HOUSE BILL No. 1251

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 5-15-1-1; IC 36-2-14-5.3.

Synopsis: Reproduction of coroner records. Provides the following: (1) Allows a coroner to determine the means of copying an original record of the coroner. (2) Allows a coroner to destroy or transfer the original record at the time determined by the coroner after copying the record. Provides that a coroner is immune from criminal liability for destroying a public record if the coroner acts in accordance with the coroner's authority to copy and destroy the coroner's records.

Effective: July 1, 2023.

Hatfield

January 11, 2023, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.



2023

First Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2023)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1251

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 5-15-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.161-2018, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) Any officer, office, court, commission, board, institution, department, agent, or employee of the state, county, or any political subdivision being charged with the duty or authorized or required by law to record, preserve, keep, maintain, or file any record, document, plat, paper or instrument-in-writing, may, whenever any such officer, office, court, commission, board, institution, department, agent, or employee of the state, county, or any political subdivision shall deem it necessary, for the purpose of recording or copying same, preserving and protecting same, reducing space required for storage or filing of same, or any similar purpose, have or cause to have any or all such records recorded, copied, or reproduced by any photostatic, photographic, micrographic, electronic, or other process which correctly and accurately copies or reproduces, recreates, or forms a medium of copying or reproducing the original record, document, plat, paper, or instrument-in-writing. Any officer, office,



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1	court, commission, board, institution, department, agent, or employee
2	of the state may have or cause to have records recorded, copied, or
3	reproduced under this subsection by any optical imaging process that
4	correctly and accurately copies or reproduces, recreates, or forms a
5	medium of copying or reproducing the original record, document, plat
6	paper, or instrument-in-writing.
7	(b) The original filing record may be destroyed if:
8	(1) the record has been copied or is capable of being reproduced
9	or recreated under subsection (a); and
10	(2) an approved retention schedule allows for the destruction.
11	(c) Copies, recreations, or reproductions made under subsection (a)
12	(1) shall have the same force and effect at law as the original
13	record destroyed under subsection (b); and
14	(2) shall be received as evidence in any court where the original
15	record could have been so introduced;
16	if the recreations, copies, or reproductions are properly certified as to
17	authenticity and accuracy by a duly constituted official custodian of
18	such records.
19	(d) All micrographics and imaging processes done under this
20	chapter shall comply with the quality standards developed under
21	IC 5-15-5.1-8.
22	(e) This section does not apply to the office of judicia
23	administration of the supreme court or the office of a county coroner
24	SECTION 2. IC 36-2-14-5.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
25	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
26	1, 2023]: Sec. 5.3. (a) Notwithstanding IC 5-15-5.1, IC 5-15-6, or
27	any rule, standard, or retention schedule adopted under
28	IC 5-15-5.1 or IC 5-15-6 but subject to IC 5-15-5.1-8, a coroner
29	may do the following:
30	(1) Determine the materials, processes, and standards used to
31	(A) correctly and accurately reproduce an original record
32 33	(including producing an electronic record); and
34	(B) store a reproduction of an original record (including
35	using cloud based document storage); of the office of the coroner.
36	(2) At the time determined by the coroner, destroy or transfer
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38	an original record to the Indiana state archives after the coroner reproduces the record in accordance with the
39	determination under subdivision (1).
10	(b) Copies, recreations, or reproductions made under subsection
11	(a):
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(1) shall have the same force and effect at law as the original



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1	record destroyed under subsection (a)(2); and
2	(2) shall be received as evidence in any court where the
3	original record could have been so introduced;
4	if the recreations, copies, or reproductions are properly certified
5	as to authenticity and accuracy by the coroner.
6	(c) A coroner who destroys an original record in accordance
7	with the authority of the coroner under this section is immune
8	from liability under IC 5-15-6-8.

