HOUSE BILL No. 1233

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-10; IC 3-11-2-12; IC 6-1.1; IC 12-7-2-46.3; IC 12-20; IC 15-16-7-4; IC 36-2; IC 36-5-1.1; IC 36-6; IC 36-6.1; IC 36-8; IC 36-12-1-15.

Synopsis: Local government reorganization. Provides that on January 1, 2027, in all counties except Marion County, the following occur: (1) Township government is dissolved. (2) The county executive assumes the powers and duties of township trustees with regard to fire protection and emergency services (fire services). (3) An elected county trustee assumes the powers and duties of township trustees regarding township assistance. Specifies that, on January 1, 2027, the following occur: (1) All fire protection districts and fire protection territories are dissolved. (2) Fire services are provided in accordance with a county fire protection and emergency medical services plan (county plan). (3) The county emergency management director is responsible for the day to day operations of administering the county plan. Provides that all incorporated towns with a population of less than 1,000 are required: (1) to report not later than November 1, 2025, and every November 1 every four years thereafter as to the services provided to residents, and operating costs; and (2) to be dissolved by the county legislative body if the town's operating costs exceed the expenditures for delivery of services to residents.

Effective: July 1, 2025.

Engleman

January 9, 2025, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.



First Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2025)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2024 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1233

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-10-1-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.227-2023,
2	SECTION 58, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 19. (a) The ballot for a primary election shall be
4	printed in substantially the form described in this section for all the
5	offices for which candidates have qualified under IC 3-8.
6	(b) The following shall be printed as the heading for the ballot for
7	a political party:
8	"OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT
9	Party (insert the name of the political party)".
10	(c) The following shall be printed immediately below the heading
11	required by subsection (b) or be posted in each voting booth as
12	provided in IC 3-11-2-8(b):
13	(1) For paper ballots, print: To vote for a person, make a voting
14	mark $(X \text{ or } \checkmark)$ on or in the box before the person's name in the
15	proper column.
16	(2) For optical scan ballots, print: To vote for a person, darken or
17	shade in the circle, oval, or square (or draw a line to connect the



1	arrow) that precedes the person's name in the proper column.
2	(3) For optical scan ballots that do not contain a candidate's name,
2 3	print: To vote for a person, darken or shade in the oval that
4	precedes the number assigned to the person's name in the proper
5	column.
6	(4) For electronic voting systems, print: To vote for a person,
7	touch the screen (or press the button) in the location indicated.
8	(d) Local public questions shall be placed on the primary election
9	ballot after the heading and the voting instructions described in
0	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and before
1	the offices described in subsection (g).
2	(e) The local public questions described in subsection (d) shall be
3	placed as follows:
4	(1) In a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot.
5	(2) After the heading and the voting instructions described in
6	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and
7	before the offices described in subsection (g), in the form
8	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card.
9	(3) As provided by either of the following if voting is by an
0.	electronic voting system:
21	(A) On a separate screen for a public question.
22 23 24 25	(B) After the heading and the voting instructions described in
23	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and
.4	before the offices described in subsection (g), in the form
25	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5.
26	(f) A public question shall be placed on the primary election ballot
27	in the following form:
28	(The explanatory text for the public question,
29	if required by law.)
0	"Shall (insert public question)?"
1	[] YES
52	[] NO
3	(g) The offices with candidates for nomination shall be placed on
4	the primary election ballot in the following order:
5	(1) Federal and state offices:
6	(A) President of the United States.
7	(B) United States Senator.
8	(C) Governor.
9	(D) United States Representative.
-0	(2) Legislative offices:
-1	(A) State senator.
-2	(B) State representative.



1	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:
2	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
3	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
4	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
5	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
6	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
7	one (1) judge of the superior court.
8	(C) Judge of the probate court.
9	(D) Prosecuting attorney.
10	(E) Circuit court clerk.
11	(4) County offices:
12	(A) County auditor.
13	(B) County recorder.
14	(C) County treasurer.
15	(D) County sheriff.
16	(E) County coroner.
17	(F) County surveyor.
18	(G) County assessor.
19	(H) County commissioner.
20	(I) County council member.
21	(J) County trustee (for elections in 2026 and thereafter).
22	(5) Township offices:
23	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
24	IC 36-6-5-1(d)). This clause does not apply to elections in
25	2026 and thereafter.
26	(B) Township trustee. This clause does not apply to elections
27	in 2026 and thereafter in a county not having a
28	consolidated city.
29	(C) Township board member. This clause does not apply to
30	elections in 2026 and thereafter in a county not having a
31	consolidated city.
32	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
33	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
34	(6) City offices:
35	(A) Mayor.
36	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.
37	(C) Judge of the city court.
38	(D) City-county council member or common council member.
39	(7) Town offices:
40	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
41	(B) Judge of the town court.
42	(C) Town council member.



1	(n) The political party offices with candidates for election shall be
2	placed on the primary election ballot in the following order after the
3	offices described in subsection (g):
4	(1) Precinct committeeman.
5	(2) State convention delegate.
6	(i) The local offices to be elected at the primary election shall be
7	placed on the primary election ballot after the offices described in
8	subsection (h).
9	(j) The offices described in subsection (i) shall be placed as follows:
10	(1) In a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot.
l 1	(2) After the offices described in subsection (h) in the form
12	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card.
13	(3) Either:
14	(A) on a separate screen for each office or public question; or
15	(B) after the offices described in subsection (h) in the form
16	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5;
17	if voting is by an electronic voting system.
18	(k) If no candidate has filed to run for an office on the primary ballot
19	then the county election board may print "NO CANDIDATE FILED"
20	in the place on the ballot where a candidate's name would have been
21	printed.
22	SECTION 2. IC 3-10-2-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
23	SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 13. The following public officials shall be elected
25 26	at the general election before their terms of office expire and every four
26	(4) years thereafter:
27	(1) Clerk of the circuit court.
28	(2) County auditor.
29	(3) County recorder.
30	(4) County treasurer.
31	(5) County sheriff.
32	(6) County coroner.
33	(7) County surveyor.
34	(8) County assessor.
35	(9) County commissioner.
36	(10) County council member.
37	(11) County trustee (for elections in 2026 and thereafter).
38	(11) (12) Township trustee. This subdivision does not apply to
39	elections in 2026 and thereafter in a county not having a
10	consolidated city.
11	(12) (13) Township board member. This subdivision does not
12	apply to elections in 2026 and thereafter in a county not



1	having a consolidated city.
2	(13) (14) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
3	IC 36-6-5-1(d)). This subdivision does not apply to elections in
4	2026 and thereafter.
5	(14) (15) Judge of a small claims court.
6	(15) (16) Constable of a small claims court.
7	SECTION 3. IC 3-11-2-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.227-2023,
8	SECTION 67, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 12. (a) The following offices shall be placed on
10	the general election ballot in the following order after the public
11	questions described in section 10(a) of this chapter:
12	(1) Federal and state offices:
13	(A) President and Vice President of the United States.
14	(B) United States Senator.
15	(C) Governor and lieutenant governor.
16	(D) Secretary of state.
17	(E) Auditor of state.
18	(F) Treasurer of state.
19	(G) Attorney general.
20	(H) United States Representative. If an election to fill a
21	vacancy in an office of United States Representative under
22	IC 3-10-8 is held on the same day as the election for the next
23	term of the same office, the ballot shall list the election to fill
24	the vacancy in the office immediately after the election for the
25	next term of the office.
26	(2) Legislative offices:
27	(A) State senator.
28	(B) State representative.
29	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:
30	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
31	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
32	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
33	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
34	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
35	one (1) judge of the superior court.
36	(C) Judge of the probate court.
37	(D) Prosecuting attorney.
38	(E) Clerk of the circuit court.
39	(4) County offices:
40	(A) County auditor.
41	(B) County recorder.
42 .	(C) County treasurer



1	(D) County sheriff.
2	(E) County coroner.
2 3	(F) County surveyor.
4	(G) County assessor.
5	(H) County commissioner.
6	(I) County council member.
7	(J) County trustee (for elections in 2026 and thereafter).
8	(5) Township offices:
9	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
10	IC 36-6-5-1(d)). This clause does not apply to elections in
11	2026 and thereafter.
12	(B) Township trustee. This clause does not apply to elections
13	in 2026 and thereafter in a county not having a
14	consolidated city.
15	(C) Township board member. This clause does not apply to
16	elections in 2026 and thereafter in a county not having a
17	consolidated city.
18	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
19	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
20	(6) City offices:
21	(A) Mayor.
22	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.
23	(C) Judge of the city court.
24	(D) City-county council member or common council member
25	(7) Town offices:
26	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
27	(B) Judge of the town court.
28	(C) Town council member.
29	(b) If a major political party does not nominate a candidate for ar
30	office on a general, municipal, or special election ballot then the county
31	election board may print "NO CANDIDATE FILED" in the place or
32	the ballot where the name of the major political party's nominee would
33	be printed.
34	SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-17-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.220-2021
35	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3. (a) The proper officers of a political subdivision
37	shall formulate its estimated budget and its proposed tax rate and tax
38	levy on the form prescribed by the department of local government
39	finance and approved by the state board of accounts. In formulating a
40	political subdivision's estimated budget under this section, the proper

political subdivision's estimated budget under this section, the proper

officers of the political subdivision must consider the net property tax revenue that will be collected by the political subdivision during the



41

42

ensuing year, after taking into account the estimate by the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-20.6-11.1 of the amount by which the political subdivision's distribution of property taxes will be reduced by credits under IC 6-1.1-20.6-9.5 in the ensuing year, after taking into account the estimate by the department of local government finance under section 0.7 of this chapter of the maximum amount of net property tax revenue and miscellaneous revenue that the political subdivision will receive in the ensuing year, and after taking into account all payments for debt service obligations that are to be made by the political subdivision during the ensuing year. The political subdivision or appropriate fiscal body, if the political subdivision is subject to section 20 of this chapter, shall submit the following information to the department's computer gateway:

(1) The estimated budget.

- (2) The estimated maximum permissible levy, as provided by the department under IC 6-1.1-18.5-24.
- (3) The current and proposed tax levies of each fund.
- (4) The percentage change between the current and proposed tax levies of each fund.
- (5) The amount by which the political subdivision's distribution of property taxes may be reduced by credits granted under IC 6-1.1-20.6, as estimated by the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-20.6-11.1.
- (6) The amounts of excessive levy appeals to be requested.
- (7) The time and place at which the political subdivision or appropriate fiscal body will hold a public hearing on the items described in subdivisions (1) through (6).
- (8) The time and place at which the political subdivision or appropriate fiscal body will meet to fix the budget, tax rate, and levy under section 5 of this chapter.
- (9) The date, time, and place of the final adoption of the budget, tax rate, and levy under section 5 of this chapter.

Except as provided in section 5.6(b) of this chapter, the political subdivision or appropriate fiscal body shall submit this information to the department's computer gateway at least ten (10) days before the public hearing required by this subsection in the manner prescribed by the department. If the date, time, or place of the final adoption subsequently changes, the political subdivision shall update the information submitted to the department's computer gateway. The department shall make this information available to taxpayers, at least ten (10) days before the public hearing, through its computer gateway and provide a telephone number through which taxpayers may request



- mailed copies of a political subdivision's information under this subsection. The department's computer gateway must allow a taxpayer to search for the information under this subsection by the taxpayer's address. The department shall review only the submission to the department's computer gateway for compliance with this section.
- (b) The board of directors of a solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5-2 (before its repeal) may conduct the public hearing required under subsection (a):
 - (1) in any county of the solid waste management district; and
 - (2) in accordance with the annual notice of meetings published under IC 13-21-5-2.
- (c) The trustee of each township in the county shall estimate the amount necessary to meet the cost of township assistance in the township for the ensuing calendar year. The township board shall adopt with the township budget a tax rate sufficient to meet the estimated cost of township assistance. The taxes collected as a result of the tax rate adopted under this subsection are credited to the township assistance fund. After December 31, 2026, this subsection applies only to a township in a county having a consolidated city.
- (d) A political subdivision for which any of the information under subsection (a) is not submitted to the department's computer gateway in the manner prescribed by the department shall have its most recent annual appropriations and annual tax levy continued for the ensuing budget year.
- (e) If a political subdivision or appropriate fiscal body timely submits the information under subsection (a) but subsequently discovers the information contains an error, the political subdivision or appropriate fiscal body may submit amended information to the department's computer gateway. However, submission of an amendment to information described in subsection (a)(1) through (a)(7) must occur at least ten (10) days before the public hearing held under subsection (a), and submission of an amendment to information described in subsection (a)(8) must occur at least twenty-four (24) hours before the time in which the meeting to fix the budget, tax rate, and levy was originally advertised to commence.
- (f) Each year, the governing body of a school corporation that imposes property taxes to pay debt service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease for a controlled project under IC 6-1.1-20, property taxes under an operating referendum tax levy under IC 20-46-1, or property taxes under a school safety referendum tax levy under IC 20-46-9, shall submit the following information at least ten (10) days before the public hearing required by subsection (a) in the manner prescribed by



1	the department:
2	(1) the purposes specified in the public question submitted to the
2 3	voters or any revenue spending plans adopted under
4	IC 6-1.1-20-13, IC 20-46-1-8, or IC 20-46-9-6 for:
5	(A) debt service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease for a
6	controlled project under IC 6-1.1-20;
7	(B) an operating referendum tax levy approved by the voters
8	of the school corporation under IC 20-46-1; or
9	(C) a school safety referendum tax levy approved by the voters
10	of the school corporation under IC 20-46-9;
11	as applicable; and
12	(2) the debt service levy fund, operating referendum tax levy
13	fund, or school safety referendum tax levy fund of the school
14	corporation, whichever is applicable;
15	to show whether the school corporation is using revenue collected from
16	the referendum tax levy in the amounts and for the purposes
17	established in the purposes specified in the public question submitted
18	to the voters or the revenue spending plan, as applicable. The
19	department shall make this information available to taxpayers at least
20	ten (10) days before the public hearing.
21	(g) This subsection does not apply to a county having a
22	consolidated city. This subsection applies to budgets for calendar
23	years after 2026 and to property taxes first due and payable after
24	2026. Notwithstanding any other law, in 2026 and each year
25	thereafter, the county trustee shall estimate the amount necessary
26	to meet the cost of township assistance in the county for the
27	ensuing calendar year. The county fiscal body shall adopt with the
28	county budget for property taxes due in 2027 and each year
29	thereafter a uniform tax rate throughout the county sufficient to
30	meet the estimated cost of township assistance in the county. The
31	taxes collected as a result of the tax rate adopted under this
32	subsection shall be credited to the fund established under
33	IC 12-20-21-6.
34	(h) This subsection does not apply to a county having a
35	consolidated city. This subsection applies to budgets for calendar
36	years after 2026 and to property taxes first due and payable after
37	2026. Notwithstanding any other law, in 2026 and each year
38	thereafter, the county fiscal body shall adopt with the county
39	budget for 2027 and thereafter:
40	(1) the budget to carry out the county's firefighting and
41	emergency services powers and duties in the county in



2025

accordance with the county fire protection and emergency

1	services plan under IC 36-8-13.6; and
2	(2) the property tax levy for the county's firefighting and
3	emergency services fund or the combined property tax levies
4	for the county's firefighting fund and the county's emergency
5	services fund under IC 6-1.1-18.5-18.5 and IC 36-8-13.7.
6	SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-18-28, AS AMENDED BY P.L.236-2023
7	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 28. (a) After December 31, 2026, this section
9	applies only to a township in a county having a consolidated city.
10	(a) (b) The executive of a township may, upon approval by the
l 1	township fiscal body, submit a petition to the department of local
12	government finance for an increase in the township's maximum
13	permissible ad valorem property tax levy for its township firefighting
14	and emergency services fund under IC 36-8-13-4(a)(1) or the levies for
15	the township firefighting fund and township emergency services fund
16	described in IC 36-8-13-4(a)(2), as applicable, for property taxes for
17	any year for which a petition is submitted under this section.
18	(b) (c) If the township submits a petition as provided in subsection
19	(a) (b) before April 1 of a year, the department of local governmen
20	finance shall increase the township's maximum permissible ad valoren
21	property tax levy for the township firefighting and emergency services
22	fund under IC 36-8-13-4(a)(1) or the combined levies for the township
23	firefighting fund and township emergency services fund described in
24	IC 36-8-13-4(a)(2), as applicable, for property taxes first due and
25	payable in the immediately succeeding year by using the following
26	formula for purposes of subsection (c)(2): (d)(2):
27	STEP ONE: Determine the percentage increase in the population
28	as determined by the township fiscal body and as may be
29	prescribed by the department of local government finance, that is
30	within the fire protection and emergency services area of the
31	township during the ten (10) year period immediately preceding
32	the year in which the petition is submitted under subsection (a)
33	(b). The township fiscal body may use the most recently available
34	population data issued by the Bureau of the Census during the ter
35	(10) year period immediately preceding the petition.
36	STEP TWO: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the result of:
37	(A) the STEP ONE percentage; minus
38	(B) six percent (6%);
39	expressed as a decimal.
10	STEP THREE: Determine a rate that is the lesser of:
11	(A) fifteen-hundredths (0.15) ; or
12	(B) the STEP TWO result.



