HOUSE BILL No. 1128

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 7.1-1-3; IC 7.1-3-18.5; IC 7.1-5-12-5; IC 7.1-6-2; IC 7.1-7; IC 22-5-4; IC 24-3-5; IC 35-31.5-2; IC 35-43-5-3.8; IC 35-46-1.

Synopsis: Tobacco issues. Prohibits a person who is less than 21 years of age from buying or possessing: (1) cigarettes; (2) tobacco products; (3) e-liquid; or (4) electronic cigarettes. Makes conforming changes regarding enforcement provisions, sales certificates, prohibition of delivery sales, and notices posted at retail establishments and at vending machines. Repeals employment protections for individuals who smoke cigarettes or use other tobacco products. Makes technical corrections. Requires the label of an e-liquid to have a scannable bar code or QR code linked to a document containing information regarding the manufacturing of the e-liquid, a certificate of analysis for the batch of e-liquid, and the ingredients used in an e-liquid. Requires a certificate of analysis prepared by an independent testing laboratory for the distribution of e-liquid in Indiana. Expands the applicability of the vapor pens and e-liquids article to include closed system vapor products. Provides that the alcohol and tobacco commission (commission) has the duty and responsibility to investigate violations of the vapor pens and e-liquid laws. Provides that a person may not sell or distribute e-liquids without a valid tobacco sales certificate issued by the commission. Requires a person who desires to sell e-liquid to pay a fee and provide certain information to the commission.

Effective: July 1, 2020.

Aylesworth

 $\label{eq:lambda} \mbox{January 8, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.}$



Second Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2020)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1128

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcohol and tobacco.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 7.1-1-3-8.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2020]: Sec. 8.6. The term "certificate of analysis" means a
4	certificate from an independent testing laboratory describing the
5	results of the laboratory's testing of a sample.
6	SECTION 2. IC 7.1-1-3-19.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
7	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 19.1. The term "independent
9	testing laboratory" means a laboratory:
0	(1) with respect to which no person having a direct or indirect
1	interest in the laboratory also has a direct or indirect interest
2	in a facility that:
3	(A) processes, manufactures, distributes, or sells electronic
4	cigarettes or e-liquids; or
5	(B) processes, manufactures, distributes, or sells vapor
6	products; and
7	(2) that is accredited as a testing laboratory to the



1	International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 17025
2	by a third party accrediting body such as the American
3	Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) or Assured
4	Calibration and Laboratory Accreditation Select Services
5	(ACLASS).
6	SECTION 3. IC 7.1-1-3-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.176-2015,
7	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 25. (a) "Minor" except as provided in subsection
9	(b), means a person less than twenty-one (21) years of age.
10	(b) "Minor", for purposes of IC 7.1-7, has the meaning set forth in
11	IC 7.1-7-2-17.
12	SECTION 4. IC 7.1-1-3-46.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
13	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
14	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 46.1. The term "tamper evident
15	package" means a package having at least one (1) indicator or
16	barrier to entry that, if breached or missing, can reasonably be
17	expected to provide visible evidence to consumers that tampering
18	has occurred.
19	SECTION 5. IC 7.1-3-18.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2019,
20	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) A person may not sell or otherwise
22	distribute in exchange for consideration a tobacco product, e-liquid, or
23	electronic cigarette at retail without a valid tobacco sales certificate
24	issued by the commission.
25	(b) A certificate may be issued only to a person who owns or
26	operates at least one (1) of the following:
27	(1) A premises consisting of a permanent building or structure
28	where the tobacco product, e-liquid, or electronic cigarette is sold
29	or distributed.
30	(2) A premises upon which a cigarette vending machine is
31	located.
32	SECTION 6. IC 7.1-3-18.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.231-2015,
33	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) A person who desires a certificate must
35	provide the following to the commission:
36	(1) The applicant's name and mailing address and the address of
37	the premises for which the certificate is being issued.
38	(2) Except as provided in section 6(c) of this chapter, a fee of two
39	hundred dollars (\$200).
40	(3) The name under which the applicant transacts or intends to



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(4) The address of the applicant's principal place of business or

transact business.

1	headquarters, if any.
2	(5) The statement required under section 2.6 of this chapter.
3	(b) A separate certificate is required for each location where the
4	tobacco products, e-liquid, or electronic cigarettes are sold or
5	distributed.
6	(c) A certificate holder shall conspicuously display the holder's
7	certificate on the holder's premises where the tobacco products,
8	e-liquid, or electronic cigarettes are sold or distributed.
9	(d) Any intentional misstatement or suppression of a material fact
10	in an application filed under this section constitutes grounds for denial
11	of the certificate.
12	(e) A certificate may be issued only to a person who meets the
13	following requirements:
14	(1) If the person is an individual, the person must be at least
15	eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age.
16	(2) The person must be authorized to do business in Indiana.
17	(f) The fees collected under this section shall be deposited in the
18	enforcement and administration fund under IC 7.1-4-10.
19	SECTION 7. IC 7.1-3-18.5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2016,
20	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the commission
22	may suspend the certificate of a person who fails to pay a civil penalty
23	imposed for violating IC 35-46-1-10, IC 35-46-1-10.2, IC 35-46-1-11,
24	IC 35-46-1-11.2, IC 35-46-1-11.5, IC 35-46-1-11.7, or IC 35-46-1-11.8.
25	(b) Before enforcing the imposition of a civil penalty or suspending
26	or revoking a certificate under this chapter, the commission shall
27	provide written notice of the alleged violation to the certificate holder
28	and conduct a hearing. The commission shall provide written notice of
29	the civil penalty or suspension or revocation of a certificate to the
30	certificate holder.
31	(c) Subject to subsection (b), the commission shall revoke the
32	certificate of a person upon a finding by a preponderance of the
33	evidence that the person:
34	(1) has violated IC 35-45-5-3, IC 35-45-5-3.5, IC 35-45-5-4,
35	IC 35-46-1-11, IC 35-46-1-11.2, or IC 35-46-1-11.8;
36	(2) has committed habitual illegal sale of tobacco or an
37	electronic cigarette as established under IC 35-46-1-10.2(h);
38	IC 35-46-1-10.2(i); or
39	(3) has committed habitual illegal entrance by a minor as
40	established under IC 35-46-1-11.7(f).
41	SECTION 8. IC 7.1-3-18.5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2016,
42	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. (a) If a certificate has:
2	(1) expired; or
3	(2) been suspended;
4	the commission may not reinstate or renew the certificate until all civil
5	penalties imposed against the certificate holder for violating
6	IC 35-46-1-10, IC 35-46-1-10.2, IC 35-46-1-11, IC 35-46-1-11.2,
7	IC 35-46-1-11.5, IC 35-46-1-11.7, or IC 35-46-1-11.8 have been paid.
8	(b) The failure to pay a civil penalty described in subsection (a) is
9	a Class B infraction.
10	(c) If a certificate has been revoked, the commission may not
11	reinstate or renew the certificate for at least one hundred eighty (180)
12	days after the date of revocation. The commission may reinstate or
13	renew the certificate only upon a reasonable showing by the applicant
14	that the applicant shall:
15	(1) exercise due diligence in the sale of tobacco products or
16	electronic cigarettes on the applicant's premises where the
17	tobacco products, e-liquid, or electronic cigarettes are sold or
18	distributed; and
19	(2) properly supervise and train the applicant's employees or
20	agents in the handling and sale of tobacco products, e-liquid, or
21	electronic cigarettes.
22	If a certificate is reinstated or renewed, the applicant of the certificate
23	shall pay an application fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
24	(d) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-5(c), civil penalties collected under
25	this section must be deposited in the youth tobacco education and
26	enforcement fund established under IC 7.1-6-2-6.
27	SECTION 9. IC 7.1-3-18.5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2016,
28	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 8. The commission may mitigate civil penalties
30	imposed against a certificate holder for violating IC 35-46-1-10,
31	IC 35-46-1-10.2, IC 35-46-1-11, IC 35-46-1-11.2, IC 35-46-1-11.5,
32	IC 35-46-1-11.7, IC 35-46-1-11.8, or any of the provisions of this
33	chapter if a certificate holder provides a training program for the
34	certificate holder's employees that includes at least the following
35	topics:
36	(1) Laws governing the sale of tobacco products, e-liquid, and
37	electronic cigarettes.
38	(2) Methods of recognizing and handling customers who are less
39	than eighteen (18) years of the legal age to purchase tobacco
40	products, e-liquid, and electronic cigarettes.
41	(3) Procedures for proper examination of identification cards to

