

## OFFICE OF COUNCILMEMBER ANITA BONDS CHAIR, COMMITTEE ON EXECUTIVE ADMINISTRATION AND LABOR THE JOHN A. WILSON BUILDING 1350 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20004

November 27, 2023

Nyasha Smith, Secretary Council of the District of Columbia 1350 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20004

Dear Secretary Smith,

Today, I am introducing the "Public Sector Injured Workers' Equality Amendment Act of 2023." Please find enclosed a signed copy of the legislation making the rights of (most<sup>1</sup>) public employees equal to the rights of private sector workers in terms of work injuries. Due to a historical accident arising from home rule, D.C. has different workers' compensation laws for the public sector and the private sector. This is a rare arrangement—virtually all other states, including Virginia and Maryland—have the same basic rights for government and private sector employees—and the public sector system is markedly inferior to the private sector system in terms of claimant's procedural and substantive rights.

Currently, injured workers in the public sector do not have equal rights to private sector workers. Private sector employees have the right to choose their physician when they suffer a work injury, while public sector employees cannot. Additionally, there is a conflict of interest in the way this Program is administered as it is both the insurer and the authority adjudicating the claims. A Claimant in the private sector system can request a hearing at any point on any dispute over benefits or rights, while in the public sector system, the Program chooses when the Claimant can file and the issues to be addressed. The Public Sector Program even attempts to deny the most seriously injured workers their right to permanent total disability, despite numerous judicial decisions holding that this benefit remains a right under the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Act.

This bill would correct the problems above by granting public sector injured workers the same rights as private sector workers, from administrative fairness to substantive rights like permanent total disability. The bulk of this bill incorporates the language of the Private Sector Act, D.C. Code Sec. 32-1501 et seq., verbatim into the appropriate section of the Comprehensive Merit Personnel Act.

Should you have any questions about this legislation, please contact Aimellia Siemson at <u>asiemson@dccouncil.gov</u> or (202) 322-0442.

Thank you,

Anita Bonds

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Police and fire are covered under a separate law, The District of Columbia Police and Firefighters Retirement and Disability Act (PFRDA), D.C. Code § 5-701 et seq.

AZM

Councilmember Anita Bonds

3 4 A BILL IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA To amend the District of Columbia Government Comprehensive Merit Personnel Act of 1979 to update the public sector workers' compensation system to mirror the private sector workers' compensation system, to deliver equal rights to public and private sector employees, as is the practice in most states in the country, and to create streamlined and improved workers' compensation laws governing work injuries suffered by District of Columbia government employees. BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this act may be cited as the "Public Sector Injured Workers' Equality Amendment Act of 2023". Sec. 2. Title XXIII of the District of Columbia Government Comprehensive Merit Personnel Act of 1978, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.01 et seq) is amended as follows: (a) Section 2301 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.01) is amended to read as follows: "Sec. 2301. Definitions. "For the purposes in this title, the term: (1) "Adoption" or "adopted" means legal adoption prior to the time of the injury.

35	(2) "Agency" means the agency or entity in the District of Columbia government that
36	employed the claimant at the time of accidental injury or occupational disease;
37	(3) "Brother" or "sister" includes stepbrothers and stepsisters, half-brothers and half-sisters,
38	and brothers and sisters by adoption, but does not include married brothers nor married
39	sisters unless wholly dependent on the employee.
40	(4) "Carrier" means any person or fund authorized under section 2334 of this act to provide
41	insurance under this title and it includes the District government, should it decide to self-
42	insure.
43	(5) "Child" includes a posthumous child, a child legally adopted prior to the injury of the
44	employee, a child in relation to whom the deceased employee stood in loco parentis for at
45	least one year prior to the time of injury, and a stepchild or acknowledged child born out
46	of wedlock dependent upon the deceased, but does not include married children unless
47	wholly dependent on the employee.
48	(6) "Child," "grandchild," "brother," or "sister" includes persons who are:
49	(A) Under 18 years of age, and also persons who, though 18 years of age
50	or over, are substantially dependent upon the deceased employee and incapable of self-support
51	by reason of mental or physical disability; or
52	"(B) Are students as defined herein.
53	(7) "Compensation" means the money allowance payable to an employee or to their
54	dependents as provided for in this title, and includes funeral benefits provided herein.
55	(8) "Death" as a basis for a right to compensation means only death resulting from an injury.
56	(9) "Disability" means physical or mental incapacity because of injury which results in the
57	loss of wages.

- (10) "Domestic partner" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 701(3) of
  the Health Care Benefits Expansion Act of 1992, effective June 11, 1992 (D.C. Law 9114; § 32-701(3)).
- (11) "Domestic partnership" shall have the same meaning as provided in section
  701(4) of the Health Care Benefits Expansion Act of 1992, effective June 11, 1992 (D.C.
  Law 9-114; § 32-701(4)).
- 64 (12) "Employee" means:

65 "(A) An officer or employee in any branch of the District government, 66 including an officer or employee of an instrumentality wholly owned by the District government; 67 "(B) An individual rendering personal service to the District government 68 similar to the service of an officer or employee of the District of Columbia, without pay or for 69 nominal pay, when a statute authorizes the acceptance or use of the service or authorizes 70 payment of travel or other expenses of the individual, but does not include a member of the 71 Metropolitan Police Department or the Fire and Emergency Medical Services Department of the 72 District of Columbia who is pensioned or pensionable under the Policemen and Fireman's 73 Retirement and Disability Act, approved September 1, 1916 (79 Stat 718; D.C. Official Code §§ 74 5-701 through 5-724); and

- 75 "(C) An individual selected pursuant to Title 121 of Title 28 of the United States Code 76 and serving as a petit or grand juror and who is otherwise an employee for the purposes of this 77 title as defined by subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph.
- (13) "Grandchild" means a child as above defined of a child as above defined.
  (14) "Injury" means accidental injury or death arising out of and in the course of
  employment, and such occupational disease or infection as arises naturally out of such

- 81 employment or as naturally or unavoidably results from such accidental injury, and
  82 includes an injury caused by the willful act of third persons directed against an employee
  83 because of their employment.
- 84 (15) "Insurance consultation services" means any survey, consultation, inspection,
  85 advisory or related services performed by a carrier, its agents, employees or service
  86 contractors incident to an applicable policy of insurance for the purpose of reducing the
  87 likelihood of injury, death or loss, or to collect or verify information for purpose of
  88 underwriting.
- 89 (16) "Mayor" means the agent designated by the Mayor of the District of Columbia to
  90 administer the present title.
- 91 (17) "Nonscheduled benefits" means any partial disability not enumerated in section
  92 2308 of this title.
- 93 (18) "Parent" includes stepparents and parents by adoption, parents-in-law, and any
  94 person who for more than 3 years prior to the death of the deceased employee stood in
  95 the place of a parent to them, if dependent on the injured employee.
- 96 (19) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, firm, trust, or
  97 legal representative thereof.
- 98 (20) "Physical impairment" means any physical or mental condition which is or is
  99 likely to be a hindrance or obstacle to obtaining employment.
- 100 (21) "Physician" means a physician, dentist, or chiropractor licensed in:
- 101 "(A) Accordance with the District of Columbia Health Occupations
  102 Revision Act of 1985, effective March 25, 1986 (D.C. Law 6-99; D.C. Official Code § 3-1201.01
- 103 *et seq.*); or

104 "(B) Any state or jurisdiction of the United States, in accordance with the105 laws of that state or jurisdiction.

106	(22) "Safe workplace program" means a program that the District government
107	implements voluntarily to promote safety in the workplace. A certified program shall
108	include a formal written safety policy developed by a safety committee made up of equal
109	numbers of management representatives and employee representatives who are elected by
110	their peers and who serve on the clock, and whose functions include a workplace
111	inspection at least annually, regular meetings with written records, and making
112	recommendations to the District government of ways to eliminate workplace hazards and
113	unsafe work practices, appropriate training in hazard assessment and control, effective
114	accident and incident identification and the role of the federal and local Occupational
115	Safety and Health Administration. Where there is a duty to bargain collectively, the
116	District government shall collectively bargain the use and implementation of the safe
117	workplace program.
118	(23) "Student" means a person regularly pursuing a full-time course of study or
119	training at an institution which is:
120	"(A) A school or college or university operated or directly supported by
121	the United States, or by any state or local government or political subdivision thereof;
122	"(B) A school or college or university which has been accredited by a state
123	or the District of Columbia, or a state or District of Columbia recognized, or nationally
124	recognized accrediting agency or body;

125 "(C) A school or college or university not so accredited but whose credits 126 are accepted, on transfer, by not less than 3 institutions which are so accredited, for credit on the 127 same basis as if transferred from an institution so accredited; or

128 "(D) An additional type of educational or training institution as defined by 129 the Mayor, but not after they reach the age of 23 or have completed 4 years of education beyond 130 the high school level, except that, where their 23rd birthday occurs during a semester or other 131 enrollment period, they shall continue to be considered a student until the end of such semester 132 or other enrollment period. A child shall not be deemed to have ceased to be a student during any 133 interim between school years if the interim does not exceed 5 months and if they shows to the 134 satisfaction of the Mayor that they have a bona fide intention of continuing to pursue a full-time 135 course of education or training during the semester or other enrollment period immediately 136 following the interim or during a period of reasonable duration during which, in the judgment of 137 the Mayor, they are prevented by factors beyond their control from pursuing their education. A 138 child shall not be deemed a student under this section during a period of service in the Armed 139 Forces of the United States.

(24) "Surviving spouse or domestic partner" includes the decedent's spouse or
domestic partner living with or dependent for support upon the decedent at the time of
their or her death, or living apart for justifiable cause or by reason of their or her
desertion at such time.

144 (25) "Utilization review" means the evaluation of the necessity, character, and
145 sufficiency of both the level and quality of medically related services provided an injured
146 employee based upon medically related standards.

(26) "Wages" means the money rate at which the service rendered is recompensed
under the contract of hiring in force at the time of the injury, including the reasonable
value of board, rent, housing, lodging, or similar advantage received from the Public
Sector Workers' Compensation Program, and gratuities received in the course of
employment from other than the District government.

(27) ""District government" refers to the District of Columbia government in its
capacity as employer."

154 (b) Section 2302 (D.C. Official Code § 1-623.02) is amended to read as follows:

155 "Sec. 2302. Administration and annual report to Council.

156 "(a) There is established the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program. The Office 157 of Risk Management shall administer the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program, and 158 shall appoint, and fix the compensation of such personnel, and make such expenditures as may 159 be necessary.

