Second Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 14-0175.01 Jerry Barry x4341

SENATE BILL 14-005

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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Senate Committees

House Committees

Judiciary Finance

A BILL FOR AN ACT CONCERNING ALTERNATIVE ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES FOR THE PROCESSING OF CERTAIN WAGE CLAIMS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, AMENDING THE PROVISIONS FOR WRITTEN NOTICES OF A WAGE CLAIM.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

For purposes of duties, obligations, and liabilities related to the payment of wages, the bill:

- ! Expands wage claims to include violations involving the state minimum wage;
- ! Requires an employer to maintain records reflecting information in an employee's pay statement for at least 3 years after payment of the wages and to make the records available to the employee and the division of labor in the department of labor and employment (division). The bill authorizes the executive director of the division to impose a fine on an employer who fails to retain or make available the records.
- ! Requires an employer to mail a check for wages to the employee's last-known address within 60 days after the check was due if an employer is unable to otherwise deliver the check to the employee.

Under current law, to recover penalties in an action for unpaid wages, an employee is required to make a written demand on his or her employer to recover penalties, and the penalties are increased by 50% if the employer's failure to pay is willful. The bill:

- ! Provides that failure to respond to a written demand creates a rebuttable presumption that the failure to pay was willful;
- ! Provides that service of a small claims court complaint serves as the written demand; and
- ! Reduces the penalties for failing to pay wages by 50% if the employer makes legal tender to the employee of the amount that the employer believes in good faith is due the employee.

The bill authorizes the director of the division to establish an administrative procedure to adjudicate wage claims. For wage claims filed with the division for \$7,500 or less, the bill establishes procedures for the division to adjudicate the claim and issue citations and notices of assessments for the amounts due. A person dissatisfied with a decision may commence a de novo civil action in any county or district court of competent jurisdiction.

Current law provides that fines collected by the division are deposited in the general fund. The bill provides that the fines are deposited in a new wage theft enforcement fund.

The bill provides that an employee is entitled to reasonable attorney fees in an action to recover the minimum wage.

- 1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
- 2 **SECTION 1. Short title.** This act shall be known as the "Wage
- 3 Protection Act of 2014".

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2	follows:
3	8-4-101. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context
4	otherwise requires:
5	(1) "CITATION" MEANS A WRITTEN DETERMINATION BY THE
6	DIVISION THAT A WAGE PAYMENT REQUIREMENT HAS BEEN VIOLATED.
7	(1) (2) "Credit" means an arrangement or understanding with the
8	bank or other drawee for the payment of an order, check, draft, note,
9	memorandum, or other acknowledgment of indebtedness.
10	(2) (3) "Director" means the director of the division of labor or his
11	or her designee.
12	(3) (4) "Division" means the division of labor in the department
13	of labor and employment.
14	(4) (5) "Employee" means any person, including a migratory
15	laborer, performing labor or services for the benefit of an employer in
16	which the employer may command when, where, and how much labor or
17	services shall be performed. For the purpose of this article, an individual
18	primarily free from control and direction in the performance of the
19	service, both under his or her contract for the performance of service and
20	in fact, and who is customarily engaged in an independent trade,
21	occupation, profession, or business related to the service performed is not
22	an "employee".
23	(5) (6) "Employer" means every person, firm, partnership,
24	association, corporation, migratory field labor contractor or crew leader,
25	receiver, or other officer of court in Colorado, and any agent or officer
26	thereof, of the above mentioned classes, employing any person in
27	Colorado; except that the provisions of this article shall not apply to the

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 8-4-101 as

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state or its agencies or entities, counties, cities and counties, municipal corporations, quasi-municipal corporations, school districts, and irrigation, reservoir, or drainage conservation companies or districts organized and existing under the laws of Colorado.

(6) (7) "Field labor contractor" means anyone who contracts with an employer to recruit, solicit, hire, or furnish migratory labor for agricultural purposes to do any one or more of the following activities in this state: Hoeing, thinning, topping, sacking, hauling, harvesting, cleaning, cutting, sorting, and other direct manual labor affecting beets, onions, lettuce, potatoes, tomatoes, and other products, fruits, or crops in which labor is seasonal in this state. Such term shall not include a farmer or grower, packinghouse operator, ginner, or warehouseman or any full-time regular and year-round employee of the farmer or grower, packinghouse operator, ginner, or warehouseman who engages in such activities, nor shall it include any migratory laborer who engages in such activities with regard to such migratory laborer's own children, spouse, parents, siblings, or grandparents.