verify that customers are under eighteen (18) years of a customer



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is less than the legal age to purchase tobacco products, e-liquid, and electronic cigarettes.

SECTION 10. IC 7.1-3-18.5-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.231-2015, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 9. A certificate holder shall exercise due diligence in the supervision and training of the certificate holder's employees or agents in the handling and sale of tobacco products, **e-liquid**, and electronic cigarettes on the holder's retail premises. Proof that employees or agents of the certificate holder, while in the scope of their employment, committed at least six (6) violations relating to IC 35-46-1-10.2(a) IC 35-46-1-10.2(b) in any one hundred eighty (180) day period shall be prima facie evidence of a lack of due diligence by the certificate holder in the supervision and training of the certificate holder's employees or agents.

SECTION 11. IC 7.1-3-18.5-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.214-2016, SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 11. If a certificate holder sells or distributes tobacco products, **e-liquid**, or electronic cigarettes at a location:

- (1) determined to be a public nuisance; or
- (2) at which conduct or acts that are crimes or infractions under IC 35 occur;

the commission may impose sanctions against the certificate holder under IC 7.1-2-3-33 and section 5 of this chapter.

SECTION 12. IC 7.1-5-12-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.231-2015, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) and subject to section 13 of this chapter, smoking may be allowed in the following:

- (1) A horse racing facility operated under a permit under IC 4-31-5 and any other permanent structure on land owned or leased by the owner of the facility that is adjacent to the facility.
- (2) A riverboat (as defined in IC 4-33-2-17) and any other permanent structure that is:
 - (A) owned or leased by the owner of the riverboat; and
 - (B) located on land that is adjacent to:
 - (i) the dock to which the riverboat is moored; or
 - (ii) the land on which the riverboat is situated in the case of a riverboat described in IC 4-33-2-17(2).
- (3) A facility that operates under a gambling game license under IC 4-35-5 and any other permanent structure on land owned or leased by the owner of the facility that is adjacent to the facility.
- (4) A satellite facility licensed under IC 4-31-5.5.



1	(5) An establishment owned or leased by a business that meets the
2	following requirements:
3	(A) The business was in business and permitted smoking on
4	December 31, 2012.
5	(B) The business prohibits entry by an individual who is less
6	than twenty-one (21) years of age.
7	(C) The owner or operator of the business holds a beer, liquor,
8	or wine retailer's permit.
9	(D) The business limits smoking in the establishment to
10	smoking with a waterpipe or hookah device.
1	(E) During the preceding calendar year, at least ten percent
12	(10%) of the business's annual gross income was from the sale
13	of loose tobacco for use in a waterpipe or hookah device.
14	(F) The person in charge of the business posts in the
15	establishment conspicuous signs that display the message that
16	cigarette smoking is prohibited.
17	(6) An establishment owned or leased by a business that meets the
18	following requirements:
19	(A) The business prohibits entry by an individual who is less
20	than twenty-one (21) years of age.
21	(B) The owner or operator of the business holds a beer, liquor,
22	or wine retailer's permit.
23 24	(C) The business limits smoking in the establishment to cigar
24	smoking.
25	(D) During the preceding calendar year, at least ten percent
26	(10%) of the business's annual gross income was from the sale
27	of cigars and the rental of onsite humidors.
28	(E) The person in charge of the business posts in the
29	establishment conspicuous signs that display the message that
30	cigarette smoking is prohibited.
31	(7) A premises owned or leased by and regularly used for the
32	activities of a business that meets all of the following:
33	(A) The business is exempt from federal income taxation
34	under 26 U.S.C. 501(c).
35	(B) The business:
36	(i) meets the requirements to be considered a club under
37	IC 7.1-3-20-1; or
38	(ii) is a fraternal club (as defined in IC 7.1-3-20-7).
39	(C) The business provides food or alcoholic beverages only to
10	its bona fide members and their guests.
1 1	(D) The business:
12	(i) provides a separate, enclosed, designated smoking room



