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A bill to be entitled An act relating to initiative petitions for constitutional amendments; amending s. 100.371, F.S.; prohibiting sponsors of initiative amendments from sponsoring more than one such amendment; revising requirements that a sponsor must take before obtaining signatures; providing that a sponsor may only collect signatures for one election cycle; providing for the expiration of sponsor registrations; revising requirements for a person who collects petitions; requiring the Division of Elections to develop specified training; revising requirements for the application for registration as a petition circulator; revising the information included on the Petition Circulator's Affidavit; providing that copying a completed petition or retaining specified information is a felony; providing and revising penalties; revising when petition forms must be delivered to a supervisor of elections; revising information required on petition forms; requiring supervisors to transmit signature forms to the Division of Elections in a specified manner; requiring supervisors to retain petition forms in a specified manner; requiring the division to retain petition forms for a certain period of time; requiring the supervisor to send certain

Page 1 of 30

notification to specific voters; providing notification requirements; requiring the division to create a Petition Signature Revocation Form; requiring such form to include certain information and be made available in a specified manner; providing how such forms must be submitted and verified; requiring the supervisor to revoke certain petitions; providing construction; prohibiting certain signatures from being revoked; revising when actual costs of signature verification are posted and what is included in such costs; revising information required to be included in a specified communication; providing applicability; authorizing the Department of State to adopt certain emergency rules; providing that certain registrations are canceled on the 14th day after such rules become effective; requiring the department to make specified efforts; amending s. 895.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "racketeering activity"; amending ss. 15.21, 99.097, 101.161, 104.187, and 212.055, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 100.371, Florida Statutes, is amended

Page 2 of 30

to read:

- 100.371 Initiatives; procedure for placement on ballot.-
- (1) Constitutional amendments proposed by initiative shall be placed on the ballot for the general election, provided the initiative petition has been filed with the Secretary of State no later than February 1 of the year the general election is held. A petition shall be deemed to be filed with the Secretary of State upon the date the secretary determines that valid and verified petition forms have been signed by the constitutionally required number and distribution of voters electors under this code.
- (2) The sponsor of an initiative amendment <u>may not sponsor</u> <u>more than one such amendment and shall, before prior to</u> obtaining any signatures:
- (a) Register as a political committee pursuant to s. 106.03.
- (b) and Submit the text of the proposed amendment to the Secretary of State, with the form on which the signatures will be affixed, and shall obtain the approval of the Secretary of State of such form. The Secretary of State shall adopt rules pursuant to s. 120.54 prescribing the style and requirements of such form. Upon filing with the Secretary of State, the text of the proposed amendment and all forms filed in connection with this section must, upon request, be made available in alternative formats.

(c) Post a \$1 million bond payable to the division. Such bond shall be conditioned upon the payment of all fines that are adjudged against the sponsor of such initiative amendment. In lieu of such bond, the division may accept a cashier's check, official bank check, or money order in the amount of the bond.

- (d) Submit an affirmation that each person collecting or handling initiative petitions for compensation, or as a volunteer, on behalf of the sponsor of the initiative amendment has not been convicted of a felony offense of the Florida

 Election Code, a felony offense specified in s. 825.103, a felony offense specified in s. 98.0751(2)(b) or (c), or a felony offense specified in chapter 817, chapter 831, or chapter 837.

 The sponsor of the initiative amendment is liable for a fine in the amount of \$50,000 for each person who has been convicted of a felony offense of the Florida Election Code, a felony offense specified in s. 825.103, or a felony offense specified in chapter 817, chapter 831, or chapter 837 who is collecting or handling initiative petitions on behalf of the sponsor of the initiative amendment.
- (e) Submit an affirmation that each person collecting or handling initiative petitions for compensation, or as a volunteer, on behalf of the sponsor of the initiative amendment is a citizen of the United States. The sponsor of an initiative amendment is liable for a fine in the amount of \$50,000 for each person who is not a citizen of the United States and is

collecting or handling petitions on behalf of the sponsor.

