

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1217

DIGEST OF HB 1217 (Updated March 29, 2023 3:57 pm - DI 137)

Citations Affected: IC 7.1-1; IC 7.1-3; IC 7.1-5.

Various alcohol matters. Modifies the definition of "entertainment complex" for purposes of alcohol law. Provides that a primary source of supply, manufacturer, or wholesaler may supply equipment on a temporary and nondiscriminatory basis to the holder of a retailer permit or a temporary permit for the purpose of holding, storing, and dispensing product to consumers for a special event for the duration of the special event. Provides that certain brewers may sell or transfer beer to certain food manufacturers for the purpose of adding or integrating the beer into a product or recipe. Provides that a product that contains transferred beer may not contain more than 0.5% of (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2023.

Manning, Bartels, Johnson B, Clere

(SENATE SPONSORS — ALTING, BUSCH)

January 10, 2023, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Policy. February 14, 2023, amended, reported — Do Pass. February 16, 2023, read second time, ordered engrossed. February 17, 2023, engrossed. February 20, 2023, read third time, passed. Yeas 94, nays 3.

SENATE ACTION
March 1, 2023, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Policy.
March 30, 2023, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



Digest Continued

alcohol by volume when the product leaves the food manufacturer's facility. Allows a small brewery to receive, bottle, and package beer from another small brewery if certain requirements are met. Makes technical corrections regarding a permit holder who manufactures not more than 90,000 barrels of beer in a calendar year for sale or distribution in the state. Increases, within a certain historic district, the number of alcoholic beverage restaurant permits from 10 to 15, and changes certain other requirements. Permits the issuance of three new three-way permits, three new two-way permits, and one new liquor dealer's permit to the town of Whitestown. Requires the alcohol and tobacco commission to issue a beer dealer's permit and a wine dealer's permit to an eligible grocery store. Increases the number of gallons of liquor that an artisan distiller may produce in a calendar year from 10,000 to 20,000. Amends the conditions in which a minor can lawfully be in a room on a licensed premises in which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink.



First Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2023)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1217

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcohol and tobacco.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 7.1-1-3-16.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2021,
2	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 16.5. The term "entertainment complex" means a
4	premises that complies with one (1) or more of the following
5	requirements:
6	(1) The premises:
7	(A) is a site for the performance of musical, theatrical, or other
8	entertainment; and
9	(B) includes an area where at least six hundred (600)
10	individuals may be seated at one (1) time in permanent
11	seating.
12	(2) The premises:
13	(A) is located entirely within a four (4) five (5) mile radius of
14	the center of a consolidated city;
15	(B) is used by a nonprofit organization primarily as a museum
16	of fine arts, as a fine arts theater, or for the professional
17	performance of musical or theatrical entertainment; and



1	(C) has audience seating in one (1) or more performance
2	spaces for at least two hundred (200) individuals.
3	SECTION 2. IC 7.1-1-3-32.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.270-2017,
4	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 32.7. "Professional and educational expenses", for
6	purposes of IC 7.1-5-5, means one (1) or more of the following:
7	(1) A primary source of supply or wholesaler may participate in
8	retailer or dealer association activities. A primary source of
9	supply or wholesaler may do the following:
10	(A) Display its products at a convention or trade show.
11	(B) Rent display booth space if the rental fee is not excessive
12	and is the same as paid by all exhibitors.
13	(C) Provide its own hospitality that is independent from
14	association sponsored activities.
15	(D) Purchase tickets to functions and pay registration fees if
16	the payments or fees are not excessive and are the same as
17	paid by all exhibitors.
18	(E) Make payments for advertisements in programs or
19	brochures issued by retailer or dealer associations at a
20	convention or trade show if the total payments made are not
21	excessive and are the same as paid by all other advertisers.
22	(2) A primary source of supply or wholesaler may give or sponsor
23	educational seminars for employees of retailers or dealers either
24	at the primary source of supply's or wholesaler's premises or at the
25	retailer or dealer establishment. Examples of educational
26	seminars include the following:
27	(A) Seminars dealing with the use of a retailer's or dealer's
28	equipment.
29	(B) Training seminars for employees of retailers or dealers.
30	(C) Tours of a primary source of supply's or wholesaler's plant
31	or premises.
32	(D) Training seminars for employees of retailers or dealers
33	may include tasting or sampling of alcoholic beverages by the
34	employees of retailers or dealers. The tasting or sampling of an
35	alcoholic beverage product is limited to one (1) ounce per
36	employee of each alcoholic beverage product offered. The
37	alcoholic beverage to be tasted or sampled may be provided by
38	the primary source of supply or wholesaler or may be
39	purchased from the retailer or dealer for no more than the
40	listed retail price. The tasting or sampling may be conducted

only at a permit premises where the consumption of alcoholic

beverages is permitted. Any tasting or sampling provided by



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1	a primary source of supply or wholesaler must be offered or
2	conducted on a nondiscriminatory basis.
3	(E) Reasonable hospitality, such as food and alcoholic
4	beverages, may be offered as a part of an educational seminar.
5	(3) Advertising specialties and consumer advertising specialties,
6	even if not otherwise permitted by a rule of the commission, if a
7	wholesaler or primary source of supply does not:
8	(A) add the name or address of the retailer or dealer to the
9	advertising specialty or consumer advertising specialty; or
10	(B) pay or credit the retailer or dealer, directly or indirectly,
11	for distribution services.
12	(4) A primary source of supply, manufacturer, or wholesaler
13	may supply equipment on a temporary and nondiscriminatory
14	basis to the holder of a retailer permit or a temporary permit
15	for the purpose of holding, storing, and dispensing product to
16	consumers for a special event for the duration of the special
17	event. Ownership of the equipment shall remain with the
18	primary source of supply, manufacturer, or wholesaler.
19	SECTION 3. IC 7.1-3-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2021,
20	SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 7. The holder of a brewer's permit or an
22	out-of-state brewer holding either a primary source of supply permit or
23	an out-of-state brewer's permit may do the following:
24	(1) Manufacture beer.
25	(2) Place beer in containers or bottles.
26	(3) Transport beer.
27	(4) Sell and deliver beer to a person holding a beer wholesaler's
28	permit issued under IC 7.1-3-3.
29	(5) If the brewer manufactures, at all of the brewer's breweries,
30	located in Indiana, an aggregate of not more than ninety thousand
31	(90,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year for sale or distribution
32	within Indiana, the permit holder may do the following:
33	(A) Sell and deliver a total of not more than thirty thousand
34	(30,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year to a person holding
35	a retailer or a dealer permit under this title. The total number
36	of barrels of beer that the permit holder may sell and deliver
37	under this clause in a calendar year may not exceed thirty
38	thousand (30,000) barrels of beer.
39	(B) Be the proprietor of a restaurant that is not subject to the
40	minimum gross food sales or the minimum projected food
41	sales set forth in 905 IAC 1-41-2.
42	(C) Hold a beer retailer's permit, a wine retailer's permit, or a



1	liquor retailer's permit for a restaurant established under clause
2	(B).
3	(D) Transfer beer directly from the brewery to the restauran
4	by means of:
5	(i) bulk containers; or
6	(ii) a continuous flow system.
7	(E) Install a window between the brewery and an adjacen
8	restaurant that allows the public and the permittee to view both
9	premises.
10	(F) Install a doorway or other opening between the brewery
1	and an adjacent restaurant that provides the public and the
12	permittee with access to both premises.
13	(G) Sell the brewery's beer by the glass for consumption on the
14	premises. Brewers permitted to sell beer by the glass under
15	this clause must make food available for consumption on the
16	premises. A brewer may comply with the requirements of this
17	clause by doing any of the following:
18	(i) Allowing a vehicle of transportation that is a food
19	establishment (as defined in IC 16-18-2-137) to serve food
20	near the brewer's licensed premises.
21	(ii) Placing menus in the brewer's premises of restaurants
22	that will deliver food to the brewery.
23	(iii) Providing food prepared at the brewery.
23 24	(H) Sell and deliver beer to a consumer at the licensed
25	premises of the brewer or at the residence of the consumer
25 26	Notwithstanding IC 7.1-1-3-20, the licensed premises may
27	include the brewery parking lot or an area adjacent to the
28	brewery that may only be used for the purpose of conveying
29	alcoholic beverages and other nonalcoholic items to a
30	customer subject to section 10 of this chapter, and may not be
31	used for point of sale purposes or any other purpose. The
32	delivery to a consumer may be made only in a quantity at any
33	one (1) time of not more than one-half (1/2) barrel, but the
34	beer may be contained in bottles or other permissible
35	containers.
36	(I) Sell the brewery's beer as authorized by this section for
37	carryout on Sunday in a quantity at any one (1) time of no
38	more than five hundred seventy-six (576) ounces. A brewer's
39	beer may be sold under this clause at any address for which the
10	brewer holds a brewer's permit issued under this chapter if the
11	address is located within the same city boundaries in which the



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beer was manufactured.

