## Second Regular Session Sixty-seventh General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 10-0033.01 Richard Sweetman

SENATE BILL 10-062

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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## HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Senate Committees Education House Committees Education

# A BILL FOR AN ACT

101CONCERNING THE EXISTING CATEGORICAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS102DESCRIBED BY SECTION 17 OF ARTICLE IX OF THE STATE

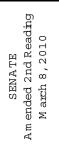
103 <u>CONSTITUTION.</u>

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

The bill eliminates the requirement that the allocation of the increases in funding for categorical education programs be reflected in the annual general appropriation bill. Instead, the general assembly will annually pass a bill, other than the annual general appropriation bill, that

SENATE 3rd Reading Unam ended M arch 9, 2010



establishes the allocation of the increases in funding for categorical education programs. The staff of the joint budget committee will make recommendations annually to the education committees of the house of representatives and senate concerning the allocation of the increases in funding for categorical education programs.

The bill repeals the Colorado comprehensive health education fund and credits the moneys remaining in the fund on the repeal date to the state public school fund.

The bill requires the department of education to increase annually the amount of moneys distributed to each administrative unit for each child with disabilities receiving special education services from the administrative unit, which increase shall reflect the percentage increase in funding for special education programs for children with disabilities from the previous budget year to the current budget year.

The bill amends provisions of the education statutes to replace the term "student whose dominant language is not English" with "student with limited English proficiency".

The bill makes conforming amendments.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	
3	SECTION 1. 22-55-102 (4) (g), Colorado Revised Statutes, is
4	amended to read:
5	22-55-102. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context
6	otherwise requires:
7	(4) "Categorical programs" includes only the following programs:
8	(g) Vocational CAREER AND TECHNICAL education as described in
9	article 8 of title 23, C.R.S.;
10	SECTION 2. 22-24-102, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended
11	to read:
12	22-24-102. Legislative declaration. The general assembly
13	hereby finds, determines, and declares that there are IS A substantial
14	numbers NUMBER of students in this state whose educational potential is
15	severely restricted because a language other than English is their primary

1 means of communication DUE TO THEIR LACK OF PROFICIENCY WITH THE 2 ENGLISH LANGUAGE. The general assembly recognizes the need to 3 provide for transitional programs to improve the English language skills 4 of these students. The general assembly declares that, in order to improve 5 educational and career opportunities for every student in this state, it is 6 the purpose of this article to provide for the establishment of an English 7 language proficiency program in the public schools and facility schools 8 and to provide for the distribution of moneys to the several school 9 districts, the state charter school institute, and facility schools to help 10 defray the costs of such program.

SECTION 3. 22-24-103 (4), Colorado Revised Statutes, is
amended to read:

13 22-24-103. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context
14 otherwise requires:

15 (4) "Student whose dominant language is not English WITH 16 LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY" means a public school or facility school 17 student whose academic achievement and English language proficiency 18 are determined by the student's school district, the state charter school 19 institute, or the facility school, using instruments and tests THE 20 INSTRUMENT OR TECHNIQUE DEVELOPED AND approved by the department 21 PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-24-106 (1) (a), to be impaired because of the 22 student's inability to comprehend or speak English adequately due to the 23 influence of a language other than English and who is one or more of the 24 following:

(a) A student who speaks a language other than English and does
not comprehend or speak English; or

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(b) A student who comprehends or speaks some English, but

-3-

whose predominant PRIMARY comprehension or speech is in a language
 other than English; or

3 (c) A student who comprehends and speaks English and one or
4 more other languages and BUT whose dominant language is difficult to
5 determine, if the student's English language development and
6 comprehension is:

7 (I) At or below the district mean or below the mean or equivalent
8 on a nationally standardized test; or

9 (II) Below the acceptable proficiency level BASED on an English
 10 language proficiency test THE INSTRUMENT OR TECHNIQUE developed AND
 11 APPROVED by the department PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-24-106 (1) (a).

SECTION 4. 22-24-104 (1), (2), (5), and (6), Colorado Revised
Statutes, are amended to read:

14 22-24-104. English language proficiency program established
15 - funding. (1) There is hereby established an English language
16 proficiency program for students WITH LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY in
17 kindergarten and grades one through twelve. whose dominant language
18 is not English.

(2) The purpose of the program is to provide assistance to
 districts, institute charter schools, and facility schools having students
 whose dominant language is not WITH LIMITED English PROFICIENCY.