STEP FOUR: Reduce the STEP THREE rate by any rate increase
in the township's property tax rate or rates for its township
firefighting and emergency services fund, township firefighting
fund, or township emergency services fund, as applicable, within
the immediately preceding ten (10) year period that was made
based on a petition submitted by the township under this section.
c) (d) The township's maximum permissible ad valorem property
evy for its township firefighting and emergency services fund
IC 26 9 12 4(-)(1) 41 1 1 C 41 4 1 1

- (c) (d) The township's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for its township firefighting and emergency services fund under IC 36-8-13-4(a)(1) or the combined levies for the township firefighting fund and township emergency services fund described in IC 36-8-13-4(a)(2) for property taxes first due and payable in a given year, as adjusted under this section, shall be calculated as:
 - (1) the amount of the ad valorem property tax levy increase for the township firefighting and emergency services fund under IC 36-8-13-4(a)(1) or the combined levies for the township firefighting fund and township emergency services fund described in IC 36-8-13-4(a)(2), as applicable, without regard to this section; plus
 - (2) an amount equal to the result of:
 - (A) the rate determined under the formula in subsection (b); (c); multiplied by
 - (B) the net assessed value of the fire protection and emergency services area divided by one hundred (100).

The calculation under this subsection shall be used in the determination of the township's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy under IC 36-8-13-4 for property taxes first due and payable in the first year of the increase and thereafter.

SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-18.5-10.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 10.2. (a) For purposes of determining the property tax levy limit imposed on a township under section 3 of this chapter, the township ad valorem property tax levy for a particular calendar year does not include the amount, if any, of ad valorem property taxes that would be first due and payable to the township during the ensuing calendar year under the authority of IC 36-8-13-4. The amount of ad valorem property taxes levied by the township under the authority of IC 36-8-13-4 shall, for purposes of the property tax levy limits imposed under section 3 of this chapter, be treated as if that levy were made by a separate civil taxing unit.

(b) For purposes of determining the property tax levy limit imposed on a county under section 3 of this chapter, the county ad valorem property tax levy for a particular calendar year does not include the amount, if any, of ad valorem property taxes imposed



1	under IC 36-8-13.7-8 that would be first due and payable to the
2	county during the ensuing calendar year. The amount of ad
3	valorem property taxes levied by the county under IC 36-8-13.7-8
4	shall, for purposes of the property tax levy limits imposed under
5	section 3 of this chapter, be treated as if that levy were made by a
6	separate civil taxing unit.
7	SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-18.5-18.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
8	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 18.5. (a) This section does not
10	apply to a county having a consolidated city.
11	(b) Subject to subsection (d), the maximum permissible ad
12	valorem property tax levy for the county's firefighting and
13	emergency services fund or the combined property tax levies for
14	the county's firefighting fund and the emergency services fund
15	under IC 36-8-13.7-8 for property taxes first due and payable after
16	December 31, 2026, is the amount determined in STEP TWO of the
17	following STEPS:
18	STEP ONE: Determine:
19	(A) for ad valorem property taxes first due and payable in
20	2027:
21	(i) the combined maximum ad valorem property tax levy
22	under this chapter of all the townships in the county for
23	the townships' firefighting and emergency services funds
24	and the townships' firefighting funds and emergency
25	services funds established under IC 36-8-13-4 for
26	property taxes first due and payable in 2026; plus
27	(ii) the combined maximum ad valorem property tax
28	levy for property taxes first due and payable for all fire
29	protection territories and fire protection districts in the
30	county that are abolished in the first year in which the
31	county is responsible for providing fire protection and
32	emergency services; or
33	(B) for ad valorem property taxes first due and payable
34	after 2027 the maximum permissible ad valorem:
35	(i) property tax levy for the county's firefighting and
36	emergency services fund established under IC 36-8-13-4;
37	or
38	(ii) combined levies for the county's firefighting fund and
39	the county's emergency services fund established under
40	IC 36-8-13-4;
41	as determined under this section for ad valorem property



2025

taxes first due and payable in the immediately preceding

1	calendar year.
2	STEP TWO: Multiply the amount determined in STEP ONE
3	by the amount determined in the last STEP of section 2(b) o
4	this chapter.
5	(c) Notwithstanding any other law, the county fiscal body shal
6	impose the first property tax levy for the county's firefighting and
7	emergency services fund or the combined levies for the county's
8	firefighting fund and the county's emergency services fund under
9	IC 36-8-13.7-8 beginning with property taxes first due and payable
10	in 2027.
11	(d) Notwithstanding any other law, the department of loca
12	government finance may adjust the maximum permissible ad
13	valorem property tax levy of any political subdivision as necessary
14	and proper to account for the transfer of fire protection and
15	emergency services powers and duties from townships to countie
16	after December 31, 2026.
17	SECTION 8. IC 6-1.1-18.5-22 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
18	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
19	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 22. (a) This section applies only
20	to a county not having a consolidated city.
21	(b) For purposes of determining the property tax levy limi
22	imposed on a county under section 3 of this chapter, the county ac
23	valorem property tax levy for a particular calendar year does no
24	include the amount, if any, of ad valorem property taxes imposed
25	for township assistance. A separate maximum permissible ac
26	valorem property tax levy for township assistance shall be
27	determined as provided in this section for 2027 and thereafter.
28	(c) The county's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax
29	levy for township assistance for property taxes first due and
30	payable in 2027 is equal to the result of:
31	(1) the total amount of property taxes levied for township
32	assistance by all townships in the county for property taxes
33	first due and payable in 2026; multiplied by
34	(2) the maximum levy growth quotient determined under
35	section 2 of this chapter for 2027.
36	(d) The county's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax
37	levy for township assistance for property taxes for an ensuing
38	calendar year after 2027 is equal to:
39	(1) the county's maximum permissible ad valorem property
40	tax levy for township assistance determined under this section
41	for the current calendar year; multiplied by

(2) the maximum levy growth quotient determined under



42

1	section 2 of this chapter for the ensuing calendar year.
2	SECTION 9. IC 12-7-2-46.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
3	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
4	1, 2025]: Sec. 46.3. "County trustee" for purposes of IC 12-20 and
5	IC 12-30 means the county trustee elected under IC 3-10-2-13.
6	SECTION 10. IC 12-20-1-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
7	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2.5. In a county not having a
9	consolidated city:
10	(1) Before January 1, 2027, township assistance is
11	administered in each township. The township trustee is the
12	administrator of township assistance in the township.
13	(2) After December 31, 2026, township assistance is
14	administered on a county basis by the county trustee elected
15	under IC 3-10-2-13.
16	SECTION 11. IC 12-20-1-6.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
17	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 6.5. (a) This section applies only
19	to a county not having a consolidated city.
20	(b) A township assistance advisory group is established in the
21	county. Each member of the county executive shall appoint a
22	township trustee from the member's district to serve on the
23	advisory group as a member. The president of the county executive
24	shall chair the advisory group. The advisory group shall:
25	(1) submit recommendations to the county executive and the
26	county fiscal body regarding the transition from township
27	responsibility for township assistance to county responsibility
28	for township assistance; and
29	(2) take steps as necessary to assist the transition of
30	responsibility for township assistance.
31	(c) The advisory group is abolished January 1, 2027.
32	SECTION 12. IC 12-20-1-7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
33	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
34	1, 2025]: Sec. 7. (a) This section applies only to a county not having
35	a consolidated city. This section applies after December 31, 2026.
36	(b) The county trustee shall administer township assistance in
37	the county on a countywide basis.
38	(c) The following apply to the administration of township
39	assistance in the county:
40	(1) A suit or proceeding in favor of or against the county
41	trustee concerning township assistance shall be conducted in

favor of or against the county in the county's corporate name.



42

1	(2) The county trustee is subject to the same privileges and
2	immunities as are accorded to a township trustee under
3	IC 12-20-3.
4	(3) The county trustee shall propose uniform standards for
5	the issuance of township assistance throughout the county and
6	the processing of applications for township assistance that
7	meet the requirements of IC 12-20-5.5. The standards shall be
8	adopted by the county executive and filed with the county
9	fiscal body.
10	(4) The county trustee has the same powers in the
11	administration of township assistance for the county as a
12	township trustee has in the administration of township
13	assistance for a township under IC 12-20-4, IC 12-20-5,
14	IC 12-20-15, IC 12-20-16, IC 12-20-17, IC 12-20-18, and
15	IC 12-20-19.
16	(5) The same standards and requirements that:
17	(A) apply to; or
18	(B) may be imposed upon;
19	recipients of and applicants for township assistance under
20	IC 12-20-6, IC 12-20-7, IC 12-20-8, IC 12-20-9, IC 12-20-10,
21	IC 12-20-11, IC 12-20-12, and IC 12-20-13 apply to or may be
22	imposed upon recipients of and applicants for township
23	assistance administered by the county trustee.
24	(6) The county trustee may assert a claim against the estate of
25	an individual who received township assistance from the
26	county to the same extent as a township trustee may assert a
27	claim under IC 12-20-27 against the estate of an individual
28	who received township assistance from a township.
29	(7) The county trustee is subject to the same reporting
30	requirements with respect to township assistance
31	administered on a countywide basis as a township trustee is
32	subject to under IC 12-20-28 with respect to township
33	assistance administered on a township basis.
34	(8) State and local agencies shall provide the county trustee
35	with the information provided to a township trustee under
36	IC 12-20-7. The county trustee or an employee of the county
37	is subject to the criminal penalty set forth in IC 12-20-7-6 for
38	disclosure of information.
39	(9) An applicant for township assistance and the county
10	trustee may appeal a decision regarding township assistance
1 1	in the same manner that an appeal is taken under

IC 12-20-15.

2025



1	(10) The department of workforce development, the county
2	office of the division of family resources, and any other state
3	or local government agency shall cooperate with and assist the
4	county trustee in carrying out the county trustee's duties
5	under this section and other statutes.
6	(d) Any application for township assistance for which the
7	township has not entered a final decision regarding the granting or
8	denial of township assistance by the close of business December 31,
9	2026, shall be treated as a new application filed with the county as
10	of that date. The county trustee shall make a decision on the
11	application in accordance with the uniform standards adopted
12	under subsection (c)(3).
13	(e) Any application for township assistance that has been
14	granted before January 1, 2027, but for which assistance has not
15	been disbursed by the township, shall be disbursed and
16	administered by the county trustee in accordance with the
17	township's grant of township assistance.
18	(f) The county trustee shall prepare the county's township
19	assistance budget and submit it to the county fiscal body for
20	approval.
21	SECTION 13. IC 12-20-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
22	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2025]:
24	Chapter 1.5. Township Assistance Plan in Counties Other Than
25	Marion County
26	Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to a county not having a
27	consolidated city.
28	Sec. 2. The county executive shall prepare a plan for the delivery
29	of township assistance throughout the county. The plan shall take
30	effect January 1, 2027.
31	Sec. 3. (a) In preparing a plan, the county executive shall:
32	(1) consider whether areas are overserved or underserved in
33	the delivery of township assistance;
34	(2) determine whether the county may contract with a service
35	provider to provide some or all township assistance services
36	to the county; and
37	(3) recognize and coordinate with other providers of relief for
38	indigent persons.
39	(b) The plan must meet the requirements of this chapter.
40	Sec. 4. After preparing a plan, the county executive shall review
41	the plan during at least two (2) public meetings at which the public

and any interested parties are entitled to the opportunity to



42

1	comment on the plan.
2	Sec. 5. A plan adopted under this chapter must include the
3	following:
4	(1) A plan specifying any necessary requirements in the
5	transition to the delivery of township assistance throughout
6	the county.
7	(2) The county's procedures for application and review of
8	township assistance requests.
9	(3) The forms of township assistance.
10	(4) A description of the supervisors, investigators, assistants,
11	or other necessary employees that will be employed in
12	discharging the coordinator's duties concerning the provision
13	of township assistance, and a recommendation concerning the
14	compensation of these employees.
15	(5) A description of the offices that must be maintained in the
16	county to carry out the coordinator's duties concerning the
17	provision of township assistance.
18	(6) A description of the proposed standards for township
19	assistance.
20	(7) In the case of any service, program, limitation, power, or
21	duty that may under this article or IC 12-30-4 be included in
22	the plan, a description of whether or not that service,
23	program, limitation, power, or duty is included in the plan.
24	(8) Any other provisions necessary to address the provision of
25	township assistance under this article.
26	Sec. 6. (a) The definitions in IC 5-11-1-16 apply to this section.
27	(b) A service provider that contracts with a county to provide
28	some or all township assistance services to the county is an entity
29	that is subject to examination by the state board of accounts to the
30	extent required under IC 5-11-1-9. A service provider shall be
31	responsible for the costs of an examination.
32	Sec. 7. After a plan is approved by the county executive, the plan
33	and the transfer of township assistance responsibilities to the
34	county as provided in the plan take effect January 1, 2027.
35	Sec. 8. After January 1, 2027, the county trustee may adopt
36	amendments to the plan.
37	SECTION 14. IC 12-20-20-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.134-2016,
38	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) After December 31, 2026, this subsection
40	applies only to a county having a consolidated city. If a township
41	trustee, as administrator of township assistance, grants township
42	assistance to an indigent individual or to any other person or agency on



a township assistance order as provided by law or obligates the township for an item properly payable from township assistance money, the claim against the township must be:

- (1) itemized and sworn to as provided by law;
- (2) accompanied by the original township assistance order, which must be itemized and signed; and
- (3) checked with the records of the township trustee, as administrator of township assistance, and audited and certified by the township trustee.
- (b) After December 31, 2026, this subsection applies only to a county having a consolidated city. The township trustee shall pay claims against the township for township assistance in the same manner that other claims against the township are paid. The township trustee, when authorized to pay claims directly to vendors, shall pay a claim within forty-five (45) days. The township trustee shall pay the claim from:
 - (1) any balance standing to the credit of the township against which the claim is filed; or
 - (2) from any other available fund from which advancements can be made to the township for that purpose.
- (c) A township assistance claim for prepaid electric service shall be paid in accordance with IC 12-20-16-3.5.
- (d) This subsection applies after December 31, 2026. This subsection applies only to a county not having a consolidated city. A county shall pay claims against the county for township assistance in the same manner that other claims against the county are paid. Notwithstanding IC 5-11-10, the county auditor may make payments for claims payable from the county township assistance fund established by IC 12-20-21-6 in advance of an allowance by the county executive. Each payment of expenses under this section must be supported by a fully itemized invoice or bill and certification by the county auditor. The county executive shall review and allow the claim at its next regular or special meeting following the preapproved payment of the expense. The county trustee when authorized to pay claims directly to vendors, shall pay a claim within forty-five (45) days.

SECTION 15. IC 12-20-21-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 6. (a) This section applies only to a county not having a consolidated city. On January 1, 2027, a township assistance fund is established in each county.