1	(J) With the approval of the commission, participate:
2	(i) individually; or
2 3	(ii) with other permit holders under this chapter, holders of
4	artisan distiller's permits, holders of farm winery permits, or
5	any combination of holders described in this item;
6	in a trade show or an exposition at which products of each
7	permit holder participant are displayed, promoted, and sold.
8	All of the permit holders may occupy the same tent, structure,
9	or building. The commission may not grant to a holder of a
10	permit under this chapter approval under this clause to
11	participate in a trade show or exposition for more than
12	forty-five (45) days in a calendar year.
13	(K) Store or condition beer in a secure building that is:
14	(i) separate from the brewery; and
15	(ii) owned or leased by the permit holder.
16	(L) Transfer beer from a building described in clause (K) back
17	to the brewery.
18	(M) Sell or transfer beer directly to a beer wholesaler from a
19	building described in clause (K), but may not sell or transfer
20	beer from the building to any other permittee or a consumer.
21	The brewer shall maintain an adequate written record of the
22	beer transferred:
23	(i) between the brewery and the separate building; and
24	(ii) from the separate building to the wholesaler.
25	(N) Sell the brewery's beer to the holder of a supplemental
26	caterer's permit issued under IC 7.1-3-9.5 for on-premises
27	consumption only at an event that is held outdoors on property
28	that is contiguous to the brewery as approved by the
29	commission.
30	(O) Receive liquor from the holder of a distiller's permit issued
31	under IC 7.1-3-7 or the holder of an artisan distiller's permit
32	under IC 7.1-3-27 that is located in the same county as the
33	brewery for the purpose of carbonating and canning the liquor.
34	Upon the completion of canning of the liquor, the product
35	must be returned to the original production facility within
36	forty-eight (48) hours. The activity under this clause is not an
37	interest under IC 7.1-5-9.
38	(P) Receive beer from another permit holder under this
39	subdivision for the purpose of bottling and packaging the
40	beer. Upon completion of bottling and packaging the beer,
41	the product must be returned to the original permit holder
42	who manufactured the beer. The number of barrels of beer



1	that a permit holder receives, bottles, and packages under
2	this clause may not exceed the number of barrels of beer
3	that the permit holder produced from raw materials at the
4	licensed premises of the permit holder in the same
5	calendar year. The activity under this clause is not an
6	interest under IC 7.1-5-9.
7	(Q) Sell or transfer beer directly to a food manufacturer
8	located in Indiana that is registered with the federal Food
9	and Drug Administration for the purpose of adding or
10	integrating the beer into a product or recipe.
11	(6) If the brewer's brewery manufactures more than ninety
12	thousand (90,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year for sale or
13	distribution within Indiana, the permit holder may own a portion
14	of the corporate stock of another brewery that:
15	(A) is located in the same county as the brewer's brewery;
16	(B) manufactures less than ninety thousand (90,000) barrels of
17	beer in a calendar year; and
18	(C) is the proprietor of a restaurant that operates under
19	subdivision (5).
20	(7) Provide complimentary samples of beer that are:
21	(A) produced by the brewer; and
22	(B) offered to consumers for consumption on the brewer's
23 24	premises.
24	(8) Own a portion of the corporate stock of a sports corporation
25	that:
26	(A) manages a minor league baseball stadium located in the
27	same county as the brewer's brewery; and
28	(B) holds a beer retailer's permit, a wine retailer's permit, or a
29	liquor retailer's permit for a restaurant located in that stadium.
30	(9) For beer described in IC 7.1-1-2-3(a)(4):
31	(A) may allow transportation to and consumption of the beer
32	on the licensed premises; and
33	(B) may not sell, offer to sell, or allow sale of the beer on the
34	licensed premises.
35	SECTION 4. IC 7.1-3-2-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
36	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
37	1, 2023]: Sec. 11. (a) A finished product of a food manufacturer
38	that contains beer transferred to the food manufacturer under
39	section 7(5)(Q) of this chapter may not contain more than one-half
40	of one percent (0.5%) of alcohol by volume when the product
41	leaves the food manufacturer's facility.

(b) Beer that is sold or transferred to a food manufacturer



under section	7(5)(Q) o	f this (chapter	shall be	included	within	the
barrels of bee	er limits se	t fortl	h in sect	ion 7(5)	(A) of this	chapte	r.

SECTION 5. IC 7.1-3-20-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2022, SECTION 57, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 16. (a) A permit that is authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.

- (b) The commission may issue a three-way permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant facility in the passenger terminal complex of a publicly owned airport. A permit issued under this subsection shall not be transferred to a location off the airport premises.
- (c) Except as provided in sections 16.3 and 16.4 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way, two-way, or one-way permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant within a redevelopment project consisting of a building or group of buildings that:
 - (1) was formerly used as part of a union railway station;
 - (2) has been listed in or is within a district that has been listed in the federal National Register of Historic Places maintained pursuant to the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended; and
 - (3) has been redeveloped or renovated, with the redevelopment or renovation being funded in part with grants from the federal, state, or local government.

A permit issued under this subsection shall not be transferred to a location outside of the redevelopment project.

- (d) Subject to section 16.1 of this chapter and except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way, two-way, or one-way permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant:
 - (1) on land; or
 - (2) in a historic river vessel;

within a municipal riverfront development project funded in part with state and city money. The ownership of a permit issued under this subsection and the location for which the permit was issued may not be transferred. The legislative body of the municipality in which the municipal riverfront development project is located shall recommend to the commission sites that are eligible to be permit premises. The commission shall consider, but is not required to follow, the municipal



legislative body's recommendation in issuing a permit under this
subsection. A permit holder and any lessee or proprietor of the permit
premises are subject to the formal written commitment required under
IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if
business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6)
months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder
is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
(e) Except as provided in sections 16.3 and 16.4 of this chapter, the
commission may issue a three-way, two-way, or one-way permit to sell
alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant
who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant within

(1) a building that:

a renovation project consisting of:

- (A) was formerly used as part of a passenger and freight railway station; and
- (B) was built before 1900; or
- (2) a complex of buildings that:
 - (A) is part of an economic development area established under IC 36-7-14; and
 - (B) includes, as part of the renovation project, the use and repurposing of two (2) or more buildings and structures that are:
 - (i) at least seventy-five (75) years old; and
 - (ii) located at a site at which manufacturing previously occurred over a period of at least seventy-five (75) years.

The permit authorized by this subsection may be issued without regard to the proximity provisions of IC 7.1-3-21-11.

- (f) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way permit for the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption at a cultural center for the visual and performing arts to the following:
 - (1) A town having a population of more than twenty-three thousand (23,000) and less than twenty-three thousand nine hundred (23,900) located in a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) and less than seven hundred thousand (700,000).
 - (2) A city that has an indoor theater as described in section 26 of this chapter.
- (g) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than ten (10) fifteen (15) new three-way, two-way, or one-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants, each of whom must be the



proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within a district, or not more than seven hundred (700) one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet from a district, that meets the following requirements:

- (1) The district has been listed in the National Register of Historic Places maintained under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended.
- (2) A county courthouse is located within the district.
- (3) A historic opera house listed on the National Register of Historic Places is located within the district.
- (4) A historic jail and sheriff's house listed on the National Register of Historic Places is located within the district.

The legislative body of the municipality in which the district is located shall recommend to the commission sites that are eligible to be permit premises. The commission shall consider, but is not required to follow, the municipal legislative body's recommendation in issuing a permit under this subsection. An applicant is not eligible for a permit if, less than two (2) years before the date of the application, the applicant sold a retailer's permit that was subject to IC 7.1-3-22 and that was for premises located within the district described in this section or within seven hundred (700) one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet of the district. The ownership of a permit issued under this subsection and the location for which the permit was issued shall not be transferred. A permit holder and any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises is subject to the formal written commitment required under IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation. The total number of active permits issued under this subsection may not exceed ten (10) fifteen (15) at any time. The cost of an initial permit issued under this subsection is six thousand dollars (\$6,000); twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

- (h) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way permit for the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to an applicant who will locate as the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant within an economic development area under IC 36-7-14 in:
 - (1) a town having a population of more than twenty thousand (20,000); or
 - (2) a city having a population of more than forty-nine thousand four hundred (49,400) and less than fifty thousand (50,000);



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located in a county having a population of more than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) and less than one hundred thirty thousand (130,000). The commission may issue not more than five (5) licenses under this section to premises within a municipality described in subdivision (1) and not more than five (5) licenses to premises within a municipality described in subdivision (2). The commission shall conduct an auction of the permits under IC 7.1-3-22-9, except that the auction may be conducted at any time as determined by the commission. Notwithstanding any other law, the minimum bid for an initial license under this subsection is thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000), and the renewal fee for a license under this subsection is one thousand three hundred fifty dollars (\$1,350). Before the district expires, a permit issued under this subsection may not be transferred. After the district expires, a permit issued under this subsection may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the permit premises.

