HOUSE BILL No. 1195

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 11-10; IC 11-12; IC 11-13-3-4; IC 12-23-18-7; IC 33-23-16-24.5; IC 33-39-1-8; IC 35-38-2-2.3.

Synopsis: Treatment of opioid and alcohol abuse. Provides that addictions counseling, inpatient detoxification, and the administration of Vivitrol or a similar substance may be required to treat opioid or alcohol addiction as a condition of parole, probation, community corrections, pretrial diversion, or participation in a problem solving court. Provides that the division of mental health and addiction may consider the administration of Vivitrol or a similar substance as an alternative to methadone treatment.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

McNamara, Steuerwald, Davisson, Pierce

January 12, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.



First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1195

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning corrections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

VS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. The administration
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by the department for the purpose of controlling a mental or
al disorder is subject to the following requirements:
The particular drug must be prescribed by a physician who has
mined the offender.
The drug must be administered by either a physician or
lified medical personnel under the direct supervision of a
sician.
The offender must be periodically observed, during the
ation of the drug's effect, by qualified medical personnel.
A drug may be administered for a period longer than
enty-two (72) hours only if the administration is part of a
chotherapeutic program of treatment prescribed and detailed
riting by a physician.
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1	(5) A drug may be administered for the purpose of controlling
2	substance abuse, including Vivitrol or a similar substance, for
3	alcohol or opioid abuse treatment.
4	SECTION 2. IC 11-10-11.5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.247-2013,
5	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11. (a) While assigned to a community transition
7	program, a person must comply with:
8	(1) the rules concerning the conduct of persons in the community
9	transition program, including rules related to payments described
10	in section 12 of this chapter, that are adopted by the community
11	corrections advisory board establishing the program or, in
12	counties that are not served by a community corrections program,
13	that are jointly adopted by the courts in the county with felony
14	jurisdiction; and
15	(2) any conditions established by the sentencing court for the
16	person.
17	(b) As a rule of the community transition program, a person
18	convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5.2) may not use a
19	social networking web site (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-307) or an
20	instant messaging or chat room program (as defined in
21	IC 35-31.5-2-173) to communicate, directly or through an intermediary,
22	with a child less than sixteen (16) years of age. However, the rules of
23	the community transition program may permit the offender to
24	communicate using a social networking web site or an instant
25	messaging or chat room program with:
26	(1) the offender's own child, stepchild, or sibling; or
27	(2) another relative of the offender specifically named in the rules
28	applicable to that person.
29	(c) As a rule of the community transition program, an individual
30	may be required to receive:
31	(1) addiction counseling;
32	(2) inpatient detoxification;
33	(3) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or
34	a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid abuse treatment.
35	SECTION 3. IC 11-12-1-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2014,
36 37	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2.5. (a) The community corrections programs
38 39	described in section 2 of this chapter shall use evidence based services,
39 40	programs, and practices that reduce the risk for recidivism among
41	persons who participate in the community corrections programs.
41	(b) The community corrections board may also coordinate or



operate:

(1)	educational;
(2)	mental health;

- (3) drug or alcohol abuse counseling; and
- (4) housing;

programs. In addition, the board may provide supervision services for persons described in section 2 of this chapter.

- (c) Drugs or alcohol services in subsection (b) may include:
 - (1) addiction counseling:
 - (2) inpatient detoxification; and
 - (3) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.

SECTION 4. IC 11-12-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014, SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) For the purpose of encouraging counties to develop a coordinated local corrections-criminal justice system and providing effective alternatives to imprisonment at the state level, the commissioner shall, out of funds appropriated for such purposes, make grants to counties for the establishment and operation of community corrections programs. Appropriations intended for this purpose may not be used by the department for any other purpose. Money appropriated to the department of correction for the purpose of making grants under this chapter and any financial aid payments suspended under section 6 of this chapter do not revert to the state general fund at the close of any fiscal year, but remain available to the department of correction for its use in making grants under this chapter.

