The Senate Committee on Judiciary offered the following substitute to HB 1361:

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and
 offenses, so as to prohibit distribution of computer generated obscene material depicting a
 child; to provide for the offenses of doxing and aggravated doxing; to provide for penalties;
 to provide for construction; to provide for definitions; to provide for related matters; to
 provide for an effective date and applicability; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other
 purposes.

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### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

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#### **SECTION 1.**

9 Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, is
10 amended by repealing Code Section 16-12-80, relating to distributing obscene material,
11 obscene material defined, and penalty, and enacting a new Code Section 16-12-80 to read as
12 follows:

- 13 <u>"16-12-80.</u>
- 14 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 15 (1) 'Artificial intelligence system' means an engineered or machine based system that
- 16 <u>emulates the capability of a person to receive audio, visual, text, or any other form of</u>

17	information and uses the information received to emulate a human cognitive process,
18	including, but not limited to, learning, generalizing, reasoning, planning, predicting,
19	acting, or communicating; provided, however, that artificial intelligence systems may
20	vary in the forms of information they can receive and in the human cognitive processes
21	they can emulate.
22	(2) 'Child' means any person under the age of 16 years.
23	(3) 'Sexually explicit conduct' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code
24	<u>Section 16-12-100.</u>
25	(b) Any person commits the crime of distribution of computer generated obscene material
26	depicting a child when he or she knowingly creates, distributes, solicits, or possesses with
27	intent to distribute a visual depiction of any kind, including an electronic image, electronic
28	video, drawing, sculpture, or painting, that:
29	(1) Depicts an image that appears to be of a child, and that would appear realistic to an
30	average observer, engaging in sexually explicit conduct, whether between persons of the
31	same or opposite sex;
32	(2) Is obscene; and
33	(3) Was created through the use of an artificial intelligence system.
34	(c) A person who commits the crime proscribed in subsection (b) of this Code section shall
35	be guilty of a felony and punished by imprisonment for not less than one year nor more
36	than 15 years.
37	(d) It is not a required element of an offense under this Code section that the child depicted
38	actually exists.
39	(e) Material is obscene if:
40	(1) To an average person, applying contemporary community standards, taken as a
41	whole, it predominantly appeals to the prurient interest, that is, a shameful or morbid
42	interest in nudity, sex, or excretion;

- 45 (3) The material depicts or describes, in a patently offensive way, sexual conduct.
- 46 (f) If the court orders a sentence to be probated in whole or in part, as a condition the court
- 47 may impose any or all of the requirements set forth in subsection (b) of Code
- 48 <u>Section 42-8-35.</u>"
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### **SECTION 2.**

50 Said title is further amended in Article 3 of Chapter 11, relating to invasion of privacy, by 51 adding a new Code to read as follows:

52 ″<u>16-11-93.</u>

53 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:

- 54 (1) 'Close relation' means a person's current or former spouse, parent, child, sibling,
- 55 stepchild, stepparent, grandparent, coworker, an individual in a dating relationship with
- 56 such person as defined in Code Section 19-13A-1, or any individual who regularly resides
- 57 or, within the prior six months, regularly resided, in the same household as such person.
- 58 (2) 'Mental anguish' means emotional distress or suffering as evidenced by a reasonably
- 59 <u>held anxiety, fear, torment, or apprehension of physical harm resulting from the posting</u>

60 or publication of a person's personally identifiable information.

- 61 (3) 'Personally identifiable information' means:
- 62 (A) Any information or combination of information, whether publicly available or not,
- 63 that can be used to distinguish or trace a person's identity, residence, location, or
- 64 <u>employer, including but not limited to such person's name, prior legal name, alias,</u>
- 65 mother's maiden name, social security number, date or place of birth, address, phone
- 66 <u>number, religious practices or affiliation, employment information, academic status, life</u>
- 67 <u>activities, or biometric data; and</u>