- (i) After June 30, 2006, and except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than five (5) new three-way, two-way, or one-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants, each of whom must be the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within a district, or not more than five hundred (500) feet from a district, that meets all of the following requirements:
 - (1) The district is within an economic development area, an area needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district as established under IC 36-7-14.
 - (2) A unit of the National Park Service is partially located within the district.
 - (3) An international deep water seaport is located within the district.

An applicant is not eligible for a permit under this subsection if, less than two (2) years before the date of the application, the applicant sold a retailers' permit that was subject to IC 7.1-3-22 and that was for premises located within the district described in this subsection or within five hundred (500) feet of the district. A permit issued under this subsection may not be transferred. If the commission issues five (5) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed five (5) at any time. The commission shall conduct an auction of the permits under IC 7.1-3-22-9, except that the auction may be conducted at any time as



determined by the commission.

- (j) Subject to section 16.2 of this chapter and except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than six (6) new three-way, two-way, or one-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant on land within a municipal lakefront development project. A permit issued under this subsection may not be transferred. If the commission issues six (6) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed six (6) at any time. The commission shall conduct an auction of the permits under IC 7.1-3-22-9, except that the auction may be conducted at any time as determined by the commission. Notwithstanding any other law, the minimum bid for an initial permit under this subsection is ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- (k) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than nine (9) new three-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants, each of whom must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located:
 - (1) within a motorsports investment district (as defined in IC 5-1-17.5-11); or
 - (2) not more than one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet from a motorsports investment district.

The ownership of a permit issued under this subsection and the location for which the permit was issued shall not be transferred. If the commission issues nine (9) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed nine (9) at any time. A permit holder and any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises are subject to the formal written commitment required under IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.

(1) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than two (2) new three-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption for premises located within a qualified motorsports facility (as defined in IC 5-1-17.5-14). The ownership of a permit issued under this



subsection and the location for which the permit was issued shall not be transferred. If the commission issues two (2) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed two (2) at any time. A permit holder and any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises are subject to the formal written commitment required under IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.

SECTION 6. IC 7.1-3-20-16.8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.285-2019, SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 16.8. (a) A permit that is authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.

- (b) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than four (4) new three-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants in each of the following municipalities:
 - (1) Whitestown.
- (2) **(1)** Lebanon.
 - (3) (2) Zionsville.
- (4) (3) Westfield.

- (5) (4) Carmel.
- (6) (5) Fishers.
- (c) The following apply to permits issued under this section subsection (b):
 - (1) An applicant for a permit under this section subsection (b) must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within an economic development area, an area needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district as established under IC 36-7-14 in a municipality's:
 - (A) downtown redevelopment district; or
 - (B) downtown economic revitalization area.
 - (2) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
 - (3) The total number of active permits issued under this section subsection (b) may not exceed twenty-four (24) twenty (20) permits at any time. If any of the permits issued under this section subsection (b) are revoked or not renewed, the commission may



1	issue only enough new permits to bring the total number of
2	permits to twenty-four (24) twenty (20) active permits, with not
3	more than four (4) in each municipality listed in subsection (b)(1)
4	through (b)(6) (b)(5).
5	(4) The municipality may adopt an ordinance under
6	IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a formal
7	written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a permit. As
8	set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written commitment is
9	binding on the permit holder and on any lessee or proprietor of
10	the permit premises.
11	(5) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business
12	operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6)
13	months, the permit shall revert to the commission and the permit
14	holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
15	(6) Except as provided in subdivision (8), the ownership of a
16	permit may not be transferred.
17	(7) A permit may not be transferred from the premises for which
18	the permit was issued.
19	(8) If the area in which the permit premises is located is no longer
20	designated an economic development area, an area needing
21	redevelopment, or a redevelopment district, a permit issued under
22	this section may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may
23	be transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the
24	permit premises.
25	(d) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the
26	commission may issue not more than the following to the town of
27	Whitestown:
28	(1) Three (3) new three-way permits.
29	(2) Three (3) new two-way permits.
30	(3) One (1) new liquor dealer's permit.
31	(e) The following apply to permits issued under subsection (d):
32	(1) An applicant for a permit under subsection (d)(1) or (d)(2)
33	must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a
34	restaurant located within an economic development area, an
35	area needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district as
36	established under IC 36-7-14 in a municipality's:
37	(A) downtown redevelopment district; or
38	(B) downtown economic revitalization area.
39	(2) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars
40	(\$40,000).
41	(3) The total number of active permits issued under

subsection (d) may not exceed seven (7) permits at any time.



(4) The municipality may adopt an ordinance under

2	IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a
3	formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a
4	permit. As set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written
5	commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee
6	or proprietor of the permit premises.
7	(5) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if
8	business operations cease at the permit premises for more
9	than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission
10	and the permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other
11	compensation.
12	(6) Except as provided in subdivision (8), the ownership of a
13	permit may not be transferred.
14	(7) A permit may not be transferred from the premises for
15	which the permit was issued.
16	(8) If the area in which the permit issued to a premises under
17	subsection (d)(1) or (d)(2) is located is no longer designated an
18	economic development area, an area needing redevelopment,
19	or a redevelopment district, a permit issued under this section
20	may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be
21	transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the
22	permit premises.
23	SECTION 7. IC 7.1-3-22-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
24	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4.5. (a) As used in this section,
26	"eligible grocery store" means a grocery store (as defined in
27	IC 7.1-1-3-18.5(a)(1)) that meets the following criteria:
28	(1) Is operated in a consolidated city.
29	(2) Was established in whole or in part through a food
30	empowerment pilot project authorized under P.L.165-2021,
31	SECTION 6 and awarded to a nonprofit corporation for the
32	benefit of establishing the grocery store.
33	(3) Operates with less than eighteen thousand (18,000) square
34	feet of building space.
35	(4) Provides access to fresh and healthy foods to individuals
36	in a low income area where access to resources for fresh and
37	healthy food, particularly fresh fruits and vegetables and
38	fresh meat, poultry, and fish, is limited.
39	(b) The commission shall issue a beer dealer's permit and a wine
40	dealer's permit to an eligible grocery store without regard to the



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quota provisions of this chapter.

(c) A permit issued under this section is subject to the following:

1	(1) A permit issued under this section may be renewed, and
2	the ownership of the permit may be transferred, but the
3	permit may not be transferred from the permit premises.
4	(2) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1.1, if the premises ceases to
5	qualify as an eligible grocery store for more than six (6)
6	months, the permit shall revert to the commission and the
7	permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other
8	compensation.
9	SECTION 8. IC 7.1-3-27-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2014,
10	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) An artisan distiller may produce not more
12	than ten twenty thousand (10,000) (20,000) gallons of liquor in any
13	calendar year. Liquor produced by an artisan distiller that is sold
14	through a wholesaler licensed under IC 7.1-3-8 may not be counted
15	toward the gallonage limit.
16	(b) An artisan distiller who knowingly or intentionally violates this
17	section commits a Class B misdemeanor.
18	SECTION 9. IC 7.1-5-3-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.79-2015,
19	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) This section does not apply to the following:
21	(1) An establishment where alcoholic beverages are sold that is
22	owned, in whole or part, by an entity that holds a brewer's permit
23	issued under IC 7.1-3-2-2(b).
24	(2) An establishment where alcoholic beverages are sold that is
25	owned, in whole or part, by a statewide trade organization
26	consisting of members, each of whom holds a brewer's permit
27	issued under IC 7.1-3-2-2(b).
28	(3) Beer that is bottled and packaged under IC 7.1-3-2-7(5)(P).
29	(b) Except as provided in section 6 of this chapter, it is unlawful to
30	sell beer in this state at retail in a bottle, can, or other container, unless
31	the bottle, can, or other container was packaged and sealed by the
32	brewer at the brewer's bottling house contiguous or adjacent to the
33	brewery in which the beer was produced.
34	(c) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates subsection (b)
35	commits a Class B misdemeanor.
36	SECTION 10. IC 7.1-5-7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.105-2022,
37	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 11. (a) The provisions of sections 9 and 10 of this
39	chapter shall not apply if the public place involved is one (1) of the
40	following:



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(1) Civic center.