(b) The Department of Employment Services shall be responsible for the provisions of
this title, and shall make such rules and regulations implementing this act. The Public Sector
Workers' Compensation Program shall be wholly separate from the Department of Employment
Services.

164 "(c) All expenditures of the Mayor in the administration of this title shall be allowed and 165 paid as provided in section 2341 of this title upon the presentation of itemized vouchers therefor 166 approved by the Mayor.

"(d) The Mayor shall report annually to the Council by February 1st of each year on the
status, from the previous fiscal year, of the workers' compensation Public Sector Workers'
Compensation Program. The report shall include the following:

170	"(1) The total number of cases, the total number of lost time cases, the number of
171	medical only cases, the number of cases where no compensation was paid, the number of cases
172	that are more than 500 weeks, the number of permanent partial disability scheduled cases, the
173	number of permanent partial disability nonscheduled cases, the number of permanent total
174	disability cases, the number of temporary total disability cases, the total number of lost time
175	cases, the number of medical only cases, the number of cases in which claimant was represented
176	by an attorney, cumulative total attorney fees paid, the number of cases controverted, the number
177	of controverted cases decided in favor of the District government and decided in favor of
178	claimant, the growth in the assigned risk plan, the number of cases in and the future liability of
179	the special fund; and
180	"(2) The percentage of the total number of cases each year that are: more than 500
181	weeks; permanent partial disability; permanent partial disability nonscheduled; permanent total
182	disability; and temporary total disability.".
183	(c) Section 2302a (D.C. Official Code § 1-623.02a) is repealed.
184	(c) Section 2302b (D.C. Official Code § 1-623.02b) is repealed.
185	(d) Section 2303 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.03) is amended to read as follows:
186	"Sec. 2303. Coverage.
187	"(a) The Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall be liable for compensation
188	subject to this title for injury or death without regard to fault as a cause of the injury or death.
189	"(b) Liability for compensation shall not apply where injury to the employee was
190	occasioned solely by their intoxication or by their willful intention to injure or kill themselves or
191	another.".
192	

- 193 (e) Section 2304 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.04) is amended to read as follows:
- 194

"Sec. 2304. Exclusiveness of liability and remedy.

195 "(a) The liability of the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program prescribed in 196 section 2303 of this title shall be exclusive and in place of all liability of the Public Sector 197 Workers' Compensation Program to the employee, their legal representative, spouse or domestic 198 partner, parents, dependents, next of kin, and anyone otherwise entitled to recover damages from 199 the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program at law on account of such injury or death. 200 "(b) The compensation to which an employee is entitled under this title shall constitute 201 the employee's exclusive remedy against the District government, or any collective-bargaining 202 agent of the District government's employees and any employee, officer, director, or agent of the 203 District government, insurer, or collective-bargaining agent (while acting within the scope of 204 their employment) for any illness, injury, or death arising out of and in the course of their 205 employment.".

206 (f) Section 2305 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.05 is amended to read as follows:

207 "Sec. 2305. Commencement of compensation; maximum compensation.

208 "(a) No compensation shall be allowed for the first 3 days of the disability, except the 209 benefits provided for in section 2307 of this title; provided, that in case the injury results in 210 disability of more than 14 days the compensation shall be allowed from the date of the disability.

211 "(b) For any one injury causing temporary or permanent partial disability, the payment 212 for disability benefits shall not continue for more than a total of 500 weeks. Within 60 days of 213 the expiration of the duration of the compensation provided for in this subsection, an employee 214 may petition the Mayor for an extension of up to 167 weeks. The extension shall be granted only 215 upon a finding by an independent medical examiner appointed by the Mayor of continued whole

body impairment exceeding 20% under the American Medical Association's Guides to the

217 Evaluation of Permanent Impairment. An injured employee shall have up to 3 years after

218 termination of nonscheduled benefits to re-open their or her case due to changes in condition.

(g) Section 2306 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.06) is amended to read as follows:

220 "Sec. 2306. Supplemental allowance.

221 "(a) When the average weekly wage has changed as provided for section 6 of the District 222 of Columbia Workers' Compensation Act of 1979, effective July 1, 1980 (D.C. Law 3-77; § 32-223 1505), any person who has a total and permanent disability or any surviving spouse or domestic 224 partner who is receiving payments for income benefits under this title in amounts per week less 225 than the new maximum for total disability or death shall receive weekly from the Public Sector 226 Workers' Compensation Program, without application, an additional supplemental allowance 227 calculated by the Mayor in accordance with the provisions of subsections (b) and (c) of this 228 section. The Mayor shall notify the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program of the 229 amount of such additional supplemental allowance.

230 "(b) In any case where a person with a total disability, or surviving spouse or domestic 231 partner is receiving the maximum weekly income benefit applicable at the time such award was 232 made under this title, the supplemental allowance shall be an amount which, when added to such 233 award, will equal the new maximum weekly benefit.

234 "(c) In any case where a person with a total disability, or a surviving spouse or domestic 235 partner is receiving less than the maximum weekly income benefit rate applicable at the time 236 such award was made under this title, the supplemental allowance shall be an amount equal to 237 the difference between the amount the claimant is presently receiving and a percentage of the 238 new maximum determined by multiplying it by a fraction, the numerator of which is their present

award and the denominator of which is the maximum weekly rate applicable at the time suchaward was made.

241 "(d) No supplemental allowance referred to in subsections (b) and (c) of this section shall
242 exceed 5% of the maximum weekly benefit received the preceding benefit year.".

243 "(e) This supplemental allowance shall be in addition to any other upward adjustments

available under this act, subject to the constraint of subsection (d) of this section, above."

245 (h) Sections 2306a (D.C. Official Code § 1-623.06a) and 2306b (D.C. Official Code § 1246 623.06b) are repealed.

247 (i) Section 2307 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.07 is amended to read as follows:

248 "Sec. 2307. Medical services, supplies, and insurance.

249 "(a) The Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall furnish such medical, 250 surgical, vocational rehabilitation services, including necessary travel expenses and other 251 attendance or treatment, nurse and hospital service, medicine, crutches, false teeth or the repair 252 thereof, eye glasses or the repair thereof, artificial or any prosthetic appliance for such period as 253 the nature of the injury or the process of recovery may require. The Public Sector Workers' 254 Compensation Program shall furnish such additional payment as the Mayor may determine is 255 necessary for the maintenance of an employee undergoing vocational rehabilitation, not to 256 exceed \$50 a week.

257 "(a-1)(1) Any employing agency who provides health insurance coverage for an258 employee shall provide health insurance coverage equivalent to the existing health insurance259 coverage of the employee while the employee receives or is eligible to receive workers'260 compensation benefits under this title.

261

"(2) For purposes of this subsection, the phrase "eligible to receive" means:

262	"(A) An employee is away from work due to a job-related injury for which
263	the employee has filed a claim for workers' compensation benefits under this title; or
264	"(B) The Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program has knowledge
265	of a job-related injury of an employee who is away from work due to the job-related injury
266	pursuant to which workers' compensation benefits may become due under section 2315.
267	"(3) The provision of health insurance coverage shall not exceed 52 weeks and
268	shall be at the same benefit level that the employee had at the time the employee received or was
269	eligible to receive workers' compensation benefits.
270	"(4) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, the Public Sector
271	Workers' Compensation Program shall pay the total cost for the provision of health insurance
272	coverage during the time that the employee receives or is eligible to receive workers'
273	compensation benefits under this title, including any contribution that the employee would have
274	made if the employee had not received or been eligible to receive workers' compensation
275	benefits.
276	"(5) Each provider of medical care or services pursuant to this title shall use a
277	standard coding system for reports and bills generated pursuant to this title. Medical care and
278	services shall be billed at the rate established in the medical fee schedule adopted by the Mayor.
279	This fee schedule shall be based on 113% of Medicare's reimbursement amounts.
280	"(b)(1) The employee shall have the right to choose an attending physician to provide
281	medical care under this title. If, due to the nature of the injury, the employee is unable to select a
282	physician and the nature or the injury requires immediate treatment and care, the Public Sector
283	Workers' Compensation Program shall select a physician for them. Where medically necessary

or advisable, or at the request of the employee, the attending physician shall consult with theemployee's personal physician.

286 "(2) The Mayor shall supervise the medical care rendered to injured employees, 287 shall require periodic reports as to the medical care being rendered to injured employees, shall 288 have the authority to determine the necessity, character, and sufficiency of any medical aid 289 furnished or to be furnished, and may order a change of physician or hospital when in their 290 judgment such change is necessary or desirable.

291 "(3) Each person who provides medical care or service under this title shall utilize
292 a standard coding system for reports and bills pursuant to rules issued by the Mayor. Medical
293 care and service shall be billed at a usual and customary rate.

294 "(4) Any medical care or service furnished or scheduled to be furnished under this
295 title shall be subject to utilization review. Utilization review may be accomplished prospectively,
296 concurrently, or retrospectively.

297 "(A) In order to determine the necessity, character, or sufficiency of any 298 medical care or service furnished or scheduled to be furnished under this title and to allow for the 299 performance of competent utilization review, a utilization review organization or individual used 300 pursuant to this title shall be certified by the Utilization Review Accreditation Commission. 301 "(B) When it appears that the necessity, character, or sufficiency of 302 medical care or service to an employee is improper or that medical care or service scheduled to

be furnished must be clarified, the Mayor, employee, or Public Sector Workers' Compensation
Program may initiate review by a utilization review organization or individual.

305 "(C) If the medical care provider disagrees with the opinion of the306 utilization review organization or individual, the medical care provider shall have the right to

request reconsideration of the opinion by the utilization review organization or individual 60
calendar days from receipt of the utilization review report. The request for reconsideration shall
be written and contain reasonable medical justification for the reconsideration.

310 "(D) Disputes between a medical care provider, employee, or Public 311 Sector Workers' Compensation Program on the issue of necessity, character, or sufficiency of 312 the medical care or service furnished, or scheduled to be furnished, or the fees charged by the 313 medical care provider shall be resolved by the Mayor upon application for a hearing on the 314 dispute by the medical care provider, employee, or Public Sector Workers' Compensation 315 Program. A party who is adversely affected or aggrieved by the decision of the Mayor may 316 petition for review of the decision by the District of Columbia Court of Appeals.

317 "(E) The Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall pay the318 cost of a utilization review if the employee seeks the review and is the prevailing party.

319 "(5) Medical care providers shall not hold employees liable for service rendered320 in connection with a compensable injury under this title.

