

General Assembly

Amendment

February Session, 2024

LCO No. 4955



Offered by:

REP. CANDELORA V., 86th Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 2

File No. 188

Cal. No. 426

(As Amended by Senate Amendment Schedules "A" and "B")

"AN ACT CONCERNING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE."

Strike subdivision (11) of section 1 in its entirety and substitute the following in lieu thereof:

"(11) "Intentional and substantial modification" (A) means any deliberate change made to (i) an artificial intelligence system that results in any new reasonably foreseeable risk of algorithmic discrimination, or (ii) a general-purpose artificial intelligence model that (I) affects compliance of the general-purpose artificial intelligence model, (II) materially changes the purpose of the general-purpose artificial intelligence model, or (III) results in any new reasonably foreseeable risk of algorithmic discrimination, and (B) does not include any change made to a high-risk artificial intelligence system, or the performance of a high-risk artificial intelligence system, if (i) the high-risk artificial intelligence system continues to learn after such high-risk artificial intelligence system is (I) offered, sold, leased, licensed, given or otherwise made available to a deployer, or (II) deployed, and (ii) such

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16 change (I) is made to such high-risk artificial intelligence system as a

- 17 result of any learning described in subparagraph (B)(i) of this
- 18 subdivision, and (II) is included in the technical documentation for such
- 19 high-risk artificial intelligence system;"
- 20 Strike section 2 in its entirety and substitute the following in lieu
- 21 thereof:
- "Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2025) (a) Beginning on February 1,
- 23 2026, each developer of a high-risk artificial intelligence system shall use
- 24 reasonable care to protect consumers from any known or reasonably
- 25 foreseeable risks of algorithmic discrimination arising from the
- 26 intended and contracted uses of such high-risk artificial intelligence
- 27 system. In any enforcement action brought on or after said date by the
- 28 Attorney General pursuant to section 7 of this act, there shall be a
- 29 rebuttable presumption that a developer used reasonable care as
- 30 required under this subsection if the developer complied with the
- 31 provisions of this section.
- 32 (b) Beginning on February 1, 2026, and except as provided in
- 33 subsection (e) of this section, the developer of a high-risk artificial
- 34 intelligence system shall make available to each deployer, or other
- 35 developer, of such high-risk artificial intelligence system:
- 36 (1) A general statement describing the intended uses of such high-
- 37 risk artificial intelligence system;
- 38 (2) Documentation disclosing (A) high-level summaries of the type of
- 39 data used to train such high-risk artificial intelligence system, (B) the
- 40 known or reasonably foreseeable limitations of such high-risk artificial
- 41 intelligence system, including, but not limited to, the known or
- 42 reasonably foreseeable risks of algorithmic discrimination arising from
- 43 the intended uses of such high-risk artificial intelligence system, (C) the
- 44 purpose of such high-risk artificial intelligence system, and (D) the
- 45 intended benefits and uses of such high-risk artificial intelligence
- 46 system;

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(3) Documentation describing (A) how such high-risk artificial intelligence system was evaluated for performance before such highrisk artificial intelligence system was offered, sold, leased, licensed, given or otherwise made available to a deployer, (B) the data governance measures used to cover the training datasets and the measures used to examine (i) the suitability of data sources, and (ii) possible biases and appropriate mitigation, (C) the intended outputs of such high-risk artificial intelligence system, (D) the measures the developer has taken to mitigate any known or reasonably foreseeable risks of algorithmic discrimination that may arise from deployment of such high-risk artificial intelligence system, and (E) how such high-risk artificial intelligence system should be used or monitored by an individual when such high-risk artificial intelligence system is used to make, or as a substantial factor in making, a consequential decision; and

- (4) Documentation that is reasonably necessary to assist a deployer to (A) understand the outputs of such high-risk artificial intelligence system, and (B) monitor the performance of such high-risk artificial intelligence system for any risk of algorithmic discrimination.
- (c) A developer that also serves a deployer for any high-risk artificial intelligence system shall not be required to generate the documentation required by this section unless such high-risk artificial intelligence system is provided to an unaffiliated entity acting as a deployer.
- (d) (1) Beginning on February 1, 2026, each developer shall make available, in a manner that is clear and readily available for public inspection on such developer's Internet web site or in a public use case inventory, a statement summarizing:
- (A) The types of high-risk artificial intelligence systems that such developer (i) has developed or intentionally and substantially modified, and (ii) currently makes available to deployers; and
- 76 (B) How such developer manages known or reasonably foreseeable risks of algorithmic discrimination arising from development or 78 intentional and substantial modification of the types of high-risk

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artificial intelligence systems described in subparagraph (A) of this subdivision.