(b) The fund shall be raised by a tax levy that:



1	(1) is in addition to all other tax levies authorized; and
2	(2) subject to IC 6-1.1-18.5-22, shall be levied annually for
3	property taxes first due and payable in 2027 and thereafter by
4	the county fiscal body on all taxable property in the county in
5	the amount necessary to pay the items, awards, claims,
6	allowances, assistance, and other expenses set forth in the
7	annual county township assistance budget.
8	(c) The tax imposed under this section shall be collected as other
9	state and county ad valorem taxes are collected.
10	(d) The following shall be paid into the fund:
11	(1) All receipts from the tax imposed under this section.
12	(2) Any other money required by law to be placed in the fund.
13	(e) The fund is available to pay township assistance expenses
14	and obligations set forth in the annual budget.
15	(f) Money in the fund at the end of a budget year does not revert
16	to the county general fund.
17	(g) The department of local government finance shall, for
18	property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2026,
19	adjust the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy of
20	the county as necessary and proper to account for the transfer of
21	township assistance budgeting and property tax levies from
22	townships to counties after December 31, 2026.
23	SECTION 16. IC 12-20-24-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
24	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 0.5. After December 31, 2026, this
26	chapter applies only to a county having a consolidated city.
27	SECTION 17. IC 12-20-24.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
28	CODE AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]:
30	Chapter 24.5. Township Assistance Borrowing for Counties
31	Other Than Marion County
32	Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to a county that does not have
33	a consolidated city. This chapter applies after December 31, 2026.
34	Sec. 2. (a) In addition to the other methods of township
35	assistance financing provided by this article, if the county trustee
36	determines that the county's township assistance fund will be
37	exhausted before the end of a fiscal year, the county trustee shall
38	notify the county fiscal body of that determination.
39	(b) After receiving notice under subsection (a) that the county's
40	township assistance fund will be exhausted before the end of a
41	fiscal year, the county fiscal body may appeal to the department of

local government finance for the right to borrow money on a short



42

1	term basis to fund township assistance services in the county. In
2	the appeal, the county fiscal body must do the following:
3	(1) Show that the amount of money contained in the township
4	assistance fund will not be sufficient to fund services required
5	to be provided within the county by this article.
6	(2) Show the amount of money that the county fiscal body
7	estimates will be needed to fund the deficit.
8	(3) Indicate a period, not to exceed five (5) years, during
9	which the county would repay the loan.
10	Sec. 3. (a) If upon appeal under section 2 of this chapter the
11	department of local government finance determines that a county
12	fiscal body should be allowed to borrow money under this chapter,
13	the department shall order the county trustee to borrow the money
14	from a financial institution on behalf of the county fiscal body and
15	to deposit the money borrowed in the county's township assistance
16	fund.
17	(b) If upon appeal under section 2 of this chapter, the
18	department of local government finance determines that a county
19	fiscal body should not be allowed to borrow money, the county
20	fiscal body may not borrow money under this chapter for that
21	year.
22	Sec. 4. If a loan is approved under this chapter, the department
23	of local government finance shall determine the period during
24	which the county shall repay the loan. However, the period may
25	not exceed five (5) years.
26	Sec. 5. The department of local government finance may not do
27	any of the following:
28	(1) Approve a request to borrow money made under this
29	chapter unless the county fiscal body determines that the
30	county's township assistance fund will be exhausted before the
31	fund can fund all county obligations incurred under this
32	article.
33	(2) Recommend or approve a loan that will exceed the
34	estimated amount of the deficit.
35	Sec. 6. (a) If a county fiscal body:
36	(1) appeals before August 1 for permission to borrow money;
37	(2) receives permission from the department to borrow money
38	before November 1 of that year; and
39	(3) borrows money under this chapter;
40	the county fiscal body shall levy a property tax beginning in the
41	next succeeding year and continuing for the term of the loan in an
42	amount each year that will be sufficient to pay the principal and



1	interest due on the loan for the year.
2	(b) If the county fiscal body:
3	(1) appeals after August 1 for permission to borrow money;
4	(2) receives permission from the department of local
5	government finance to borrow money; and
6	(3) borrows money in the year of the appeal under this
7	chapter;
8	the county fiscal body shall levy a property tax beginning in the
9	second succeeding year and continuing for the term of the loan in
10	an amount each year that will be sufficient to pay the principal and
11	interest due on the loan for the year.
12	(c) The property taxes levied under this section shall be retained
13	by the county executive and applied by the county executive to
14	retire the debt.
15	Sec. 7. A county fiscal body must make an additional
16	appropriation before money borrowed under this chapter may be
17	spent.
18	SECTION 18. IC 12-20-26-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
19	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 0.5. This chapter does not apply
21	after December 31, 2026, to a county not having a consolidated
22	city.
23	SECTION 19. IC 15-16-7-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2008,
24	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. (a) The weed control board consists of the
26	following members to be appointed by the authorizing body:
27	(1) One (1) member who is:
28	(A) a township trustee of a township in the county; or
29	(B) after December 31, 2026, in a county that does not have
30	a consolidated city, the county trustee, who is responsible
31	for the destruction of detrimental plants described in this
32	chapter.
33	(2) One (1) soil and water conservation district supervisor.
34	(3) One (1) representative from the agricultural community of the
35	county.
36	(4) One (1) representative from the county highway department
37	or an appointee of the county commissioners.
38	(5) One (1) cooperative extension service agent from the county
39	to serve in a nonvoting advisory capacity.
40	(b) Each board member shall be appointed for a term of four (4)
41	years. All vacancies in the membership of the board shall be filled for
42	the unexpired term in the same manner as initial appointments.



1	(c) The board shall elect a chairperson and a secretary. The
2	members of the board are not entitled to receive any compensation, but
3	are entitled to any traveling and other expenses that are necessary in the
4	discharge of the members' duties.
5	SECTION 20. IC 36-2-2.9-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.139-2024,
6	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "county officer" means
8	the following:
9	(1) Assessor.
10	(2) Auditor.
11	(3) Coroner.
12	(4) Recorder.
13	(5) Sheriff.
14	(6) Surveyor.
15	(7) Treasurer.
16	(8) Clerk of the circuit court.
17	(9) County fiscal body.
18	(10) County trustee.
19	SECTION 21. IC 36-2-6-4.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
20	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
21	1, 2025]: Sec. 4.6. (a) This section applies only to a county that does
22	not have a consolidated city.
23	(b) Notwithstanding IC 5-11-10, after December 31, 2026, the
24	county auditor may make payments for claims payable from the
25	county township assistance fund under IC 12-20-21-6 in advance
26	of allowance by the county executive. Each payment of expenses
27	under this section must be supported by a fully itemized invoice or
28	bill and certification by the county auditor. The county executive
29	shall review and allow the claim at its next regular or special
30	meeting following the preapproved payment of the expense.
31	SECTION 22. IC 36-2-15.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
32	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2025]:
34	Chapter 15.5. County Trustee
35	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to all counties.
36	Sec. 2. (a) A county trustee shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13
37 38	by the voters of each county. (b) The term of office of a county trustee is four (4) years.
38 39	(b) The term of office of a county trustee is four (4) years,
39 40	beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified.
40	is elected and quanned.

Sec. 3. A county trustee must reside within the county as

provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of



41

42

1	Indiana. The county trustee forfeits office if the county trustee
2	ceases to be a resident of the county.
3	Sec. 4. The county trustee shall do the following:
4	(1) Administer township assistance countywide under
5	IC 12-20 and IC 12-30-4.
6	(2) File an annual personnel report under IC 5-11-13.
7	(3) Provide insulin to the poor under IC 12-20-16.
8	(4) Perform other duties prescribed by statute.
9	Sec. 5. The county trustee may do the following:
10	(1) Administer oaths when necessary in the discharge of
11	official duties.
12	(2) Personally use a county vehicle for the performance of
13	official duties.
14	(3) Exercise other powers granted by statute.
15	SECTION 23. IC 36-2-16-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015,
16	SECTION 337, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. Each of the following county
18	officers is entitled to appoint one (1) first or chief deputy, and also may
19	appoint the number of other full-time or part-time deputies and
20	employees authorized by the county fiscal body:
21	(1) The county auditor.
22	(2) The county treasurer.
23	(3) The county recorder.
24	(4) The county sheriff.
25	(5) The county trustee.
26	SECTION 24. IC 36-2-17-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015,
27	SECTION 338, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. (a) The county auditor, county
29	treasurer, county surveyor, county trustee, and county sheriff shall
30	keep in their offices all records that they are required to make and shall
31	deliver them to their successors.
32	(b) The clerk of the circuit court, county auditor, and county
33	recorder shall use permanent jet-black, nonfading ink when preparing
34	official records in longhand. A person who violates this subsection
35	commits a Class C infraction.
36	SECTION 25. IC 36-2-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
37	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2025]:
39	Chapter 21. County Fire Protection Duties
40	Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to a county not having a
41	consolidated city.
42	Sec. 2. Beginning January 1, 2027:



1	(1) the powers and duties of township government and the
2	township trustee related to providing fire protection and
3	emergency services in the unincorporated areas of the county
4	are transferred to the county; and
5	(2) the county is responsible for providing fire protection and
6	emergency services in the unincorporated area of the county.
7	Sec. 3. After December 31, 2026, fire protection and emergency
8	services in a county are governed by and subject to a county fire
9	protection and emergency services plan adopted under
10	IC 36-8-13.6.
11	Sec. 4. In carrying out fire protection and emergency services
12	responsibilities, the county executive shall, as provided in the
13	county's fire protection and emergency services plan adopted
14	under IC 36-8-13.6, provide for fire protection and emergency
15	services in the county through any combination of:
16	(1) operating a county fire department;
17	(2) contracting with or otherwise cooperating with any
18	municipality, county, fire protection district, volunteer fire
19	department, fire protection territory, or other entity; or
20	(3) entering into mutual aid agreements.
21	SECTION 26. IC 36-5-1.1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies
23	to:
24	(1) towns having a population of less than five hundred (500); one
25	thousand (1,000); and
26	(2) included towns (as defined in IC 36-3-1-7).
27	SECTION 27. IC 36-5-1.1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. (a) Proceedings to
29	dissolve a town may be:
30	(1) instituted by the filing of a petition:
31	(A) under section 10.5 or 10.6 of this chapter; or
32	(B) by filing: with the executive of the county containing more
33	than fifty percent (50%) in assessed valuation of the land in
34	the town:
35	(1) (i) a resolution adopted by the town legislative body
36	requesting dissolution; or
37	(2) (ii) a petition signed by at least twenty-five percent
38	(25%) of the town's voters registered at the last general
39	election;
40	with the executive of the county containing more than fifty
41	percent (50%) in assessed valuation of the land in the town;
42	or



1	(2) under section 2.5 of this chapter.
2	(b) On receipt of a petition or resolution for dissolution under
3	subsection (a), the county executive shall mark the petition or
4	resolution with the date of filing.
5	SECTION 28. IC 36-5-1.1-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2.5. (a) This section applies only
8	to a town that:
9	(1) has a population of not more than one thousand (1,000);
0	and
11	(2) is not an included town.
12	(b) Not later than November 1, 2025, and November 1 every
13	four (4) years thereafter, each incorporated town in the county
14	shall file a written report with the county executive of the county
15	in which the town is primarily located. The report shall include the
16	following information:
17	(1) Whether the town:
18	(A) owns or operates a municipally owned utility (as
19	defined in IC 8-1-2-1);
20	(B) provides to town residents, either directly or by
21	contracting with another political subdivision:
22	(i) solid waste management services;
23	(ii) water services;
24	(iii) sewage services;
25	(iv) stormwater collection and disposal services;
26	(v) electric services; or
27	(vi) gas services;
28	(C) provides street and road maintenance, street
29	construction, street lighting;
30	(D) provides police protection; or
31	(E) provides fire protection and emergency services either
32	directly or by contracting with:
33	(i) another political subdivision;
34	(ii) a volunteer fire department;
35	(iii) a fire protection district; or
36	(iv) a fire protection territory.
37	If the town answers "yes" to clause (A), (B), (C), (D), or (E),
38	the town shall provide a detailed explanation.
39	(2) The following financial information and documentation:
10	(A) Cash balances by fund and overall.
1 1	(B) Fund deficits and surpluses by fund and overall.
12	(C) Operating deficit or surplus.



1	(D) Outstanding debt and annual debt service obligations
2 3	(E) Total and per capita expenditures.
3	(F) Salaries and benefits of town employees and town
4	officials.
5	(G) The costs for delivery of services under subdivision
6	(1)(A) through (1)(E), excluding personnel costs reported
7	under clause (F) of this subdivision.
8	(c) The county executive shall conduct a public hearing as
9	provided in section 3 of this chapter on each written report filed
10	The county executive shall approve dissolution of the town if the
1	county executive finds that the town:
12	(1) has a population of less than one thousand (1,000) as
13	determined in the last federal decennial census; and
14	(2) the town's operating costs, including salaries, utilities
15	maintenance of public facilities, insurance, and administrative
16	costs, exceed the town's costs for delivery of services to the
17	town's residents.
18	SECTION 29. IC 36-5-1.1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3. (a) The county
20	executive shall hold a public hearing on a petition or resolution for
21	dissolution filed under section 2 of this chapter not less than sixty (60)
22	nor more than ninety (90) days after the date of the filing of the petition
23	or resolution. The county executive shall publish notice of the hearing
24	in accordance with IC 5-3-1.
25 26	(b) The county executive shall hold a public hearing on a report
26	filed under section 2.5 of this chapter not less than sixty (60) days
27	nor more than ninety (90) days after the date of the report. The
28	county executive shall publish notice of the hearing in accordance
29	with IC 5-3-1.
30	SECTION 30. IC 36-5-1.1-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. (a) This section
32	does not apply to a dissolution under section 2.5 of this chapter.
33	(a) (b) The county executive shall forward one (1) copy of the
34	resolution or petition filed under section 2 of this chapter to the plan
35	commission, if any, having jurisdiction.
36	(b) (c) The plan commission shall submit their writter
37	recommendations for approval or disapproval of dissolution to the
38	county executive at least ten (10) days before the hearing required by
39	section 3 of this chapter.

SECTION 31. IC 36-5-1.1-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 6. The county executive

shall, on the date fixed under section 3 of this chapter, hear and



1	determine the petition, or resolution, or report, and render a decision
2	on the question of dissolution.
3	SECTION 32. IC 36-5-1.1-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 7. (a) This subsection
5	does not apply to dissolution under section 2.5 of this chapter. At
6	the hearing the county executive shall approve dissolution unless the
7	evidence establishes that: any of the following:
8	(1) The petition requesting dissolution has not been signed by at
9	least twenty-five percent (25%) of the voters.
10	(2) There are enough invalid signatures on the petition requesting
11	dissolution to reduce the number of valid signatures to below
12	twenty-five percent (25%) of the voters.
13	(3) At least twenty-five percent (25%) of the town's voters have
14	signed a petition under section 5 of this chapter remonstrating
15	against the dissolution; or
16	(4) The town legislative body has passed a resolution opposing
17	dissolution.
18	SECTION 33. IC 36-5-1.1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 8. (a) The county
20	executive shall permit the residents of the town to submit evidence
21	challenging the sufficiency or the validity of: either:
22	(1) a petition or resolution for dissolution; or
23	(2) a petition opposed to dissolution.
24	(b) The county executive shall permit the residents of the town
25	to submit evidence challenging the sufficiency or the validity of any
26	matter asserted under section 2.5 of this chapter.
27	SECTION 34. IC 36-5-1.1-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2022,
28	SECTION 167, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 10. (a) If the county executive
30	approves dissolution under section 6 of this chapter, the county
31	executive shall adopt:
32	(1) an ordinance; or
33	(2) an order in a county having a consolidated city;
34	dissolving the town.
35	(b) A dissolution takes effect:
36	(1) at least sixty (60) days after the ordinance or order under
37	subsection (a) is adopted; and
38	(2) when the county auditor files a copy of the ordinance or order
39	with:
40	(A) the circuit court clerk of each county in which the town is
41	located; and
42	(B) the office of the secretary of state.



1	(c) The property owned by the town after payment of debts and
2	liabilities shall be disposed of by the county executive. Any proceeds
3	remaining shall be deposited in the county general fund. Dissolution of
4	a town does not affect the validity of a contract to which the town is a
5	party.
6	(d) (c) After dissolution, the books and records of the town become
7	the property of the county executive for safekeeping. On the
8	dissolution date, the following occurs:
9	(1) The offices of town board member and town clerk are
10	abolished and the term of office of any individual holding
11	these offices ends. However, the abolition of the offices does
12	not invalidate any actions adopted or taken by the town board
13	or town clerk before the dissolution date.
14	(2) All:
15	(1) assets;
16	(2) debts;
17	(3) property rights;
18	(4) equipment;
19	(5) records; and
20	(6) contracts;
21	connected with the operations of the town government in the
22	county related to town government functions are transferred
23	to the county executive.
24	(3) Dissolution of a town does not affect the validity of a
25	contract to which the town is a party.
26	(4) The balance in the town's general fund is transferred to
27	the county. IC 36-1-8-5 does not apply to the balance.
28	(5) The county shall assume, defease, pay, or refund all town
29	indebtedness or lease rental obligations incurred by the town
30	before the dissolution date. The balance in a debt service fund
31	of the town is transferred to the county to be used by the
32	county to pay indebtedness or lease rentals for which the fund
33	was established. Any balance remaining in the fund after all
34	payments for indebtedness or lease rentals required under
35	this section have been made is transferred to the appropriate
36	county fund.
37	(6) The county may levy property taxes to pay town
38	indebtedness or lease rental obligations incurred by a town
39	only in the geographic area of the town that originally issued
40	the debt or entered into the lease rental agreement. The
41	former territory of the town comprises a taxing district for

the payment of town indebtedness or lease rental obligations



42

1	existing at the time the town is dissolved.
2	(7) Indebtedness or any pension obligations incurred by the
3	town before dissolution:
4	(A) may not be imposed on taxpayers that were not
5	responsible for payment of the indebtedness or pension
6	obligations before the dissolution of the town; and
7	(B) must be paid by the taxpayers that were responsible for
8	payment of the indebtedness before the dissolution of the
9	town.
10	(8) The department of local government finance shall adjust
11	maximum permissible property tax levies and property tax
12	rates of units of local government as necessary to account for
13	the dissolution of a town under this chapter.
14	SECTION 35. IC 36-6-1.5-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.240-2005,
15	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter does not apply to a township
17	in a county containing a consolidated city.
18	(b) This chapter expires January 1, 2027.
19	SECTION 36. IC 36-6-1.6-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
20	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 11. This chapter expires January
22	1, 2027.
23	SECTION 37. IC 36-6-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies
25	to all townships. as follows:
26	(1) Before January 1, 2027, this chapter applies to all
27	townships.
28	(2) After December 31, 2026, this chapter applies only to
29	townships in a county having a consolidated city.
30	SECTION 38. IC 36-6-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.167-2015,
31	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) Subject to subsection (g), before 2009, a
33	township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 by the voters of
34	each township:
35	(1) having:
36	(A) a population of more than eight thousand (8,000); or
37	(B) an elected township assessor or the authority to elect a
38	township assessor before January 1, 1979; and
39	(2) in which the number of parcels of real property on January 1,
40	2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000).
41	(b) Subject to subsection (g), before 2009, a township assessor shall
42	be elected under IC 3-10-2-14 (repealed effective July 1, 2008) in each