- (b) Before March 1, 2015, the department shall estimate the amount of any operational cost savings that will be realized in the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, from a reduction in the number of individuals who are in the custody or made a ward of the department of correction (as described in IC 11-8-1-5) that is attributable to the sentencing changes made in HEA 1006-2014 as enacted in the 2014 session of the general assembly. The department shall make the estimate under this subsection based on the best available information. If the department estimates that operational cost savings described in this subsection will be realized in the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the following apply to the department:
 - (1) The department shall certify the estimated amount of operational cost savings that will be realized to the budget agency and to the auditor of state.
 - (2) The department may, after review by the budget committee and approval by the budget agency, make additional grants as provided in this chapter to counties for the establishment and



1	operation of community corrections programs from funds
2	appropriated to the department for the department's operating
3	expenses for the state fiscal year.
4	(3) The department may, after review by the budget committee
5	and approval by the budget agency, transfer funds appropriated to
6	the department for the department's operating expenses for the
7	state fiscal year to the judicial conference of Indiana to be used by
8	the judicial conference of Indiana to provide additional financial
9	aid for the support of court probation services under the program
10	established under IC 11-13-2.
11	(4) The maximum aggregate amount of additional grants and
12	transfers that may be made by the department under subdivisions
13	(2) and (3) for the state fiscal year may not exceed the lesser of:
14	(A) the amount of operational cost savings certified under
15	subdivision (1); or
16	(B) eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000).
17	Notwithstanding P.L.205-2013 (HEA 1001-2013), the amount of funds
18	necessary to make any additional grants authorized and approved under
19	this subsection and for any transfers authorized and approved under
20	this subsection, and for providing the additional financial aid to courts
21	from transfers authorized and approved under this subsection, is
22	appropriated for those purposes for the state fiscal year ending June 30,
23	2015, and the amount of the department's appropriation for operating
24	expenses for the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, is reduced by
25	a corresponding amount. This subsection expires June 30, 2015.
26	(c) The commissioner shall give priority in issuing community
27	corrections grants to programs that provide alternative sentencing
28	projects for persons with mental illness, addictive disorders, mental
29	retardation, and developmental disabilities. Programs for addictive
30	disorders may include:
31	(1) addiction counseling;
32	(2) inpatient detoxification; and
33	(3) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or
34	a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.
35	SECTION 5. IC 11-12-3.7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014
36	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11. (a) A person is eligible to participate in a
38	pre-conviction forensic diversion program only if the person meets the
39	following criteria:
40	(1) The person has a mental illness, an addictive disorder, or both
41	a mental illness and an addictive disorder.

(2) The person has been charged with an offense that is:



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1	(A) not a violent offense; and
2	(B) a Class A, B, or C misdemeanor, or a Level 6 felony that
3	may be reduced to a Class A misdemeanor in accordance with
4	IC 35-50-2-7.
5	(3) The person does not have a conviction for a violent offense in
6	the previous ten (10) years.
7	(4) The court has determined that the person is an appropriate
8	candidate to participate in a pre-conviction forensic diversion
9	program.
10	(5) The person has been accepted into a pre-conviction forensic
11	diversion program.
12	(b) Before an eligible person is permitted to participate in a
13	pre-conviction forensic diversion program, the court shall advise the
14	person of the following:
15	(1) Before the individual is permitted to participate in the
16	program, the individual will be required to enter a guilty plea to
17	the offense with which the individual has been charged.
18	(2) The court will stay entry of the judgment of conviction during
19	the time in which the individual is successfully participating in
20	the program. If the individual stops successfully participating in
21	the program, or does not successfully complete the program, the
21 22 23 24	court will lift its stay, enter a judgment of conviction, and
23	sentence the individual accordingly.
24	(3) If the individual participates in the program, the individual
25	may be required to remain in the program for a period not to
26 27	exceed three (3) years.
2/	(4) During treatment the individual may be confined in an
28	institution, be released for treatment in the community, receive
29	supervised aftercare in the community, or may be required to
30	receive a combination of these alternatives. Programs for
31	addictive disorders may include:
32	(A) addiction counseling;
33 34	(B) inpatient detoxification; and
34 35	(C) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol
36	or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.
37	(5) If the individual successfully completes the forensic diversion
38	program, the court will waive entry of the judgment of conviction and dismiss the charges.
39	C
59 40	(6) The court shall determine, after considering a report from the forensic diversion program, whether the individual is successfully
+0 41	participating in or has successfully completed the program.
+1 42	(c) Before an eligible person may participate in a pre-conviction
+∠	(c) before an engine person may participate in a pre-conviction



