Second Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 22-0681.01 Jason Gelender x4330

SENATE BILL 22-093

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	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING EXPANSION OF EXISTING PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS
102	FOR CERTAIN OWNER-OCCUPIED PRIMARY RESIDENCES, AND, IN
103	CONNECTION THEREWITH, INCREASING THE EXEMPT AMOUNT
104	OF ACTUAL VALUE OF THE OWNER-OCCUPIED PRIMARY
105	RESIDENCE OF A QUALIFYING SENIOR OR VETERAN WITH A
106	DISABILITY AND PRESERVING THE EXEMPTION OF A SENIOR WHO
107	CHANGES PRIMARY RESIDENCES DUE TO MEDICAL NECESSITY.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2022, the bill:

- Increases the maximum amount of actual value of the owner-occupied residence of a qualifying senior or veteran with a disability that is exempt from property taxation from \$200,000 to \$400,000; and
- Specifies that a senior is deemed to be a 10-year owner-occupier of a primary residence that the senior has owned and occupied for less than 10 years and therefore qualifies for the senior property tax exemption for the residence if:
 - The senior would have qualified for the senior property tax exemption for the senior's former primary residence but for the fact that medical necessity required the senior to stop occupying the former primary residence;
 - The senior has not previously received the exemption for a former primary residence on the basis of medical necessity; and
 - The senior has not owned and occupied another primary residence since the senior first stopped occupying his or her former primary residence due to medical necessity.

"Medical necessity" is defined as a medical condition of a senior that a physician licensed to practice medicine in Colorado has certified, on a form developed by the state property tax administrator, as having required the senior to stop occupying the senior's prior primary residence.

When applying for an exemption on the basis of medical necessity, a senior must provide the form establishing proof of medical necessity.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3-201, amend

3 (1)(a) as follows:

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4 **39-3-201.** Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly

5 hereby finds and declares that:

6 (a) Section 3.5 of article X of the state constitution, which was

approved by the registered electors of the state at the 2000 general

election and amended by the registered electors of the state at the 2006

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1	general election, provides property tax exemptions for qualifying seniors
2	and qualifying disabled veterans. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PEOPLE FIRST
3	LANGUAGE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 2-2-802, SECTION 39-3-202 (3.5)
4	DEFINES THE TERM "QUALIFYING VETERAN WITH A DISABILITY" FOR
5	PURPOSES OF THIS PART 2 SO THAT THE TERM HAS THE SAME MEANING AS
6	THE CONSTITUTIONALLY DEFINED TERM "DISABLED VETERAN".
7	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3-202, amend
8	(1.5) and (3.5) as follows:
9	39-3-202. Definitions. As used in this part 2, unless the context
10	otherwise requires:
11	(1.5) "Exemption" means the property tax exemptions for
12	qualifying seniors and qualifying disabled veterans WITH A DISABILITY
13	allowed by section 39-3-203.
14	(3.5) "Qualifying disabled veteran WITH A DISABILITY" means an
15	individual who has served on active duty in the United States armed
16	forces, including a member of the Colorado National Guard who has been
17	ordered into the active military service of the United States, has been
18	separated therefrom under honorable conditions, and has established a
19	service-connected disability that has been rated by the federal department
20	of veterans affairs as a one hundred percent permanent disability through
21	disability retirement benefits pursuant to a law or regulation administered
22	by the department, the United States department of homeland security, or
23	the department of the Army, Navy, or Air Force.
24	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3-203, amend (1)
25	introductory portion, (1.5)(a) introductory portion, (1.5)(a.5), (6)(a)
26	introductory portion, (6)(a)(I.5), and (6)(a)(II); and add (6)(a)(I.7) as
27	follows:

