



March 13, 2015

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# ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1304

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DIGEST OF HB 1304 (Updated March 11, 2015 11:42 am - DI 106)

**Citations Affected:** IC 5-2; IC 11-10; IC 11-12; IC 11-13; IC 12-23; IC 12-24; IC 16-42; IC 31-30; IC 31-30.5 ; IC 31-32; IC 31-37; IC 33-23; IC 33-37; IC 33-39; IC 33-40; IC 34-30; IC 35-31.5; IC 35-36; IC 35-38; IC 35-48; IC 35-50; noncode.

**Synopsis:** Various criminal law issues. Requires the criminal justice institute to track the number of juveniles in adult court. Requires custodial interrogations of juveniles to be recorded. Raises the ages for waiver of jurisdiction of certain juveniles to adult court. Defines "intellectual disability" and "autism spectrum disorder". Allows a person with an intellectual disability or autism spectrum disorder to participate in a forensic diversion program. Authorizes a prosecuting attorney to require a person participating in a prosecutorial diversion program to receive mental health treatment to reduce recidivism, and allows diversion and deferral fees to be used to fund mental health treatment programs to reduce recidivism. Allows a criminal court to appoint a mental health advocate to assist a person with an intellectual disability or autism spectrum disorder who is charged with a criminal  
(Continued next page)

**Effective:** July 1, 2015; January 1, 2016.

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## McMillin, Steuerwald, Pierce, McNamara

(SENATE SPONSORS — STEELE, YOUNG R MICHAEL, RANDOLPH)

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January 13, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.  
February 12, 2015, amended, reported — Do Pass.  
February 16, 2015, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.  
February 17, 2015, engrossed. Read third time, passed. Yeas 94, nays 0.

SENATE ACTION

February 24, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.  
March 12, 2015, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass; reassigned to Committee on Appropriations.

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EH 1304—LS 7399/DI 107



## Digest Continued

offense. Allows continuation of a prosecution for a person who is a drug abuser or an alcoholic charged with a felony or a misdemeanor. Provides that if a person is found to be a habitual offender and sentenced to an additional fixed term of imprisonment: (1) a court may suspend the additional term of imprisonment during the time the person is participating in a court approved substance abuse treatment program; and (2) if the person successfully completes the treatment program, the time the person spent in the treatment program is deducted from the person's additional fixed term of imprisonment. Provides that addiction counseling, inpatient detoxification, and the administration of Vivitrol or a similar substance may be required to treat opioid or alcohol addiction as a condition of parole, probation, community corrections, pretrial diversion, or participation in a problem solving court. Provides that the division of mental health and addiction may consider the administration of Vivitrol or a similar substance as an alternative to methadone treatment. Repeals provisions allowing juvenile courts to modify disposition orders concerning truancy and runaways. Makes it a delinquent act for a child to leave a specific location designated by the child's parent, guardian, or custodian: (1) without reasonable cause; and (2) without permission of the parent, guardian, or custodian, who requests the child's return. Provides that a child who commits the delinquent act of running away may not be held in a juvenile detention facility. Provides that a juvenile shall not be restrained in court unless the court determines the juvenile is dangerous or potentially dangerous. Allows drug abusers or alcoholics charged with or convicted of certain felonies to request treatment for addictions. Provides that a convicted individual may be placed on probation if the individual requests to undergo substance abuse treatment. Provides for voluntary and involuntary treatment for drug addictions. Allows an alcohol and drug services program or the clerk of a court to collect fees concerning court established alcohol and drug services programs. Excludes possession of rolling papers and raw materials from the crime of possession of paraphernalia, and removes possession of paraphernalia as an infraction. Makes the knowing or intentional possession of paraphernalia a Class C misdemeanor, and increases the penalty to a Class A misdemeanor if the person has a prior unrelated judgment or conviction. Makes it a Level 6 felony to possess a hypodermic needle with intent to commit a controlled substance offense. (Under current law, the offense only applies if committed with intent to violate the legend drug act). Requires the division of mental health and addiction to submit a report to the legislative council concerning services for individuals with dual diagnosis. Makes technical corrections.

**EH 1304—LS 7399/DI 107**



March 13, 2015

First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

## ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1304

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

1 SECTION 1. IC 5-2-6-24, AS ADDED BY P.L.168-2014,  
2 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
3 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 24. (a) As used in this section, "criminal code  
4 reform" refers to statutory provisions relating to criminal law enacted  
5 by P.L.158-2013 and HEA 1006-2014.  
6 (b) The institute shall monitor and evaluate criminal code reform as  
7 described in this section.  
8 (c) The institute shall annually gather data and analyze the impact  
9 of criminal code reform on:  
10 (1) local units of government;  
11 (2) the department of correction; and  
12 (3) the judicial center.  
13 (d) The institute shall prepare an annual report containing the results  
14 of its analysis before July 1 of each year. The report shall be provided

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1 to the governor and the legislative council. The report provided to the  
2 legislative council must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.

3 (e) The report required under this section must:

4 (1) include an analysis of:

5 (A) the effect of criminal code reform on:

6 (i) county jails;

7 (ii) community corrections programs;

8 (iii) probation departments; and

9 (iv) courts;

10 (B) recidivism rates;

11 (C) reentry court programs; and

12 (D) data relevant to the availability and effectiveness of mental  
13 health and addiction programs for persons who are at risk of  
14 entering the criminal justice system, who are in the criminal  
15 justice system, and who have left the criminal justice system;

16 **and**

17 (2) track the number of requests for sentence modification that are  
18 set for hearing by the court, including the relief granted by the  
19 court, if any. The report must include whether the grant or denial  
20 of a request for sentence modification was discretionary or  
21 mandatory, and whether the prosecuting attorney opposed the  
22 request for sentence modification, agreed to the request for  
23 sentence modification, or took no position on the request for  
24 sentence modification; **and**

25 **(3) track, by age and offense, the number of juveniles under  
26 the jurisdiction of an adult court due to:**

27 **(A) lack of jurisdiction under IC 31-30-1-4; or**

28 **(B) waiver of jurisdiction under IC 31-30-3-2 through  
29 IC 31-30-3-6.**

30 (f) All local units of government and local elected officials,  
31 including sheriffs, prosecuting attorneys, judges, and county fiscal  
32 bodies, shall cooperate with the institute by providing data as requested  
33 by the institute.

34 (g) State agencies, including the department of correction, the  
35 Indiana prosecuting attorneys council, the Indiana public defender  
36 council, and the judicial center, shall assist the institute by providing  
37 requested data in a timely manner.

38 (h) Based on its analysis, the institute shall include  
39 recommendations to improve the criminal justice system in Indiana,  
40 with particular emphasis being placed on recommendations that relate  
41 to sentencing policies and reform.

42 (i) The institute shall include research data relevant to its analysis



1 and recommendations in the report.

2 SECTION 2. IC 11-10-4-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
3 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. The administration  
4 of a drug by the department for the purpose of controlling a mental or  
5 emotional disorder is subject to the following requirements:

6 (1) The particular drug must be prescribed by a physician who has  
7 examined the offender.

8 (2) The drug must be administered by either a physician or  
9 qualified medical personnel under the direct supervision of a  
10 physician.

11 (3) The offender must be periodically observed, during the  
12 duration of the drug's effect, by qualified medical personnel.

13 (4) A drug may be administered for a period longer than  
14 seventy-two (72) hours only if the administration is part of a  
15 psychotherapeutic program of treatment prescribed and detailed  
16 in writing by a physician.

17 **(5) A drug may be administered for the purpose of controlling**  
18 **substance abuse, including Vivitrol or a similar substance, for**  
19 **alcohol or opioid abuse treatment.**

20 SECTION 3. IC 11-10-11.5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.247-2013,  
21 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
22 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11. (a) While assigned to a community transition  
23 program, a person must comply with:

24 (1) the rules concerning the conduct of persons in the community  
25 transition program, including rules related to payments described  
26 in section 12 of this chapter, that are adopted by the community  
27 corrections advisory board establishing the program or, in  
28 counties that are not served by a community corrections program,  
29 that are jointly adopted by the courts in the county with felony  
30 jurisdiction; and

31 (2) any conditions established by the sentencing court for the  
32 person.

33 (b) As a rule of the community transition program, a person  
34 convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5.2) may not use a  
35 social networking web site (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-307) or an  
36 instant messaging or chat room program (as defined in  
37 IC 35-31.5-2-173) to communicate, directly or through an intermediary,  
38 with a child less than sixteen (16) years of age. However, the rules of  
39 the community transition program may permit the offender to  
40 communicate using a social networking web site or an instant  
41 messaging or chat room program with:

42 (1) the offender's own child, stepchild, or sibling; or



1 (2) another relative of the offender specifically named in the rules  
2 applicable to that person.

3 **(c) As a rule of the community transition program, a person**  
4 **may be required to receive:**

5 **(1) addiction counseling;**

6 **(2) inpatient detoxification; and**

7 **(3) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or**  
8 **a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid abuse treatment.**

9 SECTION 4. IC 11-12-1-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2014,  
10 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
11 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2.5. (a) The community corrections programs  
12 described in section 2 of this chapter shall use evidence based services,  
13 programs, and practices that reduce the risk for recidivism among  
14 persons who participate in the community corrections programs.

15 (b) The community corrections board may also coordinate or  
16 operate:

17 (1) educational;

18 (2) mental health;

19 (3) drug or alcohol abuse counseling; and

20 (4) housing;

21 programs. In addition, the board may provide supervision services for  
22 persons described in section 2 of this chapter.

23 **(c) Drug or alcohol services in subsection (b) may include:**

24 **(1) addiction counseling;**

25 **(2) inpatient detoxification; and**

26 **(3) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or**  
27 **a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

28 SECTION 5. IC 11-12-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014,  
29 SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
30 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) For the purpose of encouraging counties to  
31 develop a coordinated local corrections-criminal justice system and  
32 providing effective alternatives to imprisonment at the state level, the  
33 commissioner shall, out of funds appropriated for such purposes, make  
34 grants to counties for the establishment and operation of community  
35 corrections programs. Appropriations intended for this purpose may not  
36 be used by the department for any other purpose. Money appropriated  
37 to the department of correction for the purpose of making grants under  
38 this chapter and any financial aid payments suspended under section 6  
39 of this chapter do not revert to the state general fund at the close of any  
40 fiscal year, but remain available to the department of correction for its  
41 use in making grants under this chapter.

42 (b) Before March 1, 2015, the department shall estimate the amount



1 of any operational cost savings that will be realized in the state fiscal  
 2 year ending June 30, 2015, from a reduction in the number of  
 3 individuals who are in the custody or made a ward of the department  
 4 of correction (as described in IC 11-8-1-5) that is attributable to the  
 5 sentencing changes made in HEA 1006-2014 as enacted in the 2014  
 6 session of the general assembly. The department shall make the  
 7 estimate under this subsection based on the best available information.  
 8 If the department estimates that operational cost savings described in  
 9 this subsection will be realized in the state fiscal year ending June 30,  
 10 2015, the following apply to the department:

11 (1) The department shall certify the estimated amount of  
 12 operational cost savings that will be realized to the budget agency  
 13 and to the auditor of state.

14 (2) The department may, after review by the budget committee  
 15 and approval by the budget agency, make additional grants as  
 16 provided in this chapter to counties for the establishment and  
 17 operation of community corrections programs from funds  
 18 appropriated to the department for the department's operating  
 19 expenses for the state fiscal year.

20 (3) The department may, after review by the budget committee  
 21 and approval by the budget agency, transfer funds appropriated to  
 22 the department for the department's operating expenses for the  
 23 state fiscal year to the judicial conference of Indiana to be used by  
 24 the judicial conference of Indiana to provide additional financial  
 25 aid for the support of court probation services under the program  
 26 established under IC 11-13-2.

27 (4) The maximum aggregate amount of additional grants and  
 28 transfers that may be made by the department under subdivisions  
 29 (2) and (3) for the state fiscal year may not exceed the lesser of:

30 (A) the amount of operational cost savings certified under  
 31 subdivision (1); or

32 (B) eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000).

33 Notwithstanding P.L.205-2013 (HEA 1001-2013), the amount of funds  
 34 necessary to make any additional grants authorized and approved under  
 35 this subsection and for any transfers authorized and approved under  
 36 this subsection, and for providing the additional financial aid to courts  
 37 from transfers authorized and approved under this subsection, is  
 38 appropriated for those purposes for the state fiscal year ending June 30,  
 39 2015, and the amount of the department's appropriation for operating  
 40 expenses for the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, is reduced by  
 41 a corresponding amount. This subsection expires June 30, 2015.

42 (c) The commissioner shall give priority in issuing community



1 corrections grants to programs that provide alternative sentencing  
 2 projects for persons with mental illness, addictive disorders, mental  
 3 retardation, and developmental disabilities. **Programs for addictive  
 4 disorders may include:**

- 5 **(1) addiction counseling;**  
 6 **(2) inpatient detoxification; and**  
 7 **(3) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or  
 8 a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

9 SECTION 6. IC 11-12-3.7-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 10 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 11 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 2.5. As used in this chapter,  
 12 "autism spectrum disorder" means a developmental disability as  
 13 defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric  
 14 Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental  
 15 Disorders.**

16 SECTION 7. IC 11-12-3.7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.192-2007,  
 17 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 18 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "forensic diversion  
 19 program" means a program designed to provide an adult:

- 20 (1) who has **an intellectual disability, an autism spectrum  
 21 disorder, a mental illness, an addictive disorder, or both a mental  
 22 illness and an addictive disorder; a combination of those  
 23 conditions; and**  
 24 (2) who has been charged with a crime that is not a violent  
 25 offense;

26 an opportunity to receive community treatment and other services  
 27 addressing mental health and addiction instead of or in addition to  
 28 incarceration.

29 SECTION 8. IC 11-12-3.7-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 30 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 31 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 4.5. As used in this chapter,  
 32 "intellectual disability" means a disability characterized by  
 33 significant limitations in:**

- 34 **(1) intellectual functioning; and**  
 35 **(2) adaptive behavior.**

36 SECTION 9. IC 11-12-3.7-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2014,  
 37 SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 38 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) An advisory board shall develop a forensic  
 39 diversion plan to provide an adult who:

- 40 (1) has **an intellectual disability, an autism spectrum disorder,  
 41 a mental illness, an addictive disorder, or both a mental illness  
 42 and an addictive disorder; a combination of those conditions;**





- 1           and
- 2           (2) has been charged with a crime that is not a violent crime;
- 3           an opportunity, pre-conviction or post-conviction, to receive
- 4           community treatment and other services addressing **intellectual**
- 5           **disabilities, autism spectrum disorders**, mental health, and addictions
- 6           instead of or in addition to incarceration.
- 7           (b) The forensic diversion plan may include any combination of the
- 8           following program components:
- 9           (1) Pre-conviction diversion for adults with mental illness.
- 10          (2) Pre-conviction diversion for adults with addictive disorders.
- 11          **(3) Pre-conviction diversion for adults with intellectual**
- 12          **disabilities.**
- 13          **(4) Pre-conviction diversion for individuals with an autism**
- 14          **spectrum disorder.**
- 15          ~~(3)~~ **(5)** Post-conviction diversion for adults with mental illness.
- 16          ~~(4)~~ **(6)** Post-conviction diversion for adults with addictive
- 17          disorders.
- 18          **(7) Post-conviction diversion for adults with intellectual**
- 19          **disabilities.**
- 20          **(8) Post-conviction diversion for individuals with an autism**
- 21          **spectrum disorder.**
- 22          (c) In developing a plan, the advisory board must consider the
- 23          ability of existing programs and resources within the community,
- 24          including:
- 25          (1) a problem solving court established under IC 33-23-16;
- 26          (2) a court alcohol and drug program certified under
- 27          IC 12-23-14-13;
- 28          (3) treatment providers certified by the division of mental health
- 29          and addiction under IC 12-23-1-6 or IC 12-21-2-3(5); and
- 30          (4) other public and private agencies.
- 31          (d) Development of a forensic diversion program plan under this
- 32          chapter or IC 11-12-2-3 does not require implementation of a forensic
- 33          diversion program.
- 34          (e) The advisory board may:
- 35          (1) operate the program;
- 36          (2) contract with existing public or private agencies to operate one
- 37          (1) or more components of the program; or
- 38          (3) take any combination of actions under subdivisions (1) or (2).
- 39          (f) Any treatment services provided under the forensic diversion
- 40          program:
- 41          (1) for addictions must be provided by an entity that is certified by
- 42          the division of mental health and addiction under IC 12-23-1-6;



- 1 or  
 2 (2) for mental health must be provided by an entity that is:  
 3 (A) certified by the division of mental health and addiction  
 4 under IC 12-21-2-3(5);  
 5 (B) accredited by an accrediting body approved by the division  
 6 of mental health and addiction; or  
 7 (C) licensed to provide mental health services under IC 25.  
 8 SECTION 10. IC 11-12-3.7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014,  
 9 SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 10 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11. (a) A person is eligible to participate in a  
 11 pre-conviction forensic diversion program only if the person meets the  
 12 following criteria:  
 13 (1) The person has **an intellectual disability, an autism**  
 14 **spectrum disorder**, a mental illness, an addictive disorder, or  
 15 ~~both a mental illness and an addictive disorder.~~ **a combination of**  
 16 **those conditions.**  
 17 (2) The person has been charged with an offense that is:  
 18 (A) not a violent offense; and  
 19 (B) a Class A, B, or C misdemeanor, or a Level 6 felony that  
 20 may be reduced to a Class A misdemeanor in accordance with  
 21 IC 35-50-2-7.  
 22 (3) The person does not have a conviction for a violent offense in  
 23 the previous ten (10) years.  
 24 (4) The court has determined that the person is an appropriate  
 25 candidate to participate in a pre-conviction forensic diversion  
 26 program.  
 27 (5) The person has been accepted into a pre-conviction forensic  
 28 diversion program.  
 29 (b) Before an eligible person is permitted to participate in a  
 30 pre-conviction forensic diversion program, the court shall advise the  
 31 person of the following:  
 32 (1) Before the individual is permitted to participate in the  
 33 program, the individual will be required to enter a guilty plea to  
 34 the offense with which the individual has been charged.  
 35 (2) The court will stay entry of the judgment of conviction during  
 36 the time in which the individual is successfully participating in  
 37 the program. If the individual stops successfully participating in  
 38 the program, or does not successfully complete the program, the  
 39 court will lift its stay, enter a judgment of conviction, and  
 40 sentence the individual accordingly.  
 41 (3) If the individual participates in the program, the individual  
 42 may be required to remain in the program for a period not to



1 exceed three (3) years.

