# Second Regular Session Sixty-ninth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **REREVISED**

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House

LLS NO. 14-0260.02 Christy Chase x2008

**SENATE BILL 14-133** 

#### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Newell, Guzman, Todd

### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

Melton, Fields, Hullinghorst

**Senate Committees** 

Judiciary Finance Appropriations **House Committees** 

State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Appropriations

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING THE REGULATION OF PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS BY THE
102	DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES, AND, IN CONNECTION
103	THEREWITH, MAKING APPROPRIATIONS.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries">http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries</a>.)

Under the current "Private Investigators Voluntary Licensure Act" (voluntary act), a private investigator, at his or her option, may apply for a license from the division of professions and occupations (division) in the department of regulatory agencies and, upon satisfaction of the

HOUSE
3rd Reading Unamended

HOUSE nd Reading Unamended April 30, 2014

SENATE 3rd Reading Unamended April 17, 2014

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading April 16, 2014

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u>

Capital letters indicate new material to be added to existing statute.

Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

criteria for licensure, the director of the division is to issue a license to the private investigator. Only a person who obtains a license from the division may refer to himself or herself as a licensed private investigator, but no private investigator is required to be licensed by the division.

The bill repeals the voluntary licensure program and creates the "Private Investigators Licensure Act", which establishes a new mandatory licensure program under which all persons conducting private investigations in this state must obtain a license from the division starting June 1, 2015. The definition of "private investigation", as it was defined under the voluntary act, is expanded to include investigations pertaining to the following:

- ! The location or recovery of lost or stolen property;
- ! The affiliation, connection, or relationship of any person, firm, or corporation with any organization, society, or association or with any official, representative, or member of an organization, society, or association;
- ! The conduct, honesty, efficiency, loyalty, or activities of employees, persons seeking employment, agents, contractors, or subcontractors; and
- ! The identity or apprehension of persons suspected of crimes or misdemeanors.

Under the mandatory licensure program, an applicant may apply for one of 2 types of licenses as follows:

- ! Level I private investigator license, which requires the applicant to be at least 21 years of age, be lawfully present in the United States, and pass a jurisprudence examination to demonstrate his or her knowledge and understanding of laws and rules applicable to the practice; or
- ! Level II private investigator license, which requires the applicant to satisfy the requirements applicable to a level I license and have an amount of verifiable, applicable experience as determined by the director.

All private investigator licensees must pass a fingerprint-based background check.

The bill continues the exemptions authorized in the voluntary act and further exempts certain professionals, agencies, and activities from the act, including:

- ! Collection and consumer reporting agencies;
- ! Certified peace officers;
- ! Government-employed investigators;
- ! An accountant, certified fraud examiner, or employee or independent contractor of an accountant or fraud examiner who conducts forensic accounting, fraud investigations, or related analysis of financial transactions using information publicly available or supplied to the person;

-2-

- ! A person serving process in accordance with rules of civil procedure or performing tasks associated with effecting service of process;
- ! A licensed attorney, an employee of a licensed attorney, or a person providing paralegal services under contract with a licensed attorney;
- ! A person recovering a fugitive; and
- ! An agency, and its owner, employee, or independent contractor acting for the agency, that is conducting an investigation of a fire or explosion or an engineer-led investigation for cause analysis and failure analysis.

Licensees are required to post a surety bond in an amount determined by the director by rule. The bill establishes grounds for disciplining licensees, the methods of discipline available to the director, and disciplinary procedure.

The director is authorized to consult with stakeholders to obtain feedback and recommendations concerning the regulation of private investigators and the impacts of new technology on privacy. The director is also granted rule-making authority to implement and administer the act.

The "Private Investigators Licensure Act" and the functions of the director under the act are subject to repeal on September 1, 2020, and prior to the repeal, the department of regulatory agencies is required to conduct a sunset review of the act.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **repeal and reenact**, with amendments, article 58.5 of title 12 as follows: 3 4 **ARTICLE 58.5** 5 **Private Investigators** 6 12-58.5-101. [Formerly 12-58.5-101] Short title. THIS ARTICLE 7 SHALL BE KNOWN AND MAY BE CITED AS THE "PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS 8 LICENSURE ACT". 9 <u>12-58.5-102.</u> [Formerly 12-58.5-102] Legislative declaration. 10 (1) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HEREBY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT: 11 (a) PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS OFTEN PERFORM INVESTIGATIONS OF 12 A SENSITIVE NATURE, DELVING INTO MATTERS IMPACTING PERSONAL

-3-

1	PRIVACY;
2	(b) WHILE MOST PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS PERFORM
3	INVESTIGATIONS IN AN ETHICAL AND PROFESSIONAL MANNER, LACK OF
4	MANDATORY REGULATION OF PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS IN THIS STATE
5	PERMITS ANY PERSON, REGARDLESS OF HIS OR HER CRIMINAL HISTORY OR
6	KNOWLEDGE OF LAWS IMPACTING PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS, TO PRESENT
7	HIMSELF OR HERSELF TO THE PUBLIC AS A PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR AND
8	PERFORM PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS FOR OTHERS;
9	(c) Imposing mandatory regulation on private
10	INVESTIGATORS CONDUCTING PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS IN THIS STATE IS
11	NECESSARY TO PROTECT CONSUMERS BY ENSURING PRIVATE
12	INVESTIGATORS HAVE THE APPROPRIATE KNOWLEDGE AND ABILITY TO
13	PERFORM INVESTIGATIONS IN AN ETHICAL AND PROFESSIONAL MANNER;
14	(d) BALANCING CONSUMER PROTECTION WITH THE INTERESTS OF
15	PRIVATE BUSINESSES AND INDIVIDUALS DESIRING TO ENGAGE IN THE
16	PRIVATE INVESTIGATION PROFESSION IS LIKEWISE IMPORTANT;
17	(e) It is in the interests of consumers and private
18	INVESTIGATORS FOR THE STATE TO DEVELOP THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF
19	REGULATION OF PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS THAT PROTECTS CONSUMERS
20	WITHOUT CREATING UNNECESSARY BARRIERS TO ENTRY INTO THE
21	PROFESSION.
22	(2) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THEREFORE FINDS THAT IN ORDER TO
23	PROTECT THE CITIZENS OF THE STATE AND TO ENSURE THAT NEEDLESS
24	REQUIREMENTS ARE NOT IMPOSED THAT RESTRICT ACCESS INTO THE
25	PROFESSION, IT IS IMPORTANT TO CREATE THE LICENSURE PROGRAM
26	ESTABLISHED IN THIS ARTICLE TO REQUIRE PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS TO
2.7	ORTAIN A STATE-ISSUED LICENSE TO CONDUCT PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS

-4- 133

1	IN THIS STATE.
2	(3) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FURTHER FINDS THAT:
3	(a) The number of private investigators licensed under the
4	"PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS VOLUNTARY LICENSURE ACT", ENACTED BY
5	HOUSE BILL 11-1195 IN 2011, WHICH ALLOWS PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS
6	THE OPTION TO OBTAIN A STATE-ISSUED LICENSE, IS INSUFFICIENT TO
7	JUSTIFY CONTINUING THE VOLUNTARY PROGRAM;
8	(b) The voluntary licensure program is currently
9	OPERATING AT A LOSS AS THE LICENSE FEES BASED ON THE NUMBER OF
10	LICENSEES ARE INADEQUATE TO FULLY FUND THE PROGRAM, AND
11	INCREASING THE FEES TO A LEVEL THAT WOULD SUSTAIN THE PROGRAM
12	RESULTS IN UNAFFORDABLE FEES, AND CONSEQUENTLY, FEWER AND
13	FEWER PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS ARE PARTICIPATING IN THE VOLUNTARY
14	PROGRAM;
15	(c) While the voluntary program is unsustainable, it is
16	IMPORTANT TO PROTECT CONSUMERS BY ESTABLISHING MINIMUM
17	STANDARDS FOR AND REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE OF PRIVATE
18	<u>INVESTIGATORS;</u>
19	(d) BY REPEALING THE VOLUNTARY PROGRAM AND REPLACING IT
20	WITH A MANDATORY LICENSURE PROGRAM, THE INTENT IS TO CONTINUE
21	REGULATING PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS OPERATING IN THIS STATE TO
22	ENSURE PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS ARE ENGAGING IN THE PROFESSION IN AN
23	ETHICAL MANNER AND HAVE THE APPROPRIATE KNOWLEDGE AND ABILITY
24	TO PERFORM INVESTIGATIONS;
25	(e) As the mandatory program will regulate the same
26	TYPES OF PROFESSIONALS WHO COULD HAVE CHOSEN TO BE REGULATED
27	TINDED THE VOLUNTARY DROCDAM IT IS ADDRODDIATE THAT DRIVATE

-5- 133

1	INVESTIGATORS LICENSED UNDER THE MANDATORY PROGRAM SHARE IN
2	THE REPAYMENT OF THE DEFICIT THAT RESULTED FROM THE VOLUNTARY
3	PROGRAM; AND
4	(f) TO AVOID COST-PROHIBITIVE LICENSE FEES, IT IS THE INTENT OF
5	THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FOR THE DIVISION TO SPREAD THE REPAYMENT
6	OF THE DEFICIT GENERATED BY THE VOLUNTARY PROGRAM OVER THE LIFE
7	OF THE NEW MANDATORY PROGRAM, WHICH IS SCHEDULED TO REPEAL ON
8	<u>September 1, 2020.</u>
9	<b>12-58.5-103.</b> [Formerly 12-58.5-103] Definitions. AS USED IN
10	THIS ARTICLE, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
11	(1) "APPLICANT" MEANS A PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR WHO APPLIES
12	FOR AN INITIAL OR RENEWAL LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.
13	(2) "DIRECTOR" MEANS THE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OR THE
14	DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE.
15	(3) "DIVISION" MEANS THE DIVISION OF PROFESSIONS AND
16	OCCUPATIONS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES.
17	(4) "LICENSEE" MEANS A PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR LICENSED BY THE
18	DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE AS A LEVEL I OR LEVEL II PRIVATE
19	INVESTIGATOR.
20	(5) "PRIVATE INVESTIGATION" MEANS UNDERTAKING AN
21	INVESTIGATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF OBTAINING INFORMATION FOR
22	OTHERS PERTAINING TO:
23	(a) A CRIME, WRONGFUL ACT, OR THREAT AGAINST THE UNITED
24	STATES OR ANY STATE OR TERRITORY OF THE UNITED STATES;
25	(b) THE IDENTITY, REPUTATION, CHARACTER, HABITS, CONDUCT,
26	BUSINESS OCCUPATION, HONESTY, INTEGRITY, CREDIBILITY, KNOWLEDGE,
27	TRUSTWORTHINESS EFFICIENCY LOVALTY ACTIVITY MOVEMENTS

-6- 133

1	WHEREABOUTS, AFFILIATIONS, ASSOCIATIONS, OR TRANSACTIONS OF A
2	PERSON, GROUP OF PERSONS, OR ORGANIZATION;
3	(c) THE CREDIBILITY OF WITNESSES OR OTHER PERSONS;
4	(d) THE WHEREABOUTS OF MISSING PERSONS;
5	(e) The determination of the owners of abandoned
6	PROPERTY;
7	(f) THE CAUSES AND ORIGIN OF, OR RESPONSIBILITY FOR, LIBEL,
8	SLANDER, A LOSS, AN ACCIDENT, DAMAGE, OR AN INJURY TO A PERSON OR
9	TO REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY;
10	(g) THE BUSINESS OF SECURING EVIDENCE TO BE USED BEFORE AN
11	INVESTIGATORY COMMITTEE, BOARD OF AWARD OR ARBITRATION,
12	ADMINISTRATIVE BODY, OR OFFICER OR IN THE PREPARATION FOR OR IN A
13	CIVIL OR CRIMINAL TRIAL;
14	(h) The business of locating persons who have become
15	DELINQUENT IN THEIR LAWFUL DEBTS, WHEN THE PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR
16	LOCATING THE DEBTOR IS HIRED BY AN INDIVIDUAL OR COLLECTION
17	AGENCY;
18	(i) THE LOCATION OR RECOVERY OF LOST OR STOLEN PROPERTY;
19	(j) THE AFFILIATION, CONNECTION, OR RELATIONSHIP OF ANY
20	PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION WITH ANY ORGANIZATION, SOCIETY, OR
21	ASSOCIATION OR WITH ANY OFFICIAL, REPRESENTATIVE, OR MEMBER OF AN
22	ORGANIZATION, SOCIETY, OR ASSOCIATION;
23	(k) THE CONDUCT, HONESTY, EFFICIENCY, LOYALTY, OR ACTIVITIES
24	OF EMPLOYEES, PERSONS SEEKING EMPLOYMENT, AGENTS, CONTRACTORS,
25	OR SUBCONTRACTORS; OR
26	(1) The identity of persons suspected of crimes or
27	MISDEMEANORS.

