## LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Sixty-first Legislature

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Second Regular Session - 2012

## IN THE SENATE

## SENATE BILL NO. 1298

#### BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO CODIFIER'S CORRECTIONS IN STATUTES; AMENDING SECTION 8-507C,
3	IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE CODIFIER'S CORRECTIONS AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL COR-
4	RECTION; AMENDING SECTION 36-1401, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT
5	CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 39-302, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE REFER-
5	ENCE TO ARCHAIC LANGUAGE; AMENDING SECTION 39-303A, IDAHO CODE, TO RE-
7	MOVE REFERENCE TO ARCHAIC LANGUAGE AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION;
3	AMENDING SECTION 39-304, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE REFERENCE TO ARCHAIC
9	LANGUAGE; AMENDING SECTION 41-1941, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE A TECHNICAL
10	CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTIONS 56-234, 56-234A, 56-235A, 56-235B AND
11	56-235C, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE CODIFIER'S CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION
12	56-264, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SEC-
13	TION 57-813, IDAHO CODE, TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF COUNTY DEDUCTIBLE;
14	AND AMENDING SECTION 67-821, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE REFERENCE TO ARCHAIC
15	LANGUAGE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 8-507C, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

8-507C. FORMS. The notice of exemptions, instructions to debtors and third parties, and the claim of exemption shall be in a form substantially similar to the form hereinafter provided. The forms shall be made available in English and Spanish language translations in the offices of each county sheriff. Notice, written in Spanish, of the availability of these documents in Spanish translation shall be set forth on the notice of exemptions.

# IMPORTANT LEGAL NOTICE/NOTICIA LEGAL IMPORTANTE

MONEY/PERSONAL PROPERTY BELONGING TO YOU MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR 26 HELD IN ORDER TO SATISFY A COURT JUDGMENT. YOU MAY BE ABLE TO GET YOUR MONEY/PROPERTY BACK SO READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY. 28

SI SOLAMENTE HABLA ESPANOL PUEDE OBTENER UNA FORMA EN ESPANOL EN EL 29 DEPARTAMENTO DEL SHERIFE. 30

The enclosed writ of execution and/or notice of garnishment has directed the 31 32 sheriff to take custody by levying on your money and/or personal property in order to satisfy a court judgment. 33

The sheriff has levied on your money and/or personal property. You have 34 FOURTEEN (14) DAYS after the date of mailing or personal service of these 35 documents to file a claim of exemption with the sheriff. An exemption from 36

- 1 levy entitles you to obtain the release of your money and personal property.
- 2 The following is a partial list of money and personal property that may be ex-
- 3 empt from levy. EXEMPTIONS ARE PROVIDED BY IDAHO AND FEDERAL LAW AND CAN BE
- 4 FOUND IN THE IDAHO CODE AND IN THE UNITED STATES CODE. MOST OF THE EXEMPTIONS
- 5 PROVIDED BY THE STATE ARE CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 6, TITLE 11, IDAHO CODE. GOV-
- 6 ERNMENTAL BENEFITS SUCH AS SOCIAL SECURITY, SSI, VETERANS, RAILROAD RETIRE-
- 7 MENT, MILITARY, AND WELFARE ARE EXEMPT FROM LEVY IN MOST CASES UNDER FEDERAL
- 8 LAW.

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- 9 This list may not be complete and may not include all exemptions that apply
- in your case because of periodic changes in the law. Additionally, some of
- 11 the exemptions may not apply in full or under all circumstances. There may be
- special requirements for child support. You or your attorney should read the
- 13 exemption statutes which apply to you.
- 14 If you believe the money or personal property that are is being levied upon is
- exempt, you should immediately file a claim of exemption. If you fail to make
- a timely claim of exemption, the sheriff will release money to the plaintiff,
- or the property may be sold at an execution sale, perhaps at a price substan-
- 18 tially below its value, and you may have to bring further court action to re-
- 19 cover the money and property.
- 20 The sheriff cannot give you legal advice. Therefore, if you have any ques-
- tions concerning your rights in this action, you should consult an attorney
- 22 as soon as possible. You may contact the nearest office of Idaho legal aid
- 23 services, inc. to inquire if you are eligible for their assistance.

