Senate Bill 197

By: Senators Hufstetler of the 52nd, Watson of the 1st, Butler of the 55th, Kirkpatrick of the 32nd, Kennedy of the 18th and others

AS PASSED SENATE

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Chapter 1 of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 2 general provisions relative to professions and businesses, so as to prohibit deceptive or 3 misleading terms or false representations by health care practitioners in advertisements and 4 representations; to prohibit the misappropriation of medical or medical specialty titles by 5 health care practitioners in advertisements and representations; to provide for definitions; to 6 provide for related matters; to provide for a short title; to repeal conflicting laws; and for 7 other purposes.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

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SECTION 1.

10 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Health Care Practitioners Truth and11 Transparency Act."

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SECTION 2.

13 Chapter 1 of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to general14 provisions relative to professions and businesses, is amended by revising Code Section

15 43-1-33, relating to advertisement, signage, and identifier requirements for health care16 practitioners, as follows:

17 "43-1-33.

18 (a) This Act Code section shall be known and may be cited as the 'Consumer Information

19 and Awareness Act.'

20 (b) The General Assembly hereby finds and declares that:

21 (1) There are numerous professional degrees that include the term 'doctor,' such as 22 Doctor of Medicine (M.D.); Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.); Doctor of Dental 23 Surgery (D.D.S.); Doctor of Dental Medicine (D.M.D.); Doctor of Podiatric 24 Medicine (D.P.M.); Doctor of Optometry (O.D.); Doctor of Chiropractic (D.C.); 25 registered professional nurses or advanced practice registered nurses (nurse practitioners, 26 clinical nurse specialists, certified nurse midwives, and certified nurse anesthetists) with 27 doctorate degrees (D.N.P., D.N.S., Ph.D., or Ed.D.); audiologists with doctorate (A.U.D.); speech-language pathologists 28 degrees with doctorate 29 degrees (S.L.P.D. or Ph.D.); and other designations, which may be used by health care 30 practitioners; and

(2) Each health care professional receives education and training that qualifies them to
 provide general and specialized services respectively. This training is necessary to
 correctly detect, diagnose, prevent, and treat serious health conditions.

34 (c) As used in this Code section, the term:

35 (1) 'Advertisement' means any communication or statement, whether printed, electronic,

36 or verbal, or in any way disseminated to the general public or to other health care

37 <u>practitioners</u>, that names a health care practitioner in relation to his or her or the practice,

38 profession, or institution in which the practitioner is employed, volunteers, or otherwise

39 provides health care services. This term includes business cards, letterhead, patient

40 brochures, e-mail, Internet, audio, and video.

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41	(2) 'Clinical setting' means any location, whether physical or virtual, in which a person
42	is evaluated, diagnosed, counseled, or treated for any disease, defect, or injury.
43	(3) 'Deceptive or misleading terms or false representations' includes, but is not limited
44	to, the use of titles, terms, or other words that misstate, falsely describe, falsely hold out,
45	falsely detail, or falsely imply the health care practitioner's:
46	(A) Profession;
47	(B) Skills;
48	(C) Training;
49	(D) Expertise;
50	(E) Educational degree;
51	(F) Board certification;
52	(G) Licensure;
53	(H) Work or services offered; or
54	(I) Medical field, if such practitioner is not a physician licensed pursuant to Article 2
55	of Chapter 34 of this title.
56	(2)(4) 'Health care practice or facility' means a hospital, physician practice setting,
57	nursing home, assisted living community, or personal care home.
58	(3)(5) 'Health care practitioner' means a:
59	(A) Chiropractor licensed pursuant to Chapter 9 of this title;
60	(B) Professional counselor, social worker, or marriage and family therapist licensed
61	pursuant to Chapter 10A of this title;
62	(C) Dentist licensed pursuant to Chapter 11 of this title;
63	(D) Dietitian licensed or registered pursuant to Chapter 11A of this title;
64	(E) Advanced practice registered nurse, including nurse practitioner, certified
65	registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, clinical nurse specialist, registered
66	professional nurse, and licensed practical nurse, licensed or registered pursuant to
67	Chapter 26 of this title;

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68	(F) Occupational therapist licensed pursuant to Chapter 28 of this title;
69	(G) Optometrist licensed pursuant to Chapter 30 of this title;
70	(H) Physical therapist licensed pursuant to Chapter 33 of this title;
71	(I) Physician or osteopath licensed pursuant to Chapter 34 of this title;
72	(J) Physician assistant licensed pursuant to Chapter 34 of this title;
73	(K) Acupuncturist licensed pursuant to Chapter 34 of this title;
74	(L) Podiatrist licensed pursuant to Chapter 35 of this title;
75	(M) Psychologist licensed pursuant to Chapter 39 of this title;
76	(N) Audiologist or speech-language pathologist licensed pursuant to Chapter 44 of this
77	title;
78	(O) Pharmacist licensed pursuant to Chapter 4 of Title 26;
79	(P) Ophthalmic technician;
80	(Q) Medical assistant or certified nursing assistant; and
81	(R) Respiratory care professional certified pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 34 of this
82	title.
83	(6) 'Medical or medical specialty title' means any title that originates from or is a
84	derivation of specialty or subspecialty training or certification attained by a physician
85	through completion of nationally accredited medical education culminating in a Doctor
86	of Medicine or Doctor of Osteopathy degree; completion of a physician internship,
87	residency, or fellowship training program; or any combination thereof.
88	(d)(1) An advertisement by a health care practitioner shall identify include the
89	practitioner's name and disclose only the type of license under which the health care
90	practitioner holds is authorized to provide services.
91	(2) An advertisement by a health care practitioner shall not:
92	(A) Include deceptive or misleading terms or false representations; or
93	(B) Include or reference medical or medical specialty titles, unless such health care
94	practitioner is a physician licensed pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 34 of this title.