2 (4) During treatment the individual may be confined in an  
3 institution, be released for treatment in the community, receive  
4 supervised aftercare in the community, or may be required to  
5 receive a combination of these alternatives. **Programs for  
6 addictive disorders may include:**

7 **(A) addiction counseling;**

8 **(B) inpatient detoxification; and**

9 **(C) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol  
10 or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

11 (5) If the individual successfully completes the forensic diversion  
12 program, the court will waive entry of the judgment of conviction  
13 and dismiss the charges.

14 (6) The court shall determine, after considering a report from the  
15 forensic diversion program, whether the individual is successfully  
16 participating in or has successfully completed the program.

17 (c) Before an eligible person may participate in a pre-conviction  
18 forensic diversion program, the person must plead guilty to the offense  
19 with which the person is charged.

20 (d) Before an eligible person may be admitted to a facility under the  
21 control of the division of mental health and addiction, the individual  
22 must be committed to the facility under IC 12-26.

23 (e) After the person has pleaded guilty, the court shall stay entry of  
24 judgment of conviction and place the person in the pre-conviction  
25 forensic diversion program for not more than:

26 (1) two (2) years, if the person has been charged with a  
27 misdemeanor; or

28 (2) three (3) years, if the person has been charged with a felony.

29 (f) If, after considering the report of the forensic diversion program,  
30 the court determines that the person has:

31 (1) failed to successfully participate in the forensic diversion  
32 program, or failed to successfully complete the program, the court  
33 shall lift its stay, enter judgment of conviction, and sentence the  
34 person accordingly; or

35 (2) successfully completed the forensic diversion program, the  
36 court shall waive entry of the judgment of conviction and dismiss  
37 the charges.

38 SECTION 11. IC 11-12-3.7-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.192-2007,  
39 SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
40 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 12. (a) A person is eligible to participate in a  
41 post-conviction forensic diversion program only if the person meets the  
42 following criteria:



- 1 (1) The person has **an intellectual disability, an autism**  
 2 **spectrum disorder**, a mental illness, an addictive disorder, or  
 3 **both a mental illness and an addictive disorder: a combination of**  
 4 **those conditions.**
- 5 (2) The person has been convicted of an offense that is:  
 6 (A) not a violent offense; and  
 7 (B) not a drug dealing offense.
- 8 (3) The person does not have a conviction for a violent offense in  
 9 the previous ten (10) years.
- 10 (4) The court has determined that the person is an appropriate  
 11 candidate to participate in a post-conviction forensic diversion  
 12 program.
- 13 (5) The person has been accepted into a post-conviction forensic  
 14 diversion program.
- 15 (b) If the person meets the eligibility criteria described in subsection  
 16 (a) and has been convicted of an offense that may be suspended, the  
 17 court may:  
 18 (1) suspend all or a portion of the person's sentence;  
 19 (2) place the person on probation for the suspended portion of the  
 20 person's sentence; and  
 21 (3) require as a condition of probation that the person successfully  
 22 participate in and successfully complete the post-conviction  
 23 forensic diversion program.
- 24 (c) If the person meets the eligibility criteria described in subsection  
 25 (a) and has been convicted of an offense that is nonsuspendible, the  
 26 court may:  
 27 (1) order the execution of the nonsuspendible sentence; and  
 28 (2) stay execution of all or part of the nonsuspendible portion of  
 29 the sentence pending the person's successful participation in and  
 30 successful completion of the post-conviction forensic diversion  
 31 program.
- 32 The court shall treat the suspendible portion of a nonsuspendible  
 33 sentence in accordance with subsection (b).
- 34 (d) The person may be required to participate in the post-conviction  
 35 forensic diversion program for no more than:  
 36 (1) two (2) years, if the person has been charged with a  
 37 misdemeanor; or  
 38 (2) three (3) years, if the person has been charged with a felony.
- 39 The time periods described in this section only limit the amount of time  
 40 a person may spend in the forensic diversion program and do not limit  
 41 the amount of time a person may be placed on probation.
- 42 (e) If, after considering the report of the forensic diversion program,



1 the court determines that a person convicted of an offense that may be  
 2 suspended has failed to successfully participate in the forensic  
 3 diversion program, or has failed to successfully complete the program,  
 4 the court may do any of the following:

- 5 (1) Revoke the person's probation.  
 6 (2) Order all or a portion of the person's suspended sentence to be  
 7 executed.  
 8 (3) Modify the person's sentence.  
 9 (4) Order the person to serve all or a portion of the person's  
 10 suspended sentence in:

11 (A) a work release program established by the department  
 12 under IC 11-10-8 or IC 11-10-10; or

13 (B) a county work release program under IC 11-12-5.

14 (f) If, after considering the report of the forensic diversion program,  
 15 the court determines that a person convicted of a nonsuspendible  
 16 offense failed to successfully participate in the forensic diversion  
 17 **program**, or failed to successfully complete the program, the court  
 18 may do any of the following:

- 19 (1) Lift its stay of execution of the nonsuspendible portion of the  
 20 sentence and remand the person to the department.  
 21 (2) Order the person to serve all or a portion of the  
 22 nonsuspendible portion of the sentence that is stayed in:  
 23 (A) a work release program established by the department  
 24 under IC 11-10-8 or IC 11-10-10; or  
 25 (B) a county work release program under IC 11-12-5.  
 26 (3) Modify the person's sentence.

27 However, if the person failed to successfully participate in the forensic  
 28 diversion program, or failed to successfully complete the program  
 29 while serving the suspendible portion of a nonsuspendible sentence, the  
 30 court may treat the suspendible portion of the sentence in accordance  
 31 with subsection (e).

32 (g) If, after considering the report of the forensic diversion program,  
 33 the court determines that a person convicted of a nonsuspendible  
 34 offense has successfully completed the program, the court shall waive  
 35 execution of the nonsuspendible portion of the person's sentence.

36 SECTION 12. IC 11-12-3.8-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 37 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 38 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 1.5. For purposes of this**  
 39 **chapter,"substance abuse treatment" may include:**

- 40 (1) **addiction counseling;**  
 41 (2) **inpatient detoxification; and**  
 42 (3) **medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or**



1           **a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

2           SECTION 13. IC 11-13-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.114-2012,  
3           SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
4           JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) A condition to remaining on parole is that  
5           the parolee not commit a crime during the period of parole.

6           (b) The parole board may also adopt, under IC 4-22-2, additional  
7           conditions to remaining on parole and require a parolee to satisfy one  
8           (1) or more of these conditions. These conditions must be reasonably  
9           related to the parolee's successful reintegration into the community and  
10          not unduly restrictive of a fundamental right.

11          (c) If a person is released on parole, the parolee shall be given a  
12          written statement of the conditions of parole. Signed copies of this  
13          statement shall be:

14               (1) retained by the parolee;

15               (2) forwarded to any person charged with the parolee's  
16               supervision; and

17               (3) placed in the parolee's master file.

18          (d) The parole board may modify parole conditions if the parolee  
19          receives notice of that action and had ten (10) days after receipt of the  
20          notice to express the parolee's views on the proposed modification.  
21          This subsection does not apply to modification of parole conditions  
22          after a revocation proceeding under section 10 of this chapter.

23          (e) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the  
24          parolee to reside in a particular parole area. In determining a parolee's  
25          residence requirement, the parole board shall:

26               (1) consider:

27                       (A) the residence of the parolee prior to the parolee's  
28                       incarceration; and

29                       (B) the parolee's place of employment; and

30               (2) assign the parolee to reside in the county where the parolee  
31               resided prior to the parolee's incarceration unless assignment on  
32               this basis would be detrimental to the parolee's successful  
33               reintegration into the community.

34          (f) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the  
35          parolee to:

36               (1) periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined in  
37               IC 9-13-2-22) or series of tests to detect and confirm the presence  
38               of a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); and

39               (2) have the results of any test under this subsection reported to  
40               the parole board by the laboratory.

41          The parolee is responsible for any charges resulting from a test  
42          required under this subsection. However, a person's parole may not be



1 revoked on the basis of the person's inability to pay for a test under this  
2 subsection.

3 (g) As a condition of parole, the parole board:

4 (1) may require a parolee who is a sex offender (as defined in  
5 IC 11-8-8-4.5) to:

6 (A) participate in a treatment program for sex offenders  
7 approved by the parole board; and

8 (B) avoid contact with any person who is less than sixteen (16)  
9 years of age unless the parolee:

10 (i) receives the parole board's approval; or

11 (ii) successfully completes the treatment program referred to  
12 in clause (A); and

13 (2) shall:

14 (A) require a parolee who is a sex or violent offender (as  
15 defined in IC 11-8-8-5) to register with a local law  
16 enforcement authority under IC 11-8-8;

17 (B) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from residing  
18 within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property (as defined  
19 in IC 35-31.5-2-285) for the period of parole, unless the sex  
20 offender obtains written approval from the parole board;

21 (C) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender convicted of a sex  
22 offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) from residing within  
23 one (1) mile of the victim of the sex offender's sex offense  
24 unless the sex offender obtains a waiver under IC 35-38-2-2.5;

25 (D) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from owning,  
26 operating, managing, being employed by, or volunteering at  
27 any attraction designed to be primarily enjoyed by children  
28 less than sixteen (16) years of age;

29 (E) require a parolee who is a sex offender to consent:

30 (i) to the search of the sex offender's personal computer at  
31 any time; and

32 (ii) to the installation on the sex offender's personal  
33 computer or device with Internet capability, at the sex  
34 offender's expense, of one (1) or more hardware or software  
35 systems to monitor Internet usage; and

36 (F) prohibit the sex offender from:

37 (i) accessing or using certain web sites, chat rooms, or  
38 instant messaging programs frequented by children; and

39 (ii) deleting, erasing, or tampering with information on the  
40 sex offender's personal computer with intent to conceal an  
41 activity prohibited by item (i).

42 The parole board may not grant a sexually violent predator (as defined



1 in IC 35-38-1-7.5) or a sex offender who is an offender against children  
 2 under IC 35-42-4-11 a waiver under subdivision (2)(B) or (2)(C). If the  
 3 parole board allows the sex offender to reside within one thousand  
 4 (1,000) feet of school property under subdivision (2)(B), the parole  
 5 board shall notify each school within one thousand (1,000) feet of the  
 6 sex offender's residence of the order.

7 (h) The address of the victim of a parolee who is a sex offender  
 8 convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) is  
 9 confidential, even if the sex offender obtains a waiver under  
 10 IC 35-38-2-2.5.

11 (i) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require a parolee  
 12 to participate in a reentry court program.

13 (j) As a condition of parole, the parole board:

14 (1) shall require a parolee who is a sexually violent predator  
 15 under IC 35-38-1-7.5; and

16 (2) may require a parolee who is a sex or violent offender (as  
 17 defined in IC 11-8-8-5);

18 to wear a monitoring device (as described in IC 35-38-2.5-3) that can  
 19 transmit information twenty-four (24) hours each day regarding a  
 20 person's precise location, subject to the amount appropriated to the  
 21 department for a monitoring program as a condition of parole.

22 (k) As a condition of parole, the parole board may prohibit, in  
 23 accordance with IC 35-38-2-2.6, a parolee who has been convicted of  
 24 stalking from residing within one thousand (1,000) feet of the residence  
 25 of the victim of the stalking for a period that does not exceed five (5)  
 26 years.

27 (l) As a condition of parole, the parole board may prohibit a parolee  
 28 convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3 from owning, harboring, or  
 29 training an animal, and, if the parole board prohibits a parolee  
 30 convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3 from having direct or indirect  
 31 contact with an individual, the parole board may also prohibit the  
 32 parolee from having direct or indirect contact with any animal  
 33 belonging to the individual.

34 **(m) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require a**  
 35 **parolee to receive:**

36 **(1) addiction counseling;**

37 **(2) inpatient detoxification; and**

38 **(3) medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a**  
 39 **similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

40 ~~(m)~~ **(n)** A parolee may be responsible for the reasonable expenses,  
 41 as determined by the department, of the parolee's participation in a  
 42 treatment or other program required as a condition of parole under this





1 section. However, a person's parole may not be revoked solely on the  
 2 basis of the person's inability to pay for a program required as a  
 3 condition of parole under this section.

4 SECTION 14. IC 12-23-1-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2014,  
 5 SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 6 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11. (a) This article does not repeal or modify  
 7 Indiana law relating to the operation of a vehicle under the influence of  
 8 liquor or drugs.

9 (b) IC 12-23-5, **IC 12-23-6.1, IC 12-23-7.1, IC 12-23-8.1**, and any  
 10 other related provisions of this article shall be considered to be  
 11 alternative methods or procedures for the prosecution of alcoholics or  
 12 drug abusers as criminals.

13 SECTION 15. IC 12-23-6.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE  
 14 AS A **NEW CHAPTER** TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 15 JULY 1, 2015]:

16 **Chapter 6.1. Addiction Services**

17 **Sec. 1. A drug abuser or an alcoholic charged with or convicted**  
 18 **of a felony may request treatment under the supervision of the**  
 19 **division and upon the consent of the authorities concerned as set**  
 20 **forth in IC 12-23-7.1 instead of prosecution or imprisonment.**

21 SECTION 16. IC 12-23-7.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE  
 22 AS A **NEW CHAPTER** TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 23 JULY 1, 2015]:

24 **Chapter 7.1. Continuance of Prosecution After Criminal Charge**

25 **Sec. 1. If:**

26 (1) a court has reason to believe that an individual charged  
 27 with an offense is a drug abuser or an alcoholic or the  
 28 individual states that the individual is a drug abuser or an  
 29 alcoholic; and

30 (2) the court finds that the individual is eligible to make the  
 31 request for treatment provided for in IC 12-23-6.1;

32 the court may advise the individual that the prosecution of the  
 33 charge may be continued if the individual requests to undergo  
 34 treatment and is accepted for treatment by the division.

35 **Sec. 2. In offering an individual an opportunity to request**  
 36 **treatment, the court shall advise the individual of the following:**

37 (1) If the individual requests to undergo treatment and is  
 38 accepted, the individual may be placed under the supervision  
 39 of the division for a period not to exceed three (3) years.

40 (2) During treatment the individual may be confined in an  
 41 institution or, at the discretion of the division, the individual  
 42 may be released for treatment or supervised aftercare in the



- 1 community.
- 2 (3) If the individual completes treatment, the charge will be
- 3 dismissed, but if the individual does not complete treatment,
- 4 prosecution on the charge may be resumed.
- 5 (4) A request constitutes a formal waiver of the right to a
- 6 speedy trial and constitutes a formal waiver of Criminal Rule
- 7 4 concerning discharge for delay in criminal trials.
- 8 (5) To make a request the individual must waive a jury trial
- 9 and consent to a trial by the court or must enter a guilty plea,
- 10 with the general finding to be entered by the court to be
- 11 deferred until the time that prosecution may be resumed.
- 12 **Sec. 3. If an eligible individual requests to undergo treatment,**
- 13 **the court may order the division to conduct an examination of the**
- 14 **individual to determine whether the individual is a drug abuser or**
- 15 **an alcoholic and is likely to be rehabilitated through treatment.**
- 16 **Sec. 4. The court may deny a request if after conducting a**
- 17 **pretrial or preplea investigation the court finds the individual**
- 18 **would not qualify under the criteria of the court to be released on**
- 19 **probation if convicted.**
- 20 **Sec. 5. If a request is granted, the court shall do the following:**
- 21 (1) Certify to the division that the individual may request
- 22 treatment.
- 23 (2) Transmit to the division the following:
- 24 (A) A summary of the criminal history of the individual.
- 25 (B) A copy of the report of all background investigations
- 26 conducted by or for the court.
- 27 **Sec. 6. Within a reasonable time after receiving an order to**
- 28 **conduct an examination, together with the court's certification of**
- 29 **eligibility and required supporting documents, the division shall**
- 30 **report to the court the results of the examination and recommend**
- 31 **if an individual should be placed under supervision for treatment.**
- 32 **Sec. 7. If the court, acting on the report and other information**
- 33 **coming to the court's attention, determines that:**
- 34 (1) an individual is not a drug abuser or an alcoholic; or
- 35 (2) the individual is not likely to be rehabilitated through
- 36 treatment;
- 37 **the individual may be held to answer the charge.**
- 38 **Sec. 8. If the court determines that an individual is a drug**
- 39 **abuser or an alcoholic and is likely to be rehabilitated through**
- 40 **treatment, the court may, with the consent of the prosecuting**
- 41 **attorney:**
- 42 (1) defer the trial; or



1 (2) without a jury, conduct the trial of the individual but may,  
2 with the consent of the prosecuting attorney, do the following:

3 (A) Defer entering general findings with respect to the  
4 individual until the time that prosecution may be resumed.

5 (B) Place the individual under the supervision of the  
6 division for treatment for a maximum of three (3) years.

7 **Sec. 9.** The court may require progress reports on an individual  
8 that the court finds necessary.

9 **Sec. 10.** An individual may not be placed under the supervision  
10 of the division for treatment under this chapter unless the division  
11 accepts the individual for treatment.