- (8) "FINE" MEANS ANY MONETARY AMOUNT ASSESSED AGAINST AN EMPLOYER AND PAYABLE TO THE DIVISION.
- (7) (9) "Migratory laborer" means any person from within or without the limits of the state of Colorado who offers his or her services to a field labor contractor, whether from within or from without the limits of the state of Colorado, so that said field labor contractor may enter into a contract with any employer to furnish the services of said migratory laborers in seasonal employment.
- (10) "NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT" MEANS A WRITTEN NOTICE BY THE DIVISION, BASED ON A CITATION, THAT THE EMPLOYER MUST PAY THE

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1	AMOUNT OF	WAGES, P	ENALTIES, C	OR FINES	ASSESSED.
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- 2 (11) "NOTICE OF COMPLAINT" MEANS THE LETTER SENT BY THE 3 DIVISION AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 8-4-111 (2) (a).
- 4 (12) "PENALTY" MEANS ANY MONETARY AMOUNT ASSESSED
 5 AGAINST AN EMPLOYER AND PAYABLE TO AN EMPLOYEE.
- 6 (13) "REPEAT WILLFUL VIOLATOR" MEANS AN EMPLOYER THAT,
 7 WITHIN THREE YEARS OF THE DATE OF THE MOST RECENT VIOLATION
 8 RESULTING IN A CITATION AND NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT, WAS THE SUBJECT
 9 OF A FINAL AND BINDING CITATION AND NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT FOR A
 10 SUBSEQUENT VIOLATION OF A WAGE PAYMENT REQUIREMENT.
 - (14) "WAGE COMPLAINT" MEANS A COMPLAINT FILED WITH THE DIVISION FROM AN EMPLOYEE FOR UNPAID WAGES ALLEGING THAT AN EMPLOYER HAS VIOLATED SECTION 15 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION, THIS ARTICLE, ARTICLE 6 OF THIS TITLE, OR ANY RULE ADOPTED BY THE DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE OR ARTICLE 6 OF THIS TITLE.
 - (8) (15) (a) "Wages" or "compensation" means:
 - (I) All amounts for labor or service performed by employees, whether the amount is fixed or ascertained by the standard of time, task, piece, commission basis, or other method of calculating the same or whether the labor or service is performed under contract, subcontract, partnership, subpartnership, station plan, or other agreement for the performance of labor or service if the labor or service to be paid for is performed personally by the person demanding payment. No amount is considered to be wages or compensation until such amount is earned, vested, and determinable, at which time such amount shall be payable to the employee pursuant to this article.

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1	(II) Bonuses or commissions earned for labor or services
2	performed in accordance with the terms of any agreement between an
3	employer and employee;
4	(III) Vacation pay earned in accordance with the terms of any
5	agreement. If an employer provides paid vacation for an employee, the
6	employer shall pay upon separation from employment all vacation pay
7	earned and determinable in accordance with the terms of any agreement
8	between the employer and the employee.
9	(b) "Wages" or "compensation" does not include severance pay.
10	_
11	(16) "Written demand" means any written demand for
12	WAGES OR COMPENSATION FROM OR ON BEHALF OF AN EMPLOYEE,
13	INCLUDING A NOTICE OF COMPLAINT, MAILED OR DELIVERED TO THE
14	EMPLOYER'S CORRECT ADDRESS.
15	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-4-103, add (4.5)
16	as follows:
17	8-4-103. Payment of wages - insufficient funds - pay statement
18	- record retention - tip notification. (4.5) An employer shall retain
19	RECORDS REFLECTING THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN AN EMPLOYEE'S
20	ITEMIZED PAY STATEMENT AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS
21	SECTION FOR A PERIOD OF AT LEAST THREE YEARS AFTER THE WAGES OR
22	COMPENSATION WERE DUE. THE RECORDS SHALL BE AVAILABLE FOR
23	INSPECTION BY THE DIVISION, AND THE EMPLOYER SHALL PROVIDE COPIES
24	OF THE RECORDS UPON REQUEST BY THE DIVISION OR THE EMPLOYEE. THE
25	DIRECTOR MAY IMPOSE A FINE OF UP TO TWO HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS PER
26	EMPLOYEE PER MONTH ON AN EMPLOYER WHO VIOLATES THIS SUBSECTION
27	(4.5) UP TO A MAXIMUM FINE OF SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED

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1	<u>DOLLARS.</u>
2	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-4-109, amend (3);
3	and add (1) (c) as follows:
4	8-4-109. Termination of employment - payments required -
5	civil penalties - payments to surviving spouse or heir. (1) (c) IF AN
6	EMPLOYER HAS MADE THE EMPLOYEE'S WAGES OR COMPENSATION
7	AVAILABLE AT THE WORK SITE OR AT THE EMPLOYER'S LOCAL OFFICE
8	UNDER PARAGRAPH (a) OR (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1), AND THE
9	EMPLOYEE HAS NOT RECEIVED THE WAGES OR COMPENSATION WITHIN
10	SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE WAGES OR COMPENSATION WERE DUE, THE
11	EMPLOYER SHALL MAIL THE EMPLOYEE'S CHECK FOR WAGES OR
12	COMPENSATION DUE TO THE EMPLOYEE'S LAST-KNOWN MAILING ADDRESS.
13	(3) (a) If an employer refuses to pay wages or compensation in
14	accordance with subsection (1) of this section, the employee, or his or her
15	designated agent, shall make OR THE DIVISION MAY SEND a written
16	demand for the payment. within sixty days after the date of separation and
17	shall state in the demand where such payment can be received.
18	(a.5) If the employer disputes the amount of wages or
19	compensation claimed by an employee under this article and if, within
20	fourteen days after the employee's WRITTEN demand IS SENT, the
21	employer makes a legal tender of the amount that the employer in good
22	faith believes is due, the employer shall not be liable for any penalty
23	unless, in a legal action, the employee recovers a greater sum than the
24	amount so tendered.
25	(b) If an employee's earned, vested, and determinable wages or
26	compensation are not mailed to the place of receipt specified in a demand
27	for payment and postmarked within fourteen days after the receipt of such

