House Bill 60

By: Representatives Barnes of the 86<sup>th</sup>, Hugley of the 141<sup>st</sup>, Oliver of the 84<sup>th</sup>, Holcomb of the 101<sup>st</sup>, Alexander of the 66<sup>th</sup>, and others

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Chapter 2 of Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 2 elementary and secondary education, so as to provide for school lunch and school breakfast
- 3 programs for public school students in this state; to provide for such meals to be offered at
- 4 no cost to students who qualify for reduced price meals under federal and state guidelines;
- 5 to provide for school breakfast programs under the Quality Basic Education Act; to provide
- 6 for funding; to require local school systems to maximize access to federal funding; to provide
- 7 for participating in the United States Department of Agriculture's Community Eligibility
- 8 Provision (CEP); to provide for rules and regulations; to encourage the use of Georgia grown
- 9 products in school breakfast and lunch programs; to provide a short title; to provide for
- 10 related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

13 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Healthy Start."

SECTION 2.

15 Chapter 2 of Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to elementary and 16 secondary education, is amended in Article 3, relating to local boards of education, by

17 repealing and reserving Code Section 20-2-66, relating to school breakfast programs.

18 SECTION 3.

- 19 Said chapter is further amended in Part 5 of Article 6, relating to program weights and
- 20 funding requirements, by revising Code Section 20-2-187, relating to state-wide school lunch
- 21 program, instruction in nutrition, hygiene, etiquette, and social graces, and school food and
- 22 nutrition personnel, as follows:
- 23 "20-2-187.
- 24 (a)(1) The State Board of Education shall annually determine the amount of state funds
- 25 needed to provide a state-wide school lunch program to ensure all students enrolled in
- 26 <u>public schools in this state have access to high-quality healthy meals to support student</u>
- learning, and such amount shall include, but shall not be limited to, funds sufficient to
- ensure that such meals are offered at no cost to students who are eligible for reduced price
- meals under federal and state guidelines. The state board shall, by regulation, provide for
- 30 certifying and classifying school <del>lunch</del> food and nutrition supervisors and managers and
- 31 establish training programs for school <del>lunch</del> food and nutrition personnel. The state board
- is authorized to provide for the payment of:
- 33 (A)(1) Operating costs of school lunchrooms cafeterias, including, but not limited to,
- breakfast costs<del>, as</del> financed by federal funds, for those students eligible under federal
- 35 guidelines;
- 36 (B)(2) State supplements to the salaries paid to such personnel by local units of
- administration; and
- 38 (C)(3) State incentive pay for satisfactory completion of such training programs.

(2) An application of local five mill share funds pursuant to Code Section 20-2-164 shall not be made for payments to local units of administration under this Code section. Any state funds appropriated for this purpose shall be used to supplement federal funds as a means of keeping sale prices within reach of paying students and of maximizing participation and quality meals for all students.

(b)(1) Each local school system in this state is encouraged to establish and support a school breakfast program to make breakfast available to students.

(2) Each local school system that has a school or site with an identified student percentage of at least 40 percent, or an identified student percentage of less than 40 percent if authorized by federal law, as determined annually by the deadline set by the United States Department of Agriculture, shall establish and support a school breakfast program.

(3) Each local school system operating a school breakfast program pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection shall be reimbursed by the state at the federal reimbursement rate per eligible meal prepared and served; provided, however, that, if federal funding for the school breakfast program ceases, the state shall reimburse each local school system operating a school breakfast program at the federal reimbursement rate per eligible meal prepared and served that was in effect during the most recent full school year during which federal funds were available. The State Board of Education shall annually determine the amount of state funds needed to ensure all students enrolled in public schools in this state operating a school breakfast program have access to high-quality healthy meals to support student learning, and such amount shall include, but shall not be limited to, funds sufficient to ensure that such meals are offered at no cost to students who are eligible for reduced price meals under federal and state guidelines.

