



General Assembly

February Session, 2020

Raised Bill No. 5318

LCO No. 1885



Referred to Committee on PUBLIC SAFETY AND SECURITY

Introduced by:
(PS)

AN ACT REQUIRING A STUDY OF TECHNOLOGY THAT POLICE OFFICERS, FIREFIGHTERS AND EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL MAY USE WHEN RESPONDING TO OPIOID OVERDOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (*Effective from passage*) Not later than January 1, 2021, the
2 Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, in
3 conjunction with the Department of Mental Health and Addiction
4 Services and the Department of Public Health, shall submit a report, in
5 accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes,
6 to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having
7 cognizance of matters relating to public safety and security. Such report
8 shall include (1) the findings of an examination of the technologies,
9 including global positioning system technology, that are available for
10 police officers, as defined in section 7-294a of the general statutes,
11 firefighters, as defined in section 7-323j of the general statutes, and
12 emergency medical services personnel, as defined in 20-206jj of the
13 general statutes, to use when responding to opioid overdoses, and (2)
14 any recommendations regarding the use of such technology and

15 necessary legislative changes to authorize the use of such technology.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	New section

Statement of Purpose:

To require a study of technology that police officers, firefighters and emergency medical services personnel may use when responding to opioid overdoses.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]