## SOME EXEMPTIONS TO WHICH YOU MAY BE ENTITLED

# 25 Type of Money and Property

- 1. Alimony, support, maintenance (money or property)
- 2. Appliances (household) (\$500750 per item, up to \$5,0007,500 gross)
- 28 3. Annuity contract payments
  - 4. Bodily injury and wrongful death awards\*
  - 5. Books (professional) up to  $$\frac{1}{2}$ ,500
- 31 6. Burial plots
  - 7. Child support payments\*
  - 8. Disability or illness benefits\*
- 9. Furnishings (household) (\$500750 per item, up to \$5,0007,500 gross)
- 35 10. Health aids
  - 11. Homestead, house, mobile home, and related structures
- 37 12. Jewelry (up to \$1,000)
  - 13. Life insurance benefits payable to spouse or dependent\*
    - 14. Medical and/or hospital benefits
- 40 15. Military retirement and survivor's benefits
- 16. Motor vehicle: car, truck, motorcycle with a value of up to \$37,000 per person
- 43 17. Pension: stock bonus, profit sharing annuity, or similar plans

- 1 18. Personal property: (\$\frac{500}{750}\$ per item, up to \$\frac{5}{7000}\$\frac{7}{500}\$ gross)
  2 (furnishings, appliances, one firearm, animals, musical instruments,
  3 books, clothes, family portraits and heirlooms)
  - 19. Public assistance: federal, state, or local including: Aid to Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD); Aid to Dependent Children (AFDC); Aid to Permanently and Totally Disabled (APTD)
  - 20. Public Employee's Benefits including Federal Civil Service Retirement, Idaho Retirement and Disability
  - 21. Railroad Retirement Benefits
  - 22. Retirement, pension or profit sharing plan qualified by IRS
  - 23. Social Security Disability and Retirement Benefits
  - 24. SSI (Supplemental Security Insurance Benefits)
  - 25. Tools of trade and implements up to  $$\frac{1}{2}$ , 500
  - 26. Unemployment benefits
  - 27. Veterans benefits and insurance
  - 28. Wages or salary:

Consumer debts primarily for personal or household purposes: exemption is 30 times the federal minimum wage or 25% of disposable income, whichever is greater

Nonconsumer debts: exemption is 30 times the federal minimum wage or 25% of disposable income, whichever is greater

- 29. Worker's compensation
- 30. An unmatured life insurance contract other than a credit life insurance contract
- 31. An aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000, in any accrued dividend or interest under, or loan value of, an unmatured life insurance contract under which the insured is the individual or a person of whom the individual is a dependent
- 32. An aggregate interest in any tangible personal property, not to exceed the value of \$800
- \*To the extent reasonably necessary for support of family and if not commingled with other funds.

# INSTRUCTIONS TO DEFENDANTS AND THIRD PARTIES

In order to claim an exemption from execution and garnishment under Idaho and federal law, you, the defendant, judgment debtor, or a third party, holding or known to have an interest in the money and/or personal property, must:

- 1. DELIVER OR MAIL A CLAIM OF EXEMPTION TO THE SHERIFF WHO LEVIED UPON YOUR MONEY AND/OR PERSONAL PROPERTY AT (SHERIFF'S STREET ADDRESS), WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS AFTER MAILING OR PERSONAL SERVICE OF THESE INSTRUCTIONS, NOTICE OF EXEMPTIONS AND FORM FOR FILING A CLAIM OF EXEMPTION. IF YOU MAIL A CLAIM OF EXEMPTION, IT MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE SHERIFF WITHIN THE FOURTEEN (14) DAY PERIOD.
- 2. The sheriff has to notify the plaintiff or judgment creditor within one (1) business day, excluding weekends and holidays, that you filed a claim of exemption. The judgment creditor

has five (5) business days, excluding weekends and holidays, after the date notice was provided that a claim of exemption was filed with the sheriff, to file a motion with the court contesting the claim of exemption.

- 3. If the judgment creditor notifies the sheriff that he will not object to the claim of exemption or does not file a motion with the court contesting the claim of exemption, the sheriff will immediately return the money and/or personal property or notify the bank or depository institution to release the money and/or personal property which has been levied upon.
- 4. IF THE JUDGMENT CREDITOR DOES FILE A MOTION WITH THE COURT CONTESTING THE CLAIM OF EXEMPTION, YOU, THE JUDGMENT DEBTOR OR ANY INTERESTED THIRD PARTY, WILL RECEIVE A COPY OF THE MOTION AND NOTICE OF HEARING. A HEARING WILL BE HELD WITHIN NOT LESS THAN FIVE (5) NOR MORE THAN TWELVE (12) DAYS AFTER THE FILING DATE OF THE MOTION. YOU SHOULD BE PREPARED TO EXPLAIN THE GROUNDS FOR CLAIMING THE EXEMPTION IN COURT ON THE DATE AND TIME SET FOR THE HEARING. YOU SHOULD BRING WHATEVER DOCUMENTS YOU HAVE TO SUPPORT YOUR CLAIM.
- 5. This is a notice, not legal advice. If you have any questions concerning your rights in this action, you should contact an attorney as soon as possible. If you are low income and cannot afford an attorney you may contact the nearest office of Idaho Legal Aid Services, Inc. to inquire if they can assist you.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE ...... JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE

I claim an exemption from levy for the following described money and/or property:

a. Money, including money in a bank account, which was paid to me or my family as:

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Public assistance of any kind
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                       Social security or SSI
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                       Worker's compensation
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                       Unemployment benefits
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                       Child support
                      Retirement, pension, or profit sharing benefits
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                       Military or veterans benefits
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                       Life insurance or other insurance
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                      Disability, illness, medical or hospital benefits
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1		Alimony, support or maintenance	
2		Annuity contract benefits	
3		Bodily injury or wrongful death awards	
4		Other money (describe)	
5		Wages (Do not check this box until you have first talked to	
6		your employer to see if he correctly calculated your ex-	
7		emption according to the formula under item 28 on the form	
8		entitled "SOME EXEMPTIONS TO WHICH YOU MAY BE ENTITLED."	
9		Then check this box only if you believe your employer's	
10		calculation is incorrect.)	
11	b. Property:		
12		Professional books	
13		Burial plots	
14		Health aids	
15		Homestead, house, mobile home and related structures	
16		Jewelry	
17		Car, truck or motorcycle	
18		Tools and implements	
19		Appliances, furnishings, firearms, animals, musical instru-	
20		ments, books, clothes, family portraits and heirlooms	
21		Other property (describe)	
22		•••••	
23		Defendant or	
24		Representative	

SECTION 2. That Section 36-1401, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

36-1401. VIOLATIONS. (a) Infractions. Any person who pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a violation of the following provisions of the fish and game code or the following rules or proclamations promulgated pursuant thereto is guilty of an infraction:

## 1. Statutes.

- (A) Take, transport, use or have in possession bait fish as set forth in section 36-902 (d), Idaho Code.
- (B) Chumming as set forth in section 36-902(e), Idaho Code.
- (C) Nonresident child under the age of fourteen (14) years fishing without a valid license and not accompanied by a valid license holder as set forth in section 36-401(a)2., Idaho Code.
- (D) Use or cut a hole larger than ten (10) inches in the ice for ice fishing as set forth in section 36-1509(a), Idaho Code.
- (E) Store fish without required tags/permits/statements as set forth in section 36-503, Idaho Code.
- (F) Own, possess or harbor any dog found running loose and which is tracking, pursuing, harassing or attacking a big game animal as set forth in section 36-1101 (b) 67. (B), Idaho Code.
- (G) Hunt migratory waterfowl without having in possession a signed federal migratory bird hunting stamp as set forth in section 36-1102(b)2., Idaho Code.

- (H) Hunt migratory game birds without having in possession a license validated for the federal migratory bird harvest information program permit as set forth in section 36-409(k), Idaho Code.
- (I) Trap in or on, destroy or damage any muskrat house as provided in section 36-1103(c), Idaho Code.
- (J) Hunt migratory game birds with a shotgun capable of holding more than three (3) shells as provided and incorporated in section 36-1102 (b), Idaho Code.

#### 2. Rules or Proclamations.

- (A) Fish from a raft or boat with motor attached in waters where motors are prohibited.
- (B) Fish with hooks larger than allowed in that water.
- (C) Fish with barbed hooks in waters where prohibited.
- (D) Exceed any established bag limit for fish by one (1) fish, except bag limits for anadromous fish, landlocked chinook salmon, kamloops rainbow trout, lake trout, or bull trout.
- (E) Fish with more than the approved number of lines or hooks.
- (F) Fail to leave head and/or tail on fish while fish are in possession or being transported.
- (G) Snag or hook fish other than in the head and fail to release, excluding anadromous fish.
- (H) Fail to attend fishing line and keep it under surveillance at all times.
- (I) Fail to comply with mandatory check and report requirements.
- (J) Fail to leave evidence of sex or species attached as required on game birds.
- (K) Hunt or take migratory game birds or upland game birds with shot exceeding the allowable size.
- (L) Fail to release, report or turn in nontarget trapped animals.
- (M) Fail to complete required report on trapped furbearer.
- (N) Fail to present required furbearer animal parts for inspection.
- (O) Fail to attach identification tags to traps.
- (P) Possess not more than one (1) undersized bass.
- (Q) Park or camp in a restricted area, except length of stay violations.
- (R) Fail to leave evidence of sex attached as required on game animals.
- (b) Misdemeanors. Any person who pleads guilty to, is found guilty or is convicted of a violation of the provisions of this title or rules or proclamations promulgated pursuant thereto, or orders of the commission, except where an offense is expressly declared to be an infraction or felony, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (c) Felonies. Any person who pleads guilty to, is found guilty or is convicted of a violation of the following offenses shall be guilty of a felony:
  - 1. Knowingly and intentionally selling or offering for sale or exchange, or purchasing or offering to purchase or exchange, any wildlife, or parts thereof, which has been unlawfully killed, taken or possessed.