(c) An application of local five mill share funds pursuant to Code Section 20-2-164 shall not be made for payments to local units of administration under this Code section. Any state funds appropriated for this purpose shall be used to supplement federal funds as a

66 means of maximizing student participation in school lunch programs and school breakfast 67 programs, to ensure all students enrolled in public schools in this state have access to 68 high-quality healthy meals to support student learning and that such meals are offered at 69 no charge to all students enrolled in a public school in this state. 70 (d) Local school systems shall maximize access to federal funds for the cost of school lunch and school breakfast programs by adopting the United States Department of 71 72 Agriculture's Community Eligibility Provision or any other federal provision that, in the 73 opinion of the Department of Education, results in the most possible federal funding for 74 meals served in such program. Each local school system that has a school or site with an 75 identified student percentage of at least 40 percent, or an identified student percentage of 76 less than 40 percent if authorized by federal law, as determined annually by the deadline set by the United States Department of Agriculture, shall participate in the federal 77 78 Community Eligibility Provision in the subsequent school year and throughout the duration 79 of the Community Eligibility Provision's four-year cycle. Local school systems, to the 80 extent practicable, shall group public schools for purposes of maximizing the number of 81 schools eligible to participate in the Community Eligibility Provision. 82 (e) The State Board of Education shall promulgate rules and regulations which: 83 (1) Establish minimum nutritional requirements for school lunch programs and school

- 83 (1) Establish minimum nutritional requirements for school lunch programs and school breakfast programs which meet or exceed the minimum federal requirements;
- 85 (2) Utilize federal standards of income eligibility for free or reduced price meals for low-income students;
- (3) Prescribe uniform methods of determining eligibility for free or reduced price meals
   that are discreet and accessible. Each participating local school system shall establish a
   method to regularly notify parents of the availability of such programs;
- 90 (4) Provide that each participating local school system submit a plan of compliance;

91 (5) Provide that compliance with the standards and regulations of the National School

- 22 <u>Lunch Act and Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended, shall be deemed compliance</u>
- with the requirements promulgated by the board;
- 94 (6) Assist participating local school systems in applying for and obtaining start-up grant
- 95 money for such programs; and
- 96 (7) Encourage and assist participating local school systems in using Georgia grown
- produce, dairy, and poultry products.
- 98 (b)(f) The State Board of Education is authorized to prescribe by appropriate rules and
- 99 regulations that there may be included as part of the program of every public school in this
- state a course of instruction in nutrition, hygiene, etiquette, and the social graces relating
- to the partaking of meals and is further authorized to allot funds, in a manner consistent
- with the funding for the other various components of the instructional program, to local
- units of administration for costs directly associated with this program. There may be
- utilized in the course of instruction the full resources available to each individual school,
- including its cafeterias, school lunch food and nutrition personnel, and all practical
- demonstrations in the preparation and consumption of food which may be necessary to
- formulate a comprehensive course of instruction in such subject matter. Any period of the
- school day may be utilized for the teaching of this course of instruction, including that
- period usually reserved for the lunch period.
- $\frac{(e)(1)}{(g)(1)}$  The State Board of Education shall establish a system of allotments of funds
- to local units of administration to provide for services rendered on a ten-month basis by
- school food and nutrition personnel. The amount of funds paid to any local unit of
- administration shall be paid in 12 monthly payments and shall be based upon the number
- of full-time equivalent school <del>lunch</del> food and nutrition positions needed to plan, prepare,
- and serve meals in that local unit of administration, multiplied by an annual base
- payment. For each school food and nutrition manager, the local unit of administration
- shall earn the base payment as well as an amount not to exceed \$100.00 per month.

(2) The base payment shall be calculated on the basis of 1,520 hours in an annual school year for a full-time equivalent school hunch food and nutrition position, multiplied by an amount not less than \$161.00 per month for 12 months. Future annual increases in the base payment shall reflect the same percentage increase provided by the state for other state funded positions. The state board shall annually establish a state performance standard and shall determine the number of full-time equivalent school hunch food and nutrition positions needed to plan, prepare, and serve meals based on the state performance standard and the average daily number of student hunches meals served during the preceding school year.

(3) Each local unit of administration shall establish a staffing pattern and determine the number of personnel to employ. Local units of administration shall establish the salary schedule for school food and nutrition personnel and shall use the base payments in financing the locally established salary schedule."

SECTION 4.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.