1	forensic diversion program, the person must plead guilty to the offense
2	with which the person is charged.
3	(d) Before an eligible person may be admitted to a facility under the
4	control of the division of mental health and addiction, the individual
5	must be committed to the facility under IC 12-26.
6	(e) After the person has pleaded guilty, the court shall stay entry of
7	judgment of conviction and place the person in the pre-conviction
8	forensic diversion program for not more than:
9	(1) two (2) years, if the person has been charged with a
10	misdemeanor; or
11	(2) three (3) years, if the person has been charged with a felony.
12	(f) If, after considering the report of the forensic diversion program,
13	the court determines that the person has:
14	(1) failed to successfully participate in the forensic diversion
15	program, or failed to successfully complete the program, the court
16	shall lift its stay, enter judgment of conviction, and sentence the
17	person accordingly; or
18	(2) successfully completed the forensic diversion program, the
19	court shall waive entry of the judgment of conviction and dismiss
20	the charges.
21	SECTION 6. IC 11-12-3.8-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
22	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1.5. For purposes of this
24	chapter,"substance abuse treatment" may include:
25	(1) addiction counseling;
26	(2) inpatient detoxification; and
27	(3) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or
28	a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.
29	SECTION 7. IC 11-13-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.114-2012,
30	SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) A condition to remaining on parole is that
32	the parolee not commit a crime during the period of parole.
33	(b) The parole board may also adopt, under IC 4-22-2, additional
34	conditions to remaining on parole and require a parolee to satisfy one
35	(1) or more of these conditions. These conditions must be reasonably
36	related to the parolee's successful reintegration into the community and
37	not unduly restrictive of a fundamental right.
38	(c) If a person is released on parole, the parolee shall be given a
39	written statement of the conditions of parole. Signed copies of this
40	statement shall be:
41	(1) retained by the parolee;
42	(2) forwarded to any person charged with the parolee's



1	supervision; and
2	(3) placed in the parolee's master file.
3	(d) The parole board may modify parole conditions if the parole
4	receives notice of that action and had ten (10) days after receipt of the
5	notice to express the parolee's views on the proposed modification
6	This subsection does not apply to modification of parole conditions
7	after a revocation proceeding under section 10 of this chapter.
8	(e) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
9	parolee to reside in a particular parole area. In determining a parolee's
10	residence requirement, the parole board shall:
11	(1) consider:
12	(A) the residence of the parolee prior to the parolee's
13	incarceration; and
14	(B) the parolee's place of employment; and
15	(2) assign the parolee to reside in the county where the parolee
16	resided prior to the parolee's incarceration unless assignment or
17	this basis would be detrimental to the parolee's successfu
18	reintegration into the community.
19	(f) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
20	parolee to:
21	(1) periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined in
22	IC 9-13-2-22) or series of tests to detect and confirm the presence
23	of a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); and
24	(2) have the results of any test under this subsection reported to
25	the parole board by the laboratory.
26	The parolee is responsible for any charges resulting from a tes
27	required under this subsection. However, a person's parole may not be
28	revoked on the basis of the person's inability to pay for a test under this
29	subsection.
30	(g) As a condition of parole, the parole board:
31	(1) may require a parolee who is a sex offender (as defined in
32	IC 11-8-8-4.5) to:
33	(A) participate in a treatment program for sex offenders
34	approved by the parole board; and
35	(B) avoid contact with any person who is less than sixteen (16)
36	years of age unless the parolee:
37	(i) receives the parole board's approval; or
38	(ii) successfully completes the treatment program referred to
39	in clause (A); and
40	(2) shall:
41	(A) require a parolee who is a sex or violent offender (as
42	defined in IC 11-8-8-5) to register with a local law