(2) Convention center.

4	(2) 2
1	(3) Sports arena.
2	(4) Bowling center.
3	(5) Bona fide club.
4	(6) Drug store.
5	(7) Grocery store.
6	(8) Boat.
7	(9) Dining car.
8	(10) Pullman car.
9	(11) Club car.
10	(12) Passenger airplane.
11	(13) Horse racetrack facility holding a recognized meeting permit
12	under IC 4-31-5.
13	(14) Satellite facility (as defined in IC 4-31-2.1-36).
14	(15) Catering hall under IC 7.1-3-20-24 that is not open to the
15	public.
16	(16) That part of a restaurant which is separate from a room in
17	which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or
18	dispensed by the drink.
19	(17) Entertainment complex.
20	(18) Indoor golf facility.
21	(19) A recreational facility such as a golf course, bowling center,
22	or similar facility that has the recreational activity and not the sale
23	of food and beverages as the principal purpose or function of the
24	person's business.
25	(20) A licensed premises owned or operated by a postsecondary
26	educational institution described in IC 21-17-6-1.
27	(21) An automobile racetrack.
28	(22) An indoor theater under IC 7.1-3-20-26.
29	(23) A senior residence facility campus (as defined in
30	IC 7.1-3-1-29(c)) at which alcoholic beverages are given or
31	furnished as provided under IC 7.1-3-1-29.
32	(24) A hotel other than a part of a hotel that is a room in a
33	restaurant in which a bar is located over which alcoholic
34	beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink.
35	(25) The location of an allowable event to which IC 7.1-3-6.1
36	applies.
37	(26) The location of a charity auction to which IC 7.1-3-6.2
38	applies.
39	(27) A tour of a brewery as provided in IC 7.1-3-20-16.4, if the
40	minor is in the company of a parent, legal guardian or custodian,
40 41	or family member who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
т 1	or family member who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.

(28) A farm winery and any additional locations of the farm



1	winery under IC 7.1-3-12, if the minor is in the company of a
2	parent, legal guardian or custodian, or family member who is at
3	least twenty-one (21) years of age and the minor is accompanied
4	by the adult in any area that the adult may be present whether or
5	not the area:
6	(A) is separated in any manner from where the wine is
7	manufactured, sold, or consumed within the farm winery
8	premises; or
9	(B) operates under a retailer's permit.
10	(29) An artisan distillery under IC 7.1-3-27, if:
11	(A) the person who holds the artisan distiller's permit also
12	holds a farm winery permit under IC 7.1-3-12, or
13	IC 7.1-3-20-16.4(a) applies to the person; and
14	(B) the minor is in the company of a parent, legal guardian or
15	custodian, or family member who is at least twenty-one (21)
16	years of age.
17	(30) An art instruction studio under IC 7.1-5-8-4.6.
18	(31) The licensed premises of a food hall under IC 7.1-3-20-29
19	and the food and beverage vending space of a food hall vendor
20	permittee under IC 7.1-3-20-30. However, sections 9 and 10 of
21	this chapter apply to a bar within the food and beverage vending
22	space of a food hall vendor permittee under IC 7.1-3-20-30 that
23	serves alcoholic beverages intended to be consumed while sitting
24	or standing at the bar.
25	(b) For the purpose of this subsection, "food" means meals prepared
26	on the licensed premises. It is lawful for a minor to be on licensed
27	premises in a room in which is located a bar over which alcoholic
28	beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink if all the following
29	conditions are met:
30	(1) The minor is eighteen (18) years of age or older.
31	(2) (1) The minor is in the company of a parent, guardian, or
32	family member who is twenty-one (21) years of age or older.
33	(3) (2) The purpose for being on the licensed premises is the
34	consumption of food and not the consumption of alcoholic
35	beverages.
36	(3) The minor, accompanied by the parent, guardian, or
37	family member who is twenty-one (21) years of age or older,
38	must be seated at a table or booth in the bar area and shall
39	not be seated at the bar over which alcoholic beverages are



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sold or dispensed by the drink.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Policy, to which was referred House Bill 1217, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 7.1-1-3-16.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2021, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 16.5. The term "entertainment complex" means a premises that complies with one (1) or more of the following requirements:

- (1) The premises:
 - (A) is a site for the performance of musical, theatrical, or other entertainment; and
 - (B) includes an area where at least six hundred (600) individuals may be seated at one (1) time in permanent seating.
- (2) The premises:
 - (A) is located entirely within a four (4) five (5) mile radius of the center of a consolidated city;
 - (B) is used by a nonprofit organization primarily as a **museum** of fine arts, as a fine arts theater, or for the professional performance of musical or theatrical entertainment; and
 - (C) has audience seating in one (1) or more performance spaces for at least two hundred (200) individuals.".

Page 2, after line 41, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 3. IC 7.1-3-1-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: **Sec. 31. (a) As used in this chapter, "salon" means a beauty culture salon licensed under IC 25-8-7.**

- (b) A salon may possess and give or furnish beer by the bottle or glass, or wine by the glass, on the premises of the salon for consumption on the premises to a salon customer who is:
 - (1) at least twenty-one (21) years of age; and
 - (2) receiving salon services.
- (c) Beer or wine may only be dispensed under subsection (b) by a salon employee who holds a permit under IC 7.1-3-18-9.
- (d) This section may not be construed to authorize a salon to sell wine or beer on the premises of the salon without a permit under this title.

SECTION 4. IC 7.1-3-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2021,



SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 7. The holder of a brewer's permit or an out-of-state brewer holding either a primary source of supply permit or an out-of-state brewer's permit may do the following:

- (1) Manufacture beer.
- (2) Place beer in containers or bottles.
- (3) Transport beer.
- (4) Sell and deliver beer to a person holding a beer wholesaler's permit issued under IC 7.1-3-3.
- (5) If the brewer manufactures, at all of the brewer's breweries located in Indiana, an aggregate of not more than ninety thousand (90,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year for sale or distribution within Indiana, the permit holder may do the following:
 - (A) Sell and deliver a total of not more than thirty thousand (30,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year to a person holding a retailer or a dealer permit under this title. The total number of barrels of beer that the permit holder may sell and deliver under this clause in a calendar year may not exceed thirty thousand (30,000) barrels of beer.
 - (B) Be the proprietor of a restaurant that is not subject to the minimum gross food sales or the minimum projected food sales set forth in 905 IAC 1-41-2.
 - (C) Hold a beer retailer's permit, a wine retailer's permit, or a liquor retailer's permit for a restaurant established under clause (B).
 - (D) Transfer beer directly from the brewery to the restaurant by means of:
 - (i) bulk containers; or
 - (ii) a continuous flow system.
 - (E) Install a window between the brewery and an adjacent restaurant that allows the public and the permittee to view both premises.
 - (F) Install a doorway or other opening between the brewery and an adjacent restaurant that provides the public and the permittee with access to both premises.
 - (G) Sell the brewery's beer by the glass for consumption on the premises. Brewers permitted to sell beer by the glass under this clause must make food available for consumption on the premises. A brewer may comply with the requirements of this clause by doing any of the following:
 - (i) Allowing a vehicle of transportation that is a food establishment (as defined in IC 16-18-2-137) to serve food



near the brewer's licensed premises.

- (ii) Placing menus in the brewer's premises of restaurants that will deliver food to the brewery.
- (iii) Providing food prepared at the brewery.
- (H) Sell and deliver beer to a consumer at the licensed premises of the brewer or at the residence of the consumer. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-1-3-20, the licensed premises may include the brewery parking lot or an area adjacent to the brewery that may only be used for the purpose of conveying alcoholic beverages and other nonalcoholic items to a customer subject to section 10 of this chapter, and may not be used for point of sale purposes or any other purpose. The delivery to a consumer may be made only in a quantity at any one (1) time of not more than one-half (1/2) barrel, but the beer may be contained in bottles or other permissible containers.
- (I) Sell the brewery's beer as authorized by this section for carryout on Sunday in a quantity at any one (1) time of not more than five hundred seventy-six (576) ounces. A brewer's beer may be sold under this clause at any address for which the brewer holds a brewer's permit issued under this chapter if the address is located within the same city boundaries in which the beer was manufactured.
- (J) With the approval of the commission, participate:
 - (i) individually; or
 - (ii) with other permit holders under this chapter, holders of artisan distiller's permits, holders of farm winery permits, or any combination of holders described in this item;

in a trade show or an exposition at which products of each permit holder participant are displayed, promoted, and sold. All of the permit holders may occupy the same tent, structure, or building. The commission may not grant to a holder of a permit under this chapter approval under this clause to participate in a trade show or exposition for more than forty-five (45) days in a calendar year.

