

Reprinted February 17, 2017

HOUSE BILL No. 1181

DIGEST OF HB 1181 (Updated February 16, 2017 3:51 pm - DI 87)

Citations Affected: Numerous provisions throughout the Indiana Code.

Synopsis: Technical corrections. Resolves technical problems in the Indiana Code. Provides that the technical corrections bill may be referred to as the "technical corrections bill of the 2017 general assembly". Specifies that the title may be used in the lead-in line of each SECTION of another bill to identify the provisions added, amended, or repealed by the technical corrections bill that are also amended or repealed in another bill being considered during the 2017 legislative session. Provides the publisher of the Indiana Code with guidance concerning resolution of amend/repeal conflicts between the technical corrections bill and other bills passed during the 2017 legislative session. Specifies that if there is a conflict between a provision in the technical corrections bill and a provision being repealed in another bill's repealer is law. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the code revision commission.)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2016 (retroactive); January 1, 2017 (retroactive).

Kersey, Steuerwald, Washburne, Moseley

January 9, 2017, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. February 6, 2017, amended, reported — Do Pass. February 16, 2017, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



Reprinted February 17, 2017

First Regular Session of the 120th General Assembly (2017)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2016 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1181

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning general provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 2	SECTION 1. IC 2-5-1.1-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.53-2014, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
$\frac{2}{3}$	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) The Indiana code revision commission
3 4	is established. The commission shall function as an advisory body to
5	the legislative council. In that capacity, the commission shall:
6	(1) assist the council in supervising the compilation,
7	computerization, indexing, and printing of the Indiana Code;
8	(2) assist the council in developing standards for the codification
9	and revision of statutes to make those statutes clear, concise, and
10	easy to interpret and to apply;
11	(3) assist the council, as required by IC 4-22-8-11, with the
12	publication of the Indiana Register and in the compilation,
13	computerization, indexing, and printing of the Indiana
14	Administrative Code;
15	(4) assist the council, as required by IC 4-22-2-42, in developing
16	and revising standards, techniques, format, and numbering system
17	to be used in drafting rules for promulgation;



1	(5) against the assumptil in developing and revising standards
2	(5) assist the council in developing and revising standards, techniques, and format to be used when preparing legislation for
$\frac{2}{3}$	consideration by the Indiana general assembly; and
4	(6) assist the council with any other related tasks assigned to the
5	commission by the council.
6	(b) The commission consists of the following members:
7	(1) Four (4) members of the house of representatives, not more
8	than two (2) of whom are members of the same political party, to
9	be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives.
10	(2) Four (4) members of the senate, not more than two (2) of
11	whom are members of the same political party, to be appointed by
12	the president pro tempore of the senate.
13	(3) The chief justice of Indiana or his the chief justice's designee.
14	(4) The chief judge of the Indiana court of appeals or his the chief
15	judge's designee.
16	(5) The Indiana attorney general or his the attorney general's
17	designee.
18	(6) An attorney admitted to the practice of law before the Indiana
19	supreme court selected by the chairman of the council.
20	(7) A present or former professor of law selected by the chairman
21	of the council.
22	(8) The Indiana secretary of state or his the secretary of state's
23	designee.
24	(9) An individual appointed by the governor.
25	Appointive members of the commission shall be appointed to serve a
26	term of two (2) years or until their successors are appointed and
27	qualified. However, an appointing authority may replace a member
28	appointed under subsection $(b)(1)$ or $(b)(2)$ at any time during the
29	member's term. Notwithstanding this subsection, the term of a member
30	appointed to the commission under subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) and
31	serving on the commission after March 14, 2014, and before December
32	31, 2014, expires December 31, 2014.
33	(c) IC 2-5-1.2-8.5 applies to the appointment of a chair and a
34	vice-chair of the commission.
35	(d) Commission members serve without compensation other than
36	per diem and travel allowance as authorized for legislative study
37	committees.
38	(e) The commission shall meet as often as is necessary to properly
39 40	perform its duties.
40 41	(f) The council may direct the legislative services agency to provide such clarical research and administrative personnel and other
41	such clerical, research, and administrative personnel and other assistance as the council considers necessary to enable the commission
⊣ ∠	assistance as the council considers necessary to enable the commission



1 to properly perform its duties.

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(g) Subject to the authorization of the council, the expenses incurred by the commission in performing its duties shall be paid from the funds appropriated to the council.

5 SECTION 2. IC 2-5-1.3-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.53-2014, SECTION 6 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON 7 PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. The term of a member appointed to a study 8 committee is two (2) consecutive interims. However, an appointing 9 authority may replace a member at any time during the member's term. 10 Notwithstanding this section, the term of a member serving on a study committee after March 14, 2014, and before December 31, 2014, 11 12 expires December 31, 2014.

SECTION 3. IC 3-11.5-6-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. If a test of
automatic tabulating machines required by IC 3-11-13-22 or
HC 3-11-13-26 is not conducted for a particular office or public
question, the absentee ballot votes for that office shall be counted
manually.

SECTION 4. IC 3-12-3-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. If either a test of automatic
tabulating machines required by IC 3-11-13-22 and IC 3-11-13-26 is
not conducted for a particular office or public question, the votes for
that office or question shall be counted manually. If for any reason it
becomes impracticable to count all or some of the ballot cards with
automatic tabulating machines:

26 (1) the precinct election board in which the machine is located, if
27 the ballot card voting system is designed to allow the counting
28 and tabulation of votes by the precinct election board; or

29 (2) the county election board, if the ballot card voting system is
30 not designed to allow the counting and tabulation of votes by the
31 precinct election board;

32 may direct that they be counted manually.

SECTION 5. IC 3-12-9-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, 33 34 SECTION 127, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 35 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) The fiscal body of a 36 political subdivision that receives notice under section 3 of this chapter 37 shall resolve the tie vote by electing a person to fill the office not later 38 than December 31 following the election (or not later than June 30 39 following the election of a school board member in May) at which the 40 tie vote occurred. The fiscal body shall select one (1) of the candidates 41 who was involved in the tie vote to fill the office.

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(b) If a tie vote has occurred in an election for a circuit office in a



circuit that contains more than one (1) county, the fiscal bodies of the counties shall meet in joint session at the county seat of the county that contains the greatest percentage of population of the circuit to select one (1) of the candidates who was involved in the tie vote in order to fill the office in accordance with this section.

6 (c) If a tie vote has occurred for the election of more than one (1) 7 at-large seat on a legislative or fiscal body, the fiscal body shall select 8 the number of individuals necessary to fill each of the at-large seats for 9 which the tie vote occurred. However, a member of a fiscal body who 10 runs for reelection and is involved in a tie vote may not cast a vote 11 under this section.

(d) The executive of the political subdivision (other than a town or
a school corporation) may cast the deciding vote to break a tie vote in
a fiscal body acting under this section. The clerk-treasurer of the town
may cast the deciding vote to break a tie vote in a town fiscal body
acting under this section. A tie vote in the fiscal body of a school
corporation under this section shall be broken under IC 20-23.

SECTION 6. IC 4-13-2-1.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.5. (a)
Notwithstanding section 1 of this chapter, the term "agencies of state",
"state agency", or "agency", as used in sections 7, 19, 21, and 23 of this
chapter, include the judicial and legislative departments of state
government.
(b) Notwithstanding section 1 of this chapter, section 19 of this

(b) Notwithstanding section 1 of this chapter, section 19 of this chapter applies to the judicial and legislative departments of state government.

(c) Notwithstanding section 1 of this chapter, section 5.2 of this chapter applies to a body corporate and politic.

SECTION 7. IC 4-33-24-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.212-2016, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "paid fantasy sports game" means any fantasy or simulation sports game or contest that meets the following conditions:

(1) The values of all prizes and awards offered to winning game
participants are established and made known to the game
participants in advance of the game or contest.

- 37 (2) All winning outcomes reflect the relative knowledge and skill
 38 of the game participants and are determined predominantly by
 39 accumulated statistical results of the performance of individuals,
 40 including athletes in the case of sporting events.
- 41 (3) No winning outcome is based on the score, point spread, or42 performance or performances of any single team or combination

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1	of teams, or solely on any single performance of an individual
2 3	athlete or player in any single event.
	(4) The statistical results of the performance of individuals under
4	subdivision (2) are not based on college or high school sports.
5	(5) All game participants must pay, with cash or a cash
6	equivalent, an entry fee to participate.
7	(6) Unless authorized by the horse racing commission, established
8	by IC 4-31-3-1, no winning outcome is based on the accumulated
9	statistical results of a performance by an individual or horse:
10	(A) in a race or races at a recognized meeting (as defined in
11	IC 4-31-2-20); or
12	(B) on the simulcast, as defined in IC 4-31-2-20.6, of a horse
13	race or horse races.
14	SECTION 8. IC 5-2-22-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.52-2016, SECTION
15	1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON
16	PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this
17	chapter:
18	(1) "Crime of child abuse" means:
19	(A) neglect of a dependent (IC 35-46-1-4) if the dependent is
20	a child and the offense is committed under:
21	(i) IC 35-46-1-4(a)(1);
22	(ii) IC 35-46-1-4(a)(2); or
23	(iii) IC 35-46-1-4(a)(3);
24	(B) child selling (IC 35-46-1-4(d));
25	(C) a sex offense (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5.2) committed
26	against a child; or
27	(D) battery against a child under:
28	(i) IC 35-42-2-1(d)(3) IC 35-42-2-1(e)(3) (battery on a
29	child);
30	(ii) IC 35-42-2-1(f)(5)(B) IC 35-42-2-1(g)(5)(B) (battery
31	causing bodily injury to a child);
32	(iii) IC 35-42-2-1(i) IC 35-42-2-1(j) (battery causing serious
33	bodily injury to a child); or
34	(iv) IC 35-42-2-1(j) IC 35-42-2-1(k) (battery resulting in the
35	death of a child).
36	(2) "Division" refers to the division of state court administration
37	created under IC 33-24-6-1(b)(2).
38	(3) "Registry" means the child abuse registry established under
39	section 2 of this chapter.
40	SECTION 9. IC 5-10.3-12-31, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2016,
41	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 31. (a) If a member of the plan separates from



employment with the member's employer and later begins employment with the same or a different employer in a position covered by the plan:

(1) the member resumes the member's participation in the plan; and

(2) the member is entitled to receive credit for the member's years of participation in the plan before the member's separation.

Any amounts forfeited by the member under section 25(e) of this chapter may not be restored to the member's account.

(b) An individual who returns to state employment having had an opportunity to make an election under section 20 of this chapter during an earlier period of state employment is not entitled to a second opportunity to make an election under section 20 of this chapter.

13 (c) An individual described in section 1(a)(3) of this chapter who 14 returns to employment with a participating political subdivision having 15 had an opportunity to make an election under section 20.5 of this 16 chapter during an earlier period of employment with the participating 17 political subdivision is not entitled to a second opportunity to make an 18 election under section 20.5 of this chapter with respect to that 19 employer.

20 SECTION 10. IC 5-13-10.5-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.204-2016, 21 SECTION 8, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.188-2016, SECTION 6, IS 22 CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 23 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. (a) As used in this section, 24 "capital improvement board" refers to a capital improvement board 25 established under IC 36-10-9.

26 (b) To qualify for an investment under this section, the capital 27 improvement board must apply to the treasurer of state in the form and 28 manner required by the treasurer. As part of the application, the capital 29 improvement board shall submit a plan for its use of the investment 30 proceeds and for the repayment of the capital improvement board's 31 obligation to the treasurer. Within sixty (60) days after receipt of each 32 application, the treasurer shall consider the application and review its 33 accuracy and completeness. 34

(c) If the capital improvement board makes an application under 35 subsection (b) and the treasurer approves the accuracy and completeness of the application and determines that there is an 36 adequate method of payment for the capital improvement board's obligations, the treasurer of state shall invest or reinvest funds that are held by the treasurer and that are available for investment in 40 obligations issued by the capital improvement board for the purposes of the capital improvement board in calendar years 2009, 2010, and 2011. The investment may not exceed nine million dollars (\$9,000,000)

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1 per calendar year for 2009, 2010, and 2011. 2 (d) The treasurer of state shall determine the terms of each 3 investment and the capital improvement board's obligation, which must 4 include the following: 5 (1) Subject to subsections (f) and (g), the duration of the capital 6 improvement board's obligation, which must be for a term of ten 7 (10) years with an option for the capital improvement board to 8 pay its obligation to the treasurer early without penalty. 9 (2) Subject to subsections (f) and (g), the repayment schedule of the capital improvement board's obligation, which must provide 10 that no payments are due before January 1, 2013. 11 12 (3) A rate of interest to be determined by the treasurer. 13 (4) The amount of each investment, which may not exceed the 14 maximum amounts established for the capital improvement board 15 by this section. (5) Any other conditions specified by the treasurer. 16 17 (e) The capital improvement board may issue obligations under this section by adoption of a resolution and, as set forth in IC 5-1-14, may 18 19 use any source of revenue to satisfy the obligation to the treasurer of 20 state under this section. This section constitutes complete authority for 21 the capital improvement board to issue obligations to the treasurer. If 22 the capital improvement board fails to make any payments on the 23 capital improvement board's obligation to the treasurer, the amount 24 payable shall be withheld by the auditor of state from any other money 25 payable to the capital improvement board. The amount withheld shall 26 be transferred to the treasurer to the credit of the capital improvement 27 board. 28 (f) Subject to subsection (g), if all principal and interest on the 29 obligations issued by the capital improvement board under this section 30 in calendar year 2009, are paid before July 1, 2015, the term of the 31 obligations issued by the capital improvement board to the treasurer of 32 state in calendar year 2010 is extended until 2025. The treasurer of 33 state shall discharge any remaining unpaid interest on the obligation 34 issued by the capital improvement board to the treasurer of state in 35 2009, if the capital improvement board submits payment of the principal amount to the treasurer of state before the stated final 36 37 maturity of that obligation. 38 (g) This subsection applies if the capital improvement board before 39 July 1, 2015, adopts a resolution: 40 (1) to establish a bid fund to be used to assist the capital 41 improvement board, the Indianapolis Convention and Visitors 42 Association (VisitIndy), or the Indiana Sports Corporation in



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1 securing conventions, sporting events, and other special events; 2 and 3 (2) to designate that principal and interest payments that would 4 otherwise be made on the obligation issued by the capital 5 improvement board under this section in calendar year 2010 shall 6 instead be deposited in the bid fund. If the requirements of subdivisions (1) and (2) are satisfied and the 7 8 capital improvement board deposits in the bid fund amounts equal to 9 the principal and interests payments that would otherwise be made 10 under the repayment schedule on the obligations issued by the capital 11 improvement board under this section in calendar year 2010, the capital 12 improvement board is not required to make those principal and 13 interests payments to the treasurer of state at the time required under 14 the repayment schedule. The amounts must be deposited in the bid 15 fund not later than the time the principal and interest payments would otherwise be due to the treasurer of state under the repayment schedule. 16 17 The state board of accounts shall annually examine the bid fund under 18 IC 5-11-1 to determine the amount of deposits made to the bid fund 19 under this subsection and to ensure that the money deposited in the bid 20 fund is used only for purposes authorized by this subsection. To the extent that the capital improvement board does not deposit in the bid 21 22 fund an amount equal to a payment of principal and interest that would 23 otherwise be due under the repayment schedule on the obligations 24 issued by the capital improvement board under this section in calendar 25 year 2010, the capital improvement board must make that payment of principal and interest to the treasurer of state as provided in this 26 27 section. If the capital improvement board deposits in the bid fund 28 amounts equal to the payments of principal and interest that would 29 otherwise be due under the repayment schedule on the obligations 30 issued by the capital improvement board under this section in calendar 31 year 2010, the capital improvement board is only required to repay to 32 the treasurer of state the principal amount of the obligation. 33 SECTION 11. IC 5-14-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.58-2016, SECTION 1, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2016, SECTION 12. 34 35

SECTION 1, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2016, SECTION 12, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 2. (a) The definitions set forth in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(b) "Copy" includes transcribing by handwriting, photocopying, xerography, duplicating machine, duplicating electronically stored data onto a disk, tape, drum, or any other medium of electronic data storage, and reproducing by any other means.

(c) "Criminal intelligence information" means data that has been

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1 evaluated to determine that the data is relevant to: 2 (1) the identification of; and 3 (2) the criminal activity engaged in by; 4 an individual who or organization that is reasonably suspected of 5 involvement in criminal activity. 6 (d) "Direct cost" means one hundred five percent (105%) of the sum 7 of the cost of: 8 (1) the initial development of a program, if any; 9 (2) the labor required to retrieve electronically stored data; and 10 (3) any medium used for electronic output; for providing a duplicate of electronically stored data onto a disk, tape, 11 drum, or other medium of electronic data retrieval under section 8(g) 12 13 of this chapter, or for reprogramming a computer system under section 14 6(c) of this chapter. 15 (e) "Electronic map" means copyrighted data provided by a public agency from an electronic geographic information system. 16 17 (f) "Enhanced access" means the inspection of a public record by a 18 person other than a governmental entity and that: 19 (1) is by means of an electronic device other than an electronic 20 device provided by a public agency in the office of the public 21 agency; or 22 (2) requires the compilation or creation of a list or report that does 23 not result in the permanent electronic storage of the information. 24 (g) "Facsimile machine" means a machine that electronically 25 transmits exact images through connection with a telephone network. (h) "Inspect" includes the right to do the following: 26 27 (1) Manually transcribe and make notes, abstracts, or memoranda. 28 (2) In the case of tape recordings or other aural public records, to 29 listen and manually transcribe or duplicate, or make notes, 30 abstracts, or other memoranda from them. 31 (3) In the case of public records available: 32 (A) by enhanced access under section 3.5 of this chapter; or 33 (B) to a governmental entity under section 3(c)(2) of this 34 chapter; 35 to examine and copy the public records by use of an electronic 36 device. 37 (4) In the case of electronically stored data, to manually transcribe 38 and make notes, abstracts, or memoranda or to duplicate the data 39 onto a disk, tape, drum, or any other medium of electronic 40 storage. 41 (i) "Investigatory record" means information compiled in the course 42 of the investigation of a crime.



1	(j) "Law enforcement activity" means:
2	(1) a traffic stop;
3	(2) a pedestrian stop;
4	(3) an arrest;
5	(4) a search;
6	(5) an investigation;
7	(6) a pursuit;
8	(7) crowd control;
9	(8) traffic control; or
10	(9) any other instance in which a law enforcement officer is
11	enforcing the law.
12	The term does not include an administrative activity, including the
13	completion of paperwork related to a law enforcement activity, or a
14	custodial interrogation conducted in a place of detention as described
15	in Indiana Evidence Rule 617, regardless of the ultimate admissibility
16	of a statement made during the custodial interrogation.
17	(k) "Law enforcement recording" means an audio, visual, or
18	audiovisual recording of a law enforcement activity captured by a
19	camera or other device that is:
20	(1) provided to or used by a law enforcement officer in the scope
21	of the officer's duties; and
22	(2) designed to be worn by a law enforcement officer or attached
23	to the vehicle or transportation of a law enforcement officer.
24	$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$ (<i>l</i>) "Offender" means a person confined in a penal institution as
25	the result of the conviction for a crime.
26	$\frac{(k)}{(k)}$ (m) "Patient" has the meaning set out in IC 16-18-2-272(d).
27	(<i>iii</i>) (<i>iiii</i>) Futient has the meaning set out in (0 10 10 2.272(d)). (<i>iii</i>) (<i>n</i>) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a limited
28	liability company, a partnership, an unincorporated association, or a
29	governmental entity.
30	(m) (o) "Private university police department" means the police
31	officers appointed by the governing board of a private university under
32	IC 21-17-5.
33	$\frac{(n)}{(p)}$ "Provider" has the meaning set out in IC 16-18-2-295(b) and
34	includes employees of the state department of health or local boards of
35	health who create patient records at the request of another provider or
36	who are social workers and create records concerning the family
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38	background of children who may need assistance. (a) "Public agapta" except as provided in section 2.1 of this
38 39	(σ) (q) "Public agency", except as provided in section 2.1 of this chapter means the following:
	chapter, means the following:
40	(1) Any board, commission, department, division, bureau,
41	committee, agency, office, instrumentality, or authority, by
42	whatever name designated, exercising any part of the executive,



1	administrative, judicial, or legislative power of the state.
2	(2) Any:
3	(A) county, township, school corporation, city, or town, or any
4	board, commission, department, division, bureau, committee,
5	office, instrumentality, or authority of any county, township,
6	school corporation, city, or town;
7	(B) political subdivision (as defined by IC 36-1-2-13); or
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8 9	(C) other entity, or any office thereof, by whatever name
	designated, exercising in a limited geographical area the
10	executive, administrative, judicial, or legislative power of the
11	state or a delegated local governmental power.
12	(3) Any entity or office that is subject to:
13	(A) budget review by either the department of local
14	government finance or the governing body of a county, city,
15	town, township, or school corporation; or
16	(B) an audit by the state board of accounts that is required by
17	statute, rule, or regulation.
18	(4) Any building corporation of a political subdivision that issues
19	bonds for the purpose of constructing public facilities.
20	(5) Any advisory commission, committee, or body created by
21	statute, ordinance, or executive order to advise the governing
22	body of a public agency, except medical staffs or the committees
23	of any such staff.
24	(6) Any law enforcement agency, which means an agency or a
25	department of any level of government that engages in the
26	investigation, apprehension, arrest, or prosecution of alleged
27	criminal offenders, such as the state police department, the police
28	or sheriff's department of a political subdivision, prosecuting
29	attorneys, members of the excise police division of the alcohol
30	and tobacco commission, conservation officers of the department
31	of natural resources, gaming agents of the Indiana gaming
32	commission, gaming control officers of the Indiana gaming
33	commission, and the security division of the state lottery
34	commission, and the security division of the state lottery
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	(7) Any license branch <i>staffed by employees of the bureau of</i>
36	<i>motor vehicles commission operated</i> under IC 9-16. IC 9-14.1.
37	(8) The state lottery commission established by IC 4-30-3-1,
38	including any department, division, or office of the commission.
39	(9) The Indiana gaming commission established under IC 4-33,
40	including any department, division, or office of the commission.
41	(10) The Indiana horse racing commission established by IC 4-31,
42	including any department, division, or office of the commission.



1	(11) A private university police department. The term does not
2	include the governing board of a private university or any other
3	department, division, board, entity, or office of a private
4	university.
5	$\frac{(p)}{(r)}$ "Public record" means any writing, paper, report, study, map,
6	photograph, book, card, tape recording, or other material that is
7	created, received, retained, maintained, or filed by or with a public
8	agency and which is generated on paper, paper substitutes,
9	photographic media, chemically based media, magnetic or machine
10	readable media, electronically stored data, or any other material,
11	regardless of form or characteristics.
12	(q) (s) "Standard-sized documents" includes all documents that can
13	be mechanically reproduced (without mechanical reduction) on paper
14	sized eight and one-half $(8 \ 1/2)$ inches by eleven (11) inches or eight
15	and one-half (8 $1/2$) inches by fourteen (14) inches.
16	(r) (t) "Trade secret" has the meaning set forth in IC 24-2-3-2.
17	(s) (u) "Work product of an attorney" means information compiled
18	by an attorney in reasonable anticipation of litigation. The term
19	includes the attorney's:
20	(1) notes and statements taken during interviews of prospective
21	witnesses; and
22	(2) legal research or records, correspondence, reports, or
23	memoranda to the extent that each contains the attorney's
24	opinions, theories, or conclusions.
25	This definition does not restrict the application of any exception under
26	section 4 of this chapter.
27	SECTION 12. IC 5-14-3-5.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.58-2016,
28	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.2. (a) A public agency shall permit any
30	person to inspect or copy a law enforcement recording unless one (1)
31	or more of the following circumstances apply:
32	(1) Section $4(b)(19)$ of this chapter applies and the person has not
33	demonstrated that the public agency that owns, occupies, leases,
34	or maintains the airport approves the disclosure of the recording.
35	(2) The public agency finds, after due consideration of the facts
36	of the particular case, that access to or dissemination of the
37	recording:
38	(A) creates a significant risk of substantial harm to any person
39	or to the general public;
40	(B) is likely to interfere with the ability of a person to receive
41	a fair trial by creating prejudice or bias concerning the person
42	or a claim or defense presented by the person;



1	(C) may affect an ongoing investigation, if the recording is an
2	investigatory record of a law enforcement agency as defined
3 4	in section 2 of this chapter and notwithstanding its exclusion
4	under section $4(b)(1)$ of this chapter; or
5	(D) would not serve the public interest.
6	However, before permitting a person to inspect or copy the recording,
7	the public agency must comply with the obscuring provisions of
8	subsection (f), (e), if applicable.
9	(b) If a public agency denies a person the opportunity to inspect or
10	copy a law enforcement recording under subsection (a), the person may
11	petition the circuit or superior court of the county in which the law
12	enforcement recording was made for an order permitting inspection or
13	copying of a law enforcement recording. The court shall review the
14	decision of the public agency de novo and grant the order unless one
15	(1) or more of the following apply:
16	(1) If section $4(b)(19)$ of this chapter applies, the petitioner fails
17	to establish by a preponderance of the evidence that the public
18	agency that owns, occupies, leases, or maintains the airport
19	approves the disclosure of the recording.
20	(2) The public agency establishes by a preponderance of the
21	evidence in light of the facts of the particular case, that access to
22	or dissemination of the recording:
23	(A) creates a significant risk of substantial harm to any person
24	or to the general public;
25	(B) is likely to interfere with the ability of a person to receive
26	a fair trial by creating prejudice or bias concerning the person
27	or a claim or defense presented by the person;
28	(C) may affect an ongoing investigation, if the recording is an
29	investigatory record of a law enforcement agency, as defined
30	in section 2 of this chapter, notwithstanding its exclusion
31	under section 4 of this chapter; or
32	(D) would not serve the public interest.
33	(c) Notwithstanding section 9(i) of this chapter, a person that
34	obtains an order for inspection of or to copy a law enforcement
35	recording under this section may not be awarded attorney's fees, court
36	costs, and other reasonable expenses of litigation. The penalty
30 37	
37 38	provisions of section 9.5 of this chapter do not apply to a petition filed under this section.
38 39	
	(d) If the court grants a petition for inspection of or to copy the law
40	enforcement recording, the public agency shall disclose the recording.
41	However, before disclosing the recording, the public agency must

However, before disclosing the recording, the public agency must
comply with the obscuring provisions of subsection (e), if applicable.



1	(e) A public agency that discloses a law enforcement recording
2	under this section:
3	(1) shall obscure:
4	(A) any information that is required to be obscured under
5	section 4(a) of this chapter; and
6	(B) depictions of:
7	(i) an individual's death or a dead body;
8	(ii) acts of severe violence that are against any individual
9	who is clearly visible and that result in serious bodily injury
10	(as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-292);
11	(iii) serious bodily injury (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-292);
12	(iv) nudity (as defined in IC 35-49-1-5);
13	(v) an individual whom the public agency reasonably
14	believes is less than eighteen (18) years of age;
15	(vi) personal medical information;
16	(vii) a victim of a crime, or any information identifying the
17	victim of a crime, if the public agency finds that obscuring
18	this information is necessary for the victim's safety; and
19	(viii) a witness to a crime or an individual who reports a
20	crime, or any information identifying a witness to a crime or
21	an individual who reports a crime, if the public agency finds
22	that obscuring this information is necessary for the safety of
23	the witness or individual who reports a crime; and
24	(2) may obscure:
25	(A) any information identifying:
26	(i) a law enforcement officer operating in an undercover
27	capacity; or
28	(ii) a confidential informant; and
29	(B) any information that the public agency may withhold from disclosure and her agentic $A(h)(2)$ through $A(h)(2)$ of this
30 31	disclosure under section $4(b)(2)$ through $4(b)(26)$ of this
31 32	chapter.
32 33	(f) A court shall expedite a proceeding filed under this section.
	Unless prevented by extraordinary circumstances, the court shall
34 35	conduct a hearing (if required) and rule on a petition filed under this
35 36	section not later than thirty (30) days after the date the petition is filed. SECTION 13. IC 5-28-6-8 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON]
30 37	-
38	PASSAGE]. Sec. 8. (a) The corporation shall conduct an in depth
38 39	assessment of Indiana's regional metropolitan areas, as determined by the corporation, and referred to as a "regional city" in this section.
39 40	(b) The assessment must include an analysis of at least the following
40 41	with respect to each regional city:
41	(1) The economic potential of the regional city if certain
74	(1) The economic potential of the regional city in certain

1	initiatives or quality of life or other improvements are made or not
2	made.
3	(2) The needs of each regional city.
4	(3) The potential of various initiatives and improvements for each
5	regional city with a focus on determining those initiatives and
6	improvements that will best lead to economic growth for the
7	regional city.
8	(4) The successful and unsuccessful attempts at regional
9	development within and outside Indiana.
10	(c) The staff of the corporation shall prepare and submit a report to
11	the board before October 1, 2014. The report must include the
12	following:
13	(1) Findings of the assessment.
14	(2) Recommendations on addressing the needs of each regional
15	city, including any initiatives and quality of life or other
16	improvements that could be made and that will best lead to
17	economic growth for the regional city.
18	(3) Recommendations on options for financing any recommended
19	initiatives and improvements by using a combination of public
20	and private investment and financing that includes participation
21	by financial institutions, private enterprise, local government, and
22	state government.
23	SECTION 14. IC 6-1.1-12-37, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2016,
24	SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016, SECTION 12,
25	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 37. (a) The following
27	definitions apply throughout this section:
28	(1) "Dwelling" means any of the following:
29	(A) Residential real property improvements that an individual
30	uses as the individual's residence, including a house or garage.
31	(B) A mobile home that is not assessed as real property that an
32	individual uses as the individual's residence.
33	(C) A manufactured home that is not assessed as real property
34	that an individual uses as the individual's residence.
35	(2) "Homestead" means an individual's principal place of
36	residence:
37	(A) that is located in Indiana;
38	(B) that:
39	(i) the individual owns;
40	(ii) the individual is buying under a contract; recorded in the
41	county recorder's office, that provides that the individual is
42	to pay the property taxes on the residence, and that obligates



1	the owner to convey title to the individual upon completion
2	of all of the individual's contract obligations;
3	(iii) the individual is entitled to occupy as a
4	tenant-stockholder (as defined in 26 U.S.C. 216) of a
5	cooperative housing corporation (as defined in 26 U.S.C.
6	216); or
7	(iv) is a residence described in section 17.9 of this chapter
8	that is owned by a trust if the individual is an individual
9	described in section 17.9 of this chapter; and
10	(C) that consists of a dwelling and the real estate, not
11	exceeding one (1) acre, that immediately surrounds that
12	dwelling.
13	Except as provided in subsection (k), the term does not include
14	property owned by a corporation, partnership, limited liability
15	company, or other entity not described in this subdivision.
16	(b) Each year a homestead is eligible for a standard deduction from
17	the assessed value of the homestead for an assessment date. Except as
18	provided in subsection (p), the deduction provided by this section
19	applies to property taxes first due and payable for an assessment date
20	only if an individual has an interest in the homestead described in
21	subsection (a)(2)(B) on:
22	(1) the assessment date; or
$\frac{-}{23}$	(2) any date in the same year after an assessment date that a
24	statement is filed under subsection (e) or section 44 of this
25	chapter, if the property consists of real property.
26	If more than one (1) individual or entity qualifies property as a
27	homestead under subsection $(a)(2)(B)$ for an assessment date, only one
28	(1) standard deduction from the assessed value of the homestead may
29	be applied for the assessment date. Subject to subsection (c), the
30	auditor of the county shall record and make the deduction for the
31	individual or entity qualifying for the deduction.
32	(c) Except as provided in section 40.5 of this chapter, the total
33	amount of the deduction that a person may receive under this section
34	for a particular year is the lesser of:
35	(1) sixty percent (60%) of the assessed value of the real property,
36	mobile home not assessed as real property, or manufactured home
37	not assessed as real property; or
38	(2) forty-five thousand dollars (\$45,000).
39	(d) A person who has sold real property, a mobile home not assessed
40	as real property, or a manufactured home not assessed as real property
40	to another person under a contract that provides that the contract buyer
42	is to pay the property taxes on the real property, mobile home, or
74	is to pay the property taxes on the real property, moone nome, of



1 manufactured home may not claim the deduction provided under this 2 section with respect to that real property, mobile home, or 3 manufactured home. 4 (e) Except as provided in sections 17.8 and 44 of this chapter and 5 subject to section 45 of this chapter, an individual who desires to claim 6 the deduction provided by this section must file a certified statement in 7 duplicate, on forms prescribed by the department of local government 8 finance, with the auditor of the county in which the homestead is 9 located. The statement must include: 10 (1) the parcel number or key number of the property and the name of the city, town, or township in which the property is located; 11 12 (2) the name of any other location in which the applicant or the applicant's spouse owns, is buying, or has a beneficial interest in 13 14 residential real property; (3) the names of: 15 16 (A) the applicant and the applicant's spouse (if any): (i) as the names appear in the records of the United States 17 18 Social Security Administration for the purposes of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security 19 20 number: or 21 (ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign their 22 names on legal documents; 23 if the applicant is an individual; or 24 (B) each individual who qualifies property as a homestead under subsection (a)(2)(B) and the individual's spouse (if any): 25 26 (i) as the names appear in the records of the United States 27 Social Security Administration for the purposes of the 28 issuance of a Social Security card and Social Security 29 number; or 30 (ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign their 31 names on legal documents; 32 if the applicant is not an individual; and 33 (4) either: 34 (A) the last five (5) digits of the applicant's Social Security number and the last five (5) digits of the Social Security 35 number of the applicant's spouse (if any); or 36 (B) if the applicant or the applicant's spouse (if any) does not 37 38 have a Social Security number, any of the following for that 39 individual: 40 (i) The last five (5) digits of the individual's driver's license 41 number. 42 (ii) The last five (5) digits of the individual's state



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1	identification card number.
2	(iii) If the individual does not have a driver's license or a
3	state identification card, the last five (5) digits of a control
4	number that is on a document issued to the individual by the
5	federal United States government. and determined by the
6	department of local government finance to be acceptable.
7	If a form or statement provided to the county auditor under this section,
8	IC 6-1.1-22-8.1, or IC 6-1.1-22.5-12 includes the telephone number or
9	part or all of the Social Security number of a party or other number
10	described in subdivision (4)(B) of a party, the telephone number and
11	the Social Security number or other number described in subdivision
12	(4)(B) included are confidential. The statement may be filed in person
13	or by mail. If the statement is mailed, the mailing must be postmarked
14	on or before the last day for filing. The statement applies for that first
15	year and any succeeding year for which the deduction is allowed. With
16	respect to real property, the statement must be completed and dated in
17	the calendar year for which the person desires to obtain the deduction
18	and filed with the county auditor on or before January 5 of the
19	immediately succeeding calendar year. With respect to a mobile home
20	that is not assessed as real property, the person must file the statement
21	during the twelve (12) months before March 31 of the year for which
22	the person desires to obtain the deduction.
23	(f) If an individual who is receiving the deduction provided by this
24	section or who otherwise qualifies property for a deduction under this
25	section:
26	(1) changes the use of the individual's property so that part or all
27	of the property no longer qualifies for the deduction under this
28	section; or
29	(2) is no longer eligible for a deduction under this section on
30	another parcel of property because:
31	(A) the individual would otherwise receive the benefit of more
32	than one (1) deduction under this chapter; or
33	(B) the individual maintains the individual's principal place of
34	residence with another individual who receives a deduction
35	under this section;
36	the individual must file a certified statement with the auditor of the
37	county, notifying the auditor of the change of use, not more than sixty
38	(60) days after the date of that change. An individual who fails to file
39	the statement required by this subsection is liable for any additional
40	taxes that would have been due on the property if the individual had
41	filed the statement as required by this subsection plus a civil penalty
42	equal to ten percent (10%) of the additional taxes due. The civil penalty



1 imposed under this subsection is in addition to any interest and 2 penalties for a delinquent payment that might otherwise be due. One 3 percent (1%) of the total civil penalty collected under this subsection 4 shall be transferred by the county to the department of local 5 government finance for use by the department in establishing and 6 maintaining the homestead property data base under subsection (i) and, 7 to the extent there is money remaining, for any other purposes of the 8 department. This amount becomes part of the property tax liability for 9 purposes of this article.

(g) The department of local government finance *shall* may adopt
rules or guidelines concerning the application for a deduction under
this section.

13 (h) This subsection does not apply to property in the first year for which a deduction is claimed under this section if the sole reason that 14 15 a deduction is claimed on other property is that the individual or married couple maintained a principal residence at the other property 16 17 on the March 4 assessment date in the same year in which an 18 application for a deduction is filed under this section or, if the 19 application is for a homestead that is assessed as personal property, on 20 the March 1 assessment date in the immediately preceding year and the 21 individual or married couple is moving the individual's or married 22 couple's principal residence to the property that is the subject of the 23 application. Except as provided in subsection (n), the county auditor 24 may not grant an individual or a married couple a deduction under this 25 section if:

(1) the individual or married couple, for the same year, claims the deduction on two (2) or more different applications for the deduction; and

(2) the applications claim the deduction for different property.

(i) The department of local government finance shall provide secure access to county auditors to a homestead property data base that includes access to the homestead owner's name and the numbers required from the homestead owner under subsection (e)(4) for the sole purpose of verifying whether an owner is wrongly claiming a deduction under this chapter or a credit under IC 6-1.1-20.4, IC 6-1.1-20.6, Θr or IC 6-3.6-5 (after December 31, 2016).