12 **Sec. 11.** If an individual is placed under the supervision of the  
13 division for treatment under this chapter, the criminal charge  
14 against the individual shall be:

15 (1) continued without final disposition; and

16 (2) dismissed if the division certifies to the court that the  
17 individual has successfully completed the treatment program.

18 **Sec. 12. (a)** If by the expiration of the supervisory period the  
19 division has not been able to certify that an individual has  
20 completed the treatment program, the pending proceeding may be  
21 resumed upon motion of the prosecuting attorney.

22 (b) If, before the supervisory period expires, the division  
23 determines that further treatment of the individual is not likely to  
24 be successful, the division shall so advise the court. The court shall  
25 terminate the supervision, and the pending criminal proceeding  
26 may be resumed upon motion of the prosecuting attorney.

27 **Sec. 13.** If a criminal proceeding is resumed and the individual  
28 subsequently completes the treatment program, the individual is  
29 entitled to accrued time for the time spent in institutional care.

30 **Sec. 14.** The division may not release an offender under section  
31 2(2) of this chapter to an alcohol and drug services treatment  
32 program that is not a program administered by a court under  
33 IC 12-23-14 or that has not complied with the certification  
34 requirements of the division of mental health and addiction.

35 SECTION 17. IC 12-23-8.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE  
36 AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
37 JULY 1, 2015]:

38 **Chapter 8.1. Treatment and Probation Following Criminal**  
39 **Conviction**

40 **Sec. 1. If:**

41 (1) a court has reason to believe that an individual convicted  
42 of an offense is a drug abuser or an alcoholic or the individual



1 states that the individual is a drug abuser or an alcoholic; and  
2 (2) the court finds that the individual is eligible to make the  
3 request for treatment provided for under IC 12-23-6.1;  
4 the court may advise the individual that the individual may be  
5 placed on probation, subject to any mandatory minimum sentence  
6 imposed on the individual, if the individual requests to undergo  
7 treatment and is accepted for treatment by the division.

8 Sec. 2. (a) In offering an individual an opportunity to request  
9 treatment, the court shall advise the individual of what may be  
10 required of the individual under IC 35-38-2-2.3 as conditions of  
11 probation.

12 (b) The court may certify an individual for treatment while on  
13 probation regardless of the failure of the individual to request  
14 treatment.

15 Sec. 3. If an individual requests to undergo treatment or is  
16 certified for treatment, the court may order an examination by the  
17 division to determine whether the individual is a drug abuser or an  
18 alcoholic and is likely to be rehabilitated through treatment.

19 Sec. 4. The court may deny the request if after conducting a  
20 presentence investigation the court finds that the individual would  
21 not qualify under criteria of the court to be released on probation.

22 Sec. 5. If a request is granted, the court shall certify to the  
23 division that the individual may request treatment.

24 Sec. 6. The court shall do the following:

25 (1) Transmit to the division a summary of an individual's  
26 criminal history.

27 (2) Transmit to the division a copy of the reports on all  
28 background and presentence investigations conducted by or  
29 for the court.

30 Sec. 7. Within a reasonable time after receiving an order to  
31 conduct an examination and after the court submits the required  
32 supporting documents and certification of eligibility, the division  
33 shall do the following:

34 (1) Report to the court the results of the examination.

35 (2) Recommend whether the individual should be placed on  
36 probation and supervision for treatment.

37 Sec. 8. If the court, acting on a report and other information  
38 coming to the court's attention, determines that:

39 (1) an individual is not a drug abuser or an alcoholic; or

40 (2) the individual is not likely to be rehabilitated through  
41 treatment;

42 the court shall sentence the individual as in other cases.



1           **Sec. 9. If the court determines that an individual is a drug**  
 2 **abuser or an alcoholic and is likely to be rehabilitated through**  
 3 **treatment, the court may do the following:**

4           **(1) Place the individual on probation under IC 35-38-2 and**  
 5 **under the supervision of the division for treatment.**

6           **(2) Require progress reports on the individual from the**  
 7 **probation officer and the division that the court finds**  
 8 **necessary.**

9           **Sec. 10. An individual may not be placed under supervision**  
 10 **unless the division accepts the individual for treatment.**

11           **Sec. 11. (a) Failure of an individual placed on probation and**  
 12 **under the treatment supervision of the division to observe the**  
 13 **requirements set down by the division constitutes a violation of a**  
 14 **condition of probation.**

15           **(b) A failure shall be reported by the division to the probation**  
 16 **officer in charge of the individual and treated in accordance with**  
 17 **IC 35-38-2-3.**

18           SECTION 18. IC 12-23-9-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2014,  
 19 SECTION 40, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 20 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) An individual who by medical examination  
 21 is found to be incapacitated by alcohol at the time of admission or to  
 22 have become incapacitated by alcohol at any time after admission may  
 23 not be detained at a facility:

24           (1) after the individual is no longer incapacitated by alcohol; or

25           (2) if the individual remains incapacitated by alcohol for more  
 26 than forty-eight (48) hours after admission as a patient, **unless the**  
 27 **individual is committed under IC 12-23-7.1 through**  
 28 **IC 12-23-8.1.**

29           (b) An individual may consent to remain in a facility as long as the  
 30 physician in charge believes it is appropriate.

31           SECTION 19. IC 12-23-10.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 32 CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 33 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]:

34           **Chapter 10.1. Voluntary Treatment by Division for Drug**  
 35 **Abusers**

36           **Sec. 1. An individual who believes the individual is a drug**  
 37 **abuser may request the division or a facility approved by the**  
 38 **division to provide the individual with treatment.**

39           **Sec. 2. Upon receipt of a request, the division or facility may**  
 40 **require an examination of the individual to determine if:**

41           **(1) the individual is a drug abuser; and**

42           **(2) the individual should be admitted to an existing treatment**



1            **facility or program.**  
2            **Sec. 3. The examination shall be conducted within a reasonable**  
3 **time of the receipt of a request.**  
4            **Sec. 4. The decision of the facility whether to offer treatment to**  
5 **an individual and whether to discontinue treatment to an**  
6 **individual is final and not subject to appeal.**  
7            SECTION 20. IC 12-23-11.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
8 CODE AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
9 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]:  
10           **Chapter 11.1. Involuntary Treatment by Division for Alcoholics**  
11 **and Drug Abusers**  
12           **Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), an individual**  
13 **who is:**  
14                    (1) an alcoholic;  
15                    (2) incapacitated by alcohol; or  
16                    (3) a drug abuser;  
17 **may be involuntarily committed to the care of the division under**  
18 **IC 12-26.**  
19            (b) A drug abuser who is charged with or convicted of an  
20 offense that makes the individual ineligible to make an election for  
21 treatment under IC 12-23-6.1 may not be involuntarily committed  
22 under subsection (a).  
23            **Sec. 2. (a) Acceptance of treatment for drug abuse under the**  
24 **supervision of the division may be made a condition of parole**  
25 **under IC 11-13-3-4. Failure to comply with treatment may be**  
26 **treated as a violation of parole.**  
27            (b) The division shall establish the conditions under which a  
28 parolee is accepted for treatment.  
29            (c) A parolee may not be placed under supervision of the  
30 division for treatment unless the division accepts the individual for  
31 treatment.  
32            (d) The division shall make periodic progress reports regarding  
33 each parolee to the appropriate parole authority and shall report  
34 failures to comply with the prescribed treatment program.  
35            SECTION 21. IC 12-23-14-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2012,  
36 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
37 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 16. (a) The court may require an eligible  
38 individual to pay a fee for a service of a program.  
39            (b) If a fee is required, the court shall adopt by court rule a schedule  
40 of fees to be assessed for program services.  
41            (c) The fee for program services, excluding reasonable fees for  
42 education or treatment and rehabilitation services, may not exceed four



1 hundred dollars (\$400).

2 (d) ~~A fee collected~~ **An alcohol and drug services program or the**  
 3 **clerk of the court shall collect fees** under this chapter. ~~shall be~~  
 4 ~~deposited in the city or county~~ **The fees must be transferred within**  
 5 **thirty (30) days after the fees are collected for deposit by the**  
 6 **auditor or fiscal officer in the appropriate** user fee fund established  
 7 **under IC 33-37-8.**

8 SECTION 22. IC 12-23-18-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.131-2014,  
 9 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 10 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The division shall adopt rules under  
 11 IC 4-22-2 to establish standards and protocols for opioid treatment  
 12 programs to do the following:

13 (1) Assess new opioid treatment program patients to determine  
 14 the most effective opioid treatment medications to start the  
 15 patient's opioid treatment.

16 (2) Ensure that each patient voluntarily chooses maintenance  
 17 treatment and that relevant facts concerning the use of opioid  
 18 treatment medications are clearly and adequately explained to the  
 19 patient.

20 (3) Have appropriate opioid treatment program patients who are  
 21 receiving methadone for opioid treatment move to receiving other  
 22 approved opioid treatment medications.

23 (b) An opioid treatment program shall follow the standards and  
 24 protocols adopted under subsection (a) for each opioid treatment  
 25 program patient.

26 (c) Subject to subsection (a), an opioid treatment program may use  
 27 any of the following medications as an alternative for methadone for  
 28 opioid treatment:

29 (1) Buprenorphine.

30 (2) Buprenorphine combination products containing naloxone.

31 **(3) Naltrexone, Vivitrol, or a similar substance.**

32 ~~(4)~~ **(4)** Any other medication that has been approved by:

33 (A) the federal Food and Drug Administration for use in the  
 34 treatment of opioid addiction; and

35 (B) the division under subsection (e).

36 (d) Before starting a patient on a new opioid treatment medication,  
 37 the opioid treatment program shall explain to the patient the potential  
 38 side effects of the new medication.

39 (e) The division may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to provide for  
 40 other medications, **including Vivitrol or a similar substance**, as  
 41 alternatives to methadone that may be used under subsection (a).

42 SECTION 23. IC 12-24-12-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2014,



1 SECTION 43, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
2 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 10. (a) Upon admission to a state institution  
3 administered by the division of mental health and addiction, the  
4 gatekeeper is one (1) of the following:

5 (1) For an individual with a psychiatric disorder, the community  
6 mental health center that submitted the report to the committing  
7 court under IC 12-26.

8 (2) For an individual with a developmental disability, a division  
9 of disability and rehabilitative services service coordinator under  
10 IC 12-11-2.1.

11 (b) The division is the gatekeeper for the following:

12 (1) An individual who is found to have insufficient  
13 comprehension to stand trial under IC 35-36-3.

14 (2) An individual who is found to be not guilty by reason of  
15 insanity under IC 35-36-2-4 and is subject to a civil commitment  
16 under IC 12-26.

17 (3) An individual who is immediately subject to a civil  
18 commitment upon the individual's release from incarceration in  
19 a facility administered by the department of correction or the  
20 Federal Bureau of Prisons, or upon being charged with or  
21 convicted of a forcible felony (as defined by IC 35-31.5-2-138).

22 (4) An individual transferred from the department of correction  
23 under IC 11-10-4.

24 **(5) An individual placed under the supervision of the division  
25 for addictions treatment under IC 12-23-7.1 and IC 12-23-8.1.**

26 SECTION 24. IC 16-42-19-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
27 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 18. (a) A person may  
28 not possess or ~~have under control~~ with intent to:

29 (1) violate this chapter; or

30 **(2) commit an offense described in IC 35-48-4;**

31 a hypodermic syringe or needle or an instrument adapted for the use of  
32 a **controlled substance** or legend drug by injection in a human being.

33 **(b) A person who violates subsection (a) commits a Level 6  
34 felony.**

35 SECTION 25. IC 16-42-19-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,  
36 SECTION 248, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
37 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 27. (a) **Unless otherwise specified,**  
38 a person who knowingly violates this chapter, except sections 24 and  
39 25(b) of this chapter, commits a Level 6 felony. However, the offense  
40 is a Level 5 felony if the person has a prior conviction under this  
41 subsection or IC 16-6-8-10(a) before its repeal.

42 (b) A person who violates section 24 of this chapter commits a Class





1 B misdemeanor.

2 (c) A person who violates section 25(b) of this chapter commits  
3 dealing in an anabolic steroid, a Level 5 felony. However, the offense  
4 is a Level 4 felony if the person delivered the anabolic steroid to a  
5 person who is:

- 6 (1) less than eighteen (18) years of age; and  
7 (2) at least three (3) years younger than the delivering person.

8 SECTION 26. IC 31-30-3-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
9 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. Upon motion of the  
10 prosecuting attorney and after full investigation and hearing, the  
11 juvenile court shall waive jurisdiction if it finds that:

- 12 (1) the child is charged with an act that would be murder if  
13 committed by an adult;  
14 (2) there is probable cause to believe that the child has committed  
15 the act; and  
16 (3) the child was at least ~~ten (10)~~ **twelve (12)** years of age when  
17 the act charged was allegedly committed;

18 unless it would be in the best interests of the child and of the safety and  
19 welfare of the community for the child to remain within the juvenile  
20 justice system.

21 SECTION 27. IC 31-30.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE  
22 AS A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY  
23 1, 2015]:

24 **ARTICLE 30.5. JUVENILE LAW: PRELIMINARY**  
25 **PROCEEDINGS**

26 **Chapter 1. Custodial Interrogations**

27 **Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:**

- 28 (1) "Custodial interrogation" has the meaning set forth in  
29 **Indiana Evidence Rule 617.**  
30 (2) "Electronic recording" has the meaning set forth in  
31 **Indiana Evidence Rule 617.**  
32 (3) "Place of detention" has the meaning set forth in **Indiana**  
33 **Evidence Rule 617.**

34 **Sec. 2. A statement made during the custodial interrogation of**  
35 **a juvenile that is conducted at a place of detention is not admissible**  
36 **against the juvenile in a juvenile proceeding unless the**  
37 **interrogation complies with the requirements of Indiana Evidence**  
38 **Rule 617.**

39 **Sec. 3. (a) This section applies only to the custodial interrogation**  
40 **of a juvenile that is:**

- 41 (1) **not conducted at a place of detention; and**  
42 (2) **conducted at a school or another place where a juvenile is**



1           **detained in connection with the investigation.**

2           **(b) A statement made during a custodial interrogation described**  
 3 **in subsection (a) is admissible against the juvenile in a felony**  
 4 **criminal prosecution or in a juvenile proceeding only if:**

5           **(1) the interrogation complies with Indiana Evidence Rule**  
 6 **617; or**

7           **(2) the interrogation:**

8               **(A) is recorded by using audio equipment; and**

9               **(B) complies with every requirement of Indiana Evidence**  
 10 **Rule 617, except for the requirement that an electronic**  
 11 **recording be an audio-visual recording.**

12           **Sec. 4. A law enforcement agency shall retain a copy of a**  
 13 **custodial interrogation of a juvenile recorded under this chapter:**

14           **(1) if the juvenile is adjudicated a delinquent child for**  
 15 **committing an act that would be a crime if committed by an**  
 16 **adult, until the juvenile has exhausted all appeals related to**  
 17 **the adjudication;**

18           **(2) if the juvenile is convicted of a felony as an adult, until:**

19               **(A) the felony conviction is final; and**

20               **(B) the juvenile has exhausted all direct and habeas corpus**  
 21 **appeals related to the conviction; or**

22           **(3) until a prosecution of the juvenile for a felony is barred by**  
 23 **law.**

24           **Sec. 5. A custodial interrogation recorded under this chapter is**  
 25 **confidential at the discretion of the court.**

26           **Chapter 2. Restraining Juveniles in Court**

27           **Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a juvenile shall**  
 28 **not be restrained in court unless the court has determined on the**  
 29 **record, after considering the recommendation of the sheriff or**  
 30 **transport officer, that the juvenile is dangerous or potentially**  
 31 **dangerous.**

32           **(b) A court may order a juvenile restrained without considering**  
 33 **the recommendation of the sheriff or transport officer if the**  
 34 **juvenile has caused a physical disruption while in open court.**

35           **SECTION 28. IC 31-32-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS**  
 36 **FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) The following**  
 37 **persons are entitled to be represented by counsel:**

38           **(1) A child charged with a delinquent act, as provided by**  
 39 **IC 31-32-2-2.**

40           **(2) A parent, in a proceeding to terminate the parent-child**  
 41 **relationship, as provided by IC 31-32-2-5.**

42           **(3) Any other person designated by law.**



1           **(b) A county auditor may seek reimbursement for the expenses**  
 2 **of counsel described in this section as described in IC 33-40-6-4.**

3           SECTION 29. IC 31-37-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
 4 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. A child commits a  
 5 delinquent act if, before becoming eighteen (18) years of age, the child  
 6 leaves home **or a specific location previously designated by the**  
 7 **child's parent, guardian, or custodian:**

8           (1) without reasonable cause; and

9           (2) without permission of the parent, guardian, or custodian, who  
 10 requests the child's return.

11           SECTION 30. IC 31-37-22-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE  
 12 JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec: 5: If:

13           (1) a child is placed in a shelter care facility or other place of  
 14 residence as part of a court order with respect to a delinquent act  
 15 under IC 31-37-2-2;

16           (2) the child received a written warning of the consequences of a  
 17 violation of the placement at the hearing during which the  
 18 placement was ordered;

19           (3) the issuance of the warning was reflected in the records of the  
 20 hearing;

21           (4) the child is not held in a juvenile detention facility for more  
 22 than twenty-four (24) hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and  
 23 legal holidays, before the hearing at which it is determined that  
 24 the child violated that part of the order concerning the child's  
 25 placement in a shelter care facility or other place of residence;  
 26 and

27           (5) the child's mental and physical condition may be endangered  
 28 if the child is not placed in a secure facility;

29 the juvenile court may modify its disposition order with respect to the  
 30 delinquent act and place the child in a public or private facility for  
 31 children under section 7 of this chapter.

