# First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

# REVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the Second House

LLS NO. 21-0129.02 Jane Ritter x4342

**SENATE BILL 21-116** 

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#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING THE PROHIBITION OF AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOTS IN COLORADO.

# **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

The bill prohibits the use of American Indian mascots (mascots) by public schools, including charter and institute charter schools, and public institutions of higher education (school) as of June 1, 2022. The bill imposes a fine of \$25,000 per month for each month that a school continues to use a mascot after such date, payable to the state education fund.

HOUSE
Amended 2nd Reading

SENATE 3rd Reading Unamended April 23, 2021

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading April 22, 2021

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u>

Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing statute.

Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 finds and declares that: 4 (a) The presence and use of derogatory American Indian mascots 5 across Colorado creates an unsafe learning environment for American 6 Indian students by having serious negative impacts on those students' 7 mental health and by promoting bullying of American Indian students; 8 (b) American Indian mascots teach non-American Indian children 9 inaccurate information about American Indian culture and teach them that 10 it is acceptable to participate in culturally abusive and prejudicial 11 behaviors; 12 (c) In the early twentieth century, American Indian boarding schools across Colorado forced American Indian children to relinquish 13 14 their tribal identities and give up inherited customs so that they would 15 better assimilate into the majority white culture; 16 (d) Young American Indian children were coerced into leaving 17 their families, giving up their culture and language, and changing their 18 appearances to pass for a white person. At the same time, non-American 19 Indian students in many communities in Colorado were dressing up in 20 war bonnets at pep rallies that they called "pow-wows". 21 (e) In 1925, the same year that La Veta high school became the 22 "R\*dsk\*ns", a Loveland yearbook stated that the school decided to adopt 23 the "Indian" moniker to depict "bravery, loyalty, patriotism, and dauntless 24 pride". Several years later, Cheyenne Mountain high school would also 25 claim that its "Indian" mascot's purpose was to "preserve the legacy of the

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1 Cheyenne and Ute tribes, which were fading in the area".

- 2 (f) Despite continued claims that such mascots honored American
  3 Indian peoples, the majority of such mascots in Colorado regularly
  4 employed racist stereotypes, from Eaton high school's large-nosed
  5 caricatures to Lamar high school's "Chief Ugh-Lee" mascot;
  - (g) By the time of the civil rights movement in the 1960s, the first wave of American Indian activists began calling for an end to American Indian mascots. By the end of the 1990s, only three Colorado schools had listened. Although organizations like the National Commission on Civil Rights, the NAACP, the National Congress of American Indians, and the American Psychological Association published statements condemning American Indian mascots, few Colorado schools would take heed, even into the early 2000s.
    - (h) In 2015, Colorado Governor John Hickenlooper signed an executive order to establish the commission to study American Indian representations in public schools;
    - (i) The commission, comprised of American Indian leaders from across the state, visited the Colorado schools that wanted to be a part of this conversation. There were only four: Strasburg, Loveland, Eaton, and Lamar. After visiting each of these communities, the commission's recommendation was to completely eliminate American Indian imagery and nomenclature in schools in Colorado.
    - (j) Since that time, a few Colorado schools have voluntarily abandoned their American Indian mascots, but change, for the most part, has not come easily; and
  - (k) Currently, public sentiment is moving in favor of abandoning these discriminatory mascots. Many national athletic teams have

