HOUSE BILL No. 1332

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-8.1-1-1; IC 6-11; IC 7.1-8; IC 9-30-5; IC 10-10.5-1-3; IC 10-13-8-5; IC 11-12-3.7-3; IC 16-31-3; IC 16-42-27-2; IC 20-28-5-8; IC 22-15-5-16; IC 25-1-1.1; IC 34-24-1-1; IC 34-30-2.1-73.5; IC 35-31.5-2-185; IC 35-45-6-1; IC 35-46-9-6; IC 35-48; IC 35-50-5-3; IC 35-52-7; IC 36-1-8.5-4.

Synopsis: Cannabis. Establishes a procedure for the lawful production and sale of cannabis in Indiana. Makes conforming amendments. Makes an appropriation.

Effective: July 1, 2025.

Johnson B

January 13, 2025, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.



First Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2025)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2024 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1332

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure and to make an appropriation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-8.1-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2023
SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. "Listed taxes" or "taxes" includes only the
pari-mutuel taxes (IC 4-31-9-3 through IC 4-31-9-5); the supplementa
wagering tax (IC 4-33-12); the riverboat wagering tax (IC 4-33-13); the
slot machine wagering tax (IC 4-35-8); the type II gambling game
excise tax (IC 4-36-9); the gross income tax (IC 6-2.1) (repealed); the
utility receipts and utility services use taxes (IC 6-2.3) (repealed); the
state gross retail and use taxes (IC 6-2.5); the adjusted gross income tax
(IC 6-3); the pass through entity tax (IC 6-3-2.1); the supplemental ne
income tax (IC 6-3-8) (repealed); the county adjusted gross income tax
(IC 6-3.5-1.1) (repealed); the county option income tax (IC 6-3.5-6)
(repealed); the county economic development income tax (IC 6-3.5-7)
(repealed); the local income tax (IC 6-3.6); the auto rental excise tax
(IC 6-6-9); the financial institutions tax (IC 6-5.5); the gasoline tax (IC
6-6-1.1); the special fuel tax (IC 6-6-2.5); the motor carrier fuel tax (IC
6-6-4.1); a motor fuel tax collected under a reciprocal agreement under



IC 6-8.1-3; the vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5); the aviation fuel excise tax (IC 6-6-13); the commercial vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5.5); the excise tax imposed on recreational vehicles and truck campers (IC 6-6-5.1); the hazardous waste disposal tax (IC 6-6-6.6) (repealed); the heavy equipment rental excise tax (IC 6-6-15); the vehicle sharing excise tax (IC 6-6-16); the cigarette tax (IC 6-7-1); the closed system cartridge tax (IC 6-7-2-7.5); the electronic cigarette tax (IC 6-7-4); the cannabis excise tax (IC 6-11): the beer excise tax (IC 7.1-4-2): the liquor excise tax (IC 7.1-4-3); the wine excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4); the hard cider excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4.5); the petroleum severance tax (IC 6-8-1); the various innkeeper's taxes (IC 6-9); the various food and beverage taxes (IC 6-9); the county admissions tax (IC 6-9-13 and IC 6-9-28); the oil inspection fee (IC 16-44-2); the penalties assessed for oversize vehicles (IC 9-20-3 and IC 9-20-18); the fees and penalties assessed for overweight vehicles (IC 9-20-4 and IC 9-20-18); and any other tax or fee that the department is required to collect or administer.

SECTION 2. IC 6-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]:

ARTICLE 11. CANNABIS EXCISE TAX

Chapter 1. Imposition and Collection of Tax

- Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this article:
 - (1) "Department" refers to the department of state revenue.
 - (2) "Person" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-2.5-1-3.
 - (3) "Retailer permittee" means a person who holds a cannabis retailer permit issued under IC 7.1-8-15.
- Sec. 2. A tax is imposed upon the privilege of selling cannabis at a rate of ten percent (10%) of the sales price per ounce of cannabis. This tax shall be paid to the department by the retailer permittee who sells the cannabis.
- Sec. 3. (a) Every person subject to the tax under this article shall remit the tax owed to the department before the fifteenth day of the month following the month in which the cannabis is sold.
- (b) The department shall prescribe the return to be filed for the payment of the tax.
- Sec. 4. The amounts received from the tax imposed by this article shall be transferred by the state comptroller to the cannabis regulation fund established by IC 7.1-8-2-12.
- Sec. 5. The department has full power to administer and enforce this chapter, to collect all taxes and penalties due, and to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected as provided by law. The tax is a listed tax for purposes of IC 6-8.1.



1	Sec. 6. Except as otherwise provided in this article, a tax
2	imposed under this chapter shall be imposed, paid, and collected in
3	the same manner that the state gross retail tax is imposed, paid,
4	and collected under IC 6-2.5.
5	Sec. 7. The department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
6	implement this article.
7	SECTION 3. IC 7.1-8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A
8	NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
9	2025]:
10	ARTICLE 8. CANNABIS
11	Chapter 1. Definitions
12	Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this article
13	unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
14	(1) "Applicant" means a person who applies for a permit
15	under this article.
16	(2) "Batch" means cannabis plants that have been grown
17	together.
18	(3) "Cannabis" means any part of the plant genus Cannabis,
19	whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, and any compound,
20	manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the
21	plant or its seeds. However, the term does not include:
22	(A) the mature stalks of the plant;
23	(B) fiber produced from the stalks;
24	(C) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant;
25	(D) any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
26	mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks (except the
27	resin extracted therefrom);
28	(E) the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of
29	germination;
30	(F) hemp (as defined in IC 15-15-13-6);
31	(G) low THC hemp extract (as defined in IC 35-48-1-17.5);
32	or
33	(H) smokable hemp (as defined in IC 35-48-1-26.6).
34	(4) "Cannabis canopy" means the surface area used to grow
35	cannabis plants calculated in square feet and measured using
36	the outside boundaries of any area that includes cannabis
37	plants, including all of the space within the boundaries. If
38	cannabis is grown in a multi-level grow facility, the surface
39	area used to grow cannabis on each level shall be calculated
40	separately and added together to determine the size of the
41	cannabis canopy.
42	(5) "Cannabis permittee" means an individual, partnership,



1	company, or corporation permitted to grow, process,
2	transport, or sell cannabis or cannabis products for
3	commercial purposes in Indiana.
4	(6) "Carrier" means a person who is engaged in the
5	transportation of cannabis or cannabis products between a
6	grower, a processor, and a retailer and holds a permit issued
7	under IC 7.1-8-14.
8	(7) "Commission" means the cannabis commission established
9	by IC 7.1-8-2-1.
10	(8) "Crop" means any cannabis grown under a single permit.
11	(9) "Grower" means an individual, partnership, company, or
12	corporation that produces cannabis for commercial purposes
13	and that holds a permit issued under IC 7.1-8-12.
14	(10) "Integrated permittee" means a permittee who
15	simultaneously holds a grower permit, a processor permit,
16	and a retailer permit.
17	(11) "Permit" means a written authorization issued by the
18	commission entitling the holder to grow, process, transport.
19	sell, test, or otherwise deal in cannabis or cannabis products,
20	as provided in this article.
21	(12) "Permittee" means a person who holds a valid permit
22	under this article, including an agent of, employee of, or
23	another person acting on behalf of a permittee.
24	(13) "Personally cultivate" means to grow cannabis for
25	personal household use.
26	(14) "Processor" means an individual, partnership, company.
27	or corporation holding a permit issued under IC 7.1-8-13 that
28	obtains cannabis from a grower and:
29	(A) extracts botanical compounds or cannabinoids from
30	the cannabis;
31	(B) creates a cannabis infused product; or
32	(C) prepares or packages cannabis or cannabis products
33	for retail sale for sale or transfer.
34	(15) "Retailer" means an individual, partnership, company
35	or corporation that holds a permit under IC 7.1-8-15 and that
36	in the ordinary course of the person's regular trade or
37	business:
38	(A) acquires any form of cannabis or cannabis products
39	for the purpose of resale; and
40	(B) transfers the cannabis or cannabis products to another
41	person for money or other consideration.

(16) "Statewide monitoring system" means the statewide



1	cannabis tracking and momeoring system established under
2	IC 7.1-8-17.
3	Chapter 2. Cannabis Commission
4	Sec. 1. The cannabis commission is established as an agency of
5	the executive branch of state government for purposes of
6	regulating the production and sale of cannabis and cannabis
7	products.
8	Sec. 2. The commission consists of four (4) members.
9	Sec. 3. (a) The commissioners shall be appointed by the
0	governor.
1	(b) A commissioner serves for a term that ends June 30 of the
2	next odd-numbered year after appointment. A commissioner is
3	eligible for reappointment.
4	(c) Not more than two (2) commissioners may belong to the
5	same political party.
6	(d) A commissioner may only be removed for cause.
7	Sec. 4. To be eligible for appointment as a commissioner an
8	individual must have the following qualifications:
9	(1) The individual may not be employed by the state in any
20	other capacity.
21	(2) The individual must have been an Indiana resident for at
22	least ten (10) years immediately preceding the appointment.
23	(3) The individual may not have a financial interest in a
24	cannabis permittee or in an entity governed by:
25	(A) this title;
26	(B) IC 4-29;
27	(C) IC 4-29.5;
28	(D) IC 4-31;
.9	(E) IC 4-32.3;
0	(F) IC 4-33;
1	(G) IC 4-35; or
2	(H) IC 4-36.
3	(4) The individual may not have been convicted within ten
4	(10) years before the date of appointment of:
5	(A) a federal crime having a sentence of greater than one
6	(1) year;
7	(B) a Class A, Class B, or Class C felony (for a crime
8	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 1, Level 2, Level
9	3, Level 4, or Level 5 felony (for a crime committed after
-0	June 30, 2014); or
-1	(C) a crime in another state that is substantially similar to
-2	a crime described in clause (B).