32           SECTION 31. IC 31-37-22-6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE  
 33 JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec: 6: If:

34           (1) a child fails to comply with IC 20-33-2 concerning  
 35 compulsory school attendance as part of a court order with respect  
 36 to a delinquent act under IC 31-37-2-3 (or IC 31-6-4-1(a)(3))  
 37 before its repeal);

38           (2) the child received a written warning of the consequences of a  
 39 violation of the court order;

40           (3) the issuance of the warning was reflected in the records of the  
 41 hearing;

42           (4) the child is not held in a juvenile detention facility for more



1 than twenty-four (24) hours; excluding Saturdays, Sundays; and  
 2 legal holidays; before the hearing at which it is determined that  
 3 the child violated that part of the order concerning the child's  
 4 school attendance; and

5 (5) the child's mental and physical condition may be endangered  
 6 if the child is not placed in a secure facility;

7 the juvenile court may modify its disposition order with respect to the  
 8 delinquent act and place the child in a public or private facility for  
 9 children under section 7 of this chapter.

10 SECTION 32. IC 31-37-22-7 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE  
 11 JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 7: (a) If the juvenile court modifies its  
 12 disposition order under section 5 or 6 of this chapter; the court may  
 13 order the child placed under one (1) of the following alternatives:

14 (1) In a nonlocal secure private facility licensed under the laws of  
 15 any state. Placement under this alternative includes authorization  
 16 to control and discipline the child.

17 (2) In a local secure private facility licensed under Indiana law.  
 18 Placement under this alternative includes authorization to control  
 19 and discipline the child.

20 (3) In a local secure public facility.

21 (4) In a local alternative facility approved by the juvenile court.

22 (5) As a ward of the department of correction for housing in any  
 23 correctional facility for children. Wardship under this alternative  
 24 does not include the right to consent to the child's adoption.  
 25 However, without a determination of unavailable housing by the  
 26 department of correction, a child found to be subject to section 5  
 27 or 6 of this chapter and placed in a secure facility of the  
 28 department of correction may not be housed with any child found  
 29 to be delinquent under any other provision of this article.

30 (b) If the juvenile court places a child under subsection (a)(3) or  
 31 (a)(4):

32 (1) the length of the placement may not exceed thirty (30) days;  
 33 and

34 (2) the juvenile court shall order specific treatment of the child  
 35 designated to eliminate the child's disobedience of the court's  
 36 order of placement.

37 (c) The juvenile court shall retain jurisdiction over any placement  
 38 under this section (or IC 31-6-7-16(d) before its repeal) and shall  
 39 review each placement every three (3) months to determine whether  
 40 placement in a secure facility remains appropriate.

41 SECTION 33. IC 33-23-16-24.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 42 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 24.5. A problem solving court**  
 2 **may require an individual participating in a problem solving court**  
 3 **to receive:**

- 4 (1) **addiction counseling;**  
 5 (2) **inpatient detoxification; and**  
 6 (3) **medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a**  
 7 **similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

8 SECTION 34. IC 33-37-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.97-2008,  
 9 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 10 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies to criminal, infraction,  
 11 and ordinance violation actions. However, it does not apply to a case  
 12 excluded under IC 33-37-4-2(d).

13 (b) **Subject to IC 12-23-14-16(d)**, the clerk shall collect the alcohol  
 14 and drug services program fee set by the court under IC 12-23-14-16  
 15 in a county that has established an alcohol and drug services program.

16 (c) In each action in which a defendant is found to have:

- 17 (1) committed a crime;  
 18 (2) violated a statute defining an infraction; or  
 19 (3) violated an ordinance of a municipal corporation;

20 the clerk shall collect a law enforcement continuing education program  
 21 fee of four dollars (\$4).

22 SECTION 35. IC 33-37-8-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.229-2011,  
 23 SECTION 263, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 24 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in  
 25 subsection (b), upon receipt of monthly claims submitted on oath to the  
 26 fiscal body by a program listed in section 3(b) of this chapter, the fiscal  
 27 body of the city or town shall appropriate from the city or town fund to  
 28 the program the amount collected for the program fee under  
 29 IC 33-37-5.

30 (b) Funds derived from a deferral program or a pretrial diversion  
 31 program may be disbursed only by the adoption of an ordinance  
 32 appropriating the funds for one (1) or more of the following purposes:

- 33 (1) Personnel expenses related to the operation of the program.  
 34 (2) Special training for:  
 35 (A) a prosecuting attorney;  
 36 (B) a deputy prosecuting attorney;  
 37 (C) support staff for a prosecuting attorney or deputy  
 38 prosecuting attorney; or  
 39 (D) a law enforcement officer.  
 40 (3) Employment of a deputy prosecutor or prosecutorial support  
 41 staff.  
 42 (4) Victim assistance.



- 1 (5) Electronic legal research.
- 2 (6) Office equipment, including computers, computer software,
- 3 communication devices, office machinery, furnishings, and office
- 4 supplies.
- 5 (7) Expenses of a criminal investigation and prosecution.
- 6 (8) An activity or program operated by the prosecuting attorney
- 7 that is intended to reduce or prevent criminal activity, including:
- 8 (A) substance abuse;
- 9 (B) child abuse;
- 10 (C) domestic violence;
- 11 (D) operating while intoxicated; and
- 12 (E) juvenile delinquency.
- 13 **(9) The provision of evidence based mental health and**
- 14 **addiction, autism, and co-occurring autism and mental illness**
- 15 **forensic treatment services to reduce the risk of recidivism in**
- 16 **a program administered or coordinated by a provider**
- 17 **certified by the division of mental health and addiction with**
- 18 **expertise in providing evidence based forensic treatment**
- 19 **services.**
- 20 ~~(9)~~ **(10)** Any other purpose that benefits the office of the
- 21 prosecuting attorney or law enforcement and that is agreed upon
- 22 by the county fiscal body and the prosecuting attorney.
- 23 (c) Funds described in subsection (b) may be used only in
- 24 accordance with guidelines adopted by the prosecuting attorneys
- 25 council under IC 33-39-8-5.
- 26 SECTION 36. IC 33-37-8-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.229-2011,
- 27 SECTION 264, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
- 28 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in
- 29 subsection (b), upon receipt of monthly claims submitted on oath to the
- 30 fiscal body by a program listed in section 5(b) of this chapter, the
- 31 county fiscal body shall appropriate from the county fund to the
- 32 program or fund the amount collected for the program under
- 33 IC 33-37-5.
- 34 (b) Funds derived from a deferral program or a pretrial diversion
- 35 program may be disbursed only by the adoption of an ordinance
- 36 appropriating the funds for one (1) or more of the following purposes:
- 37 (1) Personnel expenses related to the operation of the program.
- 38 (2) Special training for:
- 39 (A) a prosecuting attorney;
- 40 (B) a deputy prosecuting attorney;
- 41 (C) support staff for a prosecuting attorney or deputy
- 42 prosecuting attorney; or



- 1 (D) a law enforcement officer.
- 2 (3) Employment of a deputy prosecutor or prosecutorial support
- 3 staff.
- 4 (4) Victim assistance.
- 5 (5) Electronic legal research.
- 6 (6) Office equipment, including computers, computer software,
- 7 communication devices, office machinery, furnishings, and office
- 8 supplies.
- 9 (7) Expenses of a criminal investigation and prosecution.
- 10 (8) An activity or program operated by the prosecuting attorney
- 11 that is intended to reduce or prevent criminal activity, including:
- 12 (A) substance abuse;
- 13 (B) child abuse;
- 14 (C) domestic violence;
- 15 (D) operating while intoxicated; and
- 16 (E) juvenile delinquency.
- 17 **(9) The provision of evidence based mental health and**
- 18 **addiction, autism, and co-occurring autism and mental illness**
- 19 **forensic treatment services to reduce the risk of recidivism in**
- 20 **a program administered or coordinated by a provider**
- 21 **certified by the division of mental health and addiction with**
- 22 **expertise in providing evidence based forensic treatment**
- 23 **services.**
- 24 ~~(9)~~ **(10)** Any other purpose that benefits the office of the
- 25 prosecuting attorney or law enforcement and that is agreed upon
- 26 by the county fiscal body and the prosecuting attorney.
- 27 (c) Funds described in subsection (b) may be used only in
- 28 accordance with guidelines adopted by the prosecuting attorneys
- 29 council under IC 33-39-8-5.
- 30 SECTION 37. IC 33-39-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014,
- 31 SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
- 32 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8. (a) After June 30, 2005, this section does not
- 33 apply to a person who:
- 34 (1) holds a commercial driver's license; and
- 35 (2) has been charged with an offense involving the operation of
- 36 a motor vehicle in accordance with the federal Motor Carrier
- 37 Safety Improvement Act of 1999 (MCSIA) (Public Law
- 38 106-159.113 Stat. 1748).
- 39 (b) This section does not apply to a person arrested for or charged
- 40 with:
- 41 (1) an offense under IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5; or
- 42 (2) if a person was arrested or charged with an offense under



- 1 IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5, an offense involving:  
 2 (A) intoxication; or  
 3 (B) the operation of a vehicle;  
 4 if the offense involving intoxication or the operation of a vehicle was  
 5 part of the same episode of criminal conduct as the offense under  
 6 IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5.
- 7 (c) This section does not apply to a person:  
 8 (1) who is arrested for or charged with an offense under:  
 9 (A) IC 7.1-5-7-7, if the alleged offense occurred while the  
 10 person was operating a motor vehicle;  
 11 (B) IC 9-30-4-8(a), if the alleged offense occurred while the  
 12 person was operating a motor vehicle;  
 13 (C) IC 35-44.1-2-13(b)(1); or  
 14 (D) IC 35-43-1-2(a), if the alleged offense occurred while the  
 15 person was operating a motor vehicle; and  
 16 (2) who held a probationary license (as defined in  
 17 IC 9-24-11-3.3(b)) and was less than eighteen (18) years of age at  
 18 the time of the alleged offense.
- 19 (d) A prosecuting attorney may withhold prosecution against an  
 20 accused person if:  
 21 (1) the person is charged with a misdemeanor, a Level 6 felony,  
 22 or a Level 5 felony;  
 23 (2) the person agrees to conditions of a pretrial diversion program  
 24 offered by the prosecuting attorney;  
 25 (3) the terms of the agreement are recorded in an instrument  
 26 signed by the person and the prosecuting attorney and filed in the  
 27 court in which the charge is pending; and  
 28 (4) the prosecuting attorney electronically transmits information  
 29 required by the prosecuting attorneys council concerning the  
 30 withheld prosecution to the prosecuting attorneys council, in a  
 31 manner and format designated by the prosecuting attorneys  
 32 council.
- 33 (e) An agreement under subsection (d) may include conditions that  
 34 the person:  
 35 (1) pay to the clerk of the court an initial user's fee and monthly  
 36 user's fees in the amounts specified in IC 33-37-4-1;  
 37 (2) work faithfully at a suitable employment or faithfully pursue  
 38 a course of study or career and technical education that will equip  
 39 the person for suitable employment;  
 40 (3) undergo available medical treatment or counseling and remain  
 41 in a specified facility required for that purpose, **including:**  
 42 (A) **addiction counseling;**





- 1                   **(B) inpatient detoxification; and**  
 2                   **(C) medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a**  
 3                   **similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment;**  
 4                   **(4) receive evidence based mental health and addiction,**  
 5                   **autism, and co-occurring autism and mental illness forensic**  
 6                   **treatment services to reduce the risk of recidivism;**  
 7                   ~~(4)~~ **(5) support the person's dependents and meet other family**  
 8                   responsibilities;  
 9                   ~~(5)~~ **(6) make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for**  
 10                   the damage or injury that was sustained;  
 11                   ~~(6)~~ **(7) refrain from harassing, intimidating, threatening, or having**  
 12                   any direct or indirect contact with the victim or a witness;  
 13                   ~~(7)~~ **(8) report to the prosecuting attorney at reasonable times;**  
 14                   ~~(8)~~ **(9) answer all reasonable inquiries by the prosecuting attorney**  
 15                   and promptly notify the prosecuting attorney of any change in  
 16                   address or employment; and  
 17                   ~~(9)~~ **(10) participate in dispute resolution either under IC 34-57-3**  
 18                   or a program established by the prosecuting attorney.
- 19                   (f) An agreement under subsection (d)(2) may include other  
 20                   provisions reasonably related to the defendant's rehabilitation, if  
 21                   approved by the court.
- 22                   (g) The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim when  
 23                   prosecution is withheld under this section.
- 24                   (h) All money collected by the clerk as user's fees under this section  
 25                   shall be deposited in the appropriate user fee fund under IC 33-37-8.
- 26                   (i) If a court withholds prosecution under this section and the terms  
 27                   of the agreement contain conditions described in subsection ~~(e)(6)~~:  
 28                   **(e)(7):**
- 29                   (1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and  
 30                   (2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form  
 31                   prescribed or approved by the division of state court  
 32                   administration with the clerk.
- 33                   SECTION 38. IC 33-40-5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
 34                   FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. The commission  
 35                   shall do the following:
- 36                   (1) Make recommendations to the supreme court concerning  
 37                   standards for indigent defense services provided for defendants  
 38                   against whom the state has sought the death sentence under  
 39                   IC 35-50-2-9, including the following:
- 40                   (A) Determining indigency and eligibility for legal  
 41                   representation.  
 42                   (B) Selection and qualifications of attorneys to represent



- 1 indigent defendants at public expense.  
 2 (C) Determining conflicts of interest.  
 3 (D) Investigative, clerical, and other support services  
 4 necessary to provide adequate legal representation.  
 5 (2) Adopt guidelines and standards for indigent defense services  
 6 under which the counties will be eligible for reimbursement under  
 7 IC 33-40-6, including the following:  
 8 (A) Determining indigency and the eligibility for legal  
 9 representation.  
 10 (B) The issuance and enforcement of orders requiring the  
 11 defendant to pay for the costs of court appointed legal  
 12 representation under IC 33-40-3.  
 13 (C) The use and expenditure of funds in the county  
 14 supplemental public defender services fund established under  
 15 IC 33-40-3-1.  
 16 (D) Qualifications of attorneys to represent indigent  
 17 defendants at public expense.  
 18 (E) Compensation rates for salaried, contractual, and assigned  
 19 counsel.  
 20 (F) Minimum and maximum caseloads of public defender  
 21 offices and contract attorneys.  
 22 (3) Make recommendations concerning the delivery of indigent  
 23 defense services in Indiana, **including the funding and delivery**  
 24 **of indigent defense services for juveniles.**  
 25 (4) Make an annual report to the governor, the general assembly,  
 26 and the supreme court on the operation of the public defense fund.  
 27 The report to the general assembly under subdivision (4) must be in an  
 28 electronic format under IC 5-14-6.  
 29 SECTION 39. IC 33-40-6-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
 30 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) A county auditor  
 31 may submit on a quarterly basis a certified request to the public  
 32 defender commission for reimbursement from the public defense fund  
 33 for an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the county's expenditures  
 34 for indigent defense services provided to a defendant against whom the  
 35 death sentence is sought under IC 35-50-2-9.  
 36 (b) **Except as provided in subsection (d),** a county auditor may  
 37 submit on a quarterly basis a certified request to the public defender  
 38 commission for reimbursement from the public defense fund for an  
 39 amount equal to forty percent (40%) of the county's expenditures for  
 40 indigent defense services provided in all noncapital cases except  
 41 misdemeanors.  
 42 (c) A request under this section from a county described in



1 IC 33-40-7-1(3) may be limited to expenditures for indigent defense  
2 services provided by a particular division of a court.

3 **(d) A county auditor may submit on a quarterly basis a certified**  
4 **request to the public defender commission for reimbursement from**  
5 **the public defense fund for an amount equal to one hundred**  
6 **percent (100%) of the county's expenditures for compensation to**  
7 **a full-time chief public defender, if the county has established a**  
8 **county public defender office under IC 33-40-7 or IC 36-1-3, and**  
9 **the chief public defender exercises powers and duties consistent**  
10 **with IC 33-40-7-6 and IC 33-40-7-7.**

11 SECTION 40. IC 33-40-6-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
12 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as  
13 provided under section 6 of this chapter, upon certification by a county  
14 auditor and a determination by the public defender commission that the  
15 request is in compliance with the guidelines and standards set by the  
16 commission, the commission shall quarterly authorize an amount of  
17 reimbursement due the county:

18 (1) that is equal to fifty percent (50%) of the county's certified  
19 expenditures for indigent defense services provided for a  
20 defendant against whom the death sentence is sought under  
21 IC 35-50-2-9; ~~and~~

22 (2) that is equal to forty percent (40%) of the county's certified  
23 expenditures for defense services provided in noncapital cases  
24 except misdemeanors; **and**

25 **(3) that is equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the**  
26 **compensation for a full-time chief public defender, if the**  
27 **county has established a county public defender office under**  
28 **IC 33-40-7 or IC 36-1-3, and the chief public defender**  
29 **exercises powers and duties consistent with IC 33-40-7-6,**  
30 **IC 33-40-7-7, and the standards and guidelines adopted by the**  
31 **public defender commission.**

32 The division of state court administration shall then certify to the  
33 auditor of state the amount of reimbursement owed to a county under  
34 this chapter.

35 (b) Upon receiving certification from the division of state court  
36 administration, the auditor of state shall issue a warrant to the treasurer  
37 of state for disbursement to the county of the amount certified.