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1	abandoned them, and similar changes are happening at the college level
2	and on down to the local level. In 2019, Maine successfully paved the
3	way with legislation for an American Indian mascot ban at the state level.
4	(2) Therefore, the general assembly declares that passing
5	legislation to retire all American Indian mascots in the state will provide
6	another step toward justice and healing to the descendants of the
7	survivors of the Sand Creek Massacre, most notably the Cheyenne and
8	Arapaho tribes, as well as other American Indians in Colorado who have
9	been harmed or offended by these discriminatory mascots.
10	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 22-1-131 as
11	follows:
12	22-1-131. Prohibition on use of American Indian mascots =
13	<u>exemptions</u> - definitions. (1) As used in this section, unless the
14	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
15	(a) "American Indian mascot" means a name, symbol, or
16	IMAGE THAT DEPICTS OR REFERS TO AN AMERICAN INDIAN TRIBE,
17	INDIVIDUAL, CUSTOM, OR TRADITION THAT IS USED AS A MASCOT,
18	NICKNAME, LOGO, LETTERHEAD, OR TEAM NAME FOR THE SCHOOL.
19	(b) "COMMISSION" MEANS THE COLORADO COMMISSION OF INDIAN
20	AFFAIRS, ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-44-102.
21	(c) "Institute Charter School" means a Charter School
22	AUTHORIZED BY THE STATE CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE PURSUANT TO
23	PART 5 OF ARTICLE 30.5 OF THIS TITLE 22.
24	(d) "Public school" means:
25	(I) AN ELEMENTARY, MIDDLE, JUNIOR HIGH, HIGH SCHOOL, OR
26	DISTRICT CHARTER SCHOOL OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT SERVES ANY OF
27	GRADES KINDERGARTEN THROUGH TWELVE; AND

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1	(II) AN INSTITUTE CHARTER SCHOOL THAT SERVES ANY OF GRADES
2	KINDERGARTEN THROUGH TWELVE.
3	(2) (a) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED FOR IN SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS
4	SECTION, ON OR AFTER JUNE 1, 2022, A PUBLIC SCHOOL IN THE STATE IS
5	PROHIBITED FROM USING AN AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOT.
6	NOTWITHSTANDING THE DEFINITION OF THE TERM "AMERICAN INDIAN
7	MASCOT" IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, A PUBLIC SCHOOL THAT IS
8	NAMED AFTER AN AMERICAN INDIAN TRIBE OR AMERICAN INDIAN
9	INDIVIDUAL MAY USE THE TRIBE'S OR INDIVIDUAL'S NAME, BUT NOT AN
10	IMAGE OR SYMBOL, ON THE PUBLIC SCHOOL'S LETTERHEAD. ANY PUBLIC
11	SCHOOL THAT IS USING SUCH AN AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOT AS OF $\underline{\text{JUNE}}$
12	1, 2022, SHALL IMMEDIATELY CEASE USE OF SUCH AMERICAN INDIAN
13	MASCOT.
14	(b) The prohibition set forth in subsection (2)(a) of this
15	SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO:
16	(I) Any agreement that exists prior to June 30, 2021,
17	BETWEEN A FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE AND A PUBLIC SCHOOL.
18	A PUBLIC SCHOOL THAT IS A PARTY TO SUCH AN AGREEMENT IS HELD TO
19	A HIGH STANDARD AND EXPECTED TO HONOR THE AGREEMENT. THE
20	FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE HAS THE RIGHT AND ABILITY TO
21	REVOKE ANY SUCH AGREEMENT AT ANY TIME AT ITS DISCRETION. IF AN
22	AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (2)(b)(I)
23	BETWEEN A FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE AND A PUBLIC SCHOOL
24	IS TERMINATED BY EITHER PARTY, THE PUBLIC SCHOOL HAS ONE YEAR
25	FROM THE DATE OF TERMINATION TO DISCONTINUE ITS USE OF ITS
26	AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOT BEFORE THE PENALTIES SET FORTH IN
27	SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION APPLY.

