# First Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **REREVISED**

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House

LLS NO. 13-0299.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

**SENATE BILL 13-014** 

#### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Aguilar,

#### HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Pettersen,

Senate Committees
Health & Human Services
Appropriations

**House Committees** 

Health, Insurance & Environment Appropriations

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING THE USE OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS TO TREAT PERSONS
102	WHO SUFFER OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENTS, AND,
103	IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

# **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

A person who acts in good faith to administer an opiate antagonist to another person whom the person believes to be suffering an opiate-related drug overdose event shall be immune from criminal prosecution for, and is not liable for any civil damages for acts or HOUSE 3rd Reading Unamended April 22, 2013

HOUSE nd Reading Unamended April 19, 2013

SENATE 3rd Reading Unamended March 6, 2013

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading March 5, 2013

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u>

Capital letters indicate new material to be added to existing statute.

Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

omissions made as a result of, such act.

A licensed health care practitioner who is permitted by law to prescribe or dispense an opiate antagonist shall be immune from criminal prosecution for, and is not liable for any civil damages for resulting from:

- ! Such prescribing, dispensing, administering, or distribution; or
- ! Any outcomes resulting from the eventual administration of the opiate antagonist.

The prescribing, dispensing, administering, or distribution of an opiate antagonist by a licensed health care practitioner shall not constitute unprofessional conduct if he or she prescribed, dispensed, administered, or distributed the opiate antagonist in a good faith effort to assist:

- ! A person who is experiencing or likely to experience an opiate-related drug overdose event; or
- ! A family member, friend, or other person who is in a position to assist a person who is experiencing or likely to experience an opiate-related drug overdose event.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 hereby finds that: 4 (a) Drug overdose is the leading cause of unintentional death in 5 Colorado, ahead of motor vehicle deaths; 6 Opiate overdose may be reversible with the timely 7 administration of an opiate antagonist; 8 (c) Opiate antagonists have been shown to be safe and effective 9 at reducing overdose death; and 10 (d) Access to opiate antagonists is often limited unnecessarily by laws that pre-date the overdose epidemic. 11 12 (2) Now, therefore, the general assembly hereby encourages the 13 administration of opiate antagonists for the purpose of saving the lives of 14 people who suffer opiate-related drug overdose events. A person who administers an opiate antagonist to another person is urged to call for 15 16 emergency medical services immediately.

-2- 014

1	<b>SECTION 2.</b> In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-1-712 as
2	<u>follows:</u>
3	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate
4	antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions.
5	(1) Legislative declaration. The General assembly hereby
6	ENCOURAGES THE ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS FOR THE
7	PURPOSE OF SAVING THE LIVES OF PEOPLE WHO SUFFER OPIATE-RELATED
8	DRUG OVERDOSE EVENTS. A PERSON WHO ADMINISTERS AN OPIATE
9	ANTAGONIST TO ANOTHER PERSON IS URGED TO CALL FOR EMERGENCY
10	MEDICAL SERVICES IMMEDIATELY.
11	(2) General immunity. A PERSON OTHER THAN A HEALTH CARE
12	PROVIDER OR A HEALTH CARE FACILITY WHO ACTS IN GOOD FAITH TO
13	ADMINISTER AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST TO ANOTHER PERSON WHOM THE
14	PERSON BELIEVES TO BE SUFFERING AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE
15	EVENT SHALL BE IMMUNE FROM CRIMINAL PROSECUTION FOR SUCH ACT.
16	(3) (a) Licensed prescribers and dispensers. A PERSON WHO IS
17	PERMITTED BY LAW TO PRESCRIBE OR DISPENSE AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST
18	SHALL BE IMMUNE FROM CRIMINAL PROSECUTION FOR:
19	(I) SUCH PRESCRIBING OR DISPENSING; OR
20	(II) ANY OUTCOMES RESULTING FROM THE EVENTUAL
21	ADMINISTRATION OF THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST BY A LAYPERSON.
22	(b) A PRESCRIBER OR DISPENSER WHO DISPENSES AN OPIATE
23	ANTAGONIST IS STRONGLY ENCOURAGED TO EDUCATE PERSONS RECEIVING
24	THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST ON THE USE OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST FOR
25	OVERDOSE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INSTRUCTION CONCERNING
26	RISK FACTORS FOR OVERDOSE, RECOGNITION OF OVERDOSE, CALLING
27	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES, RESCUE BREATHING, AND