-7-

1	(6) "PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR" OR "PRIVATE DETECTIVE" MEANS A
2	NATURAL PERSON WHO, FOR A FEE, REWARD, COMPENSATION, OR OTHER
3	CONSIDERATION, ENGAGES IN BUSINESS OR ACCEPTS EMPLOYMENT TO
4	CONDUCT PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS.
5	12-58.5-104. [Formerly 12-58.5-104] Licensure - title
6	$\textbf{protection - unauthorized practice - penalty - repeal.} \ (1) \ (a) \ \ By \ June$
7	1,2015, A  PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR CONDUCTING PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS
8	IN THIS STATE IS REQUIRED TO MEET THE QUALIFICATIONS SET FORTH IN
9	SECTION 12-58.5-106 AND TO OBTAIN A LICENSE FROM THE DIRECTOR.
10	(b) Only a private investigator who obtains a license
11	PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-58.5-106 MAY PRESENT HIMSELF OR HERSELF AS
12	OR USE THE TITLE OF A "LICENSED PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR", "PRIVATE
13	INVESTIGATOR", "LICENSED PRIVATE DETECTIVE", OR "PRIVATE
14	DETECTIVE".
15	(c) (I) If a voluntary license is issued or renewed on or
16	AFTER NOVEMBER 1, 2013, BUT PRIOR TO THE REPEAL AND RENACTMENT
17	OF THIS ARTICLE IN 2014, THE VOLUNTARY LICENSE EXPIRES ON THE
18	EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS PARAGRAPH (c), AND THE DIVISION SHALL
19	REFUND THE PORTION OF THE VOLUNTARY LICENSE FEE PAID THAT IS
20	ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE LICENSE PERIOD FOLLOWING THE EFFECTIVE DATE
21	OF THIS PARAGRAPH (c).
22	(II) Upon the repeal and reenactment of this article
23	PURSUANT TO SENATE BILL 14-133, ENACTED IN 2014, ANY MONEYS OR
24	DEFICIT FUND BALANCE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE VOLUNTARY LICENSURE
25	PROGRAM AT THE TIME OF ITS REPEAL IS TRANSFERRED TO THE NEW
26	MANDATORY LICENSURE PROGRAM CREATED IN THIS ARTICLE.
27	(III) This paragraph (c) is repealed, effective December 31,

-8-

1	2014.
2	(2) Any person who conducts private investigations or
3	PRESENTS HIMSELF OR HERSELF AS OR USES THE TITLE "PRIVATE
4	INVESTIGATOR", "PRIVATE DETECTIVE", "LICENSED PRIVATE DETECTIVE",
5	OR "LICENSED PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR" WITHOUT AN ACTIVE LICENSE
6	ISSUED UNDER THIS ARTICLE COMMITS A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR AND
7	SHALL BE PUNISHED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 18-1.3-501, C.R.S., FOR THE
8	FIRST OFFENSE AND, FOR THE SECOND OR ANY SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE,
9	COMMITS A CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR AND SHALL BE PUNISHED AS PROVIDED
10	IN SECTION 18-1.3-501, C.R.S.
11	12-58.5-105. [Formerly 12-58.5-103 (6) (b)] Exemptions.
12	(1) THIS ARTICLE DOES NOT APPLY TO:
13	(a) A COLLECTION AGENCY OR CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCY, AS
14	DEFINED IN SECTION $12-14-103$ (2) AND (4.5), RESPECTIVELY;
15	(b) A PERSON CONDUCTING AN INVESTIGATION ON THE PERSON'S
16	OWN BEHALF, OR AN EMPLOYEE OF AN EMPLOYER CONDUCTING AN
17	INTERNAL INVESTIGATION ON BEHALF OF HIS OR HER EMPLOYER;
18	(c) AN ATTORNEY LICENSED TO PRACTICE LAW IN THIS STATE, AN
19	EMPLOYEE OF A LICENSED ATTORNEY , OR A PERSON UNDER CONTRACT TO
20	PERFORM PARALEGAL SERVICES FOR A LICENSED ATTORNEY;
21	(d) A CERTIFIED PEACE OFFICER OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY
22	OPERATING IN HIS OR HER OFFICIAL CAPACITY;
23	(e) (I) A CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT CERTIFIED OR
24	$\underline{AUTHORIZEDTOPROVIDEACCOUNTINGSERVICESINTHESTATEPURSUANT}$
25	TO ARTICLE 2 OF THIS TITLE;
26	(II) AN EMPLOYEE OF A CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT;
27	(III) AN EMPLOYEE OR AFFILIATE OF AN ACCOUNTING FIRM

-9-

1	REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-2-11/; OR
2	(IV) A PERSON WHO CONDUCTS FORENSIC ACCOUNTING, FRAUD
3	INVESTIGATIONS, OR OTHER RELATED ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL
4	TRANSACTIONS BASED ON INFORMATION THAT IS EITHER PUBLICLY
5	AVAILABLE OR PROVIDED BY CLIENTS OR OTHER THIRD PARTIES AND WHO
6	<u>IS:</u>
7	(A) AN ACCOUNTANT OR PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT WHO IS NOT
8	REGULATED BY THE STATE;
9	(B) A CERTIFIED FRAUD EXAMINER; OR
10	(C) An employee or independent contractor under the
11	GUIDANCE OF AN ACCOUNTANT, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, OR CERTIFIED
12	FRAUD EXAMINER;
13	(f) A PERSON WHO AGGREGATES PUBLIC RECORDS AND CHARGES
14	A FEE FOR ACCESSING THE AGGREGATED PUBLIC RECORDS DATA;
15	(g) A PERSON EMPLOYED BY AN INSURANCE COMPANY WHO IS
16	CONDUCTING CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT OR CLAIMS INVESTIGATION FOR THE
17	PURPOSES OF AN INSURANCE CLAIM;
18	$\underline{(h)}$ An investigator employed or contracted by a public or
19	GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY;
20	(i) A JOURNALIST OR GENEALOGIST;
21	$(\underline{j})$ A PERSON SERVING PROCESS WITHIN THE STATE, PERFORMING
22	HIS OR HER DUTIES IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE COLORADO OR FEDERAL
23	RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE OR IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE
24	FOREIGN STATE COURT RULES OR LAWS PERTAINING TO SERVICE OF
25	FOREIGN PROCESS WITHIN THIS STATE, OR PERFORMING ANY TASK
26	ASSOCIATED WITH EFFECTING SERVICE OF PROCESS, ALL OF WHICH
27	INCLUDES INQUIRIES RELATED TO EFFECTING PROPER SERVICE OF PROCESS

-10-

1	AND RESULTING SUPPORTING PROOFS, DECLARATIONS, AFFIDAVITS OF
2	SERVICE, OR DECLARATIONS OR AFFIDAVITS OF DUE DILIGENCE TO
3	SUPPORT ALTERNATIVE METHODS OF SERVICE OF PROCESS; EXCEPT THAT
4	A PROCESS SERVER WHO PERFORMS PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS OUTSIDE THE
5	EFFORTS TO EFFECT SERVICE OF PROCESS IS NOT EXEMPT FROM THE
6	LICENSING REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ARTICLE AND MUST OBTAIN A LICENSE
7	UNDER THIS ARTICLE IN ORDER TO LAWFULLY PERFORM THOSE PRIVATE
8	INVESTIGATIONS;
9	$(\underline{k})$ A PERSON ATTEMPTING TO RECOVER A FUGITIVE WHEN THAT
10	PERSON IS A BAIL BONDING AGENT OR CASH-BONDING AGENT QUALIFIED
11	TO WRITE BAIL BONDS PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 23 OF TITLE 10, C.R.S., OR
12	IS ACTING PURSUANT TO A CONTRACT WITH OR AT THE REQUEST OF A BAIL
13	BONDING AGENT OR CASH-BONDING AGENT WHO IS SO QUALIFIED;
14	(1) An owner, employee, or independent contractor of an
15	AGENCY CONDUCTING AN INVESTIGATION TO DETERMINE THE ORIGIN AND
16	CAUSE OF A FIRE OR EXPLOSION;
17	$\underline{\text{(m)}}$ An owner, employee, or independent contractor of an
18	AGENCY CONDUCTING AN INVESTIGATION FOR CAUSE ANALYSIS OR
19	FAILURE ANALYSIS WHERE THE INVESTIGATION IS CONDUCTED BY AN
20	ENGINEER LICENSED PURSUANT TO PART 1 OF ARTICLE 25 OF THIS TITLE
21	ACTING WITHIN HIS OR HER AREA OF EXPERTISE AND WITHIN THE SCOPE OF
22	THE PRACTICE OF ENGINEERING; OR
23	(n) Any other person licensed under this title who is
24	PRACTICING WITHIN THE SCOPE OF HIS OR HER PRACTICE AS DEFINED IN
25	THIS TITLE.
26	12-58.5-106. [Formerly 12-58.5-105] Private investigator
27	licenses - qualifications - fees - renewal - rules. (1) A PRIVATE

