

Senate Bill 66

By: Senators Parent of the 44th, Jones II of the 22nd, Jackson of the 41st, Esteves of the 35th, Orrock of the 36th and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
AN ACT

1 To amend Titles 16 and 19 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and  
2 offenses and to domestic relations, respectively, so as to prohibit persons convicted of  
3 misdemeanor crimes of family violence from receiving, possessing, or transporting a firearm  
4 and to prohibit persons subject to family violence protective orders from receiving,  
5 possessing, or transporting a firearm; to provide for definitions; to provide an effective date  
6 and applicability; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other  
7 purposes.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

9 **SECTION 1.**

10 Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, is  
11 amended in Code Section 16-5-20, relating to simple assault, by revising subsection (e) as  
12 follows:

13 "(e) Upon conviction of simple assault under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Code  
14 section, or, if the offense involves a firearm, under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this  
15 Code section, that is committed between past or present spouses, persons who are parents  
16 of the same child, parents and children, stepparents and stepchildren, foster parents and

17 foster children, or other persons living or formerly living in the same household, the court  
18 shall inform the offender orally and in writing that such offender is prohibited from  
19 receiving, possessing, or transporting a firearm under subsection (b) of Code  
20 Section 16-11-131, indicate such prohibition on the record of conviction, order such  
21 offender orally and in writing to transfer any and all firearms in his or her possession or  
22 control, and ensure transfer is made as provided under subsection (b.1) of Code Section  
23 16-11-131 Reserved."

24 **SECTION 2.**

25 Said title is further amended in Code Section 16-5-23, relating to simple battery, by revising  
26 subsection (g) as follows:

27 "(g) If the offense of simple battery is committed between past or present spouses, persons  
28 who are parents of the same child, parents and children, stepparents and stepchildren, foster  
29 parents and foster children, or other persons living or formerly living in the same  
30 household, the court, upon conviction, shall inform such offender orally and in writing that  
31 the offender is prohibited from receiving, possessing, or transporting a firearm under  
32 subsection (b) of Code Section 16-11-131, indicate such prohibition on the record of  
33 conviction, order such offender orally and in writing to transfer any and all firearms in his  
34 or her possession or control, and ensure transfer is made as provided under subsection (b.1)  
35 of Code Section 16-11-131 Reserved."

36 **SECTION 3.**

37 Said title is further amended in Code Section 16-5-23.1, relating to battery, by adding a new  
38 subsection to read as follows:

39 "(f.1) If the offense of battery is committed between past or present spouses, persons who  
40 are parents of the same child, parents and children, stepparents and stepchildren, foster  
41 parents and foster children, or other persons living or formerly living in the same

42 household, the court, upon conviction, shall inform such offender orally and in writing that  
43 such offender is prohibited from receiving, possessing, or transporting a firearm under  
44 subsection (b) of Code Section 16-11-131, indicate such prohibition on the record of  
45 conviction, order such offender orally and in writing to transfer any and all firearms in his  
46 or her possession or control, and ensure transfer is made as provided under subsection (b.1)  
47 of Code Section 16-11-131."

48 **SECTION 4.**

49 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-11-102, relating to pointing or  
50 aiming a gun or pistol at another, as follows:

51 "16-11-102.

52 (a) A person is guilty of a misdemeanor when he or she intentionally and without legal  
53 justification points or aims a gun or pistol at another, whether the gun or pistol is loaded  
54 or unloaded.

55 (b) If the offense of pointing or aiming a gun or pistol at another is committed between  
56 past or present spouses, persons who are parents of the same child, parents and children,  
57 stepparents and stepchildren, foster parents and foster children, or other persons living or  
58 formerly living in the same household, the court, upon conviction, shall inform such  
59 offender orally and in writing that such offender is prohibited from receiving, possessing,  
60 or transporting a firearm under subsection (b) of Code Section 16-11-131, indicate the  
61 prohibition on the record of conviction, order such offender orally and in writing to transfer  
62 any and all firearms in his or her possession or control, and ensure transfer is made as  
63 provided under subsection (b.1) of Code Section 16-11-131."

64

**SECTION 5.**

65 Said title is further amended in Code Section 16-11-131, relating to possession of firearms  
66 by convicted felons and first offender probationers, by revising subsections (a), (b), and (b.1)  
67 and by adding a new subsection to read as follows:

68 "16-11-131.

69 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:

70 (1) 'Family violence protective order' means an order issued under Code Section 19-13-4  
71 or an equivalent order in this state or elsewhere that was issued after the restrained person  
72 received notice of the proceedings and an opportunity to be heard.

73 ~~(1)~~(2) 'Felony' means any offense punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or  
74 more and includes conviction by a court-martial under the Uniform Code of Military  
75 Justice for an offense which would constitute a felony under the laws of the United  
76 States.

77 ~~(2)~~(3) 'Firearm' includes any a handgun, rifle, shotgun, or other weapon which will or  
78 can be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or electrical charge.