- (K) Store or condition beer in a secure building that is:
 - (i) separate from the brewery; and
 - (ii) owned or leased by the permit holder.
- (L) Transfer beer from a building described in clause (K) back to the brewery.
- (M) Sell or transfer beer directly to a beer wholesaler from a building described in clause (K), but may not sell or transfer



beer from the building to any other permittee or a consumer. The brewer shall maintain an adequate written record of the beer transferred:

- (i) between the brewery and the separate building; and
- (ii) from the separate building to the wholesaler.
- (N) Sell the brewery's beer to the holder of a supplemental caterer's permit issued under IC 7.1-3-9.5 for on-premises consumption only at an event that is held outdoors on property that is contiguous to the brewery as approved by the commission.
- (O) Receive liquor from the holder of a distiller's permit issued under IC 7.1-3-7 or the holder of an artisan distiller's permit under IC 7.1-3-27 that is located in the same county as the brewery for the purpose of carbonating and canning the liquor. Upon the completion of canning of the liquor, the product must be returned to the original production facility within forty-eight (48) hours. The activity under this clause is not an interest under IC 7.1-5-9.
- (P) Receive beer from another permit holder under this subdivision for the purpose of bottling and packaging the beer. Upon completion of bottling and packaging the beer, the product must be returned to the original permit holder. The number of gallons of beer that a permit holder receives, bottles, and packages under this clause may not exceed the number of gallons of beer that the permit holder produced from raw materials at the licensed premises of the permit holder in the same calendar year. The activity under this clause is not an interest under IC 7.1-5-9.
- (Q) Sell or transfer beer directly to a food manufacturer located in Indiana that is registered with the federal Food and Drug Administration for the purpose of adding or integrating the beer into a product or recipe.
- (6) If the brewer's brewery manufactures more than ninety thousand (90,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year for sale or distribution within Indiana, the permit holder may own a portion of the corporate stock of another brewery that:
 - (A) is located in the same county as the brewer's brewery;
 - (B) manufactures less than ninety thousand (90,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year; and
 - (C) is the proprietor of a restaurant that operates under subdivision (5).



- (7) Provide complimentary samples of beer that are:
 - (A) produced by the brewer; and
 - (B) offered to consumers for consumption on the brewer's premises.
- (8) Own a portion of the corporate stock of a sports corporation that:
 - (A) manages a minor league baseball stadium located in the same county as the brewer's brewery; and
 - (B) holds a beer retailer's permit, a wine retailer's permit, or a liquor retailer's permit for a restaurant located in that stadium.
- (9) For beer described in IC 7.1-1-2-3(a)(4):
 - (A) may allow transportation to and consumption of the beer on the licensed premises; and
 - (B) may not sell, offer to sell, or allow sale of the beer on the licensed premises.

SECTION 5. IC 7.1-3-2-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 11. (a) A finished product of a food manufacturer that contains beer transferred to the food manufacturer under section 7(5)(Q) of this chapter may not contain more than one-half of one percent (0.5%) of alcohol by volume when the product leaves the food manufacturer's facility.

(b) Beer that is sold or transferred to a food manufacturer under section 7(5)(Q) of this chapter shall be included within the barrels of beer limits set forth in section 7(5)(A) of this chapter.

SECTION 6. IC 7.1-3-12-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2021, SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5. (a) The following apply to the holder of a farm winery permit:

- (1) A holder is entitled to manufacture wine and to place wine produced by the permit holder's farm winery in bottles or other permissible containers.
- (2) A holder is entitled to serve complimentary samples of the winery's wine on the licensed premises or an outside area that is contiguous to the licensed premises, as approved by the commission if each employee who serves wine on the licensed premises:
 - (A) holds an employee's permit under IC 7.1-3-18-9; and
 - (B) completes a server training program approved by the commission.
- (3) A holder is entitled to sell the winery's wine on the licensed premises to consumers either by:



- (A) the glass;
- (B) the bottle;
- (C) a box that contains a bag designed for storing and dispensing wine;
- (D) any combination of receptacles listed in clauses (A) through (C); or
- (E) any other container permissible under federal law.

Notwithstanding IC 7.1-1-3-20, the licensed premises may include the farm winery parking lot or an area adjacent to the farm winery. The parking lot or an adjacent area may only be used for the purpose of conveying alcoholic beverages and other nonalcoholic items to a customer subject to section 5.5 of this chapter, and may not be used for point of sale purposes or any other purpose.

- (4) A holder is entitled to:
 - (A) serve complimentary samples of the winery's wine; and
- **(B)** sell the winery's wine to consumers by the bottle; at a farmers' market that is operated on a nonprofit basis.
- (5) A holder is entitled to sell wine by:
 - (A) the bottle;
 - (B) the can;
 - (C) a box that contains a bag designed for storing and dispensing wine;
 - (D) bulk container;
 - (E) the case; or
 - (F) any combination of receptacles listed in clauses (A) through (E);

to a person who is the holder of a permit to sell wine at wholesale.

- (6) A holder is exempt from the provisions of IC 7.1-3-14.
- (7) A holder is entitled to advertise the name and address of any retailer or dealer who sells wine produced by the permit holder's winery.
- (8) A holder for wine described in IC 7.1-1-2-3(a)(4):
 - (A) may allow transportation to and consumption of the wine on the licensed premises; and
 - (B) may not sell, offer to sell, or allow the sale of the wine on the licensed premises.
- (9) A holder is entitled to purchase and sell bulk wine as set forth in this chapter.
- (10) A holder is entitled to sell wine as authorized by this section for carryout on Sunday.
- (11) A holder is entitled to sell and ship the farm winery's wine to



- a person located in another state in accordance with the laws of the other state.
- (12) A holder is entitled to sell the farm winery's wine to the holder of a supplemental caterer's permit issued under IC 7.1-3-9.5 for on-premises consumption only at an event that is held outdoors on property that is contiguous to the farm winery as approved by the commission.
- (13) A holder is entitled to be the proprietor of a restaurant that is not subject to the minimum gross food sales or the minimum projected food sales set forth in 905 IAC 1-41-2 and the gross retail income requirements to sell carryout under IC 7.1-3-20-9.5. A holder is entitled to conduct the following activities:
 - (A) Hold a beer retailer's permit, a wine retailer's permit, or a liquor retailer's permit for a restaurant.
 - (B) Transfer wine directly from the farm winery to a restaurant that the farm winery has an interest in by means of:
 - (i) bottles or cans;
 - (ii) bulk containers; or
 - (iii) a continuous flow system.
 - (C) Install a window between the farm winery and an adjacent restaurant that allows the public and the holder of the permit to view both premises.
 - (D) Install a doorway or other opening between the farm winery and an adjacent restaurant that provides the public and the holder of the permit with access to both the farm winery and restaurant.
- (14) A holder that does not distribute through an Indiana wine wholesaler is entitled under the farm winery permit to sell and deliver to a person holding a wine retailer or wine dealer permit under this title a total of not more than three thousand (3,000) gallons of the farm winery's wine in a calendar year, if the farm winery has not sold in Indiana more than fifteen thousand (15,000) gallons the previous calendar year. A holder that sells and delivers under this subdivision shall comply with all provisions applicable to a wholesaler in 905 IAC 1-5.1, 905 IAC 1-5.2, 905 IAC 1-21, 905 IAC 1-31, and 905 IAC 1-32.1.
- (15) A holder must annually submit to the commission copies of its Indiana and federal excise tax returns.
- (b) With the approval of the commission, a holder of a permit under this chapter may conduct business at not more than three (3) additional locations that are separate from the winery. At the additional locations, the holder of a permit may conduct any business that is authorized at



the first location, except for manufacturing wine or placing wine in bottles or containers.

- (c) A farm winery may transfer wine from a storage facility or an additional location described in subsection (b). A farm winery may sell or transfer wine directly to a wine wholesaler from a storage facility separate from the farm winery or an additional location described in subsection (b). A farm winery may not sell or transfer wine from a storage facility to any other permittee or a consumer. The farm winery shall maintain an adequate written record of wine transferred:
 - (1) between the farm winery and the storage facility; and
 - (2) from the storage facility to the wholesaler.
- (d) With the approval of the commission, a holder of a permit under this chapter may:
 - (1) individually; or
 - (2) with other permit holders under this chapter, holders of artisan distiller's permits, holders of brewer's permits issued under IC 7.1-3-2-2(b), or any combination of holders described in this subdivision;

participate in a trade show or an exposition at which products of each permit holder participant are displayed, promoted, and sold. All of the permit holders may occupy the same tent, structure, or building. The commission may not grant approval under this subsection to a holder of a permit under this chapter for more than forty-five (45) days in a calendar year.

