IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 693

BY EDUCATION COMMITTEE

AN ACT

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2	RELATING TO EDUCATION; AMENDING SECTION 33-1614, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PRO-
3	VISIONS REGARDING READING INSTRUCTION AND INTERVENTION; AMENDING SEC-
4	TION 33-1615, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING READING AS-
5	SESSMENTS; AMENDING SECTION 33-1616, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS
6	REGARDING LITERACY INTERVENTION; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 33-1614, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 33-1614. READING INSTRUCTION AND INTERVENTION. (1) It is the ultimate goal of the legislature that every student read at or above grade level by the end of grade 3. School districts shall offer a reading intervention program pursuant to section 33-1616, Idaho Code, to each kindergarten through grade 3 student who exhibits a reading deficiency on the statewide a local reading assessment pursuant to section 33-1615, Idaho Code, or who is identified as having such deficiency in an evaluation by a teacher, to ensure students can read at or above grade level at the end of grade 3. The reading intervention program shall be provided in addition to core reading instruction that is provided to all students in the general education classroom and must be in alignment with the Idaho comprehensive literacy plan. The reading intervention program shall:
 - (a) Be provided to all grade K-3 students identified with a reading deficiency as determined by the statewide local reading assessments or evaluation by a teacher;
 - (b) Provide intensive development in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary and text comprehension, as applicable to the grade level and aligned with Idaho content standards; and
 - (c) Monitor the reading progress of each student's reading skills throughout the school year and adjust instruction according to student needs. Monitoring may include both local and statewide be done using interim assessments.
- (2) Reading Improvement Plan. Any student in kindergarten through grade 3 who exhibits a deficiency in reading at any time based upon the statewide assessment or an evaluation shall receive an individual reading improvement plan no later than thirty (30) days after the identification of the reading deficiency. The reading improvement plan shall be created by the teacher, the principal, other pertinent school personnel, including staff-assigned library duties if applicable, and the parent(s) or guardian(s) and shall describe the reading intervention services the student will receive to remedy the reading deficit. Each student must receive intensive reading intervention until the student is determined to be proficient in reading for their at grade level.

- (a) Having made a good faith effort, should the school be unable to engage the parent or guardian in the development of the student's reading improvement plan within fifteen (15) days of notifying the parent, the school may move forward with the creation of the student's reading improvement plan without parental participation.
- (b) Any student who has been identified as not proficient through a local literacy assessment may also be put on a reading improvement plan.
- (e) Students who are on a reading improvement plan and have been identified through the statewide a local reading assessment or an evaluation by a teacher to be at grade level may be transitioned off of the reading improvement plan. Schools must notify the parents or guardians in advance of transitioning students off of their reading improvement plan.
- (3) Parent Notification. The parent of any student in kindergarten through grade 3 who exhibits a deficiency in reading at any time during the school year must be notified in writing of the reading deficiency. The school district shall assist schools with providing written notification to the parent of any student who has not met grade-level proficiency.
 - (a) The initial notification must include the following:

- (i) A statement that his or her student has been identified as having a deficiency in reading and a reading improvement plan will be established by the teacher, principal, other applicable school personnel and the parent(s) or guardian(s);
- (ii) A description of the current services that are provided to the student; and
- (iii) A description of the available reading intervention and supplemental instructional services and supports that could be provided to the student that are designed to address the identified areas of reading deficiency.
- (b) Following development of the plan, the parent will be provided with:
 - (i) A description of the reading intervention and supplemental instructional services and support that will be provided to the student that are designed to address the identified areas of reading deficiency; and
 - (ii) Strategies for parents to use at home in helping their student to succeed in reading.
- (c) At the conclusion of each school year, or earlier if it has been determined that the student is proficient and is no longer in need of intervention, the parent or guardian will be updated on the student's progress, including any recommendation for placement.
- (4) District Annual Reporting. Each school district shall report to the state department of education by October 1 of each year. The report shall contain the following information on the prior school year:
 - (a) By grade, the number and percentage of all students in grades K-3 performing at the basic or below basic level on $\frac{1}{1}$ and $\frac{1}{1}$ assessments in reading; and
 - (b) By grade, the number and percentage of all students in grades K-3 performing at the proficient or higher advanced level on a local and statewide assessments in reading.

(5) Department Responsibilities. The state department of education shall annually compile the information required along with state-level summary information and annually report such information to the state board of education, the public, the governor and the legislature. The department shall provide technical assistance as needed to aid school districts in implementing the provisions of this section.