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1	Sec. 5. The governor shall appoint one (1) of the commissioners
2	to serve as chairperson of the commission. The governor also shall
3	appoint one (1) of the commissioners to serve as chairperson pro
4	tempore in the absence of the chairperson. The chairperson and
5	chairperson pro tempore serve at the pleasure of the governor.
6	Sec. 6. A commissioner appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve
7	only for the remainder of the unexpired term.
8	Sec. 7. (a) As compensation for services, each commissioner is
9	entitled to the minimum salary per diem provided by
10	IC 4-10-11-2.1(b). A commissioner is also entitled to
11	reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under
12	IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection
13	with the commissioner's duties as provided in the state policies and

(b) The expenses of the commission shall be paid from funds appropriated to the commission.

procedures established by the Indiana department of

Sec. 8. (a) Each commissioner shall execute:

administration and approved by the budget agency.

- (1) a surety bond in the amount of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), with surety approved by the governor; and
- (2) an oath of office.
- The surety bond and the oath of office shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.
- (b) The required surety bond executed and filed on behalf of a commissioner, an enforcement officer (under IC 7.1-8-5), or the prosecutor (under IC 7.1-8-3) shall be made payable to the state of Indiana and conditioned upon the faithful discharge of the bonded party's respective duties.
- Sec. 9. (a) Three (3) members of the commission constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
 - (b) Each commissioner has one (1) vote.
- (c) Action of the commission may be taken only upon the affirmative votes of at least two (2) commissioners. If a vote of the commission is a tie, the position for which the chairperson voted prevails, as long as that position has received the affirmative votes of at least two (2) commissioners.
- Sec. 10. The commission shall hold regular meetings on at least a quarterly basis. The commission may hold special meetings whenever the commission deems it necessary. The procedure for the calling of a special meeting shall be provided for in the rules of the commission. The commission has the power to adjourn, from time to time, both regular and special meetings. In no event,



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1	nowever, shan the adjournment be later than the next regular
2	meeting date.
3	Sec. 11. A commissioner may not solicit or accept a political
4	contribution from any person or entity that has a permit or has
5	applied for a permit issued by the commission. However, the right
6	of a commissioner to vote as the commissioner chooses and to
7	express the commissioner's opinions on political subjects and
8	candidates may not be impaired.
9	Sec. 12. (a) As used in this section, "fund" means the cannabis
10	regulation fund established by subsection (b).
11	(b) The cannabis regulation fund is established for the purpose
12	of implementing, administering, and enforcing this article. The
13	fund shall be administered by the commission.
14	(c) The fund consists of taxes, fees, and civil penalties collected
15	under this article.
16	(d) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from
17	money in the fund.
18	(e) The treasurer of state shall invest money in the fund not
19	currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same
20	manner as other public money may be invested. Interest that
21	accrues from these investments shall be deposited in the fund.
22	(f) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not
23	revert to the state general fund. However, the treasurer of state
24	shall distribute money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year
25	as follows:
26	(1) Fifteen percent (15%) to prosecuting attorneys in counties
27	in which a cannabis retail facility is located, allocated in
28	proportion to the number of cannabis retail facilities within
29	the county as compared to the total number of cannabis retail
30	facilities in Indiana.
31	(2) Fifteen percent (15%) to cities, towns, and counties (if a
32	facility is not located in a city or town) in which a cannabis
33	growing facility, processing facility, or retail facility is
34	located, allocated in proportion to the number of growing
35	facilities, processing facilities, and retail facilities in Indiana.
36	(3) Twenty percent (20%) to the Indiana department of health
37	to be used to develop, in consultation with the department of
38	education, a cannabis abuse prevention and education

(4) Twenty-five percent (25%) to the Indiana department of

health for use by the division of mental health and addiction.

(5) Twenty-five percent (25%) to the state police department.



program for youth.

1	Chapter 3. Office of the Prosecutor
2	Sec. 1. The office of the prosecutor is established within the
3	commission.
4	Sec. 2. The prosecutor shall be appointed by the governor for a
5	term of four (4) years to be served at the pleasure of the governor.
6	The prosecutor must be a resident of Indiana and licensed to
7	practice law in Indiana.
8	Sec. 3. The prosecutor shall execute a surety bond in the amount
9	of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), with surety approved by the
10	governor, and an oath of office, both of which shall be filed in the
11	office of the secretary of state.
12	Sec. 4. As compensation for services, the prosecutor shall
13	receive an annual salary to be fixed in the same manner that the
14	salaries of other state officials are fixed. In addition to the annual
15	salary, the prosecutor shall be reimbursed for traveling and other
16	expenses necessarily incurred while away from the office carrying
17	out prosecutorial duties.
18	Sec. 5. The prosecutor has the following powers and duties:
19	(1) To prosecute before the commission all violations of laws
20	pertaining to cannabis or cannabis products.
21	(2) To prosecute before the commission all violations of the
22	rules of the commission.
23	(3) To assist the prosecuting attorneys of the various judicial
24	circuits in the investigation and prosecution of violations of
25	laws pertaining to cannabis or cannabis products.
26	(4) To appear before grand juries to assist in their
27	investigations into matters pertaining to cannabis and
28	cannabis products.
29	(5) To establish a seal of office.
30	(6) To administer oaths and to do all other acts authorized by
31	law for notaries public.
32	(7) To employ, with the consent of the commission and at
33	salaries fixed by the commission in its budget, the clerical staff
34	required to effectively discharge the duties of the prosecutor.
35	Sec. 6. The commission shall provide the prosecutor with
36	appropriate office space and all necessary office supplies and
37	services. All claims for salaries and necessary expenses of the office
38	of the prosecutor shall be allowed, approved, and paid by the
39	commission.
40	Chapter 4. Executive Director
41	Sec. 1. The commission shall employ an executive director to aid

the commission in the efficient administration of its powers and



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2	Sec. 2. The executive director's compensation shall be approved
3	annually by the commission.
4	Sec. 3. The commission may by resolution assign to the executive
5	director any duty imposed upon the commission by this article.
6	Sec. 4. The executive director shall perform the duties assigned
7	to the executive director by the commission. The executive director
8	may exercise any power conferred upon the commission by this
9	article that is consistent with the duties assigned to the executive
10	director under this chapter.
11	Sec. 5. In addition to any salary paid under this chapter, the
12	executive director is entitled to reimbursement for traveling
13	expenses and other expenses actually incurred in connection with
14	the executive director's duties, as provided in the state policies and
15	procedures established by the Indiana department of
16	administration and approved by the budget agency.
17	Chapter 5. Enforcement Officers
18	Sec. 1. The commission may employ a superintendent of the
19	enforcement officers and qualified individuals to serve as
20	enforcement officers of the commission.
21	Sec. 2. The superintendent of the enforcement officers must
22	have at least ten (10) years experience as an active law enforcement
23	officer, at least five (5) years of which must have been in a
24	management capacity.
25	Sec. 3. An enforcement officer who has completed the required
26	training at the Indiana law enforcement academy is vested with full
27	police powers and duties to enforce:
28	(1) the provisions of this article; and
29	(2) any other Indiana law relating to cannabis and cannabis
30	products.
31	Sec. 4. An enforcement officer may issue a summons for
32	infraction or misdemeanor violations if the defendant promises to
33	appear by signing the summons. A defendant who fails to appear
34	is subject to the penalties provided by IC 35-44.1-2-10. Upon
35	failure to appear, the court shall issue a warrant for the arrest of
36	the defendant.
37	Sec. 5. An enforcement officer may act as an officer for the
38	arrest of offenders against Indiana law if the enforcement officer
39	reasonably believes that a crime is or is about to be committed or
40	attempted in the enforcement officer's presence.
41	Sec. 6. Each enforcement officer shall execute a surety bond in

the amount of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with surety approved



duties.

by the commission, and an oath of office, both of which shall be filed with the commission.

Sec. 7. An eligible enforcement officer who retires with at least twenty (20) years of service as an enforcement officer may retain the officer's service weapon. The officer is entitled to receive, in recognition of the officer's service to the commission and to the public, a badge that indicates that the officer is retired. The commission shall issue the officer who is retiring an identification card stating the officer's name and rank, signifying that the officer is retired, and noting the officer's authority to retain the service weapon.