38 SECTION 41. IC 34-30-2-148.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
39 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
40 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 148.6. IC 35-36-12-7 (Concerning**  
41 **a mental health advocate, an employee of a county mental health**  
42 **advocate, or a volunteer for a mental health advocate program for**



1 **good faith performance of duties relating to assistance of a person**  
 2 **with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder).**

3 SECTION 42. IC 35-31.5-2-197.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 4 CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 5 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 197.3 "Mental health advocate"**  
 6 **means a community volunteer who:**

7 **(1) has completed a training program approved by the court**  
 8 **that includes training in:**

9 **(A) the development of a person with an intellectual**  
 10 **disability (as defined in IC 11-12-3.7-4.5) or an autism**

11 **spectrum disorder (as defined in IC 11-12-3.7-2.5); and**

12 **(B) evidence based treatment and counseling programs for**  
 13 **a person with an intellectual disability or an autism**  
 14 **spectrum disorder;**

15 **(2) has been appointed by a court to assist a person with an**  
 16 **intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder who has**  
 17 **been charged with a criminal offense; and**

18 **(3) may research, examine, advocate, facilitate, and monitor**  
 19 **the situation of a person with an intellectual disability or an**  
 20 **autism spectrum disorder who has been charged with a**  
 21 **criminal offense.**

22 SECTION 43. IC 35-31.5-2-279.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 23 CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 24 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 279.5. "Rolling paper"** means a  
 25 **small sheet, roll, or leaf of paper that is used for rolling a cigarette**  
 26 **containing tobacco or another substance.**

27 SECTION 44. IC 35-36-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE  
 28 AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 29 JULY 1, 2015]:

30 **Chapter 12. Mental Health Advocate for Persons With**  
 31 **Intellectual Disabilities or Autism Spectrum Disorders**

32 **Sec. 1. A court may appoint a mental health advocate at any**  
 33 **time to assist a person with an intellectual disability or an autism**  
 34 **spectrum disorder who has been charged with a criminal offense.**

35 **Sec. 2. A mental health advocate shall assist the person with an**  
 36 **intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder to whom the**  
 37 **advocate has been appointed.**

38 **Sec. 3. A mental health advocate may recommend to the court**  
 39 **treatment programs and other services that may reduce recidivism**  
 40 **and are available to the person with an intellectual disability or an**  
 41 **autism spectrum disorder.**

42 **Sec. 4. A mental health advocate serves until the court enters an**



1 order for removal.

2 **Sec. 5. The mental health advocate is considered an officer of**  
 3 **the court for the purpose of assisting the person with an intellectual**  
 4 **disability or an autism spectrum disorder.**

5 **Sec. 6. A mental health advocate appointed by a court under this**  
 6 **chapter may continue to assist the person with an intellectual**  
 7 **disability or an autism spectrum disorder while the person is**  
 8 **undergoing treatment or serving the person's sentence, if**  
 9 **applicable.**

10 **Sec. 7. Except for gross misconduct:**

11 (1) a mental health advocate;

12 (2) an employee of a county mental health advocate program;  
 13 and

14 (3) a volunteer for a mental health advocate program;

15 **who performs in good faith duties relating to assistance of a person**  
 16 **with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder is**  
 17 **immune from any civil liability that may occur as a result of that**  
 18 **person's performance.**

19 **Sec. 8. The court may order the person assisted by the mental**  
 20 **health advocate to pay a user fee to the:**

21 (1) mental health advocate program; or

22 (2) individual who served as a mental health advocate;

23 **for the services provided under this chapter.**

24 **Sec. 9. The court shall establish one (1) of the following**  
 25 **procedures to be used to collect the user fee:**

26 (1) The court may order the person with an intellectual  
 27 disability or an autism spectrum disorder to pay the user fee  
 28 to the mental health advocate program that provided the  
 29 services.

30 (2) The court may order the person with an intellectual  
 31 disability or an autism spectrum disorder to pay the user fee  
 32 to the individual mental health advocate that provided the  
 33 services.

34 **Sec. 10. If the court orders the person with an intellectual**  
 35 **disability or an autism spectrum disorder to pay a user fee under**  
 36 **this chapter, the program or the individual shall report to the court**  
 37 **the receipt of payment not later than thirty (30) days after**  
 38 **receiving the payment.**

39 SECTION 45. IC 35-38-2-2.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2013,  
 40 SECTION 138, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 41 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2.3. (a) As a condition of probation,  
 42 the court may require a person to do a combination of the following:



- 1 (1) Work faithfully at suitable employment or faithfully pursue a  
2 course of study or career and technical education that will equip  
3 the person for suitable employment.
- 4 (2) Undergo available medical or psychiatric treatment and  
5 remain in a specified institution if required for that purpose.
- 6 (3) Attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction,  
7 recreation, or residence of persons on probation.
- 8 (4) Participate in a treatment program, educational class, or  
9 rehabilitative service provided by a probation department or by  
10 referral to an agency.
- 11 (5) Support the person's dependents and meet other family  
12 responsibilities.
- 13 (6) Make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for  
14 damage or injury that was sustained by the victim. When  
15 restitution or reparation is a condition of probation, the court shall  
16 fix the amount, which may not exceed an amount the person can  
17 or will be able to pay, and shall fix the manner of performance.
- 18 (7) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate  
19 governmental entity to repay the full amount of public relief or  
20 assistance wrongfully received, and make repayments according  
21 to a repayment schedule set out in the agreement.
- 22 (8) Pay a fine authorized by IC 35-50.
- 23 (9) Refrain from possessing a firearm or other deadly weapon  
24 unless granted written permission by the court or the person's  
25 probation officer.
- 26 (10) Report to a probation officer at reasonable times as directed  
27 by the court or the probation officer.
- 28 (11) Permit the person's probation officer to visit the person at  
29 reasonable times at the person's home or elsewhere.
- 30 (12) Remain within the jurisdiction of the court, unless granted  
31 permission to leave by the court or by the person's probation  
32 officer.
- 33 (13) Answer all reasonable inquiries by the court or the person's  
34 probation officer and promptly notify the court or probation  
35 officer of any change in address or employment.
- 36 (14) Perform uncompensated work that benefits the community.
- 37 (15) Satisfy other conditions reasonably related to the person's  
38 rehabilitation.
- 39 (16) Undergo home detention under IC 35-38-2.5.
- 40 (17) Undergo a laboratory test or series of tests approved by the  
41 state department of health to detect and confirm the presence of  
42 the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigen or antibodies



- 1 to the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), if:
- 2 (A) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
- 3 criminal sexual act and the offense created an
- 4 epidemiologically demonstrated risk of transmission of the
- 5 human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); or
- 6 (B) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
- 7 controlled substance and the offense involved:
- 8 (i) the delivery by any person to another person; or
- 9 (ii) the use by any person on another person;
- 10 of a contaminated sharp (as defined in IC 16-41-16-2) or other
- 11 paraphernalia that creates an epidemiologically demonstrated
- 12 risk of transmission of HIV by involving percutaneous contact.
- 13 (18) Refrain from any direct or indirect contact with an individual
- 14 and, if convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3, any animal
- 15 belonging to the individual.
- 16 (19) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
- 17 governmental entity or with a person for reasonable costs incurred
- 18 because of the taking, detention, or return of a missing child (as
- 19 defined in IC 10-13-5-4).
- 20 (20) Periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined
- 21 in IC 9-13-2-22) or series of chemical tests as specified by the
- 22 court to detect and confirm the presence of a controlled substance
- 23 (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9). The person on probation is
- 24 responsible for any charges resulting from a test and shall have
- 25 the results of any test under this subdivision reported to the
- 26 person's probation officer by the laboratory.
- 27 (21) If the person was confined in a penal facility, execute a
- 28 reimbursement plan as directed by the court and make repayments
- 29 under the plan to the authority that operates the penal facility for
- 30 all or part of the costs of the person's confinement in the penal
- 31 facility. The court shall fix an amount that:
- 32 (A) may not exceed an amount the person can or will be able
- 33 to pay;
- 34 (B) does not harm the person's ability to reasonably be self
- 35 supporting or to reasonably support any dependent of the
- 36 person; and
- 37 (C) takes into consideration and gives priority to any other
- 38 restitution, reparation, repayment, or fine the person is
- 39 required to pay under this section.
- 40 (22) Refrain from owning, harboring, or training an animal.
- 41 (23) Participate in a reentry court program.
- 42 **(24) Receive:**



- 1                   **(A) addiction counseling;**  
 2                   **(B) inpatient detoxification; and**  
 3                   **(C) medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a**  
 4                   **similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**  
 5           (b) When a person is placed on probation, the person shall be given  
 6 a written statement specifying:  
 7           (1) the conditions of probation; and  
 8           (2) that if the person violates a condition of probation during the  
 9 probationary period, a petition to revoke probation may be filed  
 10 before the earlier of the following:  
 11           (A) One (1) year after the termination of probation.  
 12           (B) Forty-five (45) days after the state receives notice of the  
 13 violation.  
 14           (c) As a condition of probation, the court may require that the  
 15 person serve a term of imprisonment in an appropriate facility at the  
 16 time or intervals (consecutive or intermittent) within the period of  
 17 probation the court determines.  
 18           (d) Intermittent service may be required only for a term of not more  
 19 than sixty (60) days and must be served in the county or local penal  
 20 facility. The intermittent term is computed on the basis of the actual  
 21 days spent in confinement and shall be completed within one (1) year.  
 22 A person does not earn credit time while serving an intermittent term  
 23 of imprisonment under this subsection. When the court orders  
 24 intermittent service, the court shall state:  
 25           (1) the term of imprisonment;  
 26           (2) the days or parts of days during which a person is to be  
 27 confined; and  
 28           (3) the conditions.  
 29           (e) Supervision of a person may be transferred from the court that  
 30 placed the person on probation to a court of another jurisdiction, with  
 31 the concurrence of both courts. Retransfers of supervision may occur  
 32 in the same manner. This subsection does not apply to transfers made  
 33 under IC 11-13-4 or IC 11-13-5.  
 34           (f) When a court imposes a condition of probation described in  
 35 subsection (a)(18):  
 36           (1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and  
 37           (2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form  
 38 prescribed or approved by the division of state court  
 39 administration with the clerk.  
 40           (g) As a condition of probation, a court shall require a person:  
 41           (1) convicted of an offense described in IC 10-13-6-10;  
 42           (2) who has not previously provided a DNA sample in accordance





1 with IC 10-13-6; and

2 (3) whose sentence does not involve a commitment to the  
3 department of correction;

4 to provide a DNA sample as a condition of probation.

5 (h) If a court imposes a condition of probation described in  
6 subsection (a)(4), the person on probation is responsible for any costs  
7 resulting from the participation in a program, class, or service. Any  
8 costs collected for services provided by the probation department shall  
9 be deposited in the county or local supplemental adult services fund.

10 SECTION 46. IC 35-48-4-8.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,  
11 SECTION 635, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
12 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8.3. (a) ~~A person who possesses a~~  
13 ~~raw material, an instrument, a device, or other object that the person~~  
14 ~~intends to use for:~~

15 (1) ~~introducing into the person's body a controlled substance;~~

16 (2) ~~testing the strength, effectiveness, or purity of a controlled~~  
17 ~~substance; or~~

18 (3) ~~enhancing the effect of a controlled substance;~~

19 ~~in violation of this chapter commits a Class A infraction for possessing~~  
20 ~~paraphernalia. This section does not apply to a rolling paper.~~

21 (b) ~~A person who knowingly or intentionally violates subsection (a)~~  
22 ~~possesses an instrument, a device, or another object that the person~~  
23 ~~intends to use for:~~

24 (1) ~~introducing into the person's body a controlled substance;~~

25 (2) ~~testing the strength, effectiveness, or purity of a controlled~~  
26 ~~substance; or~~

27 (3) ~~enhancing the effect of a controlled substance;~~

28 ~~commits a Class A Class C misdemeanor. However, the offense is a~~  
29 ~~Level 6 felony Class A misdemeanor if the person has a prior~~  
30 ~~unrelated judgment or conviction under this section.~~

31 SECTION 47. IC 35-50-2-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014,  
32 SECTION 118, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
33 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8. (a) The state may seek to have a  
34 person sentenced as a habitual offender for a felony by alleging, on one  
35 (1) or more pages separate from the rest of the charging instrument,  
36 that the person has accumulated the required number of prior unrelated  
37 felony convictions in accordance with this section.

38 (b) A person convicted of murder or of a Level 1 through Level 4  
39 felony is a habitual offender if the state proves beyond a reasonable  
40 doubt that:

41 (1) the person has been convicted of two (2) prior unrelated  
42 felonies; and



- 1 (2) at least one (1) of the prior unrelated felonies is not a Level 6  
 2 felony or a Class D felony.
- 3 (c) A person convicted of a Level 5 felony is a habitual offender if  
 4 the state proves beyond a reasonable doubt that:
- 5 (1) the person has been convicted of two (2) prior unrelated  
 6 felonies;
- 7 (2) at least one (1) of the prior unrelated felonies is not a Level 6  
 8 felony or a Class D felony; and
- 9 (3) if the person is alleged to have committed a prior unrelated:  
 10 (A) Level 5 felony;  
 11 (B) Level 6 felony;  
 12 (C) Class C felony; or  
 13 (D) Class D felony;
- 14 not more than ten (10) years have elapsed between the time the  
 15 person was released from imprisonment, probation, or parole  
 16 (whichever is latest) and the time the person committed the  
 17 current offense.
- 18 (d) A person convicted of a Level 6 felony is a habitual offender if  
 19 the state proves beyond a reasonable doubt that:
- 20 (1) the person has been convicted of three (3) prior unrelated  
 21 felonies; and
- 22 (2) if the person is alleged to have committed a prior unrelated:  
 23 (A) Level 5 felony;  
 24 (B) Level 6 felony;  
 25 (C) Class C felony; or  
 26 (D) Class D felony;
- 27 not more than ten (10) years have elapsed between the time the  
 28 person was released from imprisonment, probation, or parole  
 29 (whichever is latest) and the time the person committed the  
 30 current offense.
- 31 (e) The state may not seek to have a person sentenced as a habitual  
 32 offender for a felony offense under this section if the current offense is  
 33 a misdemeanor that is enhanced to a felony in the same proceeding as  
 34 the habitual offender proceeding solely because the person had a prior  
 35 unrelated conviction. However, a prior unrelated felony conviction may  
 36 be used to support a habitual offender determination even if the  
 37 sentence for the prior unrelated offense was enhanced for any reason,  
 38 including an enhancement because the person had been convicted of  
 39 another offense.
- 40 (f) A person has accumulated two (2) or three (3) prior unrelated  
 41 felony convictions for purposes of this section only if:  
 42 (1) the second prior unrelated felony conviction was committed



- 1 after commission of and sentencing for the first prior unrelated  
 2 felony conviction;
- 3 (2) the offense for which the state seeks to have the person  
 4 sentenced as a habitual offender was committed after commission  
 5 of and sentencing for the second prior unrelated felony  
 6 conviction; and
- 7 (3) for a conviction requiring proof of three (3) prior unrelated  
 8 felonies, the third prior unrelated felony conviction was  
 9 committed after commission of and sentencing for the second  
 10 prior unrelated felony conviction.
- 11 (g) A conviction does not count for purposes of this section as a  
 12 prior unrelated felony conviction if:
- 13 (1) the conviction has been set aside; or  
 14 (2) the conviction is one for which the person has been pardoned.
- 15 (h) If the person was convicted of the felony in a jury trial, the jury  
 16 shall reconvene for the sentencing hearing. If the trial was to the court  
 17 or the judgment was entered on a guilty plea, the court alone shall  
 18 conduct the sentencing hearing under IC 35-38-1-3. The role of the jury  
 19 is to determine whether the defendant has been convicted of the  
 20 unrelated felonies. The state or defendant may not conduct any  
 21 additional interrogation or questioning of the jury during the habitual  
 22 offender part of the trial.
- 23 (i) The court shall sentence a person found to be a habitual offender  
 24 to an additional fixed term that is between:
- 25 (1) six (6) years and twenty (20) years, for a person convicted of  
 26 murder or a Level 1 through Level 4 felony; or  
 27 (2) two (2) years and six (6) years, for a person convicted of a  
 28 Level 5 or Level 6 felony.
- 29 An additional term imposed under this subsection is nonsuspendible.  
 30 **However, a court may suspend an additional term imposed under**  
 31 **this subsection during the time the habitual offender is**  
 32 **participating in a court approved substance abuse treatment**  
 33 **program. If the habitual offender successfully completes the**  
 34 **treatment program, the time the habitual offender spent in the**  
 35 **treatment program is accrued time that shall be deducted from the**  
 36 **habitual offender's additional fixed term of imprisonment.**
- 37 (j) Habitual offender is a status that results in an enhanced sentence.  
 38 It is not a separate crime and does not result in a consecutive sentence.  
 39 The court shall attach the habitual offender enhancement to the felony  
 40 conviction with the highest sentence imposed and specify which felony  
 41 count is being enhanced. If the felony enhanced by the habitual  
 42 offender determination is set aside or vacated, the court shall



1 resentence the person and apply the habitual offender enhancement to  
 2 the felony conviction with the next highest sentence in the underlying  
 3 cause, if any.

4 (k) A prior unrelated felony conviction may not be collaterally  
 5 attacked during a habitual offender proceeding unless the conviction  
 6 is constitutionally invalid.

7 (l) The procedural safeguards that apply to other criminal charges,  
 8 including:

9 (1) the requirement that the charge be filed by information or  
 10 indictment; and

11 (2) the right to an initial hearing;

12 also apply to a habitual offender allegation.

13 SECTION 48. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015] (a) As used in this  
 14 SECTION, "autism" means autism spectrum disorder as defined  
 15 by the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric  
 16 Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental  
 17 Disorders.

18 (b) As used in this SECTION, "individual with dual diagnosis"  
 19 means an individual with:

20 (1) a mental illness; and

21 (2) one (1) or more of the following:

22 (A) An intellectual disability.

23 (B) A developmental disability.

24 (C) Autism.