- 2. Releasing into the wild, without a permit from the director, any of the following wildlife, whether native or exotic: ungulates, bears, wolves, large felines, swine, or peccaries.
- 3. Unlawfully killing, possessing or wasting of any combination of numbers or species of wildlife within a twelve (12) month period which has a single or combined reimbursable damage assessment of more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), as provided in section 36-1404, Idaho Code.
- 4. Conviction within ten (10) years of three (3) or more violations of the provisions of this title, penalties for which include either or both a mandatory license revocation or a reimbursable damage assessment.
- SECTION 3. That Section 39-302, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-302. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, the terms defined in this section shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates another meaning:
- (1) "Addiction" or "alcoholism" means a primary, chronic, neurobiological disease with genetic, psychosocial and environmental factors influencing its development and manifestations. It is characterized by behaviors that include one (1) or more of the following: impaired control over drug or alcohol use, compulsive use, continued use despite harm, and craving.
- (2) "Alcoholic" means a person who has the disease of alcoholism, which is characterized by behaviors that include one (1) or more of the following: impaired control over alcohol use, compulsive use, continued use despite harm, and craving.
- (3) "Approved private treatment facility" means a private agency meeting the standards prescribed in section 39-305(1), Idaho Code, and approved under the provisions of section 39-305(3), Idaho Code, and rules promulgated by the board of health and welfare pursuant to this chapter.
- (4) "Approved public treatment facility" means a treatment agency operating under the provisions of this chapter through a contract with the department of health and welfare pursuant to section 39-304(7), Idaho Code, and meeting the standards prescribed in section 39-305(1), Idaho Code, and approved pursuant to section 39-305(3), Idaho Code, and rules promulgated by the board of health and welfare pursuant to this chapter.
  - (5) "Department" means the Idaho department of health and welfare.
- (6) "Director" means the director of the Idaho department of health and welfare.
- (7) "Drug addict" means a person who has the disease of addiction, which is characterized by behaviors that include one (1) or more of the following: impaired control over drug use, compulsive use, continued use despite harm, and craving.
- (8) "Incapacitated by alcohol or drugs" means that a person, as a result of the use of alcohol or drugs, is unconscious or has his judgment otherwise so impaired that he is incapable of realizing and making a rational decision with respect to his need for treatment.
- (9) "Incompetent person" means a person who has been adjudged incompetent by an appropriate court within this state.

(10) "Interagency committee" means the interagency committee on substance abuse prevention and treatment as provided for in section 39-303, Idaho Code.

- (11) "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of drugs or alcohol.
- $(12\underline{1})$  "Recovery support services" means those ancillary, nonclinical services needed for a client to maintain substance abuse or addiction recovery. These services may include transportation, childcare, drug testing, safe and sober housing and care management.
- (132) "Substance abuse" means the misuse or excessive use of alcohol or other drugs or substances.
- $(14\underline{3})$  "Treatment" means the broad range of emergency, outpatient, intensive outpatient, and inpatient services and care, including diagnostic evaluation, medical, psychiatric, psychological, and social service care, vocational rehabilitation and career counseling, which may be extended to alcoholics and intoxicated persons and/or drug addicts.
- SECTION 4. That Section 39-303A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-303A. REGIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEES. (1) Regional advisory committees that address substance abuse issues shall be established by the department of health and welfare. The regional advisory committees shall be composed of regional directors of the department or their designees, regional substance abuse program staff and representatives of other appropriate public and private agencies. Members shall be appointed by the respective regional directors for terms determined by the regional director. The committees shall meet at least quarterly at the call of the chair, who shall also be appointed by the regional director. The committees shall provide for the coordination of, and exchange of information on, all programs relating to alcoholism and drug addiction, and shall act as liaison among the departments engaged in activities affecting alcoholics and intoxicated persons.
- (2) The chairpersons of each regional advisory committee shall collectively meet at least annually and elect one (1) of its members to serve as the regional advisory committees' representative on the interagency committee. Each regional advisory committee shall provide to the regional advisory committees' representative, before each regular meeting of the interagency committee, a report addressing local substance abuse program needs and other information as it pertains to the treatment and prevention of alcoholism and other drug addiction or as required by the chairperson of the interagency committee. The regional advisory committees' representative shall be responsible for communicating information from these reports at each regular meeting of the interagency committee.
- SECTION 5. That Section 39-304, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-304. COMPREHENSIVE PROGRAM FOR TREATMENT. The Idaho department of health and welfare is hereby designated as the state substance abuse authority.

