q

## IN THE SENATE

## SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 104

## BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

## A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

STATING FINDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE AND RECOGNIZING AND CONGRATULATING CLEARWATER COUNTY AND ITS RESIDENTS FOR THE COUNTY'S CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

WHEREAS, Clearwater County was established February 27, 1911, by the state of Idaho under the provisions of House Bill No. 2 of the Eleventh Session of the Idaho Legislature; and

WHEREAS, Clearwater County was named for the Clearwater River whose name was translated from the Nez Perce term Koos-Koos-Kai-Kai, describing clear water; and

WHEREAS, in 1805 Lewis and Clark followed an old Indian trail between the north and middle forks of the Clearwater River and met the Nez Perce near the present site of Weippe, Idaho; and

WHEREAS, gold was first discovered by E.D. Pierce in 1860, and Pierce City, the oldest mining town in Idaho, came into existence and was home to the first courthouse in Idaho; and

WHEREAS, Clearwater County was formed from Nez Perce County which was a part of Shoshone County from 1864 until 1904, when it then became established as a part of Nez Perce County from 1904 until 1911; and

WHEREAS, February 27, 2011, marks the 100th anniversary of the creation of Clearwater County, as authorized by the Idaho Legislature; and

WHEREAS, Clearwater County has four incorporated cities within its boundaries: Elk River, Orofino, Pierce and Weippe. Orofino, established as the county seat pursuant to the authority of the Idaho Legislature, is the largest with a population of 3,247. Orofino is home to the supervisor of the Clearwater National Forest and several state of Idaho offices including the Idaho Correction Institution-Orofino, the Idaho Department of Lands Clearwater Supervisory Area Office and State Hospital North. The Clearwater County Courthouse as well as the Orofino City Hall and the Clearwater Potlatch Timber Protective Association are located in Orofino; and

WHEREAS, Pierce, with a population of 617 lies some 20 miles east of Orofino and is named for E.D. Pierce who discovered the first gold in Clearwater County. Weippe lies about 10 miles southwest of Pierce and 18 miles southeast of Orofino and has a population of 416. Elk River is almost 23 miles due north of Orofino. Born of logging, Elk River boasted the largest sawmill in the area at one time. The mill closed many years ago and the population has dwindled to around 156. These areas boast a wealth of recreational opportunities; and

WHEREAS, Clearwater County is a vast area covering 2,488 square miles, ranking the county as the 10th largest of Idaho's 44 counties. Elevation ranges from approximately 1,000 feet above sea level at Orofino, Ahsahka and Greer to peaks of nearly 8,000 feet above sea level located within the Clear-

water National Forest. Most of the land in Clearwater County averages between 2,000 to 3,000 feet in elevation; and

WHEREAS, Clearwater County contains within its boundaries a large portion of the Clearwater National Forest. The Clearwater National Forest covers 800,000 acres from the jagged peaks of the Bitterroot Mountains in the east to the river canyons and the rolling hills of the Palouse Prairie in the west. The Clearwater National Forest is a recreational haven in Clearwater County. The recreational uses are plentiful and recreational information can be obtained from the Clearwater National Forest Supervisor's Office located in Orofino, Idaho; and

WHEREAS, the Clearwater River is the main river of Clearwater County, its tributaries include the Lochsa River, the Selway River and the South Fork, North Fork and Middle Fork of the Clearwater River. The Clearwater River empties into the Snake River at Lewiston, Idaho; and

WHEREAS, Dworshak Dam, located on the North Fork of the Clearwater River, provides flood control, recreation and electric power generation. Dworshak Dam creates the 53 mile long, 19,824 acre Dworshak Reservoir and has made recreational uses, including boating, camping, fishing, hunting and swimming, more plentiful; and

WHEREAS, Dworshak State Park is located among trees and meadows on the western shores of Dworshak Reservoir. The park is comprised of three units, Freeman Creek, Three Meadows Group Camp and Big Eddy Marina. This park is a valued recreational asset in Clearwater County; and

WHEREAS, Clearwater County is rich in Idaho and local history and houses several museums in the county including: the Clearwater Historical Museum located in Orofino; the J. Howard Bradbury Memorial Logging Museum and the Old Shoshone County Courthouse, the first government building in Idaho, located in Pierce; the Idaho Weippe Discovery Center and the Hilltop Heritage Museum located in Weippe; and Elk River Museum located in Elk River; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Clearwater County Commissioners will open this year of centennial celebration for Clearwater County, honoring its founders and congratulating its citizens on this anniversary; and

WHEREAS, Clearwater County has created a centennial coin to commemorate its centennial celebration and will be celebrating its centennial throughout the entire year of 2011, including hosting several events to celebrate this monumental occasion.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the First Regular Session of the Sixty-first Idaho Legislature, the Senate and the House of Representatives concurring therein, that we hereby recognize and congratulate Clearwater County and its residents for Clearwater County's Centennial Anniversary on February 27, 2011.