Second Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 18-0120.01 Yelana Love x2295

HOUSE BILL 18-1397

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Jackson,

Moreno,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

House Committees Health, Insurance, & Environment

Senate Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING MODIFICATIONS TO THE RESIDENTIAL WARRANTY OF

102 HABITABILITY FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROTECTING RENTERS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov</u>.)

Under current law, a warranty of habitability (warranty) is implied into every rental agreement for a residential premises. The bill makes the following changes related to the warranty:

> ! Current law requires written notice before a landlord can be held liable for a breach of the warranty (breach). The bill expands the acceptable notice to also include electronic

notice, defines electronic notice, and specifies the time within which the landlord is required to commence remedial action (sections 3 and 4 of the bill).

- I Jurisdiction to provide injunctive relief related to a breach is expanded to include a county court, including a small claims court (sections 1, 2, and 6).
- Į. The absence of mold is added to the basic requirements for a habitable residence (section 5).
- As long as certain conditions are met, a tenant is authorized İ. to deduct the cost of repair from subsequent rent (section 6).
- Į. The requirement that a tenant notify a local government before seeking an injunction is repealed (section 7).
- The prohibition on retaliation for a tenant's alleging a ļ breach is modified to specify damages and to eliminate presumptions (section 8).
- 1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
- 2 SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-6-105, amend 3 (1)(f) as follows:
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13-6-105. Specific limits on civil jurisdiction. (1) The county 5 court shall have no civil jurisdiction except that specifically conferred 6 upon it by law. In particular, it shall have no jurisdiction over the 7 following matters:

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(f) Original proceedings for the issuance of injunctions, except:

- (I) As provided in section 13-6-104 (5) except SECTIONS 13-6-104
- 10 (5) AND 38-12-507 (1)(b);

11 (II) As required to enforce restrictive covenants on residential 12 property and to enforce the provisions of section 6-1-702.5; C.R.S., and 13 except

14 (III) As otherwise specifically authorized in this article ARTICLE 6 or, if there is no authorization, by rule of the Colorado supreme court. 15 16 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-6-403, add 1 (2)(h)(V) as follows:

2 13-6-403. Jurisdiction of small claims court - limitations. 3 (2)The small claims court shall have no jurisdiction except that 4 specifically conferred upon it by law. In particular, it shall have no 5 jurisdiction over the following matters: (h) Actions involving injunctive relief, except as required to: 6 7 (V) ENFORCE SECTION 38-12-507 (1)(b). 8 **SECTION 3.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-502, add (2.5) 9 as follows: 10 **38-12-502.** Definitions. As used in this part 5, unless the context 11 otherwise requires: 12 (2.5) "ELECTRONIC NOTICE" MEANS NOTICE BY ELECTRONIC MAIL, 13 TEXT MESSAGING, OR OTHER ELECTRONIC MEANS. 14 SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-503, amend 15 (2)(b), (2)(c), and (4) as follows: 16 **38-12-503.** Warranty of habitability. (2) A landlord breaches 17 the warranty of habitability set forth in subsection (1) of this section if: 18 (b) The residential premises is in a condition that is materially 19 dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety AFFECTS OR 20 ENDANGERS THE HEALTH OR SAFETY OF THE TENANT; and 21 (c) The landlord has received written OR ELECTRONIC notice of the 22 condition described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection (2) and 23 SUBSECTIONS (2)(a) AND (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION, HAS failed to cure the 24 problem within a reasonable time, AND HAS FAILED TO COMMENCE 25 REMEDIAL ACTION WITHIN THE FOLLOWING PERIODS AFTER RECEIVING THE 26 NOTICE: (I) TWENTY-FOUR HOURS, WHERE THE DEFECTIVE CONDITION IS 27

-3-

1 IMMINENTLY HAZARDOUS TO LIFE;

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2 (II) NOT MORE THAN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS, WHERE THE
3 DEFECTIVE CONDITION DEPRIVES THE TENANT OF THE USE OF A
4 REFRIGERATOR, RANGE, OR OVEN OR A MAJOR PLUMBING FIXTURE
5 SUPPLIED BY THE LANDLORD;
6 (III) WITHEN A REASONADLE THE EOD A CONDITION CAUSED BY AN

6 (III) WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME FOR A CONDITION CAUSED BY AN
7 UNFORESEEABLE EMERGENCY OUTSIDE OF HUMAN CONTROL; OR

(IV) NOT MORE THAN TEN DAYS IN ALL OTHER CASES.

