First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 23-0927.01 Megan McCall x4215

HOUSE BILL 23-1259

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Daugherty and Evans, Bird, Hamrick, Kipp

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Zenzinger and Simpson,

House Committees

Senate Committees

State, Civic, Military, & Veterans Affairs

A BILL FOR AN ACT 101 CONCERNING PROVISIONS IN THE OPEN MEETINGS LAW FOR AN 102 EXECUTIVE SESSION OF A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY, AND, IN 103 CONNECTION THEREWITH, CREATING A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY'S 104 RIGHT TO CURE A VIOLATION OF THE OPEN MEETINGS LAW FOR 105 AN EXECUTIVE SESSION, ADDING PREREQUISITES FOR A PERSON 106 TO CHALLENGE A VIOLATION BY A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY OF THE 107 OPEN MEETINGS LAW FOR AN EXECUTIVE SESSION, AND 108 PERMITTING A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY TO RECOVER COSTS AND 109 ATTORNEY FEES IN AN ACTION FOR A VIOLATION BY A LOCAL 110 PUBLIC BODY OF THE EXECUTIVE SESSION PROVISIONS IF THE 111 LOCAL PUBLIC BODY HAS CURED THE VIOLATION.

Bill Summary

HOUSE Amended 3rd Reading April 14, 2023

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading April 13, 2023 (Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill creates a right for a local public body to cure a violation of the open meetings law with respect to an executive session if the local public body takes the corrective action at its next meeting after the meeting at which the violation occurred or at the local public body's next meeting that is held at least 14 days after receiving notice by a person who intends to challenge the violation. The bill requires that, in order to have standing, a person who intends to challenge a violation of the open meetings law by a local public body in connection with an executive session must first provide notice to the secretary or clerk of the local public body and the parties must meet or communicate before the next meeting of the local public body to determine if the challenge can be resolved without filing with the court. If the local public body cures the violation, a person does not have standing to challenge the violation.

Under current law, if the court finds a violation of the open meetings law, a prevailing citizen is entitled to costs and reasonable attorney fees. If the court does not find a violation, the prevailing party may recover costs and reasonable attorney fees if the court finds that the action was frivolous, vexatious, or groundless. The bill creates an additional allowance in connection with a challenge filed that concerns an action by a local public body for an executive session to allow a local public body to recover costs and reasonable attorney fees if the court determines the person filing the challenge has not complied with the notice requirements or that the local public body has cured the violation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

2 SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-6-402, amend

(9)(b); and **add** (4.5) and (9)(c) as follows:

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4 24-6-402. Meetings - open to public - legislative declaration -

definitions. (4.5) (a) (I) A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY HAS THE RIGHT TO CURE

6 A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION. AS USED IN THIS

7 SUBSECTION (4.5), "CURE" MEANS THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY SATISFIES THE

REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTIONS (4.5)(a)(II) AND (4.5)(a)(III)

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1	OF THIS SECTION.
2	(II) A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY CURES A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4)
3	OF THIS SECTION BY REVISING ITS ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE TOPIC FOR
4	DISCUSSION THAT WAS PREVIOUSLY IN VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF
5	THIS SECTION EITHER:
6	(A) AT THE NEXT MEETING OF THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY AFTER THE
7	MEETING AT WHICH THE VIOLATION OCCURRED; OR
8	(B) AT THE NEXT MEETING OF THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY THAT IS
9	HELD AT LEAST FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE REQUIRED
10	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION $(4.5)(b)(I)$ OF THIS SECTION.
11	(III) THE REVISED ANNOUNCEMENT AND VOTE TO HOLD THE
12	EXECUTIVE SESSION MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS
13	SECTION AND IDENTIFY THE PURPOSE OF THE EXECUTIVE SESSION AND
14	PROVIDE ADEQUATE DETAIL REGARDING THE EXECUTIVE SESSION AS
15	REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.
16	(IV) AN EXECUTIVE SESSION THAT IS ENTERED INTO FOR A
17	PURPOSE NOT AUTHORIZED BY SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION CANNOT
18	BE CURED.
19	(V) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION
20	(4.5), A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY DOES NOT HAVE THE RIGHT TO CURE A
21	FAILURE TO PROPERLY ANNOUNCE AN EXECUTIVE SESSION THAT IS IN
22	VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION FOR A PURPOSE
23	AUTHORIZED BY SUBSECTION $(4)(a)$, $(4)(b)$, $(4)(c)$, $(4)(d)$, $(4)(e)$, $(4)(f)$,
24	(4)(g), $(4)(h)$, or $(4)(i)$ of this section if the violation is the third
25	VIOLATION COMMITTED BY THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY IN FAILING TO
26	PROPERLY ANNOUNCE AN EXECUTIVE SESSION AUTHORIZED BY THE SAME
27	SUBSECTION $(4)(a)$, $(4)(b)$, $(4)(c)$, $(4)(d)$, $(4)(e)$, $(4)(f)$, $(4)(g)$, $(4)(h)$, OR