township: (1) having a population of more than five thousand (5,000) but not more than eight thousand (8,000), if: (A) the legislative body of the township, by resolution, declares that the office of township assessor is necessary; and (B) the resolution is filed with the county election board not later than the first date that a declaration of candidacy may be filed under IC 3-8-2; and (2) in which the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000). (c) Subject to subsection (g), a township government that is created by merger under IC 36-6-1.5 shall elect only one (1) township assessor under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
not more than eight thousand (8,000), if: (A) the legislative body of the township, by resolution, declares that the office of township assessor is necessary; and (B) the resolution is filed with the county election board not later than the first date that a declaration of candidacy may be filed under IC 3-8-2; and (2) in which the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000). (c) Subject to subsection (g), a township government that is created by merger under IC 36-6-1.5 shall elect only one (1) township assessor under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
(A) the legislative body of the township, by resolution, declares that the office of township assessor is necessary; and (B) the resolution is filed with the county election board not later than the first date that a declaration of candidacy may be filed under IC 3-8-2; and (2) in which the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000). (c) Subject to subsection (g), a township government that is created by merger under IC 36-6-1.5 shall elect only one (1) township assessor under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
declares that the office of township assessor is necessary; and (B) the resolution is filed with the county election board not later than the first date that a declaration of candidacy may be filed under IC 3-8-2; and (2) in which the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000). (c) Subject to subsection (g), a township government that is created by merger under IC 36-6-1.5 shall elect only one (1) township assessor under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
(B) the resolution is filed with the county election board not later than the first date that a declaration of candidacy may be filed under IC 3-8-2; and (2) in which the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000). (c) Subject to subsection (g), a township government that is created by merger under IC 36-6-1.5 shall elect only one (1) township assessor under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
later than the first date that a declaration of candidacy may be filed under IC 3-8-2; and (2) in which the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000). (c) Subject to subsection (g), a township government that is created by merger under IC 36-6-1.5 shall elect only one (1) township assessor under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
filed under IC 3-8-2; and (2) in which the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000). (c) Subject to subsection (g), a township government that is created by merger under IC 36-6-1.5 shall elect only one (1) township assessor under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
(2) in which the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000). (c) Subject to subsection (g), a township government that is created by merger under IC 36-6-1.5 shall elect only one (1) township assessor under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000). (c) Subject to subsection (g), a township government that is created by merger under IC 36-6-1.5 shall elect only one (1) township assessor under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
11 (c) Subject to subsection (g), a township government that is created 12 by merger under IC 36-6-1.5 shall elect only one (1) township assessor 13 under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. 14 (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall 15 be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in 16 which: 17 (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is 18 at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and 19 (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties 20 prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under 21 IC 36-2-15. 22 (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as 23 provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of 24 Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a 25 resident of the township. 26 (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, 27 beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is 28 elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township 29 assessor elected at a general election in which no other township 30 officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which 31 any other township officer is elected. 32 (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
by merger under IC 36-6-1.5 shall elect only one (1) township assessor under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
under this section. This subsection expires on January 1, 2027. (d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
(d) Subject to subsection (g), after 2008 a township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 only by the voters of each township in which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
which: (1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
(1) the number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
at least fifteen thousand (15,000); and (2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
(2) the transfer to the county assessor of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
prescribed by IC 6-1.1 is disapproved in the referendum under IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
IC 36-2-15. (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
22 (e) The township assessor must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. 26 (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
resident of the township. (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
26 (f) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years, 27 beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is 28 elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township 29 assessor elected at a general election in which no other township 30 officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which 31 any other township officer is elected. 32 (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
28 elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township 29 assessor elected at a general election in which no other township 30 officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which 31 any other township officer is elected. 32 (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
assessor elected at a general election in which no other township officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
 any other township officer is elected. (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
32 (g) To be eligible to serve as a township assessor, an individual
must meet the following qualifications before taking office:
34 (1) If the individual has never held the office of township
assessor, the individual must have attained a level two
36 assessor-appraiser certification under IC 6-1.1-35.5.
37 (2) If the individual has held the office of township assessor, the
individual must have attained a level three assessor-appraiser
39 certification under IC 6-1.1-35.5.
40 (h) After June 30, 2008, the county assessor shall perform the
41 assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 in a township in which the
number of parcels of real property on January 1, 2008, is less than



fifteen thousand (15,000).

- (i) Notwithstanding any other law, on January 1, 2027, in the case of a county that has a township assessor:
 - (1) the powers and duties of the township assessor are transferred to the county assessor;
 - (2) the office of township assessor is eliminated; and
 - (3) the term of any township assessor is terminated.

The transfer of powers and duties under this subsection does not affect any assessment, assessment appeal, or other official action of a township assessor relating to property assessment made before the transfer of powers and duties of the township assessor. Any assessment, assessment appeal, or other official action made by a township assessor within the scope of the township assessor's official duties under IC 6-1.1 or this chapter before the transfer of powers and duties to the county assessor is considered to have been made by the county assessor.

(j) Each township assessor whose powers and duties are transferred to the county assessor under subsection (i) shall organize the records of the township assessor's office relating to those duties in a manner prescribed by the department of local government finance and transfer the records to the county assessor in the manner and at the time directed by the department of local government finance. The department of local government finance shall determine a procedure and schedule for the transfer of the records. A township assessor whose powers and duties are transferred to the county assessor under subsection (i) and the county assessor to whom the powers and duties are transferred shall assist each other and coordinate their efforts to ensure an orderly transfer of all township assessor records to the county assessor and to provide for an uninterrupted and professional transition of powers and duties from the township assessor to the county assessor consistent with the directions of the department of local government finance.

SECTION 39. IC 36-6-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies to all townships.

(b) After December 31, 2026, this chapter applies only to townships in a county having a consolidated city.

SECTION 40. IC 36-6-6-2.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.240-2005, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2.1. (a) This section applies if township governments merge under IC 36-6-1.5.



	32
1	(b) If two (2) township governments merge, the resulting merged
2	township government shall elect a three (3) member township board.
3	The voters of the resulting merged township government shall elect all
4	the members of the township board. One (1) member must reside
5	within the boundaries of each of the township governments that
6	merged.
7	(c) If at least three (3) township governments merge, the resulting
8	merged township government shall elect a township board that has the
9	same number of members as the number of township governments that
10	merged. The voters of the resulting merged township shall elect all the
11	members of the township board. One (1) township board member must
12	reside within the boundaries of each of the townships that merged.
13	(d) This section expires January 1, 2027.
14	SECTION 41. IC 36-6-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.240-2005,
15	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3. (a) This subsection applies to townships in a
17	county containing a consolidated city. One (1) member of the
18	legislative body must reside within each legislative body district. If a

a member of the legislative body ceases to be a resident of the district from which the member was elected, the office becomes vacant. (b) This subsection applies to townships not included in subsection

- (a) or (c). A member of the legislative body must reside within the township as provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. If a member of the legislative body ceases to be a resident of the township, the office becomes vacant.
 - (c) This subsection applies to a township government that:
 - (1) is created by a merger of township governments under IC 36-6-1.5; and
 - (2) elects a township board under section 2.1 of this chapter.
- One (1) member of the legislative body must reside within the boundaries of each of the former townships that merged. If a member of the legislative body ceases to be a resident of that former township, the office becomes vacant. This subsection expires January 1, 2027.

SECTION 42. IC 36-6-6-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2021, SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), two (2) members of the legislative body constitute a quorum.

- (b) Before January 1, 2017, four (4) members of the legislative body in a county containing a consolidated city constitute a quorum. After December 31, 2016, three (3) members of the legislative body in a county having a consolidated city constitute a quorum.
 - (c) This subsection applies to a township government that:



19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

1	(1) is created by a merger of township governments under
2	IC 36-6-1.5; and
3	(2) elects the township legislative body under section 2.1 of this
4	chapter.
5	A majority of the members of the township legislative body constitute
6	a quorum. If a township legislative body has an even number of
7	members, the township executive shall serve by virtue of office as a
8	member of the township legislative body for the purpose of casting the
9	deciding vote to break a tie. This subsection expires January 1, 2027.
10	(d) For townships not described in subsection (c), the township
11	executive shall serve by virtue of office as a member of the township
12	legislative body for the purpose of casting the deciding vote to break a
13	tie. However, the township executive may not vote to break a tie on the
14	adoption of an ordinance to increase the township executive's
15	compensation (as defined in section 10 of this chapter). This
16	subsection expires January 1, 2027.
17	SECTION 43. IC 36-6.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
18	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
19	2025]:
20	ARTICLE 6.1. DISSOLUTION OF TOWNSHIP
21	GOVERNMENT
22	Chapter 1. Applicability
23	Sec. 1. This article does not apply to a county having a
24	consolidated city.
25	Chapter 2. Definitions
26	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this
27	article.
28	Sec. 2. "Township office" refers to any of the following:
29	(1) The office of township trustee elected as provided in
30	IC 36-6-4-2.
31	(2) The office of township assessor elected as provided in
32	IC 36-6-5-1 (if the office exists).
33	(3) The office of a member of the township board elected as
34	provided in IC 36-6-6-2.
35	Chapter 3. Township Offices and Office Holders
36	Sec. 1. This chapter does not apply to the following:
37	(1) A county having a consolidated city.
38	(2) A county or other political subdivision that reorganizes
38 39	with a township under IC 36-1.5.
38 39 40	with a township under IC 36-1.5. Sec. 2. Except as provided in section 5 of this chapter, after
38 39	with a township under IC 36-1.5.



1	the township offices are transferred as follows:
2	(1) The township trustee's powers, functions, and duties with
3	regard to fire protection and emergency services under
4	IC 36-8, are transferred to the county executive. All other
5	powers, functions, and duties of the township trustee,
6	including township assistance, are transferred to the county
7	trustee.
8	(2) The township board's powers, functions, and duties are
9	transferred to the county fiscal body.
10	(3) The township assessor's powers, functions, and duties are
11	transferred to the county assessor.
12	Sec. 3. The term of office of an individual who holds a township
13	office ends on December 31, 2026.
14	Sec. 4. An election for a township office shall not be held in
15	2026.
16	Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), until the term of
17	office of an individual who holds a township office ends on
18	December 31, 2026, the individual shall assist in the transition from
19	township government as provided in this article.
20	(b) Until the term of office of an individual who holds a
21	township office ends on December 31, 2026, an individual who
22	assists in the transition from township government under this
23	section is entitled to the same compensation the individual would
24	have received as if the township office the individual holds would
25	not be abolished on the dissolution date.
26	(c) If a township office becomes vacant before January 1, 2027,
27	the vacancy may not be filled, notwithstanding IC 3-13.
28	(d) If a township office becomes vacant before January 1, 2027,
29	the following apply:
30	(1) If the township office is the office of township trustee, the
31	office of township trustee is abolished in the township and the
32	powers, functions, and duties of the township trustee are
33	transferred to the county executive on the date the vacancy
34	occurs. However, the powers, functions, and duties of the
35	township trustee regarding township assistance are
36	transferred to the county trustee upon the county trustee
37	assuming office.
38	(2) If the township office is the office of a member of a
39	township board, the following apply:
40	(A) If the township board continues to have a quorum, the
41	township board continues.



2025

(B) If the vacancy causes the township board to lose a

1	quorum, the following apply on the date the township
2	board loses its quorum:
3	(i) The township board in the township is abolished.
4	(ii) The term of office of the remaining members of the
5	township board end on the date the township board loses
6	its quorum.
7	(iii) The county fiscal body assumes the powers,
8	functions, and duties of the township board in that
9	township.
10	(3) If the township office is the office of township assessor, the
11	office of township assessor is abolished in the township and
12	the county assessor assumes the powers, functions, and duties
13	of the township assessor on the date the vacancy occurs.
14	Sec. 6. (a) The abolition of a township office under this article
15	does not invalidate:
16	(1) any resolutions, fees, schedules, or other actions adopted
17	or taken by the township trustee or township assessor before
18	the dissolution date; or
19	(2) any appointments made by the township trustee or
20	township assessor before the dissolution date.
21	(b) In a county in which a township office is abolished under this
22	chapter, after December 31, 2026, any reference:
22 23 24	(1) in the Indiana Code;
24	(2) in the Indiana Administrative Code; or
25	(3) in any resolution;
26	to the township trustee and township board is considered a
27	reference to the county trustee and county fiscal body respectively,
28	and any reference to the township assessor is considered a
29	reference to the county assessor.
30	Chapter 4. Disposition of Township Property, Funds, and
31	Liabilities
32	Sec. 1. (a) On January 1, 2027, all:
33	(1) assets;
34	(2) debts;
35	(3) property rights;
36	(4) equipment;
37	(5) records;
38	(6) personnel; and
39	(7) contracts;
40	connected with the operations of a township government in the
41	county related to township government functions are transferred
42	to the county executive.



1	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a)(6), the county executive shall
2	determine which transferring township employees who were
3	employed by the township on December 31, 2026, to perform
4	township functions that were transferred to the county under this
5	article, become county employees responsible for performing
6	township functions that were transferred to the county under this
7	article on January 1, 2027.
8	Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), on January 1,
9	2027, the balance in a debt service fund related to fire protection
10	of a township located in the county:
11	(1) is transferred to the county in which the township is
12	located; and
13	(2) shall be used by the county to pay indebtedness or lease
14	rentals for which the fund was established.
15	Any balance remaining in the fund after all payments for
16	indebtedness or lease rentals required under this section have been
17	made is transferred to the appropriate county fund for fire
18	protection within the county.
19	(b) On January 1, 2027, the balance in a debt service fund
20	related to fire protection of a township that is wholly contained
21	within a fire protection district as of December 31, 2026:
22	(1) is transferred to the county in which the township is
23	wholly contained; and
24	(2) shall be used by the county to pay indebtedness or lease
25	rentals for which the fund was established.
26	Any balance remaining in the fund after all payments for
27	indebtedness or lease rentals required under this section have been
28	made is transferred to the appropriate county fund for fire
29	protection within the county.
30	(c) On January 1, 2027, the balance in a debt service fund
31	related to township functions other than those specified under
32	subsection (a) or (b):
33	(1) is transferred to the county in which the township is
34	located; and
35	(2) shall be used by the county to pay indebtedness or lease
36	rentals for which the fund was established.
37	Any balance remaining in the fund after all payments for

indebtedness or lease rentals required under this section have been

Sec. 3. (a) On January 1, 2027, the balance in the general fund

(b) IC 36-1-8-5 does not apply to a balance referred to in

made is transferred to the county general fund.

of a township is transferred to the county.