- Sec. 8. The commission has the power to employ and remove at will all necessary employees, and to fix their duties, authority, and, with proper approval, compensation.
- Sec. 9. The superintendent of the enforcement officers may discharge a nonprobationary enforcement officer for just cause. The commission shall adopt rules to establish a probationary period and a procedure for the adjudication of the propriety of the discharge of a nonprobationary enforcement officer.
- Sec. 10. (a) The commission shall categorize salaries of enforcement officers within each rank based upon the rank held and the number of years of service in the commission through the twentieth year. The salary ranges that the commission assigns to each rank shall be divided into a base salary and twenty (20) increments above the base salary with:
 - (1) the base salary in the rank paid to a person with less than one (1) year of service in the commission; and
 - (2) the highest salary in the rank paid to a person with at least twenty (20) years of service in the commission.
- (b) The salary matrix prescribed by this section shall be reviewed and approved by the budget agency before implementation.
- (c) The salary matrix prescribed by this section must have parity with the salary matrix prescribed by the natural resources commission under IC 14-9-8 for conservation officers of the department of natural resources. The budget agency shall approve a salary matrix that meets the parity requirement of this subsection.

Chapter 6. Duties and Responsibilities of the Commission

Sec. 1. The chairperson is the presiding officer at the meetings of the commission. The chairperson shall prepare, certify, and authenticate all proceedings, minutes, records, and rules of the



1	commission. The chairperson or the chairperson's designee also
2	shall perform all other duties as imposed by this article.
3	Sec. 2. The commission has the power to organize its work and
4	carry on the functions of the commission and to enforce and
5	administer the provisions of this article and the rules of the
6	commission.
7	Sec. 3. The commission, in accordance with IC 5-15-5.1, has the
8	power to prescribe the forms for all applications, permits, licenses,
9	certificates, and other documents and records used in the
10	administration of this article.
l 1	Sec. 4. The commission has the power to:
12	(1) hold hearings before the commission or its representative;
13	(2) take testimony and receive evidence;
14	(3) conduct inquiries with or without hearings;
15	(4) receive reports of investigators or other governmental
16	officers and employees;
17	(5) administer oaths;
18	(6) subpoena witnesses and compel them to appear and
19	testify;
20	(7) issue and enforce subpoenas duces tecum;
21	(8) take or institute proceedings to enforce subpoenas and the
22	rules, orders, or requirements of the commission or its
23 24	representative;
24	(9) fix the compensation paid to witnesses appearing before
25	the commission;
26	(10) establish and use the seal of the commission;
27	(11) certify copies of records of the commission or any other
28	document or record on file with the commission;
29	(12) fix the form, mode, manner, time, and number of times
30	for the posting or publication of any required notices if not
31	otherwise provided in this article;
32	(13) issue letters of extension as authorized by this article; and
33	(14) hold permits on deposit as authorized by this article.
34	Sec. 5. (a) The commission shall prepare a quarterly report that
35	describes the violations by permittees subject to an enforcement
36	action under this article. Beginning in January 2026, the
37	commission shall issue the quarterly reports on or before the
38	fifteenth day of:
39	(1) January, concerning violations committed during the
10	preceding quarter consisting of the months of October
1 1	through December;



2025

(2) April, concerning violations committed during the

1	preceding quarter consisting of the months of January
2 3	through March;
	(3) July, concerning violations committed during the
4	preceding quarter consisting of the months of April through
5	June; and
6	(4) October, concerning violations committed during the
7	preceding quarter consisting of the months of July through
8	September.
9	(b) The commission's quarterly report must provide
10	noncompliance violations by:
11	(1) business listing;
12	(2) permit type; and
13	(3) county.
14	(c) The commission shall post the quarterly reports on the
15	commission's website. The commission shall:
16	(1) prepare a report annually that compiles the violations for
17	the preceding calendar year; and
18	(2) provide the report to the legislative council not later than
19	February 1 of each year in an electronic format under
20	IC 5-14-6.
21	Sec. 6. The commission has the authority to petition the circuit
22	or superior court of the county in which the hearing or
23	investigation is being held to compel obedience to the lawful
24	requirements of its subpoena under this chapter.
25	Sec. 7. The commission is responsible for the enforcement and
26	administration of this article.
27	Sec. 8. The commission shall adopt rules in accordance with
28	IC 4-22-2 to implement and administer this article.
29	Sec. 9. The commission has the power to adopt rules governing
30	the following:
31	(1) The conduct of the meetings and business of the
32	commission.
33	(2) The conduct of hearings before any of the commission's
34	representatives.
35	(3) The conduct of the business of a permittee authorized or
36	governed by the provisions of this article.
37	(4) The enforcement of the provisions of this article and of the
38	rules of the commission.
39	(5) The standards of purity and methods of processing used in
40	the production of cannabis and cannabis products.
41	(6) The prevention of misbranding or adulteration of cannabis
42	and cannabis products.



1	(7) The prevention of fraud, evasion, trickery, or deceit in the
2	processing, labeling, advertisement, transportation, or sale of
3	cannabis and cannabis products, or the evasion of other
4	Indiana law relating to cannabis and cannabis products.
5	Sec. 10. The commission shall adopt rules to do the following:
6	(1) Establish safety and security standards for facilities used
7	for the growth, processing, testing, storage, or sale of cannabis
8	or cannabis products.
9	(2) Mandate periodic training for persons employed in a
10	facility used for the growth, processing, testing, storage, or
11	sale of cannabis or cannabis products.
12	(3) Establish or approve training and other programming for
13	persons employed in a facility used for the growth, processing
14	testing, storage, or sale of cannabis or cannabis products.
15	Chapter 7. Regulation of Permits and Permittees
16	Sec. 1. The commission has the discretionary authority to issue
17	deny, suspend, revoke, or not renew all permits and certificates
18	authorized by this article, unless the exercise of discretion or
19	authority is limited by applicable provisions of this article.
20	Sec. 2. (a) The commission shall prepare and maintain, available
21	for public inspection, a registry of all permits issued by the
22	commission, categorized by type of permit and by the type of
23	establishment to which the permit is issued. The registry of permits
24	must:
25	(1) be subdivided on a county by county basis, and further
26	subdivided by city, town, and unincorporated area;
27	(2) contain the number of permits authorized by the quota
28	and the number of permits currently issued;
29	(3) contain the name of the owner of the permit, the address
30	of the permitted premises, the assumed business name under
31	which the business is conducted, and, if a corporation, the
32	names of the president and secretary; and
33	(4) be made current annually, to indicate by specific notation
34	any new permits that were issued or any existing permits that
35	were transferred in any manner within the prior year.
36	(b) The registry of permits is a public record.
37	Sec. 3. The commission has the power to investigate applicants
38	and permittees, and any violation of a provision of this article and
39	of the rules of the commission, and to report its findings to the
40	prosecuting attorney or the grand jury of the county in which the
41	violation occurred, or to the attorney general.

Sec. 4. The commission has the power to prohibit the sale,



transportation, or movement of cannabis or cannabis product
when, in the judgment of the commission, it is necessary during
time of public emergency, civil disturbance, riot, or epidemic. Th
prohibition may be imposed without prior notice or advertisemen
and may be continued in force as long as the need continues.

- Sec. 5. (a) The commission has the power to examine, inspect, and search a permitted premises or a vehicle where cannabis or cannabis products are kept, processed, or sold.
- (b) The commission has the power to seize cannabis or cannabis products, or any other personal property when the seizure is lawful under the provisions of this article.
- Sec. 6. The commission has the power to prevent a part of the premises connected with, or in any way used in connection with, a permitted premises, from being used as a subterfuge or means of evading the provisions of this article or the rules of the commission.
- Sec. 7. The commission has the power to set standards of cleanliness and sanitation for a permitted premises and for the apparatuses, equipment, utensils, accessories, articles, and fixtures used or employed in the permitted premises.
- Sec. 8. The commission has the power to require the destruction or removal of cases, containers, apparatuses, or devices, used or likely to be used, in evading, violating, or preventing the enforcement of the provisions of this article or the rules of the commission.
- Sec. 9. (a) The commission has the power to regulate and prohibit advertising, signs, displays, posters, and designs intended to advertise cannabis, a cannabis product, or the place where cannabis or cannabis products are sold.
- (b) The commission may not exercise the prohibition power contained in subsection (a) as to any advertisement broadcast over licensed radio and television stations.
- (c) All advertisements relating to cannabis or cannabis products must conform to the rules of the commission.
- (d) The commission shall not exercise the prohibition power contained in subsection (a) as to advertising in the official program of the Indianapolis 500 Race.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other law, the commission may not prohibit the use of an illuminated sign advertising cannabis or cannabis products by brand name that is displayed within the interior or on the exterior of the premises covered by the permit, regardless of whether the sign is illuminated constantly or intermittently.