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1	(4)(i) OF THIS SECTION WITHIN A ONE-YEAR PERIOD FROM THE FIRST
2	VIOLATION.
3	(b) (I) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (9)(a)
4	OF THIS SECTION, A PERSON DOES NOT HAVE STANDING TO CHALLENGE A
5	LOCAL PUBLIC BODY'S ACTION TAKEN PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4) OF
6	THIS SECTION UNTIL THE PERSON FILES WRITTEN NOTICE WITH THE
7	SECRETARY OR CLERK OF THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY AT LEAST FOURTEEN
8	DAYS BEFORE A REGULAR MEETING OF THE PUBLIC BODY. THE NOTICE
9	MUST IDENTIFY THE ACTION FOR WHICH THE PERSON INTENDS TO FILE A
10	CLAIM WITH A COURT OF RECORD CHALLENGING THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY
11	FOR A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.
12	(II) AFTER RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE THAT IS REQUIRED PURSUANT
13	SUBSECTION $(4.5)(b)(I)$ of this section, and before the next regular
14	MEETING OF THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY, THE SECRETARY OR CLERK OF THE
15	LOCAL PUBLIC BODY, OR A DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE LOCAL
16	PUBLIC BODY, SHALL MEET IN PERSON OR OTHERWISE COMMUNICATE WITH
17	THE PERSON WHO FILED THE NOTICE TO DETERMINE IF THE CHALLENGE
18	CAN BE RESOLVED WITHOUT FILING THE CHALLENGE WITH A COURT
19	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (9) OF THIS SECTION. DETERMINING IF THE
20	PERSON'S CHALLENGE CAN BE RESOLVED INCLUDES WORKING TOGETHER
21	TO DEVELOP A SOLUTION TO THE DEFICIENCY OF THE PRIOR
22	ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE EXECUTIVE SESSION THAT IS ALLEGED TO BE IN
23	VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S
24	CHALLENGE AND COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (4) OF
25	THIS SECTION.
26	
27	(c) IF A CHALLENGE IS FILED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (9) OF THIS

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1	SECTION CONCERNING AN ACTION TAKEN BY A LOCAL PUBLIC BODY
2	PURSUANT TO ANY PROVISION OF SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION AND
3	THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE LOCAL PUBLIC BODY HAS CURED
4	THE VIOLATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION $(4.5)(a)$ OF THIS SECTION, THE
5	COURT SHALL AWARD COSTS AND REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES TO THE
6	LOCAL PUBLIC BODY.
7	(9) (b) The courts of record of this state shall have jurisdiction to
8	issue injunctions to enforce the purposes of this section upon application
9	by any citizen of this state. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN
10	SUBSECTION (9)(c) OF THIS SECTION, in any action in which the court finds
11	a violation of this section, the court shall award the citizen prevailing in
12	such action costs and reasonable attorney fees. In the event the court does
13	not find a violation of this section, it shall award costs and reasonable
14	attorney fees to the prevailing party if the court finds that the action was
15	frivolous, vexatious, or groundless.
16	(c) A PRO SE PLAINTIFF IN AN ACTION CHALLENGING A LOCAL
17	PUBLIC BODY FOR A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION $(2)(d.5)(II)$ OR (4) OF THIS
18	SECTION OR FOR A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (2)(d)(II) OF THIS SECTION
19	ONLY AS IT RELATES TO AN EXECUTIVE SESSION HELD AT A MEETING, IS
20	NOT ENTITLED TO AN AWARD OF COSTS OR ATTORNEY FEES, NOR MAY
21	COSTS OR ATTORNEY FEES BE ASSESSED AGAINST A PRO SE PLAINTIFF
22	UNLESS OTHERWISE ALLOWED BY SUBSECTION (9)(b) OF THIS SECTION.
23	SECTION 2. Applicability. This act applies to challenges to a
24	violation by a local public body of section 24-6-402 (4), C.R.S., brought
25	on or after the effective date of this act.
26	SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
27	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate

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preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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