-3- 014

1	ADMINISTRATION OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST.
2	(4) THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE INTERPRETED
3	TO ESTABLISH ANY DUTY OR STANDARD OF CARE IN THE PRESCRIBING,
4	DISPENSING, OR ADMINISTRATION OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST.
5	(5) <b>Definitions.</b> As used in this section, unless the context
6	OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
7	(a) "HEALTH CARE FACILITY" MEANS A HOSPITAL, A HOSPICE
8	INPATIENT RESIDENCE, A NURSING FACILITY, A DIALYSIS TREATMENT
9	FACILITY, AN ASSISTED LIVING RESIDENCE, AN ENTITY THAT PROVIDES
10	HOME- AND COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES, A HOSPICE OR HOME HEALTH
11	CARE AGENCY, OR ANOTHER FACILITY THAT PROVIDES OR CONTRACTS TO
12	PROVIDE HEALTH CARE SERVICES, WHICH FACILITY IS LICENSED,
13	CERTIFIED, OR OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED OR PERMITTED BY LAW TO
14	PROVIDE MEDICAL TREATMENT.
15	(b) (I) "HEALTH CARE PROVIDER" MEANS:
16	(A) A LICENSED OR CERTIFIED PHYSICIAN, NURSE PRACTITIONER,
17	PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, OR PHARMACIST; OR
18	(B) A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION LICENSED AND
19	CONDUCTING BUSINESS IN THIS STATE.
20	(II) "HEALTH CARE PROVIDER" DOES NOT INCLUDE A PODIATRIST,
21	OPTOMETRIST, DENTIST, OR VETERINARIAN.
22	(c) "OPIATE" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION
23	<u>18-18-102 (21).</u>
24	(d) "Opiate antagonist" means naloxone hydrochloride or
25	ANY SIMILARLY ACTING DRUG THAT IS NOT A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
26	AND THAT IS APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL FOOD AND DRUG
27	ADMINISTRATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF A DRUG OVERDOSE.

-4- 014

1	(e) "Opiate-related drug overdose event" means an acute
2	CONDITION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A DECREASED LEVEL OF
3	CONSCIOUSNESS OR RESPIRATORY DEPRESSION RESULTING FROM THE
4	CONSUMPTION OR USE OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, OR ANOTHER
5	SUBSTANCE WITH WHICH A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE WAS COMBINED, AND
6	THAT A LAYPERSON WOULD REASONABLY BELIEVE TO BE AN
7	OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT THAT REQUIRES MEDICAL
8	ASSISTANCE.
9	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 13-21-108.7 as
10	<u>follows:</u>
11	13-21-108.7. Persons rendering emergency assistance through
12	the administration of an opiate antagonist - limited immunity -
13	<u>legislative declaration - definitions. (1) Legislative declaration. The</u>
14	GENERAL ASSEMBLY HEREBY ENCOURAGES THE ADMINISTRATION OF
15	OPIATE ANTAGONISTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF SAVING THE LIVES OF PEOPLE
16	WHO SUFFER OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENTS. A PERSON WHO
17	ADMINISTERS AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST TO ANOTHER PERSON IS URGED TO
18	CALL FOR EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES IMMEDIATELY.
19	(2) <b>Definitions.</b> As used in this section, unless the context
20	OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
21	(a) "HEALTH CARE FACILITY" MEANS A HOSPITAL, A HOSPICE
22	INPATIENT RESIDENCE, A NURSING FACILITY, A DIALYSIS TREATMENT
23	FACILITY, AN ASSISTED LIVING RESIDENCE, AN ENTITY THAT PROVIDES
24	HOME- AND COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES, A HOSPICE OR HOME HEALTH
25	CARE AGENCY, OR ANOTHER FACILITY THAT PROVIDES OR CONTRACTS TO
26	PROVIDE HEALTH CARE SERVICES, WHICH FACILITY IS LICENSED,
27	CERTIFIED, OR OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED OR PERMITTED BY LAW TO