1	(f) The commission may not prohibit the advertisement of:
2	(1) cannabis or cannabis products; or
3	(2) a place where cannabis or cannabis products may be
4	obtained;
5	in a program, scorecard, handbill, throw-away newspaper, or
6	menu. However, advertisements described in this subsection must
7	conform to the rules of the commission.
8	(g) Cannabis or cannabis products must be marketed or
9	advertised as "cannabis" for use only by persons at least
0	twenty-one (21) years of age.
l 1	(h) Cannabis or cannabis products may not be marketed or
12	advertised to persons less than twenty-one (21) years of age. The
13	commission shall determine whether a sponsorship is marketed or
14	advertised to a person less than twenty-one (21) years of age.
15	(i) Cannabis or cannabis products may not be advertised on any
16	television program, radio program, website, or print publication
17	unless there is reliable evidence that seventy percent (70%) of the
18	$audience \ is \ reasonably \ expected \ to \ be \ at \ least \ twenty-one \ (21) \ years$
19	of age.
20	(j) Any cannabis or cannabis products advertised must bear a
21	warning label stating the following:
22	"For use by adults only. Keep out of reach of children. It is
23 24 25	illegal to drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of
24	cannabis. National Poison Control Center 1-800-222-1222.".
	Sec. 10. (a) As used in this section, "facility" includes the
26	following:
27	(1) A facility permitted under this article.
28	(2) A tract that contains a premises permitted under this
29	article.
30	(3) A horse track or satellite facility.
31	(4) A riverboat or racetrack.
32	(5) A tract that contains an entertainment complex.
33	(b) As used in this section, "tract" has the meaning set forth in
34	IC 6-1.1-1-22.5.
35	(c) A facility may advertise cannabis or cannabis products:
36	(1) in the facility's interior; or
37	(2) on the facility's exterior.
38	(d) The commission may not exercise the prohibition power
39	contained in this chapter on advertising by a permittee in or on a
10	facility.
11	(e) A facility may provide advertising to a permittee in exchange

for compensation from that permittee.



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1	Sec. 11. The commission has the power to require the
2	registration of all brands, formulas, analyses, and labels used or
3	proposed to be used in selling or advertising cannabis or cannabis
4	products. The commission does not have the power to require the
5	disclosure of formulas that are verified trade secrets.
6	Sec. 12. The commission has the power to regulate the modes
7	and methods of dealing in, and the transportation of, cannabis and
8	cannabis products.
9	Sec. 13. The commission has the power to:
10	(1) prescribe the manner and methods by which all records
11	relating to cannabis and cannabis products are kept and
12	preserved;
13	(2) inspect all records relating to cannabis and cannabis
14	products; and
15	(3) require true copies of any record to be made and furnished
16	to the commission.
17	Sec. 14. The commission may require that, before the
18	transportation of cannabis or cannabis products into Indiana by an
19	authorized permittee, the permittee shall submit written, verified
20	information concerning the proposed transportation and execute
21	and file any documents required. The commission has the power to
22	inspect the shipments in transit and the vehicle used in the
23	transportation.
24	Sec. 15. The commission, unless otherwise specifically
25	prohibited, may delegate the powers and duties conferred on it in
26	this article to responsible employees of the commission. However,
27	the commission bears ultimate responsibility.
28	Sec. 16. The members of the commission and their officers and
29	employees are immune from civil liability for an act or omission
30	done under the authority, or the color of authority, conferred by
31	this article or by a rule or order of the commission, unless the act
32	or omission constitutes gross negligence or willful or wanton
33	misconduct.
34	Sec. 17. The commission and the chairperson have, in addition
35	to the express powers enumerated in this article, the authority to
36	exercise all powers necessary and proper to carry out the policies
37	of this article and to promote efficient administration by the
38	commission.
39	Chapter 8. Searches and Seizures

Sec. 1. A circuit or superior court may issue a warrant to search

a house or other place for cannabis, cannabis products, or another

article that is being possessed, kept, sold, bartered, given away,



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used, or transported in violation of this article.

2	Sec. 2. The warrant shall be directed to the officer, agent, or
3	employee of the commission who filed the affidavit for the warrant
4	and otherwise it shall be directed to any officer who has the power
5	to serve criminal process. The warrant shall be served by the
6	person to whom it was issued in the daytime or nighttime and the
7	return made within twenty (20) days from the date of issue.
8	Sec. 3. The officer who serves the warrant shall seize any article
9	described in the warrant and any other article found during the
10	search that is used in the violation of a provision of this article and
11	hold the article in the same manner as other items seized pursuant
12	to a search warrant are held.
13	Sec. 4. A person has no property right of any kind in:
14	(1) cannabis or a cannabis product possessed contrary to law;
15	(2) a receptacle or container holding cannabis or a cannabis
16	product possessed contrary to law;
17	(3) an unlawful or prohibited receptacle or container; or
18	(4) a receptacle or container that violates a rule of the
19	commission or that is being used in a manner that violates a
20	rule of the commission.
21	Sec. 5. Testimony concerning the appearance, taste, or odor of
22	cannabis or a cannabis product is admissible as evidence in a
23	criminal prosecution or in a proceeding before the commission.
24	Sec. 6. An unbroken cannabis container with a label altered so
25	that it does not describe the cannabis or cannabis product
26	accurately is admissible as evidence in a court.
27	Sec. 7. The court shall receive oral testimony upon a matter
28	referred to in this chapter for the purpose of showing a violation of
29	this article whether the container is offered in evidence or not.
30	Sec. 8. (a) If a substance is removed or destroyed before it is
31	able to be seized under this chapter, the trier of fact may infer that
32	the substance was cannabis or a cannabis product possessed in
33	violation of this article.
34	(b) Proof of the possession of an empty container permits a trier
35	of fact to infer that the person who possessed the container
36	possessed cannabis or a cannabis product.
37	Chapter 9. Public Nuisances
38	Sec. 1. The following are declared to be a public nuisance:
39	(1) A premises, vehicle, or place of any kind where at least one
40	(1) of the following occurs:
41	(A) Cannabis or a cannabis product of any type is
42	possessed in violation of Indiana law or a rule of the



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1	commission.
2	(B) A person is permitted to use the premises, vehicle, or
3	place for the purpose of consuming cannabis or cannabis
4	products in violation of Indiana law or a rule of the
5	commission.
6	(2) A place where cannabis or cannabis products are kept for
7	delivery in violation of Indiana law or in violation of a rule of
8	the commission.
9	(3) The business property of a person who knowingly or
10	intentionally possesses cannabis or cannabis products in
11	violation of Indiana law or a rule of the commission.
12	Sec. 2. The plaintiff in an action to abate a public nuisance
13	under this chapter must prove that the owner of the premises,
14	vehicle, or place had actual knowledge of the actions alleged to
15	constitute a nuisance.
16	Sec. 3. In determining whether an owner should be held liable
17	for failing to abate a public nuisance under this chapter, the court
18	shall consider the efforts the owner took to abate the public
19	nuisance, including whether the law enforcement agency that
20	serves the owner's property was notified by the owner or the
21	owner's employee of the actions alleged to constitute the public
22	nuisance.
23	Sec. 4. If a permittee violates this article on a premises or in a
24	vehicle where cannabis or a cannabis product is kept, the premises
25	or vehicle is a public nuisance.
26	Sec. 5. Untaxed cannabis, the receptacle in which it is contained,
27	and the premises or vehicle where it is kept constitute a public
28	nuisance.
29	Sec. 6. (a) The following may bring an action to abate a public
30	nuisance or a violation of this article:
31	(1) The commission.
32	(2) The chairperson of the commission.
33	(3) The attorney general.
34	(4) The prosecuting attorney exercising jurisdiction in the
35	county where the public nuisance or violation occurs.
36	(5) A permittee.
37	(6) A resident of the county where the public nuisance or
38	violation occurs.
39	(b) The court may grant a temporary restraining order, a
40	preliminary injunction, a permanent injunction, and any other
41	relief authorized under Indiana law.

Sec. 7. A prevailing plaintiff in an action brought to abate a



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1	public nuisance is entitled to, at the discretion of the court:
2	(1) an order that the premises be closed for a period of one (1)
3	year; or
4	(2) an order that the premises be closed for a period of less
5	than one (1) year and an award of liquidated damages in an
6	amount of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and not
7	more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the state
8	of Indiana.
9	Sec. 8. An action authorized by this chapter shall be brought in
0	the name of the state of Indiana on the relation of the commission.
1	The commission may be represented by an attorney selected by it
2	by the attorney general, or by a deputy or assistant attorney
3	general assigned by the attorney general for the purpose of
4	instituting or conducting the action, or by both.
5	Sec. 9. The remedies authorized by this chapter are cumulative
6	and nonexclusive. The remedies provided in this chapter do not
7	affect the power of the commission to revoke a permit.
8	Chapter 10. Jurisdiction and Miscellaneous Judicial
9	Proceedings
0.	Sec. 1. An action brought against the commission, or against the
21	chairperson as the chairperson, shall be brought in the circuit or
.2	superior court of Marion County unless otherwise specifically
:3 :4	provided in this article.
24	Sec. 2. The commission may bring an action for declaratory
25	judgment under IC 34-14-1-1.
26	Chapter 11. Issuance of Permits Generally
27	Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:
28	(1) "Minority" means a person identified as:
.9	(A) Black;
0	(B) Native American;
1	(C) Asian American; or
2	(D) Hispanic.
3	(2) "Owned and controlled" means:
4	(A) ownership of at least fifty-one percent (51%) of the
5	enterprise, including corporate stock of a corporation;
6	(B) control over the management and being active in the
7	day to day operations of the business; and
8	(C) an interest in the capital, assets, and profits and losses
9	of the business proportionate to the percentage of
-0	ownership.
-1	(3) "Veteran" means an individual who:
-2	(A) has previously:



1	(i) served on active duty in any branch of the armed
2	forces of the United States or their reserves, or in the
3	Indiana National Guard; and
4	(ii) received an honorable discharge from service; or
5	(B) is currently serving in:
6	(i) any branch of the armed forces of the United States or
7	their reserves; or
8	(ii) the Indiana National Guard.
9	Sec. 2. (a) The commission may issue only the types of permits
10	authorized by this article subject to the applicable provisions of
11	this article.
12	(b) Beginning July 1, 2025, the commission shall accept
13	applications for cannabis permits.
14	Sec. 3. A permit:
15	(1) is a revocable privilege granted by the state; and
16	(2) is not a property right.
17	Sec. 4. The commission may issue a permit under this article
18	only to:
19	(1) an individual;
20	(2) a partnership;
21	(3) a limited liability company; or
22	(4) a corporation organized and existing under Indiana law.
23	Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the commission
24	shall issue not less than fifteen percent (15%) of allowable permits
25	under this article to businesses owned and controlled by one (1) or
26	more:
27	(1) minorities; or
28	(2) veterans.
29	(b) If an insufficient number of qualifying applications are by a
30	person described in subsection (a), the commission shall issue
31	permits in the usual way.
32	Sec. 6. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, a permit
33	issued by the commission is valid for one (1) calendar year,
34	including the day upon which it is granted. At the end of the one (1)
35	year period, the permit expires and is void.
36	(b) The commission shall timely process a permittee's
37	application for renewal of a permit unless the permittee receives a
38	notice of a violation from the office of the prosecutor.
39	(c) The commission may timely process an application for
40	renewal of a permit filed by a permittee that receives notice of a
41	violation as described in subsection (f) if the chairnerson or the

chairperson's designee authorizes the application for renewal of



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the permit to be timely processed.

- (d) A permittee may file an application for renewal of a permit not later than thirty (30) days after the date the permit expires.
- (e) If a permittee does not file an application for renewal of a permit within the time provided in subsection (d), the permit reverts to the commission. At least thirty (30) days before the date that a permit reverts to the commission, the commission shall provide written notice to the permittee informing the permittee of the date that the permittee's permit will revert to the commission.
- (f) The chairperson or the chairperson's designee may allow the permittee to renew the permit after the date the permit expires only if the permittee provides evidence that the permittee is engaged in an administrative or court proceeding that prevents the permittee from renewing the permit.
- (g) A permit is effective upon the final approval of the commission. Upon final approval of a permit, and upon the request of the permittee, the commission shall provide the permittee with a letter of authority to operate. The letter of authority to operate constitutes authorization for the permittee to perform the actions allowed under the permit until the date the permittee receives the permit issued by the commission.
- Sec. 7. (a) The chairperson or the chairperson's designee may issue an original letter of extension extending the term of a permit for a maximum period of ninety (90) days for good cause shown upon the written request of the permittee and payment of the fee, if required.
- (b) Upon the expiration of an original letter of extension, or any renewal thereof, if good cause still exists, subsequent renewals of the extension may be granted to the permittee only upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the commission.
- Sec. 8. The commission shall issue a permit authorized by this article only upon proper application. The application shall be in writing, and verified, upon forms prescribed and furnished by the commission. The application shall contain the terms and information required by this article or by the rules of the commission. The appropriate surety bond, if required, must be submitted with the application.
- Sec. 9. An application for a permit shall contain the express statement of the applicant that, if a permit is issued to the applicant, the applicant consents for the duration of the permit term to the entrance, inspection, and search by an enforcement officer, without a warrant or other process, of the applicant's



1	permitted premises and vehicles to determine whether the
2	applicant is complying with the provisions of this article. The
3	consent required by this section is renewed and continued by the
4	retention of a permit or its use by a permittee.
5	Sec. 10. An application for a permit to sell cannabis or cannabis
6	products of any kind, and the required publication of notice, must
7	disclose the name of the applicant and the specific property
8	address where the cannabis or cannabis products are to be sold,
9	and any assumed business name under which the business will be
10	conducted. The application and notice also must disclose:
11	(1) the names of the executive officers of the corporation,
12	company, or other entity responsible for the sale of cannabis
13	or the cannabis product to the public; and
14	(2) the website where a member of the public may access the
15	information in subdivision (1).
16	Sec. 11. An applicant must have a vested legal interest in the
17	property address listed on the permit application.
18	Sec. 12. (a) As used in this section, "immediate family member"
19	means a spouse, parent, child, sibling, father-in-law, or
20	mother-in-law.
21	(b) The commission may not issue a permit under this chapter
22	to an individual who is an immediate family member of a current
23	permittee.
24	Sec. 13. (a) On receipt of a completed permit application under
25	this chapter, the commission shall forward a copy of the
26	application to the state police department.
27	(b) The state police department shall perform a national
28	criminal history background check of the applicant and return the
29	application to the commission along with the results from the
30	national criminal history background check. The commission is
31	responsible for the cost of the national criminal history
32	background check.
33	(c) The commission shall review the permit application after
34	receipt of the results from the state police department. The
35	commission shall grant or deny a completed application for a
36	permit within sixty (60) days after receipt of the application. If the
37	commission determines that:
38	(1) all the requirements under this article have been met; and
39	(2) the applicant has not been convicted within ten (10) years
40	before the date of application of:
41	(A) a federal crime having a sentence of more than one (1)
42	year;



1	(B) a Class A, Class B, or Class C felony (for a crime
2	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 1, Level 2, Level
3	3, Level 4, or Level 5 felony (for a crime committed after
4	June 30, 2014); or
5	(C) a crime in another state that is substantially similar to
6	a crime described in clause (B);
7	the commission shall approve the application for issuance of the
8	permit.
9	(d) The commission may deny a permit application if it finds
10	that the applicant has been adjudicated against in a civil
11	proceeding regarding the cannabis or hemp industry.
12	(e) If the completed application for a permit is denied, the
13	commission must state the reasons for the denial. If a completed
14	application is denied under this section, the applicant may reapply
15	within thirty (30) days after the date of the denial. There is no
16	application fee for a reapplication under this subsection.
17	(f) A permit issued under this chapter expires one (1) year after
18	the date on which the permit was issued, unless revoked.
19	Sec. 14. An applicant for a permit issued pursuant to this article
20	shall file with the commission a surety bond in the sum of fifteen
21	thousand dollars (\$15,000).
22	Sec. 15. (a) The required surety bond of an applicant must be
23	approved by the commission. The bond must be made payable to
24	the state and may be forfeited if the applicant:
25	(1) violates a provision of this article or a rule of the
26	commission that relates to the permit; or
27	(2) fails to pay all taxes and fees imposed by this article on the
28	activities authorized under the permit.
29	(b) A permittee shall keep the bond in full force and effect
30	continuously in order to keep the permit in force.
31	Sec. 16. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the commission
32	may recover not more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) in any
33	one (1) action on a permittee's surety bond for the violation of a
34	rule of the commission. Except as provided in subsection (b), the
35	commission may recover not more than five hundred dollars (\$500)
36	in any one (1) action on the surety bond for the violation of a
37	provision of this article. All violations committed before the
38	commission brings an action on the bond are considered one (1)
39	violation. Funds recovered on a bond shall be deposited in the
40	cannabis regulation fund established by IC 7.1-8-2-12.
41	(b) The state may recover the full amount of all taxes and fees
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due and owed by the permittee under this article in a single action



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on the bond. No person may bring an action on the bond excep	ot the
commission. Funds recovered under this section shall be depo	sited
in the state general fund.	

- Sec. 17. The commission shall ensure that a surety bond filed under this article is securely stored. The commission may not approve a surety bond unless the surety company is solvent and qualified to do business in Indiana. The commission, before approving a surety bond, shall require the commissioner of the department of insurance to furnish to the commission copies of reports of the surety company and other information concerning the reserves and reliability of the company.
- Sec. 18. Cash or bonds of the United States, or both, may be tendered to the commission instead of a surety bond required by the provisions of this article if it is tendered on the same terms and conditions as a surety bond.
- Sec. 19. A surety may not cancel or annul a surety bond filed in accordance with the provisions of this article after it has been approved by the commission. However, a surety, with the consent of the commission, may cancel a bond and be released from liability accruing after the effective date of the cancellation. The commission may not approve a cancellation until the surety has paid and discharged in full its liability to the state on the bond to the date of the approval of the cancellation.

Sec. 20. (a) As used in this section, "credit card" means a:

- (1) credit card;
- 26 (2) debit card;

- (3) charge card; or
- (4) stored value card.
- (b) The commission shall accept a payment to the commission for any purpose by any of the following financial instruments:
 - (1) Cash.
- (2) Certified check.
- (3) Cashier's check.
 - (4) Check drawn on the bank deposit of a business.
- 35 (5) Valid postal money order of the United States.
- 36 (6) Bank draft.