- (1) The department shall establish a comprehensive and coordinated program for the treatment of alcoholics, intoxicated persons and drug addicts. The interagency committee shall direct the department in the establishment and in the content of this program.
  - (2) The program shall include:
  - (a) Emergency detoxification treatment and medical treatment directly related thereto provided by a facility affiliated with or part of the medical service of a general hospital;
  - (b) Inpatient treatment;

- (c) Intensive outpatient treatment;
- (d) Outpatient treatment;
- (e) Community detoxification provided by an approved facility; and
- (f) Recovery support services.
- (3) The department shall provide for adequate and appropriate treatment for persons admitted pursuant to section 39-307, Idaho Code. Treatment shall not be provided at a correctional institution except for inmates.
- (4) The department shall maintain, supervise, and control all facilities operated by it. The administrator of each such facility shall make an annual report of its activities to the director in the form and manner the director specifies.
- (5) All appropriate public and private resources shall be coordinated with and utilized in the program whenever possible.
- (6) The department shall prepare, publish and distribute annually a list of all approved public and private treatment facilities.
- (7) The department may contract for the use of any facility as an approved public treatment facility if the director considers this to be an effective and economical course to follow.
- (8) The program shall include an individualized treatment plan prepared and maintained for each client.
- SECTION 6. That Section 41-1941, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 41-1941. ANNUITY SALES TO CONSUMERS -- DISCLOSURES. (1) In this section, the following definitions shall apply unless the context otherwise requires:
  - (a) "Contract owner" means the owner named in the annuity contract or certified holder in the case of a group annuity contract.
  - (b) "Determinable elements" means elements that are derived from processes or methods that are guaranteed at issue and that are not subject to company discretion, but where the values or amounts cannot be determined until some point after issue. These elements may include the premiums, credited interest rates (including any bonus), benefits, values, noninterest based credits, charges or elements of formulas used to determine any of these. An element is considered determinable if it is calculated from underlying determinable elements only or from both determinable and guaranteed elements.

- (d) "Guaranteed elements" means the premiums, credited interest rates (including any bonus), benefits, values, noninterest based credits, charges or elements of formulas used to determine any of these, that are promised and determined at issue. An element is considered guaranteed if all of the underlying elements that go into its calculation are guaranteed.
- (e) "Insurance producer" or "producer" has the same meaning as in chapter 10, title 41, Idaho Code.
- (f) "Nonguaranteed elements" means the premiums, credited interest rates (including any bonus), benefits, values, noninterest based credits, charges or elements of formulas used to determine any of these, that are subject to company discretion and that are not guaranteed at issue. An element is considered nonguaranteed if any of the underlying nonguaranteed elements are used in its calculation.
- (g) "Structured settlement annuity" means a qualified funding asset as defined in section 130(d) of the Internal Revenue Code or an annuity that would be a qualified funding asset under section 130(d) of the Internal Revenue Code but for the fact that it is not owned by an assignee under a qualified assignment.
- (2) The provisions of this section shall apply to all group and individual annuity contracts and certificates except:
  - (a) Registered or nonregistered variable annuities or other registered products;
  - (b) Immediate and deferred annuities that contain no nonguaranteed elements;
  - (c) Annuities used to fund:

- (i) An employee pension plan that is covered by the employee retirement income security act of 1974, title 29, U.S.C. sections 1001 through 1461;
- (ii) A plan described in section 401(a), 401(k) or 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, where the plan, for purposes of the employee retirement income security act of 1974, is established or maintained by an employer;
- (iii) A governmental or church plan as defined in section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code or a deferred compensation plan of a state or local government or a tax exempt organization pursuant to section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code; or
- (iv) A nonqualified deferred compensation arrangement established or maintained by an employer or plan sponsor.
- (d) Structured settlement annuities.
- (3) If the application for an annuity contract is taken in a face-to-face meeting, the applicant, at or before the time of application, shall be given both the disclosure document and the buyer's guide in the form prescribed by the director. The disclosure document shall be dated and signed by the prospective annuity owner and producer and the company shall maintain a signed copy for the life of the contract.
- (4) If the application for an annuity contract is taken by means other than in a face-to-face meeting, the applicant shall be sent both the disclosure document and the buyer's guide in the manner and form prescribed by the

director no later than five (5) business days after the completed application is received by the insurer.

- (5) A solicitation for an annuity contract provided in other than a face-to-face meeting shall include a statement that the proposed applicant may contact the insurer for a free annuity buyer's guide.
- (6) If the disclosure document and buyer's guide are not provided at or before the time of application, a free look period of not less than twenty (20) days shall be provided for the applicant to return the annuity contract without penalty. This free look period shall run concurrently with any other free look period provided in statute.
- (7) At minimum, the following information shall be included in the disclosure document required to be provided under this section:
  - (a) The generic name of the contract, the company product name, if different, the form number and the fact that it is an annuity;
  - (b) The insurer's name and address;