SECTION 7. IC 7.1-3-18-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.196-2015, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 9. (a) The commission may issue an employee's permit to a person who desires to act as:

- (1) a clerk in a package liquor store;
- (2) an employee who serves wine at a farm winery; or
- (3) a bartender, waiter, waitress, or manager in a retail establishment, excepting dining car and boat employees; **or**
- (4) a salon employee who serves beer or wine at a salon under IC 7.1-3-1-31.
- (b) A permit authorized by this section is conditioned upon the compliance by the holder with reasonable rules relating to the permit which the commission may prescribe from time to time.
- (c) A permit issued under this section entitles its holder to work for any lawful employer. However, a person may work without an employee's permit for thirty (30) days from the date shown on a receipt for a cashier's check or money order payable to the commission for that person's employee's permit application.



- (d) A person who, for a package liquor store or retail establishment, is:
 - (1) the sole proprietor;
 - (2) a partner, a general partner, or a limited partner in a partnership or limited partnership that owns the business establishment:
 - (3) a member of a limited liability company that owns the business establishment; or
 - (4) a stockholder in a corporation that owns the business establishment;

is not required to obtain an employee's permit in order to perform any of the acts listed in subsection (a).

- (e) An applicant may declare on the application form that the applicant will use the employee's permit only to perform volunteer service that benefits a nonprofit organization. It is unlawful for an applicant who makes a declaration under this subsection to use an employee's permit for any purpose other than to perform volunteer service that benefits a nonprofit organization.
- (f) The commission may not issue an employee's permit to an applicant while the applicant is serving a sentence for a conviction for operating while intoxicated, including any term of probation or parole.
- (g) The commission may not issue an employee's permit to an applicant who has two (2) unrelated convictions for operating while intoxicated if:
 - (1) the first conviction occurred less than ten (10) years before the date of the applicant's application for the permit; and
 - (2) the applicant completed the sentence for the second conviction, including any term of probation or parole, less than two (2) years before the date of the applicant's application for the permit.
- (h) If an applicant for an employee's permit has at least three (3) unrelated convictions for operating while intoxicated in the ten (10) years immediately preceding the date of the applicant's application for the permit, the commission may not grant the issuance of the permit. If, in the ten (10) years immediately preceding the date of the applicant's application the applicant has:
 - (1) one (1) conviction for operating while intoxicated, and the applicant is not subject to subsection (f); or
 - (2) two (2) unrelated convictions for operating while intoxicated, and the applicant is not subject to subsection (f) or (g);

the commission may grant or deny the issuance of a permit.

(i) Except as provided under section 9.5 of this chapter, the



commission shall revoke a permit issued to an employee under this section if:

- (1) the employee is convicted of a Class B misdemeanor for violating IC 7.1-5-10-15(a); or
- (2) the employee is convicted of operating while intoxicated after the issuance of the permit.

The commission may revoke a permit issued to an employee under this section for any violation of this title or the rules adopted by the commission.

SECTION 8. IC 7.1-3-20-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2022, SECTION 57, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 16. (a) A permit that is authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.

- (b) The commission may issue a three-way permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant facility in the passenger terminal complex of a publicly owned airport. A permit issued under this subsection shall not be transferred to a location off the airport premises.
- (c) Except as provided in sections 16.3 and 16.4 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way, two-way, or one-way permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant within a redevelopment project consisting of a building or group of buildings that:
 - (1) was formerly used as part of a union railway station;
 - (2) has been listed in or is within a district that has been listed in the federal National Register of Historic Places maintained pursuant to the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended; and
 - (3) has been redeveloped or renovated, with the redevelopment or renovation being funded in part with grants from the federal, state, or local government.

A permit issued under this subsection shall not be transferred to a location outside of the redevelopment project.

- (d) Subject to section 16.1 of this chapter and except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way, two-way, or one-way permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant:
 - (1) on land; or
 - (2) in a historic river vessel;



within a municipal riverfront development project funded in part with state and city money. The ownership of a permit issued under this subsection and the location for which the permit was issued may not be transferred. The legislative body of the municipality in which the municipal riverfront development project is located shall recommend to the commission sites that are eligible to be permit premises. The commission shall consider, but is not required to follow, the municipal legislative body's recommendation in issuing a permit under this subsection. A permit holder and any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises are subject to the formal written commitment required under IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.

- (e) Except as provided in sections 16.3 and 16.4 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way, two-way, or one-way permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant within a renovation project consisting of:
 - (1) a building that:
 - (A) was formerly used as part of a passenger and freight railway station; and
 - (B) was built before 1900; or
 - (2) a complex of buildings that:
 - (A) is part of an economic development area established under IC 36-7-14; and
 - (B) includes, as part of the renovation project, the use and repurposing of two (2) or more buildings and structures that are:
 - (i) at least seventy-five (75) years old; and
 - (ii) located at a site at which manufacturing previously occurred over a period of at least seventy-five (75) years.

The permit authorized by this subsection may be issued without regard to the proximity provisions of IC 7.1-3-21-11.

- (f) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way permit for the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption at a cultural center for the visual and performing arts to the following:
 - (1) A town having a population of more than twenty-three thousand (23,000) and less than twenty-three thousand nine hundred (23,900) located in a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) and less than seven



hundred thousand (700,000).

- (2) A city that has an indoor theater as described in section 26 of this chapter.
- (g) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than ten (10) fifteen (15) new three-way, two-way, or one-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants, each of whom must be the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within a district, or not more than seven hundred (700) one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet from a district, that meets the following requirements:
 - (1) The district has been listed in the National Register of Historic Places maintained under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended.
 - (2) A county courthouse is located within the district.
 - (3) A historic opera house listed on the National Register of Historic Places is located within the district.
 - (4) A historic jail and sheriff's house listed on the National Register of Historic Places is located within the district.

The legislative body of the municipality in which the district is located shall recommend to the commission sites that are eligible to be permit premises. The commission shall consider, but is not required to follow, the municipal legislative body's recommendation in issuing a permit under this subsection. An applicant is not eligible for a permit if, less than two (2) years before the date of the application, the applicant sold a retailer's permit that was subject to IC 7.1-3-22 and that was for premises located within the district described in this section or within seven hundred (700) one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet of the district. The ownership of a permit issued under this subsection and the location for which the permit was issued shall not be transferred. A permit holder and any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises is subject to the formal written commitment required under IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation. The total number of active permits issued under this subsection may not exceed ten (10) fifteen (15) at any time. The cost of an initial permit issued under this subsection is six thousand dollars (\$6,000). twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

(h) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way permit for the sale of alcoholic



beverages for on-premises consumption to an applicant who will locate as the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant within an economic development area under IC 36-7-14 in:

- (1) a town having a population of more than twenty thousand (20,000); or
- (2) a city having a population of more than forty-nine thousand four hundred (49,400) and less than fifty thousand (50,000);

located in a county having a population of more than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) and less than one hundred thirty thousand (130,000). The commission may issue not more than five (5) licenses under this section to premises within a municipality described in subdivision (1) and not more than five (5) licenses to premises within a municipality described in subdivision (2). The commission shall conduct an auction of the permits under IC 7.1-3-22-9, except that the auction may be conducted at any time as determined by the commission. Notwithstanding any other law, the minimum bid for an initial license under this subsection is thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000), and the renewal fee for a license under this subsection is one thousand three hundred fifty dollars (\$1,350). Before the district expires, a permit issued under this subsection may not be transferred. After the district expires, a permit issued under this subsection may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the permit premises.

- (i) After June 30, 2006, and except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than five (5) new three-way, two-way, or one-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants, each of whom must be the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within a district, or not more than five hundred (500) feet from a district, that meets all of the following requirements:
 - (1) The district is within an economic development area, an area needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district as established under IC 36-7-14.
 - (2) A unit of the National Park Service is partially located within the district.
 - (3) An international deep water seaport is located within the district

An applicant is not eligible for a permit under this subsection if, less than two (2) years before the date of the application, the applicant sold a retailers' permit that was subject to IC 7.1-3-22 and that was for premises located within the district described in this subsection or within five hundred (500) feet of the district. A permit issued under this



subsection may not be transferred. If the commission issues five (5) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed five (5) at any time. The commission shall conduct an auction of the permits under IC 7.1-3-22-9, except that the auction may be conducted at any time as determined by the commission.