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1	(II) ANY PUBLIC SCHOOL THAT IS OPERATED BY A FEDERALLY
2	RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE OR WITH THE APPROVAL OF A FEDERALLY
3	RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE AND EXISTING WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF
4	SUCH TRIBE'S RESERVATION.
5	(III) (A) THE ABILITY OF ANY FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED INDIAN
6	TRIBE TO CREATE AND MAINTAIN A RELATIONSHIP OR AGREEMENT WITH A
7	PUBLIC SCHOOL THAT FOSTERS GOODWILL, EMPHASIZES EDUCATION AND
8	SUPPORTS A CURRICULUM THAT TEACHES AMERICAN INDIAN HISTORY,
9	AND ENCOURAGES A POSITIVE CULTURAL EXCHANGE. SUCH
10	RELATIONSHIPS AND AGREEMENTS MAY INCLUDE IMPORTANT HISTORICAL
11	FIGURES, NAMES, IMAGERY, TRIBAL NAMES, AND MORE.
12	(B) ANY SUCH AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO THIS
13	SECTION BETWEEN A PUBLIC SCHOOL AND A FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED
14	INDIAN TRIBE MAY ALLOW ANY AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOT THAT IS
15	CULTURALLY AFFILIATED WITH THAT FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED INDIAN
16	TRIBE AS DETERMINED AT THE DISCRETION OF THE TRIBE'S GOVERNING
17	<b>BODY.</b> IF AN AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
18	(2)(b)(III) BETWEEN A FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE AND A
19	PUBLIC SCHOOL IS TERMINATED BY EITHER PARTY, THE PUBLIC SCHOOL
20	HAS ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE OF TERMINATION TO DISCONTINUE ITS USE
21	OF ITS AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOT BEFORE THE PENALTIES SET FORTH IN
22	SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION APPLY.
23	(C) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, A "FEDERALLY
24	RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE" IS ONE OF THE FORTY-EIGHT CONTEMPORARY
25	TRIBES WITH TIES TO COLORADO, DEVELOPED BY HISTORY COLORADO IN
26	PARTNERSHIP WITH THE COLORADO COMMISSION OF INDIAN AFFAIRS. THIS
2.7	LIST MAY CHANGE OVER TIME BUT IS THE OFFICIAL LIST TO BE USED FOR

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# THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION.

- 2 (3) FOR EACH MONTH DURING WHICH A PUBLIC SCHOOL USES AN
  3 AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOT AFTER JUNE 1,2022, THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF
  4 THE PUBLIC SCHOOL, OR IN THE CASE OF AN INSTITUTE CHARTER SCHOOL,
  5 THE STATE CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE, SHALL PAY A FINE OF
  6 TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS TO THE STATE TREASURER, WHO SHALL
  7 CREDIT THE MONEY RECEIVED TO THE STATE EDUCATION FUND CREATED
  8 IN SECTION 17 (4) OF ARTICLE IX OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.
- 9 (4) (a) NO LATER THAN 30 DAYS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
  10 THIS SECTION, THE COMMISSION SHALL IDENTIFY EACH PUBLIC SCHOOL IN
  11 THE STATE THAT IS USING AN AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOT AND THAT DOES
  12 NOT MEET THE CRITERIA FOR AN EXEMPTION AS OUTLINED IN SUBSECTION
  13 (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION. THE COMMISSION SHALL POST SUCH INFORMATION
  14 ON ITS WEBSITE.
  - (b) In addition to posting on its website the information concerning public schools that are using an American Indian mascot, the commission, in coordination with the department of education, shall notify the school district of a public school identified by the commission pursuant to subsection (4)(a) of this section of the requirements related to the use of American Indian mascots, as set forth in subsection (2) of this section, as well as the penalty for continued used of such mascots as outlined in subsection (3) of this section. The commission, in coordination with the department of education, shall also provide the same notification to the charter school institute if any institute schools are identified pursuant to subsection (4)(a) of this section.