38

39

40

41

42

	51
1	subsection (a).
2	Sec. 4. (a) On January 1, 2027, the balance in the township
3	assistance fund of a township:
4	(1) is transferred to the county trustee; and
5	(2) shall be deposited in the township assistance fund of the
6	county established by IC 12-20-21-6.
7	(b) IC 36-1-8-5 does not apply to a balance referred to in this
8	section.
9	Sec. 5. Indebtedness that was incurred by a township before
10	January 1, 2027:
11	(1) may not be imposed on taxpayers that were not
12	responsible for payment of the indebtedness before the
13	dissolution of the township government; and
14	(2) must be paid by the taxpayers that were responsible for
15	payment of the indebtedness before the dissolution of the
16	township government.
17	Sec. 6. The department of local government finance shall adjust
18	maximum permissible property tax levies and property tax rates
19	of units of local government as necessary to account for transfers
20	of duties, powers, and obligations under this chapter.
21	Sec. 7. (a) After December 31, 2026, fire protection and
22	emergency services of a county are governed by and subject to a
23	county fire protection and emergency services plan adopted under
24	IC 36-8-13.6.
25	(b) If, as of December 31, 2026, a township has a local board for
26	the 1937 firefighters' pension fund or the 1977 police officers' and
27	firefighters' pension and disability fund, the local board is
28	dissolved on January 1, 2027, and the powers, duties, and
29	responsibilities of the local board under IC 36-8-7 or IC 36-8-8,
30	respectively, are assumed by the county's local board for the 1937
31	firefighters' pension fund and local board for the 1977 police
32	officers' and firefighters' pension and disability fund, respectively.
33	Notwithstanding any other provision, the legislative body of the
34	county may adopt an ordinance to adjust the membership of the
35	county's local board to reflect the dissolution of the township's
36	local board.
37	(c) As necessary, a county shall levy taxes (within the county's
38	maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy limit) as
39	necessary to provide for the payment of pension benefits:
40	(1) to members of the 1937 firefighters' pension fund; and
41	(2) for which, before the transfer of fire protection



2025

responsibilities to counties under IC 36-2-21 and IC 36-8-13.7

1	(effective January 1, 2027), the local board of a township in
2	the county was responsible.
3	Sec. 8. (a) Effective January 1, 2027, the county shall assume,
4	defease, pay, or refund all township indebtedness or lease rental
5	obligations related to a power or duty transferred to the county.
6	The county may levy property taxes to pay township indebtedness
7	or lease rental obligations incurred by a township only in the
8	geographic area of the township that originally issued the debt or
9	entered into the lease rental agreement. The former territory of the
10	township comprises a taxing district for the payment of township
11	indebtedness or lease rental obligations existing at the time of the
12	abolition or alteration.
13	(b) Notwithstanding any other law, to assume, defease, pay, or
14	refund all or a part of the indebtedness or lease rental obligations
15	described in subsection (a), the county is not required to comply
16	with any other statutory procedures or approvals that apply when
17	a unit incurs indebtedness or lease rental obligations.
18	(c) The rights of a trustee, bondholder, or leaseholder with
19	respect to any:
20	(1) indebtedness or lease rental obligations described in
21	subsection (a); or
22	(2) bond resolution, trust agreement or indenture, security
23	agreement, purchase agreement, or other undertaking with
24	respect to indebtedness described in subsection (a);
25	remain the same, although the powers, duties, agreements, and
26	liabilities of the townships have been transferred to the county, and
27	the county shall be considered to have assumed all those powers,
28	duties, agreements, and liabilities.
29	Chapter 5. Transitional Measures
30	Sec. 1. Subject to section 2 of this chapter, the county executive
31	and the county fiscal body may adopt appropriate measures,
32	including ordinances and resolutions, necessary to accomplish a
33	transition in the county from township government to assumption
34	of the powers, functions, and duties of township government by
35	county government.
36	Sec. 2. A measure adopted under section 1 of this chapter may
37	not be inconsistent with any law.
38	SECTION 44. IC 36-8-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies
40	to:
41	(1) second and third class cities; and

(2) after December 31, 2026, counties not having a



42

1	consolidated city (for purposes of the county fire department).
2	It also applies to other units, where specifically indicated.
3	SECTION 45. IC 36-8-3-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
4	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
5	1, 2025]: Sec. 1.5. (a) This section does not apply to a county having
6	a consolidated city. This section applies after December 31, 2026.
7	(b) If a county establishes a county fire department, the county
8	legislative body may by ordinance establish a safety board for
9	purposes of the county fire department, with the members to be
10	appointed by the county executive.
11	(c) A safety board described in this section has the same powers
12	and duties under this chapter for purposes of the county fire
13	department as a municipal safety board has under this chapter for
14	purposes of a municipal fire department.
15	SECTION 46. IC 36-8-3.5-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
16	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1.5. (a) This section does not
18	apply to a county having a consolidated city.
19	(b) After December 31, 2026, the county may establish a merit
20	system under this chapter for the county fire department.
21	SECTION 47. IC 36-8-7-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.227-2005,
22	SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies to pension benefits for
24	members of fire departments hired before May 1, 1977, in units for
25	which a 1937 fund was established before May 1, 1977.
26	(b) A firefighter with twenty (20) years of service is covered by this
27	chapter and not by IC 36-8-8 if the firefighter:
28	(1) was hired before May 1, 1977;
29	(2) did not convert under IC 19-1-36.5-7 (repealed September 1,
30	1981); and
31	(3) is rehired after April 30, 1977, by the same employer.
32	(c) A firefighter is covered by this chapter and not by IC 36-8-8 if
33	the firefighter:
34	(1) was hired before May 1, 1977;
35	(2) did not convert under IC 19-1-36.5-7 (repealed September 1,
36	1981);
37	(3) was rehired after April 30, 1977, but before February 1, 1979;
38	and
39	(4) was made, before February 1, 1979, a member of a 1937 fund.
40	(d) A firefighter who:
41	(1) is covered by this chapter before a consolidation under
42	IC 36-3-1-6.1; and



1	(2) becomes a member of a fire department of a consolidated city
2	under IC 36-3-1-6.1;
3	is covered by this chapter after the effective date of the consolidation,
4	and the firefighter's service as a member of a fire department of a
5	consolidated city is considered active service under this chapter.
6	(e) A firefighter who:
7	(1) as of December 31, 2026, is a member of the 1937 fund as
8	a firefighter with a township fire department, fire protection
9	territory, or fire protection district within a county; and
0	(2) after the transfer of fire protection responsibilities to
1	counties under IC 36-2-21 and IC 36-8-13.7 (effective January
2	1, 2027) becomes a member of the county fire department;
3	is covered by this chapter after the firefighter becomes a member
4	of the county fire department, and the firefighter's service as a
5	member of a township fire department, fire protection territory, or
6	fire protection district that was covered under this chapter before
7	January 1, 2027, is considered active service under this chapter.
8	SECTION 48. IC 36-8-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.135-2024,
9	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies to:
21	(1) full-time police officers hired or rehired after April 30, 1977,
22 23 24	in all municipalities, or who converted their benefits under
23	IC 19-1-17.8-7 (repealed September 1, 1981);
	(2) full-time fully paid firefighters hired or rehired after April 30,
25	1977, or who converted their benefits under IC 19-1-36.5-7
26	(repealed September 1, 1981);
27	(3) a police matron hired or rehired after April 30, 1977, and
8	before July 1, 1996, who is a member of a police department in a
.9	second or third class city on March 31, 1996;
0	(4) a park ranger who:
1	(A) completed at least the number of weeks of training at the
2	Indiana law enforcement academy or a comparable law
3	enforcement academy in another state that were required at the
4	time the park ranger attended the Indiana law enforcement
5	academy or the law enforcement academy in another state;
6	(B) graduated from the Indiana law enforcement academy or
7	a comparable law enforcement academy in another state; and
8	(C) is employed by the parks department of a city having a
9	population of more than one hundred ten thousand (110,000)
0	and less than one hundred fifty thousand (150,000);
1	(5) a full-time fully paid firefighter who is covered by this chapter
-2	before the effective date of consolidation and becomes a member



1	of the fire department of a consolidated city under IC 36-3-1-6.1,
2	provided that the firefighter's service as a member of the fire
3	department of a consolidated city is considered active service
4	under this chapter;
5	(6) except as otherwise provided, a full-time fully paid firefighter
6	who is hired or rehired after the effective date of the consolidation
7	by a consolidated fire department established under
8	IC 36-3-1-6.1;
9	(7) a full-time police officer who is covered by this chapter before
10	the effective date of consolidation and becomes a member of the
11	consolidated law enforcement department as part of the
12	consolidation under IC 36-3-1-5.1, provided that the officer's
13	service as a member of the consolidated law enforcement
14	department is considered active service under this chapter;
15	(8) except as otherwise provided, a full-time police officer who is
16	hired or rehired after the effective date of the consolidation by a
17	consolidated law enforcement department established under
18	IC 36-3-1-5.1;
19	(9) a veteran described in IC 36-8-4.7;
20	(10) a full-time police officer or full-time fully paid firefighter
21	who is employed by an airport authority; and
22	(11) a full-time school resource officer; and
23	(12) a full-time fully paid firefighter who:
24	(A) as of December 31, 2026, is a member of the 1977 fund
25	as a firefighter with a township fire department, fire
26	protection territory, or fire protection district within a
27	county; and
28	(B) after the transfer of fire protection responsibilities to
29	counties under IC 36-2-21 and IC 36-8-13.7 (effective
30	January 1, 2027) becomes a member of the county fire
31	department;
32	except as provided by section 7 of this chapter.
33	SECTION 49. IC 36-8-8-2.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.135-2024,
34	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2.1. (a) As used in this chapter, "local board"
36	means the following:
37	(1) For a unit that established a 1925 fund for its police officers,
38	the local board described in IC 36-8-6-2.
39	(2) Except as provided in subdivision (3), for a unit that
40	established a 1937 fund for its firefighters, the local board
41	described in IC 36-8-7-3.
42	(3) This subdivision does not apply to a township in a county



1	naving a consondated city. For a township that established a
2 3	1937 fund for its firefighters, "local board", after December
3	31, 2026, means the local board of the county.
4	(3) (4) For a consolidated city that established a 1953 fund for its
5	police officers, the local board described in IC 36-8-7.5-2.
6	(4) (5) For a unit, other than a consolidated city, that did not
7	establish a 1925 fund for its police officers or a 1937 fund for its
8	firefighters, the local board described in subsection (b) or (c).
9	(5) (6) For an airport authority, the board of an airport authority.
10	(6) (7) For a school resource officer, the local board described in
11	subdivisions (1) through (4) (5) that manages the fund established
12	in the unit or the consolidated city in which the:
13	(A) territory of the school corporation; or
14	(B) charter school;
15	is located. However, if more than one (1) local board is applicable
16	under this subdivision, the governing body of the school
17	corporation or the equivalent authority for the charter school that
18	employs or contracts to employ the school resource officer may
19	choose the applicable local board with respect to the school
20	resource officer.
21	(b) If a unit did not establish a 1925 fund for its police officers, a
22	local board shall be composed in the same manner described in
23	IC 36-8-6-2(b). However, if there is not a retired member of the
24	department, no one shall be appointed to that position until such time
25	as there is a retired member.
26	(c) If a unit did not establish a 1937 fund for its firefighters, a local
27	board shall be composed in the same manner described in
28	IC 36-8-7-3(b). However, if there is not a retired member of the
29	department, no one shall be appointed to that position until such time
30	as there is a retired member.
31	SECTION 50. IC 36-8-8-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.102-2023,
32	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 7. (a) Subject to IC 36-8-4.7 and except as
34	provided in subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (k), (l), and (m), (n), a
35	police officer or a firefighter who:
36	(1) is less than forty (40) years of age; and
37	(2) passes the baseline statewide physical and mental
38	examinations required under section 19 of this chapter;
39	shall be a member of the 1977 fund and is not a member of the 1925
40	fund, the 1937 fund, or the 1953 fund.
41	(b) A police officer or firefighter with service before May 1, 1977,
42	who is hired or rehired after April 30, 1977, may receive credit under



this chapter for service as a police officer or firefighter prior to entry
into the 1977 fund if the employer who rehires the police officer or
firefighter chooses to contribute to the 1977 fund the amount necessary
to amortize the police officer's or firefighter's prior service liability over
a period of not more than thirty (30) years, the amount and the period
to be determined by the system board. If the employer chooses to make
the contributions, the police officer or firefighter is entitled to receive
credit for the police officer's or firefighter's prior years of service
without making contributions to the 1977 fund for that prior service. In
no event may a police officer or firefighter receive credit for prior years
of service if the police officer or firefighter is receiving a benefit or is
entitled to receive a benefit in the future from any other public pension
plan with respect to the prior years of service.

- (c) Except as provided in section 18 of this chapter, a police officer or firefighter is entitled to credit for all years of service after April 30, 1977, with the police or fire department of an employer covered by this chapter.
- (d) A police officer or firefighter with twenty (20) years of service does not become a member of the 1977 fund and is not covered by this chapter, if the police officer or firefighter:
 - (1) was hired before May 1, 1977;
 - (2) did not convert under IC 19-1-17.8-7 or IC 19-1-36.5-7 (both of which were repealed September 1, 1981); and
 - (3) is rehired after April 30, 1977, by the same employer.
- (e) A police officer or firefighter does not become a member of the 1977 fund and is not covered by this chapter if the police officer or firefighter:
 - (1) was hired before May 1, 1977;
 - (2) did not convert under IC 19-1-17.8-7 or IC 19-1-36.5-7 (both of which were repealed September 1, 1981);
 - (3) was rehired after April 30, 1977, but before February 1, 1979; and
 - (4) was made, before February 1, 1979, a member of a 1925, 1937, or 1953 fund.
- (f) A police officer or firefighter does not become a member of the 1977 fund and is not covered by this chapter if the police officer or firefighter:
 - (1) was hired by the police or fire department of a unit before May 1, 1977;
 - (2) did not convert under IC 19-1-17.8-7 or IC 19-1-36.5-7 (both of which were repealed September 1, 1981);
 - (3) is rehired by the police or fire department of another unit after



1	December 31, 1981; and
2	(4) is made, by the fiscal body of the other unit after December
3	31, 1981, a member of a 1925, 1937, or 1953 fund of the other
4	unit.
5	If the police officer or firefighter is made a member of a 1925, 1937, or
6	1953 fund, the police officer or firefighter is entitled to receive credit
7	for all the police officer's or firefighter's years of service, including
8	years before January 1, 1982.
9	(g) As used in this subsection, "emergency medical services" and
10	"emergency medical technician" have the meanings set forth in
11	IC 16-18-2-110 and IC 16-18-2-112. A firefighter who:
12	(1) is employed by a unit that is participating in the 1977 fund;
13	(2) was employed as an emergency medical technician by a
14	political subdivision wholly or partially within the department's
15	jurisdiction;
16	(3) was a member of the public employees' retirement fund during
17	the employment described in subdivision (2); and
18	(4) ceased employment with the political subdivision and was
19	hired by the unit's fire department due to the reorganization of
20	emergency medical services within the department's jurisdiction;
21	shall participate in the 1977 fund. A firefighter who participates in the
22	1977 fund under this subsection is subject to sections 18 and 21 of this
23	chapter.
24	(h) A police officer or firefighter does not become a member of the
25	· · · · ·
26	1977 fund and is not covered by this chapter if the individual was appointed as:
27	* *
	(1) a fire chief under a waiver under IC 36-8-4-6(c); or
28	(2) a police chief under a waiver under IC 36-8-4-6.5(c);
29	unless the executive of the unit requests that the 1977 fund accept the
30	individual in the 1977 fund and the individual previously was a
31	member of the 1977 fund.
32	(i) A police matron hired or rehired after April 30, 1977, and before
33	July 1, 1996, who is a member of a police department in a second or
34	third class city on March 31, 1996, is a member of the 1977 fund.
35	(j) A park ranger who:
36	(1) completed at least the number of weeks of training at the
37	Indiana law enforcement academy or a comparable law
38	enforcement academy in another state that were required at the
39	time the park ranger attended the Indiana law enforcement
40	academy or the law enforcement academy in another state;
41	(2) graduated from the Indiana law enforcement academy or a

comparable law enforcement academy in another state; and



42

1	(3) is employed by the parks department of a city having a
2	population of more than one hundred ten thousand (110,000) and
3	less than one hundred fifty thousand (150,000);
4	is a member of the fund.
5	(k) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a police
6	officer or firefighter:
7	(1) who is a member of the 1977 fund before a consolidation
8	under IC 36-3-1-5.1 or IC 36-3-1-6.1;
9	(2) whose employer is consolidated into the consolidated law
10	enforcement department or the fire department of a consolidated
11	city under IC 36-3-1-5.1 or IC 36-3-1-6.1; and
12	(3) who, after the consolidation, becomes an employee of the
13	consolidated law enforcement department or the consolidated fire
14	department under IC 36-3-1-5.1 or IC 36-3-1-6.1;
15	is a member of the 1977 fund without meeting the requirements under
16	sections 19 and 21 of this chapter.
17	(l) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if:
18	(1) before a consolidation under IC 8-22-3-11.6, a police officer
19	• •
	or firefighter provides law enforcement services or fire protection
20	services for an entity in a consolidated city;
21	(2) the provision of those services is consolidated into the law
22	enforcement department or fire department of a consolidated city;
23	and
24	(3) after the consolidation, the police officer or firefighter
25	becomes an employee of the consolidated law enforcement
26	department or the consolidated fire department under
27	IC 8-22-3-11.6;
28	the police officer or firefighter is a member of the 1977 fund without
29	meeting the requirements under sections 19 and 21 of this chapter.
30	(m) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a
31	firefighter who:
32	(1) as of December 31, 2026, is a member of the 1977 fund as
33	a firefighter with a township fire department, fire protection
34	territory, or fire protection district within a county; and
35	(2) after the transfer of fire protection responsibilities to
36	counties under IC 36-2-21 and IC 36-8-13.7 (effective January
37	1, 2027) becomes a member of the county fire department;
38	is a member of the 1977 fund without meeting the requirements
39	under sections 19 and 21 of this chapter. A firefighter described in
40	this subsection is entitled to receive credit for all years of service as
41	a member of the 1977 fund before becoming a member of the

county fire department.