- (c) A description of the contract and its benefits, emphasizing its long-term nature and including the following examples where appropriate:
  - (i) The guaranteed, nonguaranteed and determinable elements of the contract, their limitations, if any, and an explanation of how they operate;
  - (ii) An explanation of the initial crediting rate, specifying any bonus or introductory portion, the duration of the rate and the fact that rates may change from time to time and are not guaranteed;
  - (iii) The periodic income options both on a guaranteed and nonguaranteed basis;
  - (iv) Any value reductions caused by withdrawals from or surrender of the contract;
  - (v) How values in the contract can be accessed;
  - (vi) The death benefit, if available, and how it will be calculated;
  - (vii) A summary of the federal tax status of the contract and any penalties applicable on withdrawal of values from the contract; and
  - (viii) The impact of any rider, such as a long-term care rider.
- (d) The specific dollar amount or percentage charges and fees shall be listed with an explanation of how they apply;
- (e) Information about the current guaranteed rate for new contracts that contains a clear notice that the rate is subject to change;
- (f) Whenever projections for nonguaranteed elements of a contract are provided in the disclosure document, equal prominence shall be given to guaranteed elements; and
- (g) Terms used in the disclosure document shall be defined in clear and concise language that facilitates the understanding of a typical person within the segment of the public to which the disclosure document is directed.
- (8) For annuities in the payout period with changes in nonguaranteed elements and for the accumulation period of a deferred annuity, the insurer shall provide each contract owner with a report, at least annually, on the

status of the contract. Such report shall contain at minimum the following information:

(a) The beginning and end dates of the current report period;

- (b) The accumulation and cash surrender value, if any, at the end of the previous report period and at the end of the current report period;
- (c) The total amounts, if any, that have been credited, charged to the contract value or paid during the current report period; and
- (d) The amount of outstanding loans, if any, as of the end of the current report period.
- (9) The director may promulgate rules pursuant to this section including, but not limited to, more fully implementing model rules or laws developed by the national association of insurance commissioners that provide standards for the disclosure of certain minimum information in connection with the sale of annuity contracts.
- (10) Nothing in this section shall be construed to create or imply a private cause of action for a violation of the provisions of this section or rules promulgated pursuant to this section.
- SECTION 7. That Section 56-234, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- LEGISLATIVE INTENT. It is hereby declared by the legislature 56-234. that, in keeping with current state and national goals and best practice, increasing numbers of persons with developmental disabilities are being discharged to community facilities or private residences as an alternative to large public institutions licensed as intermediate care facilities for persons with intellectual disabilities. Such deinstitutionalization is highly desirable since it can lead to a fuller, richer and more independent life for persons with developmental disabilities. Recognizing that every individual has unique needs and differing abilities, the purpose of the following provisions is to clarify the department of health and welfare's duties and responsibilities with respect to persons with developmental disabilities, who are or may become residents of the southwest Idaho state school and hospital treatment center, a public institution licensed for nine (9) or more beds as an intermediate care facility for persons with intellectual disabilities. The following provisions shall be liberally construed to accomplish these purposes.
- SECTION 8. That Section 56-234A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 56-234A. DEFINITIONS. As used in sections 56-234 through 56-235E, Idaho Code:
- (1) "Admission-discharge committee" means an interdisciplinary team of at least three (3) individuals designated by the director to evaluate persons as required by the provisions of sections 56-234 through 56-235E, Idaho Code. Each committee member must be specially qualified by training and experience in the diagnosis and treatment of persons with a developmental disability.
- (2) "Certified family home" means a family home as defined in section 39-3502, Idaho Code.

(3) "Community facility" means a privately owned or operated nursing facility, intermediate care facility for persons with intellectual disabilities, licensed residential or assisted living facility, other organization licensed, recognized, or certified by the department to provide care or treatment to persons with developmental disabilities, or a publicly owned or operated facility licensed for eight (8) beds or less as an intermediate care facility for persons with intellectual disabilities.

- (4) "Department" means the Idaho department of health and welfare.
- (5) "Developmental disabilities" means a chronic disability of a person as defined in section 66-402, Idaho Code.
- (6) "Director" means the director of the Idaho department of health and welfare or his designee.
- (7) "Discharge" means an admission-discharge committee has determined that there is an available community facility or private residence that is least restrictive, appropriate and consistent with the needs of the individual.
- (8) "Medically fragile" means an individual with a developmental disability and a chronic medical condition that is characterized by periods of acute exacerbation or potentially life-threatening episodes and that may require frequent hospitalizations or prolonged recuperation periods and ongoing monitoring and assistance by a licensed registered nurse.
- (9) "Private residence" means a certified family home or a single family dwelling or apartment in a multiple dwelling or apartment complex that is used by an individual as a place of abode and that is not used for commercial purposes.
- (10) "Resident" means an individual who is admitted to or resides at the <u>southwest</u> Idaho <u>state school and hospital</u> <u>treatment center</u>.
- (11) "Transfer" means relocating and moving a person who is a resident of the <u>southwest</u> Idaho <u>state school and hospital</u> <u>treatment center</u> from that institution to a community facility or private residence or from one (1) community facility or private residence to another. Transfer does not include relocating or moving a resident of the <u>southwest</u> Idaho <u>state school and hospital</u> <u>treatment center</u> between rooms or beds within the <u>southwest</u> Idaho <u>state school and hospital</u> treatment center.
- SECTION 9. That Section 56-235A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 56-235A. PROHIBITIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS ON ADMISSION. (1) The <u>southwest</u> Idaho <u>state school and hospital</u> <u>treatment center</u> shall not admit, accept or receive any person unless an admission-discharge committee determines that:
  - (a) The individual has a developmental disability;
  - (b) The individual meets the level of care requirements and active treatment requirements for admission to an intermediate care facility for persons with intellectual disabilities;
  - (c) All community facilities, options and supports have been exhausted, and there is no available community facility or private residence that is least restrictive, appropriate and consistent with the needs of the individual; and