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1	39-3-203. Property tax exemption - qualifications - definition.
2	(1) For the property tax year commencing January 1, 2002, for property
3	tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2006, but before January 1,
4	2009, and for property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2012,
5	BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2022, fifty percent of the first two hundred
6	thousand dollars of actual value of residential real property that as of the
7	assessment date is owner-occupied and is used as the primary residence
8	of the owner-occupier shall be exempt from taxation, and for property tax
9	years commencing on or after January 1, 2003, but before January 1,
10	2006, and on or after January 1, 2009, but before January 1, 2012, fifty
11	percent of zero dollars of actual value of residential real property that as
12	of the assessment date is owner-occupied and is used as the primary
13	residence of the owner-occupier shall be exempt from taxation, AND FOR
14	PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1,2022, FIFTY
15	PERCENT OF THE FIRST FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF ACTUAL
16	VALUE OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT AS OF THE ASSESSMENT
17	DATE IS OWNER-OCCUPIED AND IS USED AS THE PRIMARY RESIDENCE OF
18	THE OWNER-OCCUPIER SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM TAXATION if:
19	(1.5) (a) For property tax years commencing on or after January
20	1, 2007, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2022, fifty percent of the first two
21	hundred thousand dollars of actual value of residential real property that
22	as of the assessment date is owner-occupied and is used as the primary
23	residence of an owner-occupier who is a qualifying disabled veteran shall
24	be VETERAN WITH A DISABILITY IS exempt from taxation, AND FOR
25	PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2022, FIFTY
26	PERCENT OF THE FIRST FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF ACTUAL
27	VALUE OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT AS OF THE ASSESSMENT

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1	DATE IS OWNER-OCCUPIED AND IS USED AS THE PRIMARY RESIDENCE OF AN
2	OWNER-OCCUPIER WHO IS A QUALIFYING VETERAN WITH A DISABILITY IS
3	EXEMPT FROM TAXATION, if:
4	(a.5) For property tax years commencing on or after January 1,
5	2015, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2022, fifty percent of the first two hundred
6	thousand dollars of actual value of residential real property that as of the
7	assessment date is owner-occupied and is used as the primary residence
8	of an owner-occupier who is the surviving spouse of a qualifying disabled
9	veteran WITH A DISABILITY who previously received an exemption under
10	paragraph (a) of this subsection (1.5) SUBSECTION (1.5)(a) OF THIS
11	SECTION IS EXEMPT FROM TAXATION, AND FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS
12	COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2022, FIFTY PERCENT OF THE
13	FIRST FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF ACTUAL VALUE OF
14	RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT AS OF THE ASSESSMENT DATE IS
15	OWNER-OCCUPIED AND IS USED AS THE PRIMARY RESIDENCE OF AN
16	OWNER-OCCUPIER WHO IS THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OF A QUALIFYING
17	VETERAN WITH A DISABILITY WHO PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED AN EXEMPTION
18	UNDER SUBSECTION $(1.5)(a)$ OF THIS SECTION IS EXEMPT FROM TAXATION.
19	(6) (a) Notwithstanding the ten-year occupancy requirement set
20	forth in subparagraph (I) of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) SUBSECTION
21	(1)(a)(I) of this section, an owner-occupier who has not actually owned
22	and occupied residential real property for which the owner-occupier has
23	claimed an exemption under said subsection (1) OF THIS SECTION for the
24	ten years preceding the assessment date shall be IS deemed to have met
25	the ten-year requirement and shall be IS allowed an exemption under said
26	subsection (1) OF THIS SECTION with respect to the property if:

(I.5) For property tax years commencing on or after January 1,

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2015, the owner-occupier would have qualified for the exemption with respect to other residential real property that the owner-occupier owned and occupied as his or her primary residence before moving to the residential real property for which an exemption is claimed but for the fact that a natural disaster destroyed the former primary residence or otherwise rendered it uninhabitable; and OR

(I.7) (A) FOR PROPERTY TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2022, THE OWNER-OCCUPIER WOULD HAVE QUALIFIED FOR THE EXEMPTION WITH RESPECT TO OTHER RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY THAT THE OWNER-OCCUPIER OWNED AND OCCUPIED AS HIS OR HER PRIMARY RESIDENCE BEFORE MOVING TO THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR WHICH AN EXEMPTION IS CLAIMED BUT FOR THE FACT THAT MEDICAL NECESSITY REQUIRED THE OWNER-OCCUPIER TO STOP OCCUPYING THE OTHER RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AS HIS OR HER PRIMARY RESIDENCE, SO LONG AS THE OWNER-OCCUPIER HAS NOT PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED THE EXEMPTION PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (6)(a)(I.7)(A) FOR PROPERTY OTHER THAN THE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY FOR WHICH AN EXEMPTION IS CLAIMED AND THE OWNER-OCCUPIER PRESENTS TO THE ASSESSOR, WHEN APPLYING FOR THE EXEMPTION, THE FORM ESTABLISHING PROOF OF MEDICAL NECESSITY THAT IS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (6)(a)(I.7)(B) OF THIS SECTION.

