# Second Regular Session Seventieth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **INTRODUCED**

LLS NO. R16-1091.02 Thomas Morris x4218

HJR16-1020

#### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

DelGrosso,

### **SENATE SPONSORSHIP**

Sonnenberg,

## **House Committees**

## **Senate Committees**

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 16-1020
CONCERNING RECOGNITION OF THE BENEFITS AND IMPORTANCE OF
THE OIL AND NATURAL GAS INDUSTRY TO THE CITIZENS OF
Colorado.
WHEREAS, The oil and natural gas industry is an essential
economic driver in the state of Colorado, supporting more than 213,000 jobs and contributing \$31.7 billion to the state economy, \$7.6 billion in
compensation, and more than \$400 million through property taxes in 2014
to Colorado school districts and the state land board school trust; and
WHEREAS, Colorado ranks 6th in natural gas production and 7th
in oil production nationwide, and in 2013 ranked 19th worldwide in
natural gas production, ahead of countries such as Pakistan, Thailand, and
Venezuela; and

1 2	WHEREAS, The average salary in the oil and natural gas industry is \$105,000, double the average wage of other industries in Colorado; and
3 4 5 6	WHEREAS, The 2015 U.S. oil and natural gas industry work force included more than 237,000 oil, natural gas, and petrochemical jobs filled by women–a number that is projected to grow by 22% over the next 20 years; and
7 8 9 10	WHEREAS, Of the total number of oil and natural gas industry jobs in the Mountain Region (Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, Arizona, and New Mexico), women account for 15% (20,214 jobs) and Hispanic workers account for 20% (26,314 jobs); and
11 12 13 14	WHEREAS, IHS (an industry market research consultant) estimated that average U.S. household income was \$1,200 higher in 2012 thanks to energy from shale oil and natural gas, and estimated that this figure could reach \$3,500 a year in 2025; and
15 16 17	WHEREAS, Average household energy costs in Colorado are 27% less than the national average, due in large part to historically lower natural gas prices in the state; and
18 19 20 21	WHEREAS, In 2014, American households were estimated to enjoy about \$800 in annual savings from lower energy costs attributable to unconventional natural gas, and to reap additional savings from lower oil prices; and
22 23 24 25	WHEREAS, In 2015, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency concluded after a five-year study that "hydraulic fracturing activities have not led to widespread, systematic impacts to drinking water resources"; and
26 27	WHEREAS, The oil and natural gas industry has invested \$302 billion since 1990 to improve its environmental performance; and
28 29 30	WHEREAS, Nonattainment area emissions of volatile organic compounds from oil and natural gas have decreased in Colorado by 45% between 2011 and 2016, while oil production has increased by 220%; and
31 32	WHEREAS, The oil and natural gas industry is very active in communities throughout the state, including one operator that contributed more than \$2 million to local organizations in 2014, another operator that

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partnered with more than 30 Colorado organizations providing financial support and volunteer time, and employees of one operator who contributed more than 900 hours to working with the United Way; and

WHEREAS, In the last five years, Colorado has had 10 major rulemakings, leading to the country's toughest rules for oil and gas development that protect our people, our air, and our water; and

WHEREAS, The State Review of Oil and Natural Gas Environmental Regulations (STRONGER), a state review process cooperatively started by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Interstate Oil and Gas Compact Commission, reported after an extensive review of Colorado hydraulic fracturing regulations that "The review team has concluded that the Colorado program is well managed and professional"; now, therefore,

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the Seventieth General Assembly of the State of Colorado, the Senate concurring herein:

That we, the members of the General Assembly, recognize the oil and natural gas industry in Colorado and hereby extend our gratitude for the positive contributions it makes to improving the lives of all Coloradans.

Be It Further Resolved, That copies of this Joint Resolution be sent to Governor John Hickenlooper; Sally Jewell, secretary of the United States department of the interior; Dan Haley, president and chief executive officer of the Colorado Oil and Gas Association; Tracee Bentley, executive director of the Colorado Petroleum Council; Stan Dempsey, president of the Colorado Petroleum Association; and each member of Colorado's congressional delegation.

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