1	enforcement authority under IC 11-8-8;
2	(B) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from residing
3	within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property (as defined
4	in IC 35-31.5-2-285) for the period of parole, unless the sex
5	offender obtains written approval from the parole board;
6	(C) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender convicted of a sex
7	offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) from residing within
8	one (1) mile of the victim of the sex offender's sex offense
9	unless the sex offender obtains a waiver under IC 35-38-2-2.5;
10	(D) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from owning,
11	operating, managing, being employed by, or volunteering at
12	any attraction designed to be primarily enjoyed by children
13	less than sixteen (16) years of age;
14	(E) require a parolee who is a sex offender to consent:
15	(i) to the search of the sex offender's personal computer at
16	any time; and
17	(ii) to the installation on the sex offender's personal
18	computer or device with Internet capability, at the sex
19	offender's expense, of one (1) or more hardware or software
20	systems to monitor Internet usage; and
21	(F) prohibit the sex offender from:
22	(i) accessing or using certain web sites, chat rooms, or
23	instant messaging programs frequented by children; and
24	(ii) deleting, erasing, or tampering with information on the
25	sex offender's personal computer with intent to conceal an
26	activity prohibited by item (i).
27	The parole board may not grant a sexually violent predator (as defined
28	in IC 35-38-1-7.5) or a sex offender who is an offender against children
29	under IC 35-42-4-11 a waiver under subdivision (2)(B) or (2)(C). If the
30	parole board allows the sex offender to reside within one thousand
31	(1,000) feet of school property under subdivision (2)(B), the parole
32	board shall notify each school within one thousand (1,000) feet of the
33	sex offender's residence of the order.
34	(h) The address of the victim of a parolee who is a sex offender
35	convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) is
36	confidential, even if the sex offender obtains a waiver under
37	IC 35-38-2-2.5.
38	(i) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require a parolee
39	to participate in a reentry court program.
40	(j) As a condition of parole, the parole board:
41	(1) shall require a parolee who is a sexually violent predator

under IC 35-38-1-7.5; and



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1	(2) may require a parolee who is a sex or violent offender (as
2	defined in IC 11-8-8-5);
3	to wear a monitoring device (as described in IC 35-38-2.5-3) that can
4	transmit information twenty-four (24) hours each day regarding a
5	person's precise location, subject to the amount appropriated to the
6	department for a monitoring program as a condition of parole.
7	(k) As a condition of parole, the parole board may prohibit, in
8	accordance with IC 35-38-2-2.6, a parolee who has been convicted of
9	stalking from residing within one thousand (1,000) feet of the residence
10	of the victim of the stalking for a period that does not exceed five (5)
11	years.
12	(1) As a condition of parole, the parole board may prohibit a parolee
13	convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3 from owning, harboring, or
14	training an animal, and, if the parole board prohibits a parolee
15	convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3 from having direct or indirect
16	contact with an individual, the parole board may also prohibit the
17	parolee from having direct or indirect contact with any animal
18	belonging to the individual.
19	(m) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require a
20	parolee to receive:
21	(1) addiction counseling;
22	(2) inpatient detoxification; and
23	(3) medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a
24	similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.
25	(m) (n) A parolee may be responsible for the reasonable expenses,
26	as determined by the department, of the parolee's participation in a
27	treatment or other program required as a condition of parole under this
28	section. However, a person's parole may not be revoked solely on the
29	basis of the person's inability to pay for a program required as a
30	condition of parole under this section.
31	SECTION 8. IC 12-23-18-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.131-2014,
32	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The division shall adopt rules under
34	IC 4-22-2 to establish standards and protocols for opioid treatment
35	programs to do the following:
36	(1) Assess new opioid treatment program patients to determine
37	the most effective opioid treatment medications to start the
38	patient's opioid treatment.
39	(2) Ensure that each patient voluntarily chooses maintenance
40	treatment and that relevant facts concerning the use of opioid
41	treatment medications are clearly and adequately explained to the



patient.