2025



1	(m) (n) A police officer or firefighter who is a member of the 1977
2	fund under subsection (k) or (l) may not be:
3	(1) retired for purposes of section 10 of this chapter; or
4	(2) disabled for purposes of section 12 of this chapter;
5	solely because of a change in employer under the consolidation.
6	(n) (o) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter and
7	subject to subsection (o), (p), a police officer or firefighter who:
8	(1) is an active member of the 1977 fund with an employer that
9	participates in the 1977 fund;
10	(2) separates from that employer; and
11	(3) not later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of
12	the separation described in subdivision (2), becomes employed as
13	a full-time police officer or firefighter with the same or a second
14	employer that participates in the 1977 fund;
15	is a member of the 1977 fund without meeting for a second time the
16	age limitation under subsection (a) and the requirements under sections
17	19 and 21 of this chapter. A police officer or firefighter to whom this
18	subsection applies is entitled to receive credit for all years of 1977 fund
19	covered service as a police officer or firefighter with all employers that
20	participate in the 1977 fund.
21	(o) (p) The one hundred eighty (180) day limitation described in
22	subsection $\frac{(n)(3)}{(0)(3)}$ does not apply to a member of the 1977 fund
23	who is eligible for reinstatement under IC 36-8-4-11.
24	(p) (q) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a
25	veteran who is:
26	(1) described in IC 36-8-4.7; and
27	(2) employed as a firefighter or police officer;
28	is a member of the 1977 fund.
29	(q) (r) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter and
30	except as provided in subsection (o), (p), a police officer or firefighter
31	who:
32	(1) is an active member of the 1977 fund with an employer that
33	participates in the 1977 fund;
34	(2) separates from that employer; and
35	(3) more than one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of the
36	separation described in subdivision (2), becomes employed as a
37	full-time police officer or firefighter with the same or a second
38	employer that participates in the 1977 fund;
39	is a member of the 1977 fund without meeting the age limitation under
40	subsection (a) provided the member can accrue twenty (20) years of
41	service credit in the 1977 fund by the time the firefighter becomes sixty
42	(60) years of age. A police officer or firefighter who participates in the



1977 fund under this subsection must pass the baseline statewide physical and mental examination under section 19 of this chapter. A police officer or firefighter to whom this subsection applies is entitled to receive credit for all years of 1977 fund covered service as a police officer or firefighter with all employers that participate in the 1977 fund.

SECTION 51. IC 36-8-8-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.92-2021, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 8. (a) Each fund member shall contribute during the period of the fund member's employment or for thirty-two (32) years, whichever is shorter, an amount equal to six percent (6%) of the salary of a first class patrolman or firefighter. However, the employer may pay all or a part of the contribution for the member. The amount of the contribution, other than contributions paid on behalf of a member, shall be deducted each pay period from each fund member's salary by the disbursing officer of the employer. The employer shall send to the system board each year on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, for the calendar quarters ending on those dates, or an alternate date established by the rules of the system board, a certified list of fund members and a warrant issued by the employer for the total amount deducted for fund members' contributions.

- (b) After December 31, 2011, an employer shall submit:
 - (1) the list described in subsection (a) in a uniform format through a secure connection over the Internet or through other electronic means specified by the system board; and
 - (2) the contributions paid by or on behalf of a member under subsection (a) by electronic funds transfer.
- (c) Except as provided in section 7(n) 7(o) or 7.2 of this chapter, if a fund member ends the fund member's employment other than by death or disability before the fund member completes twenty (20) years of active service, the system board shall return to the fund member in a lump sum the fund member's contributions plus interest at a rate specified by rule by the system board. If the fund member returns to service, the fund member is entitled to credit for the years of service for which the fund member's contributions were refunded if the fund member repays the amount refunded to the fund member plus interest at a rate specified by rule by the system board in either a lump sum or a series of payments determined by the system board.

SECTION 52. IC 36-8-11-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. (a) A county legislative body may establish fire protection districts for any of the following purposes:



1	(1) Fire protection, including the capability for extinguishing all
2	fires that might be reasonably expected because of the types of
3	improvements, personal property, and real property within the
4	boundaries of the district.
5	(2) Fire prevention, including identification and elimination of all
6	potential and actual sources of fire hazard.
7	(3) Other purposes or functions related to fire protection and fire
8	prevention.
9	(b) Any area may be established as a fire protection district, but one
10	(1) part of a district may not be completely separate from another part.
11	A municipality may be included in a district, but only if it consents by
12	ordinance, unless a majority of the freeholders of the municipality have
13	petitioned to be included in the district.
14	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), the territory of a district
15	may consist of:
16	(1) one (1) or more townships and parts of one (1) or more
17	townships in the same county; or
18	(2) all of the townships in the same county.
19	The boundaries of a district need not coincide with those of other
20	political subdivisions.
21	(d) The territory of a district may consist of a municipality that is
22	located in more than one (1) county.
23	(e) On January 1, 2027, the following occurs in a county not
24	having a consolidated city:
25	(1) Subject to subdivision (2), the county shall assume the
26	powers, duties, rights, responsibilities, and obligations under
27	this chapter of each township participating in the district.
28	(2) A county legislative body may withdraw any part of the
29	unincorporated area of the county from participation in the
30	fire protection district, as specified in the county fire
31	protection and emergency services plan.
32	(3) The department of local government finance shall make
33	any necessary adjustments to the maximum permissible ad
34	valorem property tax levy for the county firefighting fund to
35	account for any transfer of powers, duties, rights,
36	responsibilities, and obligations under this section.
37	SECTION 53. IC 36-8-11-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.236-2023,
38	SECTION 199, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
39	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 15. (a) The board:
40	(1) has the same powers and duties as a township executive with
41	respect to fire protection functions, including those duties and



2025

powers prescribed by IC 36-8-13 and (after December 31, 2026)

1	1C 36-8-13.7, although all cooperative and joint actions permitted
2	by that chapter those chapters must be undertaken according to
3	this chapter;
4	(2) has the same powers and duties as a township executive
5	relative to contracting with volunteer firefighting companies, as
6	prescribed by IC 36-8-12, and IC 36-8-13 and (after December
7	31, 2026) IC 36-8-13.7;
8	(3) shall appoint, fix the compensation, and prescribe the duties
9	of a fiscal officer, secretarial staff, persons performing special and
10	temporary services or providing legal counsel, and other
11	personnel considered necessary for the proper functioning of the
12	district; however, a person appointed as fiscal officer must be
13	bonded by good and sufficient sureties in an amount ordered by
14	the county legislative body to protect the district from financial
15	loss;
16	(4) shall exercise general supervision of and make regulations for
17	the administration of the district's affairs;
18	(5) shall prescribe uniform rules pertaining to investigations and
19	hearings;
20	(6) shall supervise the fiscal affairs and responsibilities of the
21	district;
21 22 23	(7) may delegate to employees of the district the authority to
23	perform ministerial acts, except in cases in which final action of
24	the board is necessary;
25	(8) shall keep accurate and complete records of all departmental
26	proceedings, record and file all bonds and contracts, and assume
27	responsibility for the custody and preservation of all papers and
28	documents of the district;
29	(9) shall make an annual report to the executive and the fiscal
30	body of the county that at least lists the financial transactions of
31	the district and a statement of the progress in accomplishing the
32	purposes for which the district has been established;
33	(10) shall adopt a seal and certify all official acts;
34	(11) may sue and be sued collectively by its legal name:
35	(A) ("Board of Fire Trustees, Fire Protection
36	District"); or
37	(B) ("Governing Board of Fire Protection
38	District"), if a governing board for the district is appointed
39	under section 12.5 of this chapter;
40	with service of process made on the chair of the board, but costs
41	may not be taxed against the members individually in an action;
42	(12) may invoke any legal equitable or special remedy for the



1	enforcement of this chapter or of proper action of the board taken
2	in a court;
3	(13) shall prepare and submit to the fiscal body of the county an
4	annual budget for operation and maintenance expenses and for the
5	retirement of obligations of the district, subject to review and
6	approval by the fiscal body;
7	(14) may, if advisable, establish one (1) or more advisory
8	committees, however in a county that adopts an ordinance under
9	section 12.5 of this chapter, the board of fire trustees shall be an
10	advisory body to the governing board;
11	(15) may enter into agreements with and accept money from a
12	federal or state agency and enter into agreements with a
13	municipality located within or outside the district, whether or not
14	the municipality is a part of the district, for a purpose compatible
15	with the purposes for which the district exists and with the
16	interests of the municipality;
17	(16) may accept gifts of money or other property to be used for
18	the purposes for which the district is established;
19	(17) may levy taxes at a uniform rate on the real and personal
20	property within the district;
21 22 23 24 25	(18) may issue bonds and tax anticipation warrants;
22	(19) may incur other debts and liabilities;
23	(20) may purchase or rent property;
24	(21) may sell services or property that are produced incident to
25	the operations of the district making a fair and reasonable charge
26	for it;
27 28	(22) may make contracts or otherwise enter into agreements with
28	public or private persons and federal or state agencies for
29	construction, maintenance, or operations of or in part of the
30	district;
31	(23) may receive and disburse money;
32	(24) may impose a false alarm fee or service charge under
33	IC 36-8-13-4 or (after December 31, 2026) IC 36-8-13.7-8;
34	(25) may, subject to the approval of the active members of the fire
35	department in a referendum, adopt a merit system under
36	IC 36-8-3.5; and
37	(26) shall serve as merit commissioners if a merit system is
38	adopted under IC 36-8-3.5.
39	(b) Powers granted by this chapter may be used only to accomplish
40	the purpose or purposes as stated in the ordinance or resolution
41	establishing the district. However, an act of the board necessary and

proper to accomplish the purposes for which the district is established



42

is not invalid because it incidentally accomplishes a purpose other than one for which the district is established.

SECTION 54. IC 36-8-11-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 19. The department of local government finance, when approving a rate and levy fixed by the board, shall verify that a duplication of tax levies does not exist between a fire protection district and a municipality, or township, or (after December 31, 2026) county, in the case of a county not having a consolidated city, within the boundaries of the district, so that taxpayers do not bear two (2) levies for the same service, except as provided by section 20 of this chapter.

SECTION 55. IC 36-8-11-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 21. This chapter does not require a municipality, or township, or (after December 31, 2026) county, in the case of a county not having a consolidated city, to disband its fire department unless its legislative body consents by ordinance.

SECTION 56. IC 36-8-12-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in **subsection** (b) and section 10 of this chapter, this chapter applies to all units except counties.

(b) After December 31, 2026:

- (1) this chapter also applies to counties not having a consolidated city; and
- (2) a county not having a consolidated city assumes the powers, duties, rights, and obligations under this chapter of each township in the county.

SECTION 57. IC 36-8-12-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.236-2023, SECTION 200, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 13. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the volunteer fire department that responds first to an incident may impose a charge on the owner of property, the owner of a vehicle, or a responsible party (as defined in IC 13-11-2-191(d)) that is involved in a hazardous material or fuel spill or chemical or hazardous material related fire (as defined in IC 13-11-2-96(b)):

- (1) that is responded to by the volunteer fire department; and
- (2) that members of that volunteer fire department assisted in extinguishing, containing, or cleaning up.

A second or subsequently responding volunteer fire department may not impose a charge on an owner or responsible party under this section, although it may be entitled to reimbursement from the first responding volunteer fire department in accordance with an interlocal



or other agreement.
(b) A volunteer fire department that is funded, in whole or in part:
(1) by taxes imposed by a unit; or
(2) by a contract with a unit;
may not impose a charge under subsection (a) on a natural person who
resides or pays property taxes within the boundaries of the unit
described in subdivision (1) or (2), unless the spill or the chemical or
hazardous material fire poses an imminent threat to persons or
property.
(c) The volunteer fire department shall bill the owner or responsible
party of the vehicle for the total dollar value of the assistance that was
provided, with that value determined by a method that the state fire
marshal shall establish under section 16 of this chapter. A copy of the
fire incident report to the state fire marshal must accompany the bill.
This billing must take place within thirty (30) days after the assistance
was provided. The owner or responsible party shall remit payment
directly to the governmental unit providing the service. Any money that
is collected under this section may be:
(1) deposited in the:
(A) township firefighting and emergency services fund
established in IC 36-8-13-4(a)(1) or the township firefighting
fund established in IC 36-8-13-4(a)(2)(A); or
(B) county firefighting and emergency services fund
established under IC 36-8-13.7-8(a)(1) or county
firefighting fund established under
IC 36-8-13.7-8(a)(2)(A);
(2) used to pay principal and interest on a loan made by the
department of homeland security established by IC 10-19-2-1 or
a division of the department for the purchase of new or used
firefighting and other emergency equipment or apparatus; or
(3) used for the purchase of equipment, buildings, and property
for firefighting, fire protection, and other emergency services.
(d) Any administrative fees charged by a fire department's agent
must be paid only from fees that are collected and allowed by Indiana
law and the fire marshal's schedule of fees.
(e) An agent who processes fees on behalf of a fire department shall
send all bills, notices, and other related materials to both the fire
department and the person being billed for services.
(f) All fees allowed by Indiana law and the fire marshal's fee
schedule must be itemized separately from any other charges.



(g) The volunteer fire department may maintain a civil action to

recover an unpaid charge that is imposed under subsection (a) and may,

1	if it prevails, recover all costs of the action, including reasonable
2	attorney's fees.
3	SECTION 58. IC 36-8-12-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.236-2023
4	SECTION 201, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 16. (a) A volunteer fire departmen
6	that provides service within a jurisdiction served by the departmen
7	may establish a schedule of charges for the services that the department
8	provides not to exceed the state fire marshal's recommended schedule
9	for services. The volunteer fire department or its agent may collect a
10	service charge according to this schedule from the owner of property
11	that receives service if the following conditions are met:
12	(1) At the following times, the department gives notice under
13	IC 5-3-1-4(d) in each political subdivision served by the
14	department of the amount of the service charge for each service
15	that the department provides:
16	(A) Before the schedule of service charges is initiated.
17	(B) When there is a change in the amount of a service charge
18	(2) The property owner has not sent written notice to the
19	department to refuse service by the department to the owner's
20	property.
21	(3) The bill for payment of the service charge:
22	(A) is submitted to the property owner in writing within thirty
23	(30) days after the services are provided;
24	(B) includes a copy of a fire incident report in the form
25	prescribed by the state fire marshal, if the service was
26	provided for an event that requires a fire incident report;
27	(C) must contain verification that the bill has been approved
28	by the chief of the volunteer fire department; and
29	(D) must contain language indicating that correspondence
30	from the property owner and any question from the property
31	owner regarding the bill should be directed to the department
32	(4) Payment is remitted directly to the governmental unit
33	providing the service.
34	(b) A volunteer fire department shall use the revenue collected from
35	the fire service charges under this section:
36	(1) for the purchase of equipment, buildings, and property for
37	firefighting, fire protection, or other emergency services;
38	(2) for deposit in the:
39	(A) township firefighting and emergency services fund
40	established under IC 36-8-13-4(a)(1) or the township
41	firefighting fund established under IC 36-8-13-4(a)(2)(A); or



2025

(B) county firefighting and emergency services fund

1	established under IC 36-8-13.7-8(a)(1) or county	
2	firefighting fund established under	
3	IC 36-8-13.7-8(a)(2)(A); or	
4	(3) to pay principal and interest on a loan made by the department	
5	of homeland security established by IC 10-19-2-1 or a division of	
6	the department for the purchase of new or used firefighting and	
7	other emergency equipment or apparatus.	
8	(c) Any administrative fees charged by a fire department's agent	
9	must be paid only from fees that are collected and allowed by Indiana	
10	law and the fire marshal's schedule of fees.	
11	(d) An agent who processes fees on behalf of a fire department shall	
12	send all bills, notices, and other related materials to both the fire	
13	department and the person being billed for services.	
14	(e) All fees allowed by Indiana law and the fire marshal's fee	
15	schedule must be itemized separately from any other charges.	
16	(f) If at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the money received by a	
17	volunteer fire department for providing fire protection or emergency	
18	services is received under one (1) or more contracts with one (1) or	
19	more political subdivisions (as defined in IC 34-6-2-110), the	
20	legislative body of a contracting political subdivision must approve the	
21	schedule of service charges established under subsection (a) before the	
22	schedule of service charges is initiated in that political subdivision.	
23	(g) A volunteer fire department that:	
24	(1) has contracted with a political subdivision to provide fire	
25	protection or emergency services; and	
26	(2) charges for services under this section;	
27	must submit a report to the legislative body of the political subdivision	
28	before April 1 of each year indicating the amount of service charges	
29	collected during the previous calendar year and how those funds have	
30	been expended.	
31	(h) The state fire marshal shall annually prepare and publish a	
32	recommended schedule of service charges for fire protection services.	
33	(i) The volunteer fire department or its agent may maintain a civil	
34	action to recover an unpaid service charge under this section and may,	
35	if it prevails, recover all costs of the action, including reasonable	
36	attorney's fees.	
37	SECTION 59. IC 36-8-12-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.236-2023,	
38	SECTION 202, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
39	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 17. (a) If a political subdivision has	
40	not imposed its own false alarm fee or service charge, a volunteer fire	
41	department that provides service within the jurisdiction may establish	
42	a service charge for responding to false alarms. The volunteer fire	



