First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 23-0324.01 Jason Gelender x4330

SENATE BILL 23-153

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Rodriguez and Rich,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Duran and Pugliese,

Senate CommitteesBusiness, Labor, & Technology

House Committees

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING THE CONTINUATION OF THE REGULATION OF NOTARIES
102	BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
103	AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, IMPLEMENTING THE
104	RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE 2022 SUNSET REPORT BY THE
105	DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)

Sunset Process - Senate Business, Labor, and Technology Committee. The bill implements the recommendations of the department

of regulatory agencies, as specified in the department's sunset review of the "Revised Uniform Law on Notarial Acts" (act), as follows:

- Continues the act for 9 years, until September 1, 2032;
- Repeals the requirement that a certificate evidencing a notarial act performed by a notary public indicate the date of expiration of the notary public's commission;
- Repeals statutory fees for notarial acts performed by a notary public and requires the secretary of state to adopt rules that prescribe or establish caps for fees that a notary public may charge for notarial acts; and
- Requires the secretary of state to adopt rules that establish minimum requirements for the use of interpreters and translators in the performance of notarial acts.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

- 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-21-515, amend
- (1)(c) and (1)(d); and **repeal** (1)(e) as follows:

1

13

14

15

16

17

18

- 4 **24-21-515.** Certificate of notarial act. (1) A notarial act must be
- 5 evidenced by a certificate. The certificate must:
- 6 (c) Identify the county and state in which the notarial act is 7 performed; AND
- 8 (d) Contain the title of office of the notarial officer. and
- 9 (e) If the notarial officer is a notary public, indicate the date of expiration of the officer's commission.
- SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-21-519, amend
 12 (5) as follows:
 - **24-21-519. Journal.** (5) Upon written request of any member of the public, which request must include the name of the parties, the type of document, and the month and year in which a record was notarized, a notary public may supply a certified copy of the line item representing the requested transaction. A notary public may charge the fee allowed in section 24-21-529 A FEE AS AUTHORIZED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE BY

-2- SB23-153

1	RULE for each certified copy of a line item, and shall record the
2	transaction in the notary's journal.
3	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-21-527, add (1.5)
4	as follows:
5	24-21-527. Rules - definitions. (1.5) In addition to the rules
6	THAT THE SECRETARY OF STATE IS AUTHORIZED TO ADOPT PURSUANT TO
7	Subsection (1) of this section, no later than January 1, 2024, the
8	SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL ADOPT RULES THAT PRESCRIBE OR ESTABLISH
9	CAPS FOR FEES THAT A NOTARY PUBLIC MAY CHARGE FOR THE
10	PERFORMANCE OF NOTARIAL ACTS AND ESTABLISH MINIMUM
11	REQUIREMENTS FOR THE USE OF INTERPRETERS AND TRANSLATORS IN THE
12	PERFORMANCE OF NOTARIAL ACTS.
13	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 24-21-529 as
14	follows:
15	24-21-529. Notary's fees. (1) Except as specified in subsection
16	(2) of this section, the fees of a notary public may be, but must not
17	exceed, five dollars for each document attested by a person before a
18	notary, except as otherwise provided by law. The fee for each such
19	document must include all duties and functions required to complete the
20	notarial act in accordance with this part 5.
21	(2) In lieu of the fee authorized in subsection (1) of this section,
22	a notary public may charge a fee, not to exceed ten dollars, for the
23	notary's electronic signature.
24	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 24-21-540 as
25	follows:
26	24-21-540. Repeal of part. This part 5 is repealed, effective
2.7	September 1, 2023 SEPTEMBER 1, 2032. Before its repeal, this part 5 is

-3- SB23-153

1	scheduled for review in accordance with section 24-34-104.
2	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-104, repeal
3	(24)(a)(IV); and add (33)(a)(IV) as follows:
4	24-34-104. General assembly review of regulatory agencies
5	and functions for repeal, continuation, or reestablishment - legislative
6	declaration - repeal. (24) (a) The following agencies, functions, or both,
7	are scheduled for repeal on September 1, 2023:
8	(IV) The appointment of notaries public through the secretary of
9	state in accordance with part 5 of article 21 of this title 24;
10	(33) (a) The following agencies, functions, or both, are scheduled
11	for repeal on September 1, 2032:
12	(IV) THE APPOINTMENT OF NOTARIES PUBLIC THROUGH THE
13	SECRETARY OF STATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART 5OF ARTICLE 21OF This
14	TITLE 24.
15	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 38-30-134 as
16	follows:
17	38-30-134. Fees of commissioners. Commissioners, for like
18	services, shall be allowed the same fees as are allowed by law THE
19	SECRETARY OF STATE to notaries public of this state.
20	SECTION 8. Effective date. This act takes effect upon passage;
21	except that sections 2, 4, and 7 of this act take effect January 1, 2024.
22	SECTION 9. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
23	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
24	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

-4- SB23-153