- **(7) Money order.**
 - (8) Bank card or credit card.
- 39 (9) Electronic funds transfer.
- 40 (10) Any other financial instrument authorized by the commission.
 - (c) If there is a charge to the commission for the use of a



financial instrument, the commission may collect a sum equal to

2	the amount of the charge from the person who uses the financial
3	instrument.
4	(d) A procedure authorized for a particular type of payment
5	must be uniformly applied to all payments of the same type.
6	(e) The commission may contract with a bank card or credit
7	card vendor for acceptance of bank cards or credit cards.
8	However, if there is a vendor transaction charge or discount fee,
9	whether billed to the commission or charged directly to the
10	commission's account, the commission may collect from the person
11	using the card:
12	(1) an official fee that may not exceed the transaction charge
13	or discount fee charged to the commission by bank card or
14	credit card vendors; or
15	(2) a reasonable convenience fee that:
16	(A) may not exceed three dollars (\$3); and
17	(B) must be uniform regardless of the bank card or credit
18	card used.
19	The fees described in subdivisions (1) and (2) may be collected
20	regardless of retail merchant agreements between the bank card
21	and credit card vendors that may prohibit such fees. These fees are
22	permitted additional charges under IC 24-4.5-3-202.
23	(f) The commission may pay any applicable bank card or credit
24	card service charge associated with the use of a bank card or credit
25	card under this section.
26	Sec. 21. (a) Except as provided in subsection (d), if publication
27	of notice of application for a permit is required under this article,
28	the publication shall be made in one (1) newspaper of general
29	circulation published in the county where the permit is to be in
30	effect.
31	(b) Publication required under subsection (a) may be made in
32	any newspaper of general circulation published one (1) or more
33	times each week.
34	(c) The rates to be paid for the advertising of a notice required
35	under this article shall be those required to be paid in case of other
36	notices published for or on behalf of the state.
37	(d) If:
38	(1) the commission is unable to procure advertising of a notice
39	as required under subsection (a) at the rates set forth in
40	IC 5-3-1; or
41	(2) the newspaper published in the county as described in
42	subsection (a) refuses to publish the notice;



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the commission may, instead of publication in a newspaper a	ıs
required under subsection (a), post the notice on the commission	S
website.	

- Sec. 22. Whenever the character of the business in which an applicant is engaged is material to the applicant being issued a permit under this article, or is material to the applicant being qualified to continue to hold the permit, it must be made to appear to the satisfaction of the commission that a substantial portion of the business carried on, or to be carried on, in the premises in respect to which a permit is applied for is in the nature of the applicant's main business function in the premises.
- Sec. 23. A person to whom a permit has been issued to carry on any of the activities authorized by this article shall, before being fully qualified to do business, post and display, and keep posted and displayed, in the most conspicuous place in the person's permitted premises the person's permit to do business.
- Sec. 24. A permit issued under this article may not be transferred from:
 - (1) the permit holder to another person; or
 - (2) the location for which the permit was approved or renewed to another location;

unless otherwise authorized by this article or approved by the commission.

- Sec. 25. (a) As used in this section, "disqualifying event" means an occurrence that would render the planned cannabis permittee location illegal under this article.
- (b) If a disqualifying event occurs while a permit application is pending before the commission, the applicant may transfer the permit location within six (6) months of the disqualifying event.
- Sec. 26. If the information required for an initial or renewal permit changes, the applicant or permit holder shall notify the commission within ten (10) business days of the change. If any change in the information required for an application results in a violation of this article, the commission may impose a penalty as provided in this article.
 - Sec. 27. (a) A person may simultaneously hold:
 - (1) a grower permit and a processor permit;
 - (2) a grower permit and a retailer permit; or
 - (3) a processor permit and a retailer permit.
- However, a person may not simultaneously hold a grower permit, a processor permit, and a retailer permit unless the person is an integrated permittee.



1	(b) A person holding a transport permit may not hold any other
2	type of permit, and a person holding a safety compliance facility
3	permit may not hold any other type of permit.
4	(c) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an integrated
5	permittee is subject to all the requirements of the laws and
6	regulations governing each permit.
7	(d) The commission shall impose an annual fee of one million
8	dollars (\$1,000,000) on an integrated permittee. This fee includes
9	the separate grower, retailer, and processor fees. If the prospective
10	permittee is a veteran or minority owned business under section 5
l 1	of this chapter, the commission may permit this fee to be paid in
12	installments.
13	(e) The commission may award an integrated permit only if the
14	prospective permittee demonstrates that the permittee has a
15	proven capital reserve of at least five million dollars (\$5,000,000).
16	If the prospective permittee is a veteran or minority owned
17	business under section 5 of this chapter, the commission may
18	permit alternate capital reserve.
19	(f) An integrated permittee is entitled to:
20	(1) twenty-five (25) retailer permits; and
21	(2) ten (10) grower permits, consisting of:
22	(A) six (6) small grower permits under IC 7.1-8-12-7(a);
23 24	(B) three (3) medium grower permits under
24	IC 7.1-8-12-7(b); and
25	(C) one (1) large grower permit under IC 7.1-8-12-7(c).
26	However, an integrated permittee is not entitled to a permit if no
27	additional permits of that type are available.
28	(g) An integrated permittee to whom a permit has been issued
29	under this section may deposit that permit with the commission for
30	a period of:
31	(1) two (2) years, in the case of a grower or processor permit;
32	and
33	(2) three (3) years, in the case of a retailer permit;
34	if the permittee is unable to immediately operate the business to
35	which the permit applies.
36	(h) If a permittee is unable to use the permit issued under this
37	article within the period described in subsection (g), the permit is
38	forfeited to the commission, unless the commission finds that a
39	reasonable extension is necessary due to construction delays or fire,
10	flood, tornado, or other natural disasters or acts of God.
11	Chapter 12. Grower Permits
12	Sec. 1. The growth of cannabis is authorized in Indiana. The



1	growing and handling of cannabis is subject to regulation by the
2	commission. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
3	oversee the permitting, production, and management of:
4	(1) cannabis; and
5	(2) cannabis seed.
6	Sec. 2. (a) Except as expressly provided in this article, a
7	cannabis grower may not grow or sell cannabis in Indiana without
8	a permit issued by the commission under this article.
9	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this article, cannabis
10	produced by a grower permittee under this article may be grown
l 1	and sold in Indiana.
12	(c) A grower issued a permit under this chapter:
13	(1) must grow at least eighty percent (80%) of the cannabis
14	canopy in an indoor grow facility; and
15	(2) may grow not more than twenty percent (20%) of the
16	cannabis canopy outdoors, if the outdoor grow area:
17	(A) is adjacent to the indoor grow facility; and
18	(B) is not:
19	(i) accessible to a member of the general public; or
20	(ii) visible from any street adjacent to the property by a
21	normal person with 20/20 eyesight without the use of any
22	device to assist in improving viewing distance or vantage
23	point.
24	(d) Nothing in this chapter prohibits a grower permittee from:
25	(1) selling cannabis cultivated by the grower to another
26	grower permittee in Indiana;
27	(2) packaging, trimming, and placing cannabis cultivated by
28	the grower in containers for retail sale; or
29	(3) selling and delivering cannabis cultivated by the grower to
30	a person holding a retailer permit issued under this article.
31	However, a grower may not use a chemical process to extract or
32	transform cannabis.
33	(e) Nothing in this chapter prohibits a grower permittee from
34	exporting cannabis outside Indiana as permitted by federal law.
35	Sec. 3. (a) A grower to whom a permit has been issued under
36	this chapter may deposit that permit with the commission for a
37	period of two (2) years if the permittee is unable to immediately
38	operate the business to which the permit applies.
39	(b) If a permittee is unable to use the permit issued under this
10	chapter within two (2) years, the permit is forfeited to the
11	commission, unless the commission finds that a reasonable
12	extension is necessary due to construction delays or fire, flood,



1	tornado, or other natural disasters or acts of God.
2	Sec. 4. (a) As used in this section, "household" means a
3	residential dwelling that is the principal place of residence of a
4	person or a family unit whose members are related by birth,
5	marriage, or adoption and who share a common living
6	arrangement. It does not include any industrial, commercial, or
7	other nonresidential building.
8	(b) An individual may personally cultivate cannabis in Indiana
9	for personal use without a permit.
10	(c) A person may not personally cultivate more than four (4)
11	cannabis plants per household at one (1) time.
12	(d) All cannabis personally cultivated under this section must be
13	grown on real property owned by the person or on real property
14	for which the person has the property owner's written permission
15	to personally cultivate cannabis on the property.
16	(e) A person who personally cultivates cannabis may not use
17	extraction equipment or extraction processes if the equipment or
18	process uses butane, propane, carbon dioxide, or any potentially
19	hazardous material in a residential property.
20	Sec. 5. (a) For purposes of this section, "visible" means viewable
21	by a normal person with 20/20 eyesight without the use of any
22	device to assist in improving viewing distance or vantage point.
23	(b) All cannabis personally cultivated under this chapter must
24	be cultivated so that the cannabis is not accessible to a member of
25	the general public. No cannabis may be visible from any street
26	adjacent to the property.
27	(c) In consultation with the state police department, the
28	commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 governing the
29	security of a cannabis personal cultivation site.
30	(d) Cannabis plants personally cultivated in violation of this
31	section may be seized and destroyed.
32	Sec. 6. In addition to the other requirements of this article, an
33	initial or renewal application for a grower permit must include the
34	following:
35	(1) The global positioning system coordinates and legal
36	description of the property used for the cannabis grow
37	operation.
38	(2) The planned size of the cannabis canopy.
39	(3) A site plan of the proposed grow facility.
40	(4) A nonrefundable application fee.
41	Sec. 7. (a) For a permittee who grows less than five thousand