1	or area that is adequately ventilated to prevent migration of
2	smoke to nonsmoking areas of the premises;
2 3	(ii) allows smoking only in the room or area described in
4	item (i);
5	(iii) does not allow an individual who is less than eighteen
6	(18) twenty-one (21) years of age to enter into the room or
7	area described in item (i); and
8	(iv) allows a guest in the smoking room or area described in
9	item (i) only when accompanied by a bona fide member of
0	the business.
1	(8) A retail tobacco store used primarily for the sale of tobacco
2	products and tobacco accessories that meets the following
3	requirements:
4	(A) The owner or operator of the store holds a valid tobacco
5	sales certificate issued under IC 7.1-3-18.5.
6	(B) The store prohibits entry by an individual who is less than
7	eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age.
8	(C) The sale of products other than tobacco products and
9	tobacco accessories is merely incidental.
20	(D) The sale of tobacco products accounts for at least
21	eighty-five percent (85%) of the store's annual gross sales.
22 23 24	(E) Food or beverages are not sold in a manner that requires
23	consumption on the premises, and there is not an area set aside
24	for customers to consume food or beverages on the premises.
2.5 2.6	(9) A bar or tavern:
26	(A) for which a permittee holds:
27	(i) a beer retailer's permit under IC 7.1-3-4;
28	(ii) a liquor retailer's permit under IC 7.1-3-9; or
29	(iii) a wine retailer's permit under IC 7.1-3-14;
0	(B) that does not employ an individual who is less than
1	eighteen (18) years of age;
2	(C) that does not allow an individual who:
3	(i) is less than twenty-one (21) years of age; and
4	(ii) is not an employee of the bar or tavern;
5	to enter any area of the bar or tavern; and
6	(D) that is not located in a business that would otherwise be
7	subject to this chapter.
8	(10) A cigar manufacturing facility that does not offer retail sales.
9	(11) A premises of a cigar specialty store to which all of the
-0	following apply:
-1	(A) The owner or operator of the store holds a valid tobacco
-2	sales certificate issued under IC 7.1-3-18.5.



1	(B) The sale of tobacco products and tobacco accessories
2 3	account for at least fifty percent (50%) of the store's annual gross sales.
4	(C) The store has a separate, enclosed, designated smoking
5	room that is adequately ventilated to prevent migration of
6	smoke to nonsmoking areas.
7	(D) Smoking is allowed only in the room described in clause
8	(C).
9	(E) Individuals who are less than eighteen (18) twenty-one
10	(21) years of age are prohibited from entering into the room
11	described in clause (C).
12	(F) Cigarette smoking is not allowed on the premises of the
13	store.
14	(G) The owner or operator of the store posts a conspicuous
15	sign on the premises of the store that displays the message that
16	cigarette smoking is prohibited.
17	(H) The store does not prepare any food or beverage that
18	would require a certified food handler under IC 16-42-5.2.
19	(12) The premises of a business that is located in the business
20	owner's private residence (as defined in IC 3-5-2-42.5) if the only
21	employees of the business who work in the residence are the
22	owner and other individuals who reside in the residence.
23	(b) The owner, operator, manager, or official in charge of an
24	establishment or premises in which smoking is allowed under this
25	section shall post conspicuous signs in the establishment that read
26	"WARNING: Smoking Is Allowed In This Establishment" or other
27	similar language.
28	(c) This section does not allow smoking in the following enclosed
29	areas of an establishment or premises described in subsection (a)(1)
30	through (a)(11):
31	(1) Any hallway, elevator, or other common area where an
32	individual who is less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years
33	of age is permitted.
34	(2) Any room that is intended for use by an individual who is less
35	than eighteen (18) years of age. twenty-one (21) years of age.
36	(d) The owner, operator, or manager of an establishment or premises
37	that is listed under subsection (a) and that allows smoking shall provide
38	a verified statement to the commission that states that the establishment
39	or premises qualifies for the exemption. The commission may require
40	the owner, operator, or manager of an establishment or premises to
41	provide documentation or additional information concerning the
42	exemption of the establishment or premises.



SECTION 13. IC 7.1-6-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. The division of mental health and addiction established under IC 12-21 shall coordinate the conduct of random unannounced inspections at locations where tobacco products, **e-liquids**, **or electronic cigarettes** are sold or distributed to ensure compliance with this article. Only the commission, an Indiana law enforcement agency, the office of the sheriff of a county, or an organized police department of a municipal corporation may conduct the random unannounced inspections. These entities may use retired or off-duty law enforcement officers to conduct inspections under this section.

SECTION 14. IC 7.1-6-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.20-2013, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. (a) An enforcement officer vested with full police powers and duties may engage a person less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age as part of an enforcement action under this article if the initial or contemporaneous receipt or purchase of a tobacco product, e-liquid, or electronic cigarette by a person less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age occurs under the direction of an enforcement officer vested with full police powers and duties and is part of the enforcement action.

- (b) An enforcement officer vested with full police powers and duties shall not:
 - (1) recruit or attempt to recruit a person less than eighteen (18) **twenty-one** (21) years of age to participate in an enforcement action under subsection (a) at the scene of a violation of section 2 of this chapter; or
 - (2) allow a person less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age to purchase or receive a tobacco product, e-liquid, or electronic cigarette as part of an enforcement action under subsection (a) without the written permission of the person's parents or legal guardians.

SECTION 15. IC 7.1-7-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.206-2017, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), This article applies to the following:

- (1) The commercial manufacturing, bottling, selling, bartering, or importing of e-liquid in Indiana.
- (2) The sale, possession, and use of e-liquid products in Indiana.
- (3) The manufacture of an open system or closed system vapor product.
- (b) This article does not apply to a manufacturer of a closed system



1	vapor product, except as specifically provided in this article.
2	SECTION 16. IC 7.1-7-2-6.3, AS ADDED BY P.L.206-2017,
3	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6.3. "Delivery sale" means a sale of e-liquids an
5	e-liquid to a purchaser in Indiana in which the purchaser submits the
6	order for the sale:
7	(1) by telephone;
8	(2) over the Internet; or
9	(3) through the mail or another delivery system;
10	and the e-liquids are e-liquid is shipped through a delivery service.
11	"Delivery sale" does not include a sale of e-liquids an e-liquid not for
12	personal consumption to a person who is a retailer.
13	SECTION 17. IC 7.1-7-2-17 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
14	1, 2020]. Sec. 17. "Minor" means an individual who is less than
15	eighteen (18) years of age.
16	SECTION 18. IC 7.1-7-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.206-2017,
17	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. The commission has the following duties and
19	responsibilities:
20	(1) To require the submission of information necessary to
21	implement this article.
22	(2) To issue permits.
23	(3) To charge fees as set forth in this article. The fees charged
24	under this subdivision may not exceed the actual costs incurred by
25	the commission.
26	(4) To approve or deny a permit application made under
27	IC 7.1-7-4 within sixty (60) days of receiving the application.
28	(5) To investigate violations of this article.
29	SECTION 19. IC 7.1-7-4-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.17-2019,
30	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section, (1) "adulterated"
32	means a product that:
33	(A) (1) consists in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or
34	decomposed substance; or
35	(B) (2) is contaminated by any added poisonous or added
36	deleterious substance that may render the product injurious to
37	health. and
38	(2) "tamper evident package" means a package having at least one
39	(1) indicator or barrier to entry that, if breached or missing, can
40	reasonably be expected to provide visible evidence to consumers
41	that tampering has occurred.
42	(b) A manufacturing facility shall comply with the following