25 (c) Before September 1, 2017, the division of mental health and  
 26 addiction shall provide to the legislative council a report setting  
 27 forth the following concerning evidence based mental health and  
 28 addiction forensic treatment services provided by community  
 29 mental health centers to individuals with dual diagnosis to reduce  
 30 the risk of recidivism:

31 (1) Mental health and addiction services provided by  
 32 community mental health centers that are available in  
 33 Indiana for an individual with dual diagnosis in Indiana.

34 (2) Barriers to providing mental health and addiction services  
 35 to an individual with dual diagnosis.

36 (3) To what extent the mental health and addiction services  
 37 for an individual with dual diagnosis are coordinated and  
 38 integrated across health care delivery systems.

39 (4) Mental health and addiction services that are needed in  
 40 Indiana for an individual with dual diagnosis.

41 (5) The roles of private sector providers and the public sector,  
 42 including local and state government, for services identified



- 1           under subdivisions (1) through (4).  
2       **A report to the legislative council under this subsection must be**  
3       **submitted in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.**  
4           **(d) The report required under subsection (c) may use existing**  
5       **family and social services administration (FSSA) data and must**  
6       **include recommendations to enhance, coordinate, and integrate the**  
7       **response of Indiana's community mental health centers to**  
8       **individuals with dual diagnosis to reduce the risk of recidivism,**  
9       **including an evaluation of the need for or better use of the**  
10       **following:**  
11           **(1) Appropriate screening and assessment tools.**  
12           **(2) Training and expertise.**  
13           **(3) Reimbursement strategies.**  
14           **(4) Adequate staffing.**  
15           **(5) Linkage to community based services.**  
16           **(6) Other issues identified by the division of mental health and**  
17           **addiction.**  
18       **(e) This SECTION expires December 31, 2017.**



## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Courts and Criminal Code, to which was referred House Bill 1304, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, delete lines 41 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 2. IC 5-2-6-25 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 25. The institute shall collect and analyze data concerning permissive and presumptive juvenile waivers from juvenile courts to evaluate the feasibility of increasing the age in these cases from sixteen (16) years of age to seventeen (17) years of age.**

SECTION 3. IC 11-10-4-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. The administration of a drug by the department for the purpose of controlling a mental or emotional disorder is subject to the following requirements:

- (1) The particular drug must be prescribed by a physician who has examined the offender.
- (2) The drug must be administered by either a physician or qualified medical personnel under the direct supervision of a physician.
- (3) The offender must be periodically observed, during the duration of the drug's effect, by qualified medical personnel.
- (4) A drug may be administered for a period longer than seventy-two (72) hours only if the administration is part of a psychotherapeutic program of treatment prescribed and detailed in writing by a physician.

**(5) A drug may be administered for the purpose of controlling substance abuse, including Vivitrol or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid abuse treatment.**

SECTION 4. IC 11-10-11.5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.247-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11. (a) While assigned to a community transition program, a person must comply with:

- (1) the rules concerning the conduct of persons in the community transition program, including rules related to payments described in section 12 of this chapter, that are adopted by the community corrections advisory board establishing the program or, in counties that are not served by a community corrections program, that are jointly adopted by the courts in the county with felony

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jurisdiction; and

(2) any conditions established by the sentencing court for the person.

(b) As a rule of the community transition program, a person convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5.2) may not use a social networking web site (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-307) or an instant messaging or chat room program (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-173) to communicate, directly or through an intermediary, with a child less than sixteen (16) years of age. However, the rules of the community transition program may permit the offender to communicate using a social networking web site or an instant messaging or chat room program with:

- (1) the offender's own child, stepchild, or sibling; or
- (2) another relative of the offender specifically named in the rules applicable to that person.

**(c) As a rule of the community transition program, a person may be required to receive:**

- (1) addiction counseling;**
- (2) inpatient detoxification; and**
- (3) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid abuse treatment.**

SECTION 5. IC 11-12-1-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2014, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2.5. (a) The community corrections programs described in section 2 of this chapter shall use evidence based services, programs, and practices that reduce the risk for recidivism among persons who participate in the community corrections programs.

(b) The community corrections board may also coordinate or operate:

- (1) educational;
- (2) mental health;
- (3) drug or alcohol abuse counseling; and
- (4) housing;

programs. In addition, the board may provide supervision services for persons described in section 2 of this chapter.

**(c) Drug or alcohol services in subsection (b) may include:**

- (1) addiction counseling;**
- (2) inpatient detoxification; and**
- (3) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

SECTION 6. IC 11-12-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014, SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) For the purpose of encouraging counties to develop a coordinated local corrections-criminal justice system and providing effective alternatives to imprisonment at the state level, the commissioner shall, out of funds appropriated for such purposes, make grants to counties for the establishment and operation of community corrections programs. Appropriations intended for this purpose may not be used by the department for any other purpose. Money appropriated to the department of correction for the purpose of making grants under this chapter and any financial aid payments suspended under section 6 of this chapter do not revert to the state general fund at the close of any fiscal year, but remain available to the department of correction for its use in making grants under this chapter.

(b) Before March 1, 2015, the department shall estimate the amount of any operational cost savings that will be realized in the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, from a reduction in the number of individuals who are in the custody or made a ward of the department of correction (as described in IC 11-8-1-5) that is attributable to the sentencing changes made in HEA 1006-2014 as enacted in the 2014 session of the general assembly. The department shall make the estimate under this subsection based on the best available information. If the department estimates that operational cost savings described in this subsection will be realized in the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the following apply to the department:

- (1) The department shall certify the estimated amount of operational cost savings that will be realized to the budget agency and to the auditor of state.
- (2) The department may, after review by the budget committee and approval by the budget agency, make additional grants as provided in this chapter to counties for the establishment and operation of community corrections programs from funds appropriated to the department for the department's operating expenses for the state fiscal year.
- (3) The department may, after review by the budget committee and approval by the budget agency, transfer funds appropriated to the department for the department's operating expenses for the state fiscal year to the judicial conference of Indiana to be used by the judicial conference of Indiana to provide additional financial aid for the support of court probation services under the program established under IC 11-13-2.
- (4) The maximum aggregate amount of additional grants and transfers that may be made by the department under subdivisions (2) and (3) for the state fiscal year may not exceed the lesser of:





(A) the amount of operational cost savings certified under subdivision (1); or

(B) eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000).

Notwithstanding P.L.205-2013 (HEA 1001-2013), the amount of funds necessary to make any additional grants authorized and approved under this subsection and for any transfers authorized and approved under this subsection, and for providing the additional financial aid to courts from transfers authorized and approved under this subsection, is appropriated for those purposes for the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, and the amount of the department's appropriation for operating expenses for the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, is reduced by a corresponding amount. This subsection expires June 30, 2015.

(c) The commissioner shall give priority in issuing community corrections grants to programs that provide alternative sentencing projects for persons with mental illness, addictive disorders, mental retardation, and developmental disabilities. **Programs for addictive disorders may include:**

**(1) addiction counseling;**

**(2) inpatient detoxification; and**

**(3) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

SECTION 7. IC 11-12-3.7-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 2.5. As used in this chapter, "autism spectrum disorder" means a developmental disability as defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.**

SECTION 8. IC 11-12-3.7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.192-2007, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "forensic diversion program" means a program designed to provide an adult:**

**(1) who has an intellectual disability, an autism spectrum disorder, a mental illness, an addictive disorder, or both a mental illness and an addictive disorder; a combination of those conditions; and**

**(2) who has been charged with a crime that is not a violent offense;**

an opportunity to receive community treatment and other services addressing mental health and addiction instead of or in addition to incarceration.

SECTION 9. IC 11-12-3.7-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA



CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 4.5. As used in this chapter, "intellectual disability" means a disability characterized by significant limitations in:**

- (1) intellectual functioning; and**
- (2) adaptive behavior.**

SECTION 10. IC 11-12-3.7-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2014, SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 7. (a) An advisory board shall develop a forensic diversion plan to provide an adult who:**

- (1) has an intellectual disability, an autism spectrum disorder, a mental illness, an addictive disorder, or both a mental illness and an addictive disorder; a combination of those conditions; and**
- (2) has been charged with a crime that is not a violent crime; an opportunity, pre-conviction or post-conviction, to receive community treatment and other services addressing intellectual disabilities, autism spectrum disorders, mental health, and addictions instead of or in addition to incarceration.**

**(b) The forensic diversion plan may include any combination of the following program components:**

- (1) Pre-conviction diversion for adults with mental illness.**
- (2) Pre-conviction diversion for adults with addictive disorders.**
- (3) Pre-conviction diversion for adults with intellectual disabilities.**
- (4) Pre-conviction diversion for individuals with an autism spectrum disorder.**
- ~~(5)~~ **(5) Post-conviction diversion for adults with mental illness.**
- ~~(4)~~ **(6) Post-conviction diversion for adults with addictive disorders.**
- (7) Post-conviction diversion for adults with intellectual disabilities.**
- (8) Post-conviction diversion for individuals with an autism spectrum disorder.**

**(c) In developing a plan, the advisory board must consider the ability of existing programs and resources within the community, including:**

- (1) a problem solving court established under IC 33-23-16;**
- (2) a court alcohol and drug program certified under IC 12-23-14-13;**
- (3) treatment providers certified by the division of mental health and addiction under IC 12-23-1-6 or IC 12-21-2-3(5); and**



- (4) other public and private agencies.
- (d) Development of a forensic diversion program plan under this chapter or IC 11-12-2-3 does not require implementation of a forensic diversion program.
- (e) The advisory board may:
  - (1) operate the program;
  - (2) contract with existing public or private agencies to operate one (1) or more components of the program; or
  - (3) take any combination of actions under subdivisions (1) or (2).
- (f) Any treatment services provided under the forensic diversion program:
  - (1) for addictions must be provided by an entity that is certified by the division of mental health and addiction under IC 12-23-1-6; or
  - (2) for mental health must be provided by an entity that is:
    - (A) certified by the division of mental health and addiction under IC 12-21-2-3(5);
    - (B) accredited by an accrediting body approved by the division of mental health and addiction; or
    - (C) licensed to provide mental health services under IC 25.

SECTION 11. IC 11-12-3.7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014, SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11. (a) A person is eligible to participate in a pre-conviction forensic diversion program only if the person meets the following criteria:

- (1) The person has **an intellectual disability, an autism spectrum disorder**, a mental illness, an addictive disorder, or ~~both a mental illness and an addictive disorder: a combination of those conditions.~~
  - (2) The person has been charged with an offense that is:
    - (A) not a violent offense; and
    - (B) a Class A, B, or C misdemeanor, or a Level 6 felony that may be reduced to a Class A misdemeanor in accordance with IC 35-50-2-7.
  - (3) The person does not have a conviction for a violent offense in the previous ten (10) years.
  - (4) The court has determined that the person is an appropriate candidate to participate in a pre-conviction forensic diversion program.
  - (5) The person has been accepted into a pre-conviction forensic diversion program.
- (b) Before an eligible person is permitted to participate in a



pre-conviction forensic diversion program, the court shall advise the person of the following:

(1) Before the individual is permitted to participate in the program, the individual will be required to enter a guilty plea to the offense with which the individual has been charged.

(2) The court will stay entry of the judgment of conviction during the time in which the individual is successfully participating in the program. If the individual stops successfully participating in the program, or does not successfully complete the program, the court will lift its stay, enter a judgment of conviction, and sentence the individual accordingly.

(3) If the individual participates in the program, the individual may be required to remain in the program for a period not to exceed three (3) years.

(4) During treatment the individual may be confined in an institution, be released for treatment in the community, receive supervised aftercare in the community, or may be required to receive a combination of these alternatives. **Programs for addictive disorders may include:**

**(A) addiction counseling;**

**(B) inpatient detoxification; and**

**(C) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

(5) If the individual successfully completes the forensic diversion program, the court will waive entry of the judgment of conviction and dismiss the charges.

(6) The court shall determine, after considering a report from the forensic diversion program, whether the individual is successfully participating in or has successfully completed the program.

(c) Before an eligible person may participate in a pre-conviction forensic diversion program, the person must plead guilty to the offense with which the person is charged.

(d) Before an eligible person may be admitted to a facility under the control of the division of mental health and addiction, the individual must be committed to the facility under IC 12-26.

(e) After the person has pleaded guilty, the court shall stay entry of judgment of conviction and place the person in the pre-conviction forensic diversion program for not more than:

(1) two (2) years, if the person has been charged with a misdemeanor; or

(2) three (3) years, if the person has been charged with a felony.

(f) If, after considering the report of the forensic diversion program,



the court determines that the person has:

- (1) failed to successfully participate in the forensic diversion program, or failed to successfully complete the program, the court shall lift its stay, enter judgment of conviction, and sentence the person accordingly; or
- (2) successfully completed the forensic diversion program, the court shall waive entry of the judgment of conviction and dismiss the charges.

SECTION 12. IC 11-12-3.7-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.192-2007, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 12. (a) A person is eligible to participate in a post-conviction forensic diversion program only if the person meets the following criteria:

- (1) The person has **an intellectual disability, an autism spectrum disorder**, a mental illness, an addictive disorder, or ~~both a mental illness and an addictive disorder: a combination of those conditions.~~
- (2) The person has been convicted of an offense that is:
  - (A) not a violent offense; and
  - (B) not a drug dealing offense.
- (3) The person does not have a conviction for a violent offense in the previous ten (10) years.
- (4) The court has determined that the person is an appropriate candidate to participate in a post-conviction forensic diversion program.
- (5) The person has been accepted into a post-conviction forensic diversion program.

(b) If the person meets the eligibility criteria described in subsection (a) and has been convicted of an offense that may be suspended, the court may:

- (1) suspend all or a portion of the person's sentence;
- (2) place the person on probation for the suspended portion of the person's sentence; and
- (3) require as a condition of probation that the person successfully participate in and successfully complete the post-conviction forensic diversion program.

(c) If the person meets the eligibility criteria described in subsection (a) and has been convicted of an offense that is nonsuspendible, the court may:

- (1) order the execution of the nonsuspendible sentence; and
- (2) stay execution of all or part of the nonsuspendible portion of the sentence pending the person's successful participation in and



successful completion of the post-conviction forensic diversion program.

The court shall treat the suspendible portion of a nonsuspendible sentence in accordance with subsection (b).

(d) The person may be required to participate in the post-conviction forensic diversion program for no more than:

- (1) two (2) years, if the person has been charged with a misdemeanor; or
- (2) three (3) years, if the person has been charged with a felony.

The time periods described in this section only limit the amount of time a person may spend in the forensic diversion program and do not limit the amount of time a person may be placed on probation.

(e) If, after considering the report of the forensic diversion program, the court determines that a person convicted of an offense that may be suspended has failed to successfully participate in the forensic diversion program, or has failed to successfully complete the program, the court may do any of the following:

- (1) Revoke the person's probation.
- (2) Order all or a portion of the person's suspended sentence to be executed.
- (3) Modify the person's sentence.
- (4) Order the person to serve all or a portion of the person's suspended sentence in:
  - (A) a work release program established by the department under IC 11-10-8 or IC 11-10-10; or
  - (B) a county work release program under IC 11-12-5.

(f) If, after considering the report of the forensic diversion program, the court determines that a person convicted of a nonsuspendible offense failed to successfully participate in the forensic diversion **program**, or failed to successfully complete the program, the court may do any of the following:

- (1) Lift its stay of execution of the nonsuspendible portion of the sentence and remand the person to the department.
- (2) Order the person to serve all or a portion of the nonsuspendible portion of the sentence that is stayed in:
  - (A) a work release program established by the department under IC 11-10-8 or IC 11-10-10; or
  - (B) a county work release program under IC 11-12-5.
- (3) Modify the person's sentence.

However, if the person failed to successfully participate in the forensic diversion program, or failed to successfully complete the program while serving the suspendible portion of a nonsuspendible sentence, the



court may treat the suspendible portion of the sentence in accordance with subsection (e).

(g) If, after considering the report of the forensic diversion program, the court determines that a person convicted of a nonsuspendible offense has successfully completed the program, the court shall waive execution of the nonsuspendible portion of the person's sentence."

Delete pages 3 through 7.

Page 8, delete lines 1 through 7, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 13. IC 11-12-3.8-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 1.5. For purposes of this chapter,"substance abuse treatment" may include:**

- (1) addiction counseling;**
- (2) inpatient detoxification; and**
- (3) medication assisted treatment, including using Vivitrol or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

SECTION 14. IC 11-13-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.114-2012, SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) A condition to remaining on parole is that the parolee not commit a crime during the period of parole.

(b) The parole board may also adopt, under IC 4-22-2, additional conditions to remaining on parole and require a parolee to satisfy one (1) or more of these conditions. These conditions must be reasonably related to the parolee's successful reintegration into the community and not unduly restrictive of a fundamental right.

(c) If a person is released on parole, the parolee shall be given a written statement of the conditions of parole. Signed copies of this statement shall be:

- (1) retained by the parolee;
- (2) forwarded to any person charged with the parolee's supervision; and
- (3) placed in the parolee's master file.

(d) The parole board may modify parole conditions if the parolee receives notice of that action and had ten (10) days after receipt of the notice to express the parolee's views on the proposed modification. This subsection does not apply to modification of parole conditions after a revocation proceeding under section 10 of this chapter.

(e) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the parolee to reside in a particular parole area. In determining a parolee's residence requirement, the parole board shall:

- (1) consider:
  - (A) the residence of the parolee prior to the parolee's



incarceration; and

(B) the parolee's place of employment; and

(2) assign the parolee to reside in the county where the parolee resided prior to the parolee's incarceration unless assignment on this basis would be detrimental to the parolee's successful reintegration into the community.

(f) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the parolee to:

(1) periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined in IC 9-13-2-22) or series of tests to detect and confirm the presence of a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); and

(2) have the results of any test under this subsection reported to the parole board by the laboratory.

The parolee is responsible for any charges resulting from a test required under this subsection. However, a person's parole may not be revoked on the basis of the person's inability to pay for a test under this subsection.