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1	demand, the employer shall be liable to the employee for the wages or
2	compensation, and a penalty of the sum of the following amounts of
3	wages or compensation due or, if greater, the employee's average daily
4	earnings for each day, not to exceed ten days, until such payment or other
5	settlement satisfactory to the employee is made:
6	(I) One hundred twenty-five percent of that amount of such wages
7	or compensation up to and including seven thousand five hundred dollars;
8	and
9	(II) Fifty percent of that amount of such wages or compensation
10	that exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars.
11	(c) If the employee can show that the employer's failure to pay is
12	willful, the penalty required under paragraph $\underline{(b)}$ of this subsection (3)
13	shall increase by fifty percent. Evidence that a judgment has, within the
14	previous five years, been entered against the employer for failure to pay
15	wages or compensation shall be IS admissible as evidence of willful
16	conduct. If A WRITTEN DEMAND FROM OR ON BEHALF OF THE EMPLOYEE
17	WAS MAILED OR DELIVERED TO THE EMPLOYER'S CORRECT ADDRESS
18	PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (c) OF THIS SUBSECTION (3), THE EMPLOYER'S
19	FAILURE TO RESPOND TO THE DEMAND WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS CREATES
20	A REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION THAT THE EMPLOYER'S FAILURE TO PAY WAS
21	WILLFUL. AN EMPLOYER'S GOOD FAITH EFFORTS TO RESPOND TO THE
22	DEMAND ARE ADMISSIBLE IN EVIDENCE TO REBUT THE PRESUMPTION.
23	(d) (I) The daily earnings penalty shall not begin to accrue until
24	the employer receives the written demand set forth in paragraph (a) of this
25	subsection (3) THE EMPLOYER SHALL MAKE PAYMENT TO THE
26	EMPLOYEE AT THE ADDRESS CONTAINED IN THE DEMAND OR, IF NO
27	ADDRESS IS STATED IN THE DEMAND, THE EMPLOYEE'S LAST KNOWN

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1	ADDRESS ACCORDING TO THE RECORDS OF THE EMPLOYER. $\underline{A \ PAYMENT}$
2	UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (3) SHALL BE MADE IN THE FORM OF A CHECK
3	DRAFT OR VOUCHER IN THE NAME OF THE EMPLOYEE OR BY DIRECT
4	DEPOSIT AUTHORIZED UNDER SECTION 8-4-102 (2) IF THE EMPLOYEE HAS
5	NOT REVOKED THE AUTHORIZATION.
6	(II) The employee or his or her designated agent may commence
7	a civil action to recover the penalty set forth in this subsection (3). Any
8	employee or his or her designated agent who has not made a written
9	demand for the payment within sixty days after the date of separation or
10	who has otherwise not been available to receive payment shall not be
11	entitled to any such penalty under this subsection (3). A payment under
12	this subsection (3) shall be made in the form of a check draft or voucher
13	in the name of the employee. FOR AN ACTION FILED IN A SMALL CLAIMS
14	COURT, ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO PART 4 OF ARTICLE 6 OF TITLE 13,
15	C.R.S., IF THE EMPLOYER HAS NOT RECEIVED A WRITTEN DEMAND AT
16	LEAST FOURTEEN DAYS BEFORE THE EMPLOYER IS SERVED WITH THE
17	COMPLAINT OR OTHER DOCUMENT COMMENCING THE ACTION, SERVICE OF
18	THE COMPLAINT OR OTHER DOCUMENT SERVES AS THE <u>WRITTEN DEMAND</u>
19	<u>UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (3). IF AN EMPLOYER MAKES A LEGAL TENDER OF</u>
20	THE FULL AMOUNT CLAIMED IN THE ACTION WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS
21	AFTER SERVICE OF THE COMPLAINT OR OTHER DOCUMENT COMMENCING
22	THE ACTION, THE EMPLOYEE SHALL DISMISS THE ACTION.
23	_
24	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 8-4-111 as
25	follows:
26	8-4-111. Enforcement - duty of director - duties of district
27	attorneys or city attorneys. (1) (a) It is the duty of the director to