321 "(c) Vocational rehabilitation shall be designed, within reason, to return the employee to 322 employment at a wage as close as possible to the wage that the employee earned at the time of 323 injury. The Mayor shall monitor the provision of vocational rehabilitation of employees with 324 disabilities and determine the adequacy and sufficiency of such rehabilitation. Where, in the 325 judgment of the Mayor, the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program fails or refuses to 326 provide adequate and sufficient rehabilitation services as required in subsection (a) of this 327 section, the Mayor may order that the supplier of such services be changed.

328 "(d) If the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program fails to provide the medical or
 329 other treatment, services, supplies, or insurance coverage required to be furnished by subsections

330 (a) and (a-1) of this section, after request by the injured employee, such injured employee may 331 procure the medical or other treatment, services, supplies, or insurance coverage and select a 332 physician to render treatment and services at the expense of the Public Sector Workers' 333 Compensation Program. The employee shall not be entitled to recover any amount expended for 334 the treatment, service, or insurance coverage unless the employee requested the Public Sector 335 Workers' Compensation Program to furnish the treatment or service or to furnish the health 336 insurance coverage and the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program refused or neglected 337 to do so, or unless the nature of the injury required the treatment or service and the Public Sector 338 Workers' Compensation Program or their superintendent or foreman having knowledge of the 339 injury neglected to provide the treatment or service; nor shall any claim for medical or surgical 340 treatment be valid or enforceable, as against the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program, 341 unless within 20 days following the 1st treatment the physician giving the treatment furnishes to 342 the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program and the Mayor a report of the injury or 343 treatment, on a form prescribed by the Mayor. The Mayor may, however, excuse the failure to 344 furnish such report within 20 days when the Mayor finds it to be in the interest of justice to do 345 so, and the Mayor may, upon application by a party in interest, make an award for the reasonable 346 value of such medical or surgical treatment so obtained by the employee. If at any time during 347 such period the employee unreasonably refuses to submit to medical or surgical treatment or to 348 an examination by a physician selected by the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program, 349 or to accept vocational rehabilitation the Mayor shall, by order, suspend the payment of further compensation, medical payments, and health insurance coverage during such period, unless the 350 351 circumstances justified the refusal.

352 "(e) Whenever, in the opinion of the Mayor, the injured employee, or the Public Sector 353 Workers' Compensation Program, a physician has improperly estimated the degree of permanent 354 disability or the extent of temporary disability occasioned by the injury or where in the opinion 355 of such parties a physician recommends a treatment for an injury not generally recognized by the 356 medical community the Mayor shall cause such employee to be examined by another physician 357 selected by the Mayor and to obtain from such physician a report containing their estimate of 358 such disabilities and a recommendation for treatment. If the report of such physician shows that 359 the estimate of the former physician is improper or that the treatment recommended is not one 360 that is generally recognized in the medical community, the Mayor shall have the power in their 361 discretion to charge the cost of such examination to the Public Sector Workers' Compensation 362 Program.

363 "(f) All fees and other charges for such treatment or service shall be limited to such 364 charges as prevail in the same community for similar treatment of injured persons and shall be 365 subject to regulation by the Mayor.

366 "(g) The liability of the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program for medical 367 treatment as provided in this section shall not be affected by the fact that their employee was 368 injured through the fault or negligence of a third party not in the same employ, or suit has been 369 brought against such 3rd party. The Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall, 370 however, have a cause of action against such 3rd party to recover any amounts paid by them for 371 such medical treatment in like manner as provided in section 2335(b).

372 "(h) When the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program and an employee so agree 373 in writing, nothing in this title shall be construed to prevent an employee, whose injury or 374 disability has been established in accordance with the provisions of this title, from relying in

375	good faith, on treatment by prayer or spiritual means alone, in accordance with the tenets and
376	practice of a recognized church or religious denomination, by a duly accredited practitioner
377	thereof, and having nursing services appropriate therewith, without suffering loss or diminution
378	of the compensation benefits under this title; provided, the employee shall submit to all physical
379	examinations required by this title.
380	"(i) The employee and Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program are entitled upon
381	request to all medical reports made pursuant to claims arising under this title.".
382	(j) Section 2308 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.08) is amended to read as follows:
383	"Sec. 2308. Compensation for disability.
384	"Compensation for disability shall be paid to the employee as follows:
385	"(1) In case of total disability adjudged to be permanent, $66 2/3\%$ of the
386	employee's average weekly wages shall be paid to the employee during the continuance thereof.
387	Loss of both hands, or both arms, or both feet, or both legs, or both eyes, or of any 2 thereof
388	shall, in the absence of conclusive proof to the contrary, constitute permanent total disability. In
389	all other cases permanent total disability shall be determined only if, as a result of the injury, the
390	employee is unable to earn any wages in the same or other employment;
391	"(2) In case of disability total in character but temporary in quality, $66 2/3\%$ of
392	the employee's average weekly wages shall be paid to the employee during the continuance
393	thereof;
394	"(3) In case of disability partial in character but permanent in quality, the
395	compensation shall be 66 2/3% of the employee's average weekly wages which shall be in
396	addition to compensation for temporary total disability or temporary partial disability paid in

accordance with paragraph (2) or (4) of this subsection respectively, and shall be paid to theemployee, as follows:

399	"(A) Arm lost, 312 weeks' compensation;
400	"(B) Leg lost, 288 weeks' compensation;
401	"(C) Hand lost, 244 weeks' compensation;
402	"(D) Foot lost, 205 weeks' compensation;
403	"(E) Eye lost, 160 weeks' compensation;
404	"(F) Thumb lost, 75 weeks' compensation;
405	"(G) First finger lost, 46 weeks' compensation;
406	"(H) Great toe lost, 38 weeks' compensation;
407	"(I) Second finger lost, 30 weeks' compensation;
408	"(J) Third finger lost, 25 weeks' compensation;
409	"(K) Toe other than great toe lost, 16 weeks' compensation;
410	"(L) Fourth finger lost, 15 weeks' compensation;
411	"(M) Compensation for loss of hearing of one ear, 52 weeks.
412	Compensation for loss of hearing of both ears, 200 weeks, provided that the Mayor may establish
413	a waiting period, not to exceed 6 months, during which an employee may not file a claim for loss
414	of hearing resulting from nontraumatic causes in their occupational environment until the
415	employee has been away from such environment for such period, and provided further, that
416	nothing in this subparagraph shall limit an employee's right to file a claim for temporary partial
417	disability pursuant to paragraph (5) of this section;

418	"(N) Compensation for loss of more than one phalange of a digit shall be
419	the same as for loss of the entire digit. Compensation for loss of the 1st phalange shall be one
420	half of the compensation for loss of the entire digit;
421	"(O) Compensation for an arm or a leg, if amputated at or above the elbow
422	or the knee, shall be the same as for a loss of the arm or leg; but if amputated between the elbow
423	and the wrist or the knee and the ankle, shall be the same as for loss of a hand or foot;
424	"(P) Compensation for loss of binocular vision or for 80% or more of the
425	vision of an eye shall be the same as for loss of the eye;
426	"(Q) Compensation for loss of 2 or more digits, or one or more phalanges
427	of 2 or more digits, of a hand or foot, may be proportioned to the loss of use of the hand or foot
428	occasioned thereby, but shall not exceed the compensation for loss of a hand or foot;
429	"(R) Compensation for permanent total loss of use of a member shall be
430	the same as for loss of the member;
431	"(S) Compensation for permanent partial loss or loss of use of a member
432	may be for proportionate loss or loss of use of the member. Benefits for partial loss of vision in
433	one or both eyes, or partial loss of hearing in one or both ears shall be for a period proportionate
434	to the period benefits are payable for total bilateral loss of vision or total binaural loss of hearing
435	as such partial loss bears to total loss;
436	"(T) The Mayor shall award proper and equitable compensation for
437	serious disfigurement of the face, head, neck or other normally exposed bodily areas not to
438	exceed \$7,500;
439	

440	"(U) In any case in which there shall be a loss of, or loss of use of, more
441	than one member or parts of more than one member set forth in subparagraphs (A) to (S) of this
442	paragraph, not amounting to permanent total disability, the award of compensation shall be for
443	the loss of, or loss of use of, each such member or part thereof, which awards shall run
444	consecutively, except that where one injury affects only 2 or more digits of the same hand or
445	foot, subparagraph (Q) of this paragraph shall apply; and
446	"(U-i) In determining disability pursuant to subparagraphs (A) through (S)
447	of this subsection, the most recent edition of the American Medical Association's Guides to the
448	Evaluation of Permanent Impairment may be utilized, along with the following 5 factors:
449	Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment
450	"(i) Pain;
451	"(ii) Weakness;
452	"(iii) Atrophy;
453	"(iv) Loss of endurance; and
454	"(v) Loss of function.
455	"(V)(i) In other cases the employee shall elect:
456	"(I) To have their or her compensation calculated in
457	accordance with the formula set forth in either sub-subparagraph (ii)(I) or (II) of this
458	subparagraph; and
459	"(II) To receive the compensation at the time the employee
460	returns to work or achieves maximum medical improvement.
461	"(ii) The compensation shall be $662/3\%$ of the greater of:

462	"(I) The difference between the employee's actual wage at
463	the time of injury and the average weekly wage, at the time of injury, of the job that the
464	employee holds after the employee has a disability; or
465	"(II) The difference between the average weekly wage, at
466	the time the employee returns to work, of the job that the employee held before the employee had
467	the disability and the actual wage of the job that the employee holds when the employee returns
468	to work.
469	"(iii) If the employee voluntarily limits their or her income or fails
470	to accept employment commensurate with the employee's abilities, the employee's wages after
471	the employee becomes disabled shall be deemed to be the amount the employee would earn if the
472	employee did not voluntarily limit their or her income or did accept employment commensurate
473	with the employee's abilities. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, in the case of injury
474	occurring on or after April 16, 1999, the periods of compensation set forth in subparagraphs (A)
475	through (S) of this paragraph shall each be reduced by a proportion of 25% of the stated period
476	of weeks, rounded upward to the nearest whole week.
477	"(4) Any compensation to which any claimant would be entitled under
478	paragraph (3) of this section, excepting paragraph (3)(V) of this section, shall, provided the death
479	arises from causes other than the injury, be payable in full to and for the benefit of the persons
480	following:
481	"(A) If there is a surviving spouse or domestic partner and no child of the
482	deceased to such spouse or domestic partner;

483 "(B) If there is a surviving spouse or domestic partner and surviving child
484 or children of the deceased, one half shall be payable to the spouse or domestic partner and the
485 other one half to the surviving child or children;

486 "(C) The Mayor may in their discretion require the appointment of a
487 guardian for the purpose of receiving the compensation of the minor child. In the absence of such
488 a requirement, the appointment for such a purpose shall not be necessary;

489 "(D) If there is a surviving child or children of the deceased but no
490 surviving spouse or domestic partner, then to such child or children;

491 "(E) If there is no surviving spouse or domestic partner and no surviving 492 children, such unpaid amount of the award shall be paid to the survivors specified in section 493 2309 (other than a spouse, domestic partner, or child); and the amount to be paid each such 494 survivor shall be determined by multiplying such unpaid amount of the award by the appropriate 495 percentage specified in section 2309(5), but if the aggregate amount to which all such survivors 496 are entitled, as so determined, is less than such unpaid amount of the award, the excess amount 497 shall be divided among such survivors pro rata according to the amount otherwise payable to 498 each.

