number of members of the commission is increased by adding a representative of the department of education and a representative of a licensed beverage trade association in Colorado. The automatic repeal date for the commission is extended until June 30, 2015.

The commission is directed to evaluate the use of health warning information about the dangers of alcohol consumption during pregnancy. The commission is directed to report to the unit that administers alcohol and drug abuse programs in the department of human services and to the health and human services committees of the senate and the house of representatives, or any successor committees, about the responses from licensed beverage retailers and patrons to the warning signs and make recommendations on how and where to use the signs and other information in the future.

The bill requires individual and group insurance policies issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2012, by companies regulated by the state insurance commissioner to cover the cost of a multidisciplinary evaluation as requested by the primary health care provider of a child under the age of 18 who is suspected of having FASD. The bill directs that the written report of the evaluation shall be sent by the diagnostic team to the child's primary health care provider and to the parent, guardian, or primary caregiver of the child. The bill states that nothing in the mandated coverage provision shall be construed to affect any existing benefits or services provided to a policyholder or dependent child. The evaluation is subject to the same copayments applicable for other diagnostic and evaluation benefits covered within the policyholder's health benefit plan. The evaluation shall be exempt from a deductible or dollar limit provision under the policyholder's health benefit plan.

If the "essential benefits" provisions for insurance policies offered through the health exchange marketplaces in 2014 under the federal health care reform act do not include coverage for a multidisciplinary evaluation for diagnosing FASD, thereby triggering a potential cost to the state, the bill directs the Colorado interagency health reform implementing board in the governor's office to study the coverage of FASD and to advise and make recommendations to the general assembly about whether the state should cover the costs of a multidisciplinary evaluation or treatment or both of FASD for health care exchange enrollees.

The general assembly finds that the Colorado health care program for children with special health care needs housed in the prevention

-2- HB11-1144

services division in the department of public health and environment is an effective method to provide information and support to local communities and families in need of diagnostic and evaluation services. The department of public health and environment is encouraged to enhance the capacity of local communities to serve families of children who have or are suspected of having neurodevelopmental delays, including FASD, by supporting and promoting local multidisciplinary diagnostic and evaluation clinics.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 hereby finds that: 4 (a) Alcohol use during pregnancy is the leading known cause of 5 preventable intellectual and developmental disabilities, growth 6 deficiencies, and brain damage in children; 7 (b) Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders (FASD) take an enormous 8 financial toll on affected families and society as a whole; 9 (c) Most importantly, while there is no cure for FASD, it is 100% 10 preventable if pregnant women know to abstain from alcohol; and 11 (d) One of the most effective means to prevent FASD and the 12 resulting consequences to society is through a vigorous public awareness 13 campaign that includes informational materials, public awareness 14 advertisements, and warning signs targeted toward pregnant women and 15 that involves input from licensed beverage retailers and other interested 16 parties. 17 (2) The general assembly further finds that: 18 (a) In 2009, legislation created the FASD commission to study the 19 issue of FASD, its impact on the state, and to recommend legislation to 20 the general assembly; 21 (b) The FASD commission has estimated based upon national data

-3- HB11-1144

1	that approximately 1 in 100 live births have a fetal alcohol spectrum
2	disorder. The estimated cost to society of raising a child with fetal
3	alcohol syndrome (FAS) averages \$2,000,000 across the child's lifetime;
4	and
5	(c) In order to address the problem of FAS and FASD and the
6	consequent costs to individuals and to the state, the FASD commission
7	has recommended that the general assembly:
8	(I) Add a representative from the Colorado department of
9	education to the FASD commission; and
10	(II) Require that the cost of a multidisciplinary evaluation of a
11	child with suspected FASD as requested by the child's primary health care
12	provider be covered by insurance policies.
13	(3) The general assembly further finds that, with respect to the
14	requirement that insurance companies cover the costs of multidisciplinary
15	evaluations for children suspected of having FASD:
16	(a) The landmark research in the field of FASD, the Streissguth
17	study, found that persons with fetal alcohol spectrum disorders suffer
18	substantially from secondary issues, all of which result in significant and
19	ongoing costs to society as a whole:
20	(I) Over 90% experienced mental health problems;
21	(II) About 60% had either been suspended or expelled from
22	school or had dropped out;
23	(III) Approximately 60% had been in trouble with law
24	enforcement authorities or had been charged with or convicted of a crime;
25	(IV) Almost 50% had been confined for inpatient treatment for
26	mental health or alcohol and drug problems or had been incarcerated for
27	a crime;