(5) Each district, the state charter school institute, and each
facility school shall provide the programs for district, institute charter
school, and facility school students whose dominant language is not WITH
LIMITED English PROFICIENCY; except that districts, the state charter
school institute, and the facility schools may cooperate in carrying out the
provisions of this article.

-4-

062

1 (6) Nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit use of 2 moneys made available under this article by a district, the state charter 3 school institute, or a facility school for bilingual programs, 4 English-as-a-second-language programs, or any other method of 5 achieving the purposes of this article. Districts, the state charter school 6 institute, and facility schools conducting such programs shall receive 7 moneys made available under this article only on the basis of the number 8 of students whose dominant language is not WITH LIMITED English 9 PROFICIENCY enrolled in such programs.

SECTION 5. 22-24-105 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, is
amended to read:

12 22-24-105. District - powers and duties. (1) It is the duty of
13 each district, the state charter school institute, and each facility school to:
14 (a) Identify, through the observations and recommendations of
15 parents, teachers, or other persons, students whose dominant language
16 may not be WHO MAY HAVE LIMITED English PROFICIENCY;

(b) (I) Assess such students, using the entire instrument or
technique approved by the department PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-24-106
(1) (a), to determine if their dominant language is not English
PROFICIENCY IS LIMITED;

21 (II) Repealed.

(c) Certify each year to the department those students in the
 district, in institute charter schools, or in facility schools whose dominant
 language is not WITH LIMITED English PROFICIENCY, including
 specification of the number of non-English languages identified as
 dominant SUCH STUDENTS' PRIMARY languages and of the number of
 students who speak each non-English language as their dominant

1 PRIMARY language;

2 (d) Administer and provide programs for students whose
 3 dominant language is not WITH LIMITED English PROFICIENCY.

4 SECTION 6. 22-24-106 (1) (a), (1) (a.7), (1) (d), and (1) (f),
5 Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended to read:

6 22-24-106. Department - powers and duties. (1) It is the duty
7 of the department to:

8 (a) Develop and approve a single instrument or technique to be
9 used by districts, the state charter school institute, and facility schools in
10 identifying eligible students WITH LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY;

(a.7) Establish, by rule, any accommodations that shall be allowed
and in what situations accommodations shall be allowed for an eligible
A student WITH LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY when such THE student is
taking an assessment pursuant to section 22-7-409;

(d) Determine which students are to be counted as eligible
STUDENTS WITH LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY for purposes of
calculating the district's, the state charter school institute's, or the facility
school's entitlement;

(f) Disaggregate testing data to track the academic progress of
students who have been identified as having a dominant language other
than WITH LIMITED English PROFICIENCY but who have been enrolled in
a public school of the state or one or more facility schools for three years
or longer or have subsequently been assessed as proficient in English.

SECTION 7. 22-7-305 (1) (b) (I) (B), Colorado Revised Statutes,
is amended to read:

26 22-7-305. Parent involvement in education grant program 27 creation - rules - fund - reports. (1) (b) The school district of a public

school, or a board of cooperative services or regional service council that
operates a public school, that seeks a grant through the parent
involvement grant program shall apply on behalf of the public school;
except that, if the public school is a charter school, the public school may
apply on its own behalf. To be eligible to receive a grant, a public school
shall meet one or more of the following criteria:

(I) A significant percentage, as defined by rule of the state board,
of the students enrolled in the public school for the three academic years
immediately preceding application were:

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(B) Students whose dominant language is not WITH LIMITED English PROFICIENCY, as defined in section 22-24-103 (4);

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**SECTION 8.** The introductory portion to 22-7-409 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

14 **22-7-409.** Assessments. (1) Beginning in the spring semester 15 1997, the department shall implement the Colorado student assessment 16 program under which the department shall administer statewide 17 assessments adopted by the board pursuant to section 22-7-406 in the first 18 priority areas of reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The 19 department shall administer the English versions of the state assessments 20 and may administer any assessments adopted by the board in languages 21 other than English, as may be appropriate for students whose dominant 22 language is not WITH LIMITED English PROFICIENCY; except that any 23 student who has participated in the English language proficiency 24 program, created pursuant to section 22-24-104, for more than a total of 25 three school years shall be ineligible to take the assessments in a language 26 other than English. The statewide assessments shall be administered 27 according to the following implementation schedule:

SECTION 9. 22-7-1016 (5) (a), Colorado Revised Statutes, is
 amended to read:

3 22-7-1016. Postsecondary and workforce planning, 4 preparation, and readiness assessments - transcripts. 5 (5) (a) Beginning in the 2011-12 academic year, if a student whose 6 dominant language is not WITH LIMITED English PROFICIENCY, as defined 7 in section 22-24-103 (4), is enrolled in eleventh or twelfth grade and the 8 student has not demonstrated attainment of the standard for English 9 language competency and has not demonstrated postsecondary and 10 workforce readiness, the local education provider with which the student 11 is enrolled shall provide to the student additional services and supports as 12 necessary to assist the student in attaining the standard.