499 "(5) In case of temporary partial disability, the compensation shall be 66 2/3% of 500 the injured employee's wage loss to be paid during the continuance of such disability, but shall 501 not be paid for a period exceeding 5 years. Wage loss shall be the difference between the 502 employee's average weekly wage before the employee had the disability and the employee's 503 actual wages after the employee had the disability. If the employee voluntarily limits their 504 income or fails to accept employment commensurate with their abilities, then their wages after

505 the employee had the disability shall be deemed to be the amount they would earn if they did not 506 voluntarily limit their income or did accept employment commensurate with their abilities. 507 "(6)(A) If an employee receives an injury, which combined with a previous 508 occupational or nonoccupational disability or physical impairment causes substantially greater 509 disability or death, the liability of the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall be as 510 if the subsequent injury alone caused the subsequent amount of disability and shall be the 511 payment of: 512 "(i) All medical expenses; 513 "(ii) All monetary benefits for temporary total or partial injuries; and 514 "(iii) Monetary benefits for permanent total or partial injuries up to 104 515 weeks. 516 "(6)(B) The requirements of this paragraph shall apply to injuries occurring prior 517 to April 16, 1999. 518 "(7) In each case, payment of benefits shall be  $66 \ 2/3$  % of the employee's 519 average weekly wage. 520 "(8) The Mayor may approve lump-sum settlements agreed to in writing by the 521 interested parties, discharging the liability of the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program 522 for compensation, notwithstanding sections 2306 and 2317. in any case where the Mayor 523 determines that it is in the best interest of an injured employee entitled to compensation or 524 individuals entitled to benefits pursuant to section 2309. The Mayor shall approve the settlement, 525 where both parties are represented by legal counsel who are eligible to receive attorney fees 526 pursuant to section 2330. These settlements shall be the complete and final dispositions of a case 527 and shall be a final binding compensation order.

528	"(9) An award for disability may be made after the death of an injured employee
529	from causes other than work-related injury. If the award made is for permanent partial disability,
530	pursuant to paragraph (3)(A) through (U) of this section, the award shall be payable in full
531	pursuant to paragraph (4) of this section. If the award made is for any other category of
532	disability, the amount of the award shall be computed from the date of the injury to the date of
533	death, and shall be payable in full in the same manner as an award payable pursuant to paragraph
534	(4) of this section.".
535	(k) Section 2309 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.09) is amended to read as follows:
536	"Sec. 2309. Compensation for death.
537	"If the injury causes death, the compensation shall be known as a death benefit and shall
538	be payable in the amount and to or for the benefit of the persons following:
539	"(1) Reasonable funeral expenses not exceeding \$5,000.
540	"(2) If there be a surviving spouse or domestic partner and no child of the
541	deceased, to such surviving spouse or domestic partner 50% of the average wages of the
542	deceased, for as long as the surviving spouse or domestic partner does not remarry or enter into a
543	domestic partnership, with 2 years' compensation in one sum upon remarriage or entry into a
544	domestic partnership; and if there be a surviving child or children of the deceased, the additional
545	amount of 16 2/3% of such wages for each such child; in case of the death, remarriage, or entry
546	into a domestic partnership of such surviving spouse or domestic partner, if there be one
547	surviving child of the deceased employee, such child shall have their compensation increased to
548	50% of such wages, and if there be more than one surviving child of the deceased employee to
549	such children, in equal parts, 50% of such wages increased by 16 2/3% of such wages for each
550	child in excess of 1; provided, that the total amount payable shall in no case exceed 66 2/3% of

551 such wages. The Mayor may, in their discretion, require the appointment of a guardian for the 552 purpose of receiving the compensation of a minor child. In the absence of such a requirement, 553 the appointment of a guardian for such purposes shall not be necessary.

554 "(3) If there be one surviving child of the deceased, but no surviving spouse or 555 domestic partner then for the support of such child 50% of the wages of the deceased; and if 556 there be more than one surviving child of the deceased, but no surviving spouse or domestic 557 partner then for the support of such children, in equal parts 50% of such wages increased by 16 558 2/3% of such wages for each child in excess of 1; provided, that the total amount payable shall in 559 no case exceed 66 2/3% of such wages.

560 "(4) If there be no surviving spouse or domestic partner or child or if the amount 561 payable to a surviving spouse or domestic partner and to children shall be less in the aggregate 562 than 66 2/3% of the average wages of the deceased, then for the support of grandchildren or 563 brothers and sisters if dependent upon the deceased at the time of the injury, 20% of such wages 564 for the support of each such person and for the support of each parent, or grandparent, of the 565 deceased if dependent upon them at the time of the injury 25% of such wages during such 566 dependency. But in no case shall the aggregate amount payable under this paragraph exceed the 567 difference between 66 2/3% of such wages and the amount payable as herein before provided to 568 surviving spouse or domestic partner and for the support of surviving child or children.

569 "(5) Weekly death benefits paid under this section shall not exceed the average
570 weekly wages of insured employees in the District of Columbia, or \$396.78, whichever is
571 greater.

572 "(6) All questions of dependency shall be determined as of the time of the injury573 or knowledge by the employee of an occupational disease.".

574 (1) Section 2310 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.10) is amended to read as follows:

575 "Sec. 2310. Occupational disease.

576 "In case of pneumoconiosis, such as silicosis and asbestosis, radiation diseases, and any

577 other generally recognized occupational disease, liability for compensation rests with the

578 employer of the last known exposure, which includes the Public Sector Workers' Compensation

- 579 Program on the same terms as any private employer.".
- 580 (m) Section 2311 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.11) is amended to read as follows:

581 "Sec. 2311. Determination of average weekly wage.

582 "(a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, the average weekly wage of the injured 583 employee at the time of the injury shall be taken as the basis upon which to compute

584 compensation and shall be determined as follows:

585 "(1) If at the time of the injury the wages are fixed by the week, the amount so 586 fixed shall be the average weekly wage;

587 "(2) If at the time of the injury the wages are fixed by the month, the average
588 weekly wage shall be the monthly wage so fixed multiplied by 12 and divided by 52;

589 "(3) If at the time of the injury the wages are fixed by the year, the average
590 weekly wage shall be the yearly wage so fixed divided by 52;

591 "(4) If at the time of injury wages are fixed by the day, hour, or by the output of 592 the employee, the average weekly wage shall be computed by dividing by 26 the total wages the 593 employee earned in the employ of the District government in the 26 consecutive calendar weeks 594 immediately preceding the injury. If the employee has been in the employ of the District 595 government less than 26 weeks, the total wages referred to in paragraph (3) of this subsection 596 shall be the amount the employee would have earned had the employee been employed by the

597	District government for the full 26 calendar weeks immediately preceding the injury and had
598	worked, when work was available to other employees, in a similar occupation; or
599	"(5) If it be established that the employee, when injured, was a minor or a student
600	as defined in section 2301(23) and that under normal conditions their wages should be expected
601	to increase during the period of disability, whether such disability be temporary, partial, or
602	permanent in character, the fact shall be considered in arriving at their average weekly wage; or
603	"(6) If the injured employee has not worked in this employment during
604	substantially the whole of the period, the employee's average weekly wage shall consist of 130
605	times the average daily wage or salary, divided by 26 weeks, which an employee of the same
606	class working substantially the whole of the immediately preceding period in the same or similar
607	employment, in the same or a similar neighboring place, shall have earned in the employment
608	during the days when so employed.
609	"(b) The terms "average weekly wage" and "total wages" as used in this section shall
610	include reasonable value for board and lodging received from the District government plus
611	gratuities declared for tax purposes by the employee.".
612	(n) Section 2312 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.12) is amended to read as follows:
613	"Sec. 2312. Guardian for minor or incompetent.
614	"The Mayor may require the appointment by a court of competent jurisdiction, for any
615	person who is mentally incompetent or a minor, of a guardian or other representative to receive
616	compensation payable to such person under this title and to exercise the powers granted to or to
617	perform the duties required of such person under this title.".
618	(o) Section 2313 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.13) is amended to read as follows:
619	"Sec. 2313. Notice of injury or death.

(a) Notice of any injury or death in respect of which compensation is payable under this
title shall be given within 30 days after the date of such injury or death, or 30 days after the
employee or beneficiary is aware or in the exercise of reasonable diligence should have been
aware of a relationship between the injury or death and the employment.

624 "(b) Such notice shall be in writing, shall contain the name and address of the employee 625 and a statement of the time, place, nature, and cause of the injury or death, and shall be signed by 626 the employee or by some person on their behalf, or, in case of death, by any person claiming to 627 be entitled to compensation for such death or by a person on their behalf.

628 "(c) Notice shall be given to the Mayor by delivering it or sending it by mail to the entity
629 at the Department of Employment Services designated by the Mayor for such purpose.

630 "(d) Failure to give such notice shall not bar any claim under this title:

"(1) If the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program (or their agent in
charge of the business in the place where the injury occurred) or the carrier had knowledge of the
injury or death and its relationship to the employment and the Mayor determines that the Public
Sector Workers' Compensation Program or its carrier has not been prejudiced by failure to give
such notice; or

636 "(2) If the Mayor excuses such failure on the ground that for some satisfactory
637 reason such notice could not be given; or unless objection to such failure is raised before the
638 Mayor at the 1st hearing of a claim for compensation in respect of such injury or death.".

- 639 (p) Section 2314 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.14) is amended to read as follows:
- 640 "Sec. 2314. Time for filing claims.