(j) A county auditor may require an individual to provide evidence
proving that the individual's residence is the individual's principal place
of residence as claimed in the certified statement filed under subsection
(e). The county auditor may limit the evidence that an individual is
required to submit to a state income tax return, a valid driver's license,
or a valid voter registration card showing that the residence for which





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1 the deduction is claimed is the individual's principal place of residence. 2 The department of local government finance shall work with county 3 auditors to develop procedures to determine whether a property owner 4 that is claiming a standard deduction or homestead credit is not eligible 5 for the standard deduction or homestead credit because the property 6 owner's principal place of residence is outside Indiana. 7 (k) As used in this section, "homestead" includes property that 8 satisfies each of the following requirements: 9 (1) The property is located in Indiana and consists of a dwelling 10 and the real estate, not exceeding one (1) acre, that immediately surrounds that dwelling. 11 12 (2) The property is the principal place of residence of an 13 individual. 14 (3) The property is owned by an entity that is not described in 15 subsection (a)(2)(B). 16 (4) The individual residing on the property is a shareholder, partner, or member of the entity that owns the property. 17 (5) The property was eligible for the standard deduction under 18 19 this section on March 1, 2009. 20 (1) If a county auditor terminates a deduction for property described 21 in subsection (k) with respect to property taxes that are: 22 (1) imposed for an assessment date in 2009; and 23 (2) first due and payable in 2010; 24 on the grounds that the property is not owned by an entity described in 25 subsection (a)(2)(B), the county auditor shall reinstate the deduction if the taxpayer provides proof that the property is eligible for the 26 27 deduction in accordance with subsection (k) and that the individual 28 residing on the property is not claiming the deduction for any other 29 property. 30 (m) For assessment dates after 2009, the term "homestead" includes: 31 (1) a deck or patio; 32 (2) a gazebo; or 33 (3) another residential yard structure, as defined in rules that may be adopted by the department of local government finance (other 34 35 than a swimming pool); that is assessed as real property and attached to the dwelling. 36 37 (n) A county auditor shall grant an individual a deduction under this 38 section regardless of whether the individual and the individual's spouse 39 claim a deduction on two (2) different applications and each 40 application claims a deduction for different property if the property 41 owned by the individual's spouse is located outside Indiana and the 42 individual files an affidavit with the county auditor containing the



1	following information:
2	(1) The names of the county and state in which the individual's
3	spouse claims a deduction substantially similar to the deduction
4	allowed by this section.
5	(2) A statement made under penalty of perjury that the following
6	are true:
7	(A) That the individual and the individual's spouse maintain
8	separate principal places of residence.
9	(B) That neither the individual nor the individual's spouse has
10	an ownership interest in the other's principal place of
11	residence.
12	(C) That neither the individual nor the individual's spouse has,
13	for that same year, claimed a standard or substantially similar
14	deduction for any property other than the property maintained
15	as a principal place of residence by the respective individuals.
16	A county auditor may require an individual or an individual's spouse to
17	provide evidence of the accuracy of the information contained in an
18	affidavit submitted under this subsection. The evidence required of the
19	individual or the individual's spouse may include state income tax
20	returns, excise tax payment information, property tax payment
21	information, driver license information, and voter registration
22	information.
23	(o) If:
24	(1) a property owner files a statement under subsection (e) to
25	claim the deduction provided by this section for a particular
26	property; and
27	(2) the county auditor receiving the filed statement determines
28	that the property owner's property is not eligible for the deduction;
29	the county auditor shall inform the property owner of the county
30	auditor's determination in writing. If a property owner's property is not
31	eligible for the deduction because the county auditor has determined
32	that the property is not the property owner's principal place of
33	residence, the property owner may appeal the county auditor's
34	determination to the county property tax assessment board of appeals
35	as provided in IC 6-1.1-15. The county auditor shall inform the
36	property owner of the owner's right to appeal to the county property tax
37	assessment board of appeals when the county auditor informs the
38	property owner of the county auditor's determination under this
39	subsection.
40	(p) An individual is entitled to the deduction under this section for
41	a homestead for a particular assessment date if:
42	(1) either:
. –	(-)



8(2) on the assessment date:9(A) the property on which the homestead is currently located10was vacant land; or11(B) the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the12homestead was not completed; and13(3) either:14(A) the individual files the certified statement required by15subsection (e); on or before December 31 of the calendar year16in which the assessment date occurs to claim the deduction17under this section; or18(B) a sales disclosure form that meets the requirements of19section 44 of this chapter is submitted to the county assessor20on or before December 31 of the calendar year for the21individual's purchase of the homestead. and22(4) the individual files with the county auditor on or before23December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date24occurs a statement that:25(A) lists any other property for which the individual would26otherwise receive a deduction under this section for the27assessment date; and28(B) cancels the deduction described in clause (A) for that29property.30An individual who satisfies the requirements of subdivisions (1)31through (4) (3) is entitled to the deduction under this section for the39noestead for the assessment date, even if on the assessment date the30property.31An individual who satisfies the requirements of subdivisions (1)3	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 (A) the individual's interest in the homestead as described in subsection (a)(2)(B) is conveyed to the individual after the assessment date, but within the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs; or (B) the individual contracts to purchase the homestead after the assessment date, but within the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs;
 was vacant land; or (B) the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the homestead was not completed; and (3) either: (A) the individual files the certified statement required by subsection (e); on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs to claim the deduction under this section; or (B) a sales disclosure form that meets the requirements of section 44 of this chapter is submitted to the county assessor on or before December 31 of the calendar year for the individual's purchase of the homestead. and (4) the individual files with the county auditor on or before December 31 of the calendar year for the individual's purchase of the homestead. and (4) the individual files with the county auditor on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs a statement that: (A) lists any other property for which the individual would otherwise receive a deduction under this section for the assessment date; and (B) cancels the deduction described in clause (A) for that property. 	8	(2) on the assessment date:
 (B) the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the homestead was not completed; and (3) either: (A) the individual files the certified statement required by subsection (e); on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs to claim the deduction under this section; or (B) a sales disclosure form that meets the requirements of section 44 of this chapter is submitted to the county assessor on or before December 31 of the calendar year for the individual's purchase of the homestead. and (4) the individual files with the county auditor on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs a statement that: (A) lists any other property for which the individual would otherwise receive a deduction under this section for the assessment date; and (B) cancels the deduction described in clause (A) for that property. An individual who satisfies the requirements of subdivisions (1) through (4) (3) is entitled to the deduction under this section for the homestead for the assessment date, even if on the assessment date the property on which the homestead is currently located was vacant land or the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the homestead was not completed. The county auditor shall apply the deduction for the assessment date and for the assessment date in any later year in which the homestead for the assessment date in any later year in which the homestead for the deduction under this section is considered a homestead for purposes of section 37.5 of this chapter and IC 6-1.1-20.6. The county auditor shall cancet the deduction under this section is considered in this 		
12homestead was not completed; and13(3) either:14(A) the individual files the certified statement required by15subsection (e); on or before December 31 of the calendar year16in which the assessment date occurs to claim the deduction17under this section; or18(B) a sales disclosure form that meets the requirements of19section 44 of this chapter is submitted to the county assessor20on or before December 31 of the calendar year for the21individual's purchase of the homestead. and22(4) the individual files with the county auditor on or before23December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date24occurs a statement that:25(1) fists any other property for which the individual would26otherwise receive a deduction under this section for the27assessment date; and28(B) cancels the deduction described in clause (A) for that29property.30An individual who satisfies the requirements of subdivisions (1)31through (4) (3) is entitled to the deduction under this section for the32homestead for the assessment date, even if on the assessment date the33property.34or the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the homestead was35not completed. The county auditor shall apply the deduction for the36assessment date and for the assessment date in any later year in which35not completed. The county auditor shall cancel the <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>		
 (3) either: (A) the individual files the certified statement required by subsection (e); on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs to claim the deduction under this section; or (B) a sales disclosure form that meets the requirements of section 44 of this chapter is submitted to the county assessor on or before December 31 of the calendar year for the individual's purchase of the homestead. and (4) the individual files with the county auditor on or before December 31 of the calendar year for the individual's purchase of the homestead. and (4) the individual files with the county auditor on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs a statement that: (4) thist any other property for which the individual would otherwise receive a deduction under this section for the assessment date; and (B) cancels the deduction described in clause (A) for that property. An individual who satisfies the requirements of subdivisions (1) through (4) (3) is entitled to the deduction under this section for the homestead for the assessment date, even if on the assessment date the property on which the homestead is currently located was vacant land or the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the homestead was not completed. The county auditor shall apply the deduction for the assessment date and for the assessment date in any later year in which the homestead remains eligible for the deduction. A homestead that qualifies for the deduction under this section as provided in this subsection is considered a homestead for purposes of section 37.5 of this chapter and IC 6-1.1-20.6. The county auditor shall cancel the deduction under this section for any property that is located in the 		
 (A) the individual files the certified statement required by subsection (e); on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs to claim the deduction under this section; or (B) a sales disclosure form that meets the requirements of section 44 of this chapter is submitted to the county assessor on or before December 31 of the calendar year for the individual's purchase of the homestead. and (4) the individual files with the county auditor on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which the assessment date occurs a statement that: (A) lists any other property for which the individual would otherwise receive a deduction under this section for the assessment date; and (B) cancels the deduction described in clause (A) for that property. An individual who satisfies the requirements of subdivisions (1) through (4) (3) is entitled to the deduction under this section for the homestead for the assessment date, even if on the assessment date the property on which the homestead is currently located was vacant land or the construction of the assessment date in any later year in which the homestead that and for the assessment date in any later year in which the homestead that qualifies for the deduction under this section for the assessment date and for the assessment date in any later year in which the homestead remains eligible for the deduction. A homestead that qualifies for the deduction under this section 37.5 of this chapter and IC 6-1.1-20.6. The county auditor shall cancel the deduction in the 		-
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41 <i>deduction under this section for any property that is located in the</i>		
42 <i>county and is listed on the statement filed by the individual under</i>	41	deduction under this section for any property that is located in the
	42	county and is listed on the statement filed by the individual under



1	subdivision (4). If the property listed on the statement filed under
2	subdivision (4) is located in another county, the county auditor who
3	receives the statement shall forward the statement to the county
4	auditor of that other county, and the county auditor of that other
5	county shall cancel the deduction under this section for that property.
6	(q) This subsection applies to an application for the deduction
7	provided by this section that is filed for an assessment date occurring
8	after December 31, 2013. Notwithstanding any other provision of this
9	section, an individual buying a mobile home that is not assessed as real
10	property or a manufactured home that is not assessed as real property
11	under a contract providing that the individual is to pay the property
12	taxes on the mobile home or manufactured home is not entitled to the
13	deduction provided by this section unless the parties to the contract
14	comply with IC 9-17-6-17.
15	(r) This subsection:
16	(1) applies to an application for the deduction provided by this
17	section that is filed for an assessment date occurring after
18	December 31, 2013; and
19	(2) does not apply to an individual described in subsection (q).
20	The owner of a mobile home that is not assessed as real property or a
21	manufactured home that is not assessed as real property must attach a
22	copy of the owner's title to the mobile home or manufactured home to
23	the application for the deduction provided by this section.
24	(s) For assessment dates after 2013, the term "homestead" includes
25	property that is owned by an individual who:
26	(1) is serving on active duty in any branch of the armed forces of
27	the United States;
28	(2) was ordered to transfer to a location outside Indiana; and
29	(3) was otherwise eligible, without regard to this subsection, for
30	the deduction under this section for the property for the
31	assessment date immediately preceding the transfer date specified
32	in the order described in subdivision (2).
33	For property to qualify under this subsection for the deduction provided
34	by this section, the individual described in subdivisions (1) through (3)
35	must submit to the county auditor a copy of the individual's transfer
36	orders or other information sufficient to show that the individual was
37	ordered to transfer to a location outside Indiana. The property continues
38	to qualify for the deduction provided by this section until the individual
39	ceases to be on active duty, the property is sold, or the individual's
40	ownership interest is otherwise terminated, whichever occurs first.
41	Notwithstanding subsection $(a)(2)$, the property remains a homestead
42	regardless of whether the property continues to be the individual's
	~ 1 1 <i>v</i>



1 principal place of residence after the individual transfers to a location 2 outside Indiana. The property continues to qualify as a homestead 3 under this subsection if the property is leased while the individual is 4 away from Indiana and is serving on active duty, if the individual has 5 lived at the property at any time during the past ten (10) years. 6 However, Otherwise, the property ceases to qualify as a homestead 7 under this subsection if the property is leased while the individual is 8 away from Indiana. Property that qualifies as a homestead under this 9 subsection shall also be construed as a homestead for purposes of 10 section 37.5 of this chapter. SECTION 15. IC 6-1.1-18.5-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2016,

SECTION 15. IC 6-1.1-18.5-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2016,
SECTION 10, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016, SECTION 15,
IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) With respect to an
appeal filed under section 12 of this chapter, the department may find
that a civil taxing unit should receive any one (1) or more of the
following types of relief:

18 (1) Permission to the civil taxing unit to increase its levy in excess 19 of the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter, if in 20 the judgment of the department the increase is reasonably 21 necessary due to increased costs of the civil taxing unit resulting 22 from annexation, consolidation, or other extensions of 23 governmental services by the civil taxing unit to additional 24 geographic areas. or persons. With respect to annexation, 25 consolidation, or other extensions of governmental services in a 26 calendar year, if those increased costs are incurred by the civil 27 taxing unit in that calendar year and more than one (1) 28 immediately succeeding calendar year, the unit may appeal under 29 section 12 of this chapter for permission to increase its levy under 30 this subdivision based on those increased costs in any of the 31 following: 32

(A) The first calendar year in which those costs are incurred.
(B) One (1) or more of the immediately succeeding four (4) calendar years.
(2) A levy increase may not be granted under this subdivision for

(2) A levy increase may not be granted under this subdivision for property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2008. Permission to the civil taxing unit to increase its levy in excess of the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter, if the local government tax control board finds that the civil taxing unit needs the increase to meet the civil taxing unit's share of the costs of operating a court established by statute enacted after December 31, 1973. Before recommending such an increase, the

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1	local government tax control board shall consider all other
2	revenues available to the civil taxing unit that could be applied
3	for that purpose. The maximum aggregate levy increases that the
4	local government tax control board may recommend for a
5	particular court equals the civil taxing unit's estimate of the unit's
6	share of the costs of operating a court for the first full calendar
7	year in which it is in existence. For purposes of this subdivision,
8	costs of operating a court include:
9	(A) the cost of personal services (including fringe benefits);
10	(B) the cost of supplies; and
11	(C) any other cost directly related to the operation of the
12	court.
13	(3) (2) Permission to the civil taxing unit to increase its levy in
14	excess of the limitations established under section 3 of this
15	chapter, if the department finds that the quotient determined
16	under STEP SIX of the following formula is equal to or greater
17	than one and two-hundredths (1.02):
18	STEP ONE: Determine the three (3) calendar years that most
19	immediately precede the ensuing calendar year and in which
20	a statewide general reassessment of real property under
21	IC 6-1.1-4-4 does not first become effective.
22	STEP TWO: Compute separately, for each of the calendar
23	years determined in STEP ONE, the quotient (rounded to the
24	nearest ten-thousandth (0.0001)) of the sum of the civil taxing
25	unit's total assessed value of all taxable property and:
26	(i) for a particular calendar year before 2007, the total
27	assessed value of property tax deductions in the unit under
28	IC 6-1.1-12-41 (repealed) or IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the particular
29	calendar year; or
30	(ii) for a particular calendar year after 2006, the total
31	assessed value of property tax deductions that applied in the
32	unit under IC 6-1.1-12-42 in 2006 plus for a particular
33	calendar year after 2009, the total assessed value of property
34	tax deductions that applied in the unit under
35	IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 in 2008;
36	divided by the sum determined under this STEP for the
37	calendar year immediately preceding the particular calendar
38	year.
38 39	STEP THREE: Divide the sum of the three (3) quotients
40	computed in STEP TWO by three (3).
40 41	STEP FOUR: Compute separately, for each of the calendar
42	
42	years determined in STEP ONE, the quotient (rounded to the



1	nearest ten-thousandth (0.0001)) of the sum of the total
2	assessed value of all taxable property in all counties and:
3	(i) for a particular calendar year before 2007, the total
4	assessed value of property tax deductions in all counties
5	under IC 6-1.1-12-41 (repealed) or IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the
6	particular calendar year; or
7	(ii) for a particular calendar year after 2006, the total
8	assessed value of property tax deductions that applied in all
9	counties under IC 6-1.1-12-42 in 2006 plus for a particular
10	calendar year after 2009, the total assessed value of property
11	tax deductions that applied in the unit under
12	IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 in 2008;
12	divided by the sum determined under this STEP for the
13	•
14	calendar year immediately preceding the particular calendar
15	year. STED EWE: Divide the sum of the three (2) quotients.
	STEP FIVE: Divide the sum of the three (3) quotients
17	computed in STEP FOUR by three (3).
18	STEP SIX: Divide the STEP THREE amount by the STEP
19	FIVE amount.
20	The civil taxing unit may increase its levy by a percentage not
21	greater than the percentage by which the STEP THREE amount
22	exceeds the percentage by which the civil taxing unit may
23	increase its levy under section 3 of this chapter based on the
24	assessed value growth quotient determined under section 2 of this
25	chapter.
26	(4) A levy increase may not be granted under this subdivision for
27	property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2008.
28	Permission to the civil taxing unit to increase its levy in excess of
29	the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter, if the
30	local government tax control board finds that the civil taxing unit
31	needs the increase to pay the costs of furnishing fire protection
32	for the civil taxing unit through a volunteer fire department. For
33	purposes of determining a township's need for an increased levy,
34	the local government tax control board shall not consider the
35	amount of money borrowed under IC 36-6-6-14 during the
36	immediately preceding calendar year. However, any increase in
37	the amount of the civil taxing unit's levy recommended by the
38	local government tax control board under this subdivision for the
39	ensuing calendar year may not exceed the lesser of:
40	(A) ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); or
40 41	
	(B) twenty percent (20%) of:
42	(i) the amount authorized for operating expenses of a



1	volunteer fire department in the budget of the civil taxing
2	unit for the immediately preceding calendar year; plus
3	(ii) the amount of any additional appropriations authorized
4	during that calendar year for the civil taxing unit's use in
5	paying operating expenses of a volunteer fire department
6	under this chapter; minus
7	(iii) the amount of money borrowed under IC 36-6-6-14
8	during that calendar year for the civil taxing unit's use in
9	paying operating expenses of a volunteer fire department.
10	(5) A levy increase may not be granted under this subdivision for
11	property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2008.
12	Permission to a civil taxing unit to increase its levy in excess of
13	the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter in order
14	to raise revenues for pension payments and contributions the civil
15	taxing unit is required to make under IC 36-8. The maximum
16	increase in a civil taxing unit's levy that may be recommended
17	under this subdivision for an ensuing calendar year equals the
18	amount, if any, by which the pension payments and contributions
19	the civil taxing unit is required to make under IC 36-8 during the
20	ensuing calendar year exceeds the product of one and one-tenth
21	(1.1) multiplied by the pension payments and contributions made
22	by the civil taxing unit under IC 36-8 during the calendar year
23	that immediately precedes the ensuing calendar year. For
24	purposes of this subdivision, "pension payments and
25	<i>contributions made by a civil taxing unit" does not include that</i>
26	part of the payments or contributions that are funded by
27	<i>distributions made to a civil taxing unit by the state.</i>
28	(6) A levy increase may not be granted under this subdivision for
29	property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2008.
30	Permission to increase its levy in excess of the limitations
31	established under section 3 of this chapter if the local government
32	tax control board finds that:
33	(A) the township's township assistance ad valorem property
34	tax rate is less than one and sixty-seven hundredths cents
35	(\$0.0167) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed
36	valuation; and
37	(B) the township needs the increase to meet the costs of
38	providing township assistance under IC 12-20 and
39	$\frac{12}{12-30-4}$
40	The maximum increase that the board may recommend for a
40 41	township is the levy that would result from an increase in the
42	township's township assistance ad valorem property tax rate of
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1	one and sixty-seven hundredths cents (\$0.0167) per one hundred
2	dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation minus the township's ad
3	valorem property tax rate per one hundred dollars (\$100) of
4	assessed valuation before the increase.
5	(7) A levy increase may not be granted under this subdivision for
6	property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2008.
7	Permission to a civil taxing unit to increase its levy in excess of
8	the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter if:
9	(A) the increase has been approved by the legislative body of
10	the municipality with the largest population where the civil
11	taxing unit provides public transportation services; and
12	(B) the local government tax control board finds that the civil
13	taxing unit needs the increase to provide adequate public
14	transportation services.
15	The local government tax control board shall consider tax rates
16	and levies in civil taxing units of comparable population, and the
17	effect (if any) of a loss of federal or other funds to the civil taxing
18	unit that might have been used for public transportation
19	purposes. However, the increase that the board may recommend
20	under this subdivision for a civil taxing unit may not exceed the
21	revenue that would be raised by the civil taxing unit based on a
22	property tax rate of one cent (\$0.01) per one hundred dollars
23	(\$100) of assessed valuation.
24	(8) A levy increase may not be granted under this subdivision for
25	property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2008.
26	Permission to a civil taxing unit to increase the unit's levy in
27	excess of the limitations established under section 3 of this
28	chapter if the local government tax control board finds that:
29	(A) the civil taxing unit is:
30	(i) a county having a population of more than one hundred
31	seventy thousand (170,000) but less than one hundred
32	seventy-five thousand (175,000);
33	(ii) a city having a population of more than sixty-five
34	thousand (65,000) but less than seventy thousand (70,000);
35	(iii) a city having a population of more than twenty-nine
36	thousand five hundred (29,500) but less than twenty-nine
37	thousand six hundred (29,600);
38	(iv) a city having a population of more than thirteen
39	thousand four hundred fifty (13,450) but less than thirteen
40	thousand five hundred (13,500); or
41	(v) a city having a population of more than eight thousand
42	seven hundred (8,700) but less than nine thousand (9,000);



1	and
2	(B) the increase is necessary to provide funding to undertake
3	removal (as defined in IC 13-11-2-187) and remedial action
4	(as defined in IC 13-11-2-185) relating to hazardous
5	substances (as defined in IC 13-11-2-98) in solid waste
6	disposal facilities or industrial sites in the civil taxing unit
7	that have become a menace to the public health and welfare.
8	The maximum increase that the local government tax control
9	board may recommend for such a civil taxing unit is the levy that
10	would result from a property tax rate of six and sixty-seven
11	hundredths cents (\$0.0667) for each one hundred dollars (\$100)
12	of assessed valuation. For purposes of computing the ad valorem
13	property tax levy limit imposed on a civil taxing unit under
14	section 3 of this chapter, the civil taxing unit's ad valorem
15	property tax levy for a particular year does not include that part
16	of the levy imposed under this subdivision. In addition, a property
17	tax increase permitted under this subdivision may be imposed for
18	only two (2) calendar years.
19	(9) A levy increase may not be granted under this subdivision for
20	property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2008.
21	Permission for a county:
22	(A) having a population of more than eighty thousand
23	(80,000) but less than ninety thousand (90,000) to increase the
24	county's levy in excess of the limitations established under
25	section 3 of this chapter, if the local government tax control
26	board finds that the county needs the increase to meet the
27	county's share of the costs of operating a jail or juvenile
28	detention center, including expansion of the facility, if the jail
29	or juvenile detention center is opened after December 31,
30	1991;
31	(B) that operates a county jail or juvenile detention center that
32	is subject to an order that:
33	(i) was issued by a federal district court; and
34	(ii) has not been terminated;
35	(C) that operates a county jail that fails to meet:
36	(i) American Correctional Association Jail Construction
37	Standards; and
38	(ii) Indiana jail operation standards adopted by the
39	department of correction; or
40	(D) that operates a juvenile detention center that fails to meet
41	standards equivalent to the standards described in clause (C)
42	for the operation of juvenile detention centers.



1 Before recommending an increase, the local government tax 2 control board shall consider all other revenues available to the 3 county that could be applied for that purpose. An appeal for 4 operating funds for a jail or a juvenile detention center shall be 5 considered individually, if a jail and juvenile detention center are 6 both opened in one (1) county. The maximum aggregate levy 7 increases that the local government tax control board may 8 recommend for a county equals the county's share of the costs of 9 operating the jail or a juvenile detention center for the first full 10 calendar year in which the jail or juvenile detention center is in 11 operation. 12 (10) A levy increase may not be granted under this subdivision 13 for property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2008. 14 Permission for a township to increase its levy in excess of the 15 limitations established under section 3 of this chapter, if the local 16 government tax control board finds that the township needs the 17 increase so that the property tax rate to pay the costs of 18 furnishing fire protection for a township, or a portion of a 19 township, enables the township to pay a fair and reasonable 20 amount under a contract with the municipality that is furnishing 21 the fire protection. However, for the first time an appeal is 22 granted the resulting rate increase may not exceed fifty percent 23 (50%) of the difference between the rate imposed for fire 24 protection within the municipality that is providing the fire 25 protection to the township and the township's rate. A township is 26 required to appeal a second time for an increase under this 27 subdivision if the township wants to further increase its rate. 28 However, a township's rate may be increased to equal but may 29 not exceed the rate that is used by the municipality. More than 30 one (1) township served by the same municipality may use this 31 appeal. 32 (11) Permission to a city having a population of more than 33 thirty-one thousand five hundred (31,500) but less than thirty-one 34 thousand seven hundred twenty-five (31,725) to increase its levy 35 in excess of the limitations established under section 3 of this 36 chapter if: 37 (A) an appeal was granted to the city under this section to 38 reallocate property tax replacement credits under IC 6-3.5-1.1 39 (repealed) in 1998, 1999, and 2000; and 40 (B) the increase has been approved by the legislative body of 41 the city, and the legislative body of the city has by resolution 42

determined that the increase is necessary to pay normal



operating expenses.

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The maximum amount of the increase is equal to the amount of property tax replacement credits under IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed) that the city petitioned under this section to have reallocated in 2001 for a purpose other than property tax relief.

6 (12) (3) A levy increase may be granted under this subdivision 7 only for property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 8 2008. Permission to a civil taxing unit to increase its levy in 9 excess of the limitations established under section 3 of this 10 chapter if the civil taxing unit cannot carry out its governmental 11 functions for an ensuing calendar year under the levy limitations 12 imposed by section 3 of this chapter due to a natural disaster, an 13 accident, or another unanticipated emergency.

14(13) Permission to Jefferson County to increase its levy in excess15of the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter if the16department finds that the county experienced a property tax17revenue shortfall that resulted from an erroneous estimate of the18effect of the supplemental deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 on19the county's assessed valuation. An appeal for a levy increase

20 under this subdivision may not be denied because of the amount
 21 of cash balances in county funds. The maximum increase in the
 22 county's levy that may be approved under this subdivision is three
 23 hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000).

(b) The department of local government finance shall increase the
maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy under section 3 of
this chapter for the city of Goshen for 2012 and thereafter by an
amount equal to the greater of zero (0) or the result of:

(1) the city's total pension costs in 2009 for the 1925 police pension fund (IC 36-8-6) and the 1937 firefighters' pension fund (IC 36-8-7); minus

(2) the sum of:

(A) the total amount of state funds received in 2009 by the city and used to pay benefits to members of the 1925 police pension fund (IC 36-8-6) or the 1937 firefighters' pension fund (IC 36-8-7); plus

36 (B) any previous permanent increases to the city's levy that
37 were authorized to account for the transfer to the state of the
38 responsibility to pay benefits to members of the 1925 police
39 pension fund (IC 36-8-6) and the 1937 firefighters' pension
40 fund (IC 36-8-7).
41 (c) In calendar vear 2013, the department of local government

41 (c) In calendar year 2013, the department of local government
 42 finance shall allow a township to increase its maximum permissible ad



1	valorem property tax levy in excess of the limitations established under
2	section 3 of this chapter, if the township:
3	(1) petitions the department for the levy increase on a form
4	prescribed by the department; and
5	(2) submits proof of the amount borrowed in 2012 or 2013, but
6	not both, under IC 36-6-6-14 to furnish fire protection for the
7	township or a part of the township.
8	The maximum increase in a township's levy that may be allowed under
9	this subsection is the amount borrowed by the township under
10	IC 36-6-6-14 in the year for which proof was submitted under
11	subdivision (2). An increase allowed under this subsection applies to
12	property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2013.
13	SECTION 16. IC 6-1.1-24-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.187-2016,
14	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) When real property is sold under this
16	chapter, the purchaser at the sale shall immediately pay the amount of
17	the bid to the county treasurer. The county treasurer shall apply the
18	payment in the following manner:
19	(1) First, to the taxes, special assessments, penalties, and costs
20	described in section 5(e) of this chapter.
21	(2) Second, to other delinquent property taxes in the manner
22	provided in IC 6-1.1-23-5(b). and
23	(3) Third, to a separate "tax sale surplus fund".
24	(b) For any tract or item of real property for which a tax sale
25	certificate is sold under this chapter, if taxes or special assessments, or
26	both, become due on the tract or item of real property during the period
27	of redemption specified under IC 6-1.1-25-4, the county treasurer may
28	pay the taxes or special assessments, or both, on the tract or item of real
29	property from the tax sale surplus held in the name of the taxpayer, if
30	any, after the taxes or special assessments become due.
31	(c) The:
32	(1) owner of record of the real property at the time the real
33	property was certified for sale under this chapter and before the
34	issuance of a tax deed; or
35	(2) tax sale purchaser or purchaser's assignee, upon redemption
36	of the tract or item of real property;
37	may file a verified claim for money which is deposited in the tax sale
38	surplus fund. If the claim is approved by the county auditor and the
39	county treasurer, the county auditor shall issue a warrant to the
40	claimant for the amount due.
41	(d) If the person who claims money deposited in the tax sale surplus
42	fund under subsection (c) is:



1	(1) a person who has a contract or agreement described under
2 3	section 7.5 of this chapter with a person described in subsection
	(c)(1); or
4	(2) a person who acts a as an executor, attorney-in-fact, or legal
5	guardian of a person described in subsection (c)(1);
6	the county auditor may issue a warrant to the person only as directed
7	by the court having jurisdiction over the tax sale of the parcel for which
8	the surplus claim is made.
9	(e) A court may direct the issuance of a warrant only:
10	(1) on petition by the claimant;
11	(2) within three (3) years after the date of sale of the parcel in the
12	tax sale; and
13	(3) in the case of a petitioner to whom subsection $(d)(1)$ applies,
14	if the petitioner has satisfied the requirements of section 7.5 of
15	this chapter.
16	(f) Unless the redemption period specified under IC 6-1.1-25 has
17	been extended under federal bankruptcy law, an amount deposited in
18	the tax sale surplus fund shall be transferred by the county auditor to
19	the county general fund and may not be disbursed under subsection (c)
20	if it is not claimed within the three (3) year period after the date of its
21	receipt.
22	(g) If an amount applied to taxes under this section is later paid out
23	of the county general fund to the purchaser or the purchaser's successor
24	due to the invalidity of the sale, all the taxes shall be reinstated and
25	recharged to the tax duplicate and collected in the same manner as if
26	the property had not been offered for sale.
27	(h) When a refund is made to any purchaser or purchaser's successor
28	by reason of the invalidity of a sale, the county auditor shall, at the
29	December settlement immediately following the refund, deduct the
30	amount of the refund from the gross collections in the taxing district in
31	which the land lies and shall pay that amount into the county general
32	fund.
33	SECTION 17. IC 6-1.1-24-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.187-2016,
34	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17. (a) For purposes of this section, in a
36	county containing a consolidated city, "county executive" refers to the
37	board of commissioners of the county as provided in IC 36-3-3-10.
38	(b) As used in this section, "nonprofit entity" means an organization
38 39	exempt from federal income taxation under 26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3).
39 40	(c) The county executive may by resolution:
40 41	(1) identify tax sale certificates issued under section 6 of this
42	(1) Identify tax sale certificates issued under section o of this chapter that the county executive desires to assign to one (1) or
7 4	enapter that the county executive desires to assign to one (1) of



1 more nonprofit entities; and 2 (2) set a date, time, and place for a public hearing to consider the 3 assignment of the tax sale certificates to the nonprofit entities. 4 (d) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (e), notice of the tax 5 sale certificates identified under subsection (c) and the date, time, and 6 place for the hearing on the proposed transfer of the tax sale certificates 7 on the list shall be published in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The notice 8 must include a description of the properties associated with the tax sale 9 certificates being considered for assignment by: 10 (1) parcel number; (2) legal description; and 11 12 (3) street address or other common description. 13 The notice must specify that the county executive will hear any 14 opposition to the proposed assignments. 15 (e) For tax sale certificates that are not assigned when initially identified for assignment under this section, the county executive may 16 17 omit from the notice the descriptions of the tax sale certificates and the 18 properties associated with the tax sale certificates identified under 19 subsection (c) if: 20 (1) the county executive includes in the notice a statement that the 21 descriptions of those tax sale certificates and the tracts or items of 22 real property associated with the tax sale certificates are available 23 on the Internet web site of the county government or the county 24 government's contractor and the information may be obtained in 25 an alternative form from the county executive in an alternative 26 form upon request in accordance with section 3.4 of this chapter; 27 and 28 (2) the descriptions of those tax sale certificates and the tracts or 29 items of real property associated with the tax sale certificates are 30 made available on the Internet web site of the county government 31 or the county government's contractor and may be obtained from 32 the county executive in an alternative form upon request in 33 accordance with section 3.4 of this chapter. 34 (f) After the hearing set under subsection (c), the county executive 35 shall by resolution make a final determination concerning: 36 (1) the tax sale certificates that are to be assigned to a nonprofit 37 entity; 38 (2) the nonprofit entity to which each tax sale certificate is to be 39 assigned; and 40 (3) the terms and conditions of the assignment. 41 (g) If a county executive assigns a tax sale certificate to a nonprofit 42 entity under this section, the period of redemption of the real property

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1	under IC 6-1.1-25 expires one hundred twenty (120) days after the date
2	of the assignment to the nonprofit entity. If a nonprofit entity takes
3	assignment of a tax sale certificate under this section, the nonprofit
4	entity acquires the same rights and obligations as a purchaser of a tax
5	sale certificate under section 6.1 of this chapter.
6	SECTION 18. IC 6-1.1-28-0.4, AS ADDED BY P.L.207-2016,
7	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8 9	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 0.4. (a) The fiscal bodies of the counties that
9 10	establish a multiple county property tax assessment board of appeals
10	under section 0.1 of this chapter shall adopt substantially similar
11	ordinances to appoint the members of the multiple county property tax
12	assessment board of appeals subject to the qualifications and
13 14	requirements set forth in section 0.2 of this chapter.(b) The term of a member of a multiple county property tax
14	assessment board of appeals appointed under this section:
16	(1) is one (1) year; and
17	(1) is one (1) year, and (2) begins January 1.
18	A member is eligible for reappointment.
19	(c) If:
20	(1) the term of a member of a multiple county property tax
21	assessment board of appeals appointed under this section expires;
22	(2) the member is not reappointed as provided in subsection (a);
23	(b); and
24	(3) a successor is not appointed as provided in subsection (a);
25	the term of the member continues until a successor is appointed.
26	SECTION 19. IC 6-1.1-30-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016,
27	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c)
29	and subject to subsection (d), the department of state revenue and the
30	auditor of state shall, when requested by the department of local
31	government finance, withhold a percentage of the distributions of local
32	income tax revenue under IC 6-3.6-9, if:
33	(1) the county assessor has not transmitted to the department of
34	local government finance by October 1 of the year in which the
35	distribution is scheduled to be made the data for all townships in
36	the county required to be transmitted under IC 6-1.1-4-25;
37	(2) the county auditor has not paid a bill for services under
38	IC 6-1.1-4-31.5 to the department of local government finance in
39	a timely manner;
40	(3) the county assessor has not forwarded to the department of
41	local government finance in a timely manner sales disclosure form data under $IC(11552)$
42	form data under IC 6-1.1-5.5-3;



1	(4) the county auditor has not forwarded to the department of
2	local government finance the duplicate copies of all approved
3	exemption applications required to be forwarded by that date
4	under IC 6-1.1-11-8(a);
5	(5) by the date the distribution is scheduled to be made, the
6	county auditor has not sent a certified statement required to be
7	sent by that date under IC 6-1.1-17-1 to the department of local
8	government finance;
9	(6) the county does not maintain a certified computer system that
10	meets the requirements of IC 6-1.1-31.5-3.5;
11	(7) the county auditor has not transmitted the data described in
12	IC 36-2-9-20 to the department of local government finance in the
13	form and on the schedule specified by IC 36-2-9-20;
14	(8) the county has not established a parcel index numbering
15	system under 50 IAC 23-8-1 50 IAC 26-8-1 in a timely manner;
16	(9) a county official has not provided other information to the
17	department of local government finance in a timely manner as
18	required by the department of local government finance; or
19	(10) the department of local government finance incurs additional
20	costs to assist a covered county (as defined in IC 6-1.1-22.6-1) to
21	issue tax statements within the time frame specified in
22	IC 6-1.1-22.6-18(b) for each year that the county experienced
23	delayed property taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-22.6-2) before the
24	year in which the county qualifies as a covered county.
25	The percentage to be withheld is the percentage determined by the
26	department of local government finance. However, the percentage
27	withheld for a reason stated in subdivision (10) may not exceed the
28	percentage needed to reimburse the department of local government
29	finance for the costs incurred by the department of local government
30	finance to take the actions necessary to permit a covered county (as
31	defined in IC 6-1.1-22.6-1) to issue reconciling tax statements for prior
32	year delayed property taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-22.6-2) within the
33	time frame specified in IC 6-1.1-22.6-18(b). The county governmental
34	taxing unit of a covered county (as defined in IC 6-1.1-22.6-1) shall
35	reimburse the department of local government finance for these
36	expenses. The amount withheld under subdivision (10) reduces only
37	the amount that would otherwise be distributed to the county
38	governmental taxing unit of a covered county (as defined in
39	IC 6-1.1-22.6-1) and not money distributable to any other political
40	subdivision. The withholding of an amount under subdivision (10) does
41	not relieve the county government of a covered county (as defined in $IG(11, 22, (1))$ formula band on barrier menta that model.
42	IC 6-1.1-22.6-1) from making bond or lease payments that would



otherwise be paid from withheld amounts or providing property tax credits that would otherwise be provided under IC 6-3.6 from withheld amounts. Subdivision (10) does not apply to any county other than a covered county (as defined in IC 6-1.1-22.6-1).

(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), money not distributed for the reasons stated in subsection (a) shall be distributed to the county when the department of local government finance determines that the failure to:

(1) provide information; or

(2) pay a bill for services;

11 has been corrected.

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(c) The restrictions on distributions under subsection (a) do not
apply if the department of local government finance determines that the
failure to:

(1) provide information; or

(2) pay a bill for services;

17 in a timely manner is justified by unusual circumstances.

(d) The department of local government finance shall give the
county auditor at least thirty (30) days notice in writing before the
department of state revenue or the auditor of state withholds a
distribution under subsection (a).

(e) Money not distributed for the reason stated in subsection (a)(2)
may be deposited in the fund established by IC 6-1.1-5.5-4.7(a). Money
deposited under this subsection is not subject to distribution under
subsection (b).

(f) This subsection applies to a county that will not receive a
distribution of local income tax revenue under IC 6-3.6-9. At the
request of the department of local government finance, an amount
permitted to be withheld under subsection (a) may be withheld from
any state revenues that would otherwise be distributed to the county or
one (1) or more taxing units in the county.