- (d) The <u>southwest</u> Idaho <u>state school and hospital treatment center</u> is the least restrictive available residential placement consistent with the needs of the individual after considering all available and appropriate community facilities and private residences.
- (2) The director may limit admissions and establish admission priorities to the <u>southwest</u> Idaho <u>state school</u> and <u>hospital</u> <u>treatment center</u> through rulemaking in order to ensure that expenditures for services do not exceed amounts appropriated by the legislature and allocated by the department to the facility. The <u>southwest</u> Idaho <u>state school</u> and <u>hospital</u> <u>treatment center</u> may refuse any applicant for voluntary admission.
  - (3) Subsections (1) and (2) of this section do not apply to:

- (a) Temporary emergency admissions or placements for crisis stabilization only, for up to ninety (90) days, that are preauthorized by the director; or
- (b) Admissions or placements made by the director pursuant to section 66-406, Idaho Code.

SECTION 10. That Section 56-235B, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

56-235B. DISCHARGE PLANNING -- AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE. The director may discharge a resident of the <u>southwest</u> Idaho <u>state school</u> and <u>hospital</u> <u>treatment center</u> on such terms and conditions as the director may determine whenever an admission-discharge committee determines there is an available community facility or private residence that is least restrictive, appropriate and consistent with the individual's needs. The director shall use reasonable efforts to discharge a resident to a community facility or private residence where the individual can be readily visited by those persons interested in his well-being.

SECTION 11. That Section 56-235C, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 56-235C. NOTICE OF DISCHARGE -- REQUEST FOR HEARING. (1) Before a discharge plan is implemented, the resident and the resident's spouse, guardian, adult next of kin or friend, if any, shall be given an opportunity to participate in the development and review of the admission-discharge committee's discharge plan.
- (2) If, after reasonable efforts have been exhausted, the resident or the resident's spouse, guardian, adult next of kin or friend, if any, does not agree with the admission-discharge committee's discharge plan, ninety (90) days prior to discharge, written notice shall be filed with the committing court, if any, and served by registered or certified mail upon the resident, resident's attorney, and either the resident's spouse, guardian, adult next of kin or friend, if any. The written notice must include a statement advising the resident of the right to request a hearing by the director and must also include a statement advising the resident of the right to judicial review.
- (3) Within fifteen (15) days from receipt of the notice of discharge, the resident may serve a written request for hearing upon the director. Upon receipt of such request, the director shall fix a date for hearing, which

date shall not be more than thirty (30) days from receipt of the request, and shall give the resident at least fifteen (15) days' written notice of said hearing date. Within thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the hearing, the director shall notify the resident in writing by registered or certified mail of his decision. A transfer shall not be implemented during any period in which a request for hearing is pending and undecided by the director. If no request for hearing is made within fifteen (15) days from receipt of the notice of discharge, the director may discharge the resident.

(4) The director shall periodically monitor the adjustment of the former resident to his transfer to a community facility or private residence. If within ninety (90) days following a transfer to a community facility or private residence, an admission-discharge committee determines that the former resident is not adjusting to the transfer and there is no other available community facility or private residence least restrictive, appropriate and consistent with the needs of the former resident, the director may make the determination that the former resident be readmitted to the southwest Idaho state school and hospital treatment center in accordance with section 56-235A, Idaho Code.