1	(3) Have appropriate opioid treatment program patients who are
2	receiving methadone for opioid treatment move to receiving other
3	approved opioid treatment medications.
4	(b) An opioid treatment program shall follow the standards and
5	protocols adopted under subsection (a) for each opioid treatment
6	program patient.
7	(c) Subject to subsection (a), an opioid treatment program may use
8	any of the following medications as an alternative for methadone for
9	opioid treatment:
10	(1) Buprenorphine.
11	(2) Buprenorphine combination products containing naloxone.
12	(3) Naltrexone, Vivitrol, or a similar substance.
13	(3) (4) Any other medication that has been approved by:
14	(A) the federal Food and Drug Administration for use in the
15	treatment of opioid addiction; and
16	(B) the division under subsection (e).
17	(d) Before starting a patient on a new opioid treatment medication,
18	the opioid treatment program shall explain to the patient the potential
19	side effects of the new medication.
20	(e) The division may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to provide for
21	other medications, including Vivitrol or a similar substance, as
22	alternatives to methadone that may be used under subsection (a).
23	SECTION 9. IC 33-23-16-24.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
24	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 24.5. A problem solving court
26	may require an individual participating in a problem solving court
27	to receive:
28	(1) addiction counseling;
29	(2) inpatient detoxification; and
30	(3) medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a
31	similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.
32	SECTION 10. IC 33-39-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014,
33	SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8. (a) After June 30, 2005, this section does not
35	apply to a person who:
36	(1) holds a commercial driver's license; and
37	(2) has been charged with an offense involving the operation of
38	a motor vehicle in accordance with the federal Motor Carrier
39	Safety Improvement Act of 1999 (MCSIA) (Public Law
40	106-159.113 Stat. 1748).
41	(b) This section does not apply to a person arrested for or charged



with:

1	(1) an offense under IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5; or
2	(2) if a person was arrested or charged with an offense under
3	IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5, an offense involving:
4	(A) intoxication; or
5	(B) the operation of a vehicle;
6	if the offense involving intoxication or the operation of a vehicle was
7	part of the same episode of criminal conduct as the offense under
8	IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5.
9	(c) This section does not apply to a person:
10	(1) who is arrested for or charged with an offense under:
11	(A) IC 7.1-5-7-7, if the alleged offense occurred while the
12	person was operating a motor vehicle;
13	(B) IC 9-30-4-8(a), if the alleged offense occurred while the
14	person was operating a motor vehicle;
15	(C) IC 35-44.1-2-13(b)(1); or
16	(D) IC 35-43-1-2(a), if the alleged offense occurred while the
17	person was operating a motor vehicle; and
18	(2) who held a probationary license (as defined in
19	IC 9-24-11-3.3(b)) and was less than eighteen (18) years of age at
20	the time of the alleged offense.
21	(d) A prosecuting attorney may withhold prosecution against an
22	accused person if:
23	(1) the person is charged with a misdemeanor, a Level 6 felony,
23 24 25	or a Level 5 felony;
	(2) the person agrees to conditions of a pretrial diversion program
26	offered by the prosecuting attorney;
27	(3) the terms of the agreement are recorded in an instrument
28	signed by the person and the prosecuting attorney and filed in the
29	court in which the charge is pending; and
30	(4) the prosecuting attorney electronically transmits information
31	required by the prosecuting attorneys council concerning the
32	withheld prosecution to the prosecuting attorneys council, in a
33	manner and format designated by the prosecuting attorneys
34	council.
35	(e) An agreement under subsection (d) may include conditions that
36	the person:
37	(1) pay to the clerk of the court an initial user's fee and monthly
38	user's fees in the amounts specified in IC 33-37-4-1;
39	(2) work faithfully at a suitable employment or faithfully pursue
40	a course of study or career and technical education that will equip
41	the person for suitable employment;
42.	(3) undergo available medical treatment or counseling and remain