- (3) The sponsor of the initiative amendment may only collect petitions for one general election cycle. The registration of a sponsor of an initiative amendment expires at the conclusion of the specific general election cycle for which the sponsor is registered.
- (4) (a) (3) (a) A person may not collect or handle signatures or initiative petitions for compensation, or as a volunteer, unless the person is a resident of this state. A person may not collect initiative petitions for compensation unless the person is registered as a petition circulator with the Secretary of State.
- (b) A citizen may challenge a petition circulator's registration under this section by filing a petition in circuit court. If the court finds that the respondent is not a registered petition circulator, the court may enjoin the respondent from collecting signatures or initiative petitions for compensation until she or he is lawfully registered.
- <u>petition circulator</u>, the person must submit an application for registration and a criminal background check to the division and complete the required petition circulator training. If the division determines that the criminal background check indicates a conviction of any of the offenses specified in paragraph

 (2) (d), the applicant may not be registered and must be notified

126 of the reason for the denial.

- (a) Each applicant must complete training concerning the requirements for petition circulators. The training must be developed by the division and may be in an electronic format available via the Internet. The training must, at a minimum, include the following:
 - 1. An overview of the petition gathering process.
- 2. An overview of the petition circulator registration requirements.
- 3. An explanation that the sponsor of an initiative amendment serves as a fiduciary to each voter who signs a petition.
- 4. An explanation that the Florida Election Code prohibits the collection of petition forms on a per-signature basis.
- 5. The specific criminal penalties to which a petition circulator may be subject for violating the Florida Election Code.
- (b) An application for registration must be submitted in the format required by the Secretary of State and must include the following:
- $\underline{1.}$ (a) The information required to be on the petition form under s. 101.161, including the ballot summary and title as approved by the Secretary of State.
- <u>2.(b)</u> The applicant's name, permanent address, temporary address, if applicable, and date of birth.

Page 6 of 30

3.	Tł	ne ar	pplica	ant's	cur	rent	t a	nd va	alio	d Flo	orida d	rive	<u>c</u>
license	nur	mber,	cur	rent	and	val	id	Flor	ida	ider	ntifica	tion	card
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number.													

- (c) An address in this state at which the applicant will accept service of process related to disputes concerning the petition process, if the applicant is not a resident of this state.
- (d) A statement that the applicant consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state in resolving disputes concerning the petition process.
- 4.(e) Any information required by the Secretary of State to verify the applicant's identity or address.
- 5. An attestation that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony offense of the Florida Election Code, a felony offense specified in s. 825.103, a felony offense specified in s. 98.0751(2)(b) or (c), or a felony offense specified in chapter 817, chapter 831, or chapter 837.
- 6. An attestation that the applicant is a citizen of the United States and a resident of this state.
- (6)(5) All petitions collected by a petition circulator must contain, in a format required by the Secretary of State, a completed Petition Circulator's Affidavit which includes:
- (a) The circulator's name and permanent address of legal residence.

Page 7 of 30

(b) The following statement, which must be signed by the circulator:

By my signature below, as petition circulator, I verify that the petition was signed in my presence and that I was not paid to circulate or collect this petition on a per-signature basis.

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have read the foregoing Petition Circulator's Affidavit and the facts stated in it are true.

- (7) (6) The division or the supervisor of elections shall make hard copy petition forms or electronic portable document format petition forms available to registered petition circulators. All such forms must contain information identifying the petition circulator to which the forms are provided. The division shall maintain a database of all registered petition circulators and the petition forms assigned to each. Each supervisor of elections shall provide to the division information on petition forms assigned to and received from petition circulators. The information must be provided in a format and at times as required by the division by rule. The division must update information on petition forms daily and make the information publicly available.
- (8) A person collecting or handling a petition on behalf of the sponsor of an initiative amendment who copies a completed petition or retains a voter's personal information, including the voter's Florida driver license number, Florida