(5,000) square feet of cannabis canopy, the commission shall



1	impose an annual fee of thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).
2	(b) For a permittee who grows at least five thousand (5,000)
3	square feet of cannabis canopy and less than fifteen thousand
4	(15,000) square feet of cannabis canopy, the commission shall
5	impose an annual fee of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
6	(c) For a permittee who grows at least fifteen thousand (15,000)
7	square feet of cannabis canopy, the commission shall impose an
8	annual fee of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000).
9	(d) Not more than:
10	(1) twenty-five (25) grower permits may be issued under
11	subsection (a) at one (1) time;
12	(2) fifteen (15) grower permits may be issued under subsection
13	(b) at one (1) time; and
14	(3) four (4) grower permits may be issued under subsection (c)
15	at one (1) time.
16	(e) A permittee, or permittee who is directly or indirectly
17	controlled by another permittee, may not possess more than one (1)
18	grower permit at one (1) time.
19	(f) The fees set forth in this section are due to the commission
20	within thirty (30) days of the date the initial or renewal grower
21	permit is issued, and shall be deposited in the cannabis regulation
22	fund established by IC 7.1-8-2-12.
23	Sec. 8. (a) A grower shall uniquely identify each immature plant
24	batch with a single permanent plant tag and record the
25	information in the statewide monitoring system established under
26	IC 7.1-8-17. Each immature plant batch must consist of not more
27	than one hundred (100) immature plants.
28	(b) A grower shall separate the plants as the plants go through
29	different growth stages and ensure that the plant tag is always
30	identified with the plant throughout the growth span so that all
31	plants can be easily identified and inspected. A grower shall ensure
32	that the identification information is recorded in the statewide
33	monitoring system.
34	(c) After a tagged plant is harvested, it is part of a harvest batch
35	so that a sample of the harvest batch can be tested in accordance
36	with this article. A grower shall quarantine a harvest batch from
37	other plants or batches that have test results pending. A harvest
38	batch must be easily distinguishable from other harvest batches
39	until the harvest batch is broken down into packages.
40	(d) After test results show a passed test and the harvest batch is
41	packaged, the grower shall destroy the individual plant tags. Each
42	package must have a permanent package tag attached. A grower



1	shall ensure this information is placed in the statewide monitoring
2	system in accordance with this article and rules adopted by the
3	commission.
4	Sec. 9. (a) In addition to any other liability or penalty provided
5	by law, the commission may revoke or refuse to issue or renew a
6	grower permit and may impose a civil penalty for a violation of:
7	(1) a permit requirement;
8	(2) permit terms or conditions; or
9	(3) a rule relating to growing cannabis.
10	(b) The commission may not impose a civil penalty under this
11	section that exceeds two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
12	(c) Any civil penalties collected under this section shall be
13	deposited in the cannabis regulation fund established by
14	IC 7.1-8-2-12.
15	Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the commission
16	shall give a person who negligently violates this chapter a
17	reasonable time, determined by the commission, to correct the
18	violation without imposing a penalty under this chapter. However,
19	the commission may require the person who committed the
20	violation to comply with a corrective action plan determined by the
21	commission and report to the commission on compliance with the
22	corrective action plan.
23	(b) A person who commits a negligent violation of this chapter
24	three (3) times in a five (5) year period shall immediately be
25	ineligible to hold or work under a grower permit for five (5) years.
26	(c) If the commission believes that a person has knowingly or
27	intentionally violated this chapter, the commission shall notify:
28	(1) the superintendent of the state police department; and
29	(2) the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the
30	violation occurred;
31	of the violation.
32	(d) A person who commits a negligent violation under this
33	chapter is subject to a late fee as established by rules adopted by
34	the commission.
35	Sec. 11. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
36	implement and administer this chapter.
37	Sec. 12. (a) The commission may keep the:
38	(1) names of growers who are permitted under this chapter;
39	and
40	(2) locations of permitted cannabis crops;
41	confidential for purposes of IC 5-14-3.

(b) The commission may share confidential information under



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1	subsection (a) with the state police department and law
2	enforcement officers (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-185).
3	Sec. 13. A person not permitted under this chapter who
4	knowingly or intentionally:
5	(1) grows or sells cannabis; or
6	(2) sells cannabis seed;
7	commits a Level 6 felony.
8	Chapter 13. Processor Permits
9	Sec. 1. The commission may issue a cannabis processor permit
10	to a person who desires to process cannabis or cannabis products.
11	Sec. 2. The holder of a processor permit may do the following:
12	(1) Process cannabis or cannabis products.
13	(2) Place cannabis or cannabis products in containers for
14	retail sale.
15	(3) Sell and deliver cannabis or cannabis products to a person
16	holding a retailer permit issued under this article.
17	Sec. 3. (a) A processor to whom a permit has been issued under
18	this chapter may deposit that permit with the commission for a
19	period of up to two (2) years if the permittee is unable to
20	immediately operate the business to which the permit applies.
21	(b) If a permittee is unable to use the permit issued under this
22	chapter within two (2) years, the permit is forfeited to the
23	commission, unless the commission finds that a reasonable
24	extension is necessary due to construction delays or fire, flood,
25	tornado, or other natural disasters or acts of God.
26	Sec. 4. Cannabis and cannabis products must be transported
27	and distributed to and from a processor in packaging that contains
28	the following information:
29	(1) A scannable bar code or QR code linked to a document
30	that contains the:
31	(A) batch identification number of the cannabis or
32	cannabis products;
33	(B) product name;
34	(C) batch date;
35	(D) expiration date, which must be not more than two (2)
36	years from the date of manufacture;
37	(E) batch size;
38	(F) total quantity produced;
39	(G) ingredients used, including the:
10	(i) ingredient name;
1 1	(ii) name of the company that manufactured the
12	ingredient;



1	(iii) company or product identification number or code
2	if applicable; and
3	(iv) ingredient lot number; and
4	(H) results of the quality assurance test conducted under
5	IC 7.1-8-18.
6	(2) The batch number.
7	(3) The Internet address of a website to obtain batch
8	information.
9	(4) The expiration date.
10	(5) The total number of milligrams of
11	delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), including precursors.
12	(6) The grower.
13	Sec. 5. The commission shall impose an annual fee of thirty
14	thousand dollars (\$30,000) on a processor permittee.
15	Chapter 14. Transport Permits
16	Sec. 1. The commission may issue a cannabis transport permit
17	to a person who is a carrier upon a showing of the reliability and
18	responsibility of the carrier and the appropriateness of issuing the
19	permit.
20	Sec. 2. The transportation of cannabis and cannabis products
21	for sale in Indiana is subject to the rules of the commission.
22	Cannabis and cannabis products may be transported and delivered
23	only in containers that are lawful under this article and permissible
24	under the rules of the commission.
25	Sec. 3. A transport permit is required for the transportation of
26	cannabis and cannabis products on a public highway in Indiana.
27	Sec. 4. (a) A carrier must hold a transport permit before the
28	carrier may transport cannabis or cannabis products on a public
29	highway.
30	(b) A person that is a direct or beneficial owner of a grower,
31	processor, retailer, or safety compliance facility permit issued
32	under this article may not hold a transport permit.
33	Sec. 5. (a) A carrier to whom a permit has been issued under
34	this chapter may deposit that permit with the commission for a
35	period of one (1) year if the permittee is unable to immediately
36	operate the business to which the permit applies.
37	(b) If a permittee is unable to use the permit issued under this
38	chapter within one (1) year, the permit is forfeited to the
39	commission, unless the commission finds that a reasonable
40	extension is necessary due to construction delays or fire, flood,
41	tornado, or other natural disasters or acts of God.