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- (6) The state board of education may promulgate rules for the administration and implementation of this section.
- SECTION 2. That Section 33-1615, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 33-1615. READING ASSESSMENT. The state department of education shall be responsible for administration $\underline{\text{coordination}}$ of all assessment efforts and shall train assessment personnel and report results.
- (1) In continuing recognition of the critical importance of reading skills, all public school students in kindergarten and grades 1, 2 and 3 shall have their reading skills assessed by a local assessment designed to measure a student's reading competency. For purposes of this assessment section, the state board-approved research-based "Idaho Comprehensive Literacy Plan" shall be the reference document. The kindergarten assessments shall include, but not be limited to, reading readiness, fluency and phonological awareness as recognized by Idaho content standards. Grades 1, 2 and 3 shall test for fluency, comprehension and accuracy of the student's reading. The local reading assessment shall be by a single statewide test specified by the state board of education, and the state department of education shall ensure that testing aligned with Idaho content standards. Assessment shall take place not less no fewer than two (2) times per year in the relevant grades to show student growth toward reading competency. Local reading assessments shall assist school personnel in developing the student's reading improvement plan and provide in-depth information about a student's instructional needs. Additional progress monitoring assessments may be administered to students who are identified for reading interventions as set forth in section 33-1616, Idaho Code. The state K-3 assessment test results shall be reviewed by school personnel for the purpose of providing necessary interventions to sustain or improve the students' reading skills. Reports shall be submitted by the school districts in such a manner that it is possible to determine for each school building with kindergarten through grade 3 in each school district the percentage of students who are achieving proficiency on the reading assessment. Results shall be maintained and compiled by the school district for inclusion in its continuous improvement plan and by the state department of education and shall be reported annually to the state board, legislature and governor and made available to the public in a consistent manner, by school and by district.
- (2) The assessment scores and interventions recommended and implemented shall be maintained in the permanent record of each student.
- (3) The administration of the state K-3 assessments is to be done in the local school districts by individuals chosen by the district other than to maintain the integrity of the assessment process and should include the regular classroom teacher. All those who administer the assessments shall be trained by the state department of education.

- (4) It is legislative intent that curricular materials utilized by school districts for kindergarten through grade 3 shall align with the "Idaho Comprehensive Literacy Plan." At a minimum, local reading assessments must be:
 - (a) Scientifically based, with instruction based on research that applies rigorous, systematic and objective procedures to obtain valid knowledge that is relevant to reading development, reading instruction and reading difficulties;
 - (b) Valid and reliable;

- (c) Proven to effectively and accurately measure a student's reading skills in the areas of phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary development, fluency and reading comprehension in alignment with Idaho content standards; and
- (d) In the case of a diagnostic assessment, proven to accurately identify a student's reading skill deficiencies.
- SECTION 3. That Section 33-1616, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 33-1616. LITERACY INTERVENTION. (1) Each school district and public charter school shall establish an extended time literacy intervention program for students who are determined to exhibit a reading deficiency in an evaluation by a teacher or who score basic or below basic on the fall reading screening assessments or alternate reading screening assessment local screener in kindergarten through grade 3 and submit it to the state board of education.
 - (2) The program shall provide:
 - (a) Proven, effective research—based substantial intervention and shall include phonemic awareness, decoding intervention, vocabulary, comprehension and fluency as applicable to the student based on a formative assessment designed to, at a minimum, identify such weaknesses;
 - (b) May include online or digital instructional materials or <u>computer-assisted learning</u> programs or library resources and must include parent input and be in alignment with the Idaho comprehensive literacy plan;
 - (c) A minimum of sixty (60) hours of supplemental instruction for students in kindergarten through grade 3 who score below basic on the $\frac{\text{local}}{\text{reading screening}}$ assessment; and
 - (d) A minimum of thirty (30) hours of supplemental instruction for students in kindergarten through grade 3 who score basic on the $\frac{local}{local}$ reading $\frac{local}{local}$ assessment.
- (3) Of the funds appropriated for the purpose of this section, no more than one hundred dollars (\$100) per student may be used for transportation costs.
- (4) For the purpose of program reimbursement, the state department of education shall adopt reporting forms, establish reporting dates, and adopt such additional guidelines and standards as necessary to accomplish the program goals that every child will read fluently and comprehend printed text on grade level by the end of the third grade.
- (5) To ensure students receive high-quality literacy instruction and intervention, the state department of education shall provide professional development to districts and schools on best practices supporting literacy

instruction as outlined in the state board of education approved "Idaho Ecomprehensive Eliteracy Pplan." Curricular materials utilized by school districts for kindergarten through grade 3 shall align with the Idaho comprehensive literacy plan and the Idaho content standards. Intervention program participation and effectiveness by school and district shall be presented annually to the state board, the legislature and the governor.

- (6) At a minimum, digital instructional materials and computer-assisted learning programs must:
 - (a) Meet the requirements in subsection (2) (a) of this section;
 - (b) Be evidence-based, with instruction based on reliable and trust-worthy data;
 - (c) <u>Have demonstrated a record of success in adequately increasing students' reading competency;</u>
 - (d) Provide initial and ongoing analysis of a student's progress toward reading competency;
 - (e) Provide explicit instruction in the areas of phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary, fluency and comprehension; and
 - (f) Align to the Idaho content standards.

<u>(7)</u> The state board of education shall promulgate rules implementing the provisions of this section. At a minimum, such rules shall include student trajectory growth to proficiency benchmarks and a timeline for reaching such benchmarks.

SECTION 4. This act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2019.