-5- 014

1	PROVIDE MEDICAL TREATMENT.
2	(b) (I) "HEALTH CARE PROVIDER" MEANS:
3	(A) A LICENSED OR CERTIFIED PHYSICIAN, NURSE PRACTITIONER,
4	PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, OR PHARMACIST; OR
5	(B) A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION LICENSED AND
6	CONDUCTING BUSINESS IN THIS STATE.
7	(II) "HEALTH CARE PROVIDER" DOES NOT INCLUDE A PODIATRIST,
8	OPTOMETRIST, DENTIST, OR VETERINARIAN.
9	(c) "OPIATE" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION
10	<u>18-18-102 (21), C.R.S.</u>
11	(d) "OPIATE ANTAGONIST" MEANS NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE OR
12	ANY SIMILARLY ACTING DRUG THAT IS NOT A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
13	AND THAT IS APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL FOOD AND DRUG
14	ADMINISTRATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF A DRUG OVERDOSE.
15	(e) "OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT" MEANS AN ACUTE
16	CONDITION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A DECREASED LEVEL OF
17	CONSCIOUSNESS OR RESPIRATORY DEPRESSION RESULTING FROM THE
18	CONSUMPTION OR USE OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, OR ANOTHER
19	SUBSTANCE WITH WHICH A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE WAS COMBINED, AND
20	THAT A LAYPERSON WOULD REASONABLY BELIEVE TO BE AN
21	OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT THAT REQUIRES MEDICAL
22	ASSISTANCE.
23	(3) General immunity. A PERSON OTHER THAN A HEALTH CARE
24	PROVIDER OR A HEALTH CARE FACILITY WHO ACTS IN GOOD FAITH TO
25	ADMINISTER AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST TO ANOTHER PERSON WHOM THE
26	PERSON BELIEVES TO BE SUFFERING AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE
27	EVENT SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY CIVIL DAMAGES FOR ACTS OR

-6- 014

1	OMISSIONS MADE AS A RESULT OF SUCH ACT.
2	(4) (a) Licensed prescribers and dispensers. A PERSON WHO IS
3	PERMITTED BY LAW TO PRESCRIBE OR DISPENSE AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST
4	SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY CIVIL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM:
5	(I) SUCH PRESCRIBING OR DISPENSING; OR
6	(II) ANY OUTCOMES RESULTING FROM THE EVENTUAL
7	ADMINISTRATION OF THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST BY A LAYPERSON.
8	(b) A PRESCRIBER OR DISPENSER WHO DISPENSES AN OPIATE
9	ANTAGONIST IS STRONGLY ENCOURAGED TO EDUCATE PERSONS RECEIVING
10	THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST ON THE USE OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST FOR
11	OVERDOSE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INSTRUCTION CONCERNING
12	RISK FACTORS FOR OVERDOSE, RECOGNITION OF OVERDOSE, CALLING
13	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES, RESCUE BREATHING, AND
14	ADMINISTRATION OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST.
15	(5) THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE INTERPRETED
16	TO ESTABLISH ANY DUTY OR STANDARD OF CARE IN THE PRESCRIBING.
17	DISPENSING, OR ADMINISTRATION OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST.
18	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-36-117, add (1.7)
19	as follows:
20	12-36-117. Unprofessional conduct. (1.7) The Prescribing.
21	DISPENSING, OR DISTRIBUTION OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST BY A LICENSED
22	HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE UNPROFESSIONAL
23	CONDUCT IF HE OR SHE PRESCRIBED, DISPENSED, OR DISTRIBUTED THE
24	OPIATE ANTAGONIST IN A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO ASSIST:
25	(a) A PERSON WHO IS AT INCREASED RISK OF EXPERIENCING OR
26	LIKELY TO EXPERIENCE AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT, AS
27	DEFINED IN SECTION 18-1-712 (5) (e), C.R.S.; OR

