



1 A bill to be entitled
2 An act relating to motor vehicle insurance; amending
3 s. 627.311, F.S.; authorizing a joint underwriting
4 plan and the Florida Automobile Joint Underwriting
5 Association to cancel certain insurance policies
6 within a specified period under certain circumstances;
7 prohibiting an insured from canceling certain
8 insurance policies within a specified period;
9 providing exceptions; amending s. 627.736, F.S.;
10 revising the period during which the applicable fee
11 schedule or payment limitation under Medicare applies
12 with respect to certain personal injury protection
13 insurance coverage; defining "service year"; deleting
14 an obsolete date; amending s. 627.744, F.S.; revising
15 the exemption from the preinsurance inspection
16 requirements for private passenger motor vehicles to
17 include certain leased vehicles; revising the list of
18 documents that an insurer may require for purposes of
19 the exemption; prohibiting the physical damage
20 coverage on a motor vehicle from being suspended
21 during the term of a policy due to the insurer's
22 option not to require certain documents; authorizing a
23 payment of a claim to be conditioned if the insurer
24 requires a document under certain circumstances;
25 providing an effective date.
26



27 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

28

29 Section 1. Paragraph (m) is added to subsection (3) of
30 section 627.311, Florida Statutes, to read:

31 627.311 Joint underwriters and joint reinsurers; public
32 records and public meetings exemptions.—

33 (3) The office may, after consultation with insurers
34 licensed to write automobile insurance in this state, approve a
35 joint underwriting plan for purposes of equitable apportionment
36 or sharing among insurers of automobile liability insurance and
37 other motor vehicle insurance, as an alternate to the plan
38 required in s. 627.351(1). All insurers authorized to write
39 automobile insurance in this state shall subscribe to the plan
40 and participate therein. The plan shall be subject to continuous
41 review by the office which may at any time disapprove the entire
42 plan or any part thereof if it determines that conditions have
43 changed since prior approval and that in view of the purposes of
44 the plan changes are warranted. Any disapproval by the office
45 shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 120. The Florida
46 Automobile Joint Underwriting Association is created under the
47 plan. The plan and the association:

48 (m) May cancel personal lines or commercial policies
49 issued by the plan within the first 60 days after the effective
50 date of the policy or binder for nonpayment of premium if the
51 reason for cancellation is the issuance of a check for the
52 premium that is dishonored for any reason or any other type of



53 premium payment that is rejected or deemed invalid. An insured
 54 may not cancel a policy or binder within the first 90 days, or
 55 within a lesser period as required by the plan, after the
 56 effective date of the policy or binder, except:

57 1. Upon total destruction of the insured motor vehicle;

58 2. Upon transfer of ownership of the insured motor
 59 vehicle; or

60 3. After purchase of another policy or binder covering the
 61 motor vehicle that was covered under the policy being canceled.

62 Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section
 63 627.736, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

64 627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits;
 65 exclusions; priority; claims.—

66 (5) CHARGES FOR TREATMENT OF INJURED PERSONS.—

67 (a) A physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or
 68 institution lawfully rendering treatment to an injured person
 69 for a bodily injury covered by personal injury protection
 70 insurance may charge the insurer and injured party only a
 71 reasonable amount pursuant to this section for the services and
 72 supplies rendered, and the insurer providing such coverage may
 73 pay for such charges directly to such person or institution
 74 lawfully rendering such treatment if the insured receiving such
 75 treatment or his or her guardian has countersigned the properly
 76 completed invoice, bill, or claim form approved by the office
 77 upon which such charges are to be paid for as having actually
 78 been rendered, to the best knowledge of the insured or his or



79 her guardian. However, such a charge may not exceed the amount
80 the person or institution customarily charges for like services
81 or supplies. In determining whether a charge for a particular
82 service, treatment, or otherwise is reasonable, consideration
83 may be given to evidence of usual and customary charges and
84 payments accepted by the provider involved in the dispute,
85 reimbursement levels in the community and various federal and
86 state medical fee schedules applicable to motor vehicle and
87 other insurance coverages, and other information relevant to the
88 reasonableness of the reimbursement for the service, treatment,
89 or supply.

90 1. The insurer may limit reimbursement to 80 percent of
91 the following schedule of maximum charges:

92 a. For emergency transport and treatment by providers
93 licensed under chapter 401, 200 percent of Medicare.

94 b. For emergency services and care provided by a hospital
95 licensed under chapter 395, 75 percent of the hospital's usual
96 and customary charges.

97 c. For emergency services and care as defined by s.
98 395.002 provided in a facility licensed under chapter 395
99 rendered by a physician or dentist, and related hospital
100 inpatient services rendered by a physician or dentist, the usual
101 and customary charges in the community.

102 d. For hospital inpatient services, other than emergency
103 services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A
104 prospective payment applicable to the specific hospital



105 providing the inpatient services.

106 e. For hospital outpatient services, other than emergency
 107 services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A Ambulatory
 108 Payment Classification for the specific hospital providing the
 109 outpatient services.