9 (4) In response to the notice sent pursuant to paragraph (c) of
10 subsection (2) SUBSECTION (2)(c) of this section, a landlord may, in the
11 landlord's discretion:

(a) Move a tenant to a comparable unit after paying the reasonable
costs, actually incurred, incident to the move; OR

14 (b) PAY FOR A TENANT TO RELOCATE TO A TEMPORARY LIVING

15 LOCATION WHILE THE CONDITION IS BEING REMEDIED OR REPAIRED.

SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-505, amend
(1)(j) and (1)(k); and add (1)(l) as follows:

18 38-12-505. Uninhabitable residential premises. (1) A
19 residential premises is deemed uninhabitable if it substantially lacks any
20 of the following characteristics:

(j) Locks on all exterior doors and locks or security devices on
windows designed to be opened that are maintained in good working
order; or

(k) Compliance with all applicable building, housing, and health
 codes, which, if violated, would constitute a condition that is dangerous
 or hazardous to a tenant's life, health, or safety MATERIALLY AFFECTS OR
 ENDANGERS THE HEALTH OR SAFETY OF THE TENANT; OR

-4-

(1) THE ABSENCE OF MOLD, WHICH, IF NOT REMEDIATED, WOULD
 CONSTITUTE A CONDITION THAT MATERIALLY AFFECTS OR ENDANGERS THE
 HEALTH OR SAFETY OF THE TENANT.

4 SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-507, amend
5 (1) introductory portion and (1)(b); and add (1)(e) as follows:

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38-12-507. Breach of warranty of habitability - tenant's remedies. (1) If there is a breach of the warranty of habitability as set forth in section 38-12-503 (2): the following provisions shall apply:

9 (b) A tenant may obtain injunctive relief for breach of the 10 warranty of habitability in any COUNTY OR DISTRICT court of competent 11 jurisdiction. In any proceeding for injunctive relief, the court shall 12 determine actual damages for a breach of the warranty at the time the 13 court orders the injunctive relief. A landlord shall not be subject to any 14 court order for injunctive relief if the landlord tenders the actual damages 15 to the court within two business days of AFTER the order. Upon 16 application by the tenant, the court shall immediately release to the tenant 17 the damages paid by the landlord. If the tenant vacates the leased 18 premises, the landlord shall not be permitted to rent the premises again 19 until such time as the unit would be in compliance with the warranty of 20 habitability set forth in section 38-12-503 (1).

(e) (I) A TENANT MAY DEDUCT THE COST TO REPAIR OR REMEDY
A CONDITION CAUSING A BREACH OF THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY
DESCRIBED IN SECTION 38-12-503 (1) FROM A SUBSEQUENT RENT PAYMENT
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e).

(II) A TENANT DEDUCTING FROM RENT SHALL OBTAIN AN
estimate for the cost to repair or remedy the condition causing
a breach of the warranty of habitability. The tenant shall

-5-

RETAIN A COPY OF THE ESTIMATE. THE TENANT SHALL NOT REPAIR OR
 REMEDY THE CONDITION.

3 (III) A TENANT MAY MAKE A ONE-TIME DEDUCTION OF THE ENTIRE
4 AMOUNT OF THE ESTIMATE. IF THE AMOUNT TO REPAIR OR REMEDY
5 EXCEEDS THE AMOUNT OF ONE MONTH OF PERIODIC RENT, THE TENANT
6 MAY CONTINUE TO DEDUCT OVER SUBSEQUENT MONTHS UNTIL THE ENTIRE
7 AMOUNT OF THE ESTIMATE IS DEDUCTED.