32 SECTION 20. IC 6-1.1-36-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2016,
33 SECTION 15, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016, SECTION 23,
34 IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17. (a) As used in this section,
36 "nonreverting fund" refers to a nonreverting fund established under
37 subsection (c). (d).
38 (b) Each If a county auditor that makes a determination that

(b) *Each* If a county auditor *that* makes a determination that property was not eligible for a standard deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37 in a particular year within three (3) years after the date on which taxes for the particular year are first due, the county auditor may issue a notice of taxes, interest, and penalties due to the owner that improperly

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1 received the standard deduction and include a statement that the 2 payment is to be made payable to the county auditor. The additional 3 taxes and civil penalties that result from the removal of the deduction, 4 if any, are imposed for property taxes first due and payable for an 5 assessment date occurring before the earlier of the date of the notation 6 made under subsection (c)(2)(A) or the date a notice of an ineligible 7 homestead lien is recorded under subsection (e)(2) in the office of the 8 county recorder. The notice must require full payment of the amount 9 owed within: 10 (1) one (1) year with no penalties and interest, if: 11 (A) the taxpayer did not comply with the requirement to return 12 the homestead verification form under IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) 13 (expired January 1, 2015); and 14 (B) the county auditor allowed the taxpayer to receive the 15 standard deduction in error; or 16 (2) thirty (30) days, if subdivision (1) does not apply. 17 With respect to property subject to a determination made under this 18 subsection that is owned by a bona fide purchaser without knowledge 19 of the determination, no lien attaches for any additional taxes and civil 20 penalties that result from the removal of the deduction. 21 (c) If a county auditor issues a notice of taxes, interest, and 22 penalties due to an owner under subsection (b), the county auditor 23 shall: 24 (1) notify the county treasurer of the determination; and 25 (2) do one (1) or more of the following: 26 (A) Make a notation on the tax duplicate that the property is 27 ineligible for the standard deduction and indicate the date the 28 notation is made. 29 (B) Record a notice of an ineligible homestead lien under 30 subsection $\frac{(d)(2)}{(e)(2)}$. 31 The county auditor shall issue a notice of taxes, interest, and penalties 32 due to the owner that improperly received the standard deduction and 33 include a statement that the payment is to be made payable to the 34 county auditor. The notice must require full payment of the amount 35 owed within thirty (30) days. The additional taxes and civil penalties 36 that result from the removal of the deduction, if any, are imposed for 37 property taxes first due and payable for an assessment date occurring 38 before the earlier of the date of the notation made under subdivision 39 (2)(A) or the date a notice of an ineligible homestead lien is recorded 40 under subsection (d)(2) in the office of the county recorder. With 41 respect to property subject to a determination made under this 42 subsection that is owned by a bona fide purchaser without knowledge



1 of the determination, no lien attaches for any additional taxes and civil 2 penalties that result from the removal of the deduction. 3 (c) (d) Each county auditor shall establish a nonreverting fund. 4 Upon collection of the adjustment in tax due (and any interest and 5 penalties on that amount) after the termination of a deduction or credit 6 as specified in subsection (b), the county treasurer shall deposit that 7 amount: 8 (1) in the nonreverting fund, if the county contains a consolidated 9 city; or 10 (2) if the county does not contain a consolidated city: (A) in the nonreverting fund, to the extent that the amount 11 collected, after deducting the direct cost of any contract, 12 13 including contract related expenses, under which the 14 contractor is required to identify homestead deduction 15 eligibility, does not cause the total amount deposited in the nonreverting fund under this subsection for the year during 16 17 which the amount is collected to exceed one hundred thousand 18 dollars (\$100.000); or 19 (B) in the county general fund, to the extent that the amount 20 collected exceeds the amount that may be deposited in the 21 nonreverting fund under clause (A). 22 (d) (e) Any part of the amount due under subsection (b) that is not 23 collected by the due date is subject to collection under one (1) or more 24 of the following: 25 (1) After being placed on the tax duplicate for the affected 26 property and collected in the same manner as other property taxes. 27 (2) Through a notice of an ineligible homestead lien recorded in 28 the county recorder's office without charge. 29 The adjustment in tax due (and any interest and penalties on that 30 amount) after the termination of a deduction or credit as specified in 31 subsection (b) shall be deposited as specified in subsection $\frac{d}{d}$ only 32 in the first year in which that amount is collected. Upon the collection 33 of the amount due under subsection (b) or the release of a lien recorded 34 under subdivision (2), the county auditor shall submit the appropriate 35 documentation to the county recorder, who shall amend the information 36 recorded under subdivision (2) without charge to indicate that the lien 37 has been released or the amount has been paid in full. 38 (e) (f) The amount to be deposited in the nonreverting fund or the 39 county general fund under subsection $\frac{d}{d}$ (d) includes adjustments in 40 the tax due as a result of the termination of deductions or credits 41 available only for property that satisfies the eligibility for a standard 42 deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37, including the following:

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1 (1) Supplemental deductions under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5. 2 (2) Homestead credits under IC 6-1.1-20.4, IC 6-3.5-1.1-26, 3 IC 6-3.5-6-13, IC 6-3.5-6-32, IC 6-3.5-7-13.1, or IC 6-3.5-7-26, 4 IC 6-3.6-5, IC 6-3.6-11-3, or any other law. 5 (3) Credit for excessive property taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 or 6 IC 6-1.1-20.6-8.5. 7 Any amount paid that exceeds the amount required to be deposited 8 under subsection $\frac{f(c)(1)}{d}(d)(1)$ or $\frac{f(c)(2)}{d}(d)(2)$ shall be distributed as 9 property taxes. 10 (f) (g) Money deposited under subsection $\frac{(c)(1)}{(d)(1)}$ or $\frac{(c)(2)}{(d)(2)}$ (d)(2) shall be treated as miscellaneous revenue. Distributions shall be 11 12 made from the nonreverting fund established under this section upon 13 appropriation by the county fiscal body and shall be made only for the 14 following purposes: 15 (1) Fees and other costs incurred by the county auditor to discover property that is eligible for a standard deduction under 16 17 IC 6-1.1-12-37. 18 (2) Other expenses of the office of the county auditor. 19 The amount of deposits in a reverting fund, the balance of a 20 nonreverting fund, and expenditures from a reverting fund may not be 21 considered in establishing the budget of the office of the county auditor 22 or in setting property tax levies that will be used in any part to fund the 23 office of the county auditor. 24 SECTION 21. IC 6-3-4-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.181-2016, 25 SECTION 27, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016, SECTION 26, 26 IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 27 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) Every partnership shall, 28 at the time that the partnership pays or credits amounts to any of its 29 nonresident partners on account of their distributive shares of 30 partnership income, for a taxable year of the partnership, deduct and 31 retain therefrom the amount prescribed in the withholding instructions 32 referred to in section 8 of this chapter. Such partnership so paying or 33 crediting any nonresident partner: 34 (1) shall be liable to the state of Indiana for the payment of the tax 35 required to be deducted and retained under this section and shall 36 not be liable to such partner for the amount deducted from such 37 payment or credit and paid over in compliance or intended 38 compliance with this section; and 39 (2) shall make return of and payment to the department monthly

39 (2) shall make return of and payment to the department monthly
40 whenever the amount of tax due under IC 6-3 and *IC* 6-3.5
41 *IC* 6-3.6 exceeds an aggregate amount of fifty dollars (\$50) per
42 month with such payment due on the thirtieth day of the following



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month, unless an earlier date is specified by section 8.1 of this chapter.

Where the aggregate amount due under IC 6-3 and *HC* 6-3.5 *IC* 6-3.6 does not exceed fifty dollars (\$50) per month, then such partnership shall make return and payment to the department quarterly, on such dates and in such manner as the department shall prescribe, of the amount of tax which, under IC 6-3 and *HC* 6-3.5, *IC* 6-3.6, it is required to withhold.

9 (b) Every partnership shall, at the time of each payment made by it 10 to the department pursuant to this section, deliver to the department a 11 return upon such form as shall be prescribed by the department 12 showing the total amounts paid or credited to its nonresident partners, 13 the amount deducted therefrom in accordance with the provisions of 14 this section, and such other information as the department may require. 15 Every partnership making the deduction and retention provided in this section shall furnish to its nonresident partners annually, but not later 16 17 than the fifteenth day of the third month after the end of its taxable 18 year, a record of the amount of tax deducted and retained from such 19 partners on forms to be prescribed by the department.

20 (c) All money deducted and retained by the partnership, as provided 21 in this section, shall immediately upon such deduction be the money of 22 the state of Indiana and every partnership which deducts and retains 23 any amount of money under the provisions of IC 6-3 shall hold the 24 same in trust for the state of Indiana and for payment thereof to the 25 department in the manner and at the times provided in IC 6-3. Any partnership may be required to post a surety bond in such sum as the 26 27 department shall determine to be appropriate to protect the state of 28 Indiana with respect to money deducted and retained pursuant to this 29 section. 30

(d) The provisions of IC 6-8.1 relating to additions to tax in case of delinquency and penalties shall apply to partnerships subject to the provisions of this section, and for these purposes any amount deducted, or required to be deducted and remitted to the department under this section, shall be considered to be the tax of the partnership, and with respect to such amount it shall be considered the taxpayer.

(e) Amounts deducted from payments or credits to a nonresident
partner during any taxable year of the partnership in accordance with
the provisions of this section shall be considered to be in part payment
of the tax imposed on such nonresident partner for the nonresident
partner's taxable year within or with which the partnership's taxable
year ends. A return made by the partnership under subsection (b) shall
be accepted by the department as evidence in favor of the nonresident

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partner of the amount so deducted for the nonresident partner's distributive share.

(f) This section shall in no way relieve any nonresident partner from the nonresident partner's obligations of filing a return or returns at the time required under IC 6-3 or *HC* 6-3.5, *IC* 6-3.6, and any unpaid tax shall be paid at the time prescribed by section 5 of this chapter.

7 (g) Instead of the reporting periods required under subsection (a), 8 the department may permit a partnership to file one (1) return and 9 payment each year if the partnership pays or credits amounts to its 10 nonresident partners only one (1) time each year. The return and 11 payment are due on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month after 12 the end of the year. However, if a partnership is permitted an extension 13 to file its income tax return under IC 6-8.1-6-1, the return and payment 14 due under this subsection shall be allowed the same treatment as an 15 extended income tax return with respect to due dates, interest, and 16 penalties under IC 6-8.1-6-1.

(h) If a partnership fails to withhold and pay any amount of tax
required to be withheld under this section and thereafter the tax is paid
by the partners, the amounts of tax as paid by the partners shall not be
collected from the partnership but it may not be relieved from liability
for interest or penalty otherwise due in respect to the failure to
withhold under IC 6-8.1-10.

(*h*) (*i*) A partnership shall file a composite adjusted gross income tax
 return on behalf of all nonresident partners. The composite return must
 include each nonresident partner regardless of whether or not the
 nonresident partner has other Indiana source income.

 $\begin{array}{ll} 27 & (i) \ (j) \ \text{If a partnership does not include all nonresident partners in the} \\ 28 & \text{composite return, the partnership is subject to the penalty imposed} \\ 29 & \text{under IC } 6-8.1-10-2.1(j). \end{array}$

30 (*i*) (*k*) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013, the 31 department may not impose a late payment penalty on a partnership for 32 the failure to file a return, pay the full amount of the tax shown on the 33 partnership's return, or pay the deficiency of the withholding taxes due 34 under this section if the partnership pays the department before the 35 fifteenth day of the fourth month after the end of the partnership's 36 taxable year at least: 37 (1) eighty percent (80%) of the withholding tax due for the

(1) eighty percent (80%) of the withholding tax due for the current year; or

(2) one hundred percent (100%) of the withholding tax due for the preceding year.

41 (*k*) (*l*) Notwithstanding subsection (a) or (*h*), (*i*), a pass through
42 entity is not required to withhold tax or file a composite adjusted gross

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1	income tax return for a nonresident member if the entity:
2	(1) is a publicly traded partnership as defined by Section 7704(b)
3	of the Internal Revenue Code;
4 5	(2) meets the exception for partnerships under Section 7704(c) of
	the Internal Revenue Code; and
6 7	(3) has agreed to file an annual information return reporting the
7	name, address, taxpayer identification number, and other
8 9	information requested by the department of each unit holder.
9 10	The department may issue written guidance explaining circumstances
	under which limited partnerships or limited liability companies owned
11 12	by a publicly traded partnership may be excluded from the withholding
12	requirements of this section. (1) (1) Notaritheter diag subsection (i) (b) a partnership is subject
13 14	(<i>t</i>) (<i>m</i>) Notwithstanding subsection $\frac{f}{f}$, (<i>k</i>), a partnership is subject to a late normality for the following to file a network parally for the following to file a network parallely for the follo
14	to a late payment penalty for the failure to file a return, pay the full
15	amount of the tax shown on the partnership's return, or pay the
10	deficiency of the withholding taxes due under this section for any amounts of withholding tax, including any interest under IC 6-8.1-10-1,
17	
10	reported or paid after the due date of the return, as adjusted by any extension under IC 6-8.1-6-1.
20	(<i>m</i>) (<i>n</i>) For purposes of this section, a "nonresident partner" is:
21	(1) an individual who does not reside in Indiana;
22	(2) a trust that does not reside in Indiana;
23	(3) an estate that does not reside in Indiana;
24	(4) a partnership not domiciled in Indiana;
25	(5) a C corporation not domiciled in Indiana; or
26	(6) an S corporation not domiciled in Indiana.
27	SECTION 22. IC 6-3.5-5-9.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.211-2007,
28	SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9.5. (a) This section applies to a wheel tax
30	adopted after June 30, 2007.
31	(b) An owner of one (1) or more commercial vehicles paying an
32	apportioned registration to the state under the International Registration
33	Plan that is required to pay a wheel tax shall pay an apportioned wheel
34	tax calculated by dividing in-state actual miles by total fleet miles
35	generated during the preceding year. If in-state miles are estimated for
36	purposes of proportional registration, these miles are divided by total
37	actual and estimated fleet miles. The apportioned wheel tax under this
38	section shall be paid at the same time and in the same manner as the
39	commercial motor vehicle excise tax under IC 6-6-5.5.
40	(c) A voucher from the department of state revenue showing
41	payment of the wheel tax may be accepted by the bureau of motor
42	vehicles in lieu of the payment required under section 9 of this chapter.



1 SECTION 23. IC 6-3.6-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.180-2016, 2 SECTION 17, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016, SECTION 47, 3 IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 4 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. Revenue raised from a tax 5 imposed under this chapter shall be treated as follows: 6 (1) If an ordinance described in section 2.5 of this chapter is in 7 effect in a county, to make a distribution to the county equal to 8 the amount of revenue generated by the rate imposed under 9 section 2.5 of this chapter. 10 (1) (2) After making the distribution described in subdivision (1), if any, to make distributions to school corporations and civil 11 12 taxing units in counties that formerly imposed a tax under IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed). The revenue categorized from the first 13 14 *next* twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%) of the rate for a 15 former tax adopted under IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed) shall be 16 allocated to school corporations and civil taxing units. The 17 amount of the allocation to a school corporation or civil taxing 18 unit shall be determined using the allocation amounts for civil 19 taxing units and school corporations in the *determination*. county. 20 (2) (3) After making the distributions described in subdivisions 21 (1) and (2), the remaining revenue shall be treated as additional 22 revenue (referred to as "additional revenue" in this chapter). 23 Additional revenue may not be considered by the department of 24 local government finance in determining: 25 (A) any taxing unit's maximum permissible property tax levy 26 limit under IC 6-1.1-18.5; or 27 (B) the approved property tax rate for any fund. 28 In the case of a civil taxing unit that has pledged the tax from 29 additional revenue for the payment of bonds, leases, or other obligations as reported by the civil taxing unit under IC 5-1-18, 30 31 the adopting body may not, under section 4 of this chapter, 32 reduce the proportional allocation of the additional revenue that 33 was allocated in the preceding year if the reduction for that year 34 would result in an amount less than the amount necessary for the 35 payment of bonds, leases, or other obligations payable or 36 required to be deposited in a sinking fund or other reserve in that 37 year for the bonds, leases, or other obligations for which the tax 38 from additional revenue has been pledged. 39 SECTION 24. IC 6-3.6-6-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.180-2016, 40

- SECTION 18, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016, SECTION 54, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
- 41 IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 42 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in



1	this chapter and IC 6-3.6-11, this section applies to an allocation of
2	certified shares in all counties.
3	(b) Subject to this chapter, any civil taxing unit that imposes an ad
4	valorem property tax in the county that has a tax rate in effect under
5	this chapter is eligible for an allocation under this chapter.
6	(c) A school corporation is not a civil taxing unit for the purpose of
7	receiving an allocation of certified shares under this chapter. The
8	distributions to school corporations and civil taxing units in counties
9	that formerly imposed a tax under IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed) as provided
10	in section $\frac{3(1)}{3(2)}$ of this chapter is not considered an allocation of
11	certified shares. A school corporation's allocation amount for purposes
12	of section $\frac{3(1)}{3(2)}$ of this chapter shall be determined under section
13	12 of this chapter.
14	(d) A county solid waste management district (as defined in
15	IC 13-11-2-47) or a joint solid waste management district (as defined
16	in IC 13-11-2-113) is not a civil taxing unit for the purpose of receiving
17	an allocation of certified shares under this chapter unless a majority of
18	the members of each of the county fiscal bodies of the counties within
19	the district passes a resolution approving the distribution.
20	(e) A resolution passed by a county fiscal body under subsection (d)
$\frac{1}{21}$	may:
22	(1) expire on a date specified in the resolution; or
${23}$	(2) remain in effect until the county fiscal body revokes or
24	rescinds the resolution.
25	SECTION 25. IC 6-3.6-6-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.180-2016,
26	SECTION 20, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016, SECTION 55,
$\frac{1}{27}$	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
28	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 20. (a) This section does not
29	apply to distributions of revenue under section 9 of this chapter.
30	(a) (b) This section applies only to the following:
31	(i) (i) (ii) for all occurrent appression of the form of the form (1) Any allocation or distribution of revenue under section $\frac{3(1)}{2}$
32	3(2) of this chapter that is made on the basis of property tax
33	levies in counties that formerly imposed a tax under IC 6-3.5-1.1
34	(before its repeal January 1, 2017).
35	(2) Any allocation or distribution of revenue under section $\frac{3(2)}{2}$ or
36	3(3) of this chapter that is made on the basis of property tax levies
30 37	in counties that formerly imposed a tax under IC 6-3.5-6 (before
38	its repeal January 1, 2017).
39	(c) Subject to subsection (b), if a school corporation or civil taxing
40	unit of an adopting county does not impose a property tax levy that is
41	first due and payable in a calendar year in which revenue under section
42	$\frac{3(2)}{3(2)}$ or $\frac{3}{3}(3)$ of this chapter is being allocated or distributed, that
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1 school corporation or civil taxing unit is entitled to receive a part of the 2 revenue under section 3(1) or 3(2) or 3(3) of this chapter (as 3 appropriate) to be distributed within the county. The fractional amount 4 that such a school corporation or civil taxing unit is entitled to receive 5 each month during that calendar year equals the product of the 6 following: 7 (1) The amount of revenue under section $\frac{3(2)}{3(2)}$ or $\frac{3}{3}$ 3(3) of 8 this chapter to be distributed on the basis of property tax levies 9 during that month; multiplied by 10 (2) A fraction. The numerator of the fraction equals the budget of that school corporation or civil taxing unit for that calendar year. 11 12 The denominator of the fraction equals the aggregate budgets of 13 all school corporations or civil taxing units of that county for that calendar year. 14 15 (b) (d) Subject to subsection (b), if for a calendar year a school 16 corporation or civil taxing unit is allocated a part of a county's revenue 17 under section $\frac{3(2)}{3(2)}$ or $\frac{3}{3}(3)$ of this chapter by subsection $\frac{(a)}{(a)}$, (c), 18 the calculations used to determine the shares of revenue of all other 19 school corporations and civil taxing units under section $\frac{3(2)}{3(2)}$ or $\frac{3}{2}$ 20 3(3) of this chapter (as appropriate) shall be changed each month for 21 that same year by reducing the amount of revenue to be distributed by 22 the amount of revenue under section $\frac{3(2)}{3(2)}$ or $\frac{3}{3(3)}$ of this chapter 23 allocated under subsection (a) (c) for that same month. The department 24 of local government finance shall make any adjustments required by 25 this subsection and provide them to the appropriate county auditors. 26 SECTION 26. IC 6-3.6-9-17, AS ADDED BY P.L.126-2016, 27 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 28 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17. (a) As used in this section, "fiscal body" 29 has the meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-6. (b) This section refers to a county's trust account maintained under 30 31 the former local income tax laws set forth in IC 6-3.5-1.1, IC 6-3.5-6, 32 and IC 6-3.5-7 (all as repealed January 1, 2017). 33 (c) Before May 1, 2016, the budget agency shall make a one (1) 34 time special distribution to each county having a positive balance in the 35 county's trust account as of December 31, 2014. 36 (d) The amount of the special distribution from a county's trust account is one hundred percent (100%) of the balance in the county's 37 38 trust account as of December 31, 2014, as determined by the budget 39 agency. 40 (e) Before May 1, 2016, the budget agency and the department of

(e) Before May 1, 2016, the budget agency and **the** department of local government **finance** shall do the following:

(1) For any county having a positive balance in the county's trust

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1	account as of December 31, 2014, determine the amount of the
2 3	trust account balance as of December 31, 2014 (referred to as the
	county's trust balance amount).
4	(2) Determine each taxing unit's share of the county's trust
5	balance amount (referred to as the taxing unit's allocation
6	amount), using the following allocation method for each former
7	tax:
8	(A) For county adjusted gross income taxes (IC 6-3.5-1.1)
9	(repealed) as follows:
10	(i) First, the taxing units that would have received property
11	tax replacement credits shall be allocated that part of the
12	county's allocation amount that would have been considered
13	property tax replacements under IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed).
14	(ii) The remaining amount of the county's allocation amount
15	shall be allocated in the same manner as certified shares
16	under IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed).
17	(B) For county option income taxes (IC 6-3.5-6) (repealed),
18	the county's allocation amount shall be allocated in the same
19	manner as certified shares under IC 6-3.5-6 (repealed).
20	(C) For county economic development income taxes, the
21	county's allocation amount shall be allocated in the same
22	manner as a certified distribution under IC 6-3.5-7-12(b)
23	(repealed) or IC 6-3.5-7-12(c) (repealed), whichever applies.
24	(f) Before May 1, 2016, the budget agency and the department of
25	local government finance shall jointly determine and provide to the
26	county auditor the following:
27	(1) The county's trust balance amount.
28	(2) Each taxing unit's allocation amount.
29	(g) Before June 1, 2016, the county auditor shall distribute to each
30	taxing unit an amount equal to the taxing unit's allocation amount.
31	(h) Money distributed to a county, city, or town may be expended
32	only upon an appropriation by the county's, city's, or town's fiscal body
33	as follows:
34	(1) At least seventy-five percent (75%) of the special distribution
35	must be:
36	(A) used exclusively by the county, city, or town for:
37	(i) engineering, land acquisition, construction, resurfacing,
38	maintenance, restoration, or rehabilitation of both local and
39	arterial road and street systems;
40	(ii) the payment of principal and interest on bonds sold
41	primarily to finance road, street, or thoroughfare projects;
42	(iii) any local costs required to undertake a recreational or



1	reservoir road project under IC 8-23-5;
2	(iv) the purchase, rental, or repair of highway equipment;
3	(v) providing a match for a grant from the local road and
4	bridge matching grant fund under IC 8-23-30; or
5	(vi) capital projects for aviation related property or facilities,
6	including capital projects of a board of aviation
7	commissioners established under IC 8-22-2 or an airport
8	authority established under IC 8-22-3-1; or
9	(B) deposited in the county's, city's, or town's rainy day fund
10	established under IC 36-1-8-5.1. The money deposited in a
11	rainy day fund under this clause may not be appropriated from
12	the rainy day fund or transferred to another fund under
13	IC 36-1-8-5.1(g), unless the money will be used exclusively
14	for purposes set forth in clause (A).
15	(2) The remaining part of the special distribution may be used by
16	the county, city, or town for any of the purposes of the county,
17	city, or town.
18	The amount received by a taxing unit that is not a county, city, or town
19	shall be deposited in the taxing unit's rainy day fund established under
20	IC 36-1-8-5.1.
21	SECTION 27. IC 6-3.6-10-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.188-2016,
22	SECTION 7, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016, SECTION 68,
23	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) The general assembly
25	finds that counties and municipalities in Indiana have a need to foster
26	economic development, the development of new technology, and
27	industrial and commercial growth. The general assembly finds that it
28	is necessary and proper to provide an alternative method for counties
29	and municipalities to foster the following:
30	(1) Economic development.
31	(2) The development of new technology.
32	(3) Industrial and commercial growth.
33	(4) Employment opportunities.
34	(5) The diversification of industry and commerce.
35	The fostering of economic development and the development of new
36	technology under this section or section 8 of this chapter for the benefit
37	of the general public, including industrial and commercial enterprises,
38	is a public purpose.
38 39	(b) The fiscal bodies of two (2) or more counties or municipalities
40	
40 41	may, by resolution, do the following: (1) Determine that part or all of the revenue described in section
	(1) Determine that part or all of the revenue described in section
42	2 of this chapter should be combined to foster:



1 (A) economic development; 2 (B) the development of new technology; and 3 (C) industrial and commercial growth. 4 (2) Establish a regional venture capital fund. 5 (c) Each unit participating in a regional venture capital fund 6 established under subsection (b) may deposit the following in the fund: 7 (1) Revenues described in section 2 of this chapter. 8 (2) The proceeds of public or private grants. 9 (d) A regional venture capital fund shall be administered by a 10 governing board. The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from money in the fund. The governing board shall invest the money 11 in the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in 12 13 the same manner as other public money may be invested. Interest that 14 accrues from these investments shall be deposited into the fund. The 15 fund is subject to audit by the state board of accounts under IC 5-11-1. The fund must bear the full costs of the audit. 16 17 (e) The fiscal body of each participating unit shall approve an interlocal agreement created under IC 36-1-7 establishing the terms for 18 19 the administration of the regional venture capital fund. The terms must 20 include the following: 21 (1) The membership of the governing board. 22 (2) The amount of each unit's contribution to the fund. 23 (3) The procedures and criteria under which the governing board 24 may loan or grant money from the fund. 25 (4) The procedures for the dissolution of the fund and for the distribution of money remaining in the fund at the time of the 26 27 dissolution. 28 (f) An interlocal agreement made by the participating units under 29 subsection (e) must provide that: 30 (1) each of the participating units is represented by at least one (1)31 member of the governing board; and 32 (2) the membership of the governing board is established on a 33 bipartisan basis so that the number of the members of the 34 governing board who are members of one (1) political party may 35 not exceed the number of members of the governing board required to establish a quorum. 36 37 (g) A majority of the governing board constitutes a quorum, and the 38 concurrence of a majority of the governing board is necessary to 39 authorize any action. 40 (h) An interlocal agreement made by the participating units under 41 subsection (e) must be submitted to the Indiana economic development 42 corporation for approval before the participating units may contribute

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1	to the fund.
2	(i) A majority of members of a governing board of a regional
3	venture capital fund established under this section must have at least
4	five (5) years of experience in business, finance, or venture capital.
5	(j) The governing board of the fund may loan or grant money from
6	the fund to a private or public entity if the governing board finds that
7	the loan or grant will be used by the borrower or grantee for at least one
8	(1) of the following economic development purposes:
9	(1) To promote significant employment opportunities for the
10	residents of the units participating in the regional venture capital
11	fund.
12	(2) To attract a major new business enterprise to a participating
13	unit.
14	(3) To develop, retain, or expand a significant business enterprise
15	in a participating unit.
16	(k) The expenditures of a borrower or grantee of money from a
17	regional venture capital fund that are considered to be for an economic
18	development purpose include expenditures for any of the following:
19	(1) Research and development of technology.
20	(2) Job training and education.
21	(3) Acquisition of property interests.
22	(4) Infrastructure improvements.
23	(5) New buildings or structures.
24	(6) Rehabilitation, renovation, or enlargement of buildings or
25	structures.
26	(7) Machinery, equipment, and furnishings.
27	(8) Funding small business development with respect to:
28	(A) prototype products or processes;
29	(B) marketing studies to determine the feasibility of new
30	products or processes; or
31	(C) business plans for the development and production of new
32	products or processes.
33	SECTION 28. IC 6-4.1-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2016,
34	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) After the appraiser, if any, appointed
36	under section 3 of this chapter files an appraisal report, the probate
37	court shall redetermine the inheritance tax due with respect to the
38	property interests transferred by the resident decedent. In making the
39	redetermination, the court shall follow the same procedures:
40	(1) the court is required to follow under IC $6-4.1-5-9$,
41	IC 6-4.1-5-10, and IC 6-4.1-5-11 when making an original
42	inheritance tax determination, in the case of an inheritance tax



1 return filed before April 1, 2016; or 2 (2) the department of state revenue is required to follow under 3 IC 6-4.1-5-9, IC 6-4.1-5-8, IC 6-4.1-5-10, and IC 6-4.1-5-11 4 when making an original inheritance tax determination, in the 5 case of an inheritance tax return filed after March 31, 2016. 6 (b) The probate court's redetermination of the inheritance tax due 7 supersedes: 8 (1) the court's original determination; or 9 (2) an original determination by the department of state revenue; 10 whichever is applicable. The court shall file a copy of the 11 redetermination with the clerk of the court. 12 SECTION 29. IC 6-8.1-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2016, 13 SECTION 57, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016, SECTION 74, 14 IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 15 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 1. "Listed 16 taxes" or "taxes" includes only the pari-mutuel taxes (IC 4-31-9-3 17 through IC 4-31-9-5); the riverboat admissions tax (IC 4-33-12); the 18 riverboat wagering tax (IC 4-33-13); the slot machine wagering tax 19 (IC 4-35-8); the type II gambling game excise tax (IC 4-36-9); the gross 20 income tax (IC 6-2.1) (repealed); the utility receipts and utility services 21 use taxes (IC 6-2.3); the state gross retail and use taxes (IC 6-2.5); the 22 adjusted gross income tax (IC 6-3); the supplemental net income tax 23 (IC 6-3-8) (repealed); the county adjusted gross income tax 24 (IC 6-3.5-1.1) (repealed); the county option income tax (IC 6-3.5-6) 25 (repealed); the county economic development income tax (IC 6-3.5-7) 26 (repealed); the local income tax (IC 6-3.6); the auto rental excise tax 27 (IC 6-6-9); the financial institutions tax (IC 6-5.5); the gasoline tax 28 (IC 6-6-1.1); the special fuel tax (IC 6-6-2.5); the motor carrier fuel tax 29 (IC 6-6-4.1); a motor fuel tax collected under a reciprocal agreement 30 under IC 6-8.1-3; the motor vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5); the aviation 31 fuel excise tax (IC 6-6-13); the commercial vehicle excise tax 32 (IC 6-6-5.5); the excise tax imposed on recreational vehicles and truck 33 campers (IC 6-6-5.1); the hazardous waste disposal tax (IC 6-6-6.6) 34 (repealed); the cigarette tax (IC 6-7-1); the beer excise tax (IC 7.1-4-2); 35 the liquor excise tax (IC 7.1-4-3); the wine excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4); the 36 hard cider excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4.5); the malt excise tax (IC 7.1-4-5); 37 the petroleum severance tax (IC 6-8-1); the various innkeeper's taxes 38 (IC 6-9); the various food and beverage taxes (IC 6-9); the county 39 admissions tax (IC 6-9-13 and IC 6-9-28); the oil inspection fee 40 (IC 16-44-2); the penalties assessed for oversize vehicles (IC 9-20-3 41 and HC 9-30); IC 9-20-18); the fees and penalties assessed for

42 overweight vehicles (IC 9-20-4 and *HC 9-30); IC 9-20-18*); and any



1 other tax or fee that the department is required to collect or administer. 2 SECTION 30. IC 7.1-3-9.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 3 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. Application. The 4 commission may issue a supplemental caterer's permit only to a person 5 who is, and continues to be, the holder of a three-way permit and who 6 desires to sell, on a temporary basis only, alcoholic beverages for on 7 premise on-premises consumption at locations other than his the 8 person's licensed premises. 9 SECTION 31. IC 7.1-3-9.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.153-2015, 10 SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. The holder of a supplemental caterer's 11 12 permit is entitled to purchase alcoholic beverages only from a permittee 13 entitled to sell to him the holder under this title. Except as provided in 14 IC 7.1-3-6.1 and IC 7.1-3-6.2, the holder of a supplemental caterer's permit is entitled to sell alcoholic beverages only for on premise 15 16 on-premises consumption at those locations approved by the 17 commission and at times lawful under his the holder's retailers' 18 permits. Except as provided in IC 7.1-3-6.1 and IC 7.1-3-6.2, the holder 19 of a supplemental caterer's permit is not entitled to sell alcoholic 20 beverages at wholesale, nor for carry-out or at-home delivery. SECTION 32. IC 7.1-3-12-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2016, 21 22 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 23 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The holder of a farm winery permit: 24 (1) is entitled to manufacture wine and to bottle wine produced by 25 the permit holder's farm winery; 26 (2) is entitled to serve complimentary samples of the winery's 27 wine on the licensed premises or an outside area that is contiguous to the licensed premises as approved by the 28 29 commission if each employee who serves wine on the licensed 30 premises: 31 (A) holds an employee employee's permit under 32 IC 7.1-3-18-9; and (B) completes a server training program approved by the 33 34 commission; 35 (3) is entitled to sell the winery's wine on the licensed premises to 36 consumers either by the glass, or by the bottle, or both; (4) is entitled to sell the winery's wine to consumers by the bottle 37 at a farmers' market that is operated on a nonprofit basis; 38

- 39 (5) is entitled to sell wine by the bottle or by the case to a person
- 40 who is the holder of a permit to sell wine at wholesale;
- 41 (6) is exempt from the provisions of IC 7.1-3-14;
- 42 (7) is entitled to advertise the name and address of any retailer or



1	dealer who sells wine produced by the permit holder's winery;
2	(8) for wine described in IC 7.1-1-2-3(a)(4):
3	(A) may allow transportation to and consumption of the wine
4	on the licensed premises; and
5	(B) may not sell, offer to sell, or allow the sale of the wine on
6	the licensed premises;
7	(9) is entitled to purchase and sell bulk wine as set forth in this
8	chapter;
9	(10) is entitled to sell wine as authorized by this section for
10	carryout on Sunday; and
11	(11) is entitled to sell and ship the farm winery's wine to a person
12	located in another state in accordance with the laws of the other
13	state.
14	(b) With the approval of the commission, a holder of a permit under
15	this chapter may conduct business at not more than three (3) additional
16	locations that are separate from the winery. At the additional locations,
17	the holder of a permit may conduct any business that is authorized at
18	the first location, except for the manufacturing or bottling of wine.
19	(c) With the approval of the commission, a holder of a permit under
20	this chapter may:
$\frac{1}{21}$	(1) individually; or
22	(2) with other permit holders under this chapter, holders of artisan
23	distiller's permits, holders of a brewer's permits issued under
24	IC 7.1-3-2-2(b), or any combination of holders described in this
25	subdivision;
26	participate in a trade show or an exposition at which products of each
27	permit holder participant are displayed, promoted, and sold. The
28	commission may not grant approval under this subsection to a holder
29	of a permit under this chapter for more than forty-five (45) days in a
30	calendar year.
31	SECTION 33. IC 7.1-3-20-18.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.214-2016,
32	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18.7. (a) This section applies to the premises
34	of a hotel that is owned by an accredited college or university (as
35	described in IC 24-4-11-2).
36	(b) Subject to subsection (c), the holder of a retailer retailer's
37	permit that is issued for the premises of a hotel may sell or dispense,
38	for on premise on premises consumption only, alcoholic beverages, for
<u>39</u>	which the permittee holds the appropriate permit, from a:
40	(1) nonpermanent bar located on an outside patio or terrace; or
41	(2) service window located on the licensed premises that opens to
42	an outside patio or terrace;
. 4	an output of wither,



1	that is contiguous to the main building of the licensed premises of the
2	hotel.
3	(c) The holder of a retailer retailer's permit that is issued for the
4	premises of a hotel may sell or dispense alcoholic beverages as
5	provided under subsection (b) only if all the following conditions are
6	met:
7	(1) The patio or terrace area described in subsection (b) is:
8	(A) part of the licensed premises; and
9	(B) clearly delineated and completely enclosed on all sides by
10	a fence, rail, wall, or hedge that is at least four (4) feet in
11	height.
12	(2) Access to the nonpermanent bar or service window is limited
13	by a barrier that reasonably deters free access by minors to the bar
14	or window.
15	(3) A conspicuous sign is posted by the barrier described in
16	subdivision (2) that states that minors are not allowed to cross the
17	barrier to enter the area near the nonpermanent bar or service
18	window.
19	SECTION 34. IC 7.1-3-20-27, AS ADDED BY P.L.133-2016,
20	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 27. (a) This section applies to the premises of
22	a restaurant.
23	(b) Subject to subsection (c), the holder of a retailer retailer's
24	permit that is issued for the premises of a restaurant may sell or
25	dispense, for on premise on-premises consumption only, alcoholic
26	beverages, for which the permittee holds the appropriate permit, from
27	a service window located on the licensed premises that opens to an
28	outside patio or terrace that is contiguous to the main building of the
29	licensed premises of the restaurant.
30	(c) The holder of a retailer retailer's permit that is issued for the
31	premises of a restaurant may sell or dispense alcoholic beverages as
32	provided under subsection (b) only if all the following conditions are
33	met:
34	(1) The patio or terrace area described in subsection (b) is:
35	(A) part of the licensed premises; and
36	(B) clearly delineated and completely enclosed on all sides by
37	a barrier that is at least eighteen (18) inches in height.
38	(2) Access to the service window is limited by a barrier that
39	reasonably deters free access by minors to the window.
40	(3) A conspicuous sign is posted by the barrier described in
41	subdivision (2) that states that minors are not allowed to cross the
42	barrier to enter the area near the service window.



1 2	SECTION 35. IC 7.1-3-23-20.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2016, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
$\frac{2}{3}$	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 20.5. (a) As used in this section, "adult
4	entertainment" means adult oriented entertainment in which performers
5	disrobe or perform in an unclothed state for entertainment.
6	(b) This section applies to the holder of a retailer's permit that
7	provides adult entertainment on the licensed premises.
8	(c) The holder of a retailer's permit that provides adult entertainment
9	on the licensed premises shall do the following:
10	(1) Require a performer who provides adult entertainment on the
11	licensed premises to provide proof of age by at least one (1) form
12	of government issued identification, including a:
13	(A) state issued driver's license;
14	(B) state issued identification card; or
15	(C) passport;
16	showing the performer to be at least eighteen (18) years of age.
17	(2) Require a performer who provides adult entertainment on the
18	licensed premises to provide proof of legal residency in the
19	United States by means of:
20	(A) a birth certificate;
21	(B) a Social Security card;
22	(C) a passport;
23	(D) valid documentary evidence described in IC 9-24-9-2.5; or
24	(E) other valid documentary evidence issued by the United
25	States demonstrating that the performer is entitled to reside in
26	the United States.
27	(3) Take a photograph of each adult entertainer who auditions to
28	provide adult entertainment at the licensed premises at the time
29 30	of the audition and retain the photograph for at least three (3) years after:
30 31	(A) the date of the audition; or
32	(B) the last day on which the performer provides adult
33	entertainment at the licensed premises;
34	whichever is later. A photograph taken under this subdivision
35	must only may show only the adult entertainer's facial features.
36	(4) Require all performers and other employees of the retail
37	permit holder to sign a document approved by the commission to
38	acknowledge their awareness of the problem of human trafficking.
39	(5) Display human trafficking awareness posters in at least two
40	(2) of the following locations on the licensed premises:
41	(A) The office of the manager of the licensed premises.
42	(B) The locker room used by performers or other employees.