-4- HB11-1144

1	(V) About 50% engaged in inappropriate sexual behavior;
2	(VI) About 30% had alcohol and drug abuse problems; and
3	(VII) Approximately 80% of those twenty-one years of age and
4	older were unable to live independently or keep a job;
5	(b) Children who have access to an evaluation that finds FASD
6	before age 6 have, by far, the best chance of avoiding these secondary
7	issues;
8	(c) When a person is diagnosed with FASD at age 12 or older, the
9	likelihood that the person will require hospitalization for psychiatric
10	problems or alcohol and drug abuse increases two- to four-fold, and these
11	hospitalizations typically follow multiple emergency department visits by
12	these individuals due to their severely impaired problem-solving skills;
13	(d) The medicaid program and the children's basic health plan
14	currently provide and cover a multidisciplinary evaluation for children
15	suspected of having FASD; and
16	(e) Requiring insurance companies that are subject to regulation
17	by the state insurance commissioner to cover the costs of a
18	multidisciplinary evaluation for a child suspected of having FASD will
19	result in:
20	(I) Better outcomes for the child involved, including a greater
21	chance at becoming a self-sufficient adult;
22	(II) Long-term cost savings to insurance companies due to the
23	reduced likelihood of long-term hospitalizations and emergency room
24	visits for persons with FASD; and
25	(III) Fewer persons with FASD housed in costly mental health
26	facilities or incarcerated in prisons.
27	(4) The general assembly, therefore, declares that it is in the best

-5- HB11-1144

1	interests of citizens of Colorado:
2	(a) To implement the recommendations of the FASD commission
3	described in subsection (2) of this section;
4	(b) To promote greater use and distribution of signs warning
5	against consuming alcohol while pregnant and other informational
6	materials about the dangers of drinking alcohol during pregnancy;
7	(c) To add a representative of the licensed beverage retailers to the
8	FASD commission to provide input on development and distribution of
9	informational materials that will increase awareness of the serious
10	consequences of drinking alcohol while pregnant; and
11	(d) To extend the duration of the FASD commission for 3 more
12	years to allow it to continue its work on FASD issues and prevention.
13	SECTION 2. 27-80-116, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended
14	to read:
14 15	to read: 27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative
15	27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative
15 16	27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative declaration - health warning signs - commission - repeal. (1) The
15 16 17	27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative declaration - health warning signs - commission - repeal. (1) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that:
15 16 17 18	27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative declaration - health warning signs - commission - repeal. (1) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (a) Fetal alcohol exposure is among the leading known causes
15 16 17 18 19	27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative declaration - health warning signs - commission - repeal. (1) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (a) Fetal alcohol exposure is among the leading known causes CAUSE of mental retardation PREVENTABLE INTELLECTUAL AND
15 16 17 18 19 20	27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative declaration - health warning signs - commission - repeal. (1) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (a) Fetal alcohol exposure is among the leading known causes CAUSE of mental retardation PREVENTABLE INTELLECTUAL AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES and birth defects in the children of this
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative declaration - health warning signs - commission - repeal. (1) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (a) Fetal alcohol exposure is among the leading known causes CAUSE of mental retardation PREVENTABLE INTELLECTUAL AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES and birth defects in the children of this state;
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative declaration - health warning signs - commission - repeal. (1) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (a) Fetal alcohol exposure is among the leading known causes CAUSE of mental retardation PREVENTABLE INTELLECTUAL AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES and birth defects in the children of this state; (b) Individuals with undiagnosed fetal alcohol exposure
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative declaration - health warning signs - commission - repeal. (1) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (a) Fetal alcohol exposure is among the leading known causes CAUSE of mental retardation PREVENTABLE INTELLECTUAL AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES and birth defects in the children of this state; (b) Individuals with undiagnosed fetal alcohol exposure SPECTRUM DISORDERS suffer substantially from secondary issues such as
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	27-80-116. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders - legislative declaration - health warning signs - commission - repeal. (1) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that: (a) Fetal alcohol exposure is among the leading known causes CAUSE of mental retardation PREVENTABLE INTELLECTUAL AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES and birth defects in the children of this state; (b) Individuals with undiagnosed fetal alcohol exposure SPECTRUM DISORDERS suffer substantially from secondary issues such as child abuse and neglect, separation from families, multiple foster