1	department may collect the false alarm service charge from the owner	
2	of the property if the volunteer fire department dispatches firefighting	
3	apparatus or personnel to a building or premises in the township	
4	political subdivision in response to:	
5	(1) an alarm caused by improper installation or improper	
6	maintenance; or	
7	(2) a drill or test, if the fire department is not previously notified	
8	that the alarm is a drill or test.	
9	However, if the owner of property that constitutes the owner's residence	
10	establishes that the alarm is under a maintenance contract with an	
11	alarm company and that the alarm company has been notified of the	
12	improper installation or maintenance of the alarm, the alarm company	
13	is liable for the payment of the fee or service charge.	
14	(b) Before establishing a false alarm service charge, the volunteer	
15	fire department must provide notice under IC 5-3-1-4(d) in each	
16	political subdivision served by the department of the amount of the	
17	false alarm service charge. The notice required by this subsection must	
18	be given:	
19	(1) before the false alarm service charge is initiated; and	
20	(2) before a change in the amount of the false alarm service	
21	charge.	
22	(c) A volunteer fire department may not collect a false alarm service	
23	charge from a property owner or alarm company unless the	
24	department's bill for payment of the service charge:	
25	(1) is submitted to the property owner in writing within thirty (30)	
26	days after the false alarm; and	
27	(2) includes a copy of a fire incident report in the form prescribed	
28	by the state fire marshal.	
29	(d) A volunteer fire department shall use the money collected from	
30	the false alarm service charge imposed under this section:	
31	(1) for the purchase of equipment, buildings, and property for fire	
32	fighting, fire protection, or other emergency services;	
33	(2) for deposit in the:	
34	(A) township firefighting and emergency services fund	
35	established under IC 36-8-13-4(a)(1) or the township	
36	firefighting fund established under IC 36-8-13-4(a)(2)(A); or	
37	(B) county firefighting and emergency services fund	
38	established under IC 36-8-13.7-8(a)(1) or county	
39	firefighting fund established under	
40	IC 36-8-13.7-8(a)(2)(A); or	
41	(3) to pay principal and interest on a loan made by the department	
42	of homeland security established by IC 10-19-2-1 or a division of	



1	the department for the purchase of new or used firefighting and
2	other emergency equipment or apparatus.
3	(e) If at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the money received by a
4	volunteer fire department for providing fire protection or emergency
5	services is received under one (1) or more contracts with one (1) or
6	more political subdivisions (as defined in IC 34-6-2-110), the
7	legislative body of a contracting political subdivision must approve the
8	false alarm service charge established under subsection (a) before the
9	service charge is initiated in that political subdivision.
10	(f) A volunteer fire department that:
11	(1) has contracted with a political subdivision to provide fire
12	protection or emergency services; and
13	(2) imposes a false alarm service charge under this section;
14	must submit a report to the legislative body of the political subdivision
15	before April 1 of each year indicating the amount of false alarm
16	charges collected during the previous calendar year and how those
17	funds have been expended.
18	(g) The volunteer fire department may maintain a civil action to
19	recover unpaid false alarm service charges imposed under this section
20	and may, if it prevails, recover all costs of the action, including
21	reasonable attorney's fees.
22	SECTION 60. IC 36-8-12.2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. As used in this
24	chapter, "fire department" means a fire department that:
25	(1) is established under IC 36-8-2-3, or IC 36-8-13-3(a)(1), or
26	IC 36-8-13.7; and
27	(2) employs:
28	(A) both full-time paid members and volunteer members; or
29	(B) only full-time paid members.
30	SECTION 61. IC 36-8-12.2-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 8. (a) Money collected
32	under this chapter must be deposited in one (1) of the following:
33	(1) The general fund of the unit that established the fire
34	department under IC 36-8-2-3, or IC 36-8-13-3(a)(1), or
35	IC 36-8-13.7.
36	(2) A hazardous materials response fund established under section
37	8.1 of this chapter by a city or town having a fire department
38	established under IC 36-8-2-3.
39	(b) Money collected under this chapter may be used only for the
40	following:
41	(1) Purchase of supplies and equipment used in providing
42	hazardous materials emergency assistance under this chapter.



1	(2) Training for members of the fire department in skills
2	necessary for providing hazardous materials emergency assistance
3	under this chapter.
4	(3) Payment to persons with which the fire department contracts
5	to provide services related to the hazardous materials emergency
6	assistance provided by the fire department under this chapter.
7	SECTION 62. IC 36-8-13.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
8	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2025]:
10	Chapter 13.6. County Fire Protection and Emergency Services
11	Plan
12	Sec. 1. This chapter does not apply to a county having a
13	consolidated city.
14	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "county plan" means a county
15	fire protection and emergency services plan.
16	Sec. 3. The county legislative body shall propose a county plan.
17	The director of the county emergency management department
18	shall assist the county legislative body in the preparation of the
19	plan. After the county legislative body proposes a county plan, the
20	county legislative body shall review the county plan during at least
21	two (2) public meetings at which the public and any interested
22	parties shall have the opportunity to comment on the county plan.
23	Sec. 4. (a) A county legislative body shall before May 1, 2026,
24	adopt an ordinance finally approving the county plan.
25	(b) If a county legislative body does not adopt an ordinance
26	finally approving a county plan under subsection (a) before May
27	1, 2026, the division of fire and building safety shall instead adopt
28	the county plan for that county.
29	(c) The director of the county emergency management agency
30	is the administrator of the county plan and is responsible for the
31	day to day operations. All contracts and bids must be approved
32	and signed by the county executive.
33	Sec. 5. A county legislative body may periodically amend the
34	ordinance setting forth the county plan.
35	Sec. 6. (a) A county plan must provide that after December 31,
36	2026, the county is responsible for fire protection and emergency
37	services in the unincorporated areas of the county.
38	(b) A county plan must include the following:
39	(1) A comprehensive plan providing for fire protection,
40	emergency medical services, and hazardous materials
41	response in the county in an efficient and cost effective
42	manner. The plan must describe the facilities, equipment, and



1	personnel that will be used to provide fire protection and
2	emergency services in the county.
3	(2) A description of the standards of service and protocols for
4	fire protection and emergency services.
5	(3) A plan specifying the transition of fire protection and
6	emergency services from existing township fire departments
7	and other providers of fire protection and emergency services
8	to county administered fire protection and emergency
9	services.
10	(4) A description of:
11	(A) the organization of the county fire department; and
12	(B) any residency requirements that apply to members of
13	the county fire department.
14	(5) A description of any fire protection districts, fire
15	protection territories, volunteer fire departments, or other
16	units of government that will be established or used to provide
17	fire protection service or with which the county will contract
18	or otherwise enter into an agreement for fire protection and
19	emergency services. The county plan must provide that the
20	executive of the county will provide for fire protection and
21	emergency services in the county through any combination of
22	the following:
23	(A) The operation of a county fire department.
24	(B) Contracting with or otherwise cooperating with any
25	municipality, county, fire protection district, volunteer fire
26	department, fire protection territory, or other entity.
27	(c) A municipality or volunteer fire department may provide
28	fire protection and emergency services to an unincorporated area
29	of the county, if the municipality or volunteer fire department and
30	county enter into an interlocal cooperation agreement under
31	IC 36-1-7 as provided in IC 36-8-13.7-6.
32	SECTION 63. IC 36-8-13.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
33	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2025]:
35	Chapter 13.7. County Fire Protection and Emergency Services
36	Sec. 1. This chapter does not apply to a county having a
37	consolidated city.
38	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "county plan" means a county
39	fire protection and emergency services plan approved under
40	IC 36-8-13.6.
41	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "director" means the director of

the county emergency management agency.



42

- Sec. 4. (a) On January 1, 2027, all fire protection districts under IC 36-8-11 are dissolved.
- (b) Indebtedness that was incurred by a district before January 1, 2027:
 - (1) may not be imposed on taxpayers that were not responsible for payment of the indebtedness before the dissolution of the district; and
 - (2) must be paid by the taxpayers that were responsible for payment of the indebtedness before the dissolution of the district.
- (c) The territory within the dissolved district constitutes a special taxing district only for the purposes of the county imposing and collecting a property tax levy for payment of any outstanding indebtedness of the dissolved district, including any indebtedness of a district attributed to participation in a fire protection territory. The county shall each year impose and collect the property tax levy in the special taxing district in an amount determined by the department of local government finance to be used only for payment of the dissolved district's outstanding indebtedness including any indebtedness of a district attributed to participation in a fire protection territory. The special taxing district terminates upon payment of the dissolved district's debts and liabilities. Dissolution of a district does not affect the validity of any contract to which the district is a party.
- (d) The property owned by the district shall be transferred to the county. After payment of debts and liabilities the property shall be disposed of in the manner chosen by the county legislative body.
- (e) After December 31, 2026, a fire protection district may not be established under IC 36-8-11.
- Sec. 5. (a) On January 1, 2027, all fire protection territories under IC 36-8-19 are dissolved.
- (b) Any unit or fire protection district participating in the territory remains liable for the unit's or fire protection district's share of any debt incurred under IC 36-8-19-8.5.
- (c) The department of local government finance shall adjust a participating unit's maximum permissible property tax levies, maximum permissible property tax rates, and budgets to reflect the dissolution of the territory.
- (d) After December 31, 2026, a fire protection territory may not be established under IC 36-8-19.
- Sec. 6. (a) Beginning January 1, 2027, the executive of a county is responsible for providing fire protection and emergency services



- in the unincorporated areas of the county in the manner specified in the county plan. The director shall be responsible for the day to day operations in administering the plan.

 (b) As provided in IC 36-2-21, in carrying out fire protection and emergency services responsibilities, the county executive shall,
- and emergency services responsibilities, the county executive shall, as provided in the county plan, provide for fire protection and emergency services in the unincorporated areas of the county through any combination of:
 - (1) operating a county fire department;
 - (2) contracting with or otherwise cooperating with any municipality, county, or other entity; or
 - (3) entering into mutual aid agreements.
- (c) A municipality may provide fire protection and emergency services to an unincorporated area of the county, if the municipality and county enter into an interlocal cooperation agreement under IC 36-1-7. The agreement must be in writing and clearly define the boundaries of the area in which the municipality will be providing fire protection services, or emergency services, or both. Payment to the municipality shall be from property taxes levied by the county under section 8(c) of this chapter and transferred to the municipality under the terms of the agreement. Notwithstanding any other law, the municipality may not assess any additional charges or fees of service to recipients for providing the services to the area.
- (d) The county may provide fire protection or emergency services, or both, inside the corporate boundaries of a municipality whose municipal territory is completely within a county and that does not have a full-time paid fire department.
- Sec. 7. (a) The county executive may, consistent with the county plan, and with the approval of the county fiscal body, do the following in carrying out the county's responsibility to provide fire protection and emergency services in the unincorporated areas of the county after December 31, 2026:
 - (1) Purchase firefighting and emergency services apparatus and equipment for the county, provide for the housing, care, maintenance, operation, and use of the apparatus and equipment to provide services within the unincorporated areas of the county, and employ full-time or part-time personnel to operate the apparatus and equipment and to provide services in that area. Preference in employment under this section shall be given according to the following priority:
 - (A) A war veteran who has been honorably discharged



1	from the United States armed forces.
2	(B) A person whose mother or father was a:
3	(i) firefighter of a unit;
4	(ii) municipal police officer; or
5	(iii) county police officer;
6	who died in the line of duty (as defined in IC 5-10-10-2).
7	A person described in this subdivision may not receive a
8	preference for employment unless the person applies for
9	employment and meets all employment requirements
10	prescribed by law, including physical and age requirements,
11	and all employment requirements prescribed by the fire
12	department.
13	(2) Contract in accordance with IC 36-1-7 and section 6(c) of
14	this chapter with a municipality in the county or in a
15	contiguous county that maintains adequate firefighting or
16	emergency services apparatus and equipment to provide fire
17	protection or emergency services.
18	(3) Cooperate in accordance with IC 36-1-7 and section 6(c)
19	of this chapter with a municipality in the county or in a
20	contiguous county in the purchase, maintenance, and upkeep
21	of firefighting or emergency services apparatus and
22	equipment for use in the municipality and county.
23	(4) Contract with a volunteer fire department for the use and
24	operation of firefighting apparatus and equipment that has
25	been purchased by the county in order to save the private and
26	public property of the county from destruction by fire,
27	including use of the apparatus and equipment in an adjoining
28	county by the volunteer fire department if the volunteer fire
29	department has made a contract with the executive of the
30	adjoining county to furnish firefighting service within the
31	county.
32	(5) Contract with a volunteer fire department that maintains
33	adequate firefighting service in accordance with IC 36-1-7,
34	IC 36-8-12, and section 6(c) of this chapter.
35	(6) Use money in the county's rainy day fund to pay costs
36	attributable to providing fire protection or emergency
37	services consistent with the county plan.
38	(b) The county director shall be responsible for the day to day
39	operations in administering the county plan. The county director
40	shall:
41	(1) prepare the county's budget for fire protection and
42	emergency services; and



(2) not later than July 1, 2026, and before July 1 of every year thereafter, submit the budget to the county executive.

The county executive may adopt a resolution that assigns any duties under subsection (a) and any other powers and duties regarding county fire protection and emergency services that are determined to be advisable by the county executive to the county director. However, the director may not be authorized to issue or execute bonds, notes, or warrants of the county and the county executive shall be responsible for approving and signing all contracts and bids. The county director must act in compliance with the county plan, and under the supervision and approval of the county fiscal body. The county executive may, by resolution, withdraw any of the duties assigned.

- Sec. 8. (a) Each county shall establish either:
 - (1) a county firefighting and emergency services fund which is to be used by the county for the payment of costs attributable to providing fire protection or emergency services by the methods provided in this chapter and for no other purposes; or
 - (2) two (2) separate funds consisting of:
 - (A) a county firefighting fund that is to be used by the county for the payment of costs attributable to providing fire protection under the methods prescribed in this chapter and for no other purposes; and
 - (B) a county emergency services fund that is to be used by the county for the payment of costs attributable to providing emergency services under the methods prescribed in this chapter and for no other purposes.

The money in the funds described in either subdivision (1) or (2) may be paid out by the county executive upon appropriation by the county fiscal body.

- (b) If a county transitions from a single county firefighting and emergency services fund under subsection (a)(1) to two (2) separate funds as allowed under subsection (a)(2), the county fiscal body shall approve a transfer of the remaining cash balance in the county firefighting and emergency services fund to the two (2) new separate funds. As part of the transfer under this subsection, the county fiscal body shall determine the amounts of the remaining cash balance that will be attributable to the county firefighting fund and the county emergency services fund.
- (c) Each county may levy, for property taxes due in 2027 and thereafter, a tax for either:



- (1) the county firefighting and emergency services fund described in subsection (a)(1); or
- (2) both:

- (A) the county firefighting fund; and
- (B) the county emergency services fund; described in subsection (a)(2).

Other than a county providing fire protection or emergency services or both to municipalities in the county under section 6(d) of this chapter, the tax levy is on all taxable real and personal property in the county outside the corporate boundaries of municipalities. Subject to the levy limitations contained in IC 6-1.1-18.5, the county firefighting and emergency services levy is to be in an amount sufficient to pay costs attributable to fire protection and emergency services that are not paid from other revenues available to the fund. If a county establishes a county firefighting fund and a county emergency services fund described in subdivision (2), the combined levies are to be an amount sufficient to pay costs attributable to fire protection and emergency services. However, fire protection services may be paid only from the county firefighting fund and emergency services may be paid only from the county emergency services fund, and each fund may pay costs attributable to the respective fund for services that are not paid from other revenues available to either applicable fund. The tax rate and levy for a levy described in this subsection shall be established in accordance with the procedures set forth in IC 6-1.1-17.

- (d) In addition to the tax levy and service charges received under IC 36-8-12-13 and IC 36-8-12-16, the county executive may accept donations to the county for the purpose of firefighting and other emergency services and shall place them in the county firefighting and emergency services fund established under subsection (a)(1), or if applicable, the county firefighting fund established under subsection (a)(2)(A) if the purpose of the donation is for firefighting, or in the county emergency services fund established under subsection (a)(2)(B) if the purpose of the donation is for emergency services, keeping an accurate record of the sums received. A person may also donate partial payment of any purchase of firefighting or other emergency services equipment made by the county.
- (e) If a fire department serving the county dispatches fire apparatus or personnel to a building or premises in the county in response to:



- 1 (1) an alarm caused by improper installation or improper 2 maintenance; or 3 (2) a drill or test, if the fire department is not previously 4 notified that the alarm is a drill or test; 5 the county may impose a fee or service charge upon the owner of 6 the property. However, if the owner of property that constitutes 7 the owner's residence establishes that the alarm is under a 8 maintenance contract with an alarm company and that the alarm 9 company has been notified of the improper installation or 10 maintenance of the alarm, the alarm company is liable for the 11 payment of the fee or service charge. 12 (f) The amount of a fee or service charge imposed under 13 subsection (e) shall be determined by the county fiscal body. All 14 money received by the county from the fee or service charge must 15 be deposited in the county's firefighting and emergency services 16 fund or the county's firefighting fund. 17 Sec. 9. (a) This section applies to a county that provides fire 18 protection or emergency services or both to a municipality in the 19 county under section 6(d) of this chapter. 20 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), with the consent of the 21 county fiscal body, the county executive may pay the expenses for 22 fire protection and emergency services in the county, both inside 23 and outside the corporate boundaries of participating 24 municipalities, from any combination of the following county 25 funds, regardless of when the funds were established: 26 (1) The county firefighting and emergency services fund
 - under section 8(a)(1) of this chapter.
 - (2) The cumulative building and equipment fund under IC 36-8-14.
 - (3) The debt fund for taxes levied under section 12 of this chapter.
 - (4) The rainy day fund established under IC 36-1-8-5.1.
 - (c) If a county establishes a county firefighting fund and a county emergency services fund described in section 8(a)(2)(B) of this chapter, and with the consent of the county fiscal body, the county executive may pay the expenses for fire protection from the county firefighting fund and emergency services from the county emergency services fund, both inside and outside the corporate boundaries of participating municipalities.
 - (d) Subject to the levy limitations contained in IC 6-1.1-18.5, the tax rate and levy for the county firefighting and emergency services fund or the combined levies for the county firefighting



28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

fund and the county emergency services fund (as applicable), the cumulative building and equipment fund, or the debt fund is to be in an amount sufficient to pay all costs attributable to fire protection or emergency services that are provided to the county and the participating municipalities that are not paid from other available revenues. The tax rate and levy for each fund shall be established in accordance with the procedures set forth in IC 6-1.1-17 and apply both inside and outside the corporate boundaries of participating municipalities.