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1 inquire diligently for any violation of this article, and to institute the 2 actions for penalties OR FINES provided for in this article in such cases as 3 he or she may deem proper, and to enforce generally the provisions of this 4 article. For WAGES AND COMPENSATION EARNED ON AND AFTER JANUARY 5 1, 2015, THE DIRECTOR MAY ESTABLISH AN ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE 6 TO RECEIVE COMPLAINTS AND ADJUDICATE CLAIMS FOR NONPAYMENT OF 7 WAGES OR COMPENSATION OF SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS 8 OR LESS. THE PROCEDURES MAY INCLUDE CLAIMS OF EMPLOYEES WHERE 9 NO INTERRUPTION OF THE EMPLOYER-EMPLOYEE RELATIONSHIP HAS 10 OCCURRED. THE PENALTIES ESTABLISHED BY SECTION 8-4-109 (3) APPLY 11 TO ACTIONS INSTITUTED BY THE DIRECTOR UNDER THIS ARTICLE WHEN NO 12 INTERRUPTION OF THE EMPLOYER-EMPLOYEE RELATIONSHIP HAS 13 OCCURRED. 14 (b) THE DIRECTOR SHALL PROMULGATE RULES PROVIDING FOR 15 NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES OF AN EMPLOYEE'S RIGHTS UNDER THIS SECTION 16 AND SECTION 8-4-111.5, OF THE LIMITATIONS ON THE AMOUNT OF WAGES, 17 COMPENSATION, AND PENALTIES AVAILABLE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATIVE 18 REMEDY, AND OF THE EMPLOYEE'S OPTION TO BRING A CLAIM FOR WAGES 19 AND COMPENSATION IN COURT WITHOUT PURSUING THE ADMINISTRATIVE 20 REMEDY UNLESS THE EMPLOYEE HAS ACCEPTED PAYMENT PURSUANT TO 21 PARAGRAPH (e) OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION. 22 (2) (a) (I) If one or more employees files a wage complaint 23 WITH THE DIVISION CLAIMING UNPAID WAGES OR COMPENSATION OF SEVEN 24 THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS OR LESS PER EMPLOYEE, EXCLUSIVE 25 OF PENALTIES AND FINES, THE DIVISION SHALL INVESTIGATE THE WAGE 26 COMPLAINT. THE DIVISION SHALL INITIATE THE ADMINISTRATIVE 27 PROCEDURE BY SENDING A NOTICE OF COMPLAINT TO THE EMPLOYER BY

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1	MAIL OR ELECTRONIC MEANS IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULES AS THE
2	DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE WHEN THE COMPLAINT STATES A CLAIM FOR
3	RELIEF. THE NOTICE OF THE COMPLAINT MUST INCLUDE:
4	(A) THE NAME OF THE COMPLAINANT;
5	(B) THE NATURE OF THE COMPLAINT; AND
6	(C) THE AMOUNT FOR WHICH THE EMPLOYER MAY BE LIABLE,
7	INCLUDING ANY POTENTIAL FINES OR PENALTIES.
8	(II) AN EMPLOYER MUST RESPOND WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER
9	THE COMPLAINT IS SENT.
10	(III) THE DIVISION SHALL ISSUE A DETERMINATION WITHIN NINETY
11	DAYS AFTER THE EMPLOYER'S RECEIPT OF THE COMPLAINT UNLESS THE
12	DIVISION EXTENDS THE TIME PERIOD BY PROVIDING ADVANCE WRITTEN
13	NOTICE TO THE EMPLOYEE AND EMPLOYER STATING GOOD CAUSE FOR THE
14	EXTENSION OF TIME.
15	(b) IF THE DIVISION DOES NOT FIND A VIOLATION BASED ON THE
16	WAGE COMPLAINT AND ANY RESPONSE, INCLUDING THE FAILURE BY THE
17	EMPLOYEE TO PURSUE THE WAGE COMPLAINT, THE DIVISION SHALL ISSUE
18	A NOTICE OF THE DISMISSAL OF THE COMPLAINT AND SEND THE NOTICE TO
19	ALL INTERESTED PARTIES. THE NOTICE MUST SET FORTH THE EMPLOYEE'S
20	RIGHT TO ANY OTHER RELIEF AVAILABLE UNDER THIS SECTION OR SECTION
21	8-4-111.5.
22	(c) If the division determines that an employer has
23	VIOLATED THIS ARTICLE FOR NONPAYMENT OF WAGES OR COMPENSATION,
24	THE DIVISION SHALL ISSUE A CITATION AND NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT FOR
25	THE AMOUNT DETERMINED THAT IS OWED, WHICH AMOUNT MUST INCLUDE
26	ALL WAGES AND COMPENSATION OWED, PENALTIES PURSUANT TO SECTION
27	8-4-109, AND ANY FINES PURSUANT TO SECTION 8-4-113.