641 "(a) An original claim for compensation for disability or death must be filed within 2
642 years after the injury or death. Compensation for disability or death, including medical care in a
643 disability case, may not be allowed if claim is not filed within that time unless:

644 (1) The immediate superior has actual knowledge of the injury or death within 30 days.
645 The knowledge must be such to put the immediate superior reasonably on notice of an on-the-job
646 injury or death; or

647 (2) Written notice of injury or death as specified in § 1-623.19 was given within 30 days.
648 "(b) In a case of latent disability, the time for filing a claim does not begin to run until the
649 employee has a compensable disability and is aware, or by the exercise of reasonable diligence
650 should have been aware, of the causal relationship of the compensable disability to their

employment. In such a case, the time for giving notice of injury begins to run when the employee

652 is aware or, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, should have been aware that their condition

is causally related to their employment, whether or not there is a compensable disability.

654 "(c) The timely filing of a disability claim because of injury will satisfy the time655 requirements for a death claim based on the same injury.

656 "(d) The time limitations in subsections (a) and (b) of this section do not:

(1) Begin to run against a minor until he or she reaches 21 years of age or has had a legalrepresentative appointed; or

659 (2) Run against an incompetent individual while he or she is incompetent and has no duly660 appointed legal representative; or

661 (3) Run against any individual whose failure to comply is excused by the Mayor on the 662 ground that such notice could not be given because of exceptional circumstances.

663 "(e) An injured worker may reopen a case within one year after the date of the last
664 payment of indemnity or the final order issued by a judicial entity.

665 "(f) Where recovery is denied to any person, in a suit brought at law to recover damages 666 against the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program in respect of injury or death, on the 667 ground that such a person was an employee of the District government subject to this title, the 668 limitation of time prescribed in subsection (a) of this section shall begin to run only from the date 669 of termination of such suit.".

670 (q) Section 2315 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.15) is amended to read as follows:

671 "Sec. 2315. Payment of compensation.

672 "(a) Compensation under this title shall be paid periodically, promptly, and directly to the
673 person entitled thereto, without an award, except where liability to pay compensation is
674 controverted by the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program.

675 "(b) The 1st installment of compensation shall become due on the 14th day after the 676 Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program has knowledge of the job-related injury or death, 677 on which date all compensation then due shall be paid. Thereafter compensation shall be paid in 678 installments, biweekly, except where the Mayor determines that payment in installments should 679 be made monthly or at some other period.

680 "(c) Upon making the 1st payment and upon suspension of payment for any cause, the
681 Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall immediately notify the Mayor in
682 accordance with a form prescribed by the Mayor that payment of compensation has begun or has
683 been suspended, as the case may be.

684 "(d) If the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program controverts the right to
685 compensation they shall file with the Mayor, on or before the 14th day after they have

686 knowledge of the alleged injury or death and its relationship to the employment, a notice in 687 accordance with a form prescribed by the Mayor stating that the right to compensation is 688 controverted, the name of the claimant, the name of the employing agency of the District 689 government, the date of the alleged injury or death and the grounds upon which the right to 690 compensation is controverted.

691 "(e) If any installment of compensation payable without an award is not paid within 14 692 days after it becomes due, as provided in subsection (b) of this section, there shall be added to 693 such unpaid installment an amount equal to 10% thereof, which shall be paid at the same time as, 694 but in addition to, such installment, unless notice is filed under subsection (d) of this section, or 695 unless such nonpayment is excused by the Mayor after a showing by the Public Sector Workers' 696 Compensation Program that owing to conditions over which they had no control such installment 697 could not be paid within the period prescribed for the payment.

698 "(f) If any compensation, payable under the terms of an award, is not paid within 10 days 699 after it becomes due, there shall be added to such unpaid compensation an amount equal to 20%700 thereof, which shall be paid at the same time as, but in addition to, such compensation, unless 701 review of the compensation order making such award is had as provided in section 2322 and an 702 order staying payments has been issued by the Mayor or court. The Mayor may waive payment 703 of the additional compensation after a showing by the Public Sector Workers' Compensation 704 Program that owing to conditions over which they had no control such installment could not be 705 paid within the period prescribed for the payment.

"(g) Within 16 days after final payment of compensation has been made, the Public
Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall send to the Mayor a notice, in accordance with a
form prescribed by the Mayor, stating that such final payment has been made, the total amount of

compensation paid, the name of the employee and of any other person to whom compensation
has been paid, the date of the injury or death, and the date to which compensation has been paid.

711 "(h) The Mayor: (1) May upon their own initiative at any time in a case in which 712 payments are being made without an award; and (2) shall in any case where right to 713 compensation is controverted, or where payments of compensation have been stopped or 714 suspended, upon receipt of notice from any person entitled to compensation or from the Public 715 Sector Workers' Compensation Program, that the right to compensation is controverted, or where 716 payments of compensation have been stopped or suspended, make such investigations, cause 717 such medical examinations to be made, or hold such hearings, and take such further action as 718 they considers will properly protect the rights of all parties.

"(i) If the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program has made advance payments of compensation, they shall be entitled to be reimbursed out of any unpaid installment or installments of compensation due. All payments prior to an award, to an employee who is injured in the course and scope of their employment, shall be considered advance payments of compensation.

"(j) An injured employee, or in case of death their dependents or personal representative,
shall give receipts for payment of compensation to the Public Sector Workers' Compensation
Program paying the same and the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall produce
the same for inspection by the Mayor, whenever required.

728 (r) Section 2316 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.16 is amended to read as follows:

729 "Sec. 2316. Invalid agreements.

"(a) No agreement by an employee to pay any portion of a premium payable by the
Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program to a carrier or to contribute to a benefit fund or

department maintained by the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program for the purpose of
providing compensation or medical services and supplies as required by this title shall be valid.

"(b) No agreement by an employee to waive their right to compensation under this titleshall be valid.

(s) Section 2317 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.17) is amended to remove existing language
and the following language is inserted:

738 "Sec. 2317. Assignment of compensation; exemption from claims of creditors.

739 "No assignment, release, or commutation of compensation or benefits due or payable

vulture representation and under this title, except as provided by this title, shall be valid, and such compensation and

benefits shall be exempt from all claims or creditors and from levy, execution, and attachment or

other remedy for recovery or collection of a debt, which exemption may not be waived.

743 (t) Section 2318 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.18) is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 2318. Compensation as lien against assets.

745 "Any person entitled to compensation under the provisions of this title shall have a lien

against the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program without limit of amount.

747 (u) Section 2319 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.19 is amended to read as follows:

<sup>748</sup> "Sec. 2319. Collection of defaulted payments.

(a) In case of default by the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program in the payment of compensation due under any award of compensation for a period of 30 days after the compensation is due and payable, the person to whom such compensation is payable may, within 2 years after such default, make application to the Mayor for a supplementary order declaring the amount of the default. After investigation, notice and hearing, as provided in § 1-623.20, the Mayor shall make a supplementary order, declaring the amount of the default, which shall be

755 filed in the same manner as the compensation order. In case the payment in default is an 756 installment of the award the Mayor may, in their discretion, declare the whole of the award as the 757 amount in default. The applicant may file a certified copy of such supplementary order with the 758 Clerk of the Superior Court of the District of Columbia. Such supplementary order of the Mayor 759 shall be final, and the Court shall, upon the filing of the copy, enter judgment for the amount 760 declared in default by the supplementary order. No fee shall be required for filing the 761 supplementary order nor for entry of judgment thereon, and the applicant shall not be liable for 762 costs in a proceeding for review of the judgment unless the Court shall otherwise direct. The 763 Court shall modify such judgment to conform to any later compensation order upon presentation 764 of a certified copy thereof to the Court.

765 (v) Section 2320 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.20) is amended to read as follows:
766 "Sec. 2320. Procedure in respect of claims.

"(a) Subject to the provisions of § 1-623.14, a claim for compensation may be filed with
the Mayor in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Mayor at any time after the first 3
days of disability following any injury, or at any time after death, and the Mayor shall have full
power and authority to hear and determine all questions in respect of any claim.

"(b) Within 10 days after such claim is filed, the Mayor shall notify the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program, the insurer or administrator, and any other person (other than the claimant), whom the Mayor considers an interested party, that a claim has been filed. Such notice may be served personally upon the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program or other person, or sent to the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program or person by registered or certified mail.

777 "(c) The Mayor shall make or cause to be made investigations of claims as they considers 778 necessary, which may include processing the claim through a central system to give the Mayor 779 an advisory opinion on the rate and degrees of disability. Upon application of any interested 780 party the Mayor shall order a hearing within 90 days, unless the Mayor grants a special extension 781 of time for the development of facts. The Mayor shall not use pre-hearing conferences to resolve 782 workers' compensation claims. If a hearing on the claim is ordered, the Mayor shall give the 783 claimant and other interested parties at least 10 days' notice of the hearing, served personally 784 upon the claimant and other interested parties or sent to the claimant and other interested parties 785 by registered or certified mail. No additional information shall be submitted by the claimant or 786 other interested parties after the date of hearing, except under unusual circumstances as 787 determined by the Mayor. Within 20 days after a hearing is held, the Mayor shall by order reject 788 the claim or make an award in respect of the claim based on substantial evidence before them. 789 The Mayor shall, by order, reject the claim or make an award in respect of the claim based upon 790 substantial evidence before them, if no hearing is ordered within 20 days after notice is given as 791 provided in subsection (b) of this section.

"(d) At such hearing the claimant and the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program
may each present evidence in respect of such claim and may be represented by any person
authorized in writing for such purpose.

795 "(e) The order rejecting the claim or making the award (referred to in this title as a 796 compensation order) shall be filed with the Mayor, and a copy thereof shall be sent by registered 797 or certified mail to the claimant and to the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program at the 798 last known address of each.

"(f) An injured employee claiming or entitled to compensation shall submit to such
physical examination by a medical officer of the District of Columbia or by a duly qualified
physician or panel of physicians designated or approved by the Mayor as the Mayor may require.
The place or places shall be reasonably convenient for the employee. Proceedings shall be
suspended and no compensation be payable for any period during which the employee may
refuse to submit to examination.

"(g) All medical reports submitted by the claimant or any other interested party shall
become part of the record, except that the Mayor shall have the discretion to require the
testimony at the hearing of any reporting physician. Copies of all medical reports submitted shall
be supplied to any party upon request.

809 "(h) The Department of Employment Services, which writes regulations and administers 810 the adjudicative functions of the present title, shall be wholly unaffiliated with and wholly 811 independent of the Office of Risk Management, which represents the interests of the District 812 government as employer under this title.

813 (w) Section 2321 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.21) is amended to read as follows:

814 "Sec. 2321. Presumptions.