8 (IV) THE TENANT SHALL PROVIDE THE LANDLORD WITH AT LEAST 9 TEN AND NO MORE THAN THIRTY DAYS' WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC NOTICE 10 PRIOR TO DEDUCTING RENT. THE NOTICE MUST SPECIFY THE DATE OF 11 NOTIFICATION, THE NAME OF THE LANDLORD OR PROPERTY MANAGER, THE 12 ADDRESS OF THE RENTAL PROPERTY, THE CONDITION THAT IS IN NEED OF 13 REPAIR OR REMEDY, AND A COPY OF THE ESTIMATE TO REPAIR OR REMEDY 14 THE CONDITION. A TENANT WITHHOLDING RENT OVER MULTIPLE MONTHS 15 BASED ON THE SAME ESTIMATE IS ONLY REQUIRED TO PROVIDE NOTICE 16 ONCE. THE TENANT SHALL RETAIN A COPY OF THE NOTICE.

17 (V) A TENANT WHO DEDUCTS RENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS
18 SUBSECTION (1)(e) MAY SEEK ADDITIONAL REMEDIES PROVIDED BY THIS
19 SECTION.

(VI) IF A COURT FINDS THAT A TENANT HAS WRONGFULLY
DEDUCTED RENT, THE COURT SHALL AWARD THE LANDLORD EITHER
POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES OR:

23 (A) AN AMOUNT OF MONEY EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT WRONGFULLY
24 WITHHELD; OR

(B) IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THE TENANT ACTED IN BAD FAITH,
AN AMOUNT OF MONEY EQUAL TO DOUBLE THE AMOUNT WRONGFULLY
WITHHELD.

-6-

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-508, amend
 (4); and repeal (3) as follows:

3 38-12-508. Landlord's defenses to a claim of breach of 4 warranty - limitations on claiming a breach. (3) A tenant may not 5 assert a claim for injunctive relief based upon the landlord's breach of the 6 warranty of habitability of a residential premises unless the tenant has 7 given notice to a local government within the boundaries of which the 8 residential premises is located of the condition underlying the breach that 9 is materially dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety. 10 (4) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 38-12-509 (2), a tenant may 11 not assert a breach of the warranty of habitability as a defense to a 12 landlord's action for possession based upon a nonmonetary violation of 13 the rental agreement or for an action for possession based upon a notice

14 to quit or vacate.

15 SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-509, amend
16 (2); and repeal (3) and (4) as follows:

17 **38-12-509.** Prohibition on retaliation. (2) A landlord shall IS 18 not be liable for retaliation under this section unless a tenant proves that 19 a THE landlord breached the warranty of habitability. IF A LANDLORD ACTS 20 IN VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, A TENANT MAY 21 TERMINATE THE RENTAL AGREEMENT AND RECOVER AN AMOUNT NOT 22 MORE THAN THREE MONTHS' PERIODIC RENT OR THREE TIMES THE 23 TENANT'S ACTUAL DAMAGES, WHICHEVER IS GREATER, AND REASONABLE 24 ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS.

(3) Regardless of when an action for possession of the premises
 where the landlord is seeking to terminate the tenancy for violation of the
 terms of the rental agreement is brought, there shall be a rebuttable

-7-

presumption in favor of the landlord that his or her decision to terminate
 is not retaliatory. The presumption created by this subsection (3) cannot
 be rebutted by evidence of the timing alone of the landlord's initiation of
 the action.

5 (4) If the landlord has a right to increase rent, to decrease service, 6 or to terminate the tenant's tenancy at the end of any term of the rental 7 agreement and the landlord exercises any of these rights, there shall be a 8 rebuttable presumption that the landlord's exercise of any of these rights 9 was not retaliatory. The presumption of this subsection (4) cannot be 10 rebutted by evidence of the timing alone of the landlord's exercise of any 11 of these rights.

SECTION 9. Applicability. This act applies to conduct occurring
on or after the effective date of this act.

SECTION 10. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.