Page 8 of 30

identification card number, social security number, or signature, for any reason other than to provide such petition or information to the sponsor in compliance with this section, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (9) (a) (7) (a) A sponsor that collects petition forms or uses a petition circulator to collect petition forms serves as a fiduciary to the voter elector signing the petition form, ensuring that any petition form entrusted to the petition circulator shall be promptly delivered to the supervisor of elections within 10 30 days after the voter elector signs the form. If a petition form collected by any petition circulator is not promptly delivered to the supervisor of elections, the sponsor is liable for the following fines:
- 1. A fine in the amount of \$50 for each day late, up to \$2,500, for each petition form received by the supervisor in the county in which the voter resides of elections more than 10 30 days after the voter elector signed the petition form or the next business day, if the office is closed. A fine in the amount of \$2,500 \$250 for each petition form received if the sponsor or petition circulator acted willfully.
- 2. A fine in the amount of \$100 for each day late, up to \$5,000, for each petition form collected by a sponsor or a petition circulator and signed by a voter before February 1 of the year in which the general election is held which is received

by the supervisor in the county in which the voter resides after the deadline for such election. A fine in the amount of \$5,000 for each petition form received if the sponsor or petition circulator acted willfully.

- 3.2. A fine in the amount of \$500 for each petition form collected by a petition circulator which is not submitted to the supervisor in the county in which the voter resides of elections. A fine in the amount of 55,000 1,000 for any petition form not submitted if the sponsor or petition circulator acted willfully.
- (b) A showing by the sponsor that the failure to deliver the petition form within the required timeframe is based upon force majeure or impossibility of performance is an affirmative defense to a violation of this subsection. The fines described in this subsection may be waived upon a showing that the failure to deliver the petition form promptly is based upon force majeure or impossibility of performance.
- (10) (8) If the Secretary of State reasonably believes that a person or entity has committed a violation of this section, the secretary may refer the matter to the Attorney General for enforcement. The Attorney General may institute a civil action for a violation of this section or to prevent a violation of this section. An action for relief may include a permanent or temporary injunction, a restraining order, or any other appropriate order.

(11) (9) The division shall adopt by rule a complaint form for a voter an elector who claims to have had his or her signature misrepresented, forged, or not delivered to the supervisor. The division shall also adopt rules to ensure the integrity of the petition form gathering process, including rules requiring sponsors to account for all petition forms used by their agents. Such rules may require a sponsor or petition circulator to provide identification information on each petition form as determined by the department as needed to assist in the accounting of petition forms.

(12) (10) The date on which <u>a voter</u> an elector signs a petition form is presumed to be the date on which the petition circulator received or collected the petition form.

(13) (a) (11) (a) An initiative petition form circulated for signature may not be bundled with or attached to any other petition. Each signature shall be dated when made and shall be valid until the next February 1 occurring in an even-numbered year for the purpose of the amendment appearing on the ballot for the general election occurring in that same year, provided all other requirements of law are met. The sponsor shall submit signed and dated forms to the supervisor of elections for the county of residence listed by the person signing the form for verification of the number of valid signatures obtained. If a signature on a petition is from a registered voter in another county, the supervisor shall notify the petition sponsor of the

Page 11 of 30

misfiled petition. The supervisor shall promptly verify the signatures within 60 days after receipt of the petition forms and payment of a fee for the actual cost of signature verification incurred by the supervisor. However, for petition forms submitted less than 60 days before February 1 of an even-numbered year, the supervisor shall promptly verify the signatures within 30 days after receipt of the form and payment of the fee for signature verification. The supervisor shall promptly record, in the manner prescribed by the Secretary of State, the date each form is received by the supervisor, and the date the signature on the form is verified as valid. The supervisor may verify that the signature on a form is valid only if:

- 1. The form contains the original signature of the purported voter elector.
- 2. The purported $\underline{\text{voter}}$ elector has accurately recorded on the form the date on which he or she signed the form.
 - 3. The form sets forth the purported voter's: elector's
- 294 <u>a.</u> Name<u>.</u>

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- b. Address.
- <u>c.</u> City<u>.</u>,
- d. County., and
- $\underline{e.}$ Voter registration number or date of birth.
- f. Current and valid Florida driver license number,
- current and valid Florida identification card number, or the

Page 12 of 30

last four digits of his or her social security number.

- 4. The purported $\underline{\text{voter}}$ elector is, at the time he or she signs the form and at the time the form is verified, a duly qualified and registered voter elector in the state.
- 5. The signature was obtained legally, including that if a paid petition circulator was used, the circulator was validly registered under subsection (4) when the signature was obtained.