(g) As a condition of parole, the parole board:

(1) may require a parolee who is a sex offender (as defined in IC 11-8-8-4.5) to:

(A) participate in a treatment program for sex offenders approved by the parole board; and

(B) avoid contact with any person who is less than sixteen (16) years of age unless the parolee:

(i) receives the parole board's approval; or

(ii) successfully completes the treatment program referred to in clause (A); and

(2) shall:

(A) require a parolee who is a sex or violent offender (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5) to register with a local law enforcement authority under IC 11-8-8;

(B) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from residing within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-285) for the period of parole, unless the sex offender obtains written approval from the parole board;

(C) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) from residing within one (1) mile of the victim of the sex offender's sex offense unless the sex offender obtains a waiver under IC 35-38-2-2.5;

(D) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from owning, operating, managing, being employed by, or volunteering at any attraction designed to be primarily enjoyed by children





less than sixteen (16) years of age;

(E) require a parolee who is a sex offender to consent:

(i) to the search of the sex offender's personal computer at any time; and

(ii) to the installation on the sex offender's personal computer or device with Internet capability, at the sex offender's expense, of one (1) or more hardware or software systems to monitor Internet usage; and

(F) prohibit the sex offender from:

(i) accessing or using certain web sites, chat rooms, or instant messaging programs frequented by children; and

(ii) deleting, erasing, or tampering with information on the sex offender's personal computer with intent to conceal an activity prohibited by item (i).

The parole board may not grant a sexually violent predator (as defined in IC 35-38-1-7.5) or a sex offender who is an offender against children under IC 35-42-4-11 a waiver under subdivision (2)(B) or (2)(C). If the parole board allows the sex offender to reside within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property under subdivision (2)(B), the parole board shall notify each school within one thousand (1,000) feet of the sex offender's residence of the order.

(h) The address of the victim of a parolee who is a sex offender convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) is confidential, even if the sex offender obtains a waiver under IC 35-38-2-2.5.

(i) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require a parolee to participate in a reentry court program.

(j) As a condition of parole, the parole board:

(1) shall require a parolee who is a sexually violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5; and

(2) may require a parolee who is a sex or violent offender (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5);

to wear a monitoring device (as described in IC 35-38-2.5-3) that can transmit information twenty-four (24) hours each day regarding a person's precise location, subject to the amount appropriated to the department for a monitoring program as a condition of parole.

(k) As a condition of parole, the parole board may prohibit, in accordance with IC 35-38-2-2.6, a parolee who has been convicted of stalking from residing within one thousand (1,000) feet of the residence of the victim of the stalking for a period that does not exceed five (5) years.

(l) As a condition of parole, the parole board may prohibit a parolee



convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3 from owning, harboring, or training an animal, and, if the parole board prohibits a parolee convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3 from having direct or indirect contact with an individual, the parole board may also prohibit the parolee from having direct or indirect contact with any animal belonging to the individual.

**(m) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require a parolee to receive:**

**(1) addiction counseling;**

**(2) inpatient detoxification; and**

**(3) medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

~~(m)~~ **(n)** A parolee may be responsible for the reasonable expenses, as determined by the department, of the parolee's participation in a treatment or other program required as a condition of parole under this section. However, a person's parole may not be revoked solely on the basis of the person's inability to pay for a program required as a condition of parole under this section."

Page 8, line 35, delete "Felony" and insert "**Criminal**".

Page 8, line 38, delete "a felony" and insert "**an offense**".

Page 9, line 16, delete "." and insert "**and constitutes a formal waiver of Criminal Rule 4 concerning discharge for delay in criminal trials.**".

Page 10, line 27, delete "Subject to subsection (b), if" and insert "**If**".

Page 10, delete lines 31 through 33.

Page 10, line 34, delete "(c)" and insert "**(b)**".

Page 10, line 39, delete "resumed," and insert "**resumed and the individual subsequently completes the treatment program,**".

Page 11, line 8, delete "Felony" and insert "**Criminal**".

Page 11, line 17, after "probation" insert "**, subject to any mandatory minimum sentence imposed on the individual,**".

Page 14, between lines 3 and 4, begin a new paragraph and insert:  
"SECTION 23. IC 12-23-18-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.131-2014, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The division shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish standards and protocols for opioid treatment programs to do the following:

(1) Assess new opioid treatment program patients to determine the most effective opioid treatment medications to start the patient's opioid treatment.

(2) Ensure that each patient voluntarily chooses maintenance



treatment and that relevant facts concerning the use of opioid treatment medications are clearly and adequately explained to the patient.

(3) Have appropriate opioid treatment program patients who are receiving methadone for opioid treatment move to receiving other approved opioid treatment medications.

(b) An opioid treatment program shall follow the standards and protocols adopted under subsection (a) for each opioid treatment program patient.

(c) Subject to subsection (a), an opioid treatment program may use any of the following medications as an alternative for methadone for opioid treatment:

(1) Buprenorphine.

(2) Buprenorphine combination products containing naloxone.

**(3) Naltrexone, Vivitrol, or a similar substance.**

~~(3)~~ **(4)** Any other medication that has been approved by:

(A) the federal Food and Drug Administration for use in the treatment of opioid addiction; and

(B) the division under subsection (e).

(d) Before starting a patient on a new opioid treatment medication, the opioid treatment program shall explain to the patient the potential side effects of the new medication.

(e) The division may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to provide for other medications, **including Vivitrol or a similar substance**, as alternatives to methadone that may be used under subsection (a)."

Page 15, delete lines 6 through 17.

Page 18, between lines 3 and 4, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 29. IC 31-37-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. A child commits a delinquent act if, before becoming eighteen (18) years of age, the child leaves home **or a specific location previously designated by the child's parent, guardian, or custodian:**

(1) without reasonable cause; and

(2) without permission of the parent, guardian, or custodian, who requests the child's return."

Page 18, delete lines 20 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 32. IC 31-37-22-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]. ~~Sec. 5. If:~~

~~(1) a child is placed in a shelter care facility or other place of residence as part of a court order with respect to a delinquent act under IC 31-37-2-2;~~



(2) the child received a written warning of the consequences of a violation of the placement at the hearing during which the placement was ordered;

(3) the issuance of the warning was reflected in the records of the hearing;

(4) the child is not held in a juvenile detention facility for more than twenty-four (24) hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, before the hearing at which it is determined that the child violated that part of the order concerning the child's placement in a shelter care facility or other place of residence; and

(5) the child's mental and physical condition may be endangered if the child is not placed in a secure facility;

the juvenile court may modify its disposition order with respect to the delinquent act and place the child in a public or private facility for children under section 7 of this chapter.

SECTION 33. IC 31-37-22-6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]. See: 6. ff:

(1) a child fails to comply with IC 20-33-2 concerning compulsory school attendance as part of a court order with respect to a delinquent act under IC 31-37-2-3 (or IC 31-6-4-1(a)(3) before its repeal);

(2) the child received a written warning of the consequences of a violation of the court order;

(3) the issuance of the warning was reflected in the records of the hearing;

(4) the child is not held in a juvenile detention facility for more than twenty-four (24) hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, before the hearing at which it is determined that the child violated that part of the order concerning the child's school attendance; and

(5) the child's mental and physical condition may be endangered if the child is not placed in a secure facility;

the juvenile court may modify its disposition order with respect to the delinquent act and place the child in a public or private facility for children under section 7 of this chapter.

SECTION 34. IC 31-37-22-7 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]. See: 7. (a) If the juvenile court modifies its disposition order under section 5 or 6 of this chapter, the court may order the child placed under one (1) of the following alternatives:

(1) In a nonlocal secure private facility licensed under the laws of any state. Placement under this alternative includes authorization



to control and discipline the child:

(2) In a local secure private facility licensed under Indiana law: Placement under this alternative includes authorization to control and discipline the child:

(3) In a local secure public facility:

(4) In a local alternative facility approved by the juvenile court:

(5) As a ward of the department of correction for housing in any correctional facility for children. Wardship under this alternative does not include the right to consent to the child's adoption. However, without a determination of unavailable housing by the department of correction, a child found to be subject to section 5 or 6 of this chapter and placed in a secure facility of the department of correction may not be housed with any child found to be delinquent under any other provision of this article:

(b) If the juvenile court places a child under subsection (a)(3) or (a)(4):

(1) the length of the placement may not exceed thirty (30) days; and

(2) the juvenile court shall order specific treatment of the child designated to eliminate the child's disobedience of the court's order of placement:

(c) The juvenile court shall retain jurisdiction over any placement under this section (or IC 31-6-7-16(d) before its repeal) and shall review each placement every three (3) months to determine whether placement in a secure facility remains appropriate:

SECTION 35. IC 33-23-16-24.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 24.5. A problem solving court may require an individual participating in a problem solving court to receive:**

**(1) addiction counseling;**

**(2) inpatient detoxification; and**

**(3) medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

SECTION 36. IC 33-37-8-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.229-2011, SECTION 263, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), upon receipt of monthly claims submitted on oath to the fiscal body by a program listed in section 3(b) of this chapter, the fiscal body of the city or town shall appropriate from the city or town fund to the program the amount collected for the program fee under IC 33-37-5.

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(b) Funds derived from a deferral program or a pretrial diversion program may be disbursed only by the adoption of an ordinance appropriating the funds for one (1) or more of the following purposes:

- (1) Personnel expenses related to the operation of the program.
- (2) Special training for:
  - (A) a prosecuting attorney;
  - (B) a deputy prosecuting attorney;
  - (C) support staff for a prosecuting attorney or deputy prosecuting attorney; or
  - (D) a law enforcement officer.
- (3) Employment of a deputy prosecutor or prosecutorial support staff.
- (4) Victim assistance.
- (5) Electronic legal research.
- (6) Office equipment, including computers, computer software, communication devices, office machinery, furnishings, and office supplies.
- (7) Expenses of a criminal investigation and prosecution.
- (8) An activity or program operated by the prosecuting attorney that is intended to reduce or prevent criminal activity, including:
  - (A) substance abuse;
  - (B) child abuse;
  - (C) domestic violence;
  - (D) operating while intoxicated; and
  - (E) juvenile delinquency.

**(9) The provision of evidence based mental health and addiction, autism, and co-occurring autism and mental illness forensic treatment services to reduce the risk of recidivism in a program administered or coordinated by a provider certified by the division of mental health and addiction with expertise in providing evidence based forensic treatment services.**

~~(9)~~ **(10)** Any other purpose that benefits the office of the prosecuting attorney or law enforcement and that is agreed upon by the county fiscal body and the prosecuting attorney.

(c) Funds described in subsection (b) may be used only in accordance with guidelines adopted by the prosecuting attorneys council under IC 33-39-8-5.

SECTION 37. IC 33-37-8-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.229-2011, SECTION 264, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), upon receipt of monthly claims submitted on oath to the



fiscal body by a program listed in section 5(b) of this chapter, the county fiscal body shall appropriate from the county fund to the program or fund the amount collected for the program under IC 33-37-5.

(b) Funds derived from a deferral program or a pretrial diversion program may be disbursed only by the adoption of an ordinance appropriating the funds for one (1) or more of the following purposes:

- (1) Personnel expenses related to the operation of the program.
- (2) Special training for:
  - (A) a prosecuting attorney;
  - (B) a deputy prosecuting attorney;
  - (C) support staff for a prosecuting attorney or deputy prosecuting attorney; or
  - (D) a law enforcement officer.
- (3) Employment of a deputy prosecutor or prosecutorial support staff.
- (4) Victim assistance.
- (5) Electronic legal research.
- (6) Office equipment, including computers, computer software, communication devices, office machinery, furnishings, and office supplies.
- (7) Expenses of a criminal investigation and prosecution.
- (8) An activity or program operated by the prosecuting attorney that is intended to reduce or prevent criminal activity, including:
  - (A) substance abuse;
  - (B) child abuse;
  - (C) domestic violence;
  - (D) operating while intoxicated; and
  - (E) juvenile delinquency.

**(9) The provision of evidence based mental health and addiction, autism, and co-occurring autism and mental illness forensic treatment services to reduce the risk of recidivism in a program administered or coordinated by a provider certified by the division of mental health and addiction with expertise in providing evidence based forensic treatment services.**

~~(9)~~ **(10)** Any other purpose that benefits the office of the prosecuting attorney or law enforcement and that is agreed upon by the county fiscal body and the prosecuting attorney.

(c) Funds described in subsection (b) may be used only in accordance with guidelines adopted by the prosecuting attorneys council under IC 33-39-8-5.



SECTION 38. IC 33-39-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014, SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8. (a) After June 30, 2005, this section does not apply to a person who:

- (1) holds a commercial driver's license; and
- (2) has been charged with an offense involving the operation of a motor vehicle in accordance with the federal Motor Carrier Safety Improvement Act of 1999 (MCSIA) (Public Law 106-159.113 Stat. 1748).

(b) This section does not apply to a person arrested for or charged with:

- (1) an offense under IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5; or
- (2) if a person was arrested or charged with an offense under IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5, an offense involving:
  - (A) intoxication; or
  - (B) the operation of a vehicle;

if the offense involving intoxication or the operation of a vehicle was part of the same episode of criminal conduct as the offense under IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5.

(c) This section does not apply to a person:

- (1) who is arrested for or charged with an offense under:
  - (A) IC 7.1-5-7-7, if the alleged offense occurred while the person was operating a motor vehicle;
  - (B) IC 9-30-4-8(a), if the alleged offense occurred while the person was operating a motor vehicle;
  - (C) IC 35-44.1-2-13(b)(1); or
  - (D) IC 35-43-1-2(a), if the alleged offense occurred while the person was operating a motor vehicle; and
- (2) who held a probationary license (as defined in IC 9-24-11-3.3(b)) and was less than eighteen (18) years of age at the time of the alleged offense.

(d) A prosecuting attorney may withhold prosecution against an accused person if:

- (1) the person is charged with a misdemeanor, a Level 6 felony, or a Level 5 felony;
- (2) the person agrees to conditions of a pretrial diversion program offered by the prosecuting attorney;
- (3) the terms of the agreement are recorded in an instrument signed by the person and the prosecuting attorney and filed in the court in which the charge is pending; and
- (4) the prosecuting attorney electronically transmits information required by the prosecuting attorneys council concerning the





withheld prosecution to the prosecuting attorneys council, in a manner and format designated by the prosecuting attorneys council.

(e) An agreement under subsection (d) may include conditions that the person:

- (1) pay to the clerk of the court an initial user's fee and monthly user's fees in the amounts specified in IC 33-37-4-1;
- (2) work faithfully at a suitable employment or faithfully pursue a course of study or career and technical education that will equip the person for suitable employment;
- (3) undergo available medical treatment or counseling and remain in a specified facility required for that purpose, **including:**
  - (A) addiction counseling;**
  - (B) inpatient detoxification; and**
  - (C) medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment;**
- (4) receive evidence based mental health and addiction, autism, and co-occurring autism and mental illness forensic treatment services to reduce the risk of recidivism;**
- ~~(4)~~ **(5) support the person's dependents and meet other family responsibilities;**
- ~~(5)~~ **(6) make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for the damage or injury that was sustained;**
- ~~(6)~~ **(7) refrain from harassing, intimidating, threatening, or having any direct or indirect contact with the victim or a witness;**
- ~~(7)~~ **(8) report to the prosecuting attorney at reasonable times;**
- ~~(8)~~ **(9) answer all reasonable inquiries by the prosecuting attorney and promptly notify the prosecuting attorney of any change in address or employment; and**
- ~~(9)~~ **(10) participate in dispute resolution either under IC 34-57-3 or a program established by the prosecuting attorney.**

(f) An agreement under subsection (d)(2) may include other provisions reasonably related to the defendant's rehabilitation, if approved by the court.

(g) The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim when prosecution is withheld under this section.

(h) All money collected by the clerk as user's fees under this section shall be deposited in the appropriate user fee fund under IC 33-37-8.

(i) If a court withholds prosecution under this section and the terms of the agreement contain conditions described in subsection ~~(e)(6)~~: **(e)(7):**

- (1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and



(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form prescribed or approved by the division of state court administration with the clerk."

Delete pages 19 through 21.

Page 22, delete lines 1 through 23.

Page 24, delete lines 22 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 42. IC 34-30-2-148.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS** [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 148.6. IC 35-36-12-7 (Concerning a court appointed special advocate, an employee of a county court appointed special advocate, or a volunteer for a court appointed special advocate program for good faith performance of duties relating to assistance of a person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder).**

SECTION 43. IC 35-31.5-2-68.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS** [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 68.5. "Court appointed special advocate" means a community volunteer who:**

**(1) has completed a training program approved by the court that includes training in:**

**(A) the development of a person with an intellectual disability (as defined in IC 11-12-3.7-4.5) or an autism spectrum disorder (as defined in IC 11-12-3.7-2.5); and**

**(B) evidence based treatment and counseling programs for a person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder;**

**(2) has been appointed by a court to assist a person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder who has been charged with a criminal offense; and**

**(3) may research, examine, advocate, facilitate, and monitor the situation of a person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder who has been charged with a criminal offense.**

SECTION 44. IC 35-36-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS** [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]:

**Chapter 12. Court Appointed Special Advocate for Persons With Intellectual Disabilities or Autism Spectrum Disorders**

**Sec. 1. A court may appoint a court appointed special advocate at any time to assist a person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder who has been charged with a criminal**



offense.

**Sec. 2.** A court appointed special advocate shall assist the person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder to whom the advocate has been appointed.

**Sec. 3.** A court appointed special advocate may recommend to the court treatment programs and other services that may reduce recidivism and are available to the person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder.

**Sec. 4.** A court appointed special advocate serves until the court enters an order for removal.

**Sec. 5.** The court appointed special advocate is considered an officer of the court for the purpose of assisting the person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder.