815 "In any proceeding for the enforcement of a claim for compensation under this title it816 shall be presumed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary:

817 "(1) That the claim comes within the provisions of this title;

818 "(2) That sufficient notice of such claim has been given;

819 "(3) That the injury was not occasioned solely by the intoxication of the injured820 employee; and

821	"(4) That the injury was not occasioned by the willful intention of the injured
822	employee to injure or kill themselves or another.
823	(x) A new Section 2321a is created and the following language is inserted:
824	"Sec. 2321a. Establishment of Compensation Order Review Board.
825	"(a) There is hereby established a Compensation Order Review Board ("Board") that
826	shall consist of 5 members as follows:
827	"(1) The Chief Judge of the Office of Hearings and Adjudication ("OHA") within
828	the Department of Employment Services who shall serve as Chairperson; and
829	"(2) Four Administrative Law Judges from the OHA, who shall:
830	"(A) Be appointed by the Chairperson;
831	"(B) Have received an overall rating of satisfactory or above in their or her
832	most recent performance review; and
833	"(C) Be a member in good standing of the OHA.
834	"(b) The Chairperson shall have the authority to create from among the members of the
835	Board one or more Compensation Order Review Panels ("panel") which shall:
836	"(1) Consist of 3 members and may include the Chairperson;
837	"(2) Decide matters before it by majority vote; and
838	"(3) Be prohibited from discussing the compensation order with the
839	Administrative Law Judge who issued the compensation order while the matter is undergoing
840	review.
841	"(c) The Chairperson shall, within 7 days of an application for review being filed, create
842	and assign a panel to review the application for review; provided, that no member of the panel is
843	the Administrative Law Judge who issued the compensation order that is under review.

844

"(d) The panel shall:

845	"(1) Review the compensation order for legal sufficiency;
846	"(2) Dispose of the matter under review by issuing an order affirming the
847	compensation order; reversing the compensation order, in whole or in part, and amending the
848	order based on the panel's findings, or by remanding the order to the issuing Administrative Law
849	Judge for further review; except, that:
850	"(A) The panel shall affirm a compensation order that is based upon
851	substantial evidence and is in accordance with this title and other applicable laws and regulations
852	and shall not disturb factual findings contained in the compensation order that are supported by
853	substantial evidence; and
854	"(B) Any reversal, in whole or in part, shall be supported by a written
855	order, which shall contain the legal and factual basis for the reversal, and may amend the
856	compensation order, in whole or in part, or remand the matter to the issuing Administrative Law
857	Judge for additional findings of fact or conclusions of law and the issuance of a compensation
858	order on remand; and
859	"(3) Make its disposition within 30 days of being assigned the application for
860	review.
861	"(e) A party aggrieved by the compensation order on remand may appeal it in the same
862	manner as a compensation order.
863	(y) Section 2322 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.22) is amended to read as follows:

864 "Sec. 2322. Review of compensation orders.

% "(a) A compensation order shall become effective when filed with the Mayor as provided
in § 1-623.20, and, unless an application for review has been filed with the Board as provided in
subsection (b) of this section, shall become final at the expiration of the 30th day thereafter.

- 868 "(b)(1) Amended to remove existing language.
- 869

"(2) Amended to remove existing language.

"(2A)(A) A party aggrieved by a compensation order may file an application for
review with the Board within 30 days of the issuance of the compensation order. A party adverse
to the review may file an opposition answer within 15 days of the filing of an application for
review.

874 "(B) A Memorandum of Points and Authorities, which sets forth the legal 875 and factual basis for the review or the opposition thereto, shall be filed with an application for 876 review and an opposition answer; no further submissions shall be permitted, unless requested by 877 the reviewing panel.

878 "(3) Pursuant to the District of Columbia Administrative Procedure Act, any party 879 in interest who is adversely affected or aggrieved by a final decision rendered after review of a 880 compensation order as provided in paragraph (2A) of this subsection or any party in interest who 881 is adversely affected or aggrieved by a compensation order which has been filed as provided in 882 section 2320 may petition for review of such decision or order by the District of Columbia Court 883 of Appeals. If any party shall apply to the Court for leave to adduce additional evidence and shall 884 show to the satisfaction of the Court that such additional evidence is material and that there were 885 reasonable grounds for failure to adduce such evidence in the hearing before the Mayor, the 886 Court may order such additional evidence to be taken before the Mayor, and to be made part of 887 the record. The Court may remand the case for appropriate action.

888 "(c) If the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program or its officers or agents fail to 889 comply with a compensation order making an award that has become final, any beneficiary of 890 such award, or the Mayor, may apply for the enforcement of the order to the Superior Court of 891 the District of Columbia for enforcement of such order and upon showing that the Public Sector 892 Workers' Compensation Program or their officers or agents have failed to comply therewith, the 893 Court shall enforce obedience to the order by writ of injunction or by other proper process, 894 mandatory or otherwise, to enjoin upon such person and their officers and agents compliance 895 with the order.

"(d) Proceedings for suspending, setting aside, or enforcing a compensation order,
whether rejecting a claim or making an award, shall not be instituted otherwise than as provided
in this section and section 2320.

(z) Section 2323 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.23) is amended to read as follows:

900 "Sec. 2323. Appearance of Attorney General for the District of Columbia for Mayor.

901 "In any court proceedings instituted under the provisions of this title, the Attorney

902 General of the District of Columbia shall represent the Mayor in any court in which such case

903 may be carried on appeal."

904 (aa) Section 2324 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.24) is amended to read as follows:
905 "Sec. 2324. Modification of awards.

906 "(a) At any time prior to one year after the date of the last payment of compensation or at 907 any time prior to one year after the rejection of a claim, provided, however, that in the case of a 908 claim filed pursuant to § 1-623(a)(3)(V) the time period shall be at any time prior to 3 years after 909 the date of the last payment of compensation or at any time prior to 3 years after the rejection of 910 a claim, the Mayor may, upon their own initiative or upon application of a party in interest, order

a review of a compensation case pursuant to the procedures provided in § 1-623.20 where thereis reason to believe that a change of conditions has occurred which raises issues concerning:

913 "(1) The fact or the degree of disability or the amount of compensation payable914 pursuant thereto; or

915 "(2) The fact of eligibility or the amount of compensation payable pursuant to § 1-916 623.09.

917 "(b) A review ordered pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be limited solely to918 new evidence which directly addresses the alleged change of conditions.

919 "(c) Upon the completion of a review conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of this 920 section, the Mayor shall issue a new compensation order which may terminate, continue, 921 reinstate, increase, or decrease such compensation previously paid, or award compensation. An 922 award increasing or decreasing the compensation rate may be made and shall be effective from 923 the date of the Mayor's order for a review of the compensation case. If, since the date of the 924 Mayor's order for a review of the compensation case, the Public Sector Workers' Compensation 925 Program has made any payments of compensation at a rate greater than the rate provided in the 926 new compensation order, the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall be entitled to 927 be reimbursed for the difference in accordance with rules promulgated by the Mayor. If, since 928 the date of the Mayor's order for review of the compensation case, the Public Sector Workers' 929 Compensation Program has made any payments of compensation at a rate less than the rate 930 provided in the new compensation order, the employee shall be entitled to the difference as 931 additional compensation in accordance with rules promulgated by the Mayor.

932 "(d) A compensation order issued pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall be933 reviewable pursuant to section 2322.

934 (bb) Section 2325 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.25) is amended to read as follows:
935 "Sec. 2325. Hearings before Mayor.

936 "(a) In making an investigation or inquiry or conducting a hearing the Mayor shall not be 937 bound by common law or statutory rules of evidence or by technical or formal rules of 938 procedure, except as provided by this title, but may make such investigation or inquiry or 939 conduct such hearing in such manner as to best ascertain the rights of the parties. Prior to the 940 hearing before the Mayor the parties may conduct such discovery, including but not limited to 941 the use of interrogatories and depositions as, in the opinion of the Mayor, will be helpful in 942 determining the rights of the parties. Declarations of a deceased employee concerning the injury 943 in respect of which the investigation or inquiry is being made or the hearing conducted shall be 944 received in evidence and shall, if corroborated by other evidence, be sufficient to establish the 945 injury.

946 "(b) Hearings before the Mayor shall be open to the public and shall be reported
947 stenographically or by such other method capable of producing an accurate transcript. The
948 Mayor shall by regulation provide for the preparation of a record of the hearings and other
949 proceedings before the Mayor.

950 (cc) Section 2326 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.26) is amended to read as follows:
951 "Sec. 2326. Attendance of witnesses.

952 The Mayor, on any matter within their jurisdiction under this subtitle, shall have the953 authority to:

954 (1) Issue subpoenas for and compel the attendance of witnesses within a radius of 100955 miles of the District of Columbia;

956 (2) Administer oaths;

957 (3) Examine witnesses; and

958 (4) Require the production of books, papers, documents, and other evidence.

(2) "No person shall be required to attend as a witness in any proceeding before the
Mayor at more than 25 miles of the place of the hearing, unless their lawful mileage and fee for
one day's attendance shall be first paid or tendered to them; but the testimony of any witness
including that of an interested party may be taken by deposition or interrogatories according to
the rules of practice of the Superior Court of the District of Columbia.

964 (dd) Section 2327 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.27) is amended to read as follows:
965 "Sec. 2327. Witness fees.

Witnesses summoned in a proceeding before the Mayor or whose depositions are taken
shall receive the same fees and mileage as witnesses in the Superior Court of the District of
Columbia.

969 (ee) Section 2328 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.28) is amended to read as follows:

970 "Sec. 2328. Costs in proceedings brought without reasonable grounds; penalty for971 unreasonable delay in payment of compensation.

972 "(a) If the trier of fact or court having jurisdiction of proceedings in respect of any claim 973 or compensation order determines that the proceedings in respect of such claim or order have 974 been instituted or continued without reasonable ground, the costs of such proceedings shall be 975 assessed against the party who has so instituted or continued such proceedings.

"(b) If the Mayor or court determines that the Public Sector Workers' Compensation
Program or its carrier has delayed the payment of any installment of compensation to an
employee in bad faith, the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall pay to the
injured employee, for the duration of the delay, the actual weekly wage of the employee for the

980 period that the employee is eligible to receive workers' compensation benefits under this title.

981 The penalty shall be in addition to any amount paid pursuant to § 1-623.15."

982 (ff) Section 2329 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.29) is amended to read as follows:

983 "Sec. 2329. Powers of Mayor.