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1	(d) To encourage compliance by the employer, if the
2	EMPLOYER PAYS THE EMPLOYEE ALL WAGES AND COMPENSATION OWED
3	WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE CITATION AND NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT
4	IS SENT TO THE EMPLOYER, THE DIVISION MAY WAIVE OR REDUCE ANY
5	FINES IMPOSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 8-4-113 (1) AND REDUCE BY UP TO
6	FIFTY PERCENT PENALTIES IMPOSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 8-4-109;
7	EXCEPT THAT THE DIVISION MAY NOT WAIVE ANY FINES OR REDUCE ANY
8	PENALTIES OWED BY A REPEAT WILLFUL <u>VIOLATOR OR AFTER</u>
9	TERMINATING THE DIVISION'S ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO
10	SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION.
11	(e) UPON PAYMENT BY AN EMPLOYER, AND ACCEPTANCE BY AN
12	EMPLOYEE, OF ALL WAGES, COMPENSATION, AND PENALTIES ASSESSED BY
13	THE DIVISION IN A CITATION AND NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT ISSUED TO THE
14	EMPLOYER, THE PAYMENT SHALL CONSTITUTE A FULL AND COMPLETE
15	SATISFACTION BY THE EMPLOYER AND BAR THE EMPLOYEE FROM
16	INITIATING OR PURSUING ANY CIVIL ACTION OR OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE
17	PROCEEDING BASED ON THE WAGE COMPLAINT ADDRESSED BY THE
18	CITATION AND NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.
19	(3) AN EMPLOYEE WHO HAS FILED A WAGE COMPLAINT WITH THE
20	DIVISION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION MAY ELECT TO
21	TERMINATE THE DIVISION'S ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE WITHIN
22	THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE ISSUANCE OF THE DETERMINATION OF
23	COMPLIANCE OR CITATION AND NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT BY PROVIDING A
24	NOTICE TO THE DIVISION. AN EMPLOYEE WHO TERMINATES THE DIVISION'S
25	ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE PRESERVES ANY PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION
26	THE EMPLOYEE MAY HAVE. UPON RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE, THE DIVISION
27	SHALL IMMEDIATELY DISCONTINUE ITS ACTION AGAINST THE EMPLOYER

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1	AND REVOKE ANY CITATION AND NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT SENT.
2	(4) EXCEPT FOR AN APPEAL PURSUANT TO SECTION 8-4-111.5 (5)
3	OR AS STATED IN A CITATION, NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT, OR ORDER FILED
4	WITH THE COURT PURSUANT TO SECTION 8-4-113 (2), ANY DETERMINATION
5	MADE BY THE DIVISION PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, OR ANY OFFER OF
6	PAYMENT BY THE EMPLOYER OF THE WAGES MADE DURING OR IN
7	CONJUNCTION WITH A PROCEEDING OF THE DIVISION, IS NOT ADMISSIBLE
8	IN ANY COURT ACTION.
9	(5) A WAGE COMPLAINT FILED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF
10	THIS SECTION DOES NOT REQUIRE A WRITTEN DEMAND AS DESCRIBED IN
11	SECTION 8-4-109 (3) (c).
12	(6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the
13	RIGHT OF THE DIVISION TO PURSUE ANY ACTION AVAILABLE WITH RESPECT
14	TO AN EMPLOYEE THAT IS IDENTIFIED AS A RESULT OF A WAGE COMPLAINT
15	OR WITH RESPECT TO AN EMPLOYER IN THE ABSENCE OF A WAGE
16	COMPLAINT.
17	(7) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the
18	RIGHT OF THE EMPLOYEE TO PURSUE ANY CIVIL ACTION OR
19	ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING FOR ANY CLAIMS OTHER THAN THOSE
20	CONSIDERED BY THE DIVISION IN THE EMPLOYEE'S WAGE COMPLAINT. THE
21	CLAIMS CONSIDERED BY THE DIVISION IN THE EMPLOYEE'S WAGE
22	COMPLAINT ARE SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH
23	(e) OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION AND SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS
24	SECTION.
25	(2) (8) Nothing in this article shall be construed to limit the
26	authority of the district attorney of any county or city and county or the
27	city attorney of any city to prosecute actions for such violations of this

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1	article as may come to his or her knowledge, or to enforce the provisions
2	of this article independently and without specific direction of the director,
3	or to limit the right of any wage claimant to sue directly or through an
4	assignee for any wages or penalty due him or her under the provisions of
5	this article.
6	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 8-4-111.5 as
7	follows:
8	8-4-111.5. Hearing officer review and appeals of
9	$\textbf{administrative actions.} (1) \ \textbf{Pursuant to policies established by the}$
10	DIRECTOR BY RULE, ANY INTERESTED PARTY WHO IS DISSATISFIED WITH
11	THE DIVISION'S DECISION ON A WAGE COMPLAINT FILED PURSUANT TO
12	SECTION 8-4-111 (2) MAY FILE A REQUEST FOR A HEARING WITHIN
13	THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE DIVISION'S DECISION IS SENT. IF NO REQUEST
14	IS FILED WITHIN THE THIRTY-FIVE-DAY PERIOD, THE DIVISION'S DECISION
15	IS FINAL.
16	(2) (a) If a request is filed pursuant to subsection (1) of
17	THIS SECTION, THE DIRECTOR SHALL DESIGNATE A HEARING OFFICER. THE
18	HEARING OFFICER SHALL HAVE THE POWER AND AUTHORITY TO CALL,
19	PRESIDE AT, AND CONDUCT HEARINGS. IN THE DISCHARGE OF THE DUTIES
20	IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, THE HEARING OFFICER HAS THE POWER TO
21	ADMINISTER OATHS AND AFFIRMATIONS, TAKE DEPOSITIONS, CERTIFY TO
22	OFFICIAL ACTS, PERMIT PARTIES TO PARTICIPATE BY TELEPHONE, AND
23	ISSUE SUBPOENAS TO COMPEL THE ATTENDANCE OF WITNESSES AND THE
24	PRODUCTION OF BOOKS, PAPERS, CORRESPONDENCE, MEMORANDA, AND
25	OTHER RECORDS DEEMED NECESSARY AS EVIDENCE IN CONNECTION WITH
26	A DISPUTED CLAIM PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.
27	(b) (I) IN CASE OF A FAILURE TO OBEY A SUBPOENA ISSUED TO ANY