1	(C) The break room used by performers or other employees.
2	Posters displayed under this subdivision must describe human
3	trafficking, state indicators of human trafficking (such as
4	restricted freedom of movement and signs of physical abuse), set
5	forth hotline telephone numbers for law enforcement, and be
6	approved by the commission.
7	(6) Cooperate with any law enforcement investigation concerning
8	allegations of a violation of this section.
9	(d) The commission may revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew the
10	permit issued for the licensed premises if the holder fails to comply
11	with subsection (c).
12	(e) In determining whether to revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew
13	the permit issued for a licensed premises under subsection (d), the
14	commission may consider:
15	(1) the extent to which the permit holder has cooperated with any
16	law enforcement investigation as required by subsection (c)(6);
17	and
18	(2) whether the permit holder has provided training to performers
19	who provide adult entertainment at the permit holder's licensed
20	premises and other employees of the licensed premises through a
21	program that:
22	(A) is designed to increase the awareness of human trafficking
23	and assist victims of human trafficking; and
24	(B) has been approved by:
25	(i) a department of the United States government; or
26	(ii) a nationwide association made up of operators who run
27	adult entertainment establishments.
28	SECTION 36. IC 8-1-30.3-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.98-2016,
29	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. For purposes of section 5(c)(2) of this
31	chapter, a distressed utility is not furnishing or maintaining adequate,
32	efficient, safe, and reasonable service and facilities if the commission
33	finds one (1) or more of the following:
34	(1) The distressed utility violated one (1) or more state or federal
35	statutory or regulatory requirements in a manner that the
36	commission determines affects the safety, adequacy, efficiency,
37	or reasonableness of its services or facilities.
38	(2) The distressed utility has inadequate financial, managerial, or
39	technical ability or expertise.
40	(3) The distressed utility fails to provide water in sufficient
41	amounts, that is palatable, or at adequate volume or pressure.
42	(4) The distressed utility, due to necessary improvements to its



1	plant or distribution or collection system or operations, is unable
2	to furnish and maintain adequate service to its customers at rates
3	equal to or less than those of the public acquiring utility
4	company.
5	(5) The distressed utility:
6	(A) is municipally owned utility property of a municipally
7	owned utility that serves fewer than five thousand (5,000)
8	customers; and
9	(B) is being sold under IC 8-1.5-2-6.1.
10	(6) Any other facts that the commission determines demonstrate
11	the distressed utility's inability to furnish or maintain adequate,
12	efficient, safe, or reasonable service or facilities.
12	SECTION 37. IC 8-2.1-19.1-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.175-2015,
13	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) Not later than July 15, 2015, a TNC
16	driver, or a TNC on the TNC driver's behalf, shall maintain primary
17	motor vehicle insurance that meets the following requirements:
18	(1) The motor vehicle insurance is issued:
19	(A) by an insurance company that holds a certificate of
20	authority to do insurance business in Indiana under
20	IC 27-1-3-20; or
22	(B) through a surplus lines producer licensed under
$\frac{22}{23}$	IC 27-1-15.8.
24	(2) The language of the motor vehicle insurance policy:
25	(A) recognizes that the driver is a TNC driver or otherwise
26	uses the personal vehicle to transport passengers for
27	compensation; and
28	(B) covers the driver while the driver is:
29	(i) logged on to the TNC's digital network; or
30	(ii) engaged in a prearranged ride.
31	(3) The motor vehicle insurance must meet the following
32	coverage requirements while a TNC driver is logged on to the
33	TNC's digital network, but is not engaged in a prearranged ride:
34	(A) Primary motor vehicle liability insurance in an amount
35	equal to at least:
36	(i) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) per person for death and
37	bodily injury;
38	(ii) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per incident
39	for death and bodily injury; and
40	(iii) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) per incident for
41	property damage.
42	(B) The insurance required by clause (A) may be provided by



 (i) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC driver. (ii) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC. (iii) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by any combination of persons or entities under items (i) and (ii). (4) The motor vehicle insurance must meet the following coverage requirements while a TNC driver is engaged in a prearranged ride: (A) Primary motor vehicle liability insurance in an amount equal to at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per incident for death, bodily injury, and property damage. (B) The insurance required by clause (A) may be provided by any of the following: (i) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC driver. (ii) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC. (iii) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by any combination of persons or entities under items (i) and (ii). (b) If motor vehicle insurance maintained by a TNC driver as described in subsection (a) lapses or does not provide the required coverage: (1) motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC must provide the required coverage beginning with the first dollar of a claim; and (2) the insurance company that issues the motor vehicle insurance described in subdivision (1). (c) Coverage under motor vehicle insurance maintained by a TNC may not be dependent on a personal motor vehicle insurance company's first denying a claim for coverage under a personal motor vehicle insurance policy, nor may a personal motor vehicle insurance company be required to first deny a claim. (d) A motor vehicle insurance policy that meets the coverage requirements of IC 9-25 while the driver of the personal vehicle is: (A) (1) logged on to the TNC's digital network; or (B) (2) engaged in a prearranged ride. (c) A TNC driver shall do the	1	any of the following:
 (iii) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by any combination of persons or entities under items (i) and (ii). (4) The motor vehicle insurance must meet the following coverage requirements while a TNC driver is engaged in a prearranged ride: (A) Primary motor vehicle liability insurance in an amount equal to at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per incident for death, bodily injury, and property damage. (B) The insurance required by clause (A) may be provided by any of the following: (i) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC driver. (ii) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC. (iii) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by any combination of persons or entities under items (i) and (ii). (b) If motor vehicle insurance maintained by a TNC driver as described in subsection (a) lapses or does not provide the required coverage: (1) motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC must provide the required coverage beginning with the first dollar of a claim; and (2) the insurance company that issues the motor vehicle insurance described in subdivision (1). (c) Coverage under motor vehicle insurance maintained by a TNC may not be dependent on a personal motor vehicle insurance company's first denying a claim for coverage under a personal motor vehicle insurance policy, nor may a personal motor vehicle insurance company be required to first deny a claim. (d) A motor vehicle insurance policy that meets the coverage requirements of subsection (a) satisfies the financial responsibility requirements of Subsection (a) satisfies the financial responsibility requirement of IC 9-25 while the driver of the personal vehicle is: (A) (1) logged on to the TNC's digital network; or (B) (2) engaged in a prearranged ride. 		•
5 of persons or entities under items (i) and (ii). 6 (4) The motor vehicle insurance must meet the following coverage requirements while a TNC driver is engaged in a prearranged ride: 9 (A) Primary motor vehicle liability insurance in an amount equal to at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per incident for death, bodily injury, and property damage. 12 (B) The insurance required by clause (A) may be provided by any of the following: 14 (i) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC driver. 15 (ii) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by any combination of persons or entities under items (i) and (ii). 18 (b) If motor vehicle insurance maintained by a TNC driver as described in subsection (a) lapses or does not provide the required coverage: 21 (1) motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC must provide the required coverage beginning with the first dollar of a claim; and 22 (2) the insurance company that issues the motor vehicle insurance described in subdivision (1) has a duty to defend the claim described in subdivision (1). 28 (c) Coverage under motor vehicle insurance maintained by a TNC 29 (d) A motor vehicle insurance policy that meets the coverage required to first deny a claim. 20 (c) Coverage under motor vehicle insurance company's first denying a claim for coverage under a personal motor vehicle insurance company be required to first deny a claim. 21 (d) A motor vehicle in		•
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7coverage requirements while a TNC driver is engaged in a prearranged ride:9(A) Primary motor vehicle liability insurance in an amount equal to at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per incident for death, bodily injury, and property damage.11for death, bodily injury, and property damage.12(B) The insurance required by clause (A) may be provided by any of the following:14(i) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC driver.15(ii) Motor vehicle insurance maintained by any combination of persons or entities under items (i) and (ii).18(b) If motor vehicle insurance maintained by a TNC driver as described in subsection (a) lapses or does not provide the required coverage:21(1) motor vehicle insurance maintained by the TNC must provide the required coverage beginning with the first dollar of a claim; and23and24(2) the insurance company that issues the motor vehicle insurance described in subdivision (1).25(c) Coverage under motor vehicle insurance maintained by a TNC may not be dependent on a personal motor vehicle insurance company's first denying a claim for coverage under a personal motor vehicle insurance policy, nor may a personal motor vehicle insurance company the requirement of IC 9-25 while the driver of the personal vehicle is: (A) (1) logged on to the TNC's digital network; or (H) (2) engaged in a prearranged ride.38(1) At all times during which the TNC' digital network; carry proof of the coverage required by subsection (a).39(2) In the event of an accident, upon request, provide to directly		
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42 interested parties, motor vehicle insurance companies, and	42	interested parties, motor vehicle insurance companies, and



1	investigating law enforcement officers:
2	(A) the proof described in subdivision (1); and
3	(B) a disclosure of whether the TNC driver was:
4	(i) logged on to the TNC's digital network; or
5	(ii) engaged in a prearranged ride;
6	at the time of the accident.
7	Information provided under this subdivision may be provided in
8	electronic form under IC 27-1-43-3, as applicable.
9	(f) If a TNC's motor vehicle insurance provides comprehensive
10	coverage or collision coverage for a claim for repair to a personal
11	vehicle, the TNC shall direct the insurance company to make the claim
12	payment:
13	(1) directly to the person that repairs the personal vehicle as
14	payment in full for the completed repairs; or
15	(2) jointly to:
16	(A) the owner of; and
17	(B) any primary lienholder on;
18	the personal vehicle.
19	SECTION 38. IC 8-23-10-0.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.144-2016,
20	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 0.5. (a) The definitions in IC 5-16-13 apply
21	to this section.
22	
23 24	(b) For purposes of IC 5-16-13-10(c) and this section, a contractor
24 25	must be qualified under this chapter before doing any work on a public
	works project that is the construction, improvement, alteration, repair,
26	or maintenance of a highway , street, or road (as defined by
27	IC 8-23-1-23) highway, street, or alley.
28	(c) Notwithstanding the applicability date specified in
29	IC 5-16-13-10(c) and subject to subsection (d), the requirement that a
30	contractor must be qualified under this chapter before doing any work
31	on a public works project applies to a public works contract awarded
32	after December 31, 2016.
33	(d) This subsection applies to a public works project awarded after
34	December 31, 2016, by a local unit. A contractor in any contractor tier
35	is not required to be qualified under this chapter before doing any work
36	on a public works project awarded by a local unit whenever:
37	(1) the total amount of the contract awarded to the contractor for
38	work on the public works project is less than three hundred
39	thousand dollars (\$300,000); and
40	(2) the local unit complies with IC 36-1-12 in awarding the
41	contract for the public works project.
42	SECTION 39. IC 9-24-2.5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006,



1 SECTION 139, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 2 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. If a manager or an employee 3 transmits paper copies of registration applications by hand delivery 4 under section $\frac{6(1)}{6(a)(1)}$ of this chapter, the county voter registration 5 office shall provide the manager or employee with a receipt for the 6 forms. The receipt must state the date and time of delivery and the 7 printed name and signature of the person who received the forms. 8 SECTION 40. IC 9-30-16-3.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.41-2016, 9 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 10 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.5. (a) If a court imposes a suspension of 11 driving privileges under IC 9-21-5-11(f), the court may stay the 12 suspension and grant a specialized driving privilege as set forth in this 13 section. 14 (b) Specialized driving privileges granted under this section shall be 15 granted for sixty (60) days, or the remainder of the sixty (60) day period of suspension as set forth in IC 9-30-13-9(b)(2) if a petition for 16 specialized driving privileges is filed as in the manner set forth in 17 18 under section $\frac{3(g)}{3(b)}$ of this chapter. 19 (c) Specialized driving privileges granted under this section: 20 (1) must be determined by a court; and 21 (2) are limited to restricting the individual to being allowed to 22 operate a motor vehicle between the place of employment of the 23 individual and the individual's residence. 24 (d) An individual who has been granted specialized driving 25 privileges under this section shall: 26 (1) maintain proof of future financial responsibility insurance 27 during the period of specialized driving privileges; 28 (2) carry a copy of the order granting specialized driving 29 privileges or have the order in the vehicle being operated by the individual: 30 31 (3) produce the copy of the order granting specialized driving 32 privileges upon the request of a police officer; and 33 (4) carry a validly issued driver's license. 34 (e) An individual who holds a commercial driver's license and has 35 been granted specialized driving privileges under this chapter may not, 36 for the duration of the suspension for which the specialized driving privileges are sought, operate a motor vehicle that requires the 37 38 individual to hold a commercial driver's license to operate the motor 39 vehicle. 40 (f) An individual who seeks specialized driving privileges must file 41 a petition for specialized driving privileges in each court that has

42 ordered or imposed a suspension of the individual's driving privileges.



1 Each petition must: 2 (1) be verified by the petitioner; 3 (2) state the petitioner's age, date of birth, and address; 4 (3) state the grounds for relief and the relief sought; 5 (4) be filed in a circuit or superior court; and 6 (5) be served on the bureau and the prosecuting attorney. 7 A prosecuting attorney shall appear on behalf of the bureau to respond 8 to a petition filed under this subsection. 9 SECTION 41. IC 10-17-9-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2011, 10 SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 11 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) Each member, the estate of a deceased 12 member, or the estate of a member under guardianship is liable for the 13 costs of maintenance of the member in an amount up to one hundred 14 percent (100%) of the daily per capita cost of personal services and all 15 other operating expenses for the preceding fiscal year. The per capita charge may be adjusted to reflect the level of care provided. 16 17 (b) The level of care must be as consistent as possible with: 18 (1) the care category of the facility in which the member is 19 placed; 20 (2) the rules of the Indiana health facilities, home health care, and 21 hospice council state department of health adopted under 22 IC 16-28; and 23 (3) the applicable code of the federal government covering 24 reimbursement from the United States Department of Veterans' 25 Affairs or another department of the federal government. 26 (c) The liability created for the costs of maintenance of a member 27 constitutes a lien upon the real property of the member if the lien is 28 recorded as provided in this chapter. The lien has priority over all liens 29 subsequently acquired. 30 SECTION 42. IC 11-8-8-1.8, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2008, 31 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.8. As used in this chapter, "social 32 33 networking web site username" means an identifier or profile that 34 allows a person to create, use, or modify a social networking web site, 35 as defined in IC 35-42-4-12. IC 35-31.5-2-307. 36 SECTION 43. IC 12-7-2-34, AS AMENDED BY P.L.53-2014, 37 SECTION 96, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 38 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 34. "Commission" means the following: 39 (1) For purposes of IC 12-10-2, the meaning set forth in 40 IC 12-10-2-1. 41 (2) For purposes of IC 12-12-2, the meaning set forth in 42 IC 12-12-2-1.



1 (3) For purposes of IC 12-13-14, the meaning set forth in 2 IC 12-13-14-1. 3 (4) For purposes of IC 12-15-46-2, the meaning set forth in 4 IC 12-15-46-2(a). 5 (5) (4) For purposes of IC 12-28-1, the meaning set forth in 6 IC 12-28-1-3. 7 SECTION 44. IC 12-7-2-35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.87-2016, 8 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 9 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 35. "Committee" means the following: (1) For purposes of IC 12-15-33, the meaning set forth in 10 11 IC 12-15-33-1. 12 (2) For purposes of IC 12-17.2-3.6, the meaning set forth in 13 IC 12-17.2-3.6-1. 14 (3) For purposes of IC 12-21-4.5, the meaning set forth in 15 IC 12-21-4.5-1. 16 SECTION 45. IC 12-7-2-41.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 17 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 18 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 41.2. "Contracting state", for 19 purposes of IC 12-11-14, has the meaning set forth in 20 IC 12-11-14-4. 21 SECTION 46. IC 12-7-2-69, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2013, 22 SECTION 43, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 23 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 69. (a) "Division", except as provided in 24 subsections (b) and (c), refers to any of the following: 25 (1) The division of disability and rehabilitative services 26 established by IC 12-9-1-1. 27 (2) The division of aging established by IC 12-9.1-1-1. 28 (3) The division of family resources established by IC 12-13-1-1. 29 (4) The division of mental health and addiction established by 30 IC 12-21-1-1. 31 (b) The term refers to the following: 32 (1) For purposes of the following statutes, the division of 33 disability and rehabilitative services established by IC 12-9-1-1: 34 (A) IC 12-9. 35 (B) IC 12-11. 36 (C) IC 12-12. 37 (D) IC 12-12.5. 38 (E) IC 12-12.7. 39 (F) IC 12-15-46-2. 40 (G) (F) IC 12-28-5. 41 (2) For purposes of the following statutes, the division of aging 42 established by IC 12-9.1-1-1:



1	(A) IC 12-9.1.
2	(B) IC 12-10.
3	(C) IC 12-10.5.
4	(3) For purposes of the following statutes, the division of family
5	resources established by IC 12-13-1-1:
6	(A) IC 12-13.
7	(B) IC 12-14.
8	(C) IC 12-15.
9	(D) IC 12-16.
10	(E) IC 12-17.2.
11	(F) IC 12-18.
12	(G) IC 12-19.
13	(H) IC 12-20.
14	(4) For purposes of the following statutes, the division of mental
15	health and addiction established by IC 12-21-1-1:
16	(A) IC 12-21.
17	(B) IC 12-22.
18	(C) IC 12-23.
19	(D) IC 12-25.
20	(c) With respect to a particular state institution, the term refers to
21	the division whose director has administrative control of and
22	responsibility for the state institution.
23	(d) For purposes of IC 12-24, IC 12-26, and IC 12-27, the term
24	refers to the division whose director has administrative control of and
25	responsibility for the appropriate state institution.
26	SECTION 47. IC 12-7-2-82.4 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
27	PASSAGE]. Sec. 82.4. "Family planning services", for purposes of
28	IC 12-15-46-1, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-15-46-1(a).
29	SECTION 48. IC 12-7-2-85.1 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
30	PASSAGE]. Sec. 85.1. "Fertilization", for purposes of IC 12-15-46-1,
31	has the meaning set forth in IC 12-15-46-1(b).
32	SECTION 49. IC 12-7-2-168 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
33	PASSAGE]. Sec. 168. "Respite care" means, for purposes of
34	IC 12-10-5, temporary care or supervision of an individual with
35	Alzheimer's disease or a related senile dementia that is provided
36	because the individual's family or caretaker is temporarily unable or
37	unavailable to provide needed care.
38	SECTION 50. IC 12-7-2-186.2 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
39	UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 186.2. "State plan amendment", for purposes
40	of IC 12-15-46-1, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-15-46-1(c).
41	SECTION 51. IC 12-7-2-190 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
42	PASSAGE]. Sec. 190. "Task force", for purposes of IC 12-10-5, has the



1 meaning set forth in IC 12-10-5-1. 2 SECTION 52. IC 12-7-2-199.8 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE 3 UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 199.8. As used in IC 12-15-46-2, "waiver" has 4 the meaning set forth in IC 12-15-46-2(c). 5 SECTION 53. IC 12-10-6-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2011, 6 SECTION 40, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 7 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) An individual who is determined under 8 section 2.1(a)(2) of this chapter to be incapable of residing in the 9 individual's own home because of mental illness may be admitted to a 10 home or facility that provides residential care to the extent that money 11 is available for the care. 12 (b) Within thirty (30) days after an individual with a mental illness 13 is placed in a home or facility that provides residential care, a 14 comprehensive care plan must be developed for the individual. 15 (c) The residential care facility, in cooperation with the community 16 mental health center or an individual's managed care provider (as 17 defined in IC 12-7-2-127(b)) serving the area in which the residential 18 care facility is located, shall develop the comprehensive care plan for 19 the individual. The plan must include the following: 20 (1) Psychosocial rehabilitation services that are provided within 21 the community. 22 (2) A comprehensive range of activities to meet multiple levels of 23 need, including the following: 24 (A) Recreational and socialization activities. 25 (B) Social skills. 26 (C) Educational, training, occupational, and work programs. 27 (D) Opportunities for progression into less restrictive and 28 more independent living arrangements. 29 (3) Appropriate alternate placement if the individual's needs 30 cannot be met by the facility. 31 (d) The Indiana health facilities, home health care, and hospice 32 council state department of health shall, in coordination with the 33 division of mental health and addiction and the division, adopt rules 34 under IC 4-22-2 to govern: 35 (1) residential care; and 36 (2) the comprehensive care plan; 37 provided to individuals with a mental illness who reside under this 38 chapter in a home or facility that provides residential care. 39 SECTION 54. IC 12-11-2.1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2011, 40 SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 41 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) The bureau shall determine whether or 42 not an individual has a developmental disability. For individuals for



1 whom there is not enough current information available to make a 2 determination of eligibility, the bureau shall use the results of a 3 diagnostic assessment in determining whether an individual has a 4 developmental disability. A diagnostic assessment must include the 5 following: 6 (1) Diagnostic information concerning the individual's 7 functioning level and medical and habilitation needs. 8 (2) All information necessary for the use of the office of Medicaid 9 policy and planning, the Indiana health facilities, home health care, and hospice council, state department of health, and the 10 11 division. 12 (3) The use of all appropriate assessments conducted under rules 13 adopted under IC 16-28. 14 (b) An individual who is found not to have a developmental 15 disability may appeal the bureau's finding under IC 4-21.5. 16 (c) If an individual is determined to have a developmental disability, 17 the office shall determine whether the individual meets the appropriate 18 federal level of care requirements. 19 SECTION 55. IC 12-15-2-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2013, 20 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 21 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) A pregnant woman: 22 (1) who is not described in 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i); and 23 (2) whose family income does not exceed the income level 24 established in subsection (b); 25 is eligible to receive Medicaid. 26 (b) A pregnant woman described in this section is eligible to receive 27 Medicaid, subject to subsections (c) and (d) and 42 U.S.C. 1396a et 28 seq., if her family income does not exceed two hundred percent (200%) 29 of the federal income poverty level for the same size family. 30 (c) Medicaid made available to a pregnant woman described in this 31 section is limited to medical assistance for services related to 32 pregnancy, including prenatal, delivery, and postpartum services, and 33 to other conditions that may complicate pregnancy. 34 (d) Medicaid is available to a pregnant woman described in this 35 section for the duration of the pregnancy and for the sixty (60) day 36 postpartum period that begins on the last day of the pregnancy, without 37 regard to any change in income of the family of which she is a member 38 during that time. 39 (e) The office may apply a resource standard in determining the 40 eligibility of a pregnant woman described in this section. This 41 subsection expires December 31, 2013.

SECTION 56. IC 12-15-2-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2013,

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1 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 2 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. (a) An individual: 3 (1) who is less than nineteen (19) years of age; 4 (2) who is not described in 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)(I); 42 5 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i); and 6 (3) whose family income does not exceed the income level 7 established in subsection (b); 8 is eligible to receive Medicaid. 9 (b) An individual described in this section is eligible to receive Medicaid, subject to 42 U.S.C. 1396a et seq., if the individual's family 10 income does not exceed one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the 11 12 federal income poverty level for the same size family. 13 (c) The office may apply a resource standard in determining the 14 eligibility of an individual described in this section. This subsection 15 expires December 31, 2013. 16 SECTION 57. IC 12-15-5-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.87-2016, 17 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 18 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. (a) As used in this section, "advanced 19 practice nurse" means: 20 (1) a nurse practitioner; or 21 (2) a clinical nurse specialist; 22 who is a registered nurse licensed under IC 25-23 and qualified to 23 practice nursing in a specialty role based upon the additional 24 knowledge and skill gained through a formal organized program of 25 study and clinical experience, or the equivalent as determined by the 26 Indiana state board of nursing. (b) As used in this section, "office" includes the following: 27 28 (1) The office of the secretary of family and social services. 29 (2) A managed care organization that has contracted with the 30 office of Medicaid policy and planning under this article. 31 (3) A person that has contracted with a managed care organization 32 described in subdivision (2). 33 (c) The office shall reimburse eligible Medicaid claims for the 34 following services provided by an advanced practice nurse employed 35 by a community mental health center if the services are part of the 36 advanced practice nurse's scope of practice: 37 (1) Mental health services. 38 (2) Behavioral health services. 39 (3) Substance use abuse treatment. 40 (4) Primary care services. 41 (5) Evaluation and management services for inpatient or 42 outpatient psychiatric treatment.



1 (6) Prescription drugs. 2 (d) The office shall include an advanced practice nurse as an 3 eligible provider for the supervision of a plan of treatment for a 4 patient's outpatient mental health or substance abuse treatment 5 services, if the supervision is in the advanced practice nurse's scope of 6 practice, education, and training. 7 (e) This section: 8 (1) may not be construed to expand an advanced practice nurse's 9 scope of practice; and (2) is subject to IC 25-23-1-19.4(c) and applies only if the service 10 is included in the advance advanced practice nurse's practice 11 12 agreement with a collaborating physician. SECTION 58. IC 12-15-5-15, AS ADDED BY P.L.87-2016, 13 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 14 15 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) This section is effective upon approval 16 by the federal government of the office's Medicaid state plan amendment to implement the requirements of this section. The office 17 18 shall submit the Medicaid state plan amendment not later than 19 December 1, 2016. 20 (b) As used in this section, "office" includes the following: 21 (1) The office of the secretary of family and social services. 22 (2) A managed care organization that has contracted with the 23 office of Medicaid policy and planning under this article. 24 (3) A person that has contracted with a managed care organization 25 described in subdivision (2). 26 (c) The office shall authorize Medicaid reimbursement for eligible 27 Medicaid services provided by a student who: if: (1) the student is currently enrolled in a graduate or postgraduate 28 29 degree level: 30 (A) medical; 31 (B) nursing; 32 (C) mental health; 33 (D) behavioral health; or 34 (E) addiction treatment; 35 accredited college or university program; 36 (2) the student has been approved by the college or university to work as an intern or practicum student at a community mental 37 38 health center under the direct supervision of a licensed 39 professional who holds a master's degree or doctoral level degree 40 related to the area of study; and (3) the services being provided by the student are within the scope 41 42 of practice of the supervising practitioner.



1	(d) Medicaid claims for eligible Medicaid services provided under
2	this section must be submitted by the supervising practitioner. Only one
3	(1) Medicaid claim may be submitted per episode of care.
4	(e) A community mental health center that allows intern and
5	practicum students to provide services under this section shall have a
6	policy and procedure for the intern and practicum students to receive
7	supervision and a method for documenting the supervision provided.
8	SECTION 59. IC 12-15-46 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
9	PASSAGE]. (Medicaid Waivers and State Plan Amendments).
10	SECTION 60. IC 12-17.2-7.2-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.202-2014,
11	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) The office shall determine:
13	(1) which applicants shall be awarded a grant; and
14	(2) subject to subsection (b) and to the availability of funding, the
15	amount of each grant.
16	(b) At least ten percent (10%) but not more than fifty percent (50%)
17	of the tuition for eligible children under the pilot program during the
18	state fiscal year must be paid from donations, gifts, grants, bequests,
19	and other funds received from a private entity or person, from the
20	United States government, or from other sources (excluding funds from
21	a grant provided under this chapter and excluding other state funding).
22	The office may receive and administer grants on behalf of the pilot
23	program. The grants shall be distributed by the office to fulfill the
24	requirements of this subsection.
25	(c) The amount of a grant made under the pilot program to an
26	eligible child:
27	(1) must equal at least two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500)
28	during the state fiscal year; and
29	(2) may not exceed six thousand eight hundred dollars (\$6,800)
30	during the state fiscal year.
31	(d) The total amount of grants provided from the funding under
32	section 9(a) of this chapter (before its repeal) that are awarded under
33	the pilot program in a state fiscal year may not exceed ten million
34	dollars (\$10,000,000).
35	SECTION 61. IC 12-17.2-7.2-9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
36	UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 9. (a) The pilot program, including the
37	longitudinal study under section 12 of this chapter, must be funded
38	from one (1) or both of the following:
38 39	(1) After review by the budget committee and approval by the
39 40	
40 41	budget agency, from Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF)
41	grant funding received from the United States government that is
74	designated by the budget agency as available for funding the pilot



1	program.
2	(2) After review by the budget committee and approval by the
3	budget agency, from amounts reverted in a state fiscal year from
4	funds appropriated to the divisions, departments, and bureaus
5	administered by the office that are designated by the budget
6	agency as available for funding the pilot program.
7	This subsection expires June 30, 2015.
8	(b) The amounts necessary to make the grants and pay the expenses
9	of the longitudinal study under section 12 of this chapter from funds
10	designated under subsection (a) are appropriated from the sources
11	described in subsection (a) for the state fiscal year beginning July 1,
12	2014, and ending June 30, 2015, for the purposes of the pilot program.
12	SECTION 62. IC 12-17.2-7.2-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.202-2014,
13	SECTION 02. IC 12-17.2-7.2, AS ADDED BT 1.1.202-2014, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) The office shall carry out a
16	longitudinal study of students who participate in the pilot program to
17	determine the achievement levels of those students in kindergarten and
18	later grades.
19	(b) The longitudinal study must include a comparison of test and
20	assessment results in grade 3 of:
20 21	(1) the eligible children who participated in the pilot program;
21	and
22	(2) a control group determined by the office that consists of
23 24	
24 25	children who did not participate in the pilot program.
23 26	(c) The office may, after consulting with the state board of
20 27	education, enter into a contract with one (1) or more persons to carry out the longitudinal study under this section. The office may expend
27	out the longitudinal study under this section. The office may expend
28 29	not more than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) from the funds
29 30	appropriated under section 9 of this chapter (repealed) to carry out the
30 31	longitudinal study. The amount expended to carry out the longitudinal study under this section is in addition to the ten million dollar
31 32	(\$10,000,000) limit under section 8(d) of this chapter on the amount of
32 33	
33 34	grants under the pilot program in a state fiscal year.
34 35	SECTION 63. IC 12-20-16-3.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.134-2016,
33 36	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30 37	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.5. (a) This section applies only to a tourship againtance registerious
	township assistance recipient who has prepaid service.
38 39	(b) As used in this section, "electric service provider" means a
39 40	corporation organized under: (1) IC 8-1-13; or
40 41	
41 42	(2) IC 23-17 that: (A) is an electric concentive; and
42	(A) is an electric cooperative; and

- - (A) is an electric cooperative; and



1	(B) has at least one (1) member that is a corporation organized
2	under IC 8-1-13.
3	(c) As used in this section, "prepaid service" refers to a payment
4	option offered by an electric service provider in which payments for
5	electric usage are charged against a prepaid credit balance in a service
6	account as electric service is rendered.
7	(d) As used in this section, "recipient" means a township assistance
8	recipient.
9	(e) As used in this section, "service account" means a customer or
10	member account with an electric service provider.
11	(f) Notwithstanding IC 12-20-20-1 or any other law, if the
12	requirements of this section are met, a township trustee and an electric
13	service provider may do the following:
14	(1) A township trustee may deposit township assistance funds into
15	a service account to create a credit balance.
16	(2) An electric service provider may pay a recipient's electric
17	usage charges with the deposited township assistance funds as
18	those electric usage charges are incurred. However, any personal
19	funds that are present in the service account at the time the
20	township assistance funds are deposited must be used to pay any
$\overline{21}$	electric usage charges first, before the use of township assistance
22	funds.
23	(g) An electric service provider shall do the following:
24	(1) Hold any funds deposited under subsection (f)(1) in a
25	fiduciary capacity for the township trustee. The township trustee
26	is the beneficiary of any township assistance funds remaining:
$\frac{1}{27}$	(A) at the close of business:
28	(i) on the day that a service account is terminated; or
29	(ii) on the next business day, if the service account is
30	terminated after the close of normal business hours; or
31	(B) at the close of business:
32	(i) on the day a request is received by the electric service
33	provider from the township trustee for remittance of the
34	funds; or
35	(ii) on the next business day, if the request for remittance
36	occurs after the close of normal business hours.
37	(2) Remit any funds remaining in a service account or terminated
38	service account not later than fifteen (15) business days after:
<u>39</u>	(A) the service account is terminated as set forth in
40	subdivision (1)(A); or
41	(B) the electric service provider receives a request for
42	remittance from the township trustee as set forth in subdivision
• 4	



1	(1)(B).
2 3	(h) For any month that:
3	(1) an electric service provider receives or expends township
4	assistance funds provided by a township trustee; or
5	(2) a service account has a remaining balance of township
6	assistance funds, including any balance of township assistance
7	funds remaining in an individual service account for any prior
8	months;
9	the electric service provider shall provide the township trustee with a
10	monthly accounting statement not later than fifteen (15) business days
11	following the last calendar day of the month. A monthly accounting
12	statement must detail the receipt and expenditure of funds from service
13	accounts during that month and any balances remaining in individual
14	service accounts.
15	(i) This section may not be interpreted as requiring an electric
16	service provider to:
17	(1) remit to a township trustee more funds than are available in a
18	service account at the close of business on the day that:
19	(A) a service account is terminated as set forth in subsection
20	(g)(1)(A); or
21	(B) the electric service provider receives a request for
22	remittance as set forth in subsection $(g)(1)(B)$; or
23	(2) maintain separate service accounts or account numbers for
24	township assistance funds.
25	(j) The funds deposited into a service account may be used only to
26	pay for a recipient's electric usage, including any facility charges, and
27	may not be used to pay administrative charges, equipment,
28	maintenance, repair, disconnection fees, delinquent bills, or any other
29	charge.
30	(k) If the electric service provider refunds charges paid from the
31	service account, or repays any remaining credit balance in the service
32	account, the refund or repayment shall be paid directly to the township
33	trustee.
34	(l) During any calendar month, the township trustee may deposit
35	township assistance funds in the service account only to the extent that
36	the credit balance in the service account does not exceed the charges
37	incurred by the recipient during the immediately preceding calendar
38	month.
39	SECTION 64. IC 12-20-25-39, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016,
40	SECTION 107, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
41	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 39. The proceeds of the local
42	income tax imposed under this chapter shall be deposited by the



1 treasurer of state on behalf of the county into a separate county local 2 income tax account. The money in the account shall be disbursed as 3 provided in section 38(b) of this chapter. 4 SECTION 65. IC 13-13-7.1-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.53-2014, 5 SECTION 119, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 6 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. The term of a member 7 appointed to the panel is two (2) years. However, an appointing 8 authority may replace a member at any time during the member's term. 9 Notwithstanding this section, the initial members of the panel are the 10 members serving on the advisory compliance panel established by IC 13-13-7-2 (before its repeal) on March 15, 2014. The terms of the 11 12 initial legislative members of the panel appointed under 13 IC 13-13-7-3(b)(1) (before its repeal) and IC 13-13-7-3(b)(2) (before 14 its repeal) expire on the earlier of the following: 15 (1) The date the two (2) year appointment would have expired 16 under IC 13-13-7-4 (before its repeal). 17 (2) December 31, 2014. 18 If subdivision (1) applies, a legislative member appointed under section 19 2(1) or 2(2) of this chapter before January 1, 2015, to succeed the 20 initial legislative member expires December 31, 2014. 21 SECTION 66. IC 13-18-3-2.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.112-2016, 22 SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 23 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.1. (a) If: 24 (1) a discharge results from an activity for which: 25 (A) an NPDES permit subject to IC 13-15-4-1(a)(2)(B), IC 13-15-4-1(a)(3)(B), or IC 13-15-4-1(a)(4); or 26 27 (B) a modification or renewal of a permit referred to in one (1) 28 of the sections referred to in subdivision (1); clause (A); 29 is sought; and 30 (2) the permit application or application to modify or renew the 31 permit proposes a new or increased discharge that would result in 32 a significant lowering of water quality as defined in 33 IC 13-18-3-2(1)(1); 34 the deadline for the department to complete the antidegradation review 35 under 40 CFR 131.12 and 40 CFR Part 132, Appendix E with respect to the discharge is the deadline for the commissioner to approve or 36 37 deny the NPDES permit application under IC 13-15-4-1. 38 (b) The commissioner may extend for cause for not more than ninety 39 (90) days the deadline under subsection (a) for the department to 40 complete the antidegradation review.

41 SECTION 67. IC 14-16-1-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2016,
42 SECTION 640, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. (a) A dealer shall maintain 2 in safe operating condition all vehicles rented, leased, or furnished by 3 the dealer. The dealer or the dealer's agents or employees shall explain 4 the operation of a vehicle being rented, leased, or furnished. If the 5 dealer or the dealer's agent or employee believes the person to whom 6 the vehicle is to be rented, leased, or furnished is not competent to 7 operate the vehicle with safety to the person or others, the dealer or the 8 dealer's agent or employee shall refuse to rent, lease, or furnish the 9 vehicle. 10 (b) A dealer renting, leasing, or furnishing a vehicle shall carry a policy of liability insurance subject to minimum limits, exclusive of 11 interest and costs, with respect to the vehicle as follows: 12 13 (1) Twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for bodily injury to or 14 death of one (1) person in any one (1) accident. 15 (2) Subject to the limit for one (1) person, forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) for bodily injury to or death of at least two (2) persons 16 17 in any one (1) accident. (3) Ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for injury to or destruction of 18 19 property of others in any one (1) accident. 20 (c) In the alternative, a dealer may demand and must be shown proof 21 that the person renting, leasing, or being furnished a vehicle carries a 22 liability policy of at least the type and coverage specified in subsection 23 (b). 24 (d) A dealer: 25 (1) shall prepare an application for a certificate of title as required by IC 9-17-2-1 for a purchaser of an off-road vehicle and shall 26 27 submit the application for the certificate of title in the format 28 required by IC 9-17-2-2 to the bureau of motor vehicles; and 29 (2) may charge a processing fee for this service that may not 30 exceed ten dollars (\$10). 31 (e) This subsection does not apply to an off-road vehicle that is at 32 least five (5) model years old. After January 1, 2008, a dealer may not 33 have on its premise premises an off-road vehicle that does not have a 34 certificate of: 35 (1) origin from its manufacturer; or 36 (2) title issued by; 37 (A) the bureau of motor vehicles or its equivalent in another 38 state; or 39 (B) a foreign country. 40 SECTION 68. IC 14-22-38-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.89-2016, 41 SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 42 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) If a person commits an offense that



1	involves:
2	(1) unlawfully taking or possessing a deer or wild turkey;
$\frac{2}{3}$	(1) taking or possessing a deer or wild turkey by illegal methods
4	or with illegal devices; or
5	(3) except as provided in subsections subsection (c), and (d),
6	selling, offering to sell, purchasing, or offering to purchase a deer
7	or wild turkey or a part of a deer or wild turkey;
8	the court may order the person to reimburse the state five hundred
9	dollars (\$500) for the first violation and one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
10	for each subsequent violation.
10	(b) The money shall be deposited in the conservation officers fish
12	and wildlife fund. This penalty is in addition to any other penalty under
12	the law.
13	(c) Notwithstanding section 6 of this chapter, if a properly tagged
15	deer is brought to a meat processing facility and the owner of the deer:
16	(1) fails to pick up the processed deer within a reasonable time;
10	or
18	(2) notifies the meat processing facility that the owner does not
19	want the processed deer;
20	the deer meat may be given away by the meat processing facility to
20	another person. The meat processing facility may charge the person
22	receiving the deer meat a reasonable and customary processing fee.
$\frac{22}{23}$	(d) In addition to being liable for the reimbursement required under
24	subsection (a), a person who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally
25	violates subsection $(a)(1)$ or $(a)(2)$ while using or possessing:
26	(1) a sound suppressor designed for use with or on a firearm,
27	commonly called a silencer; or
28	(2) a device used as a silencer;
29	commits unlawful hunting while using or possessing a silencer, a Class
30	C misdemeanor.
31	SECTION 69. IC 16-18-2-112 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 112. "Emergency
33	medical technician", for purposes of IC 16-31, means an individual
34	who is certified under this article IC 16-31 to provide basic life support
35	at the scene of an accident, illness, or during transport.
36	SECTION 70. IC 16-31-3-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.59-2016,
37	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. (a) A person holding a certificate or
39	license issued under this article must comply with the applicable
40	standards and rules established under this article. A certificate holder
41	or license holder is subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection
42	(b) if the department of homeland security determines that the



 2 (1) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or materia 3 deception in order to obtain a certificate or license, includin 4 cheating on a certification or licensure examination; 5 (2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of 6 professional services or activities; 	g of ; y g
 3 deception in order to obtain a certificate or license, includin 4 cheating on a certification or licensure examination; 5 (2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of 	g of ; y g
 4 cheating on a certification or licensure examination; 5 (2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of 	; y g
5 (2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of	; y g
	; y g
	y g
7 (3) advertised services or goods in a false or misleading manner	y g
8 (4) falsified or knowingly allowed another person to falsif	g
9 attendance records or certificates of completion of continuin	
10 education courses required under this article or rules adopte	
11 under this article;	
12 (5) is convicted of a crime, if the act that resulted in th	е
13 conviction has a direct bearing on determining if the certificat	
14 holder or license holder should be entrusted to provide emergence	
15 medical services;	,
16 (6) is convicted of violating IC 9-19-14.5;	
17 (7) fails to comply and maintain compliance with or violates an	v
18 applicable provision, standard, or other requirement of this articl	-
19 or rules adopted under this article;	
20 (8) continues to practice if the certificate holder or license holde	r
21 becomes unfit to practice due to:	L
22 (A) professional incompetence that includes the undertakin	σ
23 of professional activities that the certificate holder or licens	-
holder is not qualified by training or experience to undertake	
25 (B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory of	
26 practice;	
27 (C) physical or mental disability; or	
28 (D) addiction to, abuse of, or dependency on alcohol or othe	r
29 drugs that endanger the public by impairing the certificat	
30 holder's or license holder's ability to practice safely;	0
31 (9) engages in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in connectio	n
32 with the delivery of services to the public;	.1
33 (10) allows the certificate holder's or license holder's name or	я
34 certificate or license issued under this article to be used i	
35 connection with a person who renders services beyond the scop	
36 of that person's training, experience, or competence;	0
37 (11) is subjected to disciplinary action in another state of	r
38 jurisdiction on grounds similar to those contained in this chapter	
39 For purposes of this subdivision, a certified copy of a record of	
40 disciplinary action constitutes prima facie evidence of	
41 disciplinary action in another jurisdiction;	ı
42 (12) assists another person in committing an act that woul	h



1	constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under this chapter;
2	or
3	(13) allows a certificate or license issued by the commission to
4	be:
5	(A) used by another person; or
6	(B) displayed to the public when the certificate or license is
7	expired, inactive, invalid, revoked, or suspended.
8	(b) The department of homeland security may issue an order under
9	IC 4-21.5-3-6 to impose one (1) or more of the following sanctions if
10	the department of homeland security determines that a certificate
11	holder or license holder is subject to disciplinary sanctions under
12	subsection (a):
13	(1) Revocation of a certificate holder's certificate or license
14	holder's license for a period not to exceed seven (7) years.
15	(2) Suspension of a certificate holder's certificate or license
16	holder's license for a period not to exceed seven (7) years.
17	(3) Censure of a certificate holder or license holder.
18	(4) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.
19	(5) Assessment of a civil penalty against the certificate holder or
20	license holder in accordance with the following:
21	(A) The civil penalty may not exceed five hundred dollars
22	(\$500) per day per violation.
23	(B) If the certificate holder or license holder fails to pay the
24	civil penalty within the time specified by the department of
25	homeland security, the department of homeland security may
26	suspend the certificate holder's certificate or license holder's
27	license without additional proceedings.
28	(6) Placement of a certificate holder or license holder on
29	probation status and requirement of the certificate holder or
30	license holder to:
31	(A) report regularly to the department of homeland security
32	upon the matters that are the basis of probation;
33	(B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the department
34	of homeland security;
35	(C) continue or renew professional education approved by the
36	department of homeland security until a satisfactory degree of
37	skill has been attained in those areas that are the basis of the
38	probation; or
39	(D) perform or refrain from performing any acts, including
40	community restitution or service without compensation, that
41	the department of homeland security considers appropriate to
42	the public interest or to the rehabilitation or treatment of the
	are public interest of to the remaining of the anifelit of the



certificate holder or license holder.