The supervisor shall retain all signature forms, separating forms verified as valid from those deemed invalid, for at least 1 year following the election for which the petition was circulated.

- (b) 1. On the last day of each month, or on the last day of each week from December 1 of an odd-numbered year through

 February 1 of the following year, each supervisor must electronically transmit all signature forms to the division. The digital images of the scanned signature forms must be of high enough quality to be able to accurately discern all elements contained in such forms, and such forms must be separated by those that have been verified as valid and those that have been deemed invalid.
- 2. Each supervisor must retain all petition forms,
 separating forms verified as valid from those deemed invalid,
 until all petition forms have been processed following the

Page 13 of 30

February 1 deadline. As soon as practicable following the

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supervisor.

processing of the last timely submitted petition form, but no later than the March 15 following the February 1 deadline, the supervisor must deliver the physical forms to the division. The division shall retain all petition forms for 1 year following the election for which the petition was circulated. (c) 1. When the signature on the petition form is verified as valid, the supervisor shall, as soon as practicable, notify the voter, by mail to the mailing address on file in the Florida Voter Registration System or by e-mail to an e-mail address on file in the Florida Voter Registration System, that his or her signature has been verified. The notification must, at a minimum, include: a. The petition number. b. The ballot title and ballot summary. c. The date on which the voter signed the petition. The date on which the petition was received by the

- e. The date on which the signature was verified.
- 2.a. The supervisor must also include in the notice required in subparagraph 1. a statement in bold text notifying the voter that if he or she did not sign the referenced petition form, the voter may file a complaint alleging that his or her signature has been misrepresented or forged pursuant to subsection (11).

Page 14 of 30

b. On or before January 1 of the year in which the applicable general election is held, the supervisor must also include in the notice required in subparagraph 1. a statement in bold text notifying the voter that if he or she did not sign the referenced petition form, the voter may revoke his or her signature by completing a Petition Signature Revocation Form.

- 3.a. The division must create, by rule, the Petition
 Signature Revocation Form, which must contain the same elements
 required for verification of signatures in sub-subparagraph c.
 along with an attestation to which a voter must affix his or her
 signature. The attestation must state that the voter is revoking
 his or her signature because he or she never signed the
 referenced petition form. The Petition Signature Revocation Form
 must be made available on each supervisor's website as well as
 the division's website.
- b. Each completed Petition Signature Revocation Form must be submitted to the supervisor of the county in which the voter resides and, after receipt, the supervisor must verify the signature and information contained in the form. If the signature and information are verified, the supervisor shall revoke the petition, adjust the totals required under paragraph (e) accordingly, and immediately notify the division. The cost of verifying the signature on the Petition Signature Revocation Form must be borne by the supervisor.
 - c. The supervisor shall promptly verify the signatures

Page 15 of 30

376	within 30 days after receipt of a revocation form. However, for
377	revocation forms submitted less than 60 days before February 1
378	of an even-numbered year, the supervisor shall promptly verify
379	the signatures within 15 days after receipt of the form. The
380	supervisor shall promptly record, in the manner prescribed by
381	the Secretary of State, the date each revocation form is
382	received by the supervisor, and the date the signature on the
383	form is verified as valid. The supervisor may verify that the
384	signature on a form is valid only if:
385	(I) The form contains the original signature of the voter.
386	(II) The voter has accurately recorded on the form the
387	date on which he or she signed the form.
388	(III) The form sets forth the voter's:
389	(A) Name.
390	(B) Address.
391	(C) City.
392	(D) County.
393	(E) Voter registration number or date of birth.
394	(F) Current and valid Florida driver license number,
395	current and valid Florida identification card number, or the
396	last four digits of his or her social security number.
397	d. A signature cannot be revoked on or after January 2 of
398	the year in which the applicable general election is held.
399	4. This paragraph may not be construed to deny the right
400	of a voter who has revoked his or her signature from signing a

Page 16 of 30

petition after such revocation.

(d) (b) Each supervisor shall post the actual cost of signature verification on his or her website and may increase such cost, as necessary, on March 1 annually February 2 of each even-numbered year. These costs include operating and personnel costs associated with comparing signatures, printing or sending notices to voters that their signature has been verified, and scanning and sending petition forms to the division. The division shall also publish each county's current cost on its website. The division and each supervisor shall biennially review available technology aimed at reducing verification costs.