984 "(a) The Mayor shall have the power to preserve and enforce order during any such 985 proceedings, to issue subpoenas for, to administer oaths to, and to compel the attendance and 986 testimony of witnesses, or the production of books, papers, documents, and other evidence, or 987 the taking of depositions before any designated individual competent to administer oaths; to 988 examine witnesses; and to do all things in conformity with law which may be necessary to enable 989 them to effectively discharge the duties of their office.

990 "(b) If any person in proceedings before the Mayor disobeys or resists any lawful order or 991 process, or misbehaves during a hearing or so near the place thereof as to obstruct the same, or 992 neglects to produce, after having been ordered to do so, any pertinent book, paper, or document, 993 or refuses to appear after having been subpoenaed, or upon appearing refuses to take the oath as 994 a witness, or after having taken the oath refuses to be examined according to law, the Mayor 995 shall certify the facts to the Superior Court of the District of Columbia which shall thereupon in a 996 summary manner hear the evidence as to the acts complained of, and, if the evidence so 997 warrants, punish such person in the same manner and to the same extent as for a contempt 998 committed before the Court, or commit such person upon the same conditions as if the doing of 999 the forbidden act had occurred with reference to the process of or in the presence of the Court. 1000 (gg) Section 2330 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.30) is amended to read as follows:

1001 "Sec. 2330. Attorney fees.

1002 "(a) If the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program or its carrier declines to pay 1003 any compensation on or before the 30th day after receiving written notice from the Mayor that a 1004 claim for compensation has been filed, on the grounds that there is no liability for compensation 1005 within the provisions of this title, and the person seeking benefits thereafter utilizes the services 1006 of an attorney-at-law in the successful prosecution of their claim, there shall be awarded, in 1007 addition to the award of compensation, in a compensation order, a reasonable attorney's fee 1008 against the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program or its carrier in an amount approved 1009 by the Mayor, or court, as the case may be, which shall be paid directly by the Public Sector 1010 Workers' Compensation Program or its carrier to the attorney for the claimant in a lump sum 1011 after the compensation order becomes final.

1012 "(b) If the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program or its carrier pays or tenders 1013 payment of compensation without an award pursuant to this title, and thereafter a controversy 1014 develops over the amount of additional compensation, if any, to which the employee may be 1015 entitled, the Mayor shall recommend in writing a disposition of the controversy. If the Public 1016 Sector Workers' Compensation Program or its carrier refuse to accept such written 1017 recommendation, within 14 days after its receipt by them, they shall pay or tender to the 1018 employee in writing the additional compensation, if any, to which they believe the employee is 1019 entitled. If the employee refuses to accept such payment or tender of compensation and thereafter 1020 utilizes the services of an attorney-at-law, and if the compensation thereafter awarded is greater 1021 than the amount paid or tendered by the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program or its 1022 carrier, a reasonable attorney's fee based solely upon the difference between the amount awarded 1023 and the amount tendered or paid shall be awarded in addition to the amount of compensation. 1024 The foregoing sentence shall not apply if the controversy relates to degree or length of disability,

1025 and if the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program or its carrier offers to submit the case 1026 for evaluation by physicians employed or selected by the Mayor, as authorized in § 1-623.07(e), 1027 and offers to tender an amount of compensation based upon the degree or length of disability 1028 found by the independent medical report at such time as an evaluation of disability can be made. 1029 If the claimant is successful in review proceedings before the Mayor or court in any such case, an 1030 award may be made in favor of the claimant and against the Public Sector Workers' 1031 Compensation Program or its carrier for a reasonable attorney's fee for claimant's counsel in 1032 accordance with the above provisions. In all other cases any claim for legal services shall not be 1033 assessed against the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program or its carrier.

1034 "(c) In all cases, fees for attorneys representing the claimant shall be approved in the 1035 manner herein provided. If any proceedings are had before the Mayor or any court for review of 1036 any actions, award, order or decision, the Mayor or court may approve an attorney's fee for the 1037 work done before them or it, as the case may be, by the attorney for the claimant. An approved 1038 attorney's fee, in cases in which the obligation to pay the fee is upon the claimant, may be made 1039 a lien upon the compensation due under an award, and the Mayor or court shall fix in the award 1040 approving the fee such lien and manner of payment.

1041 "(d) In cases where an attorney's fee is awarded against the Public Sector Workers' 1042 Compensation Program or its carrier there may be further assessed against the Public Sector 1043 Workers' Compensation Program or its carrier as costs, fees and mileage for necessary witnesses 1044 attending the hearing at the instance of claimant. Both the necessity for the witness and the 1045 reasonableness of the fees of expert witnesses must be approved by the Mayor, or the court, as 1046 the case may be. The amounts awarded against the Public Sector Workers' Compensation

Program or its carrier as attorney's fees, costs, fees and mileage of witnesses shall not in any
respect affect or diminish the compensation payable under this title.

1049 "(e) Any person who receives any fees, other consideration or any gratuity on account of 1050 services rendered as a representative of a claimant, unless such consideration or gratuity is 1051 approved by the Mayor or court, or who makes it a business to solicit employment for a lawyer, 1052 or for themselves in respect of any claim or award for compensation, shall upon conviction 1053 thereof for each offense be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment for 1054 not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

1055 "(f) At no time shall an attorney's fee be approved in excess of 20% of the actual benefit 1056 secured through the efforts of the attorney. This provision applies to all benefits secured through 1057 the efforts of an attorney, including settlements provided for under this title.

1058 (hh) Section 2331 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.31) is amended to read as follows:

1059 "Sec. 2331. Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program record of injury or death.

1060 "The Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall keep a record with respect of

any injury to an employee. Such record shall contain such information of disease, other

1062 disability, or death in respect of such injury as the Mayor may by regulation require, and shall be

1063 available for inspection by an authorized representative of the Mayor or of any agency of the

government of the District of Columbia at such times and under such conditions as the Mayormay by regulation prescribe.

1066 (ii) Section 2332 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.32) is amended to read as follows:

1067 "Sec. 2332. Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program reports.

1068 "(a) Within 10 days from the date of any injury or death or from the date that the Public
1069 Sector Workers' Compensation Program has knowledge of a disease or infection in respect of

1070 such injury, the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall send to the Mayor a report 1071 setting forth: (1) the name and address of the District government agency for whom the injured 1072 employment; (2) the name, address, and occupation of the employee; (3) the cause and nature of 1073 the injury or death; (4) the year, month, day, and hour when and the particular locality where the 1074 injury or death occurred; and (5) such other information as the Mayor may require. The Public 1075 Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall also send a copy of the report together with such 1076 other information as may be required by the Mayor to the Department of Employment Services. 1077 The Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall send to the employee or the 1078 employee's next of kin, by certified mail, return receipt requested, concurrent with the 1079 submission of the report to the Department of Employment Services, a statement of the 1080 employee's rights and obligations pursuant to this title, including the right to file a claim for 1081 compensation within one year from the date of injury or death.

"(b) Additional reports in respect of such injury and of the condition of such employee
shall be sent by the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program to the Mayor at such times
and in such manner as the Mayor may prescribe.

1085 "(c) Any report provided for in subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall not be evidence 1086 of any fact stated in such report in any proceeding in respect of such injury or death on account 1087 of which the report is made.

"(d) The mailing of any such report and copy in a stamped envelope, within the time
prescribed in subsection (a) or (b) of this section, to the Mayor shall be a compliance with this
section.

"(e) If the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program fails or refuses to send any
report required of them by this section they shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed
\$1,000 for each such failure or refusal.

1094 "(f) Where the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program or its carrier has been 1095 given notice, or the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program (or their agent in charge of 1096 the business in the place where the injury occurred) or its carrier has knowledge of any injury or 1097 death of an employee and fails, neglects, or refuses to file report thereof as required by the 1098 provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the limitations in  $\S$  1-623.14(a) shall not begin to run 1099 against the claim of the injured employee or their dependents entitled to compensation, or in 1100 favor of either the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program or its carrier, until such report 1101 shall have been furnished as required by the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

"(g) On receiving the report provided by subsection (a) of this section, the Mayor shall
notify the injured employee of the employee's rights and obligations under this title.

1104 (jj) Section 2333 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.33) is amended to read as follows:

1105 "Sec. 2333. Penalty for misrepresentation.

1106 "Any person who willfully makes any false or misleading statement or representation for 1107 the purpose of obtaining any benefit or payment under this title shall be guilty of a misdemeanor 1108 and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not to exceed \$1,000 or by imprisonment 1109 of not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

1110 (kk) Section 2334 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.34) is repealed.

- 1111 (ll) Section 2335 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.35) is amended to read as follows:
- 1112 "Sec. 2335. Compensation for injuries where third persons are liable.

"(a) If, on account of a disability or death for which compensation is payable under this title, the person entitled to such compensation determines that some person other than those enumerated in § 1-623.04(b) is liable for damages, they need not elect whether to receive such compensation or to recover damages against such third person.

1117 "(b) Acceptance of such compensation under an award in a compensation order filed with 1118 the Mayor shall operate as an assignment to the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program 1119 of all rights of the person entitled to compensation to recover damages against such third person 1120 unless such person shall commence an action against such third person within 6 months after 1121 such award. If the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program fails to commence an action 1122 against such third person within 90 days after the cause of action is assigned under this section, 1123 the right to bring the action shall revert to the person entitled to compensation.

"(c) A payment made pursuant to §§ 1-623.09 and 1-623.40(d)(1) shall operate as an
assignment to the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program of all rights of the legal
representative of the deceased (hereinafter referred to as "representative") to recover damages
against such third person.

1128 "(d) The Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program on account of such assignment 1129 may either institute proceedings for the recovery of such damages or may compromise with such 1130 third person either without or after instituting such proceeding.

"(e) Any amount recovered by the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program on
account of such assignment, whether or not as the result of a compromise, shall be distributed as
follows:

1134 "(1) The Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall retain an amount1135 equal to:

1136	"(A) The expenses incurred by them in respect to such proceedings or
1137	compromise (including a reasonable attorney's fee as determined by the Mayor);
1138	"(B) The cost of all benefits actually furnished by them to the employee
1139	under § 1-623.07;
1140	"(C) All amounts paid as compensation; and
1141	"(D) The present value of all amounts thereafter payable as compensation,
1142	such present value to be computed in accordance with a schedule prepared by the Mayor, and the
1143	present value of the cost of all benefits thereafter to be furnished under § 1-623.07, to be
1144	estimated by the Mayor, and the amounts so computed and estimated to be retained by the Public
1145	Sector Workers' Compensation Program as a trust fund to pay such compensation and the cost of
1146	such benefits as they become due, and to pay any sum finally remaining in excess thereof to the
1147	person entitled to compensation or to the representative; and
1148	"(2) The Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall pay any excess to
1149	the person entitled to compensation or to the representative, less one fifth of such excess which
1150	shall belong to the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program.
1151	"(f) If the person entitled to compensation institutes proceedings within the period
1152	described in subsection (b) of this section, the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program
1153	shall be required to pay as compensation under this title a sum equal to the excess of the amount
1154	which the Mayor determines is payable on account of such injury or death over the amount
1155	recovered against such third person.
1156	"(f-1) If the person entitled to compensation institutes proceedings within the period
1157	described in subsection (b) of this section and recovers an amount against a third person, the
1158	costs of litigation and attorneys' fees shall be proportionally shared between the person entitled

to compensation, or the employee's eligible survivors or legal representative, and the Public
Sector Workers' Compensation Program relative to the amount each received in the total
recovery against the third person.

