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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 109, As Amended in the Senate

BY REVENUE AND TAXATION COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO INCOME TAXATION; AMENDING SECTION 63-3022H, IDAHO CODE, TO RE-
3	VISE THE DEFINITION OF THE TERM "REAL PROPERTY" FOR CAPITAL GAINS PUR-
4	POSES AND TO PROVIDE THAT PROPERTY THAT HAS BEEN DEPRECIATED IS NOT ELI-
5	GIBLE TO BE TREATED AS REAL PROPERTY; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVID-
6	ING RETROACTIVE APPLICATION.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 63-3022H, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 63-3022H. DEDUCTION OF CAPITAL GAINS. (1) If an individual taxpayer reports capital gain net income in determining taxable income, eighty percent (80%) in taxable year 2001 and sixty percent (60%) in taxable years thereafter of the capital gain net income from the sale or exchange of qualified property shall be a deduction in determining Idaho taxable income.
- (2) The deduction provided in this section is limited to the amount of the capital gain net income from all property included in taxable income. Gains treated as ordinary income by the Internal Revenue Code do not qualify for the deduction allowed in this section. The deduction otherwise allowable under this section shall be reduced by the amount of any federal capital gains deduction relating to such property, but not below zero.
- (3) Property held by an estate, trust, S corporation, partnership, limited liability company or an individual is "qualified property" under this section if the property had an Idaho situs at the time of sale and is:
 - (a) Real property held at least twelve (12) months;
 - (b) Tangible personal property used in Idaho for at least twelve (12) months by a revenue-producing enterprise;
 - (c) Cattle or horses held for breeding, draft, dairy or sporting purposes for at least twenty-four (24) months if more than one-half (1/2) of the taxpayer's gross income (as defined in section 61(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) for the taxable year is from farming or ranching operations in Idaho;
 - (d) Breeding livestock other than cattle or horses held at least twelve (12) months if more than one-half (1/2) of the taxpayer's gross income (as defined in section 61(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) for the taxable year is from farming or ranching operations in Idaho;
 - (e) Timber grown in Idaho and held at least twenty-four (24) months;
 - (f) In determining the period for which property subject to this section has been held by a taxpayer, the provisions of section 1223 of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply, except that the holding period shall not include the holding period of property given up in an exchange, when such property would not have constituted qualified property under this section without regard to meeting the holding period nor shall the hold-

ing period include any time period in which the property subject to this section was held by a corporation other than an S corporation.

- (4) As used in this section "revenue-producing enterprise" means:
- (a) The production, assembly, fabrication, manufacture, or processing of any agricultural, mineral or manufactured product;
- (b) The storage, warehousing, distribution, or sale at wholesale of any products of agriculture, mining or manufacturing;
- (c) The feeding of livestock at a feedlot;

- (d) The operation of laboratories or other facilities for scientific, agricultural, animal husbandry, or industrial research, development, or testing.
- (5) As used in this section the term "real property" means land and other tangible property permanently upon or affixed to the land includes the following:
 - (a) A "qualified conservation easement," as defined in section 2031(c)(8)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, conveyed to a "Qualified Organization" as defined in section 170(h) of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (b) Grazing permits or leases issued by the U.S. forest service, the bureau of land management or the Idaho department of lands, if such permit is transferred simultaneously with the transfer of the "base property"; and
 - (c) Any other property defined in section 1250(c) of the Internal Revenue Code as "section 1250 property" conveyed in perpetuity, the transfer of which would be required to be in writing by section 9-503, Idaho Code.
- (6) Property that has been depreciated pursuant to section 1245 of the Internal Revenue Code is not eligible to be treated as real property for purposes of this deduction.

SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval, and retroactively to all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010.