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The department of homeland security may withdraw or modify this probation if the department of homeland security finds after a hearing that the deficiency that required disciplinary action is remedied or that changed circumstances warrant a modification of the order.

7 (c) If an applicant or a certificate holder or license holder has 8 engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material deception to 9 obtain a certificate or license, including cheating on the certification or 10 licensure examination, the department of homeland security may rescind the certificate or license if it has been granted, void the 12 examination or other fraudulent or deceptive material, and prohibit the 13 applicant from reapplying for the certificate or license for a length of 14 time established by the department of homeland security.

15 (d) The department of homeland security may deny certification or licensure to an applicant who would be subject to disciplinary sanctions 16 17 under subsection (b) if that person were a certificate holder or license 18 holder, has had disciplinary action taken against the applicant or the 19 applicant's certificate or license to practice in another state or 20 jurisdiction, or has practiced without a certificate or license in violation 21 of the law. A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is 22 conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action.

23 (e) The department of homeland security may order a certificate 24 holder or license holder to submit to a reasonable physical or mental 25 examination if the certificate holder's or license holder's physical or 26 mental capacity to practice safely and competently is at issue in a 27 disciplinary proceeding. Failure to comply with a department of 28 homeland security order to submit to a physical or mental examination 29 makes a certificate holder or license holder liable to temporary 30 suspension under subsection (i).

(f) Except as provided under subsection (a), subsection (g), and section 14.5 of this chapter, a certificate or license may not be denied, revoked, or suspended because the applicant, certificate holder, or license holder has been convicted of an offense. The acts from which the applicant's, certificate holder's, or license holder's conviction resulted may be considered as to whether the applicant or certificate holder or license holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a specific capacity.

39 (g) The department of homeland security may deny, suspend, or 40 revoke a certificate or license issued under this article if the individual 41 who holds or is applying for the certificate or license is convicted of 42 any of the following:



1	(1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.
2	(2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.
3	(3) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).
3 4	(4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under
5	IC 35-48-4-7(c).
6	(5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
7	committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime
8	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
9	(6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
10	committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime
11	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
12	(7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
13	committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime
14	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before
15	its amendment on July 1, 2015).
16	(8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class
17	D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6
18	felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under
19	IC 35-48-4-11.
20	(9) Possession of a synthetic drug or synthetic drug lookalike
21	substance as a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July
22	1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30,
23	2014) under IC 35-48-4-11.5 (or under IC 35-48-4-11 before its
24	amendment in 2013).
25	(10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13
26	(repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a
27	controlled substance.
28	(11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription
29	forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
30	(12) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed
31	in this section.
32	(13) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in
33	this section.
34	(14) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of
35	the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially
36	similar to the elements of an offense described in this section.
37	(h) A decision of the department of homeland security under
38	subsections (b) through (g) may be appealed to the commission under
39	IC 4-21.5-3-7.
40	(i) The department of homeland security may temporarily suspend
41	a certificate holder's certificate or license holder's license under
42	IC 4-21.5-4 before a final adjudication or during the appeals process if



the department of homeland security finds that a certificate holder or license holder would represent a clear and immediate danger to the public's health, safety, or property if the certificate holder or license holder were allowed to continue to practice.

(j) On receipt of a complaint or information alleging that a person certified or licensed under this chapter or IC 16-31-3.5 has engaged in or is engaging in a practice that is subject to disciplinary sanctions under this chapter, the department of homeland security must initiate an investigation against the person.

(k) The department of homeland security shall conduct a factfinding
 investigation as the department of homeland security considers proper
 in relation to the complaint.

(1) The department of homeland security may reinstate a certificate
or license that has been suspended under this section if the department
of homeland security is satisfied that the applicant is able to practice
with reasonable skill, competency, and safety to the public. As a
condition of reinstatement, the department of homeland security may
impose disciplinary or corrective measures authorized under this
chapter.

(m) The department of homeland security may not reinstate a certificate or license that has been revoked under this chapter.

(n) The department of homeland security must be consistent in the application of sanctions authorized in this chapter. Significant departures from prior decisions involving similar conduct must be explained in the department of homeland security's findings or orders.

(o) A certificate holder may not surrender the certificate holder's
certificate, and a license holder may not surrender the license holder's
license, without the written approval of the department of homeland
security, and the department of homeland security may impose any
conditions appropriate to the surrender or reinstatement of a
surrendered certificate or license.

(p) For purposes of this section, "certificate holder" means a person who holds:

(1) an unlimited certificate;

(2) a limited or probationary certificate; or

(3) an inactive certificate.

37 (q) For purposes of this section, "license holder" means a person38 who holds:

- (1) an unlimited license;
- 40 (2) a limited or probationary license; or
- 41 (3) an inactive license.
- 42 SECTION 71. IC 16-31-3-25, AS ADDED BY P.L.64-2013,

HB 1181-LS 6079/DI 112



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1 2 3 4 5	 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 25. (a) An individual who meets the following qualifications may operate as a tactical emergency medicine provider: (1) Is an emergency medical technician, an advanced emergency medical technician, or a paramedic.
6	(2) Is employed by:
7	(A) a law enforcement agency; or
8 9	(B) an emergency medical services agency established by
9 10	IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement
10	agency;
11	to provide retrieval and field medical treatment to victims of violent confrontations.
12	(3) Has successfully completed an accredited educational training
13	program in tactical emergency medicine that meets the core
15	curriculum requirements approved by the commission. However,
16	the commission may approve a program provided by:
17	(A) a military, naval, or air service of the armed forces of the
18	United States;
19	(B) a program accredited by a federal or state governmental
20	agency; or
21	(C) a program provided by the National Association of
22	Emergency Medical Technicians that is accredited by the
23	Continuing Education Coordinating Board for Emergency
24	Medical Services;
25	that substantially meets the core curriculum requirements
26	approved by the commission.
27	(b) An individual who meets the requirements set forth in
28	subsection (a) may practice emergency medicine according to the
29	individual's scope of training and as approved by the medical director
30	of the law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services
31	agency supervising the individual.
32	(c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services
33	agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law
34	enforcement agency to operate under this section must be certified as
35	a provider organization by the commission.
36 37	(d) The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this section.
37 38	
38 39	(e) Before August 31, 2013, the commission shall adopt emergency rules in the manner provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement this
39 40	section. The emergency rules must incorporate the following:
40 41	(1) Criteria for basic and advanced life support personnel to
42	function as tactical medical support for law enforcement agencies
14	remember as account measure support for law emotecment agenetes



1 as adopted by the commission under IC 4-22-7-7 in nonrule 2 policy statement EMS-02-2002 adopted on March 15, 2002. 3 (2) Tactical emergency medical support core curriculum 4 requirements approved by the commission on September 13, 5 2007. 6 This subsection expires on the earlier of the date a permanent rule to 7 implement this section is adopted under IC 4-22-2 or June 30, 2014. 8 SECTION 72. IC 16-34-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2016, 9 SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 10 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) A pregnant woman who has an abortion under this article has the right to determine the final disposition of the 11 12 aborted fetus. 13 (b) After receiving the notification and information required by $HC = \frac{16-34-2-1.1(2)(H)}{16-34-2-1.1(a)(2)(H)}$ 14 and IC 16-34-2-1.1(2)(I); IC 16-34-2-1.1(a)(2)(I), the pregnant woman 15 16 shall inform the abortion clinic or the health care facility: 17 (1) in writing; and 18 (2) on a form prescribed by the state department; 19 of the pregnant woman's decision for final disposition of the aborted 20 fetus before the aborted fetus may be discharged from the abortion 21 clinic or the health care facility. 22 (c) If the pregnant woman is a minor, the abortion clinic or health 23 care facility shall obtain parental consent in the disposition of the 24 aborted fetus unless the minor has received a waiver of parental 25 consent under IC 16-34-2-4. 26 (d) The abortion clinic or the health care facility shall document the 27 pregnant woman's decision concerning disposition of the aborted fetus 28 in the pregnant woman's medical record. 29 SECTION 73. IC 20-20-8-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.127-2016, 30 SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.179-2016, SECTION 1, IS 31 CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 32 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) The report must include 33 the following information: 34 (1) Student enrollment. (2) Graduation rate (as defined in IC 20-26-13-6) and the 35 36 graduation rate excluding students that receive a graduation 37 waiver under IC 20-32-4-4. 38 (3) Attendance rate. 39 (4) The following test scores, including the number and 40 percentage of students meeting academic standards: 41 (A) All state standardized assessment scores. 42 (B) Scores for assessments under IC 20-32-5-21, if



1	appropriate.
2	(C) For a freeway school, scores on a locally adopted
3	assessment program, if appropriate.
4	(5) Average class size.
5	(6) The school's performance category or designation of school
6	improvement assigned under IC 20-31-8.
7	(7) The number and percentage of students in the following
8	groups or programs:
9	(A) Alternative education, if offered.
10	(B) Career and technical education.
11	(C) Special education.
12	(D) High ability.
13	(E) Remediation.
14	(F) (E) Limited English language proficiency.
15	(G) (F) Students receiving free or reduced price lunch under
16	the national school lunch program.
17	(H) School flex program, if offered.
18	(8) Advanced placement, including the following:
19	(A) For advanced placement tests, the percentage of students:
20	(i) scoring three (3), four (4), and five (5); and
21	(ii) taking the test.
22	(B) For the Scholastic Aptitude Test:
23	(i) <i>the average</i> test scores for all students taking the test;
24	(ii) the average test scores for students completing the
25	academic honors diploma program; and
26	(iii) the percentage of students taking the test.
27	(9) Course completion, including the number and percentage of
28	students completing the following programs:
29	(A) Academic honors diploma.
30	(B) Core 40 curriculum.
31	(C) Career and technical programs.
32	(10) The percentage of grade 8 students enrolled in algebra I.
33	(H) (10) The percentage of graduates considered college and
34	career ready in a manner prescribed by the state board.
35	$\frac{(12)}{(11)}$ School safety, including:
36	(A) the number of students receiving suspension or expulsion
37	for the possession of alcohol, drugs, or weapons;
38	(B) the number of incidents reported under IC 20-33-9; and
39	(C) the number of bullying incidents reported under
40	IC 20-34-6 by category.
40 41	$\frac{(13)}{(12)}$ Financial information and various school cost factors
42	<i>including the following: required to be provided to the office of</i>
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1	management and budget under IC 20-42.5-3-5.
2	(A) Expenditures per pupil.
3	(B) Average teacher salary.
4	(C) Remediation funding.
5	(14) Interdistrict and intradistrict student mobility rates, if that
6	information is available.
7	$\frac{(15)}{(13)}$ (13) The number and percentage of each of the following
8	within the school corporation:
9	(A) Teachers who are certificated employees (as defined in
10	IC 20-29-2-4).
11	(B) Teachers who teach the subject area for which the teacher
12	is certified and holds a license.
13	(C) Teachers with national board certification.
14	$\frac{(16)}{(14)}$ (14) The percentage of grade 3 students reading at grade 3
15	level.
16	(17) (15) The number of students expelled, <i>including the number</i>
17	participating in other recognized education programs during
18	their expulsion, including the percentage of students expelled by
19	race, grade, gender, free or reduced price lunch status, and
20	eligibility for special education.
21	(18) (16) Chronic absenteeism, which includes the number of
22	students who have been absent from school for ten percent (10%)
23	or more of a school year for any reason.
24	(17) Habitual truancy, which includes the number of students
25	who have been absent ten (10) days or more from school within
26	a school year without being excused or without being absent
27	under a parental request that has been filed with the school.
28	(20) (18) The number of students who have dropped out of
29	school, including the reasons for dropping out, including the
30	percentage of students who have dropped out by race, grade,
31	gender, free or reduced price lunch status, and eligibility for
32	special education.
33	(21) (19) The number of out of school suspensions assigned,
34	including the percentage of students suspended by race, grade,
35	gender, free or reduced price lunch status, and eligibility for
36	special education.
37	(22) (20) The number of in school suspensions assigned,
38	including the percentage of students suspended by race, grade,
39	gender, free or reduced price lunch status, and eligibility for
40	special education.
41	$\frac{(23)}{(21)}$ (21) The number of student work permits revoked.
42	(24) (22) The number of students receiving an international



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baccalaureate diploma.

1 2 (b) Section 3(a) of this chapter does not apply to the publication of 3 information required under this subsection. This subsection applies to 4 schools, including charter schools, located in a county having a 5 consolidated city, including schools located in excluded cities (as 6 defined in IC 36-3-1-7). A separate report including the information 7 reported under subsection (a) must be disaggregated by race, grade, 8 gender, free or reduced price lunch status, and eligibility for special 9 education and must be made available on the Internet as provided in 10 section 3(b) of this chapter. SECTION 74. IC 20-20-42-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.136-2016, 11 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 12 13 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "board" refers to 14 the out of school time learning advisory board established by section 15 64 of this chapter. 16 SECTION 75. IC 20-20-42-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.136-2016, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 17 18 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) The out of school time learning advisory 19 board is established to recommend to the department and the general 20 assembly procedures, policies, funding levels, and eligibility criteria for 21 out of school time programs.

(b) The board is composed of at least the following members:

23 (1) The state superintendent or the state superintendent's 24 designee, who serves as chairperson of the board.

25 (2) The secretary of the family and social services administration 26 or the secretary's designee.

27 (3) The commissioner of the department of workforce 28 development or the commissioner's designee.

29 (4) The commissioner of the commission for higher education or 30 the commissioner's designee.

31 (5) A direct services provider appointed by the secretary of the family and social services administration. 32

(6) The following individuals appointed by the state 33 superintendent: 34

(A) A direct services provider.

36 (B) A superintendent who is nominated by a statewide 37 association of public school superintendents.

38 (C) A principal who is nominated by a statewide association of school principals. 39

40 (D) A governing body member who is nominated by a 41 statewide association of school boards.

42 (E) A teacher who is nominated by the largest statewide

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1 teachers' association. 2 (F) A teacher who is nominated by the second largest 3 statewide teachers' association. 4 (G) A member of a statewide afterschool program network 5 who is nominated by the network. 6 (H) A member of a statewide parents' organization who is 7 nominated by the organization. 8 Additional members may be appointed by the state superintendent or 9 the secretary of the family and social services administration. In 10 addition, the board may consult with other individuals who are not members of the board. 11 12 (c) The board shall meet at least two (2) times each year. The 13 chairperson may call additional meetings. 14 (d) The department shall provide staff for the board. 15 (e) In making recommendations to the department and the general assembly, the board shall consider at least the following: 16 (1) Existing data and research concerning best practices for out of 17 18 school time programs. 19 (2) Current and proposed future access to, quality of, and 20 affordability of out of school time programs. (3) Collaboration between agencies and coordination of existing 21 22 resources. 23 (4) The need for out of school time programs to address college 24 and career readiness and academic standards. 25 (5) Existing statutory and regulatory provisions and the possibility 26 of recommending amendments to statutes and rules. 27 (f) The board shall make an initial report to the general assembly 28 and the legislative council not later than November 1, 2016. The report 29 must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6. 30 (g) This section expires June 30, 2019. 31 SECTION 76. IC 20-24-7-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2016, 32 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 33 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. The department shall distribute state tuition 34 support distributions, and in the case of an adult high school (as 35 defined in IC 20-24-1-2.3), funding provided in the state biennial 36 budget for adult high schools, to the organizer. The department shall make a distribution under this subsection section at the same time and 37 38 in the same manner as the department makes a distribution of state 39 tuition support under IC 20-43-2 to other school corporations. 40 SECTION 77. IC 20-26-5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.65-2016, SECTION 10, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.106-2016, SECTION 5, 41 42 IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) This section applies to:
2	(1) a school corporation;
3	(2) a charter school; and
4	(3) an entity:
5	(A) with which the school corporation contracts for services;
6	and
7	(B) that has employees who are likely to have direct, ongoing
8	contact with children within the scope of the employees'
9	employment.
10	(b) A school corporation, charter school, or entity may use
11	information obtained under section 10 of this chapter concerning an
12	individual's conviction for one (1) of the following offenses as grounds
13	to not employ or contract with the individual:
14	(1) Murder (IC 35-42-1-1).
15	(1) Mardel (10 $35 \cdot 12 \cdot 14)$. (2) Causing suicide (IC 35-42-1-2).
16	(2) Causing suicide (IC 35-42-1-2). (3) Assisting suicide (IC 35-42-1-2.5).
17	(4) Voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3).
18	(5) Reckless homicide (IC $35-42-1-5$).
19	(6) Battery (IC 35-42-2-1) unless ten (10) years have elapsed from
20	the date the individual was discharged from probation,
20	imprisonment, or parole, whichever is later.
22	(7) Aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5).
23	(8) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).
24	(9) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3).
25	(10) A sex offense under IC $35-42-4$.
26	(11) Carjacking (IC 35-42-5-2) (repealed).
27	(12) Arson (IC 35-43-1-1), unless ten (10) years have elapsed
28	from the date the individual was discharged from probation,
29	imprisonment, or parole, whichever is later.
30	(13) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).
31	(14) Neglect of a dependent as a Class B felony (for a crime
32	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 1 felony or Level 3
33	felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014)
34	(IC 35-46-1-4(b)(2)), unless ten (10) years have elapsed from the
35	date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment,
36	or parole, whichever is later.
37	(15) Child selling (IC 35-46-1-4(d)).
38	(16) Contributing to the delinquency of a minor (IC 35-46-1-8),
39	unless ten (10) years have elapsed from the date the individual
40	was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole,
41	whichever is later.
42	(17) An offense involving a weapon under IC 35-47 or
. 4	(1) In ononce myorying a weapon ander ie 55 17 of



$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\2\\3\\4\\5\\6\\7\\8\\9\\10\\11\\12\\13\\14\\15\\16\\17\\18\\19\\20\\21\\22\\23\\24\\25\\26\\27\\28\\29\\20\end{array} $	 IC 35-47.5, unless ten (10) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is later. (18) An offense relating to controlled substances under IC 35-48-4, unless ten (10) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is later. (19) An offense relating to material or a performance that is harmful to minors or obscene under IC 35-49-3, unless ten (10) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is later. (20) An offense relating to operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated under IC 9-30-5, unless five (5) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is later. (21) Domestic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3), unless ten (10) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is latest. (21) Domestic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3), unless ten (10) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is latest. (21) Domestic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3), unless ten (10) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is latest. (21) Constic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3), unless ten (10) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is latest. (21) Domestic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3), unless ten (10) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is latest. (21) Domestic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3), unless ten (10) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is latest. (21) Domestic battery (I
29 30	individual being the subject of a substantiated report of child abuse or neglect as grounds to not employ or contract with the individual.
31	(e) An individual employed by a school corporation, charter school,
32	or entity described in subsection (a) shall notify the governing body of
33	the school corporation, if during the course of the individual's
34	employment, the individual is the subject of a substantiated report of
35	child abuse or neglect.
36	SECTION 78. IC 20-28-5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.106-2016,
37 38	SECTION 7, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.121-2016, SECTION 28, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
38 39	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The department shall
39 40	designate the grade point average required for each type of license.
40	(b) The department shall determine details of licensing not provided
42	in this chapter, including requirements regarding the following:



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1	(1) The conversion of one (1) type of license into another.
2	(1) The conversion of one (1) type of needse into another. (2) The accreditation of teacher education schools and
3	departments.
4	(3) The exchange and renewal of licenses.
5	(4) The endorsement of another state's license.
6	(5) The acceptance of credentials from teacher education
7	institutions of another state.
8	(6) The academic and professional preparation for each type of
9	license.
10	(7) The granting of permission to teach a high school subject area
11	related to the subject area for which the teacher holds a license.
12	(8) The issuance of licenses on credentials.
13	(9) The type of license required for each school position.
14	(10) The size requirements for an elementary school requiring a
15	licensed principal.
16	(11) Any other related matters.
17 18	The department shall establish at least one (1) system for renewing a tagching light days not require a graduate days
18	teaching license that does not require a graduate degree.
20	(c) This subsection does not apply to an applicant for a substitute teacher license <i>or to an individual granted a license under section 18</i>
20 21	of this chapter. After June 30, 2011, the department may not issue an
21	initial practitioner license at any grade level to an applicant for an
23	initial practitioner license unless the applicant shows evidence that the
23	applicant:
25	(1) has successfully completed training approved by the
26	department in:
27	(A) cardiopulmonary resuscitation that includes a test
28	demonstration on a mannequin;
29	(B) removing a foreign body causing an obstruction in an
30	airway;
31	(C) the Heimlich maneuver; and
32	(D) the use of an automated external defibrillator;
33	(2) holds a valid certification in each of the procedures described
34	in subdivision (1) issued by:
35	(A) the American Red Cross;
36	(B) the American Heart Association; or
37	(C) a comparable organization or institution approved by the
38	<i>advisory state</i> board; or
39	(3) has physical limitations that make it impracticable for the
40	applicant to complete a course or certification described in
41	subdivision (1) or (2).
42	The training in this subsection applies to a teacher (as defined in



1 IC 20-18-2-22(b)).

1	IC 20-18-2-22(b)).
2	(d) This subsection does not apply to an applicant for a substitute
3	teacher license or to an individual granted a license under section 18
4	of this chapter. After June 30, 2013, the department may not issue an
5	initial teaching license at any grade level to an applicant for an initial
6	teaching license unless the applicant shows evidence that the applicant
7	has successfully completed education and training on the prevention of
8	child suicide and the recognition of signs that a student may be
9	considering suicide.
10	(e) This subsection does not apply to an applicant for a substitute
11	teacher license. After June 30, 2012, the department may not issue a
12	teaching license renewal at any grade level to an applicant unless the
13	applicant shows evidence that the applicant:
14	(1) has successfully completed training approved by the
15	department in:
16	(A) cardiopulmonary resuscitation that includes a test
17	demonstration on a mannequin;
18	(B) removing a foreign body causing an obstruction in an
19	airway;
20	(C) the Heimlich maneuver; and
21	(D) the use of an automated external defibrillator;
22	(2) holds a valid certification in each of the procedures described
${23}$	in subdivision (1) issued by:
24	(A) the American Red Cross;
25	(B) the American Heart Association; or
26	(C) a comparable organization or institution approved by the
27	advisory state board; or
28	(3) has physical limitations that make it impracticable for the
29	applicant to complete a course or certification described in
30	subdivision (1) or (2).
31	(f) The department shall periodically publish bulletins regarding:
32	(1) the details described in subsection (b);
33	(2) information on the types of licenses issued;
34	(3) the rules governing the issuance of each type of license; and
35	(4) other similar matters.
36	SECTION 79. IC 20-30-5-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.222-2015,
37	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 20. (a) As used in this section, "psychomotor
39	skills" means skills using hands on practice to support cognitive
40	learning.
41	(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), each school corporation
42	and accredited nonpublic school shall include in the school
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corporation's or accredited nonpublic school's high school health education curriculum instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and use of an automated external defibrillator for its students. The instruction must incorporate the psychomotor skills necessary to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation and use an automated external defibrillator and must include either of the following:

7 (1) An instructional program developed by the American Heart8 Association or the American Red Cross.

9 (2) An instructional program that is nationally recognized and is
10 based on the most current national evidence based emergency
11 cardiovascular care guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation
12 and the use of an automated external defibrillator.

(c) A school corporation or an accredited nonpublic school may
offer the instruction required in subsection (b) or may arrange for the
instruction to be provided by available community based providers.
The instruction is not required to be provided by a teacher. If
instruction is provided by a teacher, the teacher is not required to be a
certified trainer of cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

19 (d) This section shall not be construed to require a student to 20 become certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an 21 automated external defibrillator. However, if a school corporation or 22 accredited nonpublic school chooses to offer a course that results in 23 certification being earned, the course must be taught by an instructor 24 authorized to provide the instruction by the American Heart 25 Association, the American Red Cross, or a similar nationally 26 recognized association.

(e) A school administrator may waive the requirement that a student
receive instruction under subsection (b) if the student has a disability
or is physically unable to perform the psychomotor skill component of
the instruction required under subsection (b).

(f) If a school is unable to comply with the psychomotor skill component of the instruction required under subsection (b), the governing body may submit a request to the state superintendent to waive the psychomotor skill component. The state superintendent shall take action on the waiver request within thirty (30) days of receiving the request for a waiver. A waiver request must:

- (1) be in writing;
- 38 (2) include the reason or reasons that necessitated the waiver
 39 request;
- 40 (3) indicate the extent to which the school attempted to comply
 41 with the requirements under subsection (b); and
- 42 (4) be submitted each year for the school year the school requests



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the waiver.

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2 This subsection expires July 1, 2015.

SECTION 80. IC 20-33-8-34, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015,
SECTION 265, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 34. (a) Notwithstanding any
other law, a suspension, an expulsion, or another disciplinary action
against a student who is a student with a disability (as defined in
IC 20-35-1-8) is subject to the:

(1) procedural requirements of 20 U.S.C. 1415; and

(2) rules adopted by the state board.

(b) The division of special education shall propose rules under 11 12 IC 20-35-2-1(b)(5) to the state board for adoption under IC 4-22-2 13 governing suspensions, expulsions, and other disciplinary action for a 14 student who is a student with a disability (as defined in IC 20-35-1-8). 15 SECTION 81. IC 20-40-9-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2013, 16 SECTION 38, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 17 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) Money in the fund may be used for 18 payment of the following: 19 (1) All debt and other obligations arising out of funds borrowed 20 or advanced for school buildings when purchased from the 21 proceeds of a bond issue for capital construction. 22 (2) A lease to provide capital construction. 23 (3) Interest on emergency and temporary loans. 24 (4) All debt and other obligations arising out of funds borrowed or advanced for the purchase or lease of school buses when 25 26 purchased or leased from the proceeds of a bond issue, or from 27 money obtained from a loan made under IC 20-27-4-5, for that 28 purpose. 29 (5) All debt and other obligations arising out of funds borrowed 30 to pay judgments against the school corporation. 31 (6) All debt and other obligations arising out of funds borrowed 32 to purchase equipment. 33 (b) A school corporation may before July 1, 2015, transfer excess 34 money in the fund to the school corporation's transportation fund, if the 35 transfer is approved by the distressed unit appeal board under

IC 6-1.1-20.3-8.4.

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37 SECTION 82. IC 20-43-1-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2007,
38 SECTION 133, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
39 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 30. "Career and technical
40 education grant" refers to the amount determined under IC 20-43-8-9
41 IC 20-43-8-12 as adjusted under IC 20-43-8-10.

42 SECTION 83. IC 20-43-4-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.151-2016,



1 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 2 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. (a) Subject to subsections (b) and (c), this 3 subsection applies to the calculation of state tuition support 4 distributions that are based on the current ADM of a school 5 corporation. The fall count of ADM, as adjusted by the state board 6 under section 2 of this chapter, shall be used to compute state tuition 7 support distributions made in the first six (6) months of the current 8 state fiscal year, and the spring count of ADM, as adjusted by the state 9 board under section 2 of this chapter, shall be used to compute state 10 tuition support distributions made in the second six (6) months of the 11 state fiscal year.

12 (b) This subsection applies to a school corporation that does not 13 provide the estimates required by section $\frac{2(b)(2)}{2(b)}$ 2(b) of this chapter 14 before the deadline. For monthly state tuition support distributions 15 made before the fall count of ADM is finalized, the department shall 16 determine the distribution amount for such a school corporation for a 17 state fiscal year of the biennium, using data that were used by the 18 general assembly in determining the state tuition support appropriation 19 for the budget act for that state fiscal year. The department may adjust 20 the data used under this subsection for errors.

(c) If the state board adjusts a count of ADM after a distribution is
made under this article, the adjusted count retroactively applies to the
amount of state tuition support distributed to a school corporation
affected by the adjusted count. The department shall settle any
overpayment or underpayment of state tuition support resulting from
an adjusted count of ADM on the schedule determined by the
department and approved by the budget agency.

28 SECTION 84. IC 20-46-1-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.166-2014, 29 SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 30 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. (a) The referendum shall be held in the 31 next primary election, general election, or municipal election in which 32 all the registered voters who are residents of the appellant school 33 corporation are entitled to vote after certification of the question under 34 IC 3-10-9-3. The certification of the question must occur not later than 35 noon: 36

(1) sixty (60) days before a primary election if the question is to be placed on the primary or municipal primary election ballot; or
(2) August 1 if the question is to be placed on the general or municipal election ballot.

40 (b) However, if a primary election, general election, or municipal
41 election will not be held during the first year in which the public
42 question is eligible to be placed on the ballot under this chapter and if

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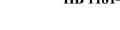
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1 the appellant school corporation requests the public question to be 2 placed on the ballot at a special election, the public question shall be 3 placed on the ballot at a special election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in May or November of the year. The 4 5 certification must occur not later than noon: 6 (1) sixty (60) days before a special election to be held in May (if 7 the special election is to be held in May); or 8 (2) on August 1 (if the special election is to be held in 9 November). 10 (b) (c) If the referendum is not conducted at a primary election, general election, or municipal election, the appellant school 11 12 corporation in which the referendum is to be held shall pay all the costs 13 of holding the referendum. SECTION 85. IC 21-12-3-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.281-2013, 14 15 SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 16 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. Out of funds available after commitments have been met under sections 8 and 9 of this chapter, awards shall be 17 18 issued to persons who have successfully completed at least one (1) 19 academic year but not more than three (3) academic years in approved 20 postsecondary educational institutions if they meet the eligibility 21 requirements of: 22 (1) sections 1, 2, and (if applicable) 9(5) or 9(6) of this chapter; 23 or 24 (2) sections $4\frac{5}{5}$, and (if applicable) 9(5) or 9(6) of this chapter. 25 The awards shall be handled on the same basis as renewals under 26 section 9 of this chapter. 27 SECTION 86. IC 21-12-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.281-2013, 28 SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 29 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) This subsection applies before 30 September 1, 2014. The amount of a freedom of choice grant may not 31 exceed the difference between: 32 (1) the amount of the total financial need of the student, as 33 determined under the commission's rules: and 34 (2) the: 35 (A) higher education award made under IC 21-12-3-1, 36 IC 21-12-3-2, and IC 21-12-3-3 or IC 21-12-3-4 and 37 IC 21-12-3-5: or 38 (B) sum necessary to pay educational costs at the institution; 39 whichever is smaller. 40 (b) This subsection applies after August 31, 2014. The freedom of 41 choice grant is the amount published under IC 21-12-1.7 for recipients 42 attending an institution described in IC 21-12-4-2. section 2 of this

1	chapter.
2	SECTION 87. IC 21-13-10-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.46-2014,
3	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. The commission shall maintain complete
5	and accurate records in implementing the fund, including records of the
6	following:
7	(1) The receipt, disbursement, and uses of money from the fund.
8	(2) The number of applications for loan repayment assistance.
9	(3) The number and amount of loans for which loan repayment
10	assistance has been provided by the department. commission.
11	(4) Other pertinent information requested by the commission.
12	SECTION 88. IC 21-18.5-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.281-2013,
13	SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. For purposes of administering this chapter,
15	if the commission receives an offer of a gift, grant, devise, or bequest,
16	the commission may accept a stipulation on the use of the donated
17	funds. In this case, before September 1, 2014, IC 21-12-3-11 (higher
18	education award) and IC 21-12-4-4 (freedom of choice grant), or, after
19	August 31, 2014, the requirements under IC 21-12-1.7-3 concerning
20	higher education awards and freedom of choice grants do not apply.
21	Before accepting a gift, grant, devise, or bequest, the commission shall
22	determine that the purposes for which the donor proposes to provide
23	funds are:
24	(1) lawful;
25	(2) in the state's best interests; and
26	(3) generally consistent with the commission's programs and
27	purposes.
28	If the commission agrees to a stipulation on the use of donated funds,
29	the commission and the donor, subject to approval by the budget
30	agency and the governor or the governor's designee, shall execute an
31	agreement.
32	SECTION 89. IC 22-15-5-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.59-2016,
33	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. (a) A practitioner shall comply with the
35	standards established under this licensing program. A practitioner is
36	subject to the exercise of the disciplinary sanctions under subsection
37	(b) if the department finds that a practitioner has:
38	(1) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material
39	deception in order to obtain a license to practice, including
40	cheating on a licensing examination;
41	(2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of
42	professional services or activities;



1	(3) advertised services or goods in a false or misleading manner;
2	(4) falsified or knowingly allowed another person to falsify
3	attendance records or certificates of completion of continuing
4	education courses provided under this chapter;
5	(5) been convicted of a crime that has a direct bearing on the
6	practitioner's ability to continue to practice competently;
7	(6) knowingly violated a state statute or rule or federal statute or
8	regulation regulating the profession for which the practitioner is
9	licensed;
10	(7) continued to practice although the practitioner has become
11	unfit to practice due to:
12	(A) professional incompetence;
13	(B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory or
14	practice;
15	(C) physical or mental disability; or
16	(D) addiction to, abuse of, or severe dependency on alcohol or
17	other drugs that endanger the public by impairing a
18	practitioner's ability to practice safely;
19	(8) engaged in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in connection
20	with the delivery of services to the public;
21	(9) allowed the practitioner's name or a license issued under this
22	chapter to be used in connection with an individual or business
23	who renders services beyond the scope of that individual's or
24	business's training, experience, or competence;
25	(10) had disciplinary action taken against the practitioner or the
26	practitioner's license to practice in another state or jurisdiction on
27	grounds similar to those under this chapter;
28	(11) assisted another person in committing an act that would
29	constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under this chapter;
30	or
31	(12) allowed a license issued by the department to be:
32	(A) used by another person; or
33	(B) displayed to the public when the license has expired, is
34	inactive, is invalid, or has been revoked or suspended.
35	For purposes of subdivision (10), a certified copy of a record of
36	disciplinary action constitutes prima facie evidence of a disciplinary
37	action in another jurisdiction.
38	(b) The department may impose one (1) or more of the following
39	sanctions if the department finds that a practitioner is subject to
40	disciplinary sanctions under subsection (a):
41	(1) Permanent revocation of a practitioner's license.
42	(2) Suspension of a practitioner's license.



1 (3) Censure of a practitioner. 2 (4) Issuance of a letter of reprimand. 3 (5) Assess Assessment of a civil penalty against the practitioner 4 in accordance with the following: 5 (A) The civil penalty may not be more than one thousand 6 dollars (\$1,000) for each violation listed in subsection (a), 7 except for a finding of incompetency due to a physical or 8 mental disability. 9 (B) When imposing a civil penalty, the department shall consider a practitioner's ability to pay the amount assessed. If 10 the practitioner fails to pay the civil penalty within the time 11 12 specified by the department, the department may suspend the practitioner's license without additional proceedings. However, 13 14 a suspension may not be imposed if the sole basis for the 15 suspension is the practitioner's inability to pay a civil penalty. (6) Place Placement of a practitioner on probation status and 16 17 require requirement of the practitioner to: 18 (A) report regularly to the department upon the matters that 19 are the basis of probation; 20 (B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the department; 21 (C) continue or renew professional education approved by the 22 department until a satisfactory degree of skill has been attained 23 in those areas that are the basis of the probation; or 24 (D) perform or refrain from performing any acts, including 25 community restitution or service without compensation, that 26 the department considers appropriate to the public interest or 27 to the rehabilitation or treatment of the practitioner. The department may withdraw or modify this probation if the 28 29 department finds after a hearing that the deficiency that required disciplinary action has been remedied or that changed 30 31 circumstances warrant a modification of the order. 32 (c) If an applicant or a practitioner has engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material deception to obtain a license to 33 34 practice, including cheating on the licensing examination, the 35 department may rescind the license if it has been granted, void the 36 examination or other fraudulent or deceptive material, and prohibit the 37 applicant from reapplying for the license for a length of time 38 established by the department. 39 (d) The department may deny licensure to an applicant who has had 40 disciplinary action taken against the applicant or the applicant's license 41 to practice in another state or jurisdiction or who has practiced without 42

a license in violation of the law. A certified copy of the record of



disciplinary action is conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action.

(e) The department may order a practitioner to submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination if the practitioner's physical or mental capacity to practice safely and competently is at issue in a disciplinary proceeding. Failure to comply with a department order to submit to a physical or mental examination makes a practitioner liable to temporary suspension under subsection (j).

9 (f) Except as provided under subsection (g) or (h), a license may not 10 be denied, revoked, or suspended because the applicant or holder has been convicted of an offense. The acts from which the applicant's or 11 12 holder's conviction resulted may, however, be considered as to whether 13 the applicant or holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a 14 specific capacity. 15

(g) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license issued 16 under this chapter if the individual who holds the license is convicted of any of the following:

18 (1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.

19 (2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.

20 (3) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).