1	requirements:
2	(1) An e-liquid container must use a child proof cap that has the
3	child resistant effectiveness set forth in the federal poison
4	prevention packaging standards, 16 CFR 1700.15(b)(1).
5	(2) An e-liquid container must use a tamper evident package. The
6	tamper evident package feature must be designed to and remain
7	intact when handled in a reasonable manner during the
8	manufacture, distribution, and retail display of the e-liquid
9	container.
0	(3) The label on an e-liquid container must:
1	(A) meet the nicotine addictiveness warning statement
2	requirements set forth in 21 CFR 1143.3; and
3	(B) contain a scannable bar code or QR code linked to a
4	document that contains information with respect to the
5	manufacturing of the e-liquid, including:
6	(i) a batch identification number;
7	(ii) the batch date;
8	(iii) the batch size;
9	(iv) a downloadable link for a certificate of analysis for
20	the batch identified;
1	(v) the product name;
22	(vi) the ingredients used, including each ingredient
22 23 24 25	name;
.4	(vii) the name of the company that manufactured each
25	ingredient;
26	(viii) a company or product identification number or
27	code, if applicable; and
28	(ix) an ingredient lot number.
.9	(4) The manufacturer or retailer may not add an adulterated
0	product to any e-liquid produced for sale in Indiana.
1	(5) The manufacturer must submit to random site visits by the
2	commission.
3	(6) The manufacturer may:
4	(A) own and control both the e-liquid manufacturing process
5	and the bottling process; or
6	(B) subcontract with another manufacturer for the performance
7	of the e-liquid manufacturing service, the bottling services, or
8	both services.
9	However, both the manufacturer performing a service under
0	clause (B) and the manufacturer for which the service is
-1	performed must meet the requirements of this article.
-2	(7) A manufacturer may use a flavoring, as defined by



1	IC 7.1-7-2-12, as an ingredient in an e-liquid.
2	(8) The manufacturer or any person listed on the permi
3	application may not have been convicted within ten (10) years
4	before the date of application of:
5	(A) a federal crime having a sentence of at least one (1) year
6	(B) an Indiana Class A, Class B, or Class C felony (for a crime
7	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 1, Level 2, Level 3
8	Level 4, or Level 5 felony (for a crime committed after June
9	30, 2014);
10	(C) a crime in a state other than Indiana having a penalty equa
11	to the penalty for an Indiana Class A, Class B, or Class C
12	felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Leve
13	1, Level 2, Level 3, Level 4, or Level 5 felony (for a crime
14	committed after June 30, 2014);
15	(D) an Indiana Class D felony involving a controlled substance
16	under IC 35-48-4 (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014)
17	or a Level 6 felony involving a controlled substance under
18	IC 35-48-4 (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014); or
19	(E) a crime in a state other than Indiana similar to a Class I
20	felony involving a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4 (for
21	a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony
22	involving a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4 (for a crime
23	committed after June 30, 2014).
24	SECTION 20. IC 7.1-7-4-6.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
25 26	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20 27	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6.5. A person may distribute, sell barter, or exchange e-liquid in Indiana only if the e-liquid has a
28	certificate of analysis prepared by an independent testing
29	laboratory showing that the e-liquid is the product of a batch tested
30	by the independent testing laboratory.
31	SECTION 21. IC 7.1-7-5.5-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.206-2017
32	SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. A retailer may not make a delivery sale of
34	e-liquid to a minor an individual who does not meet the minimum
35	age requirement as set forth in IC 7.1-7-6-5.
36	SECTION 22. IC 7.1-7-5.5-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.206-2017
37	SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. A retailer may not ship e-liquids an e-liquid
39	without first making a good faith effort to verify the age of the
40	nurchaser of the e-liquide a liquid as set forth in IC 7 1-7-6-6

SECTION 23. IC 7.1-7-5.5-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.206-2017,

SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



41 42

1	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) Before e-liquids are an e-liquid is shipped
2	in a delivery sale, a retailer must be fully paid for the purchase and
3	shall accept payment from the purchaser:
4	(1) by a check drawn on an account in the purchaser's name;
5	(2) by a credit card issued in the purchaser's name; or
6	(3) by a debit card issued in the purchaser's name.
7	(b) A retailer may ship e-liquids an e-liquid only to a purchaser.
8	SECTION 24. IC 7.1-7-5.5-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.206-2017,
9	SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. A retailer who ships e-liquids an e-liquid from
11	a delivery sale order shall include as part of the shipping documents a
12	document with the following statement: "E-LIQUIDS: Indiana law
13	prohibits the sale of this product to a person who is less than 18 21
14	years of age.".
15	SECTION 25. IC 7.1-7-6-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.206-2017,
16	SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) This subsection does not apply to a delivery
18	sale as defined in IC 7.1-7-2-6.3, and a person cannot be charged
19	with a violation under this section and a violation set forth in
20	IC 35-46-1-10 and IC 35-46-1-10.2. If a retailer:
21	(1) knowingly and intentionally sells e-liquid to a minor; an
22	
22	individual who is less than twenty-one (21) years of age; or
23	(2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age
23 24	
23 24 25	(2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age
23 24 25 26	(2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid;
23 24 25	(2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells
23 24 25 26 27 28	(2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid. (b) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 (2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid. (b) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction committed under this section must be imposed as follows: (1) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has not been issued a citation or summons for a violation of this
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid. (b) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction committed under this section must be imposed as follows: (1) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 (2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid. (b) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction committed under this section must be imposed as follows: (1) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has not been issued a citation or summons for a violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars (\$200).
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 (2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid. (b) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction committed under this section must be imposed as follows: (1) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has not been issued a citation or summons for a violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars (\$200). (2) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 (2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid. (b) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction committed under this section must be imposed as follows: If the retail establishment at that specific business location has not been issued a citation or summons for a violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars (\$200). If the retail establishment at that specific business location has had one (1) citation or summons issued for a violation of this
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid. (b) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction committed under this section must be imposed as follows: If the retail establishment at that specific business location has not been issued a citation or summons for a violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars (\$200). If the retail establishment at that specific business location has had one (1) citation or summons issued for a violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid. (b) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction committed under this section must be imposed as follows: If the retail establishment at that specific business location has not been issued a citation or summons for a violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars (\$200). If the retail establishment at that specific business location has had one (1) citation or summons issued for a violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to four hundred dollars (\$400).
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 (2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid. (b) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction committed under this section must be imposed as follows: (1) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has not been issued a citation or summons for a violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars (\$200). (2) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has had one (1) citation or summons issued for a violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to four hundred dollars (\$400). (3) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (2) knowingly, intentionally, or negligently fails to verify the age of a person who appears to be less than twenty-seven (27) years of age by checking a government issued identification and sells the person e-liquid; the retailer commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the e-liquid. (b) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction committed under this section must be imposed as follows: If the retail establishment at that specific business location has not been issued a citation or summons for a violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars (\$200). If the retail establishment at that specific business location has had one (1) citation or summons issued for a violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to four hundred dollars (\$400).

penalty of up to seven hundred dollars (\$700).