(e) The county executive may accept donations for the purpose of firefighting and emergency services. The county executive shall place donations in the county firefighting and emergency services fund established under section 8(a)(1) of this chapter, or if applicable, the county firefighting fund established under section 8(a)(2)(A) of this chapter if the purpose of the donation is for firefighting, or the township emergency services fund established under section 8(a)(2)(B) of this chapter if the purpose of the donation is for emergency services. A person may donate partial payment of a purchase of firefighting or emergency services equipment made by the county.

Sec. 10. (a) For counties and municipalities that elect to have the county provide fire protection and emergency services under section 6(d) of this chapter, the department of local government finance shall adjust each county's and each municipality's maximum permissible levy in the year following the year in which the change is elected, as determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3, to reflect the change from providing fire protection or emergency services under a contract between the municipality and the county to allowing the county to impose a property tax levy on the taxable property located within the corporate boundaries of each municipality. Each municipality's maximum permissible property tax levy shall be reduced by the amount of the municipality's property tax levy that was imposed by the municipality to meet the obligations to the county under the fire protection or emergency services contract. The county's maximum permissible property tax levy shall be increased by the product of:

- (1) one and five-hundredths (1.05); multiplied by
- (2) the amount the county received:
 - (A) in the year in which the change is elected; and
 - (B) as fire protection or emergency services contract payments from all municipalities whose levy is decreased under this section.



- (b) For purposes of determining a county's or municipality's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3 for years following the first year after the year in which the change is elected, a county's or municipality's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy is the levy after the adjustment made under subsection (a).
- Sec. 11. After a sufficient appropriation has been made and approved and is available for the purchase of firefighting apparatus and equipment, including housing, the county executive, with the approval of the county fiscal body, may purchase firefighting apparatus and equipment for the county on an installment conditional sale or mortgage contract running for a period not exceeding:
 - (1) six (6) years; or

- (2) fifteen (15) years for a county that is purchasing the firefighting equipment with funding from the:
 - (A) state or its instrumentalities; or
 - (B) federal government or its instrumentalities.

The purchase must be amortized in equal or approximately equal installments payable on January 1 and July 1 each year.

- Sec. 12. (a) Subject to section 13 of this chapter and subject to approval of the county fiscal body, the county executive, on behalf of the county, also may borrow the money necessary to make a purchase of firefighting apparatus and equipment from a financial institution in Indiana on the terms described in section 11 of this chapter. The county executive shall, on behalf of the county, execute and deliver to the institution the negotiable note or bond of the county for the sum borrowed. The note or bond must bear interest, with both principal and interest payable in equal or approximately equal installments on January 1 and July 1 each year over a period not exceeding six (6) years.
- (b) The first installment of principal and interest on a contract, chattel mortgage, note, or bond is due on the next January 1 or July 1 following the first tax collection for which it is possible for the county to levy a tax. The county fiscal body shall levy a tax each year sufficient to pay the obligation according to its terms and shall appropriate the proceeds of the tax for this purpose. An obligation of the county executed under this chapter is a valid and binding obligation of the county.
- Sec. 13. (a) If the county executive determines that money should be borrowed under section 12 of this chapter, not less than ten (10) taxpayers in the county who disagree with the



- determination may file a petition in the office of the county auditor not more than thirty (30) days after notice of the determination is given. The petition must state the taxpayers' objections and the reasons why the taxpayers believe the borrowing to be unnecessary or unwise.
- (b) The county auditor shall immediately certify a copy of the petition, together with other data necessary to present the questions involved, to the department of local government finance. Upon receipt of the certified petition and other data, the department of local government finance shall fix a date, time, and place for the hearing of the matter. The hearing shall be held not less than five (5) days and not more than thirty (30) days after the receipt of the certified documents.
- (c) The hearing may be held in the county where the petition arose or through electronic means.
- (d) Notice of the hearing shall be given by the department of local government finance to the county and to the first ten (10) petitioners listed on the petition by letter. The letter shall be sent to each of the first ten (10) petitioners at the petitioner's usual place of residence at least five (5) days before the date of the hearing.
 - (e) A:

- (1) taxpayer who signed a petition filed under subsection (a); or
- (2) county against which a petition under subsection (a) is filed:
- may petition for judicial review of the final determination of the department of local government finance under this section. The petition must be filed in the tax court not more than forty-five (45) days after the date of the department's final determination.
- Sec. 14. (a) All purchases of firefighting apparatus and equipment under this chapter shall be made in the manner provided by statute for the purchase of county supplies. If the amount involved is sufficient to require notice under statutes for bids in connection with the purchase of apparatus or equipment, the notice must offer all bidders the opportunity of proposing to sell the apparatus or equipment to the county upon a conditional sale or mortgage contract.
- (b) A bidder proposing to sell on a conditional sale or mortgage contract shall state in the bidder's bid the proposed interest rate and terms of the conditional sale or contract, to be considered by the county executive and legislative body in determining the best



bid received. (c) All bids submitted must specify the cash price at which the bidder proposes to sell the apparatus or equipment to the county so that the executive and legislative body may determine whether it is in the best interest of the county to purchase the apparatus or equipment on the terms of a conditional sale or mortgage contract proposed by the bidder or to purchase the apparatus or equipment for cash if sufficient funds are available or can be raised by negotiating a loan with a financial institution in accordance with section 12 of this chapter. Sec. 15. A county having a regularly organized fire department employing full-time firefighters may procure at the county's expense: (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period. (4) Hospital and special nursing care if the physician or		
bidder proposes to sell the apparatus or equipment to the county so that the executive and legislative body may determine whether it is in the best interest of the county to purchase the apparatus or equipment on the terms of a conditional sale or mortgage contract proposed by the bidder or to purchase the apparatus or equipment for cash if sufficient funds are available or can be raised by negotiating a loan with a financial institution in accordance with section 12 of this chapter. Sec. 15. A county having a regularly organized fire department employing full-time firefighters may procure at the county's expense: (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	1	bid received.
so that the executive and legislative body may determine whether it is in the best interest of the county to purchase the apparatus or equipment on the terms of a conditional sale or mortgage contract proposed by the bidder or to purchase the apparatus or equipment for cash if sufficient funds are available or can be raised by negotiating a loan with a financial institution in accordance with section 12 of this chapter. Sec. 15. A county having a regularly organized fire department employing full-time firefighters may procure at the county's expense: (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.		(c) All bids submitted must specify the cash price at which the
it is in the best interest of the county to purchase the apparatus or equipment on the terms of a conditional sale or mortgage contract proposed by the bidder or to purchase the apparatus or equipment for cash if sufficient funds are available or can be raised by negotiating a loan with a financial institution in accordance with section 12 of this chapter. Sec. 15. A county having a regularly organized fire department employing full-time firefighters may procure at the county's expense: (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	3	bidder proposes to sell the apparatus or equipment to the county
equipment on the terms of a conditional sale or mortgage contract proposed by the bidder or to purchase the apparatus or equipment for cash if sufficient funds are available or can be raised by negotiating a loan with a financial institution in accordance with section 12 of this chapter. Sec. 15. A county having a regularly organized fire department employing full-time firefighters may procure at the county's expense: (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	4	so that the executive and legislative body may determine whether
proposed by the bidder or to purchase the apparatus or equipment for cash if sufficient funds are available or can be raised by negotiating a loan with a financial institution in accordance with section 12 of this chapter. Sec. 15. A county having a regularly organized fire department employing full-time firefighters may procure at the county's expense: (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	5	it is in the best interest of the county to purchase the apparatus or
for cash if sufficient funds are available or can be raised by negotiating a loan with a financial institution in accordance with section 12 of this chapter. Sec. 15. A county having a regularly organized fire department employing full-time firefighters may procure at the county's expense: (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	6	equipment on the terms of a conditional sale or mortgage contract
negotiating a loan with a financial institution in accordance with section 12 of this chapter. Sec. 15. A county having a regularly organized fire department employing full-time firefighters may procure at the county's expense: (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	7	proposed by the bidder or to purchase the apparatus or equipment
section 12 of this chapter. Sec. 15. A county having a regularly organized fire department employing full-time firefighters may procure at the county's expense: (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	8	for cash if sufficient funds are available or can be raised by
Sec. 15. A county having a regularly organized fire department employing full-time firefighters may procure at the county's expense: (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	9	negotiating a loan with a financial institution in accordance with
employing full-time firefighters may procure at the county's expense: (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	10	section 12 of this chapter.
13 expense: 14 (1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and 18 (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. 21 The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. 22 Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: 23 (1) an injury; or 24 (2) contracts an illness; 25 during the performance of the firefighter's duty. 26 (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): 28 (1) Medical and surgical care. 29 (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. 30 (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	11	Sec. 15. A county having a regularly organized fire department
(1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	12	
department insuring the member against loss of life or dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	13	expense:
dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	14	(1) an insurance policy for each member of the fire
dismemberment while in the performance of regularly assigned duties; and (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	15	• •
18 (2) group insurance providing supplemental income protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. 21 The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. 22 Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: 23 (1) an injury; or 24 (2) contracts an illness; 26 during the performance of the firefighter's duty. 27 (2) contracts an illness; 28 during the performance of the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): 30 (1) Medical and surgical care. 31 (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. 32 (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	16	dismemberment while in the performance of regularly
protection for a member of the fire department who has been injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	17	assigned duties; and
injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	18	(2) group insurance providing supplemental income
injured during the course of employment. The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	19	protection for a member of the fire department who has been
members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	20	•
members and is supplemental to other benefits provided to an injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	21	The insurance coverage shall be selected with the consent of the
injured member by law. Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	22	S
Sec. 16. (a) A county shall pay for the care of a full-time, paid firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	23	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
firefighter who suffers: (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	24	· ·
 (1) an injury; or (2) contracts an illness; during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period. 	25	
27 (2) contracts an illness; 28 during the performance of the firefighter's duty. 29 (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by 30 a firefighter described in subsection (a): 31 (1) Medical and surgical care. 32 (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents 33 and means. 34 (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including 35 during the recovery period.	26	
during the performance of the firefighter's duty. (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period.	27	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
 (b) The county shall pay for the following expenses incurred by a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period. 	28	
 a firefighter described in subsection (a): (1) Medical and surgical care. (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period. 		• •
31 (1) Medical and surgical care. 32 (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents 33 and means. 34 (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including 35 during the recovery period.	30	
 (2) Medicines and laboratory, curative, and palliative agents and means. (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period. 	31	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
 33 and means. 34 (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including during the recovery period. 	32	· /
34 (3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including 35 during the recovery period.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
35 during the recovery period.	34	(3) X-ray, diagnostic, and therapeutic service, including
<i>V</i> 1		
37 surgeon in charge considers it necessary for proper recovery.		
38 (c) Expenditures required by subsection (a) shall be paid from		
the county firefighting and emergency services fund established by		
section 8(a)(1) of this chapter or the county firefighting fund		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		established in section 8(a)(2)(A) of this chapter, as applicable.

(d) A county that has paid for the care of a firefighter under



subsection (a) has a cause of action for re	imbursement of the
amount paid under subsection (a) against any	y third party against
whom the firefighter has a cause of action for	r an injury sustained
because of, or an illness caused by, the third	party. The county's
cause of action under this subsection is in ad	ldition to, and not in
lieu of, the cause of action of the firefighter ag	ainst the third party.
Sec. 17. Notwithstanding any other law,	1 0

- Sec. 17. Notwithstanding any other law, a county fiscal body may after December 31, 2026, authorize the county executive to borrow a specified sum from a county fund other than:
 - (1) the county firefighting and emergency services fund established by section 8(a)(1) of this chapter; or
 - (2) the county firefighting fund established in section 8(a)(2)(A) of this chapter and county emergency services fund established under section 8(a)(2)(B) of this chapter;

as applicable, if the county fiscal body finds that an emergency requiring the expenditure of money is related to paying the operating expenses of a county fire department or a volunteer fire department. The county fiscal body shall provide for payment of the debt by imposing a levy to the credit of the fund from which the amount was borrowed under this subsection.

SECTION 64. IC 36-8-14-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this chapter applies to all units except counties.

(b) After December 31, 2026, this chapter also applies to counties not having a consolidated city. However, a county may, before January 1, 2027, take any action required under this chapter that is necessary to provide for the cumulative building and equipment fund to be established in 2027 and to impose the property tax levy under this chapter beginning in 2027.

SECTION 65. IC 36-8-14-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this section, "emergency medical services" has the meaning set forth in IC 16-18-2-110.

- (b) As used in this section, "volunteer fire department" has the meaning set forth in IC 36-8-12-2.
- (c) The legislative body of a unit or the board of fire trustees of a fire protection district may provide a cumulative building and equipment fund under IC 6-1.1-41 for the following purposes:
 - (1) The:
 - (A) purchase, construction, renovation, or addition to buildings; or



1	(B) purchase of land;
2	used by the fire department or a volunteer fire department serving
3	the unit.
4	(2) The purchase of firefighting equipment for use of the fire
5	department or a volunteer fire department serving the unit,
6	including making the required payments under a lease rental with
7	option to purchase agreement made to acquire the equipment.
8	(3) In a municipality, the purchase of police radio equipment.
9	(4) The:
10	(A) purchase, construction, renovation, or addition to a
11	building;
12	(B) purchase of land; or
13	(C) purchase of equipment;
14	for use of a provider of emergency medical services under
15	IC 16-31-5 to the unit establishing the fund.
16	(d) In addition to the requirements of IC 6-1.1-41, before a
17	cumulative fund may be established by a township fire protection
18	district, the county legislative body which appoints the trustees of the
19	fire protection district must approve the establishment of the fund.
20	(e) This subsection does not apply to a county having a
21	consolidated city. The following apply on January 1, 2027:
22	(1) A cumulative building and equipment fund is established
23	for each county. The adoption and approval provisions of
24	IC 6-1.1-41 do not apply to the establishment of the fund
25	under this subsection. The provisions of IC 6-1.1-41
26	concerning the adoption of a tax levy apply to the fund.
27	However, a county may before January 1, 2027, take any
28	action required under this chapter that is necessary to provide
29	for the cumulative building and equipment fund to be
30	established in 2027 and to impose the property tax levy under
31	this chapter beginning in 2027.
32	(2) Each cumulative building and equipment fund established
33	by a township in the county is abolished, and the balance in
34	the township's cumulative building and equipment fund shall
35	be transferred to the county's cumulative building and
36	equipment fund established under subdivision (1).
37	SECTION 66. IC 36-8-14-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. (a) To provide for
39	the cumulative building and equipment fund established under this
40	chapter, the legislative body may levy a tax on all taxable property
41	within the taxing district in compliance with IC 6-1.1-41. The tax rate
42	may not exceed three and thirty-three hundredths cents (\$0.0333) on



1	each one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation of property in
2	the taxing district.
3	(b) As the tax is collected, it shall be deposited in a qualified public
4	depository or depositories and held in a special fund to be known as:
5	(1) the "building or remodeling, firefighting, and police radio
6	equipment fund" in the case of a municipality; or as
7	(2) the "building or remodeling and fire equipment fund" in the
8	case of a township, a county (after December 31, 2026, in the
9	case of a county not having a consolidated city), or a fire
10	protection district.
11	SECTION 67. IC 36-8-19-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
12	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4.5. (a) This section does not
14	apply to townships in a county having a consolidated city.
15	(b) On January 1, 2027, all fire protection territories in the
16	county are dissolved as provided in IC 36-8-13.7.
17	SECTION 68. IC 36-12-1-15 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
18	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
19	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 15. The following occurs after
20	December 31, 2026, in a county not having a consolidated city:
21	(1) The powers and duties of a township trustee concerning
22	public libraries, library districts, or provision or receipt of
23	library services by contract under this article are transferred
24	to the county trustee.
25	(2) All responsibilities and obligations of a township
26	government with respect to a public library, a library district,
27	or provision or receipt of library services by contract are
28	assumed by the county.
29	(3) The dissolution of township government under IC 36-6.1
30	does not automatically terminate a public library, library
31	district, or contract for provision or receipt of library services
32	in existence on December 31, 2026. However, after December
33	31,2026, a county legislative body may withdraw as otherwise
34	provided in this chapter from a library district.
35	SECTION 69. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025] (a) The legislative
36	services agency shall prepare, as directed by the legislative council,
37	legislation for introduction in the 2026 regular session of the
38	general assembly to organize and correct statutes affected by this
39	act, if necessary.
40	(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2027.