(B) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (6)(a), "MEDICAL NECESSITY" MEANS A MEDICAL CONDITION OF AN OWNER-OCCUPIER THAT A PHYSICIAN LICENSED TO PRACTICE MEDICINE IN THE STATE PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 240 OF TITLE 12 HAS CERTIFIED, ON A FORM DEVELOPED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR AND MADE AVAILABLE ON THE WEBSITE OF THE DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS, AS

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HAVING REQUIRED THE OWNER-OCCUPIER TO STOP OCCUPYING THE OWNER-OCCUPIER'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE.

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(II) WITH RESPECT TO AN EXEMPTION CLAIMED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(a)(I) OR (6)(a)(I.7) OF THIS SECTION, the owner-occupier has not owned and occupied residential property as his or her primary residence other than the residential real property for which an exemption is claimed since the condemnation occurred OR SINCE THE OWNER-OCCUPIER FIRST STOPPED OCCUPYING HIS OR HER FORMER PRIMARY RESIDENCE DUE TO MEDICAL NECESSITY.

SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 39-3-204 as follows:

39-3-204. Notice of property tax exemption. No later than May 1, 2013, and no later than May 1 of each year thereafter in which an assessor sends a notice of valuation pursuant to section 39-5-121 (1)(a) that is not included with the tax bill, each assessor shall mail to each residential real property address in the assessor's county notice of the exemption allowed by section 39-3-203 (1). As soon as practicable after January 1, 2014, and as soon as practicable after January 1 of each year thereafter, each county treasurer shall, at the treasurer's discretion, mail or electronically send to each person whose name appears on the tax list and warrant as an owner of residential real property notice of the exemption allowed by section 39-3-203 (1). The treasurer must mail or electronically send the notice in each year on or before the date on which the treasurer mails the property tax statement for the previous property tax year pursuant to section 39-10-103. No later than May 1, 2008, and no later than each May 1 thereafter, each assessor also shall mail to each residential property address in the assessor's county notice of the

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exemption allowed by section 39-3-203 (1.5). No later than May 1, 2007, the division shall mail to the residential property address of each person residing in the state who the division believes is a qualifying disabled veteran WITH A DISABILITY notice of the exemption allowed by section 39-3-203 (1.5) for the 2007 property tax year. However, the sending of notice to a person by the division does not constitute a determination by the division that the person sent notice is entitled to an exemption. The notice shall be in a form prescribed by the administrator, who shall consult with the division before prescribing the form of the notice of the exemption allowed by section 39-3-203 (1.5), and shall include a statement of the eligibility criteria for the exemptions and instructions for obtaining an exemption application. To reduce mailing costs, an assessor may coordinate with the treasurer of the same county to include notice with the tax statement for the previous property tax year mailed pursuant to section 39-10-103 or may include notice with the notice of valuation mailed pursuant to section 39-5-121 (1)(a).

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SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3-205, **amend** (2.5) as follows:

39-3-205. Exemption applications - penalty for providing false information - confidentiality. (2.5) For the purpose of verifying the eligibility of each applicant for the exemption allowed to qualifying disabled veterans WITH A DISABILITY under section 39-3-203 (1.5) efficiently and with minimal inconvenience to each applicant, the division shall determine whether an applicant for the exemption is a qualifying disabled veteran WITH A DISABILITY. With respect to any application timely filed by July 1 pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(b) of this section, the division shall, if possible,

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determine whether the applicant is a qualifying disabled veteran WITH A DISABILITY and send notice of its determination to the applicant on or before the immediately succeeding August 1. If the division determines that the applicant is a qualifying disabled veteran WITH A DISABILITY, it shall also send notice of its determination and a copy of the exemption application to the assessor for the county where the property is located. If the division is unable to determine whether the applicant is a qualifying disabled veteran WITH A DISABILITY on or before said August 1, it shall send preliminary notice to both the applicant and the assessor that its determination is pending and shall follow up the preliminary notice by sending final notice of its ultimate determination to the applicant and, together with a copy of the exemption application, to the assessor as soon as possible thereafter.

SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-3-206, amend

(1.5), (2)(a), and (2)(a.7) as follows:

administrative remedies. (1.5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a.7) of subsection (2) SUBSECTION (2)(a.7) of this section, the division shall only accept an application for the exemption allowed to qualifying disabled veterans WITH A DISABILITY under section 39-3-203 (1.5) if the applicant timely returned the exemption application in accordance with section 39-3-205 (1)(b), and an assessor shall only grant the exemption if the division verifies that the applicant is a qualified disabled veteran WITH A DISABILITY and the exemption application forwarded by the division to the assessor pursuant to section 39-3-205 (2.5) establishes that the applicant meets the other requirements to be

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entitled to the exemption.