- (2) Each developer shall update the statement described in subdivision (1) of this subsection (A) as necessary to ensure that such statement remains accurate, and (B) not later than ninety days after the developer intentionally and substantially modifies any high-risk artificial intelligence system described in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (e) Nothing in subsections (b) to (d), inclusive, of this section shall be construed to require a developer to disclose any trade secret, as defined in section 35-51 of the general statutes, or other confidential or proprietary information.
- (f) Beginning on February 1, 2026, the Attorney General may require, including, but not limited to, by way of a written demand made by the Attorney General, that a developer disclose to the Attorney General, in a form and manner prescribed by the Attorney General, any statement or documentation described in subsection (b) of this section if such statement or documentation is relevant to an investigation conducted by the Attorney General. The Attorney General may evaluate such statement or documentation to ensure compliance with the provisions of this section. To the extent any such statement or documentation includes any proprietary information or any trade secret that is exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, as defined in section 1-200 of the general statutes, such statement or documentation shall be exempt from disclosure under said act. In making any disclosure pursuant to this subsection, a developer may designate any such statement or documentation as including any such proprietary information or trade secret. To the extent any information contained in any such statement or documentation includes any information subject to the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, such disclosure shall not constitute a waiver of such privilege or protection."
- Strike section 3 in its entirety and renumber the remaining sections

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- 111 and internal references accordingly
- 112 Strike subsection (b) of section 8 in its entirety and substitute the 113 following in lieu thereof:
- 114 "(b) Each legislative leader may request that the executive director of 115 the Connecticut Academy of Science and Engineering designate a 116 member of said academy to serve as such legislative leader's liaison with 117 said academy, the Office of the Attorney General and the Department of 118 Economic and Community Development for the purpose of:
- 119 (1) Designing a tool to enable any person to determine whether such 120 person is in compliance with the provisions of sections 1 to 7, inclusive, 121 of this act;
- 122 (2) Conducting meetings with relevant stakeholders to formulate a 123 plan to utilize The University of Connecticut School of Law's Intellectual 124 Property and Entrepreneurship Law Clinic to assist small businesses 125 and startups in their efforts to comply with the provisions of sections 1 126 to 7, inclusive, of this act;
- 127 (3) Making recommendations concerning establishing a framework to provide a controlled and supervised environment in which artificial 129 intelligence systems may be tested, which recommendations shall 130 include, at a minimum, recommendations concerning the establishment of (A) an office to oversee such framework and environment, and (B) a 132 program that would enable consultations between the state, businesses 133 and other stakeholders concerning such framework and environment;
 - (4) Evaluating (A) the adoption of artificial intelligence systems by businesses, (B) the challenges posed to, and needs of, businesses in (i) adopting artificial intelligence systems, and (ii) understanding laws and regulations concerning artificial intelligence systems, and (C) how businesses that use artificial intelligence systems hire employees with necessary skills concerning artificial intelligence systems;
- 140 (5) Creating a plan for the state to provide high-performance

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141 computing services to businesses and researchers in the state;

(6) Evaluating the benefits of creating a state-wide research collaborative among health care providers to enable the development of advanced analytics, ethical and trustworthy artificial intelligence systems and hands-on workforce education while using methods that protect patient privacy; and

(7) Evaluating, and making recommendations concerning, (A) the establishment of testbeds to support safeguards and systems to prevent the misuse of artificial intelligence systems, (B) risk assessments for the misuse of artificial intelligence systems, (C) evaluation strategies for artificial intelligence systems, and (D) the development, testing and evaluation of resources to support state oversight of artificial intelligence systems."