42

1	(4) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
2	had three (3) or more citations or summonses issued for a
2 3	violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180)
4	days, a civil penalty of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
5	A retail establishment may not be issued a citation or summons for a
6	violation of this section more than once every twenty-four (24) hours
7	for each specific business location.
8	(c) It is not a defense that the person to whom e-liquid was sold or
9	distributed did not inhale or otherwise consume e-liquid.
0	(d) The following defenses are available to a retail establishment
1	accused of selling or distributing e-liquid to a person who is less than
2	eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age:
3	(1) The buyer or recipient produced a driver's license bearing the
4	purchaser's or recipient's photograph showing that the purchaser
5	or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase.
6	(2) The buyer or recipient produced a photographic identification
7	card issued under IC 9-24-16-1 or a similar card issued under the
8	laws of another state or the federal government showing that the
9	purchaser or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase.
20	(3) The appearance of the purchaser or recipient was such that an
21	ordinary prudent person would believe that the purchaser or
	recipient was not less than the age that complies with regulations
3	promulgated by the federal Food and Drug Administration.
22 23 24 25	(e) It is a defense that the accused retail establishment sold or
5	delivered e-liquid to a person who acted in the ordinary course of
26	employment or a business concerning e-liquid for the following
27	activities:
28	(1) Agriculture.
29	(2) Processing.
0	(3) Transporting.
1	(4) Wholesaling. or
2	(5) Retailing.
3	(f) As used in this section, "distribute" means to give e-liquid to
4	another person as a means of promoting, advertising, or marketing
5	e-liquid to the general public.
6	(g) Unless a person buys or receives e-liquid under the direction of
57	a law enforcement officer as part of an enforcement action, a retail
8	establishment that sells or distributes e-liquid is not liable for a
9	
	violation of this section unless the person less than eighteen (18)
0	twenty-one (21) years of age who bought or received the e-liquid is
-1 -2	issued a citation or summons in violation of this article. (h) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-5(c), civil penalties collected under
	thri notwithstanding IC 54-26-3-3(C), civil benattles collected under



1	this section must be deposited in the Richard D. Doyle youth tobacco
2	education and enforcement fund (IC 7.1-6-2-6).
3	(i) A person who violates subsection (a) at least six (6) times in any
4	one hundred eighty (180) day period commits habitual illegal sale of
5	e-liquid, a Class B infraction.
6	SECTION 26. IC 7.1-7-6-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.206-2017,
7	SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. A person cannot be charged with a violation
9	under this section and a violation set forth in IC 35-46-1-10 and
0	IC 35-46-1-10.2. A person who knowingly or intentionally makes a
1	delivery sale of e-liquids an e-liquid to a minor an individual who is
2	less than twenty-one (21) years of age commits a Class C infraction.
3	SECTION 27. IC 7.1-7-6-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.206-2017
4	SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section, "good faith effort to
6	verify the age of a the purchaser of e-liquids" e-liquid" means:
7	(1) verifying the age of the purchaser in a commercially available
8	database; or
9	(2) obtaining a photocopy of a government issued identification;
0.0	that indicates the birth date or age of the purchaser.
1	(b) A person who knowingly or intentionally ships e-liquids an
22	e-liquid without first making a good faith effort to verify the age of the
	purchaser of the e-liquids e-liquid commits a Class C infraction.
23 24	SECTION 28. IC 22-5-4 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
25	2020]. (Off Duty Use of Tobacco by Employee).
26	SECTION 29. IC 24-3-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.160-2005,
27	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. Subject to section 4.5 of this chapter, a
9	merchant may not mail or ship cigarettes as part of a delivery sale
0	unless, before mailing or shipping the cigarettes, the merchant:
1	(1) obtains from the prospective customer a written statement
2	signed by the prospective customer under penalty of perjury:
3	(A) providing the prospective customer's address and date of
4	birth;
5	(B) advising the prospective customer that:
6	(i) signing another person's name to the statement required
7	under this subdivision may subject the person to a civil
8	monetary penalty of not more than one thousand dollars
9	(\$1,000); and
0.	(ii) purchasing cigarettes by a person less than eighteen (18)
-1	twenty-one (21) years of age is a Class C infraction under
-2	IC 35-46-1-10.5;



1	(C) confirming that the cigarette order was placed by the
2	prospective customer;
3	(D) providing a warning under 15 U.S.C. 1333(a)(1); and
4	(E) stating the sale of cigarettes by delivery sale is a taxable
5	event for purposes of IC 6-7-1;
6	(2) makes a good faith effort to verify the information in the
7	written statement obtained under subdivision (1) by using a
8	federal or commercially available data base; and
9	(3) receives payment for the delivery sale by a credit or debit card
10	issued in the name of the prospective purchaser.
11	SECTION 30. IC 24-3-5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.160-2005,
12	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) A merchant who mails or ships cigarettes as
14	part of a delivery sale shall:
15	(1) use a mailing or shipping service that requires the customer or
16	a person at least eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age who
17	is designated by the customer to:
18	(A) sign to accept delivery of the cigarettes; and
19	(B) present a valid operator's license issued under IC 9-24-3 or
20	an identification card issued under IC 9-24-16 if the customer
21	or the customer's designee, in the opinion of the delivery agent
22	or employee of the mailing or shipping service, appears to be
22 23 24	less than twenty-seven (27) years of age;
24	(2) provide to the mailing or shipping service used under
25	subdivision (1) proof of compliance with section 6(a) of this
26 27	chapter; and
	(3) include the following statement in bold type or capital letters
28	on an invoice or shipping document:
29	INDIANA LAW PROHIBITS THE MAILING OR SHIPPING
30	OF CIGARETTES TO A PERSON LESS THAN EIGHTEEN
31	(18) TWENTY-ONE (21) YEARS OF AGE AND
32	REQUIRES PAYMENT OF ALL APPLICABLE TAXES.
33	(b) The commission may impose a civil penalty of not more than
34	one thousand dollars (\$1,000) if a mailing or shipping service:
35	(1) delivers cigarettes as part of a delivery sale without first
36	receiving proof from the merchant of compliance with section
37	6(a) of this chapter; or
38	(2) fails to obtain a signature and proof of identification of the
39	customer or the customer's designee under subsection (a)(1).
40	The commission shall deposit amounts collected under this subsection
41	into the Richard D. Doyle youth tobacco education and enforcement
42	fund established by IC 7.1-6-2-6.