Sec. 6. (a) A carrier may not transport cannabis or cannabis



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1	products on a vehicle owned or operated by the carrier unless the
2	carrier has filed a description of the vehicle with the commission.
3	(b) The description of a vehicle used to transport cannabis or
4	cannabis products must include:
5	•
	(1) the engine number;
6	(2) the date of manufacture;
7	(3) the approximate weight;
8	(4) the vehicle identification number;
9	(5) the license plate number;
10	(6) the capacity; and
11	(7) any other information that the commission may require.
12	(c) The permittee may alter or add to the number of vehicles
13	included under the permit at any time.
14	Sec. 7. (a) A carrier must transmit a copy of its route plan and
15	manifest to the safety compliance facility as required by
16	IC 7.1-8-18, and a copy of each must be carried in the transporting
17	vehicle and presented to a law enforcement officer or commission
18	enforcement officer upon request.
19	(b) The commission may inspect shipments of cannabis or
20	cannabis products in transit and the vehicle used in the
21	transportation.
22	Sec. 8. The commission shall impose an annual fee of five
23	thousand dollars (\$5,000) on a transport permittee.
24	Sec. 9. A transport permittee who knowingly or intentionally
25	transports cannabis or cannabis products in a vehicle for which the
26	permittee has not filed a description under this chapter commits a
27	Class A misdemeanor.
28	Chapter 15. Retailer Permits
29	Sec. 1. The commission may issue a cannabis retailer permit to
30	a person who desires to sell cannabis or cannabis products to
31	customers for consumption.
32	Sec. 2. (a) The commission may grant only one (1) retailer
33	permit per twenty-five thousand (25,000) persons statewide.
34	(b) Only two hundred sixty-nine (269) active retailer permits
35	may be issued at any one (1) time.
36	(c) A county may not have more retailer permits than its census
37	population divided by twenty-five thousand (25,000).
38	(d) No single retailer permittee may own more than twenty-five
39	percent (25%) of available permits.
40	Sec. 3. (a) The holder of a retailer permit may purchase

cannabis or cannabis products only from a permittee permitted

under this article. A retailer may possess cannabis or cannabis



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1	products and sell it at retail for consumption to a customer who is
2	at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
3	(b) A retailer may sell cannabis or cannabis products at
4	wholesale.
5	(c) A retailer may sell and deliver cannabis or cannabis
6	products for carry out and for at home delivery without a
7	transport permit.
8	Sec. 4. (a) A retailer to which a permit has been issued under
9	this chapter may deposit the permit with the commission for a
10	period of one (1) year if the permittee is unable to immediately
11	operate the business to which the permit applies.
12	(b) If a permittee is unable to use the permit issued under this
13	chapter within one (1) year, the permit is forfeited to the
14	commission, unless the commission finds that a reasonable
15	extension is necessary due to construction delays or fire, flood,
16	tornado, or other natural disasters or acts of God.
17	Sec. 5. (a) A retailer may not:
18	(1) operate within one thousand (1,000) feet of an elementary
19	or secondary school;
20	(2) allow a customer to sample or consume cannabis or a
21	cannabis product on the premises;
22	(3) permit a customer to purchase more than four (4) ounces
23	of cannabis or twenty-five (25) grams of cannabis concentrate
24	per day; or
25	(4) sell cannabis or a cannabis product in a unitary
26	transaction (as defined in IC 6-2.5-1-1) or bundled transaction
27	(as defined in IC 6-2.5-1-11.5).
28	(b) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this section
29	commits a Level 6 felony.
30	Sec. 6. The commission shall impose an annual fee of one
31	thousand dollars (\$1,000) on a retailer permittee.
32	Sec. 7. (a) All sales of cannabis and cannabis products must be
33	accompanied by an invoice showing the following:
34	(1) The name and address of the seller and the purchaser.
35	(2) The date of sale.
36	(3) The name of each brand sold.
37	(4) The number of packages, if any.
38	(5) The number of cases by size and type of container.
39	(6) The quantity of each kind of cannabis or cannabis product
40	sold.
41	(b) The permittee must transmit an invoice to the commission
42	in accordance with rules adopted by the commission.



1	Sec. 8. Except as provided in IC 7.1-8-16, a unit may not
2	regulate cannabis or cannabis products.
3	Chapter 16. Referendum to Prohibit Retail Sale of Cannabis
4	Sec. 1. (a) Before July 1, 2026, the legislative body of a county
5	may adopt a resolution to place a public question on the ballot to
6	prohibit cannabis retail licensure within the county. The legislative
7	body shall determine whether to place the public question on the
8	primary election ballot, on the general election ballot, or on a
9	special election ballot.
10	(b) As soon as practicable after adopting the resolution under
11	subsection (a), the legislative body shall send a certified copy of the
12	resolution to the commission and the county circuit court clerk.
13	Sec. 2. A prohibition against cannabis retail licensure under this
14	chapter prevails if a majority of the individuals who vote on the
15	public question approves the prohibition.
16	Sec. 3. The public question to be submitted to the voters must
17	read as follows:
18	"Shall the county prohibit cannabis retail licensure for five (5)
19	years immediately following the holding of the referendum?
20	If this public question is approved by the voters, cannabis
21	retailers will be prohibited from licensing premises in the
22	county for five (5) years.".
23	Sec. 4. Each circuit court clerk shall, upon receiving the
24	question approved by the legislative body of a county under this
25	chapter, call a meeting of the county election board to certify the
26	question and make arrangements for the referendum.
27	Sec. 5. (a) The referendum shall be held in the next primary
28	election or general election in which all the registered voters who
29	are residents of the county are entitled to vote after adoption of the
30	resolution under section 1 of this chapter. The certification of the
31	question must occur not later than noon:
32	(1) seventy-four (74) days before a primary election if the
33	question is to be placed on the primary election ballot; or
34	(2) August 1 if the question is to be placed on the general
35	election ballot.
36	(b) However, if a primary election or general election will not be
37	held during the first year in which the public question is eligible to
38	be placed on the ballot under this chapter, and if the legislative
39	body of the county requests the public question to be placed on the
40	ballot at a special election, the public question shall be placed on
41	the ballot at a special election to be held on the first Tuesday after
42	the first Monday in May or November of the year. The certification



1	must occur not later than noon:
2	(1) sixty (60) days before a special election to be held in May
3	(if the special election is to be held in May); or
4	(2) August 1 (if the special election is to be held in November).
5	(c) If the referendum is not conducted at a primary election or
6	general election, the county in which the special election is to be
7	held shall pay all the costs of holding the special election.
8	Sec. 6. Each county election board shall cause:
9	(1) the question certified to the circuit court clerk by the
10	legislative body of a county to be placed on the ballot in the
11	form prescribed by IC 3-10-9; and
12	(2) an adequate supply of ballots and voting equipment to be
13	delivered to the precinct election board of each precinct in
14	which the referendum is to be held.
15	Sec. 7. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), every registered
16	voter who resides in the county may vote on the public question.
17	(b) An individual who changes residence from a location within
18	the county to a location outside of the county less than thirty (30)
19	days before an election under this chapter may not vote on the
20	public question.
21	Sec. 8. Each precinct election board shall count the affirmative
22	votes and the negative votes cast concerning the public question,
23	and shall certify those two (2) totals to the county election board of
24	the county. The circuit court clerk shall, immediately after the
25	votes have been counted, certify the results of the public question
26	to the commission and the county legislative body.
27	Sec. 9. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, during
28	the period beginning with the adoption of a resolution by the
29	legislative body of a county to place a public question on the ballot
30	and continuing through the day on which the public question is
31	submitted to the voters, the county legislative body may not
32	promote a position on the referendum by doing any of the
33	following:
34	(1) Using facilities or equipment, including mail and
35	messaging systems, owned by the county to promote a position
36	on the public question, unless equal access to the facilities or
37	equipment is given to persons with a position opposite to that
38	of the county legislative body.
39	(2) Making an expenditure of money from a fund controlled
40	by the county to promote a position on the public question.
41	(3) Using an employee to promote a position on the public
42	question during the employee's normal working hours or paid



overtime, or otherwise compelling an employee to promote a position on the public question at any time. However, if a person described in subsection (c) is advocating for or against a position on the public question or discussing the public question as authorized under subsection (c), an employee of the county may assist the person in presenting information on the public question, if requested to do so by the person described in subsection (c).

However, this section does not prohibit an official or employee of the county from carrying out duties with respect to a public question that are part of the normal and regular conduct of the official's or employee's office or agency, including the furnishing of factual information regarding the public question in response to inquiries from any person.

- (b) This subsection does not apply to:
 - (1) a personal expenditure to promote a position on a public question by an employee of a county whose employment is governed by a collective bargaining contract or an employment contract; or
 - (2) an expenditure to promote a position on a public question by a person or an organization that has a contract or an arrangement (whether formal or informal) with the county solely for the use of the county's facilities.

A person or an organization that has a contract or arrangement (whether formal or informal) with a county to provide goods or services to the county may not spend any money to promote a position on the public question. A violation of this subsection is a Class A infraction.

- (c) Notwithstanding any other law, an elected or appointed member of the county legislative body may at any time:
 - (1) personally advocate for or against a position on a public question; or
 - (2) discuss the public question with any individual, group, or organization or personally advocate for or against a position on a public question before any individual, group, or organization;
- so long as it is not done by using public funds. Advocacy or discussion allowed under this subsection is not considered a use of public funds.
 - **Chapter 17. Statewide Monitoring System**
- Sec. 1. The commission shall establish a statewide monitoring system for use as an integrated cannabis tracking, inventory, and



1	verification system. The statewide monitoring system must allow
2	for interface with third party inventory control and tracking
3	systems to provide for access by the state, permittees, and law
4	enforcement personnel, to the extent that they need and are