-6- НВ11-1144

1	TWELVE, INDIVIDUALS WITH UNDIAGNOSED FASD ARE TWO TO FOUR
2	TIMES MORE LIKELY TO SUFFER FROM INAPPROPRIATE SEXUAL BEHAVIOR,
3	DISRUPTED SCHOOL EXPERIENCES, TROUBLE WITH THE LAW, DRUG AND
4	ALCOHOL PROBLEMS, OR CONFINEMENT IN A JAIL, MENTAL HOSPITAL, OR
5	DRUG AND ALCOHOL TREATMENT FACILITY;
6	(c) These secondary disabilities come at a high cost to individuals,
7	their families, and society; and
8	(d) A survey performed in 2006 by the Colorado pregnancy risk
9	assessment system estimated that eleven and two-tenths percent of
10	women in Colorado said that they drank alcohol during the last three
11	months of their pregnancy; AND
12	(e) THE COMMISSION SHOULD EVALUATE THE CURRENT USE AND
13	DISTRIBUTION OF WRITTEN AND ELECTRONIC INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS
14	DESIGNED TO INCREASE AWARENESS OF THE CONSEQUENCES OF DRINKING
15	ALCOHOL WHILE PREGNANT AND SHOULD INVESTIGATE ADDITIONAL
16	MEANS BY WHICH SUCH WRITTEN AND ELECTRONIC MATERIALS MIGHT
17	BEST BE USED.
18	(2) The general assembly therefore declares that fetal alcohol
19	exposure and its related problems can be reduced substantially by a
20	greater awareness of the consequences of drinking alcohol while pregnant
21	and by early diagnosis and receipt of appropriate and effective
22	intervention.
23	(3) Each vendor PERSON licensed in Colorado PURSUANT TO
24	SECTION 12-47-401 (1) (h) TO (1) (t), C.R.S., to sell alcoholic beverages
25	MALT, VINOUS, AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS OR LICENSED PURSUANT TO
26	SECTION 12-46-104(1)(c), C.R.S., TO SELL FERMENTED MALT BEVERAGES
27	is hereby encouraged to post a health warning sign pursuant to paragraph

-7- HB11-1144

1	(c) of subsection (4) of this section, informing patrons that the
2	consumption of alcohol during pregnancy may cause birth defects,
3	including fetal alcohol syndrome SPECTRUM DISORDERS.
4	(4) (a) There is hereby created the fetal alcohol spectrum disorders
5	commission, referred to in this section as the "commission". The
6	commission is created as a temporary commission under section 22 of
7	article IV of the state constitution. The commission shall be composed
8	of no more than ten TWELVE members. On or before August 30, 2009, the
9	executive director, in consultation with a nonprofit organization that
10	works with FASD issues, shall appoint the commission members with the
11	goal of selecting a broad representation of individuals working in the field
12	of FASD. The commission shall include representation from the
13	following areas and groups in any combination the executive director
14	deems appropriate:
15	(I) Pediatrics;
16	(II) Family physicians;
17	(III) Child development programs that work with special needs
18	children;
19	(IV) The department of public health and environment;
20	(V) The juvenile justice system;
21	(VI) Preschool, elementary, secondary, and higher education;
22	(VII) Parents, foster parents, or legal guardians of children OR
23	ADULTS affected by FASD;
24	(VIII) The developmentally disabled community; and
25	(IX) Speech, language, and occupational therapy;
26	(X) THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION; AND
27	(XI) A REPRESENTATIVE OF A TRADE ASSOCIATION THAT

-8- HB11-1144

1	REPRESENTS LICENSED BEVERAGE RETAILERS IN COLORADO.
2	(b) The commission shall meet at least once on or before
3	September 30, 2009. At its first meeting, the commission shall elect by
4	a majority vote a chairperson from among the commission members who
5	shall act as the presiding officer of the commission, determine a meeting
6	schedule, and develop a list of priorities. Commission members shall
7	serve without compensation or reimbursement of expenses.
8	(c) On or before October 30, 2009, The commission shall develop
9	a health warning sign AND OTHER INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS for use by
10	vendors Persons Licensed Pursuant to Section 12-47-401 (1) (h) to
11	(1) (t), C.R.S., TO SELL MALT, VINOUS, AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS OF
12	LICENSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-46-104 (1) (c), C.R.S., TO SELI
13	FERMENTED MALT BEVERAGES and a plan for making the sign AND OTHER
14	INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS available on-line to vendors SUCH LICENSEI
15	PERSONS AND OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES. At a minimum, the health
16	warning sign shall read as follows:
17	HEALTH WARNING
18	DRINKING ANY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE DURING
19	PREGNANCY MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS.
20	(d) On or before December 1, 2009, and as needed thereafter, the
21	commission shall make recommendations to the unit and to the health and
22	human services committees of the senate and the house of representatives
23	or any successor committees. The commission's recommendations shall
24	address the prevention of and education about FASD and any other
25	FASD-related issues. THE COMMISSION SHALL EVALUATE THE USE OF THE
26	HEALTH WARNING SIGNS DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (c) OF
27	THIS SUBSECTION (4), THE RESPONSE BY LICENSED PERSONS, AS DESCRIBED