(e) (e) On the last day of each month, or on the last day of each week from December 1 of an odd-numbered year through February 1 of the following year, each supervisor shall post on his or her website the total number of signatures submitted, the total number of invalid signatures, the total number of signatures processed, total number of signatures revoked, and the aggregate number of verified valid signatures and the distribution of such signatures by congressional district for each proposed amendment proposed by initiative, along with the following information specific to the reporting period: the total number of signatures verified, the distribution of verified valid signatures by congressional district, and the total number of

Page 17 of 30

verified petition forms forwarded to the Secretary of State.

(14) (12) The Secretary of State shall determine from the signatures verified by the supervisors of elections the total number of verified valid signatures and the distribution of such signatures by congressional districts, and the division shall post such information on its website at the same intervals specified in paragraph (13) (c) (11) (e). Upon a determination that the requisite number and distribution of valid signatures have been obtained, the secretary shall issue a certificate of ballot position for that proposed amendment and shall assign a designating number pursuant to s. 101.161.

(15)(a)(13)(a) At the same time the Secretary of State submits an initiative petition to the Attorney General pursuant to s. 15.21, the secretary shall submit a copy of the initiative petition to the Financial Impact Estimating Conference. Within 75 days after receipt of a proposed revision or amendment to the State Constitution by initiative petition from the Secretary of State, the Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall complete an analysis and financial impact statement to be placed on the ballot of the estimated increase or decrease in any revenues or costs to state or local governments and the overall impact to the state budget resulting from the proposed initiative. The 75-day time limit is tolled when the Legislature is in session. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall submit the financial impact statement to the Attorney General and Secretary

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of State. If the initiative petition has been submitted to the Financial Impact Estimating Conference but the validity of signatures has expired and the initiative petition no longer qualifies for ballot placement at the ensuing general election, the Secretary of State must notify the Financial Impact Estimating Conference. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference is not required to complete an analysis and financial impact statement for an initiative petition that fails to meet the requirements of subsection (1) for placement on the ballot before the 75-day time limit, including any tolling period, expires. The initiative petition may be resubmitted to the Financial Impact Estimating Conference if the initiative petition meets the requisite criteria for a subsequent general election cycle. A new Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall be established at such time as the initiative petition again satisfies the criteria in s. 15.21(1).

(b) Immediately upon receipt of a proposed revision or amendment from the Secretary of State, the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic Research shall contact the person identified as the sponsor to request an official list of all persons authorized to speak on behalf of the named sponsor and, if there is one, the sponsoring organization at meetings held by the Financial Impact Estimating Conference. All other persons shall be deemed interested parties or proponents or opponents of the initiative. The Financial Impact Estimating

Conference shall provide an opportunity for any representatives of the sponsor, interested parties, proponents, or opponents of the initiative to submit information and may solicit information or analysis from any other entities or agencies, including the Office of Economic and Demographic Research.

- (c) All meetings of the Financial Impact Estimating
 Conference shall be open to the public. The President of the
 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, jointly,
 shall be the sole judge for the interpretation, implementation,
 and enforcement of this subsection.
- 1. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference is established to review, analyze, and estimate the financial impact of amendments to or revisions of the State Constitution proposed by initiative. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall consist of four principals: one person from the Executive Office of the Governor; the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic Research, or his or her designee; one person from the professional staff of the Senate; and one person from the professional staff of the House of Representatives. Each principal shall have appropriate fiscal expertise in the subject matter of the initiative. A Financial Impact Estimating Conference may be appointed for each initiative.
- 2. Principals of the Financial Impact Estimating
 Conference shall reach a consensus or majority concurrence on a

Page 20 of 30

clear and unambiguous financial impact statement, no more than 150 words in length, and immediately submit the statement to the Attorney General. Nothing in this subsection prohibits the Financial Impact Estimating Conference from setting forth a range of potential impacts in the financial impact statement. Any financial impact statement that a court finds not to be in accordance with this section shall be remanded solely to the Financial Impact Estimating Conference for redrafting. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall redraft the financial impact statement within 15 days.