79 (4) 'Misdemeanor crime of family violence' means any offense provided for under Code  
80 Section 16-5-20, 16-5-23, 16-5-23.1, or 16-11-102 that:

81 (A) Is committed between past or present spouses, persons who are parents of the same  
82 child, parents and children, stepparents and stepchildren, foster parents and foster  
83 children, or other persons living in or formerly living in the same household; and

84 (B) Involves the use or attempted use of physical force or the use or threatened use of  
85 a firearm.

86 (b) Any person who is on probation as a felony first offender pursuant to Article 3 of  
87 Chapter 8 of Title 42, who is on probation and was sentenced for a felony under  
88 subsection (a) or (c) of Code Section 16-13-2, or who is subject to a family violence  
89 protective order, or who has been convicted of a misdemeanor offense of family violence,  
90 or a felony by a court of this state or any other state; by a court of the United States

91 including its territories, possessions, and dominions; or by a court of any foreign nation and  
92 who receives, possesses, or transports ~~any~~ a firearm commits a felony and, upon conviction  
93 thereof, shall be imprisoned for not less than one year nor more than ten years; provided,  
94 however, that upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall be imprisoned for  
95 not less than five nor more than ten years; provided, further, that if the felony for which the  
96 person is on probation or has been previously convicted is a forcible felony, then upon  
97 conviction of receiving, possessing, or transporting a firearm, such person shall be  
98 imprisoned for a period of five years.

99 (b.1)(1) Upon entering a conviction for a misdemeanor crime of family violence, a court  
100 shall immediately:

101 (A) Inform such offender orally and in writing that, pursuant to subsection (b) of this  
102 Code section, the offender shall not receive, possess, or transport any firearm;

103 (B) Order such offender orally and in writing to surrender all firearms in the offender's  
104 possession, within 24 hours of the order to a federally licensed firearms dealer;

105 (C) Provide such offender the opportunity to attest orally and in writing that he or she  
106 at the time of the conviction, has no firearms in his or her possession or control; and

107 (D) If such offender does not attest orally and in writing as provided in  
108 subparagraph (C) of this paragraph, schedule a hearing to occur within 72 hours, during  
109 which time the offender shall either:

110 (i) Present a receipt showing that any firearms in the offender's possession or control  
111 at the time of conviction were physically surrendered to a federally licensed firearms  
112 dealer and attest orally and in writing that such firearms have been physically  
113 surrendered to a federally licensed firearms dealer and that the offender, at the time  
114 of the hearing, has no firearms in the offender's possession or control; or

115 (ii) Attest orally and in writing that the offender, at the time of the conviction, had  
116 no firearms in his or her possession or control and, at the time of the hearing, has no  
117 firearm in his or her possession or control.

118 (2) An offender transporting a firearm to surrender in accordance with this subsection  
119 shall not be subject to prosecution under subsection (b) of this Code section.

120 (b.2) Any person who is prohibited by this Code section from possessing a firearm because  
121 of conviction of a forcible felony or because of being on probation as a first offender or  
122 under conditional discharge for a forcible felony and who attempts to purchase or obtain  
123 transfer of a firearm shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be punished by  
124 imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than five years; provided, however, that  
125 upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall be punished by imprisonment  
126 for not less than five nor more than ten years."

127 **SECTION 6.**

128 Title 19 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to domestic relations, is  
129 amended in Code Section 19-13-4, relating to family violence protective orders and consent  
130 agreements, by adding a new subsection to read as follows:

131 "(a.1)(1) An order issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section that was granted  
132 after notice was provided to the respondent and after such respondent was given an  
133 opportunity to be heard shall prohibit such respondent from receiving, possessing, or  
134 transporting a firearm. Upon issuance of such an order a court shall immediately:

135 (A) Inform such respondent in writing that, pursuant to subsection (b) of Code  
136 Section 16-11-131, the offender shall not receive, possess, or transport a firearm;

137 (B) Order such respondent in writing to surrender all firearms in his or her possession  
138 within 24 hours of the order to a federally licensed firearms dealer;

139 (C) If such respondent is present at the time the order is issued, provide him or her the  
140 opportunity to attest orally and in writing that her or she, at the time of the issuance of  
141 the protective order, has no firearms in his or her possession or control; and

142 (D) If such respondent does not attest orally and in writing as provided in  
143 subparagraph (C) of this paragraph, schedule a hearing to occur within 72 hours, during  
144 which time the respondent shall either:

145 (i) Present a receipt showing that a firearm in his or her possession or control at the  
146 time the order was issued was physically surrendered to a federally licensed firearms  
147 dealer and attest orally and in writing that a firearm in the respondent's possession or  
148 control at the time the protective order was issued has been physically surrendered to  
149 a federally licensed firearms dealer and that the respondent, at the time of the hearing,  
150 has no firearm in his or her possession or control; or

151 (ii) Attest orally and in writing that the respondent, at the time the protective order  
152 was issued, had no firearm in his or her possession or control and, at the time of the  
153 hearing, has no firearm in his or her possession or control.

154 (2) A respondent transporting a firearm to surrender in accordance with this subsection  
155 shall not be subject to prosecution under subsection (b) of Code Section 16-11-131."

156 **SECTION 7.**

157 This Act shall become effective on July 1, 2025, and shall apply to any conviction or  
158 protective order issued on or after such date.

159 **SECTION 8.**

160 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.