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PERSON BY THE HEARING OFFICER, UPON APPLICATION BY THE DIVISION OR

ITS DULY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE, ANY COURT OF THIS STATE HAS

JURISDICTION TO ISSUE TO THE PERSON AN ORDER REQUIRING HIM OR HER

TO APPEAR BEFORE THE HEARING OFFICER TO PRODUCE EVIDENCE OR GIVE

TESTIMONY TOUCHING THE MATTER UNDER INVESTIGATION OR IN

QUESTION. THE COURT MAY ISSUE AN ORDER OF CONTEMPT TO A PERSON

WHO FAILS TO OBEY THE ORDER.

(II) IT IS A MISDEMEANOR FOR A PERSON WHO, WITHOUT JUST CAUSE, FAILS OR REFUSES TO ATTEND AND TESTIFY OR TO ANSWER ANY LAWFUL INQUIRY OR TO PRODUCE BOOKS, PAPERS, CORRESPONDENCE, MEMORANDA, AND OTHER RECORDS IN OBEDIENCE TO A SUBPOENA OF THE HEARING OFFICER, AND, UPON CONVICTION THEREOF, THE PERSON SHALL BE PUNISHED BY A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS, OR BY IMPRISONMENT IN THE COUNTY JAIL FOR NOT MORE THAN SIXTY DAYS, OR BY BOTH SUCH FINE AND IMPRISONMENT. EACH DAY THE FAILURE OR REFUSAL CONTINUES IS A SEPARATE OFFENSE.

(c) A PERSON MAY NOT BE EXCUSED FROM ATTENDING AND TESTIFYING OR FROM PRODUCING BOOKS, PAPERS, CORRESPONDENCE, MEMORANDA, AND OTHER RECORDS BEFORE A HEARING OFFICER OR IN OBEDIENCE TO THE SUBPOENA OF THE HEARING OFFICER ON THE GROUND THAT THE TESTIMONY OR EVIDENCE, DOCUMENTARY OR OTHERWISE, REQUIRED OF HIM OR HER MAY TEND TO INCRIMINATE THE PERSON OR SUBJECT THE PERSON TO A PENALTY OR FORFEITURE. BUT A PERSON SHALL NOT BE PROSECUTED OR SUBJECTED TO ANY PENALTY OR FORFEITURE FOR OR ON ACCOUNT OF ANY TRANSACTION, MATTER, OR THING CONCERNING WHICH HE OR SHE IS COMPELLED, AFTER HAVING CLAIMED HIS OR HER PRIVILEGE AGAINST SELF-INCRIMINATION, TO TESTIFY OR PRODUCE

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EVIDENCE, DOCUMENTARY OR OTHERWISE; EXCEPT THAT THE INDIVIDUAL TESTIFYING IS NOT EXEMPT FROM PROSECUTION AND PUNISHMENT FOR PERJURY IN THE FIRST DEGREE COMMITTED IN SO TESTIFYING.

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(3) (a) THE HEARING OFFICER, AFTER AFFORDING ALL INTERESTED PARTIES A REASONABLE OPPORTUNITY FOR A FAIR HEARING PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE AND THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES OF THE DIVISION, SHALL MAKE A DECISION ON EACH RELEVANT ISSUE RAISED, INCLUDING FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND AN ORDER.

EVIDENCE AND REQUIREMENTS OF PROOF IN A HEARING CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST CONFORM, TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE, WITH THOSE IN CIVIL NONJURY CASES IN THE DISTRICT COURTS OF THIS STATE. HOWEVER, WHEN NECESSARY TO DO SO IN ORDER TO ASCERTAIN FACTS AFFECTING THE SUBSTANTIAL RIGHTS OF THE PARTIES TO THE PROCEEDING, THE PERSON CONDUCTING THE HEARING MAY RECEIVE AND CONSIDER EVIDENCE NOT ADMISSIBLE UNDER SUCH RULES IF THE EVIDENCE POSSESSES PROBATIVE VALUE COMMONLY ACCEPTED BY REASONABLE AND PRUDENT PERSONS IN THE CONDUCT OF THEIR AFFAIRS. OBJECTIONS TO EVIDENTIARY OFFERS MAY BE MADE AND MUST BE NOTED IN THE RECORD. THE HEARING OFFICER SHALL GIVE EFFECT TO THE RULES OF PRIVILEGE RECOGNIZED BY LAW. HE OR SHE SHALL EXCLUDE INCOMPETENT AND UNDULY REPETITIOUS EVIDENCE. THE HEARING OFFICER MAY ACCEPT DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE IN THE FORM OF A COPY OR EXCERPT IF THE ORIGINAL IS NOT READILY AVAILABLE; EXCEPT THAT, UPON REQUEST, THE PARTY SHALL BE GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY TO COMPARE THE COPY WITH THE ORIGINAL. THE DIVISION MAY UTILIZE ITS EXPERIENCE, TECHNICAL COMPETENCE, AND SPECIALIZED KNOWLEDGE IN