1	(c) The following apply to a merchant that mails or ships cigarettes
2	as part of a delivery sale without using a third party service as required
3	by subsection (a)(1):
4	(1) The merchant shall require the customer or a person at least
5	eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age who is designated by
6	the customer to:
7	(A) sign to accept delivery of the cigarettes; and
8	(B) present a valid operator's license issued under IC 9-24-3 or
9	identification card issued under IC 9-24-16 if the customer or
10	the customer's designee, in the opinion of the merchant or the
11	merchant's employee making the delivery, appears to be less
12	than twenty-seven (27) years of age.
13	(2) The commission may impose a civil penalty of not more than
14	one thousand dollars (\$1,000) if the merchant:
15	(A) delivers the cigarettes without first complying with section
16	6(a) of this chapter; or
17	(B) fails to obtain a signature and proof of identification of the
18	customer or the customer's designee under subdivision (1).
19	The commission shall deposit amounts collected under this
20	subdivision into the Richard D. Doyle youth tobacco education
21	and enforcement fund established by IC 7.1-6-2-6.
22	SECTION 31. IC 24-3-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.160-2005,
23	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 8. The commission may impose a civil penalty of
25	not more one thousand dollars (\$1,000) on a:
26	(1) customer who signs another person's name to a statement
27	required under section 4(1) of this chapter; or
28	(2) merchant who sells cigarettes by delivery sale to a person less
29	than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age.
30	The commission shall deposit amounts collected under this section into
31	the Richard D. Doyle youth tobacco education and enforcement fund
32	established by IC 7.1-6-2-6.
33	SECTION 32. IC 35-31.5-2-100, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2019,
34	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 100. (a) "Distribute", for purposes of
36	
37	IC 35-45-4-8, has the meaning set forth in IC 35-45-4-8.
	(b) "Distribute", for purposes of IC 35-46-1-10, has the meaning set
38	forth in IC 35-46-1-10(e). IC 35-46-1-10(f).
39	(c) "Distribute", for purposes of IC 35-46-1-10.2, has the meaning
40	set forth in IC 35-46-1-10.2(e). IC 35-46-1-10.2(f).
41	(d) "Distribute", for purposes of IC 35-47.5, has the meaning set
42	forth in IC 35-47.5-2-6.



1	(e) "Distribute", for purposes of IC 35-48, has the meaning set forth
2	in IC 35-48-1-14.
3	(f) "Distribute", for purposes of IC 35-49, has the meaning set forth
4	in IC 35-49-1-2.
5	SECTION 33. IC 35-31.5-2-107.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 107.5. "E-liquid," for purposes
8	of IC 35-46-1, has the meaning set forth in IC 35-46-1-1.4.
9	SECTION 34. IC 35-43-5-3.8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,
10	SECTION 473, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
11	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3.8. (a) A person who knowingly or
12	intentionally obtains, possesses, transfers, or uses the synthetic
13	identifying information:
14	(1) with intent to harm or defraud another person;
15	(2) with intent to assume another person's identity; or
16	(3) with intent to profess to be another person;
17	commits synthetic identity deception, a Level 6 felony.
18	(b) The offense under subsection (a) is a Level 5 felony if:
19	(1) a person obtains, possesses, transfers, or uses the synthetic
20	identifying information of more than one hundred (100) persons;
21	or
22	(2) the fair market value of the fraud or harm caused by the
23	offense is at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
24	(c) The conduct prohibited in subsections (a) and (b) does not apply
25	to:
26	(1) a person less than twenty-one (21) years of age who uses the
27	synthetic identifying information of another person to acquire:
28	(A) an alcoholic beverage (as defined in IC 7.1-1-3-5); or
29	(B) a cigarette, e-liquid, or tobacco product (as defined in
30	IC 6-7-2-5); or
31	(2) a minor (as defined in IC 35-49-1-4) who uses the synthetic
32	identifying information of another person to acquire:
33	(A) a cigarette or tobacco product (as defined in IC 6-7-2-5);
34	(B) (A) a periodical, a videotape, or other communication
35	medium that contains or depicts nudity (as defined in
36	IC 35-49-1-5);
37	(C) (B) admittance to a performance (live or on film) that
38	prohibits the attendance of the minor based on age; or
39	(D) (C) an item that is prohibited by law for use or
40	consumption by a minor.
41	(d) It is not a defense in a prosecution under subsection (a) or (b)
42	that no person was harmed or defrauded.



1	SECTION 35. IC 35-46-1-1.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
2	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1.4. As used in this chapter,
4	"e-liquid" has the meaning set forth in IC 7.1-7-2-10.
5	SECTION 36. IC 35-46-1-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.20-2013,
6	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 10. (a) A person cannot be charged with a
8	violation under this section and a violation set forth in IC 7.1-7.
9	(b) A person who knowingly:
10	(1) sells or distributes tobacco or an electronic cigarette to a
11	person less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age; or
12	(2) purchases tobacco or an electronic cigarette for delivery to
13	another person who is less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21)
14	years of age;
15	commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place under this
16	section, the buyer must pay the seller for the tobacco product or the
17	electronic cigarette.
18	(b) (c) It is not a defense that the person to whom the tobacco or
19	electronic cigarette was sold or distributed did not smoke, chew, inhale,
20	or otherwise consume the tobacco or the electronic cigarette.
21	(e) (d) The following defenses are available to a person accused of
22	selling or distributing tobacco or an electronic cigarette to a person
23	who is less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age:
24	(1) The buyer or recipient produced a driver's license bearing the
25	purchaser's or recipient's photograph, showing that the purchaser
26	or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase.
27	(2) The buyer or recipient produced a photographic identification
28	card issued under IC 9-24-16-1, or a similar card issued under the
29	laws of another state or the federal government, showing that the
30	purchaser or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase.
31	(3) The appearance of the purchaser or recipient was such that an
32	ordinary prudent person would believe that the purchaser or
33	recipient was not less than the age that complies with regulations
34	promulgated by the federal Food and Drug Administration.
35	(d) (e) It is a defense that the accused person sold or delivered the
36	tobacco or electronic cigarette to a person who acted in the ordinary
37	course of employment or a business concerning tobacco or electronic
38	cigarettes for the following activities:
39	(1) Agriculture.
40	(2) Processing.
41	(3) Transporting.
42	(4) Wholesaling. or