- 3. If the Supreme Court has rejected the initial submission by the Financial Impact Estimating Conference and no redraft has been approved by the Supreme Court by 5 p.m. on the 75th day before the election, the following statement shall appear on the ballot: "The impact of this measure, if any, has not been determined at this time."
- (d) The financial impact statement must be separately contained and be set forth after the ballot summary as required in s. 101.161(1).
- 1. If the financial impact statement projects a net negative impact on the state budget, the ballot must include the statement required by s. 101.161(1)(b).
- 2. If the financial impact statement projects a net positive impact on the state budget, the ballot must include the statement required by s. 101.161(1)(c).

Page 21 of 30

3. If the financial impact statement estimates an indeterminate financial impact or if the members of the Financial Impact Estimating Conference are unable to agree on the statement required by this subsection, the ballot must include the statement required by s. 101.161(1)(d).

- (e)1. Any financial impact statement that the Supreme Court finds not to be in accordance with this subsection shall be remanded solely to the Financial Impact Estimating Conference for redrafting, provided the court's advisory opinion is rendered at least 75 days before the election at which the question of ratifying the amendment will be presented. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall prepare and adopt a revised financial impact statement no later than 5 p.m. on the 15th day after the date of the court's opinion.
- 2. If, by 5 p.m. on the 75th day before the election, the Supreme Court has not issued an advisory opinion on the initial financial impact statement prepared by the Financial Impact Estimating Conference for an initiative amendment that otherwise meets the legal requirements for ballot placement, the financial impact statement shall be deemed approved for placement on the ballot.
- 3. In addition to the financial impact statement required by this subsection, the Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall draft an initiative financial information statement. The initiative financial information statement should describe in

greater detail than the financial impact statement any projected increase or decrease in revenues or costs that the state or local governments would likely experience if the ballot measure were approved. If appropriate, the initiative financial information statement may include both estimated dollar amounts and a description placing the estimated dollar amounts into context. The initiative financial information statement must include both a summary of not more than 500 words and additional detailed information that includes the assumptions that were made to develop the financial impacts, workpapers, and any other information deemed relevant by the Financial Impact Estimating Conference.

- 4. The Department of State shall have printed, and shall furnish to each supervisor of elections, a copy of the summary from the initiative financial information statements. The supervisors shall have the summary from the initiative financial information statements available at each polling place and at the main office of the supervisor of elections upon request.
- 5. The Secretary of State and the Office of Economic and Demographic Research shall make available on the Internet each initiative financial information statement in its entirety. In addition, each supervisor of elections whose office has a website shall post the summary from each initiative financial information statement on the website. Each supervisor shall include a copy of each summary from the initiative financial

Page 23 of 30

information statements and the Internet addresses for the information statements on the Secretary of State's and the Office of Economic and Demographic Research's websites in the publication or mailing required by s. 101.20.

(16) (14) The Department of State may adopt rules in accordance with s. 120.54 to carry out the provisions of subsections (1)-(16) (1)-(14).

- (17) (15) No provision of this code shall be deemed to prohibit a private person exercising lawful control over privately owned property, including property held open to the public for the purposes of a commercial enterprise, from excluding from such property persons seeking to engage in activity supporting or opposing initiative amendments.
- Section 2. (1) This act applies to constitutional amendments proposed for the 2026 general election and each election thereafter. However, this act does not affect the validity of any petition form gathered, or any contract entered into, before the effective date of this act. Petition forms gathered before the effective date of this act shall be governed by the laws existing at the time that the form was initially gathered.
- (2) The Department of State is authorized, and all conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing the provisions of this act relating to petition forms, petition

circulator registration requirements, and the Petition Signature
Revocation Form. Notwithstanding any other law, emergency rules
adopted pursuant to this subsection are effective for 6 months
after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of
procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of
the emergency rules.