(b) If the information provided on or with an application for the exemption allowed to qualifying disabled veterans WITH A DISABILITY under section 39-3-203 (1.5) that is forwarded by the division to an assessor pursuant to section 39-3-205 (2.5) indicates that the applicant is not entitled to the exemption, or is insufficient to allow the assessor to determine whether or not the applicant is entitled to the exemption, the assessor shall deny the application and mail to the applicant a statement providing the reasons for the denial and informing the applicant of the applicant's right to contest the denial pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. The assessor shall mail the statement no later than August 1 of the property tax year for which the exemption application was filed.

(2) (a) An applicant whose exemption application has been denied pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection (1) or paragraph (b) of subsection (1.5) SUBSECTION (1)(b) OR (1.5)(b) of this section may contest the denial by requesting a hearing before the county commissioners sitting as the county board of equalization no later than August 15 of the property tax year for which the exemption application was filed. The hearing shall be held on or after August 1 and no later than September 1 of the property tax year for which the exemption application was filed, and the decision of the county board of equalization is not subject to further administrative appeal by either the applicant or the assessor. An applicant may not contest a determination by the division that the applicant is not a qualifying disabled veteran WITH A DISABILITY at a hearing requested pursuant to this paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (2)(a).

(a.7) An individual who wishes to claim the exemption for qualifying disabled veterans WITH A DISABILITY allowed by section

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39-3-203 (1.5), but who has not timely filed an exemption application with the division, may request that the division waive the application deadline and allow the individual to file a late exemption application no later than the August 1 that immediately follows the original application deadline. The division may accept an application if, in the division's sole discretion, the applicant shows good cause for not timely filing an application. If the division accepts a late application, it shall determine whether the applicant is a qualifying disabled veteran WITH A DISABILITY and shall mail notice of its determination to the applicant no later than the August 25 that immediately follows the late application deadline. If the division determines that a veteran is a qualifying disabled veteran WITH A DISABILITY, it shall mail a copy of the notice of its determination to the assessor for the county in which the property for which the applicant has claimed the exemption is located and shall include with the notice a copy of the applicant's exemption application. The assessor shall grant an exemption if the notice and application forwarded by the division to the assessor establish that the applicant is entitled to the exemption. A decision of the division to allow or disallow the filing of a late application or of an assessor to grant or deny an exemption to an applicant who has filed a late application is final, and an applicant who is denied late filing or an exemption may not contest the denial. **SECTION 7.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-2-103, amend (4.5) as follows:

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25-2-103. Centralized registration system for all vital statistics - appointment of registrar - rules. (4.5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law that limits the sharing of vital statistics, after receiving the list of names and social security numbers of individuals who received

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1 property tax exemptions as either qualifying seniors or disabled 2 QUALIFYING veterans WITH A DISABILITY for the prior year that is provided 3 by the property tax administrator pursuant to section 39-3-207, C.R.S., the 4 state registrar shall identify all individuals on the list who have died and 5 transmit a list of the names and social security numbers of such 6 individuals to the administrator. 7 **SECTION 8.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-21-113, amend 8 (24) as follows: 9 **39-21-113. Reports and returns - rule.** (24) Notwithstanding 10 any other provision of this section, the executive director, after receiving 11 from the property tax administrator a list of individuals who are claiming 12 the property tax exemptions for qualifying seniors and disabled 13 QUALIFYING veterans WITH A DISABILITY allowed under part 2 of article 14 3 of this title TITLE 39, shall provide to the property tax administrator 15 information pertaining to the listed individuals, including their names, 16 social security numbers, marital and income tax filing status, and 17 residency status, needed by the administrator to verify that the exemption 18 is allowed only to applicants who satisfy legal requirements for claiming 19 it. The administrator and the administrator's agents, clerks, and employees 20 shall keep all information received from the executive director 21 confidential, and any individual who fails to do so is guilty of a 22 misdemeanor and subject to punishment as specified in subsection (6) of 23 this section.

SECTION 9. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V

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- of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this
- 2 act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take
- 3 effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
- 4 November 2022 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
- official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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