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1	THE EVALUATION OF THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED. THE PROVISIONS OF THE
2	"STATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT", ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24,
3	C.R.S., AND PARTICULARLY SECTIONS 24-4-105 AND 24-4-106, C.R.S., DO
4	NOT APPLY TO HEARINGS AND COURT REVIEW UNDER THIS ARTICLE.
5	HOWEVER, THE RULE-MAKING PROVISIONS OF SECTION 24-4-103, C.R.S.,
6	SHALL APPLY TO THIS ARTICLE.
7	(c) When the same or substantially similar evidence is
8	RELEVANT AND MATERIAL TO THE MATTERS AT ISSUE IN CLAIMS BY MORE
9	THAN ONE INDIVIDUAL OR IN CLAIMS BY A SINGLE INDIVIDUAL WITH
10	RESPECT TO TWO OR MORE CLAIMED VIOLATIONS, IF, IN THE JUDGMENT OF
11	THE HEARING OFFICER, CONSOLIDATION OF ONE OR MORE PROCEEDINGS
12	WOULD NOT PREJUDICE ANY INTERESTED PARTY, THE HEARING OFFICER
13	MAY:
14	(I) CONDUCT HEARINGS AT THE SAME TIME AND PLACE;
15	(II) CONDUCT JOINT HEARINGS;
16	(III) MAKE A SINGLE RECORD OF THE PROCEEDINGS; AND
17	(IV) CONSIDER EVIDENCE INTRODUCED WITH RESPECT TO ONE
18	PROCEEDING AS IF INTRODUCED IN THE OTHERS.
19	(d) THE DIVISION SHALL KEEP A FULL AND COMPLETE RECORD OF
20	ALL PROCEEDINGS IN CONNECTION WITH THE WAGE COMPLAINT. ALL
21	TESTIMONY AT ANY HEARING UPON A WAGE COMPLAINT MUST BE
22	RECORDED BUT NEED NOT BE TRANSCRIBED UNLESS THE WAGE COMPLAINT
23	IS PRESENTED FOR FURTHER REVIEW. THE DIVISION SHALL PROMPTLY
24	PROVIDE ALL INTERESTED PARTIES WITH COPIES OF THE HEARING OFFICER'S
25	DECISION.
26	(4) For the convenience \underline{or} necessity of the employee or
27	THE EMPLOYER, THE DIVISION SHALL PERMIT PARTIES TO PARTICIPATE IN

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	HEARINGS BY TELEPHONE, INCLUDING IN SITUATIONS IN WHICH THE
2	PARTIES WOULD OTHERWISE BE REQUIRED TO TRAVEL TO LOCATIONS OF
3	THE DIVISION FROM OUTSIDE THE GENERAL VICINITY OF SUCH LOCATIONS.
4	(5) AN INTERESTED PARTY WHO IS DISSATISFIED WITH THE
5	HEARING OFFICER'S DECISION MAY APPEAL THAT DECISION TO THE
6	DISTRICT COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION WITHIN TWENTY-ONE DAYS
7	AFTER THE DATE OF MAILING OF THE DECISION BY THE DIVISION. THE
8	APPEAL WILL BE CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTIONS (a), (b), (c),
9	AND (d) OF RULE 411 OF THE COLORADO RULES OF CIVIL COURT
10	PROCEDURE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR RULE, WITH REFERENCE IN THAT RULE TO
11	"CIVIL ACTION" AND THE "COUNTY COURT" REPLACED WITH "THE
12	PROCEEDINGS", "THE HEARING OFFICER", OR OTHER APPROPRIATE WORDS.
13	_
14	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 8-4-113 as
15	follows:
16	8-4-113. Fines pursuant to enforcement - wage theft
17	
	enforcement fund - created. (1) (a) If a case against an employer is
18	enforcement fund - created. (1) (a) If a case against an employer is enforced pursuant to section 8-4-111, any employer who without good
18 19	
	enforced pursuant to section 8-4-111, any employer who without good
19	enforced pursuant to section 8-4-111, any employer who without good faith legal justification fails to pay the wages of each of his or her
19 20	enforced pursuant to section 8-4-111, any employer who without good faith legal justification fails to pay the wages of each of his or her employees shall forfeit to the people of the state of Colorado an A FINE IN
19 20 21	enforced pursuant to section 8-4-111, any employer who without good faith legal justification fails to pay the wages of each of his or her employees shall forfeit to the people of the state of Colorado an A FINE IN AN amount determined by the director OR HEARING OFFICER but no more
19 20 21 22	enforced pursuant to section 8-4-111, any employer who without good faith legal justification fails to pay the wages of each of his or her employees shall forfeit to the people of the state of Colorado an A FINE IN AN amount determined by the director OR HEARING OFFICER but no more than the sum of fifty dollars per day for each such failure to pay each
19 20 21 22 23	enforced pursuant to section 8-4-111, any employer who without good faith legal justification fails to pay the wages of each of his or her employees shall forfeit to the people of the state of Colorado an A FINE IN AN amount determined by the director OR HEARING OFFICER but no more than the sum of fifty dollars per day for each such failure to pay each employee, commencing from the date that such wages first became due
19 20 21 22 23 24	enforced pursuant to section 8-4-111, any employer who without good faith legal justification fails to pay the wages of each of his or her employees shall forfeit to the people of the state of Colorado an A FINE IN AN amount determined by the director OR HEARING OFFICER but no more than the sum of fifty dollars per day for each such failure to pay each employee, commencing from the date that such wages first became due and payable. to be recovered by order of the director in a hearing held

