

HOUSE BILL No. 1244

DIGEST OF HB 1244 (Updated January 23, 2018 11:57 am - DI 131)

Citations Affected: IC 16-41.

Synopsis: Law enforcement exposure to communicable diseases. Provides that a law enforcement officer who is exposed to blood or body fluids may request to be included in the list of individuals who are provided with notification concerning exposure to a dangerous communicable disease.

Effective: July 1, 2018.

DeVon, Taylor J, Frye R, Bartels

 $\begin{array}{c} \mbox{January 16, 2018, read first time and referred to Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety. \\ \mbox{January 23, 2018, amended, reported} & --- \mbox{Do Pass.} \end{array}$



Second Regular Session of the 120th General Assembly (2018)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2017 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1244

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 16-41-10-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. (a) This section
3	applies to the following:
4	(1) An emergency medical services provider who is exposed to
5	blood and body fluids while providing emergency medical
6	services to a patient.
7	(2) A law enforcement officer who is exposed to blood and
8	body fluids while performing the law enforcement officer's
9	official duties.

- (a) (b) An emergency medical services provider who is exposed to blood or body fluids while providing emergency medical services to a patient or a law enforcement officer may request notification concerning exposure to a dangerous communicable disease under this chapter if the exposure is of a type that has been demonstrated epidemiologically to transmit a dangerous communicable disease.
- (b) (c) If an emergency medical services provider or a law enforcement officer desires to be notified of results of testing



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following a possible exposure to a dangerous communicable disease
under this chapter, the emergency medical services provider or law
enforcement officer shall notify the emergency medical services
provider's or law enforcement officer's employer not more than
twenty-four (24) hours after the emergency medical services provider
or law enforcement officer is exposed on a form that is prescribed by
the state department and the Indiana emergency medical services
commission.

- (c) (d) The emergency medical services provider or law enforcement officer shall distribute a copy of the completed form required under subsection (b) (c) to the following:
 - (1) If applicable, the medical director of the emergency department of the medical facility:
 - (A) to which the patient was admitted following the exposure; or
 - (B) in which the patient was located at the time of the exposure.
 - (2) The emergency medical services provider's **or law enforcement officer's** employer.
 - (3) The state department.
- SECTION 2. IC 16-41-10-2.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2.5. (a) A patient (including a patient who is unable to consent due to physical or mental incapacity) to whose blood or body fluids an emergency medical services provider **or a law enforcement officer** is exposed as described in section 2 of this chapter is considered to have consented to:
 - (1) testing for the presence of a dangerous communicable disease of a type that has been epidemiologically demonstrated to be transmittable by an exposure of the kind experienced by the emergency medical services provider or law enforcement officer; and
 - (2) release of the testing results to a medical director or physician described in section 3 of this chapter.

The medical director or physician shall notify the emergency medical services provider **or law enforcement officer** of the test results.

(b) If a patient described in subsection (a) refuses to provide a blood or body fluid specimen for testing for a dangerous communicable disease, the exposed emergency medical services provider or law enforcement officer, the exposed emergency medical services provider's or law enforcement officer's employer, or the state department may petition the circuit or superior court having



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1	jurisdiction in the county:
2 3	(1) of the patient's residence; or
	(2) where the employer of the exposed emergency medical
4	services provider or law enforcement officer has the employer's
5	principal office;
6	for an order requiring that the patient provide a blood or body fluid
7	specimen.
8	SECTION 3. IC 16-41-10-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as
10	provided in subsection (b), if a patient to whose blood or body fluids an
11	emergency medical services provider or a law enforcement officer is
12	exposed as described in section 2 of this chapter:
13	(1) is admitted to a medical facility following the exposure or is
14	located in a medical facility at the time of the exposure, a
15	physician designated by the medical facility shall, not more than
16	seventy-two (72) hours after the medical facility is notified under
17	section 2 of this chapter:
18	(A) cause a blood or body fluid specimen to be obtained from
19	the patient and testing to be performed for a dangerous
20	communicable disease of a type that has been
21	epidemiologically demonstrated to be transmittable by an
22	exposure of the kind experienced by the emergency medical
23	services provider or law enforcement officer; and
24	(B) notify the medical director of the emergency medical
25	services provider's employer or a physician as designated
26	under subsection (b) or (c); or
27	(2) is not described in subdivision (1), the exposed emergency
28	medical services provider or law enforcement officer, the
29	exposed emergency medical services provider's or law
30	enforcement officer's employer, or the state department may:
31	(A) arrange for testing of the patient as soon as possible; or
32	(B) petition the circuit or superior court having jurisdiction in
33	the county of the patient's residence or where the employer of
34	the exposed emergency medical services provider or law
35	enforcement officer has the employer's principal office for an
36	order requiring that the patient provide a blood or body fluid
37	specimen.
38	(b) An emergency medical services provider may, on the form
39	described in section 2 of this chapter, designate a physician other than
40	the medical director of the emergency medical services provider's
41	employer to receive the test results.
42	(c) A law enforcement officer shall, on the form described in



1	section 2 of this chapter, designate a physician to receive the test
2	results.
3	(e) (d) The medical director or physician described in this section
4	shall notify the emergency medical services provider or law
5	enforcement officer of the test results not more than forty-eight (48)
6	hours after the medical director or physician receives the test results.
7	SECTION 4. IC 16-41-10-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) A medica
9	director or physician notified under section 3 of this chapter shall, no
10	more than forty-eight (48) hours after receiving the notification under
11	section 3 of this chapter, contact the emergency medical services
12	provider or law enforcement officer described in section 2 of this
13	chapter to do the following:
14	(1) Explain, without disclosing information about the patient, the
15	dangerous communicable disease to which the emergency
16	medical services provider or law enforcement officer was
17	exposed.
18	(2) Provide for any medically necessary treatment and counseling
19	to the emergency medical services provider or law enforcement
20	officer.
21	(b) Expenses of testing or treatment and counseling are the
22	responsibility of the emergency medical services provider or the
23	provider's or law enforcement officer's employer.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety, to which was referred House Bill 1244, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 4, line 22, delete "or law".

Page 4, line 23, delete "enforcement officer".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1244 as introduced.)

FRYE R

Committee Vote: yeas 12, nays 0.