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1	(c) When a public school identified pursuant to subsection
2	(4)(a) OF THIS SECTION DISCONTINUES ITS USE OF ITS AMERICAN INDIAN
3	MASCOT PRIOR TO JUNE 1, 2022, THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SHALL NOTIFY ITS
4	SCHOOL DISTRICT, OR, IN THE CASE OF AN INSTITUTE CHARTER SCHOOL, ITS
5	AUTHORIZER, THE COMMISSION, AND THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OF
6	SUCH DISCONTINUATION.
7	(5) A PUBLIC SCHOOL THAT IS IDENTIFIED TO BE IN VIOLATION OF
8	SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION FOR USING AN AMERICAN INDIAN
9	MASCOT MAY APPLY TO THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION FOR A GRANT
10	THROUGH THE "BUILDING EXCELLENT SCHOOLS TODAY ACT", ARTICLE
11	43.7 OF TITLE 22, TO ACCOMPLISH ANY STRUCTURAL CHANGES THAT
12	MIGHT BE NECESSARY TO COME INTO COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION.
13	THE TIME REQUIRED FOR MAKING AN APPLICATION OR FOR THE AWARDING
14	OF SUCH GRANT DOES NOT IMPACT THE TIME REQUIREMENT SET FORTH IN
15	SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION.
16	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-43.7-109, add
17	(5)(c.3) as follows:
18	22-43.7-109. Financial assistance for public school capital
19	construction - application requirements - evaluation criteria - local
20	match requirements - technology grants - career and technical
21	education capital construction grants - rules - definition. (5) The
22	board, taking into consideration the financial assistance priority
23	assessment conducted pursuant to section 22-43.7-108, shall prioritize
24	applications that describe public school facility capital construction
25	projects deemed eligible for financial assistance based on the following
26	criteria, in descending order of importance:
27	(c.3) Projects that assist public schools to replace

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1	PROHIBITED AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOTS AS REQUIRED BY SECTION
2	22-1-131 (2).
3	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 23-1-137 as
4	follows:
5	23-1-137. Prohibition on use of American Indian mascots
6	<u>exemptions</u> - definitions. (1) As used in this section, unless the
7	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
8	(a) "AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOT" MEANS A NAME, SYMBOL, OR
9	IMAGE THAT DEPICTS OR REFERS TO AN AMERICAN INDIAN TRIBE,
10	INDIVIDUAL, CUSTOM, OR TRADITION THAT IS USED AS A MASCOT,
11	NICKNAME, LOGO, LETTERHEAD, OR TEAM NAME FOR THE SCHOOL.
12	(b) "Public institution of higher education" means a public
13	COLLEGE, UNIVERSITY, COMMUNITY COLLEGE, AREA VOCATIONAL SCHOOL,
14	EDUCATIONAL CENTER, OR JUNIOR COLLEGE THAT IS SUPPORTED IN WHOLE
15	OR IN PART BY GENERAL FUND MONEY.
16	(2) (a) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED FOR IN SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS
17	SECTION, ON OR AFTER JUNE 1, 2022, A PUBLIC INSTITUTION OF HIGHER
18	EDUCATION IN THE STATE IS PROHIBITED FROM USING AN AMERICAN
19	INDIAN MASCOT. ANY PUBLIC INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION THAT
20	IS USING SUCH AN AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOT AS OF JUNE 1, 2022, MUST
21	IMMEDIATELY CEASE USE OF SUCH AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOT.
22	(b) The prohibition set forth in subsection (2)(a) of this
23	SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO:
24	(I) Any agreement that exists prior to June 30, 2021,
25	BETWEEN A FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE AND A PUBLIC
26	INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION. A PUBLIC INSTITUTION OF HIGHER
27	EDITICATION THAT IS A DADTY TO SUCH AN AGREEMENT IS HELD TO A HIGH

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1	STANDARD AND EXPECTED TO HONOR THE AGREEMENT. THE FEDERALLY
2	RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE HAS THE RIGHT AND ABILITY TO REVOKE ANY
3	SUCH AGREEMENT AT ANY TIME AT ITS DISCRETION.
4	(II) ANY PUBLIC INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION THAT IS
5	OPERATED BY A FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE OR WITH THE
6	APPROVAL OF A FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE AND EXISTING
7	WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF SUCH TRIBE'S RESERVATION.
8	(3) FOR EACH MONTH DURING WHICH A PUBLIC INSTITUTION OF
9	HIGHER EDUCATION USES AN AMERICAN INDIAN MASCOT AFTER JUNE 1,
10	2022, THE PUBLIC INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION SHALL PAY A FINE
11	OF TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS TO THE STATE TREASURER, WHO
12	SHALL CREDIT THE MONEY RECEIVED TO THE STATE EDUCATION FUND
13	CREATED IN SECTION 17 (4) OF ARTICLE IX OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.
14	SECTION 5. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
15	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
16	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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