- (j) Subject to section 16.2 of this chapter and except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than six (6) new three-way, two-way, or one-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant on land within a municipal lakefront development project. A permit issued under this subsection may not be transferred. If the commission issues six (6) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed six (6) at any time. The commission shall conduct an auction of the permits under IC 7.1-3-22-9, except that the auction may be conducted at any time as determined by the commission. Notwithstanding any other law, the minimum bid for an initial permit under this subsection is ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- (k) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than nine (9) new three-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants, each of whom must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located:
 - (1) within a motorsports investment district (as defined in IC 5-1-17.5-11); or
 - (2) not more than one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet from a motorsports investment district.

The ownership of a permit issued under this subsection and the location for which the permit was issued shall not be transferred. If the commission issues nine (9) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed nine (9) at any time. A permit holder and any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises are subject to the formal written commitment required under IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six



- (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
- (1) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than two (2) new three-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption for premises located within a qualified motorsports facility (as defined in IC 5-1-17.5-14). The ownership of a permit issued under this subsection and the location for which the permit was issued shall not be transferred. If the commission issues two (2) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed two (2) at any time. A permit holder and any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises are subject to the formal written commitment required under IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.

SECTION 9. IC 7.1-3-27-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2014, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) An artisan distiller may produce not more than ten twenty thousand (10,000) (20,000) gallons of liquor in any calendar year. Liquor produced by an artisan distiller that is sold through a wholesaler licensed under IC 7.1-3-8 may not be counted toward the gallonage limit.

(b) An artisan distiller who knowingly or intentionally violates this section commits a Class B misdemeanor.

SECTION 10. IC 7.1-3-27-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2021, SECTION 59, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 8. (a) The holder of an artisan distiller's permit may do only the following:

- (1) Manufacture liquor, including blending using liquor purchased from another manufacturer with liquor the artisan distiller manufactures under section 11 of this chapter.
- (2) Bottle liquor manufactured by the artisan distiller.
- (3) Insert liquor manufactured by the artisan distiller into a container.
- (4) Store liquor manufactured by the artisan distiller, including at a facility located within ten (10) miles of the artisan distiller's distillery.
- (5) Transport, sell, and deliver liquor manufactured by the artisan



distiller to:

- (A) places outside Indiana; or
- (B) the holder of a liquor wholesaler's permit under IC 7.1-3-8.
- (6) Sell liquor manufactured by the artisan distiller to consumers by the drink, bottle, container, or case from the licensed premises of the distillery where the liquor was manufactured. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-1-3-20, the licensed premises may include the distillery parking lot or an area adjacent to the artisan distillery. The parking lot or adjacent area may only be used for the purpose of conveying alcoholic beverages and other nonalcoholic items to a customer subject to section 8.1 of this chapter and may not be used for point of sale purposes or any other purpose.
- (7) Serve complimentary samples of the liquor manufactured by the artisan distiller to consumers on the premises of the distillery where the liquor was manufactured.
- (8) Sell liquor as authorized by this section for carryout on Sunday in a quantity at any one (1) time of not more than four and five-tenths (4.5) liters.
- (9) With the approval of the commission, participate:
 - (A) individually; or
 - (B) with other permit holders under this chapter, holders of farm winery permits, holders of brewer's permits issued under IC 7.1-3-2-2(b), or any combination of holders described in this clause;

in a trade show or an exposition at which products of each permit holder participant are displayed, promoted, and sold. All of the permit holders may occupy the same tent, structure, or building. The commission may not grant to a holder of a permit under this chapter approval under this subdivision to participate in a trade show or exposition for more than forty-five (45) days in a calendar year.

- (10) Be the proprietor of a restaurant that is not subject to the minimum gross food sales or the minimum projected food sales set forth in 905 IAC 1-41-2 and the gross retail income requirements to sell carryout under IC 7.1-3-20-9.5. A holder is entitled to conduct the following activities:
 - (A) Hold a beer retailer's permit, a wine retailer's permit, or a liquor retailer's permit for a restaurant.
 - (B) Transfer liquor directly from the artisan distillery to a restaurant that the artisan distiller has an interest in by means of:



- (i) bottles;
- (ii) bulk containers; or
- (iii) a continuous flow system.
- (C) Install a window between the artisan distillery and an adjacent restaurant that allows the public and the holder of the permit to view both premises.
- (D) Install a doorway or other opening between the artisan distillery and an adjacent restaurant that provides the public and the holder of the permit with access to both the artisan distillery and restaurant.
- (11) A holder that does not distribute through an Indiana liquor wholesaler is entitled under the artisan distiller's permit to sell and deliver to a person holding a liquor retailer or liquor dealer permit under this title a total of not more than one thousand (1,000) gallons of the artisan distillery's liquor in a calendar year, if the artisan distiller has not sold in Indiana more than nine thousand (9,000) gallons the previous calendar year. A holder that sells and delivers under this subdivision shall comply with all provisions applicable to a wholesaler in 905 IAC 1-5.1, 905 IAC 1-5.2, 905 IAC 1-21, 905 IAC 1-31, and 905 IAC 1-32.1.
- (12) A holder must annually submit to the commission copies of its Indiana and federal excise tax returns.
- (b) The holder of an artisan distiller's permit who provides samples or sells liquor by the glass must furnish the minimum food requirements prescribed by the commission.
- (c) A storage facility used by an artisan distiller under subsection (a)(4) must conform with federal laws, rules, and regulations. An artisan distiller may transfer liquor from a separate storage facility back to the artisan distillery. An artisan distiller may sell or transfer liquor directly to a liquor wholesaler from a storage facility that is separate from the artisan distillery. An artisan distiller may not sell or transfer liquor from a storage facility to any other permittee or a consumer. The artisan distiller shall maintain an adequate written record of the liquor transferred:
 - (1) between the artisan distillery and the storage facility; and
 - (2) from the storage facility to the liquor wholesaler.
- (d) The holder of an artisan distiller's permit may transport liquor to and from a brewery located within the same county for the purposes of carbonating and canning by the brewery. The activity under this subsection is not an interest under IC 7.1-5-9.
- (e) An artisan distiller who knowingly or intentionally violates this section commits a Class B misdemeanor.



SECTION 11. IC 7.1-3-27-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2014, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 11. (a) An artisan distiller may **obtain and use** blend liquor that the artisan distiller obtains from another manufacturer with liquor that the artisan distiller manufactures. The artisan distiller may sell the blended liquor as liquor that the artisan distiller manufactures only if the final product contains at least sixty percent (60%) of liquor that was fermented and distilled from raw materials by the artisan distiller at the licensed premises of the artisan distiller. in the manner permitted by this section.

- (b) Subject to subsection (c), an artisan distiller may use in a calendar year not more than ten thousand (10,000) gallons of liquor that the artisan distiller obtains from another manufacturer.
- (c) The number of gallons of liquor that the artisan distiller obtains and uses from another manufacturer in a calendar year may not exceed the number of gallons of liquor that the artisan distiller fermented and distilled from raw materials at the licensed premises of the artisan distiller in the same calendar year.
- (b) (d) An artisan distiller who knowingly or intentionally sells blended liquor that contains less than sixty percent (60%) of liquor that was fermented and distilled from raw materials by the artisan distiller at the licensed premises of the artisan distiller violates subsection (b) or (c), as applicable, commits a Class B misdemeanor.

SECTION 12. IC 7.1-5-3-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.79-2015, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) This section does not apply to the following:

- (1) An establishment where alcoholic beverages are sold that is owned, in whole or part, by an entity that holds a brewer's permit issued under IC 7.1-3-2-2(b).
- (2) An establishment where alcoholic beverages are sold that is owned, in whole or part, by a statewide trade organization consisting of members, each of whom holds a brewer's permit issued under IC 7.1-3-2-2(b).
- (3) Beer that is bottled and packaged under IC 7.1-3-2-7(5)(P).
- (b) Except as provided in section 6 of this chapter, it is unlawful to sell beer in this state at retail in a bottle, can, or other container, unless the bottle, can, or other container was packaged and sealed by the brewer at the brewer's bottling house contiguous or adjacent to the brewery in which the beer was produced.
- (c) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates subsection (b) commits a Class B misdemeanor.

