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House Bill 27

By: Representative Mitchell of the 88th

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Part 1 of Article 7 of Chapter 14 of Title 44 of the Official Code of Georgia
- 2 Annotated, relating to foreclosure in general, so as to provide, under certain circumstances,
- 3 for an opportunity, prior to foreclosure, for a debtor to cure a foreclosure and bring the debt
- 4 current by making all past due payments along with any late fees and charges; to provide for
- 5 a method of payment; to provide for a limitation; to provide for a definition; to provide for
- 6 related matters; to provide for an effective date and applicability; to repeal conflicting laws;
- 7 and for other purposes.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

9 **SECTION 1.**

- 10 Part 1 of Article 7 of Chapter 14 of Title 44 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
- 11 relating to foreclosure in general, is amended by adding a new Code section to read as
- 12 follows:
- 13 "44-14-162.5.
- 14 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'security instrument' means a mortgage, security
- deed, or lien contract.
- 16 (b) This Code section shall apply to the exercise of a power of sale of property:
- 17 (1) All or part of which is presently used as a dwelling place by the debtor; and
- 18 (2) In which the debtor occupying such property is an original borrower who entered into
- 19 <u>the security instrument.</u>
- 20 (c) If the debtor and the property meet the conditions of subsection (b) of this Code
- 21 <u>section, then such debtor shall have the right to have enforcement of the power of sale</u>
- 22 <u>discontinued at any time up to five days before sale of the property, provided that such</u>
- 23 <u>debtor:</u>
- 24 (1) Pays to the creditor or to the creditor's attorney, using one of the forms of payment
- set forth in subsection (d) of this Code section and no later than five days before sale of

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26 the property, all sums which then would be due under the security instrument if no

- 27 <u>acceleration had occurred;</u>
- 28 (2) Cures any default of any other terms of the security instrument; and
- 29 (3) Pays all fees and expenses specified as collectable under the security instrument as
- a result of the breach and acceleration.
- 31 (d) The creditor may require that the debtor pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in
- 32 <u>one or more of the following forms, as selected by the creditor:</u>
- 33 <u>(1) Cash;</u>
- 34 (2) Money order;
- 35 (3) Electronic funds transfer; or
- 36 (4) Certified check, bank check, treasurer's check, or cashier's check, provided that:
- 37 (A) Such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal
- 38 agency, instrumentality, or entity; and
- 39 (B) Such check is made payable to the creditor or to the creditor's attorney as specified
- by the creditor or the creditor's attorney.
- 41 (e) Upon reinstatement under this Code section, the creditor's interest in the property and
- 42 <u>rights under the security instrument, and the debtor's obligation to pay the sums secured by</u>
- 43 the security instrument, shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred.
- 44 (f) The requirements of this Code section shall not be waivable by contract or otherwise.
- 45 (g) This Code section shall not apply to any obligation after the maturity date of such
- 46 <u>obligation.</u>"
- 47 SECTION 2.
- 48 This Act shall become effective on July 1, 2017, and shall apply to security instruments
- 49 executed on or after July 1, 2017.
- 50 SECTION 3.

51 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.