110 f. For all other medical services, supplies, and care, 200
 111 percent of the allowable amount under:

112 (I) The participating physicians fee schedule of Medicare
 113 Part B, except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraphs (II) and
 114 (III).

115 (II) Medicare Part B, in the case of services, supplies,
 116 and care provided by ambulatory surgical centers and clinical
 117 laboratories.

118 (III) The Durable Medical Equipment Prosthetics/Orthotics
 119 and Supplies fee schedule of Medicare Part B, in the case of
 120 durable medical equipment.

121
 122 However, if such services, supplies, or care is not reimbursable
 123 under Medicare Part B, as provided in this sub-subparagraph, the
 124 insurer may limit reimbursement to 80 percent of the maximum
 125 reimbursable allowance under workers' compensation, as
 126 determined under s. 440.13 and rules adopted thereunder which
 127 are in effect at the time such services, supplies, or care is
 128 provided. Services, supplies, or care that is not reimbursable
 129 under Medicare or workers' compensation is not required to be
 130 reimbursed by the insurer.



131 2. For purposes of subparagraph 1., the applicable fee
132 schedule or payment limitation under Medicare is the fee
133 schedule or payment limitation in effect on March 1 of the
134 service year in which the services, supplies, or care is
135 rendered and for the area in which such services, supplies, or
136 care is rendered, and the applicable fee schedule or payment
137 limitation applies to services, supplies, or care rendered
138 during ~~throughout the remainder of~~ that service year,
139 notwithstanding any subsequent change made to the fee schedule
140 or payment limitation, except that it may not be less than the
141 allowable amount under the applicable schedule of Medicare Part
142 B for 2007 for medical services, supplies, and care subject to
143 Medicare Part B. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term
144 "service year" means the period from March 1 through the end of
145 February of the following year.

146 3. Subparagraph 1. does not allow the insurer to apply any
147 limitation on the number of treatments or other utilization
148 limits that apply under Medicare or workers' compensation. An
149 insurer that applies the allowable payment limitations of
150 subparagraph 1. must reimburse a provider who lawfully provided
151 care or treatment under the scope of his or her license,
152 regardless of whether such provider is entitled to reimbursement
153 under Medicare due to restrictions or limitations on the types
154 or discipline of health care providers who may be reimbursed for
155 particular procedures or procedure codes. However, subparagraph
156 1. does not prohibit an insurer from using the Medicare coding



157 policies and payment methodologies of the federal Centers for
158 Medicare and Medicaid Services, including applicable modifiers,
159 to determine the appropriate amount of reimbursement for medical
160 services, supplies, or care if the coding policy or payment
161 methodology does not constitute a utilization limit.

162 4. If an insurer limits payment as authorized by
163 subparagraph 1., the person providing such services, supplies,
164 or care may not bill or attempt to collect from the insured any
165 amount in excess of such limits, except for amounts that are not
166 covered by the insured's personal injury protection coverage due
167 to the coinsurance amount or maximum policy limits.

168 5. ~~Effective July 1, 2012,~~ An insurer may limit payment as
169 authorized by this paragraph only if the insurance policy
170 includes a notice at the time of issuance or renewal that the
171 insurer may limit payment pursuant to the schedule of charges
172 specified in this paragraph. A policy form approved by the
173 office satisfies this requirement. If a provider submits a
174 charge for an amount less than the amount allowed under
175 subparagraph 1., the insurer may pay the amount of the charge
176 submitted.

177 Section 3. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of
178 section 627.744, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

179 627.744 Required preinsurance inspection of private
180 passenger motor vehicles.—

181 (2) This section does not apply:

182 (a) To a policy for a policyholder who has been insured



183 for 2 years or longer, without interruption, under a private
 184 passenger motor vehicle policy that ~~which~~ provides physical
 185 damage coverage for any vehicle, if the agent of the insurer
 186 verifies the previous coverage.

187 (b) To a new, unused motor vehicle purchased or leased
 188 from a licensed motor vehicle dealer or leasing company. ~~if~~ The
 189 insurer may require ~~is provided with~~:

190 1. A bill of sale, ~~or~~ buyer's order, or lease agreement
 191 that ~~which~~ contains a full description of the motor vehicle,
 192 ~~including all options and accessories; or~~

193 2. A copy of the title or registration ~~that~~ ~~which~~
 194 establishes transfer of ownership from the dealer or leasing
 195 company to the customer and a copy of the window sticker ~~or the~~
 196 ~~dealer invoice showing the itemized options and equipment and~~
 197 ~~the total retail price of the vehicle.~~

198
 199 For the purposes of this paragraph, the physical damage coverage
 200 on the motor vehicle may not be suspended during the term of the
 201 policy due to the applicant's failure to provide or the
 202 insurer's option not to require the required documents. However,
 203 if the insurer requires a document under this paragraph at the
 204 time the policy is issued, payment of a claim may be ~~is~~
 205 conditioned upon the receipt by the insurer of the required
 206 documents, and no physical damage loss occurring after the
 207 effective date of the coverage is payable until the documents
 208 are provided to the insurer.



CS/CS/HB 1053, Engrossed 1

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Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.