1	in a specified facility required for that purpose, including:
2	(A) addiction counseling;
3	(B) inpatient detoxification; and
4	(C) medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a
5	similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.
6	(4) support the person's dependents and meet other family
7	responsibilities;
8	(5) make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for the
9	damage or injury that was sustained;
10	(6) refrain from harassing, intimidating, threatening, or having
11	any direct or indirect contact with the victim or a witness;
12	(7) report to the prosecuting attorney at reasonable times;
13	(8) answer all reasonable inquiries by the prosecuting attorney
14	and promptly notify the prosecuting attorney of any change in
15	address or employment; and
16	(9) participate in dispute resolution either under IC 34-57-3 or a
17	program established by the prosecuting attorney.
18	(f) An agreement under subsection (d)(2) may include other
19	provisions reasonably related to the defendant's rehabilitation, if
20	approved by the court.
21	(g) The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim when
22	prosecution is withheld under this section.
23	(h) All money collected by the clerk as user's fees under this section
24	shall be deposited in the appropriate user fee fund under IC 33-37-8.
25	(i) If a court withholds prosecution under this section and the terms
26	of the agreement contain conditions described in subsection (e)(6):
27	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
28	(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form
29	prescribed or approved by the division of state court
30	administration with the clerk.
31	SECTION 11. IC 35-38-2-2.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2013,
32	SECTION 138, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2.3. (a) As a condition of probation,
34	the court may require a person to do a combination of the following:
35	(1) Work faithfully at suitable employment or faithfully pursue a
36	course of study or career and technical education that will equip
37	the person for suitable employment.
38	(2) Undergo available medical or psychiatric treatment and
39	remain in a specified institution if required for that purpose.
40	(3) Attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction,
41	recreation, or residence of persons on probation.
42	(4) Participate in a treatment program, educational class, or



1	rehabilitative service provided by a probation department or by
2	referral to an agency.
3	(5) Support the person's dependents and meet other family
4	responsibilities.
5	(6) Make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for
6	damage or injury that was sustained by the victim. When
7	restitution or reparation is a condition of probation, the court shall
8	fix the amount, which may not exceed an amount the person can
9	or will be able to pay, and shall fix the manner of performance.
10	(7) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
11	governmental entity to repay the full amount of public relief or
12	assistance wrongfully received, and make repayments according
13	to a repayment schedule set out in the agreement.
14	(8) Pay a fine authorized by IC 35-50.
15	(9) Refrain from possessing a firearm or other deadly weapon
16	unless granted written permission by the court or the person's
17	probation officer.
18	(10) Report to a probation officer at reasonable times as directed
19	by the court or the probation officer.
20	(11) Permit the person's probation officer to visit the person at
21	reasonable times at the person's home or elsewhere.
22	(12) Remain within the jurisdiction of the court, unless granted
23	permission to leave by the court or by the person's probation
24	officer.
25	(13) Answer all reasonable inquiries by the court or the person's
26	probation officer and promptly notify the court or probation
27	officer of any change in address or employment.
28	(14) Perform uncompensated work that benefits the community.
29	(15) Satisfy other conditions reasonably related to the person's
30	rehabilitation.
31	(16) Undergo home detention under IC 35-38-2.5.
32	(17) Undergo a laboratory test or series of tests approved by the
33	state department of health to detect and confirm the presence of
34	the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigen or antibodies
35	to the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), if:
36	(A) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
37	criminal sexual act and the offense created an
38	epidemiologically demonstrated risk of transmission of the
39	human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); or
40	(B) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
41	controlled substance and the offense involved:
42	(i) the delivery by any person to another person; or