- circulators are canceled on the 14th day after the emergency rules implementing the provisions of this act relating to the registration of petition circulators become effective. Following the emergency rules becoming effective, the Department of State must make every effort to immediately notify all registered petition circulators that their registrations will be canceled and that they must reregister under the requirements of this act.
- Section 3. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (8) of section 895.02, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 895.02 Definitions.—As used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the term:
- (8) "Racketeering activity" means to commit, to attempt to commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, coerce, or intimidate another person to commit:
- (d) A violation of the Florida Election Code, relating to irregularities or fraud involving issue petition activities.
 - Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 15.21, Florida

Page 25 of 30

Statutes, is amended to read:

- 15.21 Initiative petitions; s. 3, Art. XI, State Constitution.—
- (2) If the Secretary of State has submitted an initiative petition to the Attorney General pursuant to subsection (1) but the validity of the signatures for such initiative petition has expired pursuant to <u>s. 100.371(13)(a)</u> <u>s. 100.371(11)(a)</u> before securing ballot placement, the Secretary of State must promptly notify the Attorney General. The Secretary of State may resubmit the initiative petition to the Attorney General if the initiative petition is later circulated for placement on the ballot of a subsequent general election and the criteria under subsection (1) are satisfied.

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 99.097, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 99.097 Verification of signatures on petitions.-
- (4)(a) The supervisor must be paid in advance the sum of 10 cents for each signature checked or the actual cost of checking such signature, whichever is less, by the candidate or, in the case of a petition to have a local issue placed on the ballot, by the person or organization submitting the petition. In the case of a petition to place a statewide issue on the ballot, the person or organization submitting the petition must pay the supervisor in advance the cost posted by the supervisor pursuant to s. 100.371(13) s. 100.371(11) for the actual cost of

Page 26 of 30

checking signatures to place a statewide issue on the ballot.

Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 101.161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.161 Referenda; ballots.-

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- Whenever a constitutional amendment or other public measure is submitted to the vote of the people, a ballot summary of such amendment or other public measure shall be printed in clear and unambiguous language on the ballot after the list of candidates, followed by the word "yes" and also by the word "no," and shall be styled in such a manner that a "yes" vote will indicate approval of the proposal and a "no" vote will indicate rejection. The ballot summary of the amendment or other public measure and the ballot title to appear on the ballot shall be embodied in the constitutional revision commission proposal, constitutional convention proposal, taxation and budget reform commission proposal, or enabling resolution or ordinance. The ballot summary of the amendment or other public measure shall be an explanatory statement, not exceeding 75 words in length, of the chief purpose of the measure. In addition, for every constitutional amendment proposed by initiative, the ballot shall include, following the ballot summary, in the following order:
- (a) A separate financial impact statement concerning the measure prepared by the Financial Impact Estimating Conference in accordance with s. 100.371(15) s. 100.371(13).

Page 27 of 30

The ballot title shall consist of a caption, not exceeding 15 words in length, by which the measure is commonly referred to or spoken of. This subsection does not apply to constitutional amendments or revisions proposed by joint resolution.

Section 7. Section 104.187, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

104.187 Initiative petitions; registration.—A person who violates $\underline{s.\ 100.371(4)}\ \underline{s.\ 100.371(3)}$ commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in $s.\ 775.082$ or $s.\ 775.083$.

Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; authorization and use of proceeds.—It is the legislative intent that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide.

Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as

Page 28 of 30

701 provided in s. 212.054.

- (1) CHARTER COUNTY AND REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM SURTAX.—
- (c)1. The proposal to adopt a discretionary sales surtax as provided in this subsection and to create a trust fund within the county accounts shall be placed on the ballot in accordance with law and must be approved in a referendum held at a general election in accordance with subsection (10).
- 2. If the proposal to adopt a surtax is by initiative, the petition sponsor must, at least 180 days before the proposed referendum, comply with all of the following:
- a. Provide a copy of the final resolution or ordinance to the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall procure a certified public accountant in accordance with subsection (11) for the performance audit.
- b. File the initiative petition and its required valid signatures with the supervisor of elections. The supervisor of elections shall verify signatures and retain signature forms in the same manner as required for initiatives under $\underline{s.\ 100.371(11)}$.
- 3. The failure of an initiative sponsor to comply with the requirements of subparagraph 2. renders any referendum held void.

Page 29 of 30

Section 9. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 726

Page 30 of 30