-7- 014

1	(b) A FAMILY MEMBER, FRIEND, OR OTHER PERSON WHO IS IN A
2	POSITION TO ASSIST A PERSON WHO IS AT INCREASED RISK OF
3	EXPERIENCING OR LIKELY TO EXPERIENCE AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG
4	OVERDOSE EVENT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-1-712 (5) (e), C.R.S.
5	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-42.5-123, add (3)
6	as follows:
7	12-42.5-123. Unprofessional conduct - grounds for discipline.
8	(3) THE DISPENSING OR DISTRIBUTION OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST BY A
9	PHARMACIST SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT IF HE OR
10	SHE DISPENSED OR DISTRIBUTED THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST IN A GOOD FAITH
11	EFFORT TO ASSIST:
12	(a) A PERSON WHO IS AT INCREASED RISK OF EXPERIENCING OR
13	LIKELY TO EXPERIENCE AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT, AS
14	<u>DEFINED IN SECTION 18-1-712 (5) (e), C.R.S.; OR</u>
15	(b) A FAMILY MEMBER, FRIEND, OR OTHER PERSON WHO IS IN A
16	POSITION TO ASSIST A PERSON WHO IS AT INCREASED RISK OF
17	EXPERIENCING OR LIKELY TO EXPERIENCE AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG
18	OVERDOSE EVENT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-1-712 (5) (e), C.R.S.
19	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-38-117, add (6)
20	as follows:
21	12-38-117. Grounds for discipline. (6) THE PRESCRIBING,
22	DISPENSING, OR DISTRIBUTION OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST BY AN
23	ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSE SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE GROUNDS FOR
24	DISCIPLINE IF HE OR SHE PRESCRIBED, DISPENSED, OR DISTRIBUTED THE
25	OPIATE ANTAGONIST IN A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO ASSIST:
26	(a) A PERSON WHO IS AT INCREASED RISK OF EXPERIENCING OR
2.7	LIKELY TO EXPERIENCE AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT. AS

-8- 014

1	<u>DEFINED IN SECTION 18-1-712 (5) (e), C.R.S.; OR</u>
2	(b) A FAMILY MEMBER, FRIEND, OR OTHER PERSON WHO IS IN A
3	POSITION TO ASSIST A PERSON WHO IS AT INCREASED RISK OF
4	EXPERIENCING OR LIKELY TO EXPERIENCE AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG
5	OVERDOSE EVENT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-1-712 (5) (e), C.R.S.
6	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-42.5-102, add
7	(42) (b) (XIV) as follows:
8	12-42.5-102. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the
9	context otherwise requires or the term is otherwise defined in another part
10	of this article:
11	(42) (b) "Wholesale distribution" does not include:
12	(XIV) THE DISTRIBUTION OF NALOXONE.
13	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 12-42.5-105
14	as follows:
15	12-42.5-105. Rules. (1) The board shall make, adopt, amend, or
16	repeal rules in accordance with article 4 of title 24, C.R.S., that the board
17	deems necessary for the proper administration and enforcement of the
18	responsibilities and duties delegated to the board by this article, including
19	those relating to nuclear pharmacies.
20	(2) On or before January 1, 2014, the board shall adopt or
21	AMEND RULES AS NECESSARY TO PERMIT THE DISPENSING OF AN OPIATE
22	ANTAGONIST, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-1-712 (5) (d), C.R.S., BY A
23	PHARMACIST TO A PERSON WHO IS AT INCREASED RISK OF EXPERIENCING
24	OR LIKELY TO EXPERIENCE AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT,
25	AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-1-712(5)(e), C.R.S., OR TO A FAMILY MEMBER,
26	FRIEND, OR OTHER PERSON WHO IS IN A POSITION TO ASSIST SUCH A
27	PERSON, SO LONG AS THE PRESCRIPTION FOR THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST

-9- 014

PROVIDES FOR THE DISPENSING OF THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST TO SUCH A
FAMILY MEMBER, FRIEND, OR OTHER PERSON.
<b>SECTION 9. Appropriation.</b> (1) In addition to any other
appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the
division of professions and occupations cash fund created in section
24-34-105 (2) (b) (I), Colorado Revised Statutes, not otherwise
appropriated, to the department of regulatory agencies, for the fiscal year
beginning July 1, 2013, the sum of \$8,318, or so much thereof as may be
necessary, to be allocated for the implementation of this act as follows:
(a) \$6,000 to the division of professions and occupations for board
meeting costs; and
(b) \$2,318 to the executive director's office and administrative
services for the purchase of legal services.
(2) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby
appropriated to the department of law, for the fiscal year beginning July
1, 2013, the sum of \$2,318, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for
the provision of legal services for the department of regulatory agencies
related to the implementation of this act. Said sum is from reappropriated
funds received from the department of regulatory agencies out of the
appropriation made in paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of this section.
SECTION 10. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

-10-