95 (2)(3) This subsection shall not apply to an advertisement by a health care practice or 96 facility and shall not be construed to require any such a health care practice or facility in 97 which multiple health care practitioners are employed to list in an advertisement the name 98 of every health care practitioner so employed by such practice or facility. 99 (d.1)(1) An advanced practice registered nurse shall verbally identify himself or herself 100 as an advanced practice registered nurse during each patient interaction in a clinical 101 setting. An advanced practice registered nurse who holds a doctorate degree and 102 identifies himself or herself with the title 'doctor' while in a clinical setting shall clearly 103 state that he or she is not a medical doctor or physician. 104 (2) A physician assistant shall verbally identify himself or herself as a physician assistant during each patient interaction in a clinical setting. A physician assistant who holds a 105 doctorate degree and identifies himself or herself with the title 'doctor' while in a clinical 106 107 setting shall clearly state that he or she is not a medical doctor or physician. (3) No health care practitioner shall identify or refer to himself or herself in a clinical 108 109 setting with: 110 (A) Deceptive or misleading terms or false representations; or 111 (B) Any medical or medical specialty titles, unless such health care practitioner is a 112 physician licensed pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 34 of this title. 113 (e)(1) A health care practitioner providing services in this state in a health care practice 114 or facility shall conspicuously post and affirmatively communicate the practitioner's 115 specific licensure to all current and prospective patients as follows: 116 (A)(i)The health care practitioner shall wear an identifier during all patient 117 encounters that shall include:

- 118 (I) The health care practitioner's name; and
- (II) The type of license or educational degree the health care practitioner holds.
- 120 (ii) The identifier shall be of sufficient size and be worn in a conspicuous manner so
- 121 as to be visible and apparent. A lab coat or similar distinguishing clothing or uniform

- indicating the practitioner's specific licensure may be considered an identifier if suchclothing or uniform meets the requirements of division (i) of this subparagraph.
- (iii) An identifier shall not be required in an operating room or other setting where
 surgical or other invasive procedures are performed or in any other setting where
 maintaining a sterile environment is medically necessary.
- (iv) An identifier shall not be required in any mental health setting where it wouldimpede the psychotherapeutic relationship.
- (v) If a safety or health risk to the health care practitioner or a patient would be
 created as a result of the practitioner wearing such identifier in a specified practice
 setting, an identifier shall not be required or may be modified by omitting or
 concealing the last name of the practitioner in accordance with the requirements of
 the health care practice or facility; and
- (B) A health care practitioner in a health care practice or facility other than a hospital
 shall display in the reception area of such practice or facility a notice that clearly
 identifies the type of health care practitioners employed in such practice or facility and
 the right of a patient to inquire as to the type of license of the health care practitioner
 treating such patient. The notice shall be of sufficient size so as to be visible and
 apparent to all current and prospective patients.
- 140 (2) A health care practitioner who practices in more than one office shall place the
 141 identifier information conspicuously on such practitioner's website if he or she maintains
 142 a website.
- (3) A health care practitioner who practices in a nonpatient care setting and who does not
 have any direct patient care interactions shall not be subject to the provisions of this
 subsection.
- (4) A health care practice or facility which requires, as of the effective date of this Codesection, its health care practitioners to wear an identification badge shall not be required

to replace such badges to conform to the requirements of subparagraph (A) ofparagraph (1) of this subsection.

(5) Except as otherwise provided by paragraph (6) of this subsection, this subsection
shall only apply to health care practices and facilities where more than one type of health
care practitioner interacts with patients in exam settings. This subsection shall not apply
to health care practices or facilities in which only one type of health care practitioner
practices.

155 (6) This subsection shall only apply to a dentist if such dentist is practicing in a hospital.

156 This subsection shall only apply to a chiropractor or optometrist if such chiropractor or 157 optometrist is practicing in a hospital, nursing home, assisted living community, or 158 personal care home.

(f) A health care practitioner who intentionally violates any provision of this Code section
may be subject to disciplinary action by the health care practitioner's professional licensing
board. Notwithstanding the imposition of any sanction, the health care practitioner's
professional licensing board may seek an injunction or other legal means as appropriate
against such health care practitioner violating this Code section.

164 (g) A violation of this Code section shall not constitute a private cause of action."

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SECTION 3.

166 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.