-11-

1	INVESTIGATOR APPLYING FOR A LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST
2	SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PARTICULAR LICENSE FOR WHICH
3	APPLICATION IS MADE. THE DIRECTOR MAY ISSUE THE FOLLOWING TYPES
4	OF LICENSES TO APPLICANTS WHO, UPON APPLICATION IN THE FORM AND
5	MANNER DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR, PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEE,
6	AND SATISFACTION OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS
7	SECTION, PROVIDE EVIDENCE SATISFACTORY TO THE DIRECTOR THAT THE
8	APPLICANT SATISFIES THE QUALIFICATIONS FOR THE PARTICULAR LICENSE
9	AS FOLLOWS:
10	(a) Level I private investigator license. AN APPLICANT FOR A
11	LEVEL I PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR LICENSE MUST:
12	(I) BE AT LEAST TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE;
13	(II) BE LAWFULLY PRESENT IN THE UNITED STATES; AND
14	(III) DEMONSTRATE KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING OF THE
15	LAWS AND RULES AFFECTING THE ETHICS AND ACTIVITIES OF PRIVATE
16	INVESTIGATORS IN THIS STATE BY PASSING A JURISPRUDENCE
17	EXAMINATION DEVELOPED AND APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR.
18	(b) Level II private investigator license. AN APPLICANT FOR A
19	LEVEL II PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR LICENSE MUST:
20	(I) Satisfy the requirements for a level I private
21	INVESTIGATOR LICENSE; AND
22	(II) HAVE AN AMOUNT OF VERIFIABLE, APPLICABLE EXPERIENCE
23	AS A PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR OR EQUIVALENT EXPERIENCE WITH A LOCAL,
24	STATE, OR FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, MILITARY POLICE, THE
25	FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION, OR OTHER EQUIVALENT EXPERIENCE.
26	THE DIRECTOR SHALL DETERMINE, BY RULE, THE AMOUNT AND TYPE OF
27	EXPERIENCE, WHICH MAY INCLUDE POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION,

-12-

2	EXPERIENCE THE DIRECTOR DEEMS APPROPRIATE, AN APPLICANT MUST
3	HAVE TO SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION.
4	(2) In addition to the requirements of subsection (1) of this
5	SECTION, EACH APPLICANT FOR A LEVEL I OR LEVEL II PRIVATE
6	INVESTIGATOR LICENSE MUST HAVE HIS OR HER FINGERPRINTS TAKEN BY
7	A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY FOR THE PURPOSE OF OBTAINING A
8	FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK. THE APPLICANT
9	IS REQUIRED TO SUBMIT PAYMENT BY CERTIFIED CHECK OR MONEY ORDER
10	FOR THE FINGERPRINTS AND FOR THE ACTUAL COSTS OF THE RECORD
11	CHECK AT THE TIME THE FINGERPRINTS ARE SUBMITTED TO THE
12	COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION. UPON RECEIPT OF FINGERPRINTS
13	AND RECEIPT OF THE PAYMENT FOR COSTS, THE COLORADO BUREAU OF
14	INVESTIGATION SHALL CONDUCT A STATE AND NATIONAL
15	FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK UTILIZING
16	RECORDS OF THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND THE
17	FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND SHALL FORWARD THE RESULTS
18	OF THE CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK TO THE DIRECTOR.
19	(3) <b>[Formerly 12-58.5-105 (4)]</b> AN APPLICANT FOR LICENSURE
20	UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL PAY LICENSE, RENEWAL, AND REINSTATEMENT
21	FEES ESTABLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-34-105,
22	C.R.S. A LICENSEE MUST RENEW HIS OR HER LICENSE IN ACCORDANCE
23	WITH A SCHEDULE ESTABLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO SECTION
24	24-34-102 (8), C.R.S. If a licensee fails to renew his or her license
25	PURSUANT TO THE SCHEDULE ESTABLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR, THE
26	LICENSE EXPIRES, AND THE PERSON SHALL NOT CONDUCT PRIVATE
27	INVESTIGATIONS IN THIS STATE UNTIL THE PERSON PAYS THE APPROPRIATE

COMPLETION OF APPROVED CERTIFICATE PROGRAMS, OR SUCH OTHER

1

-13-

1	FEES TO REINSTATE THE LICENSE AND THE DIRECTOR REINSTATES THE
2	LICENSE. A PERSON WHOSE LICENSE EXPIRES AND WHO CONTINUES TO DO
3	BUSINESS AS A PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR IS SUBJECT TO THE PENALTIES
4	PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE AND SECTION 24-34-102 (8), C.R.S.
5	12-58.5-107. Surety bond required - rules. A LICENSEE SHALL
6	NOT ENGAGE IN PRIVATE INVESTIGATION ACTIVITIES UNLESS THE LICENSEE
7	POSTS AND MAINTAINS, OR IS COVERED BY, A SURETY BOND IN AN AMOUNT
8	DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR BY RULE.
9	12-58.5-108. [Formerly 12-58.5-106] Director's powers and
10	duties - consult with stakeholders- rules. (1) The director may
11	CONSULT WITH PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS, LAW ENFORCEMENT, CONSUMER
12	GROUPS, VICTIM ADVOCACY GROUPS, CIVIL LIBERTIES GROUPS, AND OTHER
13	STAKEHOLDERS TO OBTAIN RECOMMENDATIONS AND FEEDBACK
14	CONCERNING:
15	(a) THE REGULATION OF PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS;
16	(b) PRIVACY LAWS AND ISSUES, NEW OR CHANGING TECHNOLOGY
17	AND THE IMPACT OF NEW OR CHANGING TECHNOLOGY ON PRIVACY; AND
18	(c) Any continuing education that may be necessary to
19	ENSURE PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS MAINTAIN KNOWLEDGE AND
20	UNDERSTANDING OF LAWS AND RULES AFFECTING THE PRACTICE
21	PARTICULARLY THOSE CONCERNING PRIVACY ISSUES AND NEW OR
22	CHANGING TECHNOLOGY. IF A STAKEHOLDER GROUP RECOMMENDS THAT
23	CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS BE IMPOSED, NOTHING IN THIS
24	PARAGRAPH (c) ABROGATES THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 24-34-901
25	C.R.S., AND THE DIRECTOR IS NOT AUTHORIZED TO IMPOSE, BY RULE OR
26	OTHERWISE, ANY CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS ABSENT AN
27	ENACTMENT OF A BILL IMPOSING CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS

-14- 133

1	OR AUTHORIZING THE DIRECTOR TO ESTABLISH CONTINUING EDUCATION
2	REQUIREMENTS.
3	(2) IN ADDITION TO ALL OTHER POWERS AND DUTIES CONFERRED
4	OR IMPOSED UPON THE DIRECTOR BY THIS ARTICLE OR BY ANY OTHER LAW,
5	THE DIRECTOR MAY:
6	(a) Promulgate rules pursuant to section 24-4-103, C.R.S.,
7	TO IMPLEMENT THIS ARTICLE, INCLUDING RULES TO:
8	$\underline{\mathrm{(I)}}$ Establish the form and manner for applying for a
9	LICENSE UNDER THIS ARTICLE;
10	$(\underline{\mathrm{II}})$ Specify the requirements for satisfying the experience
11	COMPONENT FOR OBTAINING A LEVEL II PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR LICENSE
12	PURSUANT SECTION 12-58.5-106 (1) (b);
13	(III) DEFINE GENERALLY ACCEPTED STANDARD OF THE PRACTICE
14	OF PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS;
15	(IV) SET THE AMOUNT OF THE SURETY BOND REQUIRED BY
16	SECTION 12-58.5-107; AND
17	$\underline{(V)}$ Address any other matters determined necessary by
18	THE DIRECTOR TO IMPLEMENT THIS <u>ARTICLE</u> ;
19	(b) DEVELOP AND CONDUCT OR CONTRACT FOR EXAMINATIONS AS
20	REQUIRED BY THIS ARTICLE;
21	(c) REVIEW AND GRANT OR DENY APPLICATIONS FOR NEW OR
22	RENEWAL LICENSES AS PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE; AND
23	(d) Establish fees for the issuance of a new license and for
24	EACH LICENSE RENEWAL PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-34-105, C.R.S.
25	12-58.5-109. [Formerly 12-57.5-107] Disciplinary actions -
26	grounds for discipline - <u>rules - cease-and-desist orders.</u> (1) The
27	DIRECTOR MAY DENY, SUSPEND, OR REVOKE A LICENSE, PLACE AN

-15-

1	APPLICANT OR LICENSEE ON PROBATION, OR ISSUE A LETTER OF
2	ADMONITION TO AN APPLICANT OR LICENSEE IF THE APPLICANT OR
3	LICENSEE:
4	(a) VIOLATES ANY ORDER OF THE DIRECTOR, ANY PROVISION OF
5	THIS ARTICLE, OR ANY RULE ADOPTED UNDER THIS ARTICLE;
6	(b) Fails to meet the requirements of section 12-58.5-106 or
7	USES FRAUD, MISREPRESENTATION, OR DECEIT IN APPLYING FOR OR
8	ATTEMPTING TO APPLY FOR A LICENSE;
9	(c) IS CONVICTED OF OR HAS ENTERED A PLEA OF GUILTY OR NOLO
10	CONTENDERE TO A FELONY; TO AN OFFENSE, THE UNDERLYING FACTUAL
11	BASIS OF WHICH HAS BEEN FOUND BY THE COURT TO INVOLVE UNLAWFUL
12	SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
13	18-6-800.3 (1), C.R.S., OR STALKING, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-3-602,
14	C.R.S.; OR TO VIOLATION OF A PROTECTION ORDER, AS DEFINED IN
15	SECTION 18-6-803.5, C.R.S. IN CONSIDERING THE DISCIPLINARY ACTION,
16	THE DIRECTOR IS GOVERNED BY SECTION 24-5-101, C.R.S., IN
17	CONSIDERING THE CONVICTION OR PLEA.
18	(d) HAS FAILED TO REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR THE CONVICTION OF
19	OR PLEA TO A CRIME SPECIFIED IN PARAGRAPH (c) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1);
20	(e) Advertises or presents himself or herself as a licensed
21	PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR WITHOUT HOLDING AN ACTIVE LICENSE;
22	$\underline{\text{(f)}}$ Has been subject to discipline related to the practice
23	OF PRIVATE INVESTIGATIONS IN ANOTHER JURISDICTION. EVIDENCE OF
24	DISCIPLINARY ACTION IN ANOTHER JURISDICTION IS PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE
25	FOR DENIAL OF A LICENSE OR OTHER DISCIPLINARY ACTION IF THE
26	$\label{thm:condition} \textbf{VIOLATION} \textbf{ WOULD} \textbf{ BE} \textbf{ GROUNDS} \textbf{ FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION IN THIS STATE.}$
27	(g) COMMITS AN ACT OR OMISSION THAT FAILS TO MEET

-16-

1	GENERALLY ACCEPTED STANDARDS OF THE PRACTICE OF PRIVATE
2	INVESTIGATIONS; OR
3	(h) Fails to comply with surety bond requirements as
4	SPECIFIED IN SECTION 12-58.5-107.
5	(2) THE DIRECTOR MAY ADOPT RULES ESTABLISHING FINES THAT
6	HE OR SHE MAY IMPOSE ON A LICENSEE. THE RULES MUST INCLUDE A
7	GRADUATED FINE STRUCTURE, WITH A MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE FINE OF NOT
8	MORE THAN THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS PER VIOLATION. THE DIRECTOR
9	SHALL TRANSMIT ANY FINES HE OR SHE COLLECTS FROM A LICENSEE TO
10	THE STATE TREASURER FOR DEPOSIT IN THE GENERAL FUND.
11	(3) THE DIRECTOR NEED NOT FIND THAT THE ACTIONS THAT ARE
12	GROUNDS FOR DISCIPLINE WERE WILLFUL BUT MAY CONSIDER WHETHER
13	THE ACTIONS WERE WILLFUL WHEN DETERMINING THE NATURE OF
14	DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS TO IMPOSE.
15	(4) (a) The director may commence a proceeding to
16	DISCIPLINE A LICENSEE WHEN THE DIRECTOR HAS REASONABLE GROUNDS
17	TO BELIEVE THAT THE LICENSEE HAS COMMITTED AN ACT <u>OR OMISSION</u>
18	<u>SPECIFIED</u> IN THIS SECTION.
19	(b) In any proceeding held under this section, the director
20	MAY ACCEPT AS EVIDENCE OF GROUNDS FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION ANY
21	DISCIPLINARY ACTION TAKEN AGAINST A LICENSEE IN ANOTHER
22	JURISDICTION IF THE VIOLATION THAT PROMPTED THE DISCIPLINARY
23	ACTION IN THE OTHER JURISDICTION WOULD BE GROUNDS FOR
24	DISCIPLINARY ACTION UNDER THIS ARTICLE.
25	(5) THE DIRECTOR SHALL CONDUCT DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS
26	IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24, C.R.S. THE DIRECTOR OR AN
27	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE APPOINTED BY THE DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO

-17-

1	PARAGRAPH (c) OF SUBSECTION (6) OF THIS SECTION SHALL CONDUCT THE
2	HEARING AND OPPORTUNITY FOR REVIEW PURSUANT TO THAT ARTICLE.
3	THE DIRECTOR MAY EXERCISE ALL POWERS AND DUTIES CONFERRED BY
4	THIS ARTICLE DURING THE DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.
5	(6) (a) The director may request that the attorney
6	GENERAL SEEK AN INJUNCTION IN ANY COURT OF COMPETENT
7	JURISDICTION TO ENJOIN A PERSON FROM COMMITTING AN ACT PROHIBITED
8	BY THIS ARTICLE. WHEN SEEKING AN INJUNCTION UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH
9	(a), THE ATTORNEY GENERAL IS NOT REQUIRED TO ALLEGE OR PROVE THE
10	INADEQUACY OF ANY REMEDY AT LAW OR THAT SUBSTANTIAL OR
11	IRREPARABLE DAMAGE IS LIKELY TO RESULT FROM A CONTINUED
12	VIOLATION OF THIS ARTICLE.
13	(b) (I) THE DIRECTOR MAY INVESTIGATE, HOLD HEARINGS, AND
14	GATHER EVIDENCE IN ALL MATTERS RELATED TO THE EXERCISE AND
15	PERFORMANCE OF THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR.
16	(II) In $\_$ ANY HEARING OR INVESTIGATION INSTITUTED PURSUANT
17	TO THIS SECTION, THE DIRECTOR OR AN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
18	APPOINTED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (c) OF THIS SUBSECTION (6) MAY
19	ADMINISTER OATHS, TAKE AFFIRMATIONS OF WITNESSES, AND ISSUE
20	SUBPOENAS COMPELLING THE ATTENDANCE OF WITNESSES AND THE
21	PRODUCTION OF ALL RELEVANT RECORDS, PAPERS, BOOKS, DOCUMENTARY
22	EVIDENCE, AND MATERIALS IN ANY HEARING, INVESTIGATION,
23	ACCUSATION, OR OTHER MATTER BEFORE THE DIRECTOR OR AN
24	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE.
25	(III) Upon failure of any witness or licensee to comply
26	WITH A SUBPOENA OR PROCESS, THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE COUNTY IN
27	WHICH THE SUBPOENAED PERSON OR LICENSEE RESIDES OR CONDUCTS

-18-

1	BUSINESS, UPON APPLICATION BY THE DIRECTOR WITH NOTICE TO THE
2	SUBPOENAED PERSON OR LICENSEE, MAY ISSUE TO THE PERSON OR
3	LICENSEE AN ORDER REQUIRING THE PERSON OR LICENSEE TO APPEAR
4	BEFORE THE DIRECTOR; TO PRODUCE THE RELEVANT PAPERS, BOOKS,
5	RECORDS, DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE, OR MATERIALS IF SO ORDERED; OR
6	TO GIVE EVIDENCE TOUCHING THE MATTER UNDER INVESTIGATION OR IN
7	QUESTION. IF THE PERSON OR LICENSEE FAILS TO OBEY THE ORDER OF THE
8	COURT, THE COURT MAY HOLD THE PERSON OR LICENSEE IN CONTEMPT OF
9	COURT.

(c) The director may appoint an administrative law judge pursuant to part 10 of article 30 of title 24, C.R.S., to conduct hearings, take evidence, make findings, and report the findings to the director.

- (7) (a) THE DIRECTOR, THE DIRECTOR'S STAFF, A PERSON ACTING AS A WITNESS OR CONSULTANT TO THE DIRECTOR, A WITNESS TESTIFYING IN A PROCEEDING AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS ARTICLE, OR A PERSON WHO LODGES A COMPLAINT PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE IS IMMUNE FROM LIABILITY IN A CIVIL ACTION BROUGHT AGAINST HIM OR HER FOR ACTS OCCURRING WHILE ACTING IN HIS OR HER CAPACITY AS DIRECTOR, STAFF, CONSULTANT, OR WITNESS, RESPECTIVELY, IF THE INDIVIDUAL WAS ACTING IN GOOD FAITH WITHIN THE SCOPE OF HIS OR HER RESPECTIVE CAPACITY, MADE A REASONABLE EFFORT TO OBTAIN THE FACTS OF THE MATTER AS TO WHICH HE OR SHE ACTED, AND ACTED IN THE REASONABLE BELIEF THAT THE ACTION HE OR SHE TOOK WAS WARRANTED BY THE FACTS.
- (b) A PERSON PARTICIPATING, IN GOOD FAITH, IN MAKING A COMPLAINT OR REPORT OR IN AN INVESTIGATIVE OR ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION IS IMMUNE FROM ANY CIVIL OR

-19-

1	CRIMINAL LIABILITY THAT OTHERWISE MIGHT RESULT BY REASON OF THE
2	PARTICIPATION.
3	(8) A FINAL ACTION OF THE DIRECTOR IS SUBJECT TO JUDICIAL
4	REVIEW BY THE COURT OF APPEALS PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-4-106 (11),
5	C.R.S. THE DIRECTOR MAY INSTITUTE A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING IN
6	ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 24-4-106, C.R.S., TO ENFORCE AN ORDER OF
7	THE DIRECTOR.
8	(9) When a complaint or an investigation discloses an
9	INSTANCE OF MISCONDUCT THAT, IN THE OPINION OF THE DIRECTOR,
10	WARRANTS FORMAL ACTION, THE DIRECTOR SHALL NOT RESOLVE THE
11	COMPLAINT BY A DEFERRED SETTLEMENT, ACTION, JUDGMENT, OR
12	PROSECUTION.
13	(10) (a) If it appears to the director, based upon credible
14	EVIDENCE AS PRESENTED IN A WRITTEN COMPLAINT, THAT A LICENSEE IS
15	ACTING IN A MANNER THAT IS AN IMMINENT THREAT TO THE HEALTH AND
16	SAFETY OF THE PUBLIC, OR IF A PERSON IS CONDUCTING PRIVATE
17	INVESTIGATIONS OR PRESENTING HIMSELF OR HERSELF AS OR IS USING THE
18	TITLE "PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR", "PRIVATE DETECTIVE", OR "LICENSED
19	PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR" WITHOUT HAVING OBTAINED A LICENSE, THE
20	DIRECTOR MAY ISSUE AN ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST THE ACTIVITY. THE
21	DIRECTOR SHALL SET FORTH IN THE ORDER THE STATUTES AND RULES
22	ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN VIOLATED, THE FACTS ALLEGED TO HAVE
23	CONSTITUTED THE VIOLATION, AND THE REQUIREMENT THAT ALL
24	UNLAWFUL ACTS OR UNLICENSED PRACTICES IMMEDIATELY CEASE.
25	(b) WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER SERVICE OF THE ORDER TO CEASE AND
26	DESIST PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (10), THE
27	RESPONDENT MAY REQUEST A HEARING ON THE QUESTION OF WHETHER