-9- HB11-1144

1	IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBSECTION (4), TO THE SIGNS, AND THE
2	RESPONSE BY WOMEN AND PATRONS TO THE SIGNS. THE COMMISSION
3	SHALL MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE UNIT AND TO THE HEALTH AND
4	HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF
5	REPRESENTATIVES, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, ON THE MOST
6	EFFECTIVE USE OF THE WARNING SIGNS AND SHALL ALSO RECOMMEND THE
7	MOST EFFECTIVE USE OF OTHER WRITTEN AND ELECTRONIC
8	INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS IN THE FUTURE.
9	(e) This subsection (4) is repealed, effective June 30, 2012 2015.
10	SECTION 3. Repeal. 27-80-101 (7), Colorado Revised Statutes,
11	is repealed as follows:
12	27-80-101. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context
13	otherwise requires:
14	(7) "Vendor" means any bar, tavern, restaurant, or retail
15	establishment licensed in the state of Colorado under articles 46 and 47
16	of title 12, C.R.S., to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on or off
17	the vendor's premises.
18	SECTION 4. 10-16-104, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended
19	BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION to read:
20	10-16-104. Mandatory coverage provisions - definitions.
21	(1.9) Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders. (a) All individual and
22	GROUP HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS SHALL PROVIDE COVERAGE FOR A
23	MULTIDISCIPLINARY EVALUATION AS REQUESTED BY THE PRIMARY HEALTH
24	CARE PROVIDER OF A CHILD UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE WHO IS
25	SUSPECTED OF HAVING A FETAL ALCOHOL SPECTRUM DISORDER. THE
26	WRITTEN REPORT OF THE EVALUATION SHALL BE SENT BY THE DIAGNOSTIC
27	TEAM TO THE CHILD'S HEALTH CARE PROVIDER AND TO THE PARENT,

-10- HB11-1144

1	GUARDIAN, OR PRIMARY CAREGIVER OF THE CHILD.
2	(b) As used in this subsection (1.9), unless the context
3	OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
4	(I) "FETAL ALCOHOL SPECTRUM DISORDERS" OR "FASD" MEANS
5	THE RANGE OF EFFECTS THAT CAN OCCUR IN A PERSON WHOSE MOTHER
6	CONSUMED ALCOHOL DURING PREGNANCY. THESE EFFECTS MAY INCLUDE
7	PHYSICAL, MENTAL, BEHAVIORAL, OR LEARNING DISABILITIES OR ANY
8	COMBINATION THEREOF, AND MAY HAVE LIFELONG IMPLICATIONS FOR THE
9	PERSON. THE TERM "FASD" IS NOT ITSELF A SPECIFIC DIAGNOSIS USED BY
10	CLINICIANS BUT INCLUDES A NUMBER OF SPECIFIC CONDITIONS SUCH AS
11	FETAL ALCOHOL SYNDROME (FAS), FETAL ALCOHOL EFFECTS (FAE),
12	ALCOHOL-RELATED NEURODEVELOPMENTAL DISORDER (ARND), AND
13	ALCOHOL-RELATED BIRTH DEFECTS (ARBD).
14	(II) "MULTIDISCIPLINARY EVALUATION" MEANS AN EVALUATION
15	OF A CHILD SUSPECTED OF HAVING A FETAL ALCOHOL SPECTRUM DISORDER
16	BY A TEAM OF LICENSED PROFESSIONALS, INCLUDING PERSONS QUALIFIED
17	TO ASSESS THE CHILD IN THE FOLLOWING AREAS: MEDICAL STATUS,
18	PSYCHOLOGICAL FUNCTIONS, EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS, FINE AND GROSS
19	MOTOR ABILITIES, AND SPEECH AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS. THE
20	"MULTIDISCIPLINARY EVALUATION" INCLUDES A WRITTEN REPORT
21	CONTAINING THE FINDINGS OF THE DIFFERENT PROFESSIONALS AND THE
22	RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE TEAM.
23	(c) Nothing in this subsection (1.9) shall be construed to
24	PERMIT AN INSURANCE CARRIER:
25	(I) TO REDUCE BENEFITS PROVIDED FOR THE TREATMENT OF THE
26	EFFECTS OF FETAL ALCOHOL SPECTRUM DISORDERS; OR
27	(II) TO DENY OR REFUSE TO PROVIDE OTHERWISE COVERED