**Sec. 6.** A court appointed special advocate appointed by a court under this chapter may continue to assist the person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder while the person is undergoing treatment or serving the person's sentence, if applicable.

**Sec. 7.** Except for gross misconduct:

- (1) a court appointed special advocate;
- (2) an employee of a county court appointed special advocate program; and
- (3) a volunteer for a court appointed special advocate program;

who performs in good faith duties relating to assistance of a person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder is immune from any civil liability that may occur as a result of that person's performance.

**Sec. 8.** The court may order the person assisted by the court appointed special advocate to pay a user fee to the:

- (1) court appointed special advocate program; or
- (2) individual who served as a court appointed special advocate;

for the services provided under this chapter.

**Sec. 9.** The court shall establish one (1) of the following procedures to be used to collect the user fee:

- (1) The court may order the person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder to pay the user fee to the court appointed special advocate program that provided the services.
- (2) The court may order the person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder to pay the user fee



to the individual court appointed special advocate that provided the services.

**Sec. 10. If the court orders the person with an intellectual disability or an autism spectrum disorder to pay a user fee under this chapter, the program or the individual shall report to the court the receipt of payment not later than thirty (30) days after receiving the payment."**

Delete page 25.

Page 26, delete lines 1 through 12, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 45. IC 35-38-2-2.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2013, SECTION 138, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2.3. (a) As a condition of probation, the court may require a person to do a combination of the following:

- (1) Work faithfully at suitable employment or faithfully pursue a course of study or career and technical education that will equip the person for suitable employment.
- (2) Undergo available medical or psychiatric treatment and remain in a specified institution if required for that purpose.
- (3) Attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction, recreation, or residence of persons on probation.
- (4) Participate in a treatment program, educational class, or rehabilitative service provided by a probation department or by referral to an agency.
- (5) Support the person's dependents and meet other family responsibilities.
- (6) Make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for damage or injury that was sustained by the victim. When restitution or reparation is a condition of probation, the court shall fix the amount, which may not exceed an amount the person can or will be able to pay, and shall fix the manner of performance.
- (7) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate governmental entity to repay the full amount of public relief or assistance wrongfully received, and make repayments according to a repayment schedule set out in the agreement.
- (8) Pay a fine authorized by IC 35-50.
- (9) Refrain from possessing a firearm or other deadly weapon unless granted written permission by the court or the person's probation officer.
- (10) Report to a probation officer at reasonable times as directed by the court or the probation officer.
- (11) Permit the person's probation officer to visit the person at



reasonable times at the person's home or elsewhere.

(12) Remain within the jurisdiction of the court, unless granted permission to leave by the court or by the person's probation officer.

(13) Answer all reasonable inquiries by the court or the person's probation officer and promptly notify the court or probation officer of any change in address or employment.

(14) Perform uncompensated work that benefits the community.

(15) Satisfy other conditions reasonably related to the person's rehabilitation.

(16) Undergo home detention under IC 35-38-2.5.

(17) Undergo a laboratory test or series of tests approved by the state department of health to detect and confirm the presence of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigen or antibodies to the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), if:

(A) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a criminal sexual act and the offense created an epidemiologically demonstrated risk of transmission of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); or

(B) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a controlled substance and the offense involved:

(i) the delivery by any person to another person; or

(ii) the use by any person on another person;

of a contaminated sharp (as defined in IC 16-41-16-2) or other paraphernalia that creates an epidemiologically demonstrated risk of transmission of HIV by involving percutaneous contact.

(18) Refrain from any direct or indirect contact with an individual and, if convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3, any animal belonging to the individual.

(19) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate governmental entity or with a person for reasonable costs incurred because of the taking, detention, or return of a missing child (as defined in IC 10-13-5-4).

(20) Periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined in IC 9-13-2-22) or series of chemical tests as specified by the court to detect and confirm the presence of a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9). The person on probation is responsible for any charges resulting from a test and shall have the results of any test under this subdivision reported to the person's probation officer by the laboratory.

(21) If the person was confined in a penal facility, execute a reimbursement plan as directed by the court and make repayments



under the plan to the authority that operates the penal facility for all or part of the costs of the person's confinement in the penal facility. The court shall fix an amount that:

- (A) may not exceed an amount the person can or will be able to pay;
- (B) does not harm the person's ability to reasonably be self supporting or to reasonably support any dependent of the person; and
- (C) takes into consideration and gives priority to any other restitution, reparation, repayment, or fine the person is required to pay under this section.

(22) Refrain from owning, harboring, or training an animal.

(23) Participate in a reentry court program.

**(24) Receive:**

**(A) addiction counseling;**

**(B) inpatient detoxification; and**

**(C) medication assisted treatment, including Vivitrol or a similar substance, for alcohol or opioid treatment.**

(b) When a person is placed on probation, the person shall be given a written statement specifying:

(1) the conditions of probation; and

(2) that if the person violates a condition of probation during the probationary period, a petition to revoke probation may be filed before the earlier of the following:

(A) One (1) year after the termination of probation.

(B) Forty-five (45) days after the state receives notice of the violation.

(c) As a condition of probation, the court may require that the person serve a term of imprisonment in an appropriate facility at the time or intervals (consecutive or intermittent) within the period of probation the court determines.

(d) Intermittent service may be required only for a term of not more than sixty (60) days and must be served in the county or local penal facility. The intermittent term is computed on the basis of the actual days spent in confinement and shall be completed within one (1) year. A person does not earn credit time while serving an intermittent term of imprisonment under this subsection. When the court orders intermittent service, the court shall state:

(1) the term of imprisonment;

(2) the days or parts of days during which a person is to be confined; and

(3) the conditions.



(e) Supervision of a person may be transferred from the court that placed the person on probation to a court of another jurisdiction, with the concurrence of both courts. Retransfers of supervision may occur in the same manner. This subsection does not apply to transfers made under IC 11-13-4 or IC 11-13-5.

(f) When a court imposes a condition of probation described in subsection (a)(18):

- (1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
- (2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form prescribed or approved by the division of state court administration with the clerk.

(g) As a condition of probation, a court shall require a person:

- (1) convicted of an offense described in IC 10-13-6-10;
- (2) who has not previously provided a DNA sample in accordance with IC 10-13-6; and
- (3) whose sentence does not involve a commitment to the department of correction;

to provide a DNA sample as a condition of probation.

(h) If a court imposes a condition of probation described in subsection (a)(4), the person on probation is responsible for any costs resulting from the participation in a program, class, or service. Any costs collected for services provided by the probation department shall be deposited in the county or local supplemental adult services fund."

Page 28, line 40, reset in roman "is nonsuspendible."

Page 28, line 40, after "nonsuspendible." insert "**However, a court may suspend a sentence under this subsection during the time the habitual offender is participating in a court approved substance abuse treatment program. If the habitual offender successfully completes the treatment program, the time the habitual offender spent in the treatment program shall be deducted from the habitual offender's additional fixed term of imprisonment.**"

Page 28, delete lines 41 through 42.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1304 as introduced.)

WASHBURNE

Committee Vote: yeas 12, nays 0.



## HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1304 be amended to read as follows:

Page 21, between lines 4 and 5, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 23. IC 12-23-14-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2012, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 16. (a) The court may require an eligible individual to pay a fee for a service of a program.

(b) If a fee is required, the court shall adopt by court rule a schedule of fees to be assessed for program services.

(c) The fee for program services, excluding reasonable fees for education or treatment and rehabilitation services, may not exceed four hundred dollars (\$400).

(d) ~~A fee collected~~ **An alcohol and drug services program or the clerk of the court shall collect fees** under this chapter. ~~shall be deposited in the city or county~~ **The fees must be transferred within thirty (30) days after the fees are collected for deposit by the auditor or fiscal officer in the appropriate** user fee fund **established under IC 33-37-8."**

Page 28, between lines 5 and 6, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 38. IC 33-37-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.97-2008, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies to criminal, infraction, and ordinance violation actions. However, it does not apply to a case excluded under IC 33-37-4-2(d).

(b) **Subject to IC 12-23-14-16(d)**, the clerk shall collect the alcohol and drug services program fee set by the court under IC 12-23-14-16 in a county that has established an alcohol and drug services program.

(c) In each action in which a defendant is found to have:

- (1) committed a crime;
- (2) violated a statute defining an infraction; or
- (3) violated an ordinance of a municipal corporation;

the clerk shall collect a law enforcement continuing education program fee of four dollars (\$4)."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1304 as printed February 13, 2015.)

KOCH





## COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill No. 1304, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 2, line 25, delete "track" and insert "**track, by age and offense,**".

Page 2, line 25, delete "of direct file charges of juveniles in adult" and insert "**of juveniles under the jurisdiction of an adult court due to:**

**(A) lack of jurisdiction under IC 31-30-1-4; or**

**(B) waiver of jurisdiction under IC 31-30-3-2 through IC 31-30-3-6."**

Page 2, delete line 26.

Page 2, delete lines 41 through 42.

Page 3, delete lines 1 through 5.

Page 15, delete lines 8 through 14.

Page 17, delete line 32 and insert "**resumed upon motion of the prosecuting attorney.**".

Page 17, line 37, delete "resumed." and insert "**resumed upon motion of the prosecuting attorney.**".

Page 17, line 39, after "program," insert "**the individual is entitled to accrued time for the**".

Page 17, line 40, delete "care shall be deducted from a fixed term of" and insert "**care.**".

Page 17, delete line 41.

Page 22, delete lines 38 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 26. IC 16-42-19-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 18. **(a)** A person may not possess ~~or have under control~~ with intent to:

**(1)** violate this chapter; **or**

**(2) commit an offense described in IC 35-48-4;**

a hypodermic syringe or needle or an instrument adapted for the use of a **controlled substance or** legend drug by injection in a human being.

**(b) A person who violates subsection (a) commits a Level 6 felony.**

SECTION 27. IC 16-42-19-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013, SECTION 248, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 27. **(a) Unless otherwise specified,** a person who knowingly violates this chapter, except sections 24 and



25(b) of this chapter, commits a Level 6 felony. However, the offense is a Level 5 felony if the person has a prior conviction under this subsection or IC 16-6-8-10(a) before its repeal.

(b) A person who violates section 24 of this chapter commits a Class B misdemeanor.

(c) A person who violates section 25(b) of this chapter commits dealing in an anabolic steroid, a Level 5 felony. However, the offense is a Level 4 felony if the person delivered the anabolic steroid to a person who is:

- (1) less than eighteen (18) years of age; and
- (2) at least three (3) years younger than the delivering person."

Page 23, delete lines 1 through 13.

Page 23, delete lines 27 through 42.

Page 24, delete lines 1 through 4.

Page 24, delete lines 11 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:**

- (1) "Custodial interrogation" has the meaning set forth in Indiana Evidence Rule 617.**
- (2) "Electronic recording" has the meaning set forth in Indiana Evidence Rule 617.**
- (3) "Place of detention" has the meaning set forth in Indiana Evidence Rule 617.**

**Sec. 2. A statement made during the custodial interrogation of a juvenile that is conducted at a place of detention is not admissible against the juvenile in a juvenile proceeding unless the interrogation complies with the requirements of Indiana Evidence Rule 617.**

**Sec. 3. (a) This section applies only to the custodial interrogation of a juvenile that is:**

- (1) not conducted at a place of detention; and**
- (2) conducted at a school or another place where a juvenile is detained in connection with the investigation.**

**(b) A statement made during a custodial interrogation described in subsection (a) is admissible against the juvenile in a felony criminal prosecution or in a juvenile proceeding only if:**

- (1) the interrogation complies with Indiana Evidence Rule 617; or**
- (2) the interrogation:**
  - (A) is recorded by using audio equipment; and**
  - (B) complies with every requirement of Indiana Evidence Rule 617, except for the requirement that an electronic**



**recording be an audio-visual recording."**

Page 25, delete line 1.

Page 25, line 2, delete "5." and insert "4."

Page 25, line 3, delete "electronically".

Page 25, line 6, after "be" insert "a".

Page 25, line 15, delete "6." and insert "5."

Page 25, line 15, delete "electronically".

Page 25, line 16, delete "is:" and insert "**is confidential at the discretion of the court.**".

Page 25, delete lines 17 through 28.

Page 25, line 29, delete "Shackling of" and insert "**Restraining**".

Page 25, line 30, delete "A" and insert "**(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a**".

Page 25, line 30, delete "shackled" and insert "**restrained**".

Page 25, line 31, after "determined" insert "**on the record, after considering the recommendation of the sheriff or transport officer, that**".

Page 25, between lines 31 and 32, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"(b) A court may order a juvenile restrained without considering the recommendation of the sheriff or transport officer if the juvenile has caused a physical disruption while in open court."**

Page 26, delete lines 8 through 23.

Page 34, line 19, delete "indigent defense" and insert "**compensation to a full-time chief public defender, if the county has established a county public defender office under IC 33-40-7 or IC 36-1-3, and the chief public defender exercises powers and duties consistent with IC 33-40-7-6 and IC 33-40-7-7.**".

Page 34, delete line 20.

Page 34, delete lines 36 through 37 and insert "**compensation for a full-time chief public defender, if the county has established a county public defender office under IC 33-40-7 or IC 36-1-3, and the chief public defender exercises powers and duties consistent with IC 33-40-7-6, IC 33-40-7-7, and the standards and guidelines adopted by the public defender commission.**".

Page 35, line 5, delete "a court appointed special" and insert "**a mental health**".

Page 35, line 5, delete "**county court**" and insert "**county mental health advocate,**".

Page 35, line 6, delete "appointed special advocate,".

Page 35, line 6, delete "court appointed".

Page 35, line 7, delete "special" and insert "**mental health**".



Page 35, line 10, delete "IC 35-31.5-2-68.5" and insert "IC 35-31.5-2-197.3".

Page 35, line 12, delete "68.5." Court appointed special" and insert "**197.3. "Mental health"**".

Page 35, between lines 28 and 29, begin a new paragraph and insert:  
 "SECTION 47. IC 35-31.5-2-279.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 279.5. "Rolling paper" means a small sheet, roll, or leaf of paper that is used for rolling a cigarette containing tobacco or another substance.**"

Page 35, line 32, delete "Court Appointed Special" and insert "**Mental Health**".

Page 35, line 34, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 35, line 38, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 35, line 41, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 36, line 3, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 36, line 5, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 36, line 8, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 36, line 14, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 36, line 15, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 36, line 17, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 36, line 23, after "by the" delete "court".

Page 36, line 24, delete "appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 36, line 25, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 36, line 26, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 36, line 33, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 36, line 37, delete "court appointed special" and insert "**mental health**".

Page 40, delete lines 15 through 42, begin a new paragraph and



insert:

"SECTION 50. IC 35-48-4-8.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013, SECTION 635, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8.3. (a) ~~A person who possesses a raw material; an instrument, a device, or other object that the person intends to use for:~~

- (1) ~~introducing into the person's body a controlled substance;~~
- (2) ~~testing the strength, effectiveness, or purity of a controlled substance; or~~
- (3) ~~enhancing the effect of a controlled substance;~~

~~in violation of this chapter commits a Class A infraction for possessing paraphernalia. This section does not apply to a rolling paper.~~

(b) ~~A person who knowingly or intentionally violates subsection (a) possesses an instrument, a device, or another object that the person intends to use for:~~

- (1) ~~introducing into the person's body a controlled substance;~~
- (2) ~~testing the strength, effectiveness, or purity of a controlled substance; or~~
- (3) ~~enhancing the effect of a controlled substance;~~

~~commits a Class A Class C misdemeanor. However, the offense is a Level 6 felony Class A misdemeanor if the person has a prior unrelated judgment or conviction under this section."~~

Page 41, delete line 1.

Page 43, line 1, delete "a sentence" and insert "**an additional term imposed**".

Page 43, line 5, after "program" insert "**is accrued time that**".

Page 43, after line 25, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 52. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015] (a) **As used in this SECTION, "autism" means autism spectrum disorder as defined by the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.**

(b) **As used in this SECTION, "individual with dual diagnosis" means an individual with:**

- (1) **a mental illness; and**
- (2) **one (1) or more of the following:**
  - (A) **An intellectual disability.**
  - (B) **A developmental disability.**
  - (C) **Autism.**

(c) **Before September 1, 2017, the division of mental health and addiction shall provide to the legislative council a report setting forth the following concerning evidence based mental health and**



**addiction forensic treatment services provided by community mental health centers to individuals with dual diagnosis to reduce the risk of recidivism:**

- (1) Mental health and addiction services provided by community mental health centers that are available in Indiana for an individual with dual diagnosis in Indiana.**
- (2) Barriers to providing mental health and addiction services to an individual with dual diagnosis.**
- (3) To what extent the mental health and addiction services for an individual with dual diagnosis are coordinated and integrated across health care delivery systems.**
- (4) Mental health and addiction services that are needed in Indiana for an individual with dual diagnosis.**
- (5) The roles of private sector providers and the public sector, including local and state government, for services identified under subdivisions (1) through (4).**

**A report to the legislative council under this subsection must be submitted in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.**

**(d) The report required under subsection (c) may use existing family and social services administration (FSSA) data and must include recommendations to enhance, coordinate, and integrate the response of Indiana's community mental health centers to individuals with dual diagnosis to reduce the risk of recidivism, including an evaluation of the need for or better use of the following:**

- (1) Appropriate screening and assessment tools.**
- (2) Training and expertise.**
- (3) Reimbursement strategies.**
- (4) Adequate staffing.**
- (5) Linkage to community based services.**
- (6) Other issues identified by the division of mental health and addiction.**

**(e) This SECTION expires December 31, 2017."**

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass and be reassigned to the Senate Committee on Appropriations.

(Reference is to HB 1304 as reprinted February 17, 2015.)

STEELE, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 6, Nays 3.

**EH 1304—LS 7399/DI 107**

