# Second Regular Session Sixty-seventh General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **REREVISED**

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House

LLS NO. 10-0191.01 Jason Gelender

**SENATE BILL 10-016** 

#### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Williams, Romer, Spence

#### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

Vaad, Fischer, Frangas, King S., McFadyen, McNulty, Merrifield, Tyler

**Senate Committees** 

Transportation

**House Committees** 

Local Government Appropriations

# A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING MODIFICATION OF THE MANNER IN WHICH A CIVIL
102	PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE OF TOLL EVASION EVIDENCED BY
103	AUTOMATIC VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION TECHNOLOGY IS
104	PROVIDED TO THE OWNER OF A VEHICLE SO IDENTIFIED.

### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not necessarily reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted.)

**Transportation Legislation Review Committee.** The bill modifies the manner in which civil penalty assessment notices of toll evasion evidenced by automatic vehicle identification technology are provided to an owner of a vehicle so identified by:

HOUSE 3rd Reading Unam ended April 5, 2010

HOUSE 2nd Reading Unam ended

SENATE 3rd Reading Unam ended February 15,2010

SENATE Am ended 2nd Reading Febmary 12, 2010

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u>

Capital letters indicate new material to be added to existing statute.

Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

- ! Eliminating the requirement that a second civil penalty assessment notice be sent if the owner does not pay the civil penalty imposed by or otherwise respond to an initial civil penalty assessment notice; and
- ! Increasing the length of time to pay or otherwise respond to an initial civil penalty assessment notice from 20 to 30 days.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

**SECTION 1.** 43-4-506.5 (4) (f), (6) (a), and (6) (b), Colorado

3 Revised Statutes, are amended to read:

43-4-506.5. Traffic laws - toll collection. (4) (f) An administrative adjudication of a toll evasion by an authority is subject to judicial review. The administrative adjudication may be appealed as to matters of law and fact to the county court for the county in which the violation occurred. The appeal shall be a review of the record of the administrative adjudication and not a de novo hearing.

(6) (a) In addition to the penalty assessment procedure provided for in subsection (3) of this section, where an instance of toll evasion is evidenced by automatic vehicle identification photography, or other technology not involving a peace officer, a civil penalty assessment notice may be issued and sent by first-class mail, or by any mail delivery service offered by an entity other than the United States postal service that is equivalent to or superior to first-class mail with respect to delivery speed, reliability, and price, by the public highway authority to the registered owner of the motor vehicle involved. Such THE notice shall contain the name and address of the registered owner of the vehicle involved, the license number of the vehicle involved, the time and location of the violation, the amount of the penalty prescribed for the violation, a place for the registered owner of the vehicle to execute a signed

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acknowledgment of liability for the cited violation, and such other
information as may be required by law to constitute such THE notice as a
complaint to appear for adjudication of a toll evasion civil penalty
assessment. The registered owner of the vehicle involved in a tol
evasion shall be liable for the toll, fee, and civil penalty imposed by the
authority, except as otherwise provided by paragraph (a.5) of this
subsection (6). If the registered owner of the vehicle does not pay
THE PRESCRIBED TOLL, FEE, AND CIVIL PENALTY WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF
THE DATE OF THE CIVIL PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE, THE NOTICE SHALI
CONSTITUTE A COMPLAINT TO APPEAR FOR ADJUDICATION OF A TOLI
EVASION IN COURT OR IN AN ADMINISTRATIVE TOLL ENFORCEMENT
PROCEEDING, AND THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE VEHICLE SHALL
WITHIN THE TIME SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE, FILE AN ANSWER TO THE
COMPLAINT IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE. IF THE REGISTERED
OWNER OF THE VEHICLE FAILS TO PAY IN FULL THE OUTSTANDING TOLL
FEE, AND CIVIL PENALTY <u>AS</u> SET FORTH IN THE NOTICE OR TO APPEAR AND
ANSWER THE <u>COMPLAINT AND REQUEST A HEARING</u> AS SPECIFIED IN THE
NOTICE, A FINAL ORDER OF LIABILITY SHALL BE ENTERED AGAINST THE
REGISTERED OWNER OF THE VEHICLE FOR THE PURPOSES OF ENABLING THE
REGISTERED OWNER TO APPEAL PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (f) OF
SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION AND ALLOWING AN AUTHORITY TO
PROCEED TO JUDGMENT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (e) OF SUBSECTION (4)
OF THIS SECTION.
(b) If the prescribed penalty is not paid within twenty days, ir
(1) F F J to not place within the only days, it

(b) If the prescribed penalty is not paid within twenty days, in order to ensure that adequate notice has been given, the public highway authority shall send a second penalty assessment notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by any mail delivery service offered by an