-20-

1	ACTS OR PRACTICES IN VIOLATION OF THIS ARTICLE HAVE OCCURRED. THE
2	DIRECTOR OR ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE, AS APPLICABLE, SHALL
3	CONDUCT THE HEARING PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 24-4-104 AND 24-4-105,
4	C.R.S.
5	(11) (a) If it appears to the director, based upon credible
6	EVIDENCE AS PRESENTED IN A WRITTEN COMPLAINT, THAT A PERSON HAS
7	VIOLATED ANY OTHER PORTION OF THIS ARTICLE, IN ADDITION TO ANY
8	SPECIFIC POWERS GRANTED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, THE DIRECTOR
9	MAY ISSUE TO THE PERSON AN ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE AS TO WHY THE
10	DIRECTOR SHOULD NOT ISSUE A FINAL ORDER DIRECTING THE PERSON TO
11	CEASE AND DESIST FROM THE UNLAWFUL ACT OR UNLICENSED PRACTICE.
12	(b) THE DIRECTOR SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE PERSON AGAINST
13	WHOM AN ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE HAS BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO
14	PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (11) OF THE ISSUANCE OF THE ORDER
15	AND SHALL INCLUDE IN THE NOTICE A COPY OF THE ORDER, THE FACTUAL
16	AND LEGAL BASIS FOR THE ORDER, AND THE DATE SET BY THE DIRECTOR
17	FOR A HEARING ON THE ORDER. THE DIRECTOR MAY SERVE THE NOTICE ON
18	THE PERSON AGAINST WHOM THE ORDER HAS BEEN ISSUED BY PERSONAL
19	SERVICE, BY FIRST-CLASS, POSTAGE-PREPAID UNITED STATES MAIL, OR IN
20	ANOTHER MANNER AS MAY BE PRACTICABLE. PERSONAL SERVICE OR
21	MAILING OF AN ORDER OR DOCUMENT PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH (b)
22	CONSTITUTES NOTICE OF THE ORDER TO THE PERSON.
23	(c) (I) The director shall hold the hearing on an order to
24	SHOW CAUSE NO SOONER THAN TEN AND NO LATER THAN FORTY-FIVE
25	CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF TRANSMISSION OR SERVICE OF THE
26	NOTIFICATION BY THE DIRECTOR AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS
27	SUBSECTION (11). THE DIRECTOR MAY CONTINUE THE HEARING BY

-21-

1	AGREEMENT OF ALL PARTIES BASED UPON THE COMPLEXITY OF THE
2	MATTER, NUMBER OF PARTIES TO THE MATTER, AND LEGAL ISSUES
3	PRESENTED IN THE MATTER, BUT IN NO EVENT SHALL THE DIRECTOR HOLD
4	THE HEARING LATER THAN SIXTY CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF
5	TRANSMISSION OR SERVICE OF THE NOTIFICATION.
6	(II) IF A PERSON AGAINST WHOM AN ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE HAS
7	BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (11) DOES
8	NOT APPEAR AT THE HEARING, THE DIRECTOR MAY PRESENT EVIDENCE
9	THAT NOTIFICATION WAS PROPERLY SENT OR SERVED ON THE PERSON
10	PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (11) AND SUCH OTHER
11	EVIDENCE RELATED TO THE MATTER AS THE DIRECTOR DEEMS
12	APPROPRIATE. THE DIRECTOR MUST ISSUE THE ORDER WITHIN TEN DAYS
13	AFTER THE DIRECTOR'S DETERMINATION RELATED TO REASONABLE
14	ATTEMPTS TO NOTIFY THE RESPONDENT, AND THE ORDER BECOMES FINAL
15	AS TO THAT PERSON BY OPERATION OF LAW. THE HEARING MUST BE
16	CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 24-4-104 AND 24-4-105, C.R.S.
17	(III) IF THE DIRECTOR REASONABLY FINDS THAT THE PERSON
18	AGAINST WHOM THE ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE WAS ISSUED IS ACTING OR
19	HAS ACTED WITHOUT THE REQUIRED LICENSE OR HAS OR IS ABOUT TO
20	ENGAGE IN ACTS OR PRACTICES CONSTITUTING VIOLATIONS OF THIS
21	ARTICLE, THE DIRECTOR MAY ISSUE A FINAL CEASE-AND-DESIST ORDER
22	DIRECTING THE PERSON TO CEASE AND DESIST FROM FURTHER UNLAWFUL
23	ACTS OR UNLICENSED PRACTICES.
24	(IV) THE DIRECTOR SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE, IN THE MANNER SET
25	FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (11), OF THE FINAL
26	CEASE-AND-DESIST ORDER WITHIN TEN CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE

HEARING CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH (c) TO EACH PERSON

27

-22-

1	AGAINST WHOM THE FINAL ORDER HAS BEEN ISSUED. THE FINAL ORDER
2	ISSUED PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (c) IS
3	EFFECTIVE WHEN ISSUED AND IS A FINAL ORDER FOR PURPOSES OF JUDICIAL
4	REVIEW.
5	(12) If it appears to the director, based upon credible
6	EVIDENCE PRESENTED TO THE DIRECTOR, THAT A PERSON HAS ENGAGED OR
7	IS ABOUT TO ENGAGE IN AN ACT OR PRACTICE CONSTITUTING A VIOLATION
8	OF THIS ARTICLE, A RULE PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, OR
9	AN ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, OR ANY OTHER ACT OR
10	PRACTICE CONSTITUTING GROUNDS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTION
11	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, THE DIRECTOR MAY ENTER INTO A
12	STIPULATION WITH THE PERSON.
13	(13) If a person fails to comply with a final
14	CEASE-AND-DESIST ORDER OR A STIPULATION, THE DIRECTOR MAY
15	REQUEST THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OR THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR THE
16	JUDICIAL DISTRICT IN WHICH THE ALLEGED VIOLATION EXISTS TO BRING,
17	AND IF SO REQUESTED THE ATTORNEY SHALL BRING, SUIT FOR A
18	TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER AND FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF TO
19	PREVENT ANY FURTHER OR CONTINUED VIOLATION OF THE FINAL ORDER.
20	(14) A PERSON AGGRIEVED BY THE FINAL CEASE-AND-DESIST
21	ORDER MAY SEEK JUDICIAL REVIEW OF THE DIRECTOR'S DETERMINATION
22	OR OF THE DIRECTOR'S FINAL ORDER AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (8) OF
23	THIS SECTION.
24	(15) (a) When a complaint or investigation discloses an
25	INSTANCE OF MISCONDUCT THAT, IN THE OPINION OF THE DIRECTOR, DOES
26	NOT WARRANT FORMAL ACTION BY THE DIRECTOR BUT THAT SHOULD NOT
27	BE DISMISSED AS BEING WITHOUT MERIT, THE DIRECTOR MAY ISSUE AND