1	(ii) the use by any person on another person;
2	of a contaminated sharp (as defined in IC 16-41-16-2) or other
3	paraphernalia that creates an epidemiologically demonstrated
4	risk of transmission of HIV by involving percutaneous contact.
5	(18) Refrain from any direct or indirect contact with an individual
6	and, if convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3, any animal
7	belonging to the individual.
8	(19) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
9	governmental entity or with a person for reasonable costs incurred
10	because of the taking, detention, or return of a missing child (as
11	defined in IC 10-13-5-4).
12	(20) Periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined
13	in IC 9-13-2-22) or series of chemical tests as specified by the
14	court to detect and confirm the presence of a controlled substance
15	(as defined in IC 35-48-1-9). The person on probation is
16	responsible for any charges resulting from a test and shall have
17	the results of any test under this subdivision reported to the
18	person's probation officer by the laboratory.
19	(21) If the person was confined in a penal facility, execute a
20	reimbursement plan as directed by the court and make repayments
	under the plan to the authority that operates the penal facility for
22	all or part of the costs of the person's confinement in the penal
23	facility. The court shall fix an amount that:
24	(A) may not exceed an amount the person can or will be able
21 22 23 24 25	to pay;
26	(B) does not harm the person's ability to reasonably be self
27	supporting or to reasonably support any dependent of the
28	person; and
29	(C) takes into consideration and gives priority to any other
30	restitution, reparation, repayment, or fine the person is
31	required to pay under this section.
32	(22) Refrain from owning, harboring, or training an animal.
33	(23) Participate in a reentry court program.
34	(24) Receive:
35	(A) addiction counseling;
36	(B) inpatient detoxification; and
37	(C) medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a
38	similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.
39	(b) When a person is placed on probation, the person shall be given
40	a written statement specifying:
41	(1) the conditions of probation; and
42	(2) that if the person violates a condition of probation during the
τ∠	(2) that if the person violates a condition of probation during the



1	probationary period, a petition to revoke probation may be filed
2	before the earlier of the following:
3	(A) One (1) year after the termination of probation.
4	(B) Forty-five (45) days after the state receives notice of the
5	violation.
6	(c) As a condition of probation, the court may require that the
7	person serve a term of imprisonment in an appropriate facility at the
8	time or intervals (consecutive or intermittent) within the period of
9	probation the court determines.
10	(d) Intermittent service may be required only for a term of not more
11	than sixty (60) days and must be served in the county or local penal
12	facility. The intermittent term is computed on the basis of the actual
13	days spent in confinement and shall be completed within one (1) year.
14	A person does not earn credit time while serving an intermittent term
15	of imprisonment under this subsection. When the court orders
16	intermittent service, the court shall state:
17	(1) the term of imprisonment;
18	(2) the days or parts of days during which a person is to be
19	confined; and
20	(3) the conditions.
21	(e) Supervision of a person may be transferred from the court that
22	placed the person on probation to a court of another jurisdiction, with
23	the concurrence of both courts. Retransfers of supervision may occur
24	in the same manner. This subsection does not apply to transfers made
25	under IC 11-13-4 or IC 11-13-5.
26	(f) When a court imposes a condition of probation described in
27	subsection (a)(18):
28	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
29	(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form
30	prescribed or approved by the division of state court
31	administration with the clerk.
32	(g) As a condition of probation, a court shall require a person:
33	(1) convicted of an offense described in IC 10-13-6-10;
34	(2) who has not previously provided a DNA sample in accordance
35	with IC 10-13-6; and
36	
37	(3) whose sentence does not involve a commitment to the
	department of correction;
38	to provide a DNA sample as a condition of probation.
39	(h) If a court imposes a condition of probation described in
40	subsection (a)(4), the person on probation is responsible for any costs
41	resulting from the participation in a program, class, or service. Any
42	costs collected for services provided by the probation department shall



1 be deposited in the county or local supplemental adult services fund.