SECTION 12. That Section 56-264, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

56-264. RULEMAKING AUTHORITY. In addition to the rulemaking authority granted to the department in this chapter and elsewhere in Idaho Code regarding the medicaid program and notwithstanding any other Idaho law to the contrary, the department shall have the authority to promulgate rules regarding:

(1) Medical services to:

- (a) Change the primary case management paid to providers to a tiered payment based on the health needs of the populations that are managed. A lower payment is to be made for healthier populations and a higher payment is to be made for individuals with special needs, disabilities or are otherwise at risk. An incentive payment is to be provided to practices that provide extended hours beyond the normal business hours that help reduce unnecessary higher-cost emergency care;
- (b) Provide that a healthy connections referral is no longer required for urgent care as an alternative to higher cost but unnecessary emergency services; and
- (c) Eliminate payment for collateral contact;
- (2) Mental health services to:
- (a) Eliminate administrative requirements for a functional and intake assessment and add a comprehensive diagnostic assessment addendum;
- (b) Restrict duplicative skill training from being provided by a mental health provider when the individual has chosen to receive skill training from a developmental disability provider. The individual may choose to receive skill training from a mental health provider but can not receive skill building simultaneously from two (2) providers;
- (c) Increase the criteria for accessing the partial care benefit and restrict to those individuals who have a diagnosis of serious and persistent mental illness;
- (d) Eliminate the requirement for new annual plans; and

- (e) Direct the department to develop an effective management tool for psychosocial rehabilitation services;
  - (3) In-home care services to:
  - (a) Eliminate personal care service coordination; and
  - (b) Restrict duplicative nursing services from a home health agency when nursing services are being provided through the aged and disabled waiver;
  - (4) Vision services to:

- (a) Align coverage requirements for contact lenses with commercial insurers and other state medicaid programs; and
- (b) Limit coverage for adults based on chronic care criteria;
- (5) Audiology services to eliminate audiology benefits for adults;
- (6) Developmental disability services to:
- (a) Eliminate payment for collateral contact;
- (b) Eliminate supportive counseling benefit;
- (c) Reduce annual assessment hours from twelve (12) to four (4) hours and exclude psychological and neuropsychological testing services within these limits;
- (d) Reduce plan development payment from twelve (12) to six (6) hours and reduce requirements related to adult developmental disabilities plan development;
- (e) Restrict duplicative skill training from being provided by a developmental disabilities provider when an individual has chosen to receive skill training from his mental health provider;
- (f) Implement changes to certified family homes pursuant to chapter 3±5, title 39, Idaho Code, to:
  - (i) Create approval criteria and process for approving new certified family homes;
  - (ii) Recertify current certified family homes; and
  - (iii) Develop applicant and licensing fees to cover certifying and recertifying costs;
- (g) Move individualized adult budgets to a tiered approach as currently used by the department for children's developmental therapy; and
- (7) Institutional care services to discharge individuals from institutional settings where such services are no longer necessary.
- SECTION 13. That Section 57-813, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 57-813. CATASTROPHIC HEALTH CARE COST ACCOUNT. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury an account to be designated the "Catastrophic Health Care Cost Account." The account shall be used solely for payment of insurance premiums, payment of eligible claims beyond the  $\frac{\text{ten}}{\text{eleven}}$  thousand dollar (\$101,000) county deductible or payment of the expenses of administering the catastrophic health care cost account.
- (2) The administrator of the catastrophic health care cost program may retain counsel.
- (3) All moneys placed in the account are hereby perpetually appropriated to the administrator of the catastrophic health care cost program for purposes of this program. All expenditures from the account shall be paid out in warrants drawn by the state controller upon presentation of proper

vouchers from the administrator. Pending use, surplus moneys in the account shall be invested by the state treasurer in the same manner as prescribed in section 67-1210, Idaho Code, with respect to surplus or idle moneys in the state treasury. Interest earned on the investments shall be returned to the account.

SECTION 14. That Section 67-821, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 67-821. COORDINATION OF POLICY AND PROGRAMS RELATED TO DRUG AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE. (1) There is hereby established in the office of the governor the "Office of Drug Policy." The administrator of the office of drug policy shall be the official in the state designated to oversee and execute the coordination of all drug and substance abuse programs within the state of Idaho. The administrator shall be appointed by and shall serve at the pleasure of the governor, and shall be subject to confirmation by the state senate.
  - (2) The office of drug policy shall:

- (a) Cooperate and consult with counties, cities and local law enforcement on programs, policies and issues in combating Idaho's illegal drug and substance abuse problem;
- (b) Serve as a repository of agreements, contracts and plans concerning programs for combating illegal drug and substance abuse from community organizations and other relevant local, state and federal agencies and shall facilitate the exchange of this information and data with relevant interstate and intrastate entities;
- (c) Provide input and comment on community, tribal and federal plans, agreements and policies relating to illegal drug and substance abuse; and
- (d) Coordinate public and private entities to develop, create and promote statewide campaigns to reduce or eliminate substance abuse.
- (3) The administrator shall act as chairperson of the interagency committee on substance abuse prevention and treatment, as created in section 39-303, Idaho Code, to ensure that the interagency committee coordinates and directs all state entities regarding substance abuse prevention and treatment delivery services statewide.