1162 "(g) If compromise with such third person is made by the person entitled to compensation 1163 or such representative of an amount less than the compensation to which such person or 1164 representative would be entitled under this title, the Public Sector Workers' Compensation 1165 Program shall be liable for compensation as determined in subsection (f) of this section, only if 1166 the written approval of such compromise is obtained from the Public Sector Workers' 1167 Compensation Program and their insurance carrier by the person entitled to compensation or 1168 such representative at the time of or prior to such compromise in a form and manner prescribed 1169 by the Mayor.

"(h) If the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program purchases private insurance
for purposes of this title, there shall be no distinction for purposes of this section between the
Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program and its insurer.

"(i) The right to compensation or benefits under this title shall be the exclusive remedy to an employee when they are injured, or to their eligible survivors or legal representative if they are killed, by the negligence or wrong of any other person or persons in the same employ; provided, that this provision shall not affect the liability of a person other than an officer or employee of the District government.

1178 (mm) Section 2336 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.36) is repealed.

- 1179 (nn) Section 2337 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.37) is amended to read as follows:
- 1180 "Sec. 2337. Discharge of liability.

1181 "If the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program elects not to self-insure, in order 1182 that the liability for compensation imposed by this title may be most effectively discharged by 1183 the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program, and in order that the administration of this 1184 title in respect of such liability may be facilitated, the Mayor shall by regulation provide for the 1185 discharge, by the carrier for the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program, of such 1186 obligations and duties of the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program, in respect to such 1187 liability, imposed by this title upon the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program, as they 1188 consider proper in order to effectuate the provisions of this title. For such purposes: 1189 "(1) Notice to or knowledge of the Public Sector Workers' Compensation 1190 Program of the occurrence of the injury shall be notice to or knowledge of the carrier; and 1191 "(2) Any requirement by the Mayor or any court under any compensation order, 1192 finding, or decision shall be binding upon the carrier in the same manner and to the same extent 1193 as upon the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program. 1194 (oo) Section 2338 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.38) is amended to read as follows: 1195 "Sec. 2338. Insurance policies. The Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program shall have full authority and 1196 1197 discretion to secure insurance or to self-insure, subject to rules identical to those governing 1198 private employers. Any entity designated by the Mayor to function as insurer or administrator of 1199 any compensation claim shall be wholly independent of the Department of Employment Services 1200 and any other body having adjudicative authority over any claim arising under this title. 1201 (pp) Section 2339 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.39) is preserved as written. 1202 (qq) Section 2340 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.40) is amended to read as follows: 1203 "Sec. 2340. Administration fund.

"There is maintained in the District of Columbia government the Employees'
Compensation Fund ("Fund"), which shall consist of sums that the Council of the District of
Columbia government or Congress, from time to time, may appropriate for or transfer to it and
amounts that otherwise accrue to it under this title or other statute. The Fund is available without
time limit for the payment of compensation and other benefits and expenses incurred to
implement the provisions of this title.

1210 (rr) Section 2341 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.41) is preserved as presently written:

1211 (ss) Section 2342 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.42) is amended to read as follows:

1212 "Sec. 2342. Retaliatory actions by District government prohibited.

1213 "It shall be unlawful for the District government or their duly authorized agent to 1214 discharge or in any other manner discriminate against an employee as to their employment 1215 because such employee has claimed or attempted to claim compensation from the Public Sector 1216 Workers' Compensation Program, or because they have testified or is about to testify in a 1217 proceeding under this title. Any employee so discriminated against shall be restored to their 1218 employment and shall be compensated by the District government for any loss of wages arising 1219 out of such discrimination; provided, that if such employee ceases to be qualified to perform the 1220 duties of their employment, they shall not be entitled to such restoration and compensation. Any 1221 provision in an insurance policy undertaking to relieve the District government from liability for 1222 such penalties and payments shall be void.

1223

(tt) A new Section 2342c is added to read as follows:

1224 "Sec. 2342c. Compliance.

"(a) The Director of Employment Services ("Director") shall assign from the workforce
in the Workers' Compensation office a staff for the enforcement of Public Sector Workers'
Compensation Program compliance with workers' compensation requirements.
"(b) The Director shall file a semi-annual compliance report with the Council by March
31st and by September 30th, which shall contain detailed and comprehensive information about
the compliance enforcement activities during the preceding 6 months.

1231 (uu) Section 2343 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.43) is amended to read "Any employee

1232 who has used leave as a result of a job-related injury or occupational disease or illness approved

1233 by the District government shall have such leave restored to their credit in accordance with rules

1234 and regulations established in the Private Sector Act, D.C. Code Sec. 32-1501 et seq.

1235 (vv) Section 2344 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.44) is amended to read as follows:
1236 "Sec. 2344. Severability.

"Should a court of competent jurisdiction declare any provision of this title to be
unconstitutional or beyond the authority of the Council of the District of Columbia, such

declaration shall have no effect upon any other provision of this title.

1240 (ww) "A new section 2344a is added to read as follows:

1241 "The regulations, rights, obligations under this act shall be construed or interpreted

1242 consistent with regulations, rights, and obligations under the District of Columbia Workers'

1243 Compensation Act of 1979, effective July 1, 1980 (D.C. Law 3-77; D.C. Official Code 32-1501

1244 *et seq.*), except where the language is not the same or substantially the same.

1245 (xx) "A new section 2344c is added to read as follows:

1246 "Sec. 2344b. Administration.

- 1247 "The same agency that has authority to promulgate rules under the District of Columbia
- 1248 Workers' Compensation Act of 1979, effective July 1, 1980 (D.C. Law 3-77; D.C. Official Code
- 1249 32-1501 et seq.), shall be responsible for promulgating rules and regulations under this title.
- 1250 (yy) Section 2345 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.45) is amended to add a section "(d): the
- 1251 rights in this section will be justiciable in accordance with the rest of the Act, in particular Sec.
- 1252 2320.
- 1253 (zz) Section 2346 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.46) is not amended.
- 1254 (aaa) Section 2347 (D.C. Official Code §1-623.47) is not amended.
- 1255 Sec. 3. Conforming amendments.
- 1256 All functions, personnel, records, and property assigned to the Office of Risk Management
- 1257 pursuant to Section 7 of Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 2003, effective December 15, 2003 (D.C.
- 1258 Official Code 1-1518.01), pertaining to adjudicating claims, shall be transferred to the
- 1259 Department of Employment Services. Authority for drafting regulations and adjudicating claims
- 1260 shall be assigned to the Department of Employment Services. Authority vested in the Office of
- 1261 Risk Management as representing the interests of the District government as employer shall be
- 1262 preserved, but the Office of Risk Management shall not have any regulatory or adjudicatory
- 1263 authority under the present title.
- (a) A new section is added to D.C. Official Code §1-1504.02, Part (C), reading as follows:
  "The rules and standards for the Division of Public Sector Compensation shall be
  identical to those for the private sector."
- (b) Section 6(b)(1) of the Office of Administrative Hearings Establishment Act of 2001 (D.C.
  Official Code § 2-1831, *et seq*) is amended by striking the word "private."

Section 12 of the Uniform Emergency Volunteer Health Practitioners Act of 2010 (D.C.
Official Code § 7-2361.01, *et seq*) is amended by striking the phrase "§1-623.03" and replacing
it with "§1-623.07."

1272 Sec. 4. Applicability

1273 (a) As of January 1, 2024 or on the effective date of the Public Sector Injured Workers'

1274 Equality Amendment Act of 2024, whichever occurs last, the provisions of the Public Sector

1275 Injured Workers' Equality Amendment Act of 2024 (citation) shall apply to all claims arising

1276 under title 23 of the District of Columbia Government Comprehensive Merit Personnel Act,

1277 effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 2-139; D.C. Official Code 1-623.01 et seq.), provided that:

(i) any claim that was resolved by final order or full and final settlement under formerSec. 1-623.35 cannot be reopened;

1280 (ii) any and all orders issued prior to January 1, 2024 by any adjudicative body, whether

1281 the Office of Administrative Hearings, the Office of Hearings and Adjudication, the

1282 Administrative Hearings Division, the Compensation Review Board, the Director of the

1283 Department of Employment Services in their adjudicative capacity, or the District of Columbia

1284 Court of Appeals shall remain in effect, except insofar as they prejudice the rights of claimants to 1285 benefits to which they may be eligible after January 1, 2024.

(iii) Under no circumstances shall the Public Sector Workers' Compensation Program
claim credit for overpayment to a Claimant for any payment made prior to January 1, 2024 based
on a position that the sum payable pursuant to the prior version of this Act was higher than the
sum payable pursuant to this amended Act. This rule does not preclude possible recovery or
credit for other reasons—for instance, if the Claimant was determined to have been working
while receiving benefits.

(iv) Any across-the-board increase awarded to employees pursuant to Sections 611.05 and 611.06 shall apply to compensation benefits for disability or death under this title. The percentage amount and effective date of those increases shall be the same as for any increase granted under these sections. For the purposes of this section, the term "across-the-board increase" means a general pay and salary increase of general applicability that applies to a claimant's service or specific pay schedule. This section shall not apply to any collective bargaining agreements that are to the contrary.

1299 Sec. 5. Fiscal impact statement.

1300 The Council adopts the fiscal impact statement in the committee report as the fiscal

1301 impact statement required by section 4a of the General Legislative Procedures Act of 1975,

1302 approved October 16, 2006 (12 Stat. 2038; D.C. Official Code § 1-301.47a).

1303 Sec. 6. Effective date.

This act shall take effect following approval by the Mayor (or in the event of veto by the Mayor, action by the Council to override the veto), a 30-day period of Congressional review as provided in section 602(c)(1) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Official Code § 1-206.02(c)(1)), and publication in the District of Columbia Register.