-11- HB11-1144

1	SERVICES, REFUSE TO ISSUE, RENEW, OR REISSUE, OR OTHERWISE RESTRICT
2	OR TERMINATE COVERAGE UNDER A HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN BECAUSE THE
3	COVERED PERSON OR HIS OR HER COVERED DEPENDENT IS DETERMINED
4	THROUGH AN EVALUATION TO HAVE A FETAL ALCOHOL SPECTRUM
5	DISORDER.
6	(d) The benefits provided in this subsection (1.9) are
7	SUBJECT TO THE SAME COPAYMENTS ESTABLISHED FOR OTHER DIAGNOSTIC
8	AND EVALUATION BENEFITS COVERED WITHIN THE POLICYHOLDER'S
9	HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN.
10	(e) The benefits provided in this subsection (1.9) shall be
11	EXEMPT FROM A DEDUCTIBLE OR DOLLAR LIMIT PROVISION UNDER THE
12	POLICYHOLDER'S HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN.
13	(f) This subsection (1.9) shall take effect January 1, 2012,
14	AND SHALL APPLY TO HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
15	10-16-102 (21), ISSUED OR RENEWED ON OR AFTER SAID DATE.
16	(g) The General assembly notes that effective January 1 ,
17	2014, UNDER THE FEDERAL "PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE
18	CARE ACT", PUB.L. 111-148, (PPACA) AND THE FEDERAL "HEALTH CARE
19	AND EDUCATION RECONCILIATION ACT of 2010", Pub.L. 111-152, if the
20	"ESSENTIAL BENEFITS" PROVISIONS FOR INSURANCE POLICIES OFFERED
21	THROUGH THE HEALTH EXCHANGE MARKETPLACES DO NOT INCLUDE
22	COVERAGE FOR A MULTIDISCIPLINARY EVALUATION FOR DIAGNOSING
23	FASD, THEN THE STATE WILL HAVE TO PAY ANY ADDITIONAL COSTS FOR
24	THOSE BENEFITS FOR EXCHANGE ENROLLEES. IF SUCH COVERAGE IS NOT
25	INCLUDED IN THE ESSENTIAL BENEFITS PROVISIONS, THE COLORADO
26	INTERAGENCY HEALTH REFORM IMPLEMENTING BOARD, CREATED IN THE
27	GOVERNOR'S OFFICE TO COORDINATE EFFORTS TO IMPLEMENT THE

-12-

HB11-1144

1	FEDERAL HEALTH REFORM ACTS, IS DIRECTED TO STUDY AND ADVISE THE
2	GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON WHETHER THE COSTS OF A MULTIDISCIPLINARY
3	EVALUATION FOR OR TREATMENT OF FASD OR BOTH SHOULD BE COVERED
4	BY THE STATE. THE COLORADO INTERAGENCY HEALTH REFORM
5	IMPLEMENTING BOARD SHALL SUBMIT A REPORT WITH ITS FINDINGS AND
6	RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEES
7	OF THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, OR ANY SUCCESSOR
8	COMMITTEES, ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1, 2013.
9	SECTION 5. 25-1.5-105 (1) (c), Colorado Revised Statutes, is
10	amended to read:
11	25-1.5-105. Detection of diseases - powers and duties of
12	department. (1) The department has, in addition to all other powers and
13	duties imposed upon it by law, the powers and duties provided in this
14	section as follows:
15	(c) To establish programs of community and professional
16	education relevant to the detection, prevention, and control of
17	environmental and chronic diseases. THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS
18	THAT THE COLORADO HEALTH CARE PROGRAM FOR CHILDREN WITH
19	SPECIAL HEALTH CARE NEEDS IN THE PREVENTION SERVICES DIVISION IN
20	THE DEPARTMENT IS AN EFFECTIVE METHOD TO PROVIDE INFORMATION
21	AND SUPPORT TO LOCAL COMMUNITIES AND FAMILIES IN NEED OF
22	DIAGNOSTIC AND EVALUATION SERVICES. THE DEPARTMENT IS
23	ENCOURAGED TO ENHANCE THE CAPACITY OF LOCAL COMMUNITIES TO
24	SERVE FAMILIES OF CHILDREN WHO HAVE OR ARE SUSPECTED OF HAVING
25	NEURODEVELOPMENTAL DELAYS, INCLUDING FETAL ALCOHOL SPECTRUM
26	DISORDERS, BY SUPPORTING AND PROMOTING LOCAL MULTIDISCIPLINARY
27	DIAGNOSTIC AND EVALUATION CLINICS.

-13- HB11-1144

SECTION 6. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
shall take effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August
10, 2011, if adjournment sine die is on May 11, 2011); except that, if a
referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the
state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act
within such period, then the act, item, section, or part shall not take effect
unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
November 2012 and shall take effect on the date of the official
declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

-14- HB11-1144