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entity other than the United States postal service that is equivalent to or superior to certified mail, return receipt requested, with respect to receipt verification and delivery speed, reliability, and price, containing the same information as set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection (6). Such notice shall specify that the registered owner of the vehicle may pay the same penalty assessment at any time prior to the scheduled hearing. If the registered owner of the vehicle does not pay the prescribed toll, fee, and civil penalty within twenty days of the notice, the civil penalty assessment notice shall constitute a complaint to appear for adjudication of a toll evasion in court or in an administrative toll enforcement proceeding, and the registered owner of the vehicle shall, within the time specified in the civil penalty assessment notice, file an answer to the complaint in the manner specified in the notice. If the registered owner of the vehicle fails to pay in full the outstanding toll, fee, and civil penalty set forth in the notice or to appear and answer the notice as specified in the notice, the registered owner of the vehicle shall be deemed to have admitted liability and to have waived the right to a hearing, and a final order of liability in default against the registered owner of the vehicle may be entered. **SECTION 2.** 43-4-808 (2) (d) (VI), (2) (f) (I), and (2) (f) (IV), Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended to read: 43-4-808. Toll highways - special provisions - limitations. (2) (d) (VI) An administrative adjudication of a toll evasion by the transportation enterprise is subject to judicial review. The administrative adjudication may be appealed as to matters of law and fact to the county court for the county in which the violation occurred. The appeal shall be a review of the record of the administrative adjudication and not a de

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(f) (I) In addition to the penalty assessment procedure provided for in paragraph (c) of this subsection (2), where an instance of toll evasion is evidenced by automatic vehicle identification photography or other technology not involving a peace officer, a civil penalty assessment notice may be issued and sent by first-class mail, or by any mail delivery service offered by an entity other than the United States postal service that is equivalent to or superior to first-class mail with respect to delivery speed, reliability, and price, by the transportation enterprise to the registered owner of the motor vehicle involved. The notice shall contain the name and address of the registered owner of the vehicle involved, the license number of the vehicle involved, the date of the notice, the date, time, and location of the violation, the amount of the penalty prescribed for the violation, a place for such person to execute a signed acknowledgment of liability for the cited violation, and such other information as may be required by law to constitute the notice as a complaint to appear for adjudication of a toll evasion civil penalty assessment. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraphs (II) and (III) of this paragraph (f), the registered owner of the vehicle involved in a toll evasion shall be presumed liable for the toll, fee, or civil penalty imposed by the transportation enterprise. If THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE VEHICLE DOES NOT PAY THE PRESCRIBED TOLL, FEE, OR CIVIL PENALTY WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE CIVIL PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE, THE NOTICE SHALL CONSTITUTE A COMPLAINT TO APPEAR FOR ADJUDICATION OF A TOLL EVASION IN COURT OR IN AN ADMINISTRATIVE TOLL ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDING, AND THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE VEHICLE SHALL, WITHIN THE TIME SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE, FILE AN ANSWER TO THE COMPLAINT IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE. IF

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1 THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE VEHICLE FAILS TO PAY IN FULL THE 2 OUTSTANDING TOLL, FEE, OR CIVIL PENALTY AS SET FORTH IN THE NOTICE 3 OR TO APPEAR AND ANSWER THE COMPLAINT AND REQUEST A HEARING AS SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE, <u>A FINAL ORDER OF LIABILITY SHALL BE</u> 4 5 ENTERED AGAINST THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE VEHICLE FOR THE 6 PURPOSES OF ENABLING THE REGISTERED OWNER TO APPEAL PURSUANT TO 7 SUBPARAGRAPH (VI) OF PARAGRAPH (d) OF THIS SUBSECTION (2) AND 8 ALLOWING THE TRANSPORTATION ENTERPRISE TO PROCEED TO JUDGMENT 9 PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (V) OF PARAGRAPH (d) OF THIS SUBSECTION 10 <u>(2).</u> 11 (IV) If the prescribed penalty is not paid within twenty days of the 12 notice, in order to ensure that adequate notice has been given, the 13 transportation enterprise shall send a second penalty assessment notice by 14 certified mail, return receipt requested, or by any mail delivery service 15 offered by an entity other than the United States postal service that is 16 equivalent to or superior to certified mail, return receipt requested, with 17 respect to receipt verification and delivery speed, reliability, and price, 18 containing the same information as set forth in subparagraph (I) of this 19 paragraph (f). The notice shall specify that the registered owner of the 20 vehicle may pay the same penalty assessment at any time prior to the 21 scheduled hearing. If the registered owner of the vehicle does not pay the 22 prescribed toll, fee, or civil penalty within twenty days of the notice, the 23 civil penalty assessment notice shall constitute a complaint to appear for 24 adjudication of a toll evasion in court or in an administrative toll 25 enforcement proceeding, and the registered owner of the vehicle shall, 26 within the time specified in the civil penalty assessment notice, file an 27 answer to the complaint in the manner specified in the notice. If the

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1	registered owner of the vehicle fails to pay in full the outstanding toll, fee,
2	or civil penalty set forth in the notice or to appear and answer the notice
3	as specified in the notice, the registered owner of the vehicle shall be
4	deemed to have admitted liability and to have waived the right to a
5	hearing, and a final order of liability in default against the registered
6	owner of the vehicle may be entered.
7	SECTION 3. Applicability. This act shall apply to incidents of
8	toll evasion evidenced by automatic vehicle identification technology, or
9	other technology not involving a peace officer, on or after the effective
10	date of this act.
11	SECTION 4. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
12	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
13	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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