13 SECTION 10. 22-11-301 (3) (c), Colorado Revised Statutes, is
14 amended to read:

15 22-11-301. School district accountability committees - creation
16 - membership. (3) If a local school board appoints the members of the
17 school district accountability committee, the local school board, to the
18 extent practicable, shall ensure that the parents who are appointed reflect
19 the student populations that are significantly represented within the
20 school district. Said student populations may include, but need not be
21 limited to:

(c) Students whose dominant language is not WITH LIMITED
English PROFICIENCY, as defined in section 22-24-103 (4);

SECTION 11. 22-11-401 (1) (d) (III), Colorado Revised Statutes,
is amended to read:

26 22-11-401. School accountability committee - creation 27 qualifications - elections. (1) (d) If the local school board or the

-8-

1 institute determines that the members of a school accountability 2 committee should be appointed, the appointing authority shall, to the 3 extent practicable, appoint persons to serve on the school accountability 4 committee who reflect the student populations that are significantly 5 represented within the school. If the local school board or the institute 6 determines that persons shall be elected to serve on the school 7 accountability committee, the school principal shall encourage persons 8 who reflect the student populations that are significantly represented 9 within the school to seek election to the committee. Said student 10 populations may include, but need not be limited to:

(III) Students whose dominant language is not WITH LIMITED
English PROFICIENCY, as defined in section 22-24-103 (4);

SECTION 12. 22-32.5-105 (1) (c), Colorado Revised Statutes, is
amended to read:

15 22-32.5-105. Suggested innovations. (1) In considering or
 16 creating an innovation plan or a plan for creating an innovation school
 17 zone, each local school board is strongly encouraged to consider
 18 innovations in the following areas:

(c) Provision of services, including but not limited to special
education services; services for gifted and talented students; services for
students for whom WITH LIMITED English is not the dominant language
PROFICIENCY; educational services for students at risk of academic failure,
expulsion, or dropping out; and support services provided by the
department of human services or county social services agencies;

SECTION 13. The introductory portions to 22-54-103 (1.5) (a)
(V) and (1.5) (b) (IV), Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended to read:
27 22-54-103. Definitions - repeal. As used in this article, unless

-9-

1 the context otherwise requires:

2 (1.5) (a) "At-risk pupils" means:

3 (V) For the 2005-06 budget year and budget years thereafter, the
4 number of district pupils whose dominant language is not WITH LIMITED
5 English PROFICIENCY plus the greater of:

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(b) For purposes of this subsection (1.5):

(IV) "District pupils whose dominant language is not WITH
LIMITED English PROFICIENCY" means the number of pupils included in
the district pupil enrollment for the preceding budget year who were not
eligible for free lunch pursuant to the provisions of the federal "National
School Lunch Act", 42 U.S.C. sec. 1751 et seq., and whose dominant
language is not WHO ARE STUDENTS WITH LIMITED English PROFICIENCY,
as defined in section 22-24-103 (4), and:

SECTION 14. 22-54-104.2 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, is
amended to read:

16 **22-54-104.2.** Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly 17 hereby finds and declares that, for purposes of section 17 of article IX of 18 the state constitution, the expansion of the definition of "at-risk pupils", 19 as defined in section 22-54-103 (1.5) (a) (V), to include district pupils 20 whose dominant language is not WITH LIMITED English PROFICIENCY, as 21 defined in section 22-54-103 (1.5) (b) (IV), the increase in the at-risk 22 factor pursuant to section 22-54-104 (5) (f) (II) for districts whose 23 percentage of at-risk pupils is greater than the statewide average percentage of at-risk pupils and whose funded pupil count is greater than 24 25 fifty thousand, the requirement that districts that receive at-risk funding 26 spend a portion of their at-risk funding on implementation of the district's 27 English language proficiency program pursuant to section 22-54-105 (3)

(b) (I) and the increase in the at-risk factor from 11.2% to 12% for the
2005-06 budget year and each budget year thereafter pursuant to section
22-54-104 (2) (b) (II) (A) and (5) (f) are important elements of
accountable programs to meet state academic standards and may therefore
receive funding from the state education fund created in section 17 (4) of
article IX of the state constitution.

8 SECTION 15. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
9 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
10 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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