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68	(B) Any sensitive private information regarding a person, such as gender identity,
69	sexual orientation, or any sexually intimate or explicit visual depiction.
70	(4) 'Post' means to circulate, deliver, distribute, disseminate, transmit, or otherwise make
71	available to one or more persons through electronic communication, including but not
72	limited to social media platforms and services.
73	(5) 'Reckless' means a gross deviation from the standard of care which a reasonable
74	person would exercise.
75	(6) 'Significant economic injury' means reasonable financial costs or expenses incurred
76	by an alleged victim as a result of mental anguish proximately caused by the posting of
77	that person's personally identifiable information, including, but not limited to, moving
78	from an established residence, changing daily routines, changing routes or modes of
79	transportation to and from work, changing employment or work schedules, losing time
80	from a work or job, damage to personal or real property, or experiencing a monetary loss
81	<u>of not less than \$500.00.</u>
82	(7) 'Stalking' shall have the same meaning as contained in Article 7 of Chapter 5 of this
83	title
	<u>title.</u>
84	(b)(1) A person commits the offense of doxing when such person intentionally posts
84 85	
	(b)(1) A person commits the offense of doxing when such person intentionally posts
85	(b)(1) A person commits the offense of doxing when such person intentionally posts another person's personally identifying information without their consent and does so
85 86	(b)(1) A person commits the offense of doxing when such person intentionally posts another person's personally identifying information without their consent and does so with reckless disregard for whether the information would be reasonably likely to be used
85 86 87	(b)(1) A person commits the offense of doxing when such person intentionally posts another person's personally identifying information without their consent and does so with reckless disregard for whether the information would be reasonably likely to be used by another party to cause the person whose information is posted to be placed in
85 86 87 88	(b)(1) A person commits the offense of doxing when such person intentionally posts another person's personally identifying information without their consent and does so with reckless disregard for whether the information would be reasonably likely to be used by another party to cause the person whose information is posted to be placed in reasonable fear of stalking, serious bodily injury or death to oneself or a close relation,
85 86 87 88 89	(b)(1) A person commits the offense of doxing when such person intentionally posts another person's personally identifying information without their consent and does so with reckless disregard for whether the information would be reasonably likely to be used by another party to cause the person whose information is posted to be placed in reasonable fear of stalking, serious bodily injury or death to oneself or a close relation, or to suffer a significant economic injury or mental anguish as a result therefrom.
85 86 87 88 89 90	<ul> <li>(b)(1) A person commits the offense of doxing when such person intentionally posts another person's personally identifying information without their consent and does so with reckless disregard for whether the information would be reasonably likely to be used by another party to cause the person whose information is posted to be placed in reasonable fear of stalking, serious bodily injury or death to oneself or a close relation, or to suffer a significant economic injury or mental anguish as a result therefrom.</li> <li>(2) A person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor by committing the offense of doxing</li> </ul>

94	(c)(1) A person commits the offense of aggravated doxing when such person posts
95	another person's personally identifying information without their consent with the intent
96	that another person engage in conduct that is likely to or does cause the person whose
97	information is posted, or his or her close relation, to suffer death or bodily injury.
98	(2) A person who commits the offense of aggravated doxing is guilty of a felony and,
99	upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment of not less than one nor more
100	than three years, a fine of not less than \$1,000.00 nor more than \$10,000.00, or both.
101	(d) It shall not be an offense under this Code section for a person to:
102	(1) Provide another person's personally identifiable information in connection with the
103	reporting of criminal activity to an official, agent, or employee of a law enforcement
104	agency, protective services agency, criminal investigations agency, intelligence agency,
105	or homeland security agency of the State of Georgia or of the United States when the
106	person making the report reasonably believes it is true;
107	(2) Disseminate another person's personally identifiable information for the purpose of
108	or in connection with the reporting of conduct reasonably believed to be unlawful; or
109	(3) Provide another person's personally identifiable information in connection with
110	lawful and constitutionally protected activity as it pertains to speech, assembly, and
111	petition.
112	(e) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed in any manner to:
113	(1) Prevent, prohibit, limit, or restrict the freedom of expression that is protected under
114	the Georgia Constitution or the First Amendment to the United States Constitution;
115	provided, however, that speech or conduct including, but not limited to, true threats or
116	expressive activity directed to provoke and likely to produce imminent lawless actions
117	shall be prohibited;
118	(2) Conflict with the provisions of the federal Communication Decency Act, 47 U.S.C.
110	Section 220.

119 <u>Section 230;</u>

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- 120 (3) Conflict with the provisions of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1871, 42 U.S.C.
- 121 <u>Section 1983; or</u>
- 122 (4) Prohibit any activity protected under the Constitution of the United States or the
- 123 <u>Georgia Constitution.</u>"
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## **SECTION 3.**

- 125 This Act shall become effective on July 1, 2024, and shall apply to all offenses committed
- 126 on or after such date.
- 127 **SECTION 4.**
- 128 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.