21 (4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under 22 IC 35-48-4-7(b) (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or 23 IC 35-48-4-7(c) (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014).

24 (5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime 25 committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime 26 committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).

27 (6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime 28 committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime 29 committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).

30 (7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime

31 committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime

32 committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before

33 its amendment on July 1, 2015).

34 (8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class 35 D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 36 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under 37

- IC 35-48-4-11.
- 38 (9) Possession of a synthetic drug or synthetic drug lookalike 39 substance as a:
- 40 (A) Class D felony for a crime committed before July 1, 2014, 41 under:
- 42 (i) IC 35-48-4-11, before its amendment in 2013; or

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1	(ii) IC 35-48-4-11.5; or
2	(B) Level 6 felony for a crime committed after June 30, 2014,
3	under IC 35-48-4-11.5.
4	(10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13
5	(repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a
6	controlled substance.
7	(11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription
8	forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
9	(12) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed
10	in this subsection.
11	(13) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in
12	this subsection.
13	(14) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of
14	the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially
15	similar to the elements of an offense described in this subsection.
16	(h) The department shall deny, revoke, or suspend a license issued
17	under this chapter if the individual who holds the license is convicted
18	of any of the following:
19	(1) Dealing in cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-1.
20	(2) Dealing in methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.1.
21	(3) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance under
22	IC 35-48-4-2.
23	(4) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance under
24	IC 35-48-4-3.
25	(5) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance under
26	IC 35-48-4-4.
27	(6) Dealing in a substance represented to be a controlled
28	substance under IC 35-48-4-4.5.
29	(7) Knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, advertising,
30	distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, advertise,
31	or distribute a substance represented to be a controlled substance
32	under IC 35-48-4-4.6.
33	(8) Dealing in a counterfeit substance under IC 35-48-4-5.
34	(9) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a felony
35	under IC 35-48-4-10.
36	(10) Dealing in a synthetic drug or synthetic drug lookalike
37	substance under IC 35-48-4-10.5 (or under IC 35-48-4-10(b)
38	before its amendment in 2013).
39	(11) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed
40	in this subsection.
41	(12) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in
42	this subsection.



1 (13) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of 2 the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially 3 similar to the elements of an offense described in this subsection. 4 (14) A violation of any federal or state drug law or rule related to 5 wholesale legend drug distributors licensed under IC 25-26-14. 6 (i) A decision of the department under subsections (b) through (h) 7 may be appealed to the commission under IC 4-21.5-3-7. 8 (i) The department may temporarily suspend a practitioner's license 9 under IC 4-21.5-4 before a final adjudication or during the appeals 10 process if the department finds that a practitioner represents a clear and immediate danger to the public's health, safety, or property if the 12 practitioner is allowed to continue to practice. 13 (k) On receipt of a complaint or an information alleging that a 14 person licensed under this chapter has engaged in or is engaging in a 15 practice that jeopardizes the public health, safety, or welfare, the department shall initiate an investigation against the person. 16 17 (1) Any complaint filed with the office of the attorney general 18 alleging a violation of this licensing program shall be referred to the 19 department for summary review and for its general information and any 20 authorized action at the time of the filing. 21 (m) The department shall conduct a fact finding investigation as the 22 department considers proper in relation to the complaint. 23 (n) The department may reinstate a license that has been suspended 24 under this section if, after a hearing, the department is satisfied that the 25 applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill, safety, and 26 competency to the public. As a condition of reinstatement, the 27 department may impose disciplinary or corrective measures authorized 28 under this chapter. 29 (o) The department may not reinstate a license that has been 30 revoked under this chapter. An individual whose license has been 31 revoked under this chapter may not apply for a new license until seven 32 (7) years after the date of revocation. 33 (p) The department shall seek to achieve consistency in the 34 application of sanctions authorized in this chapter. Significant 35 departures from prior decisions involving similar conduct must be explained in the department's findings or orders. 36

37 (q) A practitioner may petition the department to accept the 38 surrender of the practitioner's license instead of having a hearing before 39 the commission. The practitioner may not surrender the practitioner's 40 license without the written approval of the department, and the department may impose any conditions appropriate to the surrender or 42 reinstatement of a surrendered license.

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7(1) Court reporters.8(2) Transcripts.9(3) Certification of documents.10(4) Photo duplication.11(5) Witness attendance and mileage fees.12(6) Postage.13(7) Expert witnesses.14(8) Depositions.15(9) Notarizations.16SECTION 90. IC 23-14-42.5-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.176-2016,17SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE18UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the cremated19remains of a deceased animal of a deceased record owner of burial20rights in a burial plot may be:21(1) removed from the temporary container or urn described in22section 3(3) of this chapter and scattered or placed on top of the23deceased owner's burial plot; or24(2) interred on top of the deceased owner's burial plot as long as25the interment of the deceased owner is not the record owner;26(A) encroach upon or interfere with a neighboring burial plot27of which the deceased owner is not the record owner;28(B) involve the disinterment of:29(i) the remains of a deceased individual other than the31deceased owner; or32(C) involve the digging or penetration of earth at a depth that33exceeds one (1) foot.
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 32 (C) involve the digging or penetration of earth at a depth that 33 exceeds one (1) foot.
33 exceeds one (1) foot.
34 The cremated remains of a deceased animal of a deceased record owner
35 may be scattered, placed, or interred in a manner described in this
36 subsection before, after, or in conjunction with the interment of the
37 remains of the deceased owner.
38 (b) The cremated remains of a deceased animal of a deceased record
39 owner may be scattered, placed, or interred in a manner described in
40 subsection (a) only if the following apply:
41 (1) The person or entity owning the deceased animal at the time
42 of the deceased animal's death:



1	(A) consents in writing to the coefficiency placement or
2	(A) consents in writing to the scattering, placement, or interment of the cremated remains of the deceased animal in
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	a manner described in subsection (a); and
4	(B) before the scattering, placement, or interment of the
5	cremated remains of the deceased animal is to take place,
6	provides the written consent described in clause (A) to the
7	owner of the cemetery in which the deceased owner's burial
8	plot is located;
9	if the deceased record owner is not the owner of the deceased
10	animal at the time of the deceased animal's death.
11	(2) The deceased owner provides for or directs the scattering,
12	placement, or interment of the cremated remains of the deceased
13	animal in a manner described in subsection (a):
14	(A) in the deceased owner's last will and testament;
15	(B) in a written designation provided to a cemetery under
16	IC 23-14-42-2; or
17	(C) in a funeral planning declaration executed under
18	IC 29-2-19.
19	(3) If subdivision (2) does not apply, a person who has the right
20	under IC 23-14-31-26, IC 23-14-55-2, IC 25-15-9-18,
21	IC 29-2-19-17, or any other applicable statute to:
22	(A) control the disposition of the deceased owner's remains;
23	(B) make arrangements for the funeral services of the deceased
24	owner; or
25	(C) make other ceremonial arrangements after the deceased
26	owner's death;
27	provides for or directs the scattering, placement, or interment of
28	the cremated remains of the deceased animal in a manner
29	described in subsection (a).
30	SECTION 91. IC 24-4-20-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.195-2016,
31	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. A temporary registration issued under this
33	chapter expires not later than twenty-eight (28) days after the date on
34	which the temporary registration is issued.
35	SECTION 92. IC 24-4-20-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.195-2016,
36	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. A foreign entity registered under this
38	chapter is entitled to sell precious metals bullion and currency at a
39	trade fair or coin show in Indiana during the term of the temporary
40	registration if the contract:
41	(1) is for the purchase of precious metal metals bullion or
42	currency;

currency;



(2) requires physical delivery of the quantity of the precious 1 2 metals bullion or currency purchased not later than twenty-eight 3 (28) calendar days after payment in full of the purchase price; and 4 (3) provides for the purchaser to receive physical delivery of the 5 quantity of precious metals bullion or currency purchased not 6 later than twenty-eight (28) calendar days after payment in full of 7 the purchase price. 8 SECTION 93. IC 24-4.5-1-301.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.73-2016, 9 SECTION 5, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.153-2016, SECTION 2, IS 10 CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 11 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 301.5. In addition to definitions 12 appearing in subsequent chapters in this article, the following 13 definitions apply throughout this article: 14 (1) "Affiliate", with respect to any person subject to this article, 15 means a person that, directly or indirectly, through one (1) or more 16 intermediaries: 17 (a) controls; 18 (b) is controlled by; or 19 (c) is under common control with; 20 the person subject to this article. 21 (2) "Agreement" means the bargain of the parties in fact as found in 22 their language or by implication from other circumstances, including 23 course of dealing or usage of trade or course of performance. 24 (3) "Agricultural purpose" means a purpose related to the 25 production, harvest, exhibition, marketing, transportation, processing, or manufacture of agricultural products by a natural person who 26 27 cultivates, plants, propagates, or nurtures the agricultural products. 28 "Agricultural products" includes agricultural, horticultural, viticultural, 29 and dairy products, livestock, wildlife, poultry, bees, forest products, 30 fish and shellfish, and any and all products raised or produced on farms 31 and any processed or manufactured products thereof. 32 (4) "Average daily balance" means the sum of each of the daily 33 balances in a billing cycle divided by the number of days in the billing cycle, and if the billing cycle is a month, the creditor may elect to treat 34 35 the number of days in each billing cycle as thirty (30). (5) "Closing costs" with respect to a subordinate lien mortgage 36 37 transaction includes: 38 (a) fees or premiums for title examination, title insurance, or 39 similar purposes, including surveys; 40 (b) fees for preparation of a deed, settlement statement, or other 41 documents; 42 (c) escrows for future payments of taxes and insurance;



1	(d) fees for notarizing deeds and other documents;
2	(e) appraisal fees; and
3	(f) fees for credit reports.
4	(6) "Conspicuous" refers to a term or clause when it is so written
5	that a reasonable person against whom it is to operate ought to have
6	noticed it.
7	(7) "Consumer credit" means credit offered or extended to a
8	consumer primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose.
9	(8) "Consumer credit sale" is a sale of goods, services, or an interest
10	in land in which:
11	(a) credit is granted by a person who regularly engages as a seller
12	in credit transactions of the same kind;
13	(b) the buyer is a person other than an organization;
14	(c) the goods, services, or interest in land are purchased primarily
15	for a personal, family, or household purpose;
16	(d) either the debt is payable in installments or a credit service
17	charge is made; and
18	(e) with respect to a sale of goods or services, either:
19	(i) the amount of credit extended, the written credit limit, or
20	the initial advance does not exceed <i>fifty-three thousand five</i>
21	hundred dollars (\$53,500) or another the exempt threshold
22	amount, as adjusted in accordance with the annual adjustment
23	of the exempt threshold amount, specified in Regulation $Z(12)$
24	CFR 226.3 or 12 CFR 1026.3(b), as applicable); or
25	(ii) the debt is secured by personal property used or expected
26	to be used as the principal dwelling of the buyer.
27	Unless the sale is made subject to this article by agreement
28	(IC 24-4.5-2-601), "consumer credit sale" does not include a sale
29	in which the seller allows the buyer to purchase goods or services
30	pursuant to a lender credit card or similar arrangement or, except
31	as provided with respect to disclosure (IC 24-4.5-2-301), debtors'
32	remedies (IC 24-4.5-5-201), providing payoff amounts
33	(IC 24-4.5-2-209), and powers and functions of the department
34	(IC 24-4.5-6), a sale of an interest in land which is a first lien
35	mortgage transaction.
36	(9) "Consumer loan" means a loan made by a person regularly
37	engaged in the business of making loans in which:
38	(a) the debtor is a person other than an organization;
39	(b) the debt is primarily for a personal, family, or household
40	purpose;
41	(c) either the debt is payable in installments or a loan finance
42	charge is made; and



1	(d) either:
2	(i) the amount of credit extended, the written credit limit, or
3	the initial advance does not exceed <i>fifty-three thousand five</i>
4	hundred dollars (\$53,500) or another the exempt threshold
5	amount, as adjusted in accordance with the annual adjustment
6	of the exempt threshold amount, specified in Regulation $Z(12)$
7	CFR 226.3 or 12 CFR 1026.3(b), as applicable); or
8	(ii) the debt is secured by an interest in land or by personal
9	property used or expected to be used as the principal dwelling
10	of the debtor.
11	Except as described in IC 24-4.5-3-105, the term does not include a
12	first lien mortgage transaction.
13	(10) "Credit" means the right granted by a creditor to a debtor to
14	defer payment of debt or to incur debt and defer its payment.
15	(11) "Creditor" means a person:
16	(a) who regularly engages in the extension of consumer credit that
17	is subject to a credit service charge or loan finance charge, as
18	applicable, or is payable by written agreement in more than four
19	(4) installments (not including a down payment); and
20	(b) to whom the obligation is initially payable, either on the face
21	of the note or contract, or by agreement when there is not a note
22	or contract.
23	(12) "Depository institution" has the meaning set forth in the
24	Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(c)) and includes any
25	credit union.
26	(13) "Director" means the director of the department of financial
27	institutions or the director's designee.
28	(14) "Dwelling" means a residential structure that contains one (1)
29	to four (4) units, regardless of whether the structure is attached to real
30	property. The term includes an individual:
31	(a) condominium unit;
32	(b) cooperative unit;
33	(c) mobile home; or
34	(d) trailer;
35	that is used as a residence.
36	(15) "Earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal
37	services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus,
38	or otherwise, and includes periodic payments under a pension or
39	retirement program.
40	(16) "Employee" means an individual who is paid wages or other
41	compensation by an employer required under federal income tax law
42	to file Form W-2 on behalf of the individual.



(17) "Federal banking agencies" means the Board of Governors of 1 2 the Federal Reserve System, the Office of the Comptroller of the 3 Currency, the Office of Thrift Supervision, the National Credit Union 4 Administration, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. 5 (18) "First lien mortgage transaction" means: 6 (a) a consumer loan; or 7 (b) a consumer credit sale; 8 that is or will be used by the debtor primarily for personal, family, or 9 household purposes and that is secured by a mortgage or a land 10 contract (or another consensual security interest equivalent to a mortgage or a land contract) that constitutes a first lien on a dwelling 11 12 or on residential real estate upon which a dwelling is constructed or 13 intended to be constructed. (19) "Immediate family member" means a spouse, child, sibling, 14 15 parent, grandparent, or grandchild. The term includes stepparents, stepchildren, stepsiblings, and adoptive relationships. 16 17 (20) "Individual" means a natural person. (21) "Lender credit card or similar arrangement" means an 18 19 arrangement or loan agreement, other than a seller credit card, pursuant 20 to which a lender gives a debtor the privilege of using a credit card, letter of credit, or other credit confirmation or identification in 21 22 transactions out of which debt arises: 23 (a) by the lender's honoring a draft or similar order for the 24 payment of money drawn or accepted by the debtor; 25 (b) by the lender's payment or agreement to pay the debtor's 26 obligations; or 27 (c) by the lender's purchase from the obligee of the debtor's 28 obligations. 29 (22) "Licensee" means a person licensed as a creditor under this 30 article. 31 (23) "Loan brokerage business" means any activity in which a 32 person, in return for any consideration from any source, procures, 33 attempts to procure, or assists in procuring, a mortgage transaction from a third party or any other person, whether or not the person 34 35 seeking the mortgage transaction actually obtains the mortgage 36 transaction. 37 (24) "Loan processor or underwriter" means an individual who 38 performs clerical or support duties as an employee at the direction of, 39 and subject to the supervision and instruction of, a person licensed or 40 exempt from licensing under this article. For purposes of this 41 subsection, the term "clerical or support duties" may include, after the 42 receipt of an application, the following:



1 (a) The receipt, collection, distribution, and analysis of 2 information common for the processing or underwriting of a 3 mortgage transaction. 4 (b) The communication with a consumer to obtain the information 5 necessary for the processing or underwriting of a loan, to the extent that the communication does not include: 6 7 (i) offering or negotiating loan rates or terms; or 8 (ii) counseling consumers about mortgage transaction rates or 9 terms. 10 An individual engaging solely in loan processor or underwriter activities shall not represent to the public through advertising or other 11 means of communicating or providing information, including the use 12 13 of business cards, stationery, brochures, signs, rate lists, or other promotional items, that the individual can or will perform any of the 14 15 activities of a mortgage loan originator. (25) "Mortgage loan originator" means an individual who, for 16 17 compensation or gain, or in the expectation of compensation or gain, 18 regularly engages in taking a mortgage transaction application or in 19 offering or negotiating the terms of a mortgage transaction that either 20 is made under this article or under IC 24-4.4 or is made by an employee of a person licensed or exempt from licensing under this article or 21 22 under IC 24-4.4, while the employee is engaging in the loan brokerage 23 business. The term does not include the following: 24 (a) An individual engaged solely as a loan processor or 25 underwriter as long as the individual works exclusively as an employee of a person licensed or exempt from licensing under 26 27 this article. 28 (b) Unless the person or entity is compensated by: 29 (i) a creditor; 30 (ii) a loan broker; 31 (iii) another mortgage loan originator; or 32 (iv) any agent of the creditor, loan broker, or other mortgage 33 loan originator described in items (i) through (iii); 34 a person or entity that only performs real estate brokerage activities and is licensed or registered in accordance with 35 36 applicable state law. 37 (c) A person solely involved in extensions of credit relating to 38 timeshare plans (as defined in 11 U.S.C. 101(53D)). 39 (26) "Mortgage servicer" means the last person to whom a 40 mortgagor or the mortgagor's successor in interest has been instructed 41 by a mortgagee to send payments on a loan secured by a mortgage. 42 (27) "Mortgage transaction" means:



1 (a) a consumer loan; or 2 (b) a consumer credit sale; 3 that is or will be used by the debtor primarily for personal, family, or 4 household purposes and that is secured by a mortgage or a land 5 contract (or another consensual security interest equivalent to a 6 mortgage or a land contract) on a dwelling or on residential real estate 7 upon which a dwelling is constructed or intended to be constructed. 8 (28) "Nationwide Multistate Licensing System and Registry" (or 9 "Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry" or "NMLSR") 10 means a mortgage multistate licensing system developed and 11 maintained by the Conference of State Bank Supervisors and the 12 American Association of Residential Mortgage Regulators owned and 13 operated by the State Regulatory Registry, LLC, or by any successor 14 or affiliated entity, for the licensing and registration of creditors, and 15 mortgage loan originators, and other persons in the mortgage or financial services industries. The term includes any other name or 16 17 acronym that may be assigned to the system by the State Regulatory 18 Registry, LLC, or by any successor or affiliated entity. 19 (29) "Nontraditional mortgage product" means any mortgage 20 product other than a thirty (30) year fixed rate mortgage. 21 (30) "Official fees" means: 22 (a) fees and charges prescribed by law which actually are or will 23 be paid to public officials for determining the existence of or for 24 perfecting, releasing, or satisfying a security interest related to a 25 consumer credit sale, consumer lease, or consumer loan; or 26 (b) premiums payable for insurance in lieu of perfecting a security 27 interest otherwise required by the creditor in connection with the 28 sale, lease, or loan, if the premium does not exceed the fees and 29 charges described in *paragraph* subdivision (a) that would otherwise be payable. 30 31 (31) "Organization" means a corporation, a government or 32 governmental subdivision, an agency, a trust, an estate, a partnership, 33 a limited liability company, a cooperative, an association, a joint venture, an unincorporated organization, or any other entity, however 34 35 organized. 36 (32) "Payable in installments" means that payment is required or 37 permitted by written agreement to be made in more than four (4) 38 installments not including a down payment. 39 (33) "Person" includes an individual or an organization. 40 (34) "Person related to" with respect to an individual means: 41 (a) the spouse of the individual; 42 (b) a brother, brother-in-law, sister, or sister-in-law of the



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1	individual;
2	(c) an ancestor or lineal descendants of the individual or the
3	individual's spouse; and
4	(d) any other relative, by blood or marriage, of the individual or
5	the individual's spouse who shares the same home with the
6	individual.
7	(35) "Person related to" with respect to an organization means:
8	(a) a person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or
9	under common control with the organization;
10	(b) a director, an executive officer, or a manager of the
11	organization or a person performing similar functions with respect
12	to the organization or to a person related to the organization;
13	(c) the spouse of a person related to the organization; and
14	(d) a relative by blood or marriage of a person related to the
15	organization who shares the same home with the person.
16	(36) "Presumed" or "presumption" means that the trier of fact must
17	find the existence of the fact presumed, unless and until evidence is
18	introduced that would support a finding of its nonexistence.
19	(37) "Real estate brokerage activity" means any activity that
20	involves offering or providing real estate brokerage services to the
21	public, including the following:
22	(a) Acting as a real estate agent or real estate broker for a buyer,
23	seller, lessor, or lessee of real property.
24	(b) Bringing together parties interested in the sale, purchase,
25	lease, rental, or exchange of real property.
26	(c) Negotiating, on behalf of any party, any part of a contract
27	relating to the sale, purchase, lease, rental, or exchange of real
28	property (other than in connection with providing financing with
29	respect to the sale, purchase, lease, rental, or exchange of real
30	property).
31	(d) Engaging in any activity for which a person is required to be
32	registered or licensed as a real estate agent or real estate broker
33	under any applicable law.
34	(e) Offering to engage in any activity, or act in any capacity,
35	described in this subsection.
36	(38) "Registered mortgage loan originator" means any individual
37	who:
38	(a) meets the definition of mortgage loan originator and is an
39	employee of:
40	(i) a depository institution;
41	(ii) a subsidiary that is owned and controlled by a depository
42	institution and regulated by a federal banking agency; or



1	(iii) an institution regulated by the Farm Credit
2	Administration; and
3	(b) is registered with, and maintains a unique identifier through,
4	the NMLSR.
5	(39) "Regularly engaged", with respect to a person who extends
6	consumer credit, refers to a person who:
7	(a) extended consumer credit:
8	(i) more than twenty-five (25) times; or
9	(ii) more than five (5) times for a mortgage transaction secured
10	by a dwelling;
11	in the preceding calendar year; or
12	(b) extends or will extend consumer credit:
13	(i) more than twenty-five (25) times; or
14	(ii) more than five (5) times for a mortgage transaction secured
15	by a dwelling;
16	in the current calendar year, if the person did not meet the
17	numerical standards described in subdivision (a) in the preceding
18	calendar year.
19	(40) "Residential real estate" means any real property that is located
20	in Indiana and on which there is located or intended to be constructed
21	a dwelling.
22	(41) "Seller credit card" means an arrangement that gives to a buyer
23	or lessee the privilege of using a credit card, letter of credit, or other
24	credit confirmation or identification for the purpose of purchasing or
25	leasing goods or services from that person, a person related to that
26	person, or from that person and any other person. The term includes a
27	card that is issued by a person, that is in the name of the seller, and that
28	can be used by the buyer or lessee only for purchases or leases at
29	locations of the named seller.
30	(42) "Subordinate lien mortgage transaction" means:
31	(a) a consumer loan; or
32	(b) a consumer credit sale;
33	that is or will be used by the debtor primarily for personal, family, or
34	household purposes and that is secured by a mortgage or a land
35	contract (or another consensual security interest equivalent to a
36	mortgage or a land contract) that constitutes a subordinate lien on a
37	dwelling or on residential real estate upon which a dwelling is
38	constructed or intended to be constructed.
39	(43) "Unique identifier" means a number or other identifier assigned
40	by protocols established by the NMLSR.
41	(44) "Land contract" means a contract for the sale of real estate in
42	which the seller of the real estate retains legal title to the real estate
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1	until the total contract price is paid by the buyer.
2	(45) "Bona fide nonprofit organization" means an organization that
3	does the following, as determined by the director under criteria
4	established by the director:
5	(a) Maintains tax exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the
6	Internal Revenue Code.
7	(b) Promotes affordable housing or provides home ownership
8	education or similar services.
9	(c) Conducts the organization's activities in a manner that serves
10	public or charitable purposes.
11	(d) Receives funding and revenue and charges fees in a manner
12	that does not encourage the organization or the organization's
13	employees to act other than in the best interests of the
14	organization's clients.
15	(e) Compensates the organization's employees in a manner that
16	does not encourage employees to act other than in the best
17 18	interests of the organization's clients.
18	(f) Provides to, or identifies for, debtors mortgage transactions with terms that are favorable to the debtor (as described in section
20	202(b)(15) of this chapter) and comparable to mortgage
20	transactions and housing assistance provided under government
21	housing assistance programs.
23	(g) Maintains certification by the United States Department of
24	Housing and Urban Development or employs counselors who are
25	certified by the Indiana housing and community development
26	authority.
27	(46) "Civil proceeding advance payment transaction", or "CPAP
28	transaction", has the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110.
29	(47) "Civil proceeding", with respect to a CPAP transaction, has
30	the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110.5.
31	(48) "Civil proceeding advance payment contract", or "CPAP
32	contract", has the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110.5.
33	(49) "Civil proceeding advance payment provider", or "CPAP
34	provider", has the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110.5.
35	(50) "Consumer claimant", with respect to a CPAP transaction, has
36	the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110.5.
37	(51) "Funded amount", with respect to a CPAP transaction, has the
38	meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110.5.
39 40	SECTION 94. IC 24-4.5-3-110.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.153-2016,
40	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 110.5. (1) "Civil proceeding", with respect to
42	a CPAP transaction, means:



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1	(a) a civil action;
	(b) a mediation, an arbitration, or any other alternative dispute
2 3	resolution proceeding; or
4	(c) an administrative proceeding before:
5	(i) an agency or instrumentality of the state; or
6	(ii) a political subdivision, or an agency or instrumentality of
7	a political subdivision, of the state;
8	that is filed in, or is under the jurisdiction of, a court with jurisdiction
9	in Indiana, a tribunal in Indiana, or an agency or instrumentality
10	described in subdivision (c) in Indiana. The term includes all
11	proceedings arising out of or relating to the proceeding, including any
12	proceedings on appeal or remand, and any enforcement, ancillary, or
13	parallel proceedings.
14	(2) "Civil proceeding advance payment contract", or "CPAP
15	contract", means a contract for a CPAP transaction that a CPAP
16	provider enters into, or offers to enter into, with a consumer claimant.
17	(3) "Civil proceeding advance payment provider", or "CPAP
18	provider", means a person that:
19 20	(a) enters into, or offers to enter into, a CPAP transaction with a
20 21	consumer claimant in connection with a civil proceeding; and (b) netwith standing spatian $110(2)$ of this shorter and subject to
21	(b) notwithstanding section 110(3) of this chapter, and subject to IC 24-12-9, is licensed with the department in accordance with
22	this chapter and IC 24-12-9.
23	(4) "Consumer claimant", with respect to a CPAP transaction,
25	means an individual:
26	(a) who is or may become a plaintiff, a claimant, or a demandant
27	in a civil proceeding; and
28	(b) who:
29	(i) is offered a CPAP transaction by a CPAP provider; or
30	(ii) enters into a CPAP transaction with a CPAP provider;
31	regardless of whether the individual is a resident of Indiana.
32	(5) "Funded amount", with respect to a CPAP transaction, means the
33	amount of money:
34	(a) that is provided to the consumer claimant by the CPAP
35	provider; and
36	(b) the repayment of which is:
37	(i) required only if the consumer claimant prevails in the
38	consumer claimant's civil proceeding; and
39 40	(ii) sourced from the proceeds of the civil proceeding, whether
40 41	the proceeds result from a judgment, a settlement, or some other resolution:
41 42	other resolution; regardless of the term used by the CPAP provider in the CPAP contract
74	regardless of the term used by the CFAF provider in the CFAP contract



to identify the amount.

1 2 SECTION 95. IC 24-12-1-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.153-2016, 3 SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 4 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout 5 this article: 6 (1) "Advertise" means publishing or disseminating any written, 7 electronic, or printed communication, or any communication by 8 means of recorded telephone messages or transmitted on radio, 9 television, the Internet, or similar communications media, including film strips, motion pictures, and videos, published, 10 disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, directly or 11 12 indirectly, for the purpose of inducing a consumer to enter into a 13 CPAP transaction. 14 (2) "Charges" means the amount of money to be paid to a CPAP 15 provider by or on behalf of a consumer claimant above the 16 funded amount provided by or on behalf of the CPAP provider to a consumer claimant. The term includes all administrative, 17 18 origination, underwriting, and other fees no matter how 19 denominated. 20 (3) "Civil proceeding", with respect to a CPAP transaction, has 21 the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110.5. 22 (4) "Civil proceeding advance payment contract", or "CPAP 23 contract", has the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110.5. 24 (4) (5) "Civil proceeding advance payment provider", or "CPAP 25 provider", has the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110.5. 26 (5) (6) "Civil proceeding advance payment transaction", or 27 "CPAP transaction", has the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110. 28 (6) (7) "Consumer claimant", with respect to a CPAP transaction, 29 has the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110.5. 30 (7) (8) "Funded amount", with respect to a CPAP transaction, has 31 the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.5-3-110.5. 32 (8) (9) "Funding date" means the date on which the funded 33 amount is transferred to the consumer claimant by the CPAP 34 provider, by: 35 (A) personal delivery, wire, Automated Clearing House 36 (ACH), or other electronic means; or 37 (B) insured, certified, or registered United States mail. 38 (9) (10) "Resolution date" means the date the funded amount, 39 funded to the consumer claimant, plus the agreed upon charges, 40 are is delivered to the CPAP provider. SECTION 96. IC 24-12-3-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.153-2016, 41 42 SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



$\frac{1}{2}$	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. A CPAP provider may not do any of the
2 3	following:
3 4	(1) Pay or offer to pay a commission, referral fee, or other form of
4 5	consideration to any attorney, law firm, medical provider,
5 6	chiropractor, or physical therapist, or any of their employees for
0 7	referring a consumer claimant to the provider.
8	(2) Accept a commission, referral fee, rebate, or other form of
o 9	consideration from an attorney, law firm, medical provider,
9 10	chiropractor, or physical therapist, or any of their employees.
10	(3) Intentionally advertise materially false or misleading
11	information regarding the CPAP provider's products or services.
12	(4) Refer, in furtherance of an initial CPAP transaction, a
	consumer claimant or potential consumer claimant to a specific
14 15	attorney, law firm, medical provider, chiropractor, or physical
15	therapist, or any of their employees. However, if a consumer
16 17	claimant needs legal representation, the company CPAP
17	provider may refer the person to a local or state bar association
18	referral service.
19 20	(5) Knowingly provide funding to a consumer claimant who has
20	previously assigned or sold a part of the consumer claimant's right
21	to proceeds from the consumer claimant's civil proceeding
22	without first making payment to or purchasing a prior unsatisfied
23	CPAP provider's entire funded amount and contracted charges,
24	unless a lesser amount is otherwise agreed to in writing by the
25 26	prior CPAP provider. However, multiple CPAP providers may
26	agree to provide a CPAP transaction to a consumer claimant
27	simultaneously if the consumer claimant and the consumer
28	claimant's attorney consent to the arrangement in writing.
29	(6) Receive any right to make any decision with respect to the
30	conduct of the underlying civil proceeding or any settlement or
31	resolution of the civil proceeding, or make any decision with
32 33	respect to the conduct of the underlying civil proceeding or any
	settlement or resolution of the civil proceeding. The right to make
34	these decisions remains solely with the consumer claimant and
35	the attorney in the civil proceeding.
36	(7) Knowingly pay or offer to pay for court costs, filing fees, or
37	attorney's fees either during or after the resolution of the civil
38	proceeding, using funds from the CPAP transaction.
39 40	SECTION 97. IC 25-1-1.1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.59-2016,
40 41	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. Notwithstanding IC 25-1-7, a board, a
42	commission, or a committee may suspend, deny, or revoke a license or



1 2	certificate issued under this title by the board, the commission, or the committee without an investigation by the office of the attorney general
$\frac{2}{3}$	if the individual who holds the license or certificate is convicted of any
4	of the following and the board, commission, or committee determines,
5	after the individual has appeared in person, that the offense affects the
6	individual's ability to perform the duties of the profession:
7	(1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.
8	(2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.
9	(3) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).
10	(4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under
11	IC 35-48-4-7(c).
12	(5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
13	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
14	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
15	(6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
16	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
17	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
18	(7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
19	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
20	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before
21	its amendment on July 1, 2015).
22	(8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class
23	D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level
24	6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under
25	IC 35-48-4-11.
26	(9) Possession of a synthetic drug or synthetic drug lookalike
27	substance as a:
28	(A) Class D felony for a crime committed before July 1, 2014,
29	under:
30	(i) IC 35-48-4-11, before its amendment in 2013; or
31	(ii) IC 35-48-4-11.5; or
32	(B) Level 6 felony for a crime committed after June 30, 2014,
33	under IC 35-48-4-11.5.
34	(10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13
35 36	(repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a controlled substance.
30 37	
38	(11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
38 39	(12) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed
40	in this section.
40	(13) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in
42	this section.
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1	(14) A car arima under IC 25 42 4
2	(14) A sex crime under IC 35-42-4.(15) A felony that reflects adversely on the individual's fitness to
$\frac{2}{3}$	hold a professional license.
4	(16) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of
5	the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially
6	similar to the elements of an offense described in this section.
7	SECTION 98. IC 25-20.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
8	PASSAGE]. (HYPNOTISTS).
9	SECTION 99. IC 25-38.1-1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.211-2015,
10	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) "Practice of veterinary medicine"
12	means:
13	(1) representing oneself as engaged in the practice of veterinary
14	medicine, veterinary surgery, or veterinary dentistry or any of
15	their branches or specialties;
16	(2) using words, letters, or titles in a connection or under
17	circumstances that may induce another person to believe that the
18	person using them is engaged in the practice of veterinary
19	medicine, veterinary surgery, or veterinary dentistry;
20	(3) accepting compensation for doing any of the things described
21	in subdivisions (4) through (8);
22	(4) providing the diagnosis, treatment, correction, or prevention
23	of any disease, defect, injury, deformity, pain, or condition of
24	animals;
25	(5) prescribing, dispensing, or ordering the administration of a
26	drug, a medicine, a biologic, a medical appliance, an application,
27	or treatment of whatever nature for the prevention, cure, or relief
28	of any disease, ailment, defect, injury, deformity, pain, or other
29	condition of animals;
30	(6) performing a:
31 32	(A) surgical or dental operation; or
32 33	(B) complimentary complementary or alternative therapy;
33 34	upon an animal; (7) certifying the health, fitness, or soundness of an animal; or
35	(8) performing any procedure for the diagnosis of pregnancy,
35 36	sterility, or infertility upon animals.
37	(b) The term does not include:
38	(1) administering a drug, medicine, appliance, application, or
39	treatment that is administered at the direction and under the direct
40	supervision of a veterinarian licensed under this article; or
41	(2) equine massage therapy.
42	(c) As used in this section, "equine massage therapy" means a

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method of treating the body of a horse for remedial or hygienic purposes through techniques that:

(1) include rubbing, stroking, or kneading the body of the horse; and

(2) may be applied with or without the aid of a massage device that mimics the actions possible using human hands.

Equine massage therapy does not include prescribing a drug,
performing surgery, chiropractic, or acupuncture, or diagnosing a
medical condition.

10 SECTION 100. IC 26-3-7-16.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.75-2010, 11 SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 12 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16.5. (a) Upon learning of the possibility that 13 a shortage exists, either as a result of an inspection or a report or 14 complaint from a depositor, the agency, based on an on-premise 15 on-premises inspection, shall make a preliminary determination as to whether a shortage exists. If a shortage is not discovered, the agency 16 17 shall treat the audit as it would any other audit.

18 (b) If it is determined that a shortage may exist, the director or the 19 director's designated representative shall hold a hearing as soon as 20 possible to confirm the existence of a shortage as indicated by the licensee's books and records and the grain on hand. Only the licensee, 21 22 the surety company named on the licensee's bond, the issuer of the 23 irrevocable letter of credit, and any grain depositor who has made a 24 claim or complaint to the agency in conjunction with the shortage shall 25 be considered as interested parties for the purposes of that hearing, and each shall be given notice of the hearing. At the hearing, the director 26 27 or the director's designated representative shall determine whether 28 there appears to be a reasonable probability that a shortage exists. If it 29 is determined that a reasonable probability exists and that the bond or 30 letter of credit proceeds or the cash deposit should be distributed, a 31 preliminary determination shall be entered to the effect that the 32 licensee has failed to meet its obligations under this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter. At the hearing, the director or the director's 33 designated representative may order that all proceeds from grain sales 34 35 are to be held in the form in which they are received and to be kept 36 separate from all other funds held by the licensee. The order may also 37 provide for informal conferences between agency representatives and 38 persons who have or who appear to have grain deposited with the 39 licensee. The surety company shall be permitted to participate in those 40 conferences. 41

41 (c) In the event that the director determines that the bond or letter 42 of credit proceeds or cash deposit is to be distributed, the agency shall



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1 hold a hearing on claims. Notice shall be given to the surety company 2 named on the licensee's bond, the issuer of the irrevocable letter of 3 credit, and to all persons shown by the licensee's books and records to 4 have interests in grain deposited with the licensee. If the agency has 5 actual knowledge of any other depositor or person claiming rights in 6 the grain deposited with the licensee, the bond, the irrevocable letter of 7 credit, or the cash deposit, notice shall also be provided to that person. 8 In addition, public notice shall be provided in newspapers of general 9 circulation that serve the counties in which licensed facilities are 10 located, and notices shall be posted on the licensed premises. At the 11 hearing on claims, the director may accept as evidence of claims the 12 report of agency representatives who in informal conferences with 13 depositors have concluded that a claim is directly and precisely supported by the licensee's books and records. When there is 14 15 disagreement between the claims of a depositor and the licensee's books and records, the director or the director's designated 16 17 representative shall hear oral claims and receive written evidence of claims in order to determine the validity of the claim. 18

(d) Any depositor who does not present a claim at the hearing may
bring the claim to the agency within fifteen (15) days after the
conclusion of the hearing.

