15 LC 36 2592

House Bill 368

By: Representatives Strickland of the 111th, Hamilton of the 24th, Bryant of the 162nd, Pruett of the 149th, Broadrick of the 4th, and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Title 8 of the Official Code of Georg	rgia Annotated
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- 2 relating to buildings relative to the standards and requirements for construction, alteration,
- 3 and other matters, so as to repeal and reserve Part 5 of said article, relating to glass
- 4 installations; to provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date; to repeal
- 5 conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

7 SECTION 1.

- 8 Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Title 8 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 9 buildings relative to the standards and requirements for construction, alteration, and other
- 10 matters, is amended by repealing and reserving Part 5, relating to glass installations, as
- 11 follows:
- 12 "Part 5
- 13 8-2-90.
- 14 As used in this part, the term:
- 15 (1) 'Fabricator' means a person who fabricates, assembles, or glazes from component
- parts such structures or products commonly known as sliding glass doors, entrance doors,
- 17 adjacent fixed glazed panels, storm doors, shower doors, bathtub enclosures, fixed glazed
- panels, or other glazed structures to be used or installed in hazardous locations.
- 19 (2)(A) 'Hazardous locations' means for the purpose of glazing:
- 20 (i) Glazing in ingress and egress doors, except wired glass in required fire doors and
- 21 jalousies;
- 22 (ii) Glazing in fixed and sliding panels of sliding type doors (patio and mall type);
- 23 (iii) Glazing in storm doors;

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24 (iv) Glazing in all unframed swinging doors; 25 (v) Glazing in shower and bathtub doors and enclosures; (vi) Glazing, operable or inoperable, adjacent to a door in all buildings and within the 26 27 same wall plane as the door whose nearest vertical edge is within 12 inches of the 28 door in a closed position and whose bottom edge is less than 60 inches above the floor 29 or walking surface; 30 (vii) Glazing in fixed panels having a glazed area in excess of nine square feet with 31 the lowest edge less than 18 inches above the finish floor level or walking surface 32 within 36 inches of such glazing. In lieu of safety glazing, such glazed panels may be protected with a horizontal member not less than one and one-half inches wide when 33 34 located between 24 and 36 inches above the walking surface; or 35 (viii) All doors, windows, and mirrors on public buses and trains. 36 (B) The following products, materials, and uses shall not be included in the definition 37 of the term 'hazardous locations': 38 (i) Openings in doors through which a three-inch sphere is unable to pass; (ii) Leaded glass panels where no individual piece of glass has an area greater than 39 40 30 square inches; 41 (iii) Glazing materials used as curved glass panels in revolving doors; 42 (iv) Commercial refrigerated cabinet glazed doors; or 43 (v) Faceted and decorative glass. (3) 'Installer' means those persons who or those concerns which install glazing materials 44 45 or build structures containing glazing materials in hazardous locations. 46 (4) 'Manufacturer' means a person who manufactures safety glazing material. 47 (5) 'Safety glazing material' means any glazing material, such as tempered glass, 48 laminated glass, wire glass, or rigid plastic, which meets the requirements of the USA 49 Standard Z-97.1-1966 or such requirements as are or may be hereafter adopted by the Georgia Department of Labor and which are constructed, treated, or combined with other 50 materials in such a manner as to minimize the likelihood of cutting and piercing injuries 51 52 resulting from human contact with the glazing material. 8-2-91. 53 54 It shall be unlawful, for use in the State of Georgia, knowingly to sell, fabricate, assemble, glaze, install, or consent to be installed any glazed structure, product, or material to be used 55 in any hazardous location if said product, material, or structure contains any glass or 56 57 glazing product other than safety glazing material.

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58 8-2-92.

Transparent glass or plastic doors located in commercial or public places which are situated in buildings open to the public must, in addition to use of safety glazing materials, be

61 posted, painted, or otherwise marked in such a manner as to alert the public as to their

presence. Such posting, painting, or marking shall also be required in those places glazed

- 63 with nonsafety glazing materials prior to July 1, 1970.
- 64 8-2-93.

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- Any light which is made of safety glazing material and which is manufactured, distributed,
- 66 imported, sold, or installed within the State of Georgia shall be permanently labeled by the
- 67 manufacturer of the glazing material by etching or sand blasting, or by firing ceramic
- 68 material on the glass; and such label shall be visible after glazing. The label shall identify
- 69 the manufacturer and the thickness and type of safety glazing material and shall state that
- 70 it meets the requirements of USA Standard Z-97.1-1966 or such requirements as are or may
- 71 be hereafter adopted by the Georgia Department of Labor. The use of such labeling or
- 72 identification on materials other than safety glazing materials shall be a violation of this
- 73 part.
- 74 8-2-94.
- 75 The Commissioner of Labor shall administer and enforce this part. He shall have the power
- and authority to adopt and promulgate such reasonable rules and regulations as shall be
- 77 necessary in order that he might carry out the duties and responsibilities imposed upon him
- 78 by this part and in order that the purposes and intent of this part shall be effectuated.
- 79 8-2-95.
- 80 Any person who violates any provision of this part shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 81 Reserved."
- 82 SECTION 2.
- 83 This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law
- 84 without such approval.
- 85 SECTION 3.
- 86 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.