1	(5) Retailing.
2	(e) (f) As used in this section, "distribute" means to give tobacco or
3	an electronic cigarette to another person as a means of promoting,
4	advertising, or marketing the tobacco or electronic cigarette to the
5	general public.
6	(f) (g) Unless the person buys or receives tobacco or an electronic
7	cigarette under the direction of a law enforcement officer as part of an
8	enforcement action, a person who sells or distributes tobacco or an
9	electronic cigarette is not liable for a violation of this section unless the
10	person less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age who
11	bought or received the tobacco or electronic cigarette is issued a
12	citation or summons under section 10.5 of this chapter.
13	(g) (h) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-5(c), civil penalties collected
14	under this section must be deposited in the Richard D. Doyle youth
15	tobacco education and enforcement fund (IC 7.1-6-2-6).
16	SECTION 37. IC 35-46-1-10.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.20-2013,
17	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 10.2. (a) A person cannot be charged with a
19	violation under this section and a violation set forth in IC 7.1-7.
20	(b) A retail establishment that sells or distributes tobacco or an
21	electronic cigarette to a person less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21)
22	years of age commits a Class C infraction. For a sale to take place
23	under this section, the buyer must pay the retail establishment for the
24	tobacco product or electronic cigarette. Notwithstanding
25	IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction committed under
26	this section must be imposed as follows:
27	(1) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
28	not been issued a citation or summons for a violation of this
29	section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil
30	penalty of up to two hundred dollars (\$200).
31	(2) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
32	had one (1) citation or summons issued for a violation of this
33	section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil
34	penalty of up to four hundred dollars (\$400).
35	(3) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
36	had two (2) citations or summonses issued for a violation of this
37	section in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil
38	penalty of up to seven hundred dollars (\$700).
39	(4) If the retail establishment at that specific business location has
40	had three (3) or more citations or summonses issued for a
41	violation of this section in the previous one hundred eighty (180)
42	days, a civil penalty of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000).



A retail establishment may not be issued a citation or summons for a

violation of this section more than once every twenty-four (24) hours

3	for each specific business location.
4	(b) (c) It is not a defense that the person to whom the tobacco or
5	electronic cigarette was sold or distributed did not smoke, chew, inhale,
6	or otherwise consume the tobacco or electronic cigarette.
7	(c) (d) The following defenses are available to a retail establishment
8	accused of selling or distributing tobacco or an electronic cigarette to
9	a person who is less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age:
10	(1) The buyer or recipient produced a driver's license bearing the
l 1	purchaser's or recipient's photograph showing that the purchaser
12	or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase.
13	(2) The buyer or recipient produced a photographic identification
14	card issued under IC 9-24-16-1 or a similar card issued under the
15	laws of another state or the federal government showing that the
16	purchaser or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase.
17	(3) The appearance of the purchaser or recipient was such that an
18	ordinary prudent person would believe that the purchaser or
19	recipient was not less than the age that complies with regulations
20	promulgated by the federal Food and Drug Administration.
21	(d) (e) It is a defense that the accused retail establishment sold or
22	delivered the tobacco or electronic cigarette to a person who acted in
23	the ordinary course of employment or a business concerning tobacco
24 25	or electronic cigarettes for the following activities:
25	(1) Agriculture.
26 27	(2) Processing.
27	(3) Transporting.
28	(4) Wholesaling. or
29	(5) Retailing.
30	(e) (f) As used in this section, "distribute" means to give tobacco or
31	an electronic cigarette to another person as a means of promoting,
32	advertising, or marketing the tobacco or electronic cigarette to the
33	general public.
34	(f) (g) Unless a person buys or receives tobacco or an electronic
35	cigarette under the direction of a law enforcement officer as part of an
36	enforcement action, a retail establishment that sells or distributes
37	tobacco or an electronic cigarette is not liable for a violation of this
38	section unless the person less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years
39	of age who bought or received the tobacco or electronic cigarette is
10 11	issued a citation or summons under section 10.5 of this chapter.
11 12	(g) (h) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-5(c), civil penalties collected
12	under this section must be deposited in the Richard D. Doyle youth



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1	tobacco education and enforcement fund (IC 7.1-6-2-6).
2	(h) (i) A person who violates subsection (a) (b) at least six (6) times
3	in any one hundred eighty (180) day period commits habitual illegal
4	sale of tobacco or an electronic cigarette, a Class B infraction.
5	SECTION 38. IC 35-46-1-10.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.20-2013,
6	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 10.5. (a) A person less than eighteen (18)
8	twenty-one (21) years of age who:
9	(1) purchases tobacco, an e-liquid, or an electronic cigarette;
10	(2) accepts tobacco, an e-liquid, or an electronic cigarette for
11	personal use; or
12	(3) possesses tobacco, an e-liquid, or an electronic cigarette on
13	his the person's person;
14	commits a Class C infraction.
15	(b) It is a defense under subsection (a) that the accused person acted
16	in the ordinary course of employment in a business concerning tobacco,
17	e-liquids, or electronic cigarettes for the following activities:
18	(1) Agriculture.
19	(2) Processing.
20	(3) Transporting.
21	(4) Wholesaling. or
22	(5) Retailing.
23 24	SECTION 39. IC 35-46-1-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.20-2013,
24	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 11. (a) A tobacco or electronic cigarette vending
26	machine that is located in a public place must bear the following
27	conspicuous notices:
28	(1) A notice:
29	(A) that reads as follows, with the capitalization indicated: "If
30	you are under 18 21 years of age, YOU ARE FORBIDDEN by
31	Indiana law to buy tobacco or electronic cigarettes from this
32	machine."; or
33	(B) that:
34	(i) conveys a message substantially similar to the message
35	described in clause (A); and
36	(ii) is formatted with words and in a form authorized under
37	the rules adopted by the alcohol and tobacco commission.
38	(2) A notice that reads as follows, "Smoking by Pregnant Women
39	May Result in Fetal Injury, Premature Birth, and Low Birth
10	Weight.".
11	(3) A notice printed in letters and numbers at least one-half $(1/2)$
12	inch high that displays a toll free phone number for assistance to