22 (e) Following the hearing on claims, the director shall make a 23 determination as to the total proven storage obligation of the claimants 24 and the loss sustained by each depositor who has proven a claim. 25 Depositors found to have proven their claims shall be proven claimants. In arriving at that loss, in accordance with section 19 of this 26 27 chapter, the director shall apply all grain on hand or its identifiable proceeds to meet the licensee's obligations to grain depositors of grain 28 29 of that type. Initial determinations of loss shall be made on the amount 30 of grain on hand, or identifiable proceeds, and shall reduce the amount 31 to which a depositor may have a proven claim. With respect to the 32 remaining unfulfilled obligations, the director shall, for the sole 33 purpose of establishing each depositor's claim under this chapter, establish a date upon which the loss is discovered, shall price the grain 34 35 as of that date, shall treat all outstanding grain storage obligations not 36 covered by grain on hand or identifiable proceeds as being sold as of 37 that date, and shall determine the extent of each depositor's loss as 38 being the actual loss sustained as of that date. Grain of a specific type 39 on the premises of a licensee must first be applied to meet the licensee's 40 storage obligations with respect to that type of grain. If there is 41 insufficient grain of a specific type on hand to meet all storage 42 obligations with respect to that type of grain, the grain that is present



1 shall be prorated in accordance with the procedures described in this 2 section and section 16.8 of this chapter. 3 (f) Upon the failure of the agency to begin an audit, which would 4 serve as the basis for a preliminary administrative determination, 5 within forty-five (45) days of the agency's receipt of a written claim by a depositor, a depositor shall have a right of action upon the bond, 6 7 letter of credit, or cash deposit. A depositor bringing a civil action need not join other depositors. If the agency has undertaken an audit within 8 9 the forty-five (45) day period, the exclusive remedy for recovery 10 against the bond, letter of credit, or cash deposit shall be through the recovery procedure prescribed by this section. 11 (g) When the proven claims exceed the amount of the bond, letter 12 13 of credit, or cash deposit, recoveries of proven claimants shall be 14 prorated in the same manner as priorities are prorated under section 15 16.8 of this chapter. 16 (h) The proceedings and hearings under this section may be undertaken without regard to, in combination with, or in addition to 17 those undertaken in accordance with section 17.1 of this chapter. 18 19 (i) The findings of the director shall be final, conclusive, and 20 binding on all parties. 21 (j) The director may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to determine how 22 the agency may distribute the interest that may accrue from funds held 23 by the agency for the payment of claims. 24 (k) A claim of a licensee for stored grain may not be honored until 25 the proven claims of all other claimants arising from the purchase, 26 storage, and handling of the grain have been paid in full. 27 SECTION 101. IC 28-1-29-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.73-2016, 28 SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 29 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) An agreement between a licensee and 30 a debtor must: 31 (1) be in a written form; 32 (2) be dated and signed by the licensee and the debtor; 33 (3) include the name of the debtor and the address where the 34 debtor resides; 35 (4) include the name, business address, and telephone number of 36 the licensee: 37 (5) be delivered to the debtor immediately upon formation of the 38 agreement; and 39 (6) disclose the following: 40 (A) The services to be provided. 41 (B) The amount or method of determining the amount of all 42 fees and charges, individually itemized, to be paid by the



1	debtor.
	(C) The schedule of payments to be made by or on behalf of
2 3 4	the debtor, including the amount of each payment, the date on
4	which each payment is due, and an estimate of the date of the
5	final payment.
6	(D) If a plan provides for regular periodic payments to
7	creditors:
8	(i) each creditor of the debtor to which payment will be
9	made, the amount owed to each creditor, and any
10	concessions the licensee reasonably believes each creditor
11	will offer; and
12	(ii) the schedule of expected payments to each creditor,
13	including the amount of each payment and the date on which
14	the payment will be made.
15	(E) Each creditor that the licensee believes will not participate
16	in the plan and to which the licensee will not direct payment.
17	(F) The manner in which the licensee will comply with the
18	licensee's obligations under section 9(k) of this chapter.
19	(G) That:
20	(i) the licensee may terminate the agreement for good cause,
21	upon return of unexpended money of the debtor; and
22	(ii) the debtor may contact the department with any
23	questions or complaints regarding the licensee.
24	(H) The address, telephone number, and Internet address or
25	web site of the department.
26	(I) That the debtor has a right to terminate the agreement at
27	any time without penalty (notwithstanding the close-out fee as
28	permitted by section 8.3(d) of this chapter) or obligation.
29	(J) That the debtor authorizes any bank insured by the Federal
30	Deposit Insurance Corporation in which the licensee or the
31	licensee's agent has established a trust account to disclose to
32	the department any financial records relating to the trust
33	account.
34	(K) That the licensee shall notify the debtor within five (5)
35	days after learning of a creditor's final decision to reject or
36	withdraw from a plan under the agreement.
37	(b) For purposes of subsection $(a)(5)$, delivery of an electronic
38	record occurs when:
39	(1) the record is made available in a format in which the debtor
40	may retrieve, save, and print the record; and
41	(2) the debtor is notified that the record is available.
42	(c) A debtor may exercise the debtor's right to terminate the

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1	agreement at any time without penalty (notwithstanding the close-out
2	fee as permitted by section 8.3(d) of this chapter) or obligation, as
3	described in subsection (a)(6)(I), by giving the licensee written or
4	electronic notice, in which event:
5	(1) the licensee shall:
6	(A) refund all unexpended money that the licensee or the
7	licensee's agent has received from or on behalf of the debtor
8	for the reduction or satisfaction of the debtor's debt; and
9	(B) notify immediately in writing all creditors in the debt
10	management plan of the cancellation by the contract debtor;
11	and
12	(2) all powers of attorney granted by the debtor to the licensee are
13	revoked and ineffective.
14	(d) A licensees's licensee's notice of a creditor's final decision to
15	reject or withdraw from a plan under the agreement, as described in
16	subsection (a)(6)(K) must include:
17	(1) the identity of the creditor; and
18	(2) a statement that the debtor has the right to modify or terminate
19	the agreement.
20	(e) All creditors included in the plan must be notified of the contract
21	debtor's and licensee's relationship.
22	(f) A licensee shall give to the contract debtor a dated receipt for
23	each payment, at the time of the payment, unless the payment is made
24	by check, money order, or automated clearinghouse withdrawal as
25	authorized by the contract debtor.
26	(g) A licensee may not enter into an agreement with a debtor unless
27	a thorough, written budget analysis of the debtor indicates that the
28	debtor can reasonably meet the payments required under a proposed
29	plan. The following must be included in the budget analysis:
30	(1) Documentation and verification of all income considered. All
31	income verification must be dated not more than sixty (60) days
32	before the completion of the budget analysis.
33	(2) Monthly living expense figures, which must be reasonable for
34	the particular family size and part of Indiana. If expenditure
35	reductions are part of the planned budget for the debtor, details of
36	the expected savings must be documented in the debtor's file and
37	set forth in the budget provided to the debtor.
38	(3) Documentation and verification, by a current credit bureau
39	report, current debtor account statements, or direct documentation
40	from the creditor, of monthly debt payments and balances to be
41	paid outside the plan.
42	(4) Documentation and verification, by a current credit bureau



1 report, current debtor account statements, or direct documentation 2 from the creditor, of the monthly debt payments and current 3 balances to be paid through the plan. 4 (5) The date of the budget analysis and the signature of the debtor. 5 (h) A licensee may not enter into an agreement with a debtor for a 6 period longer than sixty (60) months. (i) A licensee may provide services under this chapter in the same 7 8 place of business in which another business is operating, or from which 9 other products or services are sold, if the director issues a written 10 determination that: (1) the operation of the other business; or 11 12 (2) the sale of other products and services; 13 from the location in question is not contrary to the best interests of 14 debtors. 15 (i) A licensee without a physical location in Indiana may: 16 (1) solicit sales of; and 17 (2) sell; 18 additional products and services to Indiana residents if the director 19 issues a written determination that the proposed solicitation or sale is 20 not contrary to the best interests of debtors. 21 (k) A licensee shall maintain a toll free communication system, 22 staffed at a level that reasonably permits a contract debtor to speak to 23 a counselor, debt specialist, or customer service representative, as 24 appropriate, during ordinary business hours. 25 (1) A debt management company shall act in good faith in all 26 matters under this chapter. 27 SECTION 102. IC 31-34-20-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 28 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. If a court enters 29 a dispositional decree that includes a no contact order under section 30 $\frac{1(7)}{1(a)(7)}$ of this chapter: 31 (1) the clerk of the court that enters a dispositional decree that 32 includes a no contact order under section $\frac{1(7)}{1(a)(7)}$ of this 33 chapter shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and 34 (2) the petitioner shall file a confidential form prescribed or 35 approved by the division of state court administration with the 36 clerk. 37 SECTION 103. IC 31-34-20-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2005, 38 SECTION 206, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 39 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The juvenile court may 40 emancipate a child under section $\frac{1(5)}{1(a)(5)}$ of this chapter if the 41 court finds that the child: 42 (1) wishes to be free from parental control and protection and no



1	longer needs that control and protection;
2	(2) has sufficient money for the child's own support;
3	(3) understands the consequences of being free from parental
4	control and protection; and
5	(4) has an acceptable plan for independent living.
6	(b) If the juvenile court partially or completely emancipates the
7	child, the court shall specify the terms of the emancipation, which may
8	include the following:
9	(1) Suspension of the parent's or guardian's duty to support the
10	child. In this case, the judgment of emancipation supersedes the
11	support order of a court.
12	(2) Suspension of the following:
13	(A) The parent's or guardian's right to the control or custody of
14	the child.
15	(B) The parent's right to the child's earnings.
16	(3) Empowering the child to consent to marriage.
17	(4) Empowering the child to consent to military enlistment.
18	(5) Empowering the child to consent to:
19	(A) medical;
20	(B) psychological;
21	(C) psychiatric;
22	(D) educational; or
23	(E) social;
24	services.
25	(6) Empowering the child to contract.
26	(7) Empowering the child to own property.
27	(c) An emancipated child remains subject to the following:
28	(1) IC 20-33-2 concerning compulsory school attendance.
29	(2) The continuing jurisdiction of the court.
30	SECTION 104. IC 31-37-19-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2015,
31	SECTION 43, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) Subject to section 6.5 of this chapter, if
33	a child is a delinquent child under IC 31-37-2, the juvenile court may
34	enter one (1) or more of the following dispositional decrees:
35	(1) Order supervision of the child by the probation department.
36	(2) Order the child to receive outpatient treatment:
37	(A) at a social service agency or a psychological, a psychiatric,
38	a medical, or an educational facility; or
39	(B) from an individual practitioner.
40	(3) Remove the child from the child's home and place the child in
41	another home or a shelter care facility, child caring institution,
42	group home, or secure private facility. Placement under this



1	subdivision includes authorization to control and discipline the
2	child.
$\frac{2}{3}$	(4) Award wardship to a:
4	(A) person, other than the department; or
5	(B) shelter care facility.
6	(5) Partially or completely emancipate the child under section 27
7	of this chapter.
8	(6) Order:
9	(A) the child; or
10	(B) the child's parent, guardian, or custodian;
11	to receive family services.
12	(7) Order a person who is a party to refrain from direct or indirect
13	contact with the child.
14	(b) If the child is removed from the child's home and placed in a
15	foster family home or another facility, the juvenile court shall:
16	(A) (1) approve a permanency plan for the child;
17	(B) (2) find whether or not reasonable efforts were made to
18	prevent or eliminate the need for the removal;
19	(C) (3) designate responsibility for the placement and care of the
20	child with the probation department; and
21	(D) (4) find whether it:
22	(i) (A) serves the best interests of the child to be removed; and
23	(ii) (B) would be contrary to the health and welfare of the child
24	for the child to remain in the home.
25	(c) If a dispositional decree under this section:
26	(1) orders or approves removal of a child from the child's home or
27	awards wardship of the child to a:
28	(A) person other than the department; or
29	(B) shelter care facility; and
30	(2) is the first court order in the delinquent child proceeding that
31	authorizes or approves removal of the child from the child's
32	parent, guardian, or custodian;
33	the court shall include in the decree the appropriate findings and
34	conclusions described in IC 31-37-6-6(f) and IC 31-37-6-6(g).
35	(d) If the juvenile court orders supervision of the child by the
36	probation department under subsection (a)(1), the child or the child's
37	parent, guardian, or custodian is responsible for any costs resulting
38	from the participation in a rehabilitative service or educational class
39	provided by the probation department. Any costs collected for services
40	provided by the probation department shall be deposited in the county
41	supplemental juvenile probation services fund.
42	SECTION 105. IC 31-37-19-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. If a court enters
2	a dispositional decree that includes a no contact order under section
3	$\frac{1}{7}$ 1(a)(7) of this chapter:
4	(1) the clerk of the court that enters a dispositional decree that
5	includes a no contact order under section $\frac{1}{7}$ 1(a)(7) of this
6	chapter shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
7	(2) the petitioner shall file a confidential form prescribed or
8	approved by the division of state court administration with the
9	clerk.
10	SECTION 106. IC 31-37-19-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2005,
11	SECTION 212, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
12	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 27. (a) The juvenile court may
13	emancipate a child under section $\frac{1(5)}{1(a)(5)}$ or $5(b)(5)$ of this chapter
14	if the court finds that the child:
15	(1) wishes to be free from parental control and protection and no
16	longer needs that control and protection;
17	(2) has sufficient money for the child's own support;
18	(3) understands the consequences of being free from parental
19	control and protection; and
20	(4) has an acceptable plan for independent living.
21	(b) Whenever the juvenile court partially or completely emancipates
22	the child, the court shall specify the terms of the emancipation, which
23	may include the following:
24	(1) Suspension of the parent's or guardian's duty to support the
25	child. In this case, the judgment of emancipation supersedes the
26	support order of a court.
27	(2) Suspension of:
28	(A) the parent's or guardian's right to the control or custody of
29	the child; and
30	(B) the parent's right to the child's earnings.
31	(3) Empowering the child to consent to marriage.
32	(4) Empowering the child to consent to military enlistment.
33	(5) Empowering the child to consent to:
34	(A) medical;
35	(B) psychological;
36	(C) psychiatric;
37	(D) educational; or
38 39	(E) social;
39 40	services.
40 41	(6) Empowering the child to contract.(7) Empowering the child to own property.
41	(c) An emancipated child remains subject to:
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1	(1) IC 20-33-2 concerning compulsory school attendance; and
2	(2) the continuing jurisdiction of the court.
3	SECTION 107. IC 33-37-4-1, AS AMENDED BY
4	P.L.182-2009(ss), SECTION 392, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) For each
6	action that results in a felony conviction under IC 35-50-2 or a
7	misdemeanor conviction under IC 35-50-3, the clerk shall collect from
8	the defendant a criminal costs fee of one hundred twenty dollars
9	(\$120).
10	(b) In addition to the criminal costs fee collected under this section,
11	the clerk shall collect from the defendant the following fees if they are
12	required under IC 33-37-5:
13	(1) A document fee (IC 33-37-5-1, IC 33-37-5-3, or
14	IC 33-37-5-4).
15	(2) A marijuana eradication program fee (IC 33-37-5-7).
16	(3) An alcohol and drug services program user fee
17	(IC 33-37-5-8(b)).
18	(4) A law enforcement continuing education program fee
19	(IC 33-37-5-8(c)).
20	(5) A drug abuse, prosecution, interdiction, and correction fee
21	(IC 33-37-5-9).
22	(6) An alcohol and drug countermeasures fee (IC 33-37-5-10).
23	(7) A child abuse prevention fee (IC 33-37-5-12).
24	(8) A domestic violence prevention and treatment fee
25	(IC 33-37-5-13).
26	(9) A highway work worksite zone fee (IC 33-37-5-14).
27	(10) A deferred prosecution fee (IC 33-37-5-17).
28	(11) A document storage fee (IC 33-37-5-20).
29	(12) An automated record keeping fee (IC 33-37-5-21).
30	(13) A late payment fee (IC 33-37-5-22).
31	(14) A sexual assault victims assistance fee (IC 33-37-5-23).
32	(15) A public defense administration fee (IC 33-37-5-21.2).
33	(16) A judicial insurance adjustment fee (IC 33-37-5-25).
34	(17) A judicial salaries fee (IC 33-37-5-26).
35	(18) A court administration fee (IC 33-37-5-27).
36	(19) A DNA sample processing fee (IC 33-37-5-26.2).
37	(c) Instead of the criminal costs fee prescribed by this section,
38	except for the automated record keeping fee (IC 33-37-5-21), the clerk
39	shall collect a pretrial diversion program fee if an agreement between
40	the prosecuting attorney and the accused person entered into under
41	IC 33-39-1-8 requires payment of those fees by the accused person.
42	The pretrial diversion program fee is:



1	(1) an initial user's fee of fifty dollars (\$50); and
2	(2) a monthly user's fee of ten dollars (\$10) for each month that
3	the person remains in the pretrial diversion program.
4	(d) The clerk shall transfer to the county auditor or city or town
5	fiscal officer the following fees, not later than thirty (30) days after the
6	fees are collected:
7	(1) The pretrial diversion fee.
8	(2) The marijuana eradication program fee.
9	(3) The alcohol and drug services program user fee.
10	(4) The law enforcement continuing education program fee.
11	The auditor or fiscal officer shall deposit fees transferred under this
12	subsection in the appropriate user fee fund established under
13	IC 33-37-8.
14	(e) Unless otherwise directed by a court, if a clerk collects only part
15	of a criminal costs fee from a defendant under this section, the clerk
16	shall distribute the partial payment of the criminal costs fee as follows:
17	(1) The clerk shall apply the partial payment to general court
18	costs.
19	(2) If there is money remaining after the partial payment is
20	applied to general court costs under subdivision (1), the clerk
21	shall distribute the remainder of the partial payment for deposit in
22	the appropriate county user fee fund.
23	(3) If there is money remaining after distribution under
24	subdivision (2), the clerk shall distribute the remainder of the
25	partial payment for deposit in the state user fee fund.
26	(4) If there is money remaining after distribution under
27	subdivision (3), the clerk shall distribute the remainder of the
28	partial payment to any other applicable user fee fund.
29	(5) If there is money remaining after distribution under
30	subdivision (4), the clerk shall apply the remainder of the partial
31	payment to any outstanding fines owed by the defendant.
32	SECTION 108. IC 33-37-4-2, AS AMENDED BY
33	P.L.182-2009(ss), SECTION 393, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as
35	provided in subsections (d) and (e), for each action that results in a
36	judgment:
37	(1) for a violation constituting an infraction; or
38	(2) for a violation of an ordinance of a municipal corporation (as
39	defined in IC 36-1-2-10);
40	the clerk shall collect from the defendant an infraction or ordinance
41	violation costs fee of seventy dollars (\$70).
42	(b) In addition to the infraction or ordinance violation costs fee



1	collected under this section, the clerk shall collect from the defendant
2	the following fees, if they are required under IC 33-37-5:
3	(1) A document fee (IC 33-37-5-1, IC 33-37-5-3, or
4	IC 33-37-5-4).
5	(2) An alcohol and drug services program user fee
6	(IC 33-37-5-8(b)).
7	(3) A law enforcement continuing education program fee
8	(IC 33-37-5-8(c)).
9	(4) An alcohol and drug countermeasures fee (IC 33-37-5-10).
10	(5) A highway work worksite zone fee (IC 33-37-5-14).
11	(6) A deferred prosecution fee (IC 33-37-5-17).
12	(7) A jury fee (IC 33-37-5-19).
13	(8) A document storage fee (IC 33-37-5-20).
14	(9) An automated record keeping fee (IC 33-37-5-21).
15	(10) A late payment fee (IC 33-37-5-22).
16	(11) A public defense administration fee (IC 33-37-5-21.2).
17	(12) A judicial insurance adjustment fee (IC 33-37-5-25).
18	(13) A judicial salaries fee (IC 33-37-5-26).
19	(14) A court administration fee (IC 33-37-5-27).
20	(15) A DNA sample processing fee (IC 33-37-5-26.2).
21	(c) The clerk shall transfer to the county auditor or fiscal officer of
22	the municipal corporation the following fees, not later than thirty (30)
23	days after the fees are collected:
24	(1) The alcohol and drug services program user fee
25	(IC 33-37-5-8(b)).
26	(2) The law enforcement continuing education program fee
27	(IC 33-37-5-8(c)).
28	(3) The deferral program fee (subsection (e)).
29	The auditor or fiscal officer shall deposit the fees in the user fee fund
30	established under IC 33-37-8.
31	(d) The defendant is not liable for any ordinance violation costs fee
32	in an action if all the following apply:
33	(1) The defendant was charged with an ordinance violation
34	subject to IC 33-36.
35	(2) The defendant denied the violation under IC 33-36-3.
36	(3) Proceedings in court against the defendant were initiated
37	under IC 34-28-5 (or IC 34-4-32 before its repeal).
38	(4) The defendant was tried and the court entered judgment for
39	the defendant for the violation.
40	(e) Instead of the infraction or ordinance violation costs fee
41	prescribed by subsection (a), except for the automated record keeping
42	fee (IC 33-37-5-21), the clerk shall collect a deferral program fee if an



1 agreement between a prosecuting attorney or an attorney for a 2 municipal corporation and the person charged with a violation entered 3 into under IC 34-28-5-1 (or IC 34-4-32-1 before its repeal) requires 4 payment of those fees by the person charged with the violation. The 5 deferral program fee is: 6 (1) an initial user's fee not to exceed fifty-two dollars (\$52); and 7 (2) a monthly user's fee not to exceed ten dollars (\$10) for each 8 month the person remains in the deferral program. 9 (f) The fees prescribed by this section are costs for purposes of IC 34-28-5-5 and may be collected from a defendant against whom 10 judgment is entered. Any penalty assessed is in addition to costs. 11 SECTION 109. IC 33-37-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.176-2005, 12 13 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 14 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The clerk shall collect a juvenile costs 15 fee of one hundred twenty dollars (\$120) for each action filed under 16 any of the following: 17 (1) IC 31-34 (children in need of services). 18 (2) IC 31-37 (delinquent children). 19 (3) IC 31-14 (paternity). 20 (b) In addition to the juvenile costs fee collected under this section, 21 the clerk shall collect the following fees, if they are required under 22 IC 33-37-5: 23 (1) A document fee (IC 33-37-5-1, IC 33-37-5-3, or 24 IC 33-37-5-4). 25 (2) A marijuana eradication program fee (IC 33-37-5-7). 26 (3) An alcohol and drug services program user fee 27 (IC 33-37-5-8(b)). 28 (4) A law enforcement continuing education program fee 29 (IC 33-37-5-8(c)). 30 (5) An alcohol and drug countermeasures fee (IC 33-37-5-10). 31 (6) A document storage fee (IC 33-37-5-20). 32 (7) An automated record keeping fee (IC 33-37-5-21). 33 (8) A late payment fee (IC 33-37-5-22). 34 (9) A public defense administration fee (IC 33-37-5-21.2). 35 (10) A judicial insurance adjustment fee (IC 33-37-5-25). (11) A judicial salaries fee (IC 33-37-5-26). 36 37 (12) A court administration fee (IC 33-37-5-27). 38 (13) A DNA sample processing fee (IC 33-37-5-26.2). 39 (c) The clerk shall transfer to the county auditor or city or town 40 fiscal officer the following fees not later than thirty (30) days after they 41 are collected: 42 (1) The marijuana eradication program fee (IC 33-37-5-7).



1 (2) The alcohol and drug services program user fee 2 (IC 33-37-5-8(b)). 3 (3) The law enforcement continuing education program fee 4 (IC 33-37-5-8(c)). 5 The auditor or fiscal officer shall deposit the fees in the appropriate 6 user fee fund established under IC 33-37-8. 7 SECTION 110. IC 33-37-7-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.77-2016, 8 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 9 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The clerk of a circuit court shall 10 distribute semiannually to the auditor of state as the state share for deposit in the homeowner protection unit account established by 11 12 IC 4-6-12-9 one hundred percent (100%) of the automated record 13 keeping fees collected under IC 33-37-5-21 with respect to actions 14 resulting in the accused person entering into a pretrial diversion 15 program agreement under IC 33-39-1-8 or a deferral program 16 agreement under IC 34-28-5-1 and for deposit in the state general fund seventy percent (70%) of the amount of fees collected under the 17 18 following: 19 (1) IC 33-37-4-1(a) (criminal costs fees). 20 (2) IC 33-37-4-2(a) (infraction or ordinance violation costs fees). 21 (3) IC 33-37-4-3(a) (juvenile costs fees). 22 (4) IC 33-37-4-4(a) (civil costs fees). 23 (5) IC 33-37-4-6(a)(1)(A) (small claims costs fees). 24 (6) IC 33-37-4-7(a) (probate costs fees). 25 (7) IC 33-37-5-17 (deferred prosecution fees). 26 (b) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute semiannually to the 27 auditor of state for deposit in the state user fee fund established in 28 IC 33-37-9-2 the following: 29 (1) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the drug abuse, prosecution, 30 interdiction, and correction fees collected under 31 IC 33-37-4-1(b)(5). 32 (2) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the alcohol and drug 33 countermeasures fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(6), 34 IC 33-37-4-2(b)(4), and IC 33-37-4-3(b)(5). 35 (3) One hundred percent (100%) of the child abuse prevention fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(7). 36 37 (4) One hundred percent (100%) of the domestic violence 38 prevention and treatment fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(8). 39 (5) One hundred percent (100%) of the highway work worksite 40 zone fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(9) and 41 IC 33-37-4-2(b)(5). 42 (6) One hundred percent (100%) of the safe schools fee collected



1	under IC 33-37-5-18.
2	(7) One hundred percent (100%) of the automated record keeping
3	fee collected under IC 33-37-5-21 not distributed under
4	subsection (a).
5	(c) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute monthly to the county
6	auditor the following:
7	(1) Seventy-five percent (75%) of the drug abuse, prosecution,
8	interdiction, and correction fees collected under
9	IC 33-37-4-1(b)(5).
10	(2) Seventy-five percent (75%) of the alcohol and drug
11	countermeasures fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(6),
12	IC 33-37-4-2(b)(4), and IC 33-37-4-3(b)(5).
13	The county auditor shall deposit fees distributed by a clerk under this
14	subsection into the county drug free community fund established under
15	IC 5-2-11.
16	(d) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute monthly to the county
17	auditor one hundred percent (100%) of the late payment fees collected
18	under IC 33-37-5-22. The county auditor shall deposit fees distributed
19	by a clerk under this subsection as follows:
20	(1) If directed to do so by an ordinance adopted by the county
21	fiscal body, the county auditor shall deposit forty percent (40%)
22	of the fees in the clerk's record perpetuation fund established
23	under IC 33-37-5-2 and sixty percent (60%) of the fees in the
24	county general fund.
25	(2) If the county fiscal body has not adopted an ordinance
26	described in subdivision (1), the county auditor shall deposit all
27	the fees in the county general fund.
28	(e) The clerk of the circuit court shall distribute semiannually to the
29	auditor of state for deposit in the sexual assault victims assistance fund
30	established by IC 5-2-6-23(j) one hundred percent (100%) of the sexual
31	assault victims assistance fees collected under IC 33-37-5-23.
32	(f) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute monthly to the county
33	auditor the following:
34	(1) One hundred percent (100%) of the support and maintenance
35	fees for cases designated as non-Title IV-D child support cases in
36	the Indiana support enforcement tracking system (ISETS) or the
37	successor statewide automated support enforcement system
38	collected under IC 33-37-5-6.
39	(2) The percentage share of the support and maintenance fees for
40	cases designated as Title IV-D child support cases in ISETS or the
41	successor statewide automated support enforcement system
42	collected under IC 33-37-5-6 that is reimbursable to the county at



1 the federal financial participation rate. 2 The county clerk shall distribute monthly to the department of child 3 services the percentage share of the support and maintenance fees for 4 cases designated as Title IV-D child support cases in ISETS, or the 5 successor statewide automated support enforcement system, collected 6 under IC 33-37-5-6 that is not reimbursable to the county at the 7 applicable federal financial participation rate. 8 (g) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute monthly to the county 9 auditor the following: 10 (1) One hundred percent (100%) of the small claims service fee under IC 33-37-4-6(a)(1)(B) or IC 33-37-4-6(a)(2) for deposit in 11 12 the county general fund. 13 (2) One hundred percent (100%) of the small claims garnishee 14 service fee under IC 33-37-4-6(a)(1)(C) or IC 33-37-4-6(a)(3) for 15 deposit in the county general fund. (h) This subsection does not apply to court administration fees 16 collected in small claims actions filed in a court described in IC 33-34. 17 18 The clerk of a circuit court shall semiannually distribute to the auditor 19 of state for deposit in the state general fund one hundred percent 20 (100%) of the following: 21 (1) The public defense administration fee collected under 22 IC 33-37-5-21.2. 23 (2) The judicial salaries fees collected under IC 33-37-5-26. 24 (3) The DNA sample processing fees collected under 25 IC 33-37-5-26.2. 26 (4) The court administration fees collected under IC 33-37-5-27. 27 (i) The clerk of a circuit court shall semiannually distribute to the 28 auditor of state for deposit in the judicial branch insurance adjustment 29 account established by IC 33-38-5-8.2 one hundred percent (100%) of 30 the judicial insurance adjustment fee collected under IC 33-37-5-25. 31 (j) The proceeds of the service fee collected under 32 IC 33-37-5-28(b)(1) or IC 33-37-5-28(b)(2) shall be distributed as 33 follows: 34 (1) The clerk shall distribute one hundred percent (100%) of the 35 service fees collected in a circuit, superior, county, or probate court to the county auditor for deposit in the county general fund. 36 37 (2) The clerk shall distribute one hundred percent (100%) of the 38 service fees collected in a city or town court to the city or town 39 fiscal officer for deposit in the city or town general fund. 40 (k) The proceeds of the garnishee service fee collected under 41 IC 33-37-5-28(b)(3) or IC 33-37-5-28(b)(4) shall be distributed as 42 follows:



1	(1) The clerk shall distribute one hundred percent (100%) of the
2	garnishee service fees collected in a circuit, superior, county, or
3	probate court to the county auditor for deposit in the county
4	general fund.
5	(2) The clerk shall distribute one hundred percent (100%) of the
6 7	garnishee service fees collected in a city or town court to the city or town fiscal officer for deposit in the city or town general fund.
8	(1) The clerk of the circuit court shall distribute semiannually to the
9	auditor of state for deposit in the home ownership education account
10	established by IC 5-20-1-27 one hundred percent (100%) of the
11	following:
12	(1) The mortgage foreclosure counseling and education fees
13	collected under IC 33-37-5-33 (before its expiration on July 1,
14	2017).
15	(2) Any civil penalties imposed and collected by a court for a
16	violation of a court order in a foreclosure action under
17	IC 32-30-10.5.
18	(m) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute semiannually to the
19	auditor of state one hundred percent (100%) of the pro bono legal
20	services fees collected before July 1, 2017, under IC 33-37-5-31. The
21	auditor of state shall transfer semiannually the pro bono legal services
22	fees to the Indiana Bar Foundation (or a successor entity) as the entity
23	designated to organize and administer the interest on lawyers trust
24	accounts (IOLTA) program under Rule 1.15 of the Rules of
25	Professional Conduct of the Indiana supreme court. The Indiana Bar
26	Foundation shall:
27	(1) deposit in an appropriate account and otherwise manage the
28	fees the Indiana Bar Foundation receives under this subsection in
29	the same manner the Indiana Bar Foundation deposits and
30 31	manages the net earnings the Indiana Bar Foundation receives from IOLTA accounts; and
31	(2) use the fees the Indiana Bar Foundation receives under this
32	subsection to assist or establish approved pro bono legal services
34	programs.
35	The handling and expenditure of the pro bono legal services fees
36	received under this section by the Indiana Bar Foundation (or its
37	successor entity) are subject to audit by the state board of accounts. The
38	amounts necessary to make the transfers required by this subsection are
39	appropriated from the state general fund.
40	SECTION 111. IC 35-43-5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,
41	SECTION 470, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
42	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) A person who:



1	(1) being an officer, manager, or other person participating in the
	direction of a credit institution, knowingly or intentionally
3	receives or permits the receipt of a deposit or other investment,
2 3 4	knowing that the institution is insolvent;
5	(2) knowingly or intentionally makes a false or misleading written
6	statement with intent to obtain property, employment, or an
7	educational opportunity;
8	(3) misapplies entrusted property, property of a governmental
9	
9 10	entity, or property of a credit institution in a manner that the
	person knows is unlawful or that the person knows involves
11	substantial risk of loss or detriment to either the owner of the
12	property or to a person for whose benefit the property was
13	entrusted;
14	(4) knowingly or intentionally, in the regular course of business,
15	either:
16	(A) uses or possesses for use a false weight or measure or
17	other device for falsely determining or recording the quality or
18	quantity of any commodity; or
19	(B) sells, offers, or displays for sale or delivers less than the
20	represented quality or quantity of any commodity;
21	(5) with intent to defraud another person furnishing electricity,
22	gas, water, telecommunication, or any other utility service, avoids
23	a lawful charge for that service by scheme or device or by
24	tampering with facilities or equipment of the person furnishing
25	the service;
26	(6) with intent to defraud, misrepresents the identity of the person
27	or another person or the identity or quality of property;
28	(7) with intent to defraud an owner of a coin machine, deposits a
29	slug in that machine;
30	(8) with intent to enable the person or another person to deposit
31	a slug in a coin machine, makes, possesses, or disposes of a slug;
32	(9) disseminates to the public an advertisement that the person
33	knows is false, misleading, or deceptive, with intent to promote
34	the purchase or sale of property or the acceptance of employment;
35	(10) with intent to defraud, misrepresents a person as being a
36	physician licensed under IC 25-22.5;
37	(11) knowingly and intentionally defrauds another person
38	furnishing cable TV service by avoiding paying compensation for
39	that service by any scheme or device or by tampering with
40	facilities or equipment of the person furnishing the service; or
41	(12) knowingly or intentionally provides false information to a
42	governmental entity to obtain a contract from the governmental
74	50 commentar entry to obtain a contract from the governmental



1 entity; 2 commits deception, a Class A misdemeanor. However, an offense 3 under subdivision (12) is a Level 6 felony if the provision of false 4 information results in financial loss to the governmental entity. 5 (b) In determining whether an advertisement is false, misleading, or 6 deceptive under subsection (a)(9), there shall be considered, among 7 other things, not only representations contained or suggested in the 8 advertisement, by whatever means, including device or sound, but also 9 the extent to which the advertisement fails to reveal material facts in 10 the light of the representations. (c) A person who knowingly or intentionally falsely represents: 11 12 (1) any entity as: (A) a disadvantaged business enterprise (as defined in 13 14 IC 5-16-6.5-1); or 15 (B) a women-owned business enterprise (as defined in 16 IC 5-16-6.5-3); in order to qualify for certification as such an enterprise under a 17 program conducted by a public agency (as defined in 18 19 IC 5-16-6.5-2) designed to assist disadvantaged business 20 enterprises or women-owned business enterprises in obtaining 21 contracts with public agencies for the provision of goods and 22 services; or 23 (2) an entity with which the person will subcontract all or part of 24 a contract with a public agency (as defined in IC 5-16-6.5-2) as: 25 (A) a disadvantaged business enterprise (as defined in 26 IC 5-16-6.5-1); or 27 (B) a women-owned business enterprise (as defined in 28 IC 5-16-16.5-3); IC 5-16-6.5-3); 29 in order to qualify for certification as an eligible bidder under a 30 program that is conducted by a public agency designed to assist 31 disadvantaged business enterprises or women-owned business 32 enterprises in obtaining contracts with public agencies for the 33 provision of goods and services; 34 commits a Level 6 felony. 35 SECTION 112. IC 35-44.2-1-12 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE 36 UPON PASSAGE]. See. 12. A person who violates driver training 37 school requirements is subject to a civil action for an infraction under 38 IC 5-2-6.5-15. 39 SECTION 113. IC 35-45-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014, 40 SECTION 82, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 41 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) A person who communicates a threat to

42 another person, with the intent:



1	(1) that the other person engage in conduct against the other
2	person's will;
3 4 5	(2) that the other person be placed in fear of retaliation for a prior
4	lawful act; or
5	(3) of:
6	(A) causing:
7	(i) a dwelling, a building, or other structure; or
8	(ii) a vehicle;
9	to be evacuated; or
10	(B) interfering with the occupancy of:
11	(i) a dwelling, building, or other structure; or
12	(ii) a vehicle;
13	commits intimidation, a Class A misdemeanor.
14	(b) However, the offense is a:
15	(1) Level 6 felony if:
16	(A) the threat is to commit a forcible felony;
17	(B) the person to whom the threat is communicated:
18	(i) is a law enforcement officer;
19	(ii) is a witness (or the spouse or child of a witness) in any
20	pending criminal proceeding against the person making the
21	threat;
22	(iii) is an employee of a school or school corporation;
23	(iv) is a community policing volunteer;
24	(v) is an employee of a court;
25	(vi) is an employee of a probation department;
26	(vii) is an employee of a community corrections program;
27	(viii) is an employee of a hospital, church, or religious
28	organization; or
29	(ix) is a person that owns a building or structure that is open
30	to the public or is an employee of the person;
31	and, except as provided in item (ii), the threat is
32	communicated to the person because of the occupation,
33	profession, employment status, or ownership status of the
34	person as described in items (i) through (ix) or based on an act
35	taken by the person within the scope of the occupation,
36	profession, employment status, or ownership status of the
37	person;
38	(C) the person has a prior unrelated conviction for an offense
39	under this section concerning the same victim; or
40	(D) the threat is communicated using property, including
41	electronic equipment or systems, of a school corporation or
42	other governmental entity; and



1	(2) Level 5 felony if:
2	(A) while committing it, the person draws or uses a deadly
3	weapon; or
4	(B) the person to whom the threat is communicated:
5	(i) is a judge or bailiff of any court; or
6	(ii) is a prosecuting attorney or a deputy prosecuting
7	attorney.
8	(c) "Communicates" includes posting a message electronically,
9	including on a social networking web site (as defined in
10	IC 35-42-4-12(d)). IC 35-31.5-2-307).
11	(d) "Threat" means an expression, by words or action, of an
12	intention to:
13	(1) unlawfully injure the person threatened or another person, or
14	damage property;
15	(2) unlawfully subject a person to physical confinement or
16	restraint;
17	(3) commit a crime;
18	(4) unlawfully withhold official action, or cause such withholding;
19	(5) unlawfully withhold testimony or information with respect to
20	another person's legal claim or defense, except for a reasonable
21	claim for witness fees or expenses;
22	(6) expose the person threatened to hatred, contempt, disgrace, or
23	ridicule;
24	(7) falsely harm the credit or business reputation of the person
25	threatened; or
26	(8) cause the evacuation of a dwelling, a building, another
27	structure, or a vehicle.
28	SECTION 114. IC 35-46-1-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. The law
30	enforcement agency with custody of a person who is sentenced to a
31	term of imprisonment of more than ten (10) days following conviction
32	of a crime under section 15.1 or 15.3 of this chapter shall maintain a
33	confidential record of the:
34	(1) name;
35	(2) address; and
36	(3) telephone number;
37	of each person that the person convicted under section 15.1 or 15.3 of
38	this chapter (as appropriate) is required to refrain from direct or
39	indirect contact with under an order described by section 15.1 or 15.3
40	of this chapter (as appropriate).
41	SECTION 115. IC 35-46-1-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
42	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17. A person



1 convicted of a crime under section 15.1 or 15.3 of this chapter may not 2 have access to the information maintained under section 16 of this 3 chapter. 4 SECTION 116. IC 35-46-1-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 5 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. The law 6 enforcement agency having custody of a person who is sentenced to a 7 term of imprisonment of more than ten (10) days following conviction 8 of a crime under section 15.1 or 15.3 of this chapter shall: 9 (1) provide each person described in section 16 of this chapter 10 with written notification of: 11 (A) the release of a person convicted of a crime under section 12 15.1 or 15.3 of this chapter (as appropriate); and 13 (B) the date, time, and place of any substantive hearing 14 concerning a violation of section 15.1 or 15.3 of this chapter 15 (as appropriate) by a person who is sentenced to a term of imprisonment of more than ten (10) days following conviction 16 17 of a crime under section 15.1 or 15.3 of this chapter (as 18 appropriate); and 19 (2) attempt to notify each person described in section 16 of this 20 chapter by telephone to provide the information described in 21 subdivision (1). 22 SECTION 117. IC 35-46-9-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.26-2016, 23 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 24 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) 25 and (c), a person who operates a motorboat while: (1) having an alcohol concentration equivalent (as defined in 26 27 IC 9-13-2-2.4) to at least eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol 28 per: 29 (A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or 30 (B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath; (2) having a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II of 31 32 IC 35-48-2 or its metabolite in the person's body; or 33 (3) intoxicated; 34 commits a Class C misdemeanor. 35 (b) The offense is a Level 6 felony if: 36 (1) the person has a previous conviction under: 37 (A) IC 14-1-5 (repealed); (B) IC 14-15-8-8 (repealed); or 38 39 (C) this chapter; or 40 (2) the offense results in serious bodily injury to another person. 41 (c) The offense is a Level 5 felony if the offense results in the death 42 of another person.