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to travel to locations of the division of labor from outside the general vicinity of such locations. The division May collect the fine through ITS CITATION AND NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 8-4-111 (2) OR AFTER A HEARING CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 8-4-111.5.

- (b) THE DIRECTOR OR HEARING OFFICER SHALL IMPOSE A FINE OF TWO HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS ON AN EMPLOYER WHO FAILS TO RESPOND TO A NOTICE OF COMPLAINT OR TO ANY OTHER NOTICE FROM THE DIVISION TO WHICH A RESPONSE IS REQUIRED. THE DIRECTOR OR HEARING OFFICER MAY WAIVE OR REDUCE THE FINE ONLY IF HE OR SHE FINDS GOOD CAUSE FOR AN EXTENSION OF THE TIME FOR THE EMPLOYER TO FILE THE RESPONSE.
- (2) A certified copy of any final order of the director, imposing a fine or penalty CITATION, NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT, OR ORDER IMPOSING WAGES DUE, FINES, OR PENALTIES pursuant to this article, may be filed with the clerk of the district ANY court having jurisdiction over the parties at any time after the entry of the order. The certified copy shall be recorded by the clerk of the district court in the judgment book of said court and entry thereof made in the judgment docket, and it shall thenceforth have all the effect of a judgment of the district court, and execution may issue thereon out of said court as in other cases. All fines and penalties collected shall be paid to the division and transmitted to the state treasurer for credit to the general fund.
- (3) (a) THE DIVISION SHALL TRANSMIT ALL FINES COLLECTED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION TO THE STATE TREASURER, WHO SHALL CREDIT THE SAME TO THE WAGE THEFT ENFORCEMENT FUND, WHICH FUND IS CREATED AND REFERRED TO IN THIS SECTION AS THE "FUND". THE

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1	MONEYS IN THE FUND ARE SUBJECT TO ANNUAL APPROPRIATION BY THE
2	GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO THE DIVISION FOR THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT
3	COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH IMPLEMENTING THIS ARTICLE.
4	(b) THE STATE TREASURER MAY INVEST ANY MONEYS IN THE FUND
5	NOT EXPENDED FOR THE PURPOSE OF THIS ARTICLE AS PROVIDED BY LAW.
6	THE STATE TREASURER SHALL CREDIT ALL INTEREST AND INCOME DERIVED
7	FROM THE INVESTMENT AND DEPOSIT OF MONEYS IN THE FUND TO THE
8	FUND. ANY UNEXPENDED AND UNENCUMBERED MONEYS REMAINING IN
9	THE FUND AT THE END OF A FISCAL YEAR REMAIN IN THE FUND AND MUST
10	NOT BE CREDITED OR TRANSFERRED TO THE GENERAL FUND OR ANOTHER
11	FUND.
12	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 8-6-118 as
13	follows:
14	8-6-118. Recovery of balance of minimum wage. An employee
15	receiving less than the legal minimum wage applicable to such employee
16	is entitled to recover in a civil action the unpaid balance of the full
17	amount of such minimum wage, together with costs of suit REASONABLE
18	ATTORNEY FEES AND COURT COSTS, notwithstanding any agreement to
19	work for a lesser wage.
20	SECTION 9. Act subject to petition - effective date.
21	(1) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (1),
22	sections 2 through 4, 7, and 8 of this act take effect January 1, 2015.
23	(b) If a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of
24	article V of the state constitution against sections 2 through 4, 7, and 8 of
25	this act or an item, section, or part of those sections within the ninety-day
26	period after final adjournment of the general assembly, then the item,
27	section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the

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1	general election to be held in November 2014 and, in such case, will take
2	effect on January 1, 2015 or on the date of the official declaration of the
3	vote thereon by the governor, whichever is later.
4	(2) Sections 1, 5, 6, and 9 of this act take effect at 12:01 a.m. on
5	the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final
6	adjournment of the general assembly (August 6, 2014, if adjournment
7	sine die is on May 7, 2014); except that, if a referendum petition is filed
8	pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this
9	act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act,
10	item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people
11	at the general election to be held in November 2014 and, in such case,
12	will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon
13	by the governor.

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