## **HOUSE BILL No. 1223**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-38-9-6.

**Synopsis:** Expungement and schools. Allows disclosure of expunged records to a school in connection with the employment of a person likely to have contact with a student.

Effective: July 1, 2021.

## Mayfield, Young J

January 14, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.



First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1223**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	CECTION 1 IC 25 20 0 C AC AMENDED DV DI 210 2010
1	SECTION 1. IC 35-38-9-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2019,
2	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 6. (a) If the court orders conviction records,
4	including any records relating to the conviction and any records
5	concerning a collateral action, expunged under sections 2 through 3 of
6	this chapter, the court shall do the following with respect to the specific
7	records expunged by the court:
8	(1) Order:
9	(A) the department of correction;
0	(B) the bureau of motor vehicles; and
l 1	(C) each:
12	(i) law enforcement agency; and
13	(ii) other person;
14	who incarcerated, prosecuted, provided treatment for, or
15	provided other services for the person under an order of the
16	court;
17	to prohibit the release of the person's records or information in the
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1	person's records to anyone without a court order, other than a law
2	enforcement officer acting in the course of the officer's official
3	duty.
4	(2) Order the central repository for criminal history information
5	maintained by the state police department to seal the person's
6	expunged conviction records, including information related to:
7	(A) an arrest or offense:
8	(i) in which no conviction was entered; and
9	(ii) that was committed as part of the same episode of
10	criminal conduct as the case ordered expunged; and
11	(B) any other references to any matters related to the case
12	ordered expunged, including in a collateral action.
13	This subdivision does not require the state police department to
14	seal any record the state police department does not have legal
15	authority to seal.
16	(3) Records sealed under subdivision (2) may be disclosed only
17	to:
18	(A) a prosecuting attorney, if:
19	(i) authorized by a court order; and
20	(ii) needed to carry out the official duties of the prosecuting
21	attorney;
22 23 24	(B) a defense attorney, if:
23	(i) authorized by a court order; and
24	(ii) needed to carry out the professional duties of the defense
25	attorney;
26	(C) a probation department, if:
27	(i) authorized by a court order; and
28	(ii) necessary to prepare a presentence report;
29	(D) the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Department of
30	Homeland Security, if disclosure is required to comply with an
31	agreement relating to the sharing of criminal history
32	information;
33	(E) the:
34	(i) supreme court;
35	(ii) members of the state board of law examiners;
36	(iii) executive director of the state board of law examiners;
37	and
38	(iv) employees of the state board of law examiners, in
39	accordance with rules adopted by the state board of law
10	examiners;
<b>1</b> 1	for the purpose of determining whether an applicant possesses
12	the necessary good moral character for admission to the bar;



1	(F) a person required to access expunged records to comply
2	with the Secure and Fair Enforcement for Mortgage Licensing
3	Act (12 U.S.C. 5101 et seq.) or regulations adopted under the
4	Secure and Fair Enforcement for Mortgage Licensing Act; and
5	(G) the bureau of motor vehicles, the Federal Motor Carrier
6	Administration, and the Commercial Drivers License
7	Information System (CDLIS), if disclosure is required to
8	comply with federal law relating to reporting a conviction for
9	a violation of a traffic control law; and
10	(H) a school (as defined in IC 22-4-2-37), for the purpose of
11	determining whether to:
12	(i) employ a person seeking employment, including
13	volunteer employment, with the school; or
14	(ii) grant access or admission to the school to a
15	contractor;
16	if the applicant or contractor is likely to have contact with
17	a student enrolled in the school, regardless of the student's
18	age.
19	(4) Notify the clerk of the supreme court to seal any records in the
20	clerk's possession that relate to the conviction, including any
21	records concerning a collateral action.
22	A probation department may provide an unredacted version of a
23	presentence report disclosed under subdivision (3)(C) to any person
24	authorized by law to receive a presentence report.
25	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), if a petition to expunge
26	conviction records, including any records relating to the conviction and
27	any records concerning a collateral action, is granted under sections 2
28	through 3 of this chapter, the records of:
29	(1) the sentencing court;
30	(2) a court that conducted a collateral action;
31	(3) a juvenile court;
32	(4) a court of appeals; and
33	(5) the supreme court;
34	concerning the person shall be permanently sealed. However, a petition
35	for expungement granted under sections 2 through 3 of this chapter
36	does not affect an existing or pending driver's license suspension.
37	(c) If a petition to expunge conviction records, including any records
38	relating to the conviction and any records concerning a collateral
39	action, is granted under sections 2 through 3 of this chapter with
40	respect to the records of a person who is named as an appellant or an
41	appellee in an opinion or memorandum decision by the supreme court

or the court of appeals, or who is identified in a collateral action, the



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2 (1) redact the opinion or memorandum decision as it appears 3 the computer gateway administered by the office of technolog 4 that it does not include the petitioner's name (in the same man 5 that opinions involving juveniles are redacted); and	y so nner er or
that it does not include the petitioner's name (in the same mar that opinions involving juveniles are redacted); and	nner er or
5 that opinions involving juveniles are redacted); and	r or
1 65	
6 (2) provide a redacted copy of the opinion to any publishe	n is
7 organization to whom the opinion or memorandum decisio	
8 provided after the date of the order of expungement.	
9 The supreme court and court of appeals are not required to destro	y or
otherwise dispose of any existing copy of an opinion or memorand	lum
decision that includes the petitioner's name.	
12 (d) Notwithstanding subsection (b), a prosecuting attorney i	may
submit a written application to a court that granted an expungen	-
petition under this chapter to gain access to any records that v	
permanently sealed under subsection (b), if the records are relevant	
a new prosecution of the person. If a prosecuting attorney who sub-	
a written application under this subsection shows that the records	
relevant for a new prosecution of the person, the court that granted	
expungement petition shall:	
20 (1) order the records to be unsealed; and	
21 (2) allow the prosecuting attorney who submitted the wri	tten
application to have access to the records.	
23 If a court orders records to be unsealed under this subsection, the co	ourt
shall order the records to be permanently resealed at the early	
possible time after the reasons for unsealing the records cease to ex	
However, if the records are admitted as evidence against the perso	
a new prosecution that results in the person's conviction, or are use	
28 enhance a sentence imposed on the person in a new prosecution,	
29 court is not required to reseal the records.	
30 (e) If a person whose conviction records, including any reco	ords
relating to the conviction and any records concerning a collat	
32 action, are expunged under sections 2 through 5 of this chapter	
required to register as a sex offender based on the commission	
felony which has been expunged:	01 4
35 (1) the expungement does not affect the operation of the	sex
offender registry web site, any person's ability to access	
person's records, records required to be maintained concern	
38 sex or violent offenders, or any registration requirement impo	
on the person; and	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
40 (2) the expunged conviction records must be clearly market	d as
41 expunged on the sex offender registry web site.	- ab
42 (f) Expungement of a crime of domestic violence under section	2 of



this chapter does not restore a person's right to possess a firearm. The
right of a person convicted of a crime of domestic violence to possess
a firearm may be restored only in accordance with IC 35-47-4-7.

- (g) If a court issues an order granting a petition for expungement under sections 2 through 3 of this chapter, the court shall also order any related records described in section 1(f) of this chapter sealed or redacted in the manner described in section 1 of this chapter, unless the records described in section 1(f) of this chapter have been ordered sealed and redacted under this section.
- (h) If the court issues an order granting a petition for expungement under sections 2 through 3 of this chapter, the court shall include in its order the information described in section 8(b) of this chapter.