1	callers in quitting smoking, as determined by the state department
2 3	of health.
4	(b) A person who owns or has control over a tobacco or electronic cigarette vending machine in a public place and who:
5	(1) fails to post a notice required by subsection (a) on the vending
6	machine; or
7	(2) fails to replace a notice within one (1) month after it is
8	removed or defaced;
9	commits a Class C infraction.
10	(c) An establishment selling tobacco or electronic cigarettes at retail
11	shall post and maintain in a conspicuous place, at the point of sale, the
12	following:
13	(1) Signs printed in letters at least one-half (1/2) inch high,
14	reading as follows:
15	(A) "The sale of tobacco or electronic cigarettes to persons
16	under 18 21 years of age is forbidden by Indiana law.".
17	(B) "Smoking by Pregnant Women May Result in Fetal Injury,
18	Premature Birth, and Low Birth Weight.".
19	(2) A sign printed in letters and numbers at least one-half (1/2)
20	inch high that displays a toll free phone number for assistance to
21	callers in quitting smoking, as determined by the state department
22	of health.
23	(d) A person who:
24	(1) owns or has control over an establishment selling tobacco or
25	electronic cigarettes at retail; and
26	(2) fails to post and maintain the sign required by subsection (c);
27	commits a Class C infraction.
28	SECTION 40. IC 35-46-1-11.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.20-2013,
29	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 11.5. (a) Except for a coin machine that is placed
31	in or directly adjacent to an entranceway or an exit, or placed in a
32	hallway, a restroom, or another common area that is accessible to
33	persons who are less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age,
34	this section does not apply to a coin machine that is located in the
35	following:
36	(1) That part of a licensed premises (as defined in IC 7.1-1-3-20)
37	where entry is limited to persons who are at least eighteen (18)
38	twenty-one (21) years of age.
39	(2) Private industrial or office locations that are customarily
40	accessible only to persons who are at least eighteen (18)
41	twenty-one (21) years of age.
42	(3) Private clubs if the membership is limited to persons who are



1	at least eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age.
2	(4) Riverboats where entry is limited to persons who are at least
3	twenty-one (21) years of age and on which lawful gambling is
4	authorized.
5	(b) As used in this section, "coin machine" has the meaning set forth
6	in IC 35-43-5-1.
7	(c) Except as provided in subsection (a), an owner of a retail
8	establishment may not:
9	(1) distribute or sell tobacco or electronic cigarettes by use of a
10	coin machine; or
11	(2) install or maintain a coin machine that is intended to be used
12	for the sale or distribution of tobacco or electronic cigarettes.
13	(d) An owner of a retail establishment who violates this section
14	commits a Class C infraction. A citation or summons issued under this
15	section must provide notice that the coin machine must be moved
16	within two (2) business days. Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil
17	judgment for an infraction committed under this section must be
18	imposed as follows:
19	(1) If the owner of the retail establishment has not been issued a
20	citation or summons for a violation of this section in the previous
21	ninety (90) days, a civil penalty of fifty dollars (\$50).
22	(2) If the owner of the retail establishment has had one (1) citation
23	or summons issued for a violation of this section in the previous
24	ninety (90) days, a civil penalty of two hundred fifty dollars
25	(\$250).
26	(3) If the owner of the retail establishment has had two (2)
27	citations or summonses issued for a violation of this section in the
28	previous ninety (90) days for the same machine, the coin machine
29	shall be removed or impounded by a law enforcement officer
30	having jurisdiction where the violation occurs.
31	An owner of a retail establishment may not be issued a citation or
32	summons for a violation of this section more than once every two (2)
33	business days for each business location.
34	(e) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-5(c), civil penalties collected under
35	this section must be deposited in the Richard D. Doyle youth tobacco
36	education and enforcement fund established under IC 7.1-6-2-6.
37	SECTION 41. IC 35-46-1-11.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.94-2008,
38	SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	-
40	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 11.7. (a) A retail establishment that has as its
	primary purpose the sale of tobacco products may not allow an
41	individual who is less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age
42	to enter the retail establishment.



1	(b) An individual who is less than eighteen (18) twenty-one (21)
2	years of age may not enter a retail establishment described in
3	subsection (a).
4	(c) A retail establishment described in subsection (a) must
5	conspicuously post on all entrances to the retail establishment the
6	following:
7	(1) A sign in boldface type that states "NOTICE: It is unlawful for
8	a person less than 18 21 years old of age to enter this store.".
9	(2) A sign printed in letters and numbers at least one-half (1/2)
10	inch high that displays a toll free phone number for assistance to
11	callers in quitting smoking, as determined by the state department
12	of health.
13	(d) A person who violates this section commits a Class C infraction.
14	Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction
15	committed under this section must be imposed as follows:
16	(1) If the person has not been cited for a violation of this section
17	in the previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of
18	up to two hundred dollars (\$200).
19	(2) If the person has had one (1) violation in the previous one
20	hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to four hundred
21	dollars (\$400).
22	(3) If the person has had two (2) violations in the previous one
23	hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to seven hundred
24	dollars (\$700).
25	(4) If the person has had three (3) or more violations in the
26	previous one hundred eighty (180) days, a civil penalty of up to
27	one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
28	A person may not be cited more than once every twenty-four (24)
29	hours.
30	(e) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-5(c), civil penalties collected under
31	this section must be deposited in the Richard D. Doyle youth tobacco
32	education and enforcement fund established under IC 7.1-6-2-6.
33	(f) A person who violates subsection (a) at least six (6) times in any
34	one hundred eighty (180) day period commits habitual illegal entrance
35	by a minor, a Class B infraction.
36	SECTION 42. IC 35-46-1-11.8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.20-2013,
37	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 11.8. (a) As used in this section, "self-service
39	display" means a display that contains tobacco or electronic cigarettes
40	in an area where a customer:
41	(1) is permitted; and
42	(2) has access to the tobacco or electronic cigarettes without



1	assistance from a sales person.
2	(b) This section does not apply to a self-service display located in
3	a retail establishment that:
4	(1) has a primary purpose to sell tobacco or electronic cigarettes;
5	and
6	(2) prohibits entry by persons who are less than eighteen (18)
7	twenty-one (21) years of age.
8	(c) The owner of a retail establishment that sells or distributes
9	tobacco or electronic cigarettes through a self-service display, other
10	than a coin operated machine operated under IC 35-46-1-11 or
11	IC 35-46-1-11.5, commits a Class C infraction.
12	(d) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-5(c), civil penalties collected under
13	this section must be deposited in the Richard D. Doyle youth tobacco
14	education and enforcement fund (IC 7.1-6-2-6).