SECTION 13. IC 7.1-5-7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.105-2022,



SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 11. (a) The provisions of sections 9 and 10 of this chapter shall not apply if the public place involved is one (1) of the following:

- (1) Civic center.
- (2) Convention center.
- (3) Sports arena.
- (4) Bowling center.
- (5) Bona fide club.
- (6) Drug store.
- (7) Grocery store.
- (8) Boat.
- (9) Dining car.
- (10) Pullman car.
- (11) Club car.
- (12) Passenger airplane.
- (13) Horse racetrack facility holding a recognized meeting permit under IC 4-31-5.
- (14) Satellite facility (as defined in IC 4-31-2.1-36).
- (15) Catering hall under IC 7.1-3-20-24 that is not open to the public.
- (16) That part of a restaurant which is separate from a room in which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink.
- (17) Entertainment complex.
- (18) Indoor golf facility.
- (19) A recreational facility such as a golf course, bowling center, or similar facility that has the recreational activity and not the sale of food and beverages as the principal purpose or function of the person's business.
- (20) A licensed premises owned or operated by a postsecondary educational institution described in IC 21-17-6-1.
- (21) An automobile racetrack.
- (22) An indoor theater under IC 7.1-3-20-26.
- (23) A senior residence facility campus (as defined in IC 7.1-3-1-29(c)) at which alcoholic beverages are given or furnished as provided under IC 7.1-3-1-29.
- (24) A hotel other than a part of a hotel that is a room in a restaurant in which a bar is located over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink.
- (25) The location of an allowable event to which IC 7.1-3-6.1 applies.



- (26) The location of a charity auction to which IC 7.1-3-6.2 applies.
- (27) A tour of a brewery as provided in IC 7.1-3-20-16.4, if the minor is in the company of a parent, legal guardian or custodian, or family member who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
- (28) A farm winery and any additional locations of the farm winery under IC 7.1-3-12, if the minor is in the company of a parent, legal guardian or custodian, or family member who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age and the minor is accompanied by the adult in any area that the adult may be present whether or not the area:
 - (A) is separated in any manner from where the wine is manufactured, sold, or consumed within the farm winery premises; or
 - (B) operates under a retailer's permit.
- (29) An artisan distillery under IC 7.1-3-27, if:
 - (A) the person who holds the artisan distiller's permit also holds a farm winery permit under IC 7.1-3-12, or IC 7.1-3-20-16.4(a) applies to the person; and
 - (B) the minor is in the company of a parent, legal guardian or custodian, or family member who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
- (30) An art instruction studio under IC 7.1-5-8-4.6.
- (31) The licensed premises of a food hall under IC 7.1-3-20-29 and the food and beverage vending space of a food hall vendor permittee under IC 7.1-3-20-30. However, sections 9 and 10 of this chapter apply to a bar within the food and beverage vending space of a food hall vendor permittee under IC 7.1-3-20-30 that serves alcoholic beverages intended to be consumed while sitting or standing at the bar.
- (32) A beauty culture salon licensed under IC 25-8-7 at which wine and beer are given or furnished as provided under IC 7.1-3-1-31.
- (b) For the purpose of this subsection, "food" means meals prepared on the licensed premises. It is lawful for a minor to be on licensed premises in a room in which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink if all the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The minor is eighteen (18) years of age or older.
 - (2) The minor is in the company of a parent, guardian, or family member who is twenty-one (21) years of age or older.
 - (3) The purpose for being on the licensed premises is the



consumption of food and not the consumption of alcoholic beverages.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1217 as introduced.)

MANNING

Committee Vote: yeas 13, nays 0.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Public Policy, to which was referred House Bill No. 1217, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 3, line 12, after "(4)" delete "Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a" and insert "A".

Page 3, line 13, after "supply" insert ", manufacturer,".

Page 3, line 13, delete "allow a permittee" and insert "supply equipment on a temporary and nondiscriminatory basis to the holder of a retailer permit or a temporary permit for the purpose of holding, storing, and dispensing product to consumers for a special event for the duration of the special event. Ownership of the equipment shall remain with the primary source of supply, manufacturer, or wholesaler."

Page 3, delete lines 14 through 32.

Page 4, line 1, after "breweries" insert ",".

Page 4, line 2, strike "located in Indiana,".

Page 6, line 13, delete "holder." and insert "holder who manufactured the beer."

Page 6, line 14, delete "gallons" and insert "barrels".

Page 6, line 16, delete "gallons" and insert "barrels".

Page 7, delete lines 17 through 42.

Delete pages 8 through 11.

Page 17, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 6. IC 7.1-3-20-16.8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.285-2019, SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 16.8. (a) A permit that is authorized by this





section may be issued without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.

- (b) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than four (4) new three-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants in each of the following municipalities:
 - (1) Whitestown.
 - (2) (1) Lebanon.
 - (3) (2) Zionsville.
 - (4) (3) Westfield.
 - (5) (4) Carmel.
 - (6) (5) Fishers.
- (c) The following apply to permits issued under this section subsection (b):
 - (1) An applicant for a permit under this section subsection (b) must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within an economic development area, an area needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district as established under IC 36-7-14 in a municipality's:
 - (A) downtown redevelopment district; or
 - (B) downtown economic revitalization area.
 - (2) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
 - (3) The total number of active permits issued under this section subsection (b) may not exceed twenty-four (24) twenty (20) permits at any time. If any of the permits issued under this section subsection (b) are revoked or not renewed, the commission may issue only enough new permits to bring the total number of permits to twenty-four (24) twenty (20) active permits, with not more than four (4) in each municipality listed in subsection (b)(1) through $\frac{(b)(6)}{(b)(5)}$.
 - (4) The municipality may adopt an ordinance under IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a permit. As set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises.
 - (5) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission and the permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
 - (6) Except as provided in subdivision (8), the ownership of a



permit may not be transferred.

- (7) A permit may not be transferred from the premises for which the permit was issued.
- (8) If the area in which the permit premises is located is no longer designated an economic development area, an area needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district, a permit issued under this section may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the permit premises.
- (d) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than the following to the town of Whitestown:
 - (1) Three (3) new three-way permits.
 - (2) Three (3) new two-way permits.
 - (3) One (1) new liquor dealer's permit.
 - (e) The following apply to permits issued under subsection (d):
 - (1) An applicant for a permit under subsection (d)(1) or (d)(2) must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within an economic development area, an area needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district as established under IC 36-7-14 in a municipality's:
 - (A) downtown redevelopment district; or
 - (B) downtown economic revitalization area.
 - (2) The cost of an initial permit is forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
 - (3) The total number of active permits issued under subsection (d) may not exceed seven (7) permits at any time.
 - (4) The municipality may adopt an ordinance under IC 7.1-3-19-17 requiring a permit holder to enter into a formal written commitment as a condition of eligibility for a permit. As set forth in IC 7.1-3-19-17(b), a formal written commitment is binding on the permit holder and on any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises.
 - (5) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission and the permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.
 - (6) Except as provided in subdivision (8), the ownership of a permit may not be transferred.
 - (7) A permit may not be transferred from the premises for which the permit was issued.



(8) If the area in which the permit issued to a premises under subsection (d)(1) or (d)(2) is located is no longer designated an economic development area, an area needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district, a permit issued under this section may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the permit premises.

SECTION 7. IC 7.1-3-22-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4.5. (a) As used in this section, "eligible grocery store" means a grocery store (as defined in IC 7.1-1-3-18.5(a)(1)) that meets the following criteria:

- (1) Is operated in a consolidated city.
- (2) Was established in whole or in part through a food empowerment pilot project authorized under P.L.165-2021, SECTION 6 and awarded to a nonprofit corporation for the benefit of establishing the grocery store.
- (3) Operates with less than eighteen thousand (18,000) square feet of building space.
- (4) Provides access to fresh and healthy foods to individuals in a low income area where access to resources for fresh and healthy food, particularly fresh fruits and vegetables and fresh meat, poultry, and fish, is limited.
- (b) The commission shall issue a beer dealer's permit and a wine dealer's permit to an eligible grocery store without regard to the quota provisions of this chapter.
 - (c) A permit issued under this section is subject to the following:
 - (1) A permit issued under this section may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the permit premises.
 - (2) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1.1, if the premises ceases to qualify as an eligible grocery store for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission and the permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation."

Page 17, delete lines 20 through 42

Delete pages 18 through 19.

Page 20, delete lines 1 through 14.

Page 22, delete lines 22 through 24.

Page 22, strike line 30.

Page 22, line 31, strike "(2)" and insert "(1)".

Page 22, line 33, strike "(3)" and insert "(2)".



Page 22, after line 35, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(3) The minor, accompanied by the parent, guardian, or family member who is twenty-one (21) years of age or older, must be seated at a table or booth in the bar area and shall not be seated at the bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1217 as printed February 14, 2023.)

ALTING, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.