 (d) It is a defense to a prosecution under subsection (a)(2) that the accused person consumed the controlled substance under a valid prescription or order of a practitioner (as defined in IC 35-48-1-24) who acted in the course of the practitioner's professional practice. SECTION 118. IC 35-48-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014, 	
 3 prescription or order of a practitioner (as defined in IC 35-48-1-24) 4 who acted in the course of the practitioner's professional practice. 5 SECTION 118. IC 35-48-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014, 	
 who acted in the course of the practitioner's professional practice. SECTION 118. IC 35-48-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014, 	
5 SECTION 118. IC 35-48-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014,	
6 SECTION 97, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
7 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. A person who:	
8 (1) knowingly or intentionally:	
9 (A) creates;	
10 (B) delivers; or	
11 (C) finances the delivery of;	
12 a counterfeit substance; or	
13 (2) possesses, with intent to:	
14 (A) deliver; or	
15 (B) finance the delivery of;	
16 a counterfeit substance;	
17 commits dealing in a counterfeit substance, a Level 6 felony. However,	
18 a person may be convicted of an offense under subsection $(a)(2)$	
19 subdivision (2) only if there is evidence in addition to the weight of the	
20 counterfeit substance that the person intended to deliver or finance the	
21 delivery of the counterfeit substance.	
22 SECTION 119. IC 35-48-7-11.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.5-2016,	
23 SECTION 12, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.82-2016, SECTION 13,	
24 IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
25 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11.1. (a) Information received	
by the INSPECT program under section 8.1 of this chapter is	
27 confidential.	
28 (b) The board shall carry out a program to protect the confidentiality	
29 of the information described in subsection (a). The board may disclose	
30 the information to another person only under subsection (c), (d), or (g).	
31 (c) The board may disclose confidential information described in	
32 subsection (a) to any person who is authorized to engage in receiving,	
33 processing, or storing the information.	
34 (d) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), the board may	
35 release confidential information described in subsection (a) to the	
36 following persons:	
37 (1) A member of the board or another governing body that	
38 licenses practitioners and is engaged in an investigation, an	
39 adjudication, or a prosecution of a violation under any state or	
40 federal law that involves <i>ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or</i> a	
41 controlled substance.	
42 (2) An investigator for the consumer protection division of the	

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1	office of the attorney general, a prosecuting attorney, the attorney
2	general, a deputy attorney general, or an investigator from the
3	office of the attorney general, who is engaged in:
4	(A) an investigation;
5	(B) an adjudication; or
6	(C) a prosecution;
7	of a violation under any state or federal law that involves
8	•
8 9	<i>ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or</i> a controlled substance.
	(3) A law enforcement officer who is an employee of:
10	(A) a local, state, or federal law enforcement agency; or
11	(B) an entity that regulates <i>ephedrine</i> , <i>pseudoephedrine</i> , or
12	controlled substances or enforces ephedrine, pseudoephedrine,
13	or controlled substances rules or laws in another state;
14	that is certified to receive ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or
15	controlled substance prescription drug information from the
16	INSPECT program.
17	(4) A practitioner or practitioner's agent certified to receive
18	information from the INSPECT program.
19	(5) An ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or a controlled substance
20	monitoring program in another state with which Indiana has
21	established an interoperability agreement.
22	(6) The state toxicologist.
23	(7) A certified representative of the Medicaid retrospective and
24	prospective drug utilization review program.
25	(8) A substance abuse assistance program for a licensed health
26	care provider who:
27	(\hat{A}) has prescriptive authority under IC 25; and
28	(B) is participating in the assistance program.
29	(9) An individual who holds a valid temporary medical permit
30	issued under IC 25-22.5-5-4 or a temporary fellowship permit
31	<i>issued</i> under IC 25-22.5-5-4.6.
32	(10) Beginning July 1, 2016, a county coroner conducting a
33	medical investigation of the cause of death.
34	(e) Information provided to an individual under:
35	(1) subsection (d)(3) is limited to information:
36	(A) concerning an individual or proceeding involving the
37	unlawful diversion or misuse of a schedule II, III, IV, or V
38	controlled substance; and
38 39	·
39 40	(B) that will assist in an investigation or proceeding; and (2) subsection $(d)(4)$ may be released only for the nurmose of
	(2) subsection (d)(4) may be released only for the purpose of:
41	(A) providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment; or
42	(B) evaluating the need for providing medical or



1	pharmaceutical treatment to a patient.
2	(f) Before the board releases confidential information under
3	subsection (d), the applicant must be approved by the INSPECT
4	program in a manner prescribed by the board.
5	(g) The board may release to:
6	(1) a member of the board or another governing body that licenses
7	practitioners;
8	(2) an investigator for the consumer protection division of the
9	office of the attorney general, a prosecuting attorney, the attorney
10	general, a deputy attorney general, or an investigator from the
11	office of the attorney general; or
12	(3) a law enforcement officer who is:
13	(A) authorized by the state police department to receive
14	ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or controlled substance
15	prescription drug information; and
16	(B) approved by the board to receive the type of information
17	released;
18	confidential information generated from computer records that
19	identifies practitioners who are prescribing or dispensing large
20	quantities of a controlled substance.
21	(h) The information described in subsection (g) may not be released
22	until it has been reviewed by:
23	(1) a member of the board who is licensed in the same profession
24	as the prescribing or dispensing practitioner identified by the data;
25	or
26	(2) the board's designee;
27	and until that member or the designee has certified that further
28	investigation is warranted. However, failure to comply with this
29	subsection does not invalidate the use of any evidence that is otherwise
30	admissible in a proceeding described in subsection (i).
31	(i) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving
32	confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (g) may disclose
33	the information to a law enforcement officer or an attorney for the
34	office of the attorney general for use as evidence in the following:
35	(1) A proceeding under IC 16-42-20.
36	(2) A proceeding under any state or federal law that involves
37	ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or a controlled substance.
38	(3) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile court that
39	involves ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or a controlled substance.
40	(j) The board may compile statistical reports from the information
41	described in subsection (a). The reports must not include information
42	that identifies any practitioner, ultimate user, or other person



1	administering ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or a controlled substance.
2	Statistical reports compiled under this subsection are public records.
3	(k) Except as provided in IC 25-22.5-13, this section may not be
4	construed to require a practitioner to obtain information about a patient
5	from the data base.
6	(1) A practitioner who checks the INSPECT program for the
7	available data on a patient is immune from civil liability for an injury,
8	death, or loss to a person solely due to a practitioner:
9	(1) seeking or not seeking information from the INSPECT
10	program; and
11	(2) in good faith using the information for the treatment of the
12	patient.
13	The civil immunity described in this subsection does not extend to a
14	practitioner if the practitioner receives information directly from the
15	INSPECT program and then negligently misuses this information. This
16	subsection does not apply to an act or omission that is a result of gross
17	negligence or intentional misconduct.
18	(m) The board may review the records of the INSPECT program. If
19	the board determines that a violation of the law may have occurred, the
20	board shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency or the
21	relevant government body responsible for the licensure, regulation, or
22	discipline of practitioners authorized by law to prescribe controlled
23	substances.
24	(n) A practitioner who in good faith discloses information based on
25	a report from the INSPECT program to a law enforcement agency is
26	immune from criminal or civil liability. A practitioner that discloses
27	information to a law enforcement agency under this subsection is
28	presumed to have acted in good faith.
29	(o) A practitioner's agent may act as a delegate and check
30	INSPECT program reports on behalf of the practitioner.
31	(p) A patient may access a report from the INSPECT program that
32	has been included in the patient's medical file by a practitioner.
33	SECTION 120. IC 36-7-14-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.204-2016,
34	SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) The redevelopment commissioners shall
36	hold a meeting for the purpose of organization not later than thirty (30)
37	days after they are appointed and, after that, each year on a day that is
38	not a Saturday, a Sunday, or a legal holiday and that is their first
39	meeting day of the year. They shall choose one (1) of their members as
40	president, another as vice president, and another as secretary. These
41	officers shall perform the duties usually pertaining to their offices and
42	shall serve from the date of their election until their successors are



1 elected and qualified.

2 (b) The fiscal officer of the unit establishing a redevelopment 3 commission is the treasurer of the redevelopment commission. 4 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, but subject to 5 subsection (c), the treasurer has charge over and is responsible for the 6 administration, investment, and disbursement of all funds and accounts 7 of the redevelopment commission in accordance with the requirements 8 of state laws that apply to other funds and accounts administered by the 9 fiscal officer. The treasurer shall report annually to the redevelopment commission before April 1. 10

(c) The treasurer of the redevelopment commission may disburse 11 funds of the redevelopment commission only after the redevelopment 12 13 commission allows and approves the disbursement. However, the redevelopment commission may, by rule or resolution, authorize the 14 15 treasurer to make certain types of disbursements before the redevelopment commission's allowance and approval at its next regular 16 17 meeting. 18

(d) The following apply to funds of the redevelopment commission:

19 (1) The funds must be accounted for separately by the unit 20 establishing the redevelopment commission and the daily balance 21 of the funds must be maintained in a separate ledger statement.

22 (2) Except as provided in subsection (e), all funds designated as 23 redevelopment commission funds must be accessible to the 24 redevelopment commission at any time.

25 (3) The amount of the daily balance of redevelopment 26 commission funds may not be below zero (0) at any time.

27 (4) The funds may not be maintained or used in a manner that is 28 intended to avoid the wavier waiver procedures and requirements 29 for a unit and the redevelopment commission under subsection 30 (e).

(e) If the fiscal body of a unit determines that it is necessary to engage in short term borrowing until the next tax collection period, the fiscal body of the unit may request approval from the redevelopment commission to waive the requirement in subsection (d)(2). In order to waive the requirement under subsection (d)(2), the fiscal body of the unit and the redevelopment commission must adopt similar resolutions that set forth:

(1) the amount of the funds designated as redevelopment commission funds that are no longer accessible to the redevelopment commission under the waiver; and

41 (2) an expiration date for the waiver.

42 If a loan is made to a unit from funds designated as redevelopment





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funds, the loan must be repaid by the unit and the funds made 2 accessible to the redevelopment commission not later than the end of 3 the calendar year in which the funds are received by the unit.

(f) Subsections (d) and (e) do not restrict transfers or uses by a redevelopment commission made to meet commitments under a written agreement of the redevelopment commission that was entered into before January 1, 2016, if the written agreement complied with the requirements existing under the law at the time the redevelopment commission entered into the written agreement.

10 (g) The redevelopment commissioners may adopt the rules and bylaws they consider necessary for the proper conduct of their 11 proceedings, the carrying out of their duties, and the safeguarding of 12 13 the money and property placed in their custody by this chapter. In addition to the annual meeting, the commissioners may, by resolution 14 15 or in accordance with their rules and bylaws, prescribe the date and manner of notice of other regular or special meetings. 16

17 (h) This subsection does not apply to a county redevelopment commission that consists of seven (7) members. Three (3) of the 18 19 redevelopment commissioners constitute a quorum, and the 20 concurrence of three (3) commissioners is necessary to authorize any 21 action.

(i) This subsection applies only to a county redevelopment commission that consists of seven (7) members. Four (4) of the redevelopment commissioners constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of four (4) commissioners is necessary to authorize any action.

SECTION 121. IC 36-7-14-39, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2016, SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 39. (a) As used in this section:

"Allocation area" means that part of a redevelopment project area to which an allocation provision of a declaratory resolution adopted under section 15 of this chapter refers for purposes of distribution and allocation of property taxes.

"Base assessed value" means the following:

(1) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1995, in a declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory resolution establishing an economic development area:

38 (A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally 39 determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the 40 effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory 41 resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus

42 (B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the net

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1	assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
2 3	property under the rules of the department of local government
	finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the
4	effective date of the allocation provision.
5	(2) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1997, in a
6	declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
7	resolution establishing a redevelopment project area:
8	(A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
9	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding
10	the effective date of the allocation provision of the
11	declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus
12	(B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the net
13	assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
14	property under the rules of the department of local government
15	finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the
16	effective date of the allocation provision.
17	(3) If:
18	(A) an allocation provision adopted before June 30, 1995, in
19	a declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
20	resolution establishing a redevelopment project area expires
20	after June 30, 1997; and
22	(B) after June 30, 1997, a new allocation provision is included
22	in an amendment to the declaratory resolution;
23	the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for
25	the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of
26	the allocation provision adopted after June 30, 1997, as adjusted
20 27	under subsection (h).
28	(4) Except as provided in subdivision (5), for all other allocation
28 29	areas, the net assessed value of all the property as finally
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30 31	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
31	effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
	resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h).
33	(5) If an allocation area established in an economic development
34	area before July 1, 1995, is expanded after June 30, 1995, the
35	definition in subdivision (1) applies to the expanded part of the
36	area added after June 30, 1995.
37	(6) If an allocation area established in a redevelopment project
38	area before July 1, 1997, is expanded after June 30, 1997, the
39	definition in subdivision (2) applies to the expanded part of the
40	area added after June 30, 1997.
41	Except as provided in section 39.3 of this chapter, "property taxes"
42	means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real property. However, upon



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approval by a resolution of the redevelopment commission adopted before June 1, 1987, "property taxes" also includes taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on depreciable personal property. If a redevelopment commission adopted before June 1, 1987, a resolution to include within the definition of property taxes, taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on depreciable personal property that has a useful life in excess of eight (8) years, the commission may by resolution determine the percentage of taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property that will be included within the definition of property taxes. However, the percentage included must not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property.

12 (b) A declaratory resolution adopted under section 15 of this chapter 13 on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (i) 14 may include a provision with respect to the allocation and distribution 15 of property taxes for the purposes and in the manner provided in this section. A declaratory resolution previously adopted may include an 16 17 allocation provision by the amendment of that declaratory resolution on 18 or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (i) in 19 accordance with the procedures required for its original adoption. A 20 declaratory resolution or amendment that establishes an allocation 21 provision must include a specific finding of fact, supported by 22 evidence, that the adoption of the allocation provision will result in 23 new property taxes in the area that would not have been generated but 24 for the adoption of the allocation provision. For an allocation area 25 established before July 1, 1995, the expiration date of any allocation 26 provisions for the allocation area is June 30, 2025, or the last date of 27 any obligations that are outstanding on July 1, 2015, whichever is later. 28 A declaratory resolution or an amendment that establishes an allocation 29 provision after June 30, 1995, must specify an expiration date for the 30 allocation provision. For an allocation area established before July 1, 31 2008, the expiration date may not be more than thirty (30) years after 32 the date on which the allocation provision is established. For an 33 allocation area established after June 30, 2008, the expiration date may 34 not be more than twenty-five (25) years after the date on which the first 35 obligation was incurred to pay principal and interest on bonds or lease 36 rentals on leases payable from tax increment revenues. However, with respect to bonds or other obligations that were issued before July 1, 37 38 2008, if any of the bonds or other obligations that were scheduled when 39 issued to mature before the specified expiration date and that are 40 payable only from allocated tax proceeds with respect to the allocation 41 area remain outstanding as of the expiration date, the allocation 42 provision does not expire until all of the bonds or other obligations are

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1	no longer outstanding. The allocation provision may apply to all or part
2	of the redevelopment project area. The allocation provision must
3	require that any property taxes subsequently levied by or for the benefit
4	of any public body entitled to a distribution of property taxes on taxable
5	property in the allocation area be allocated and distributed as follows:
6	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the proceeds of
7	the taxes attributable to the lesser of:
8	(A) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date
9	with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made;
10	or
11	(B) the base assessed value;
12	shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of
13	the respective taxing units.
14	(2) The excess of the proceeds of the property taxes imposed for
15	the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and
16	distribution is made that are attributable to taxes imposed after
17	being approved by the voters in a referendum or local public
18	question conducted after April 30, 2010, not otherwise included
19	in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid
20	into the funds of the taxing unit for which the referendum or local
21	public question was conducted.
22	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax
23	proceeds in excess of those described in subdivisions (1) and (2)
24	shall be allocated to the redevelopment district and, when
25	collected, paid into an allocation fund for that allocation area that
26	may be used by the redevelopment district only to do one (1) or
27	more of the following:
28	(A) Pay the principal of and interest on any obligations
29	payable solely from allocated tax proceeds which are incurred
30	by the redevelopment district for the purpose of financing or
31	refinancing the redevelopment of that allocation area.
32	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for
33	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in
34	that allocation area.
35	(C) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds payable from
36	allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area and from the
37	special tax levied under section 27 of this chapter.
38	(D) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the
39	unit to pay for local public improvements that are physically
40	located in or physically connected to that allocation area.
41	(E) Pay premiums on the redemption before maturity of bonds
42	payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that



1	allocation area.
2 3 4	(F) Make payments on leases payable from allocated tax
3	proceeds in that allocation area under section 25.2 of this
	chapter.
5	(G) Reimburse the unit for expenditures made by it for local
6	public improvements (which include buildings, parking
7	facilities, and other items described in section 25.1(a) of this
8	chapter) that are physically located in or physically connected
9	to that allocation area.
10	(H) Reimburse the unit for rentals paid by it for a building or
11	parking facility that is physically located in or physically
12	connected to that allocation area under any lease entered into
13	under IC 36-1-10.
14	(I) For property taxes first due and payable before January 1,
15	2009, pay all or a part of a property tax replacement credit to
16	taxpayers in an allocation area as determined by the
17	redevelopment commission. This credit equals the amount
18	determined under the following STEPS for each taxpayer in a
19	taxing district (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-20) that contains all or
20	part of the allocation area:
21	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts
22	under IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A)$, IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)$,
23	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(3)$, IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(4)$, and
24	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(5)$ (before their repeal) that is attributable to
25	the taxing district.
26	STEP TWO: Divide:
27	(i) that part of each county's eligible property tax
28	replacement amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its
29	repeal)) for that year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4
30	(before its repeal) that is attributable to the taxing district;
31	by
32	(ii) the STEP ONE sum.
33	STEP THREE: Multiply:
34	(i) the STEP TWO quotient; times
35	(ii) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in
36	IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its repeal)) levied in the taxing district
37	that have been allocated during that year to an allocation
38	fund under this section.
39	If not all the taxpayers in an allocation area receive the credit
40	in full, each taxpayer in the allocation area is entitled to
41	receive the same proportion of the credit. A taxpayer may not
42	receive a credit under this section and a credit under section



1	39.5 of this chapter (before its repeal) in the same year.
	(J) Pay expenses incurred by the redevelopment commission
3	for local public improvements that are in the allocation area or
2 3 4	serving the allocation area. Public improvements include
5	buildings, parking facilities, and other items described in
6	section 25.1(a) of this chapter.
7	(K) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses
8	incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that are
9	located:
10	(i) in the allocation area; and
11	(ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as
12	industrial property under the rules of the department of local
13	government finance.
14	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in
15	any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the
16	allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the
17	industrial facilities described in this clause. The
18	reimbursements under this clause must be made within three
19	(3) years after the date on which the investments that are the
20	basis for the increment financing are made.
20 21	(L) Pay the costs of carrying out an eligible efficiency project
22	(as defined in IC 36-9-41-1.5) within the unit that established
23	the redevelopment commission. However, property tax
23	proceeds may be used under this clause to pay the costs of
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23 26	carrying out an eligible efficiency project only if those
	property tax proceeds exceed the amount necessary to do the
27	following:
28	(i) Make, when due, any payments required under clauses
29	(A) through (K), including any payments of principal and
30	interest on bonds and other obligations payable under this
31	subdivision, any payments of premiums under this
32	subdivision on the redemption before maturity of bonds, and
33	any payments on leases payable under this subdivision.
34	(ii) Make any reimbursements required under this
35	subdivision.
36	(iii) Pay any expenses required under this subdivision.
37	(iv) Establish, augment, or restore any debt service reserve
38	under this subdivision.
39	(M) Expend money and provide financial assistance as
40	authorized in section $12.2(a)(27)$ of this chapter.
41	The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of the
42	commission.
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1	(4) Except as provided in subsection (g), before June 15 of each
2	year, the commission shall do the following:
3	(A) Determine the amount, if any, by which the assessed value
4	of the taxable property in the allocation area for the most
5	recent assessment date minus the base assessed value, when
6	multiplied by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area, will
7	exceed the amount of assessed value needed to produce the
8	property taxes necessary to make, when due, principal and
9	interest payments on bonds described in subdivision (3), plus
10	the amount necessary for other purposes described in
11	subdivision (3).
12	(B) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fiscal
13	body of the county or municipality that established the
14	department of redevelopment, the officers who are authorized
15	to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for
16	each of the other taxing units that is wholly or partly located
17	within the allocation area, and (in an electronic format) the
18	department of local government finance. The notice must:
19	(i) state the amount, if any, of excess assessed value that the
20	commission has determined may be allocated to the
20	respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
21	subdivision (1); or
22	(ii) state that the commission has determined that there is no
23 24	excess assessed value that may be allocated to the respective
2 4 25	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).
23 26	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units
20 27	the amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
28	commission. The commission may not authorize an allocation
28 29	of assessed value to the respective taxing units under this
29 30	subdivision if to do so would endanger the interests of the
31	holders of bonds described in subdivision (3) or lessors under
32	section 25.3 of this chapter.
32 33	(C) If:
33 34	
	(i) the amount of excess assessed value determined by the
35	commission is expected to generate more than two hundred
36	percent (200%) of the amount of allocated tax proceeds
37	necessary to make, when due, principal and interest
38	payments on bonds described in subdivision (3); plus
39 40	(ii) the amount necessary for other purposes described in
40	subdivision (3);
41	the commission shall submit to the legislative body of the unit
42	its determination of the excess assessed value that the



1 commission proposes to allocate to the respective taxing units 2 in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1). The legislative 3 body of the unit may approve the commission's determination 4 or modify the amount of the excess assessed value that will be 5 allocated to the respective taxing units in the manner 6 prescribed in subdivision (1). (c) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any taxing 7 8 unit or units, the assessed value of taxable property in a territory in the 9 allocation area that is annexed by any taxing unit after the effective 10 date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution is the 11 lesser of: 12 (1) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with 13 respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or 14 (2) the base assessed value. 15 (d) Property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment district under subsection (b)(3) may, subject to subsection (b)(4), be 16 17 irrevocably pledged by the redevelopment district for payment as set forth in subsection (b)(3). 18 19 (e) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upon 20 petition of the redevelopment commission, reassess the taxable 21 property situated upon or in, or added to, the allocation area, effective 22 on the next assessment date after the petition. 23 (f) Notwithstanding any other law, the assessed value of all taxable 24 property in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation, property 25 tax replacement, and formulation of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy for each political subdivision in which the property is located is the 26 27 lesser of: 28 (1) the assessed value of the property as valued without regard to 29 this section; or 30 (2) the base assessed value. 31 (g) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone 32 created under IC 5-28-15, the unit that designated the allocation area 33 shall create funds as specified in this subsection. A unit that has 34 obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under 35 subsection (b)(3) shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) and a special zone fund. Such a unit 36 37 shall, until the end of the enterprise zone phase out period, deposit each 38 year in the special zone fund any amount in the allocation fund derived 39 from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection 40 (b)(1) and (b)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone that 41 exceeds the amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection 42 (b)(3) for the year. The amount sufficient for purposes specified in



1 subsection (b)(3) for the year shall be determined based on the pro rata 2 portion of such current property tax proceeds from the part of the 3 enterprise zone that is within the allocation area as compared to all 4 such current property tax proceeds derived from the allocation area. A 5 unit that has no obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax 6 proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish a special zone fund 7 and deposit all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described 8 in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) in the fund derived from property tax 9 proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2)10 from property located in the enterprise zone. The unit that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund (based on the recommendations of 11 12 the urban enterprise association) for programs in job training, job 13 enrichment, and basic skill development that are designed to benefit 14 residents and employers in the enterprise zone or other purposes 15 specified in subsection (b)(3), except that where reference is made in subsection (b)(3) to allocation area it shall refer for purposes of 16 17 payments from the special zone fund only to that part of the allocation 18 area that is also located in the enterprise zone. Those programs shall 19 reserve at least one-half (1/2) of their enrollment in any session for 20 residents of the enterprise zone.

21 (h) The state board of accounts and department of local government 22 finance shall make the rules and prescribe the forms and procedures 23 that they consider expedient for the implementation of this chapter. 24 After each general reassessment of real property in an area under 25 IC 6-1.1-4-4 and after each reassessment in an area under a 26 reassessment plan prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, the department of 27 local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) 28 time to neutralize any effect of the reassessment of the real property in 29 the area on the property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment 30 district under this section. After each annual adjustment under 31 IC 6-1.1-4-4.5, the department of local government finance shall adjust 32 the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the 33 annual adjustment on the property tax proceeds allocated to the 34 redevelopment district under this section. However, the adjustments 35 under this subsection: 36

(1) may not include the effect of phasing in assessed value due to property tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1;

(2) may not produce less property tax proceeds allocable to the
redevelopment district under subsection (b)(3) than would
otherwise have been received if the general reassessment, the
reassessment under the reassessment plan, or the annual
adjustment had not occurred; and

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1	(3) may decrease base assessed value only to the extent that
2	assessed values in the allocation area have been decreased due to
3	annual adjustments or the reassessment under the reassessment
4	plan.
5	Assessed value increases attributable to the application of an abatement
6	schedule under IC 6-1.1-12.1 may not be included in the base assessed
7	value of an allocation area. The department of local government
8	finance may prescribe procedures for county and township officials to
9	follow to assist the department in making the adjustments.
10	(i) The allocation deadline referred to in subsection (b) is
11	determined in the following manner:
12	(1) The initial allocation deadline is December 31, 2011.
13	(2) Subject to subdivision (3), the initial allocation deadline and
14	subsequent allocation deadlines are automatically extended in
15	increments of five (5) years, so that allocation deadlines
16	subsequent to the initial allocation deadline fall on December 31,
17	2016, and December 31 of each fifth year thereafter.
18	(3) At least one (1) year before the date of an allocation deadline
19	determined under subdivision (2), the general assembly may enact
20	a law that:
20	(A) terminates the automatic extension of allocation deadlines
22	under subdivision (2); and
23	(B) specifically designates a particular date as the final
24	allocation deadline.
25	SECTION 122. IC 36-7-15.1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY
26	P.L.204-2016, SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.5. (a) The
28	controller of the consolidated city is the fiscal officer of a commission
29	subject to this chapter.
30	(b) The controller may obtain financial services on a contractual
31	basis for purposes of carrying out the powers and duties of the
32	commission and protecting the public interests related to the operations
33	and funding of the commission. Subject to subsection (c), the controller
34	has charge over and is responsible for the administration, investment,
35	and disbursement of all funds and accounts of the commission in
36	accordance with the requirements of state law that apply to other funds
37	and accounts administered by the controller.
38	(c) The controller may disburse funds of the commission only after
39	the commission allows and approves the disbursement. However, the
40	commission may, by rule or resolution, authorize the controller to make
41	certain types of disbursements before the commission's allowance and
42	approval at its next regular meeting.
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1	(d) The following apply to funds of the redevelopment commission:
2	(1) The funds must be accounted for separately by the unit
3	establishing the redevelopment commission and the daily balance
4	of the funds must be maintained in a separate ledger statement.
5	(2) Except as provided in subsection (e), all funds designated as
6	redevelopment commission funds must be accessible to the
7	redevelopment commission ranges must be decessible to the
8	(3) The amount of the daily balance of redevelopment
9	commission funds shall be not below zero (0) at any time.
10	(4) The funds may not be maintained or used in a manner that is
11	intended to avoid the wavier waiver procedures and requirements
12	for a unit and the redevelopment commission under subsection
12	(e).
14	(e) If the fiscal body of the unit determines that it is necessary to
15	engage in short-term borrowing until the next tax collection period, the
16	fiscal body of the unit may request approval from the redevelopment
17	commission to waive the requirement in subsection $(d)(2)$. In order to
18	waive the requirement under subsection $(d)(2)$, the fiscal body of the
19	unit and the redevelopment commission must adopt similar resolutions
20	that set forth:
21	(1) the amount of the funds designated as redevelopment
22	commission funds that are no longer accessible to the
23	redevelopment commission under the waiver; and
24	(2) an expiration date for the waiver.
25	If a loan is made to a unit from funds designated as redevelopment
26	funds, the loan must be repaid by the unit and the funds made
27	accessible to the redevelopment commission not later than the end of
28	the calendar year in which the funds are received by the unit.
29	(f) Subsections (d) and (e) do not restrict transfers or uses by a
30	redevelopment commission made to meet commitments under a written
31	agreement of the redevelopment commission that was entered into
32	before January 1, 2016, if the written agreement complied with the
33	requirements existing under the law at the time the redevelopment
34	commission entered into the written agreement.
35	SECTION 123. IC 36-7-27-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2016,
36	SECTION 131, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
37	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) The treasurer of state
38	shall establish an incremental income tax financing fund for the county.
39	The fund shall be administered by the treasurer of state. Money in the
40	fund does not revert to the state general fund at the end of a state fiscal
41	year.
42	(b) Before July 2 of each calendar year, the department, after



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1 reviewing the recommendation of the budget agency, shall estimate and 2 certify to the county auditor the amount of incremental income tax for 3 the tax areas in the county that will be collected from that county 4 during the twelve (12) month period beginning July 1 of that calendar 5 year and ending June 30 of the following calendar year. The amount 6 certified shall be deposited into the fund and shall be distributed on the 7 dates specified in subsection (e) for the following calendar year. The 8 amount certified may be adjusted under subsection (c) or (d). 9 Taxpayers operating in the tax area shall report annually, in the manner 10 and in the form prescribed by the department, information that the department determines necessary to calculate the incremental income 11 12 tax amount. A taxpayer operating in the tax area that files a consolidated tax return with the department also shall file annually an 13 informational return with the department for each business location of 14 15 the taxpayer within the tax area. If a taxpayer fails to report the information required by this section, the department shall use the best 16 17 information available in calculating the amount of incremental income 18 taxes. 19

(c) The department may certify to the county an amount that is
greater than the estimated twelve (12) month incremental income tax
collection if the department, after reviewing the recommendation of the
budget agency, determines that there will be a greater amount of
incremental income tax available for distribution from the fund.

(d) The department may certify an amount less than the estimated
twelve (12) month incremental income tax collection if the department,
after reviewing the recommendation of the budget agency, determines
that a part of those collections need to be distributed during the current
calendar year so that the county will receive its full certified amount for
the current calendar year.

30 (e) The auditor of state shall disburse the certified amount to the
31 commission in equal semiannual installments on May 31 and
32 November 30 of each year.

(f) Money in the fund may be pledged by the commission to the
following purposes:
(1) To pay debt service on the bonds issued under section 14 of

(1) To pay debt service on the bonds issued under section 14 of this chapter.

(2) To pay lease rentals under section 14 of this chapter.

38 (3) To establish and maintain a debt service reserve established
39 by the commission or by a lessor that provides local public

by the commission or by a lessor that provides local public improvements to the commission.

41 (g) When money in the fund is sufficient when combined with other42 sources of payment to pay all outstanding principal and interest or lease

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1 rentals to the date on which the obligations can be redeemed on 2 obligations of the commission for a local public improvement in the 3 county, no additional incremental income tax for that project shall be 4 deposited in the fund and local covered local income taxes shall be 5 distributed as provided in IC 6-3.6-9. SECTION 124. IC 36-7-38-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.211-2016, 6 7 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 8 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The legislative body of an eligible unit 9 may adopt an ordinance: 10 (1) establishing a body corporate and politic; or (2) directing the executive of the eligible unit to organize a 11 12 nonprofit corporation under IC 23-17; as an independent instrumentality exercising essential governmental 13 14 functions. The primary purpose of an entity established under this 15 subsection is to manage and improve the marketability of distressed 16 real property located in the territory of the eligible unit. 17 (b) The legislative body shall specify the following in the ordinance: 18 (1) The name of the entity. 19 (2) The number of board members, subject to section 34 of this 20 chapter. 21 (c) The territory of a land bank established by a county is all the 22 territory of the county, except for the territory of any second class city 23 in the county that has established a land bank. 24 SECTION 125. IC 36-7.5-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON 25 PASSAGE]. (Northwest Indiana Regional Development 26 Authority-Miscellaneous Study and Reporting). 27 SECTION 126. IC 36-8-16.7-32, AS AMENDED BY P.L.36-2016, 28 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 29 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 32. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) 30 and (d), and subject to section 48(e) of this chapter, the board shall 31 assess a monthly statewide 911 fee on each standard user that is a 32 customer having a place of primary use in Indiana at a rate that ensures 33 full recovery of the amount needed for the board to make distributions 34 to county treasurers consistent with this chapter and that provides for 35 the proper development, operation, and maintenance of a statewide 911 36 system. The amount of the fee assessed under this subsection is one 37 dollar (\$1). The board may adjust the statewide 911 fee to ensure 38 adequate revenue for the board to fulfill the board's duties and 39 obligations under this chapter, subject to the following: 40 (1) The following apply to an increase in the fee: 41 (A) The board may increase the fee only one (1) time after 42

June 30, 2015, and before July 1, 2020.



1	(B) The board may increase the fee only after review by the
2	budget committee.
3	(C) If the board increases the fee, the amount of the increase
4	must be ten cents (\$0.10).
5	(2) The fee may not be lowered more than one (1) time in a
6	calendar year.
7	(3) The fee may not be lowered by an amount that is more than
8	ten cents (\$0.10) without legislative approval.
9	(b) The fee assessed under this section does not apply to a prepaid
10	user in a retail transaction under IC 36-8-16.6.
11	(c) An additional fee relating to the provision of 911 service may
12	not be levied by a state agency or local unit of government. An
13	enhanced prepaid wireless charge (as defined in IC 36-8-16.6-4) is not
14	considered an additional fee relating to the provision of wireless 911
15	service for purposes of this section.
16	(d) A user is exempt from the fee if the user is any of the following:
17	(1) The federal government or an agency of the federal
18	government.
19	(2) The state or an agency or instrumentality of the state.
20	(3) A political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) or an
21	agency of a political subdivision.
22	(4) A user that accesses communications service solely through
23	a wireless data only service plan.
24	(e) This subsection applies to an eligible telecommunications carrier
25	for purposes of receiving Lifeline reimbursement from the universal
26	service fund through the administrator designated by the Federal
27	Communications Commission. An eligible telecommunications carrier:
28	(1) is not considered an agency of the federal government for
29	purposes of the exemption set forth in subsection (d); and
30	(2) with respect to communications service provided to end users
31	by the eligible telecommunications carrier in its capacity as an
32	eligible telecommunications carrier, is liable for the fee assessed
33	under subsection (f).
34	(f) Beginning September 1, 2015, and on the first day of each month
35	thereafter, an eligible telecommunications carrier described in
36	subsection (e) shall pay to the board a fee equal to the product of the
37	following factors:
38	(1) The monthly statewide 911 fee established under subsection
39	(a).
40	(2) The number of unique end users for which the eligible
41	telecommunications carrier received reimbursement from the
42	universal service fund during the immediately preceding month.



1 The eligible telecommunications carrier may bill and collect from each 2 end user the fees calculated under this subsection with respect to the 3 end user. The eligible telecommunications carrier shall determine the 4 manner in which the provider eligible telecommunications carrier 5 bills and collects the fees. Except as provided in section 33(c) of this chapter, an eligible telecommunications carrier may not bill and collect 6 7 from an end user an amount greater than the fees paid by the eligible 8 telecommunications carrier to the board with respect to the end user. 9 SECTION 127. P.L.100-2016, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO 10 READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: SECTION 4. (a) IC 6-1.1-12-14.5, as added by this act, and IC 6-1.1-12-13, 11 12 IC 6-1.1-12-14 and IC 6-1.1-12-37, all both as amended by this act, 13 apply to assessment dates after December 31, 2016. 14 (b) This SECTION expires January 1, 2020. 15 SECTION 128. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) This act may 16 be referred to as the "technical corrections bill of the 2017 general 17 assembly". 18 (b) The phrase "technical corrections bill of the 2017 general 19 assembly" may be used in the lead-in line of an act other than this 20 act to identify provisions added, amended, or repealed by this act 21 that are also amended or repealed in the other act. 22 (c) This SECTION expires December 31, 2017. 23 SECTION 129. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) This 24 SECTION applies if a provision of the Indiana Code is: 25 (1) added or amended by this act; and 26 (2) repealed by another act without recognizing the existence 27 of the amendment made by this act by an appropriate 28 reference in the lead-in line of the SECTION of the other act 29 repealing the same provision of the Indiana Code. 30 (b) As used in this SECTION, "other act" refers to an act 31 enacted in the 2017 session of the general assembly other than this 32 act. "Another act" has a corresponding meaning. 33 (c) Except as provided in subsections (d) and (e), a provision 34 repealed by another act shall be considered repealed, regardless of 35 whether there is a difference in the effective date of the provision 36 added or amended by this act and the provision repealed by the 37 other act. Except as provided in subsection (d), the lawful 38 compilers of the Indiana Code, in publishing the affected Indiana 39 Code provision, shall publish only the version of the Indiana Code 40 provision that is repealed by the other act. The history line for an 41 Indiana Code provision that is repealed by the other act must 42

reference that act.



1 (d) This subsection applies if a provision described in subsection 2 (a) that is added or amended by this act takes effect before the 3 corresponding provision repeal in the other act. The lawful compilers of the Indiana Code, in publishing the provision added 4 5 or amended in this act, shall publish that version of the provision 6 and note that the provision is effective until the effective date of the 7 corresponding provision repeal in the other act. On and after the 8 effective date of the corresponding provision repeal in the other 9 act, the provision repealed by the other act shall be considered 10 repealed, regardless of whether there is a difference in the effective 11 date of the provision added or amended by this act and the 12 provision repealed by the other act. The lawful compilers of the 13 Indiana Code, in publishing the affected Indiana Code provision, 14 shall publish the version of the Indiana Code provision that is 15 repealed by the other act, and shall note that this version of the 16 provision is effective on the effective date of the repealed provision 17 of the other act. 18 (e) If, during the same year, two (2) or more other acts repeal

the same Indiana Code provision as the Indiana Code provision
added or amended by this act, the lawful compilers of the Indiana
Code, in publishing the Indiana Code provision, shall follow the
principles set forth in this SECTION.

- 23 (f) This SECTION expires December 31, 2017.
- 24 SECTION 130. An emergency is declared for this act.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill 1181, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 146, delete lines 10 through 42. Delete pages 147 through 151. Page 152, delete lines 1 through 5. Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1181 as introduced.)

STEUERWALD

Committee Vote: yeas 10, nays 0.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1181 be amended to read as follows:

Page 10, line 30, reset in italics "(o)".

Page 10, line 30, reset in roman ""Private university police department" means the police".

Page 10, reset in roman lines 31 through 32.

Page 10, line 33, reset in italics "(p)".

Page 10, line 33, delete "(o)".

Page 10, line 38, reset in italics "(q)".

Page 10, line 38, delete "(p)".

Page 12, reset in italics lines 1 through 4.

Page 12, line 5, reset in italics "(r)".

Page 12, line 5, delete "(q)".

Page 12, line 12, reset in italics "(s)".

Page 12, line 12, delete "(r)".

Page 12, line 16, reset in italics "(t)".

Page 12, line 16, delete "(s)".

Page 12, line 17, reset in italics "(u)".

Page 12, line 17, delete "(t)".

Page 12, delete lines 27 through 42.





Delete pages 13 through 19. Page 20, delete lines 1 through 14. Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1181 as printed February 7, 2017.)

KERSEY