-23-

1	SEND THE LICENSEE A LETTER OF ADMONITION.
2	(b) When the director sends a letter of admonition to a
3	LICENSEE, THE DIRECTOR SHALL ADVISE THE LICENSEE THAT HE OR SHE
4	HAS THE RIGHT TO REQUEST IN WRITING, WITHIN TWENTY DAYS AFTER
5	RECEIPT OF THE LETTER, THAT FORMAL DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS BE
6	INITIATED TO ADJUDICATE THE PROPRIETY OF THE CONDUCT UPON WHICH
7	THE LETTER OF ADMONITION IS BASED.
8	(c) If the licensee timely requests adjudication, the
9	DIRECTOR SHALL VACATE THE LETTER OF ADMONITION AND PROCESS THE
10	MATTER BY MEANS OF FORMAL DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.
11	(16) When a complaint or investigation discloses an
12	INSTANCE OF CONDUCT THAT DOES NOT WARRANT FORMAL ACTION BY THE
13	DIRECTOR AND, IN THE OPINION OF THE DIRECTOR, THE COMPLAINT
14	SHOULD BE DISMISSED, BUT THE DIRECTOR HAS NOTICED INDICATIONS OF
15	POSSIBLE ERRANT CONDUCT BY THE LICENSEE THAT COULD LEAD TO
16	SERIOUS CONSEQUENCES IF NOT CORRECTED, THE DIRECTOR MAY SEND
17	THE LICENSEE A CONFIDENTIAL LETTER OF CONCERN.
18	<b>12-58.5-110.</b> [Formerly 12-58.5-108] Revocation. A PERSON
19	WHOSE LICENSE IS REVOKED OR WHO SURRENDERS A LICENSE TO AVOID
20	<u>DISCIPLINE</u> IS INELIGIBLE TO APPLY FOR A LICENSE UNDER THIS ARTICLE
21	UNTIL AT LEAST TWO YEARS AFTER THE DATE OF REVOCATION $\underline{\text{OR}}$
22	SURRENDER OF THE LICENSE. THE DIRECTOR SHALL TREAT A SUBSEQUENT
23	APPLICATION FOR LICENSURE FROM A PERSON WHOSE LICENSE WAS
24	REVOKED OR SURRENDERED AS AN APPLICATION FOR A NEW LICENSE
25	UNDER THIS ARTICLE.
26	12-58.5-111. [Formerly 12-58.5-109] Fees - cash fund. The
27	DIVISION SHALL TRANSMIT ALL FEES COLLECTED PURSUANT TO THIS

-24-

1	ARTICLE TO THE STATE TREASURER, WHO SHALL CREDIT THE FEES TO THE
2	DIVISION OF PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS CASH FUND CREATED IN
3	SECTION 24-34-105 (2) (b), C.R.S. THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL MAKE
4	ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS FROM THE DIVISION OF PROFESSIONS AND
5	OCCUPATIONS CASH FUND FOR EXPENDITURES OF THE DIVISION INCURRED
6	IN THE PERFORMANCE OF ITS DUTIES UNDER THIS ARTICLE.
7	12-58.5-112. [Formerly 12-58.5-108] Repeal of article - review
8	of functions. This article is repealed, effective September 1, 2020.
9	PRIOR TO THE REPEAL, THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES
10	SHALL REVIEW THE POWERS, DUTIES, AND FUNCTIONS OF THE DIRECTOR
11	REGARDING THE LICENSURE OF PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS UNDER THIS
12	ARTICLE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 24-34-104, C.R.S.
13	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-104, repeal
14	(47.5) (i); and <b>add</b> (51.5) (h) as follows:
15	24-34-104. General assembly review of regulatory agencies
16	and functions for termination, continuation, or reestablishment.
17	
1 /	(47.5) The following agencies, functions, or both, shall terminate on
18	(47.5) The following agencies, functions, or both, shall terminate on September 1, 2016:
18	September 1, 2016:
18 19	September 1, 2016:  (i) The voluntary licensing of private investigators by the director
18 19 20	September 1, 2016:  (i) The voluntary licensing of private investigators by the director of the division of professions and occupations in accordance with article
18 19 20 21	September 1, 2016:  (i) The voluntary licensing of private investigators by the director of the division of professions and occupations in accordance with article 58.5 of title 12, C.R.S.
18 19 20 21 22	September 1, 2016:  (i) The voluntary licensing of private investigators by the director of the division of professions and occupations in accordance with article 58.5 of title 12, C.R.S.  (51.5) The following agencies, functions, or both, terminate on
18 19 20 21 22 23	September 1, 2016:  (i) The voluntary licensing of private investigators by the director of the division of professions and occupations in accordance with article 58.5 of title 12, C.R.S.  (51.5) The following agencies, functions, or both, terminate on September 1, 2020:
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	September 1, 2016:  (i) The voluntary licensing of private investigators by the director of the division of professions and occupations in accordance with article 58.5 of title 12, C.R.S.  (51.5) The following agencies, functions, or both, terminate on September 1, 2020:  (h) The LICENSING OF PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS BY THE DIRECTOR

-25-

1	(7) (b) (VIII) as follows:
2	24-72-204. Allowance or denial of inspection - grounds -
3	<b>procedure - appeal - definitions.</b> (7) (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a)
4	of this subsection (7), only upon obtaining a completed requestor release
5	form under section 42-1-206 (1) (b), C.R.S., the department may allow
6	inspection of the information referred to in paragraph (a) of this
7	subsection (7) for the following uses:
8	(VIII) For use by any private investigator licensed pursuant to
9	section 12-58.5-105 SECTION 12-58.5-106, C.R.S., licensed private
10	investigative agency, or licensed security service for any purpose
11	permitted under this paragraph (b);
12	SECTION 4. Appropriation. (1) In addition to any other
13	appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the
14	division of professions and occupations cash fund created in section
15	24-34-105 (2) (b) (I), Colorado Revised Statutes, not otherwise
16	appropriated, to the department of regulatory agencies, for the fiscal year
17	beginning July 1, 2014, the sum of \$28,300 and 0.3 FTE, or so much
18	thereof as may be necessary, to be allocated for the implementation of this
19	act as follows:
20	(a) \$19,243 and 0.3 FTE to the division of professions and
21	occupations for personal services; and
22	(b) \$9,057 to the executive director's office and administrative
23	services for the purchase of legal services.
24	(2) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby
25	appropriated to the department of law, for the fiscal year beginning July
26	1, 2014, the sum of \$9,057, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for
27	the provision of legal services for the department of regulatory agencies

-26-

1	related to the implementation of this act. Said sum is from reappropriated
2	funds received from the department of regulatory agencies out of the
3	appropriation made in paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of this section.
4	(3) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby
5	appropriated, out of any moneys in the Colorado bureau of investigation
6	identification unit fund created in section 24-33.5-426, Colorado Revised
7	Statutes, not otherwise appropriated, to the department of public safety,
8	for allocation to the Colorado bureau of investigation, for the Colorado
9	crime information center, identification, for the fiscal year beginning July
10	1, 2014, the sum of \$10,544, or so much thereof as may be necessary for
11	fingerprint-based criminal history checks related to the implementation
12	of this act.
13	<b>SECTION 5</b> . <b>Safety clause.</b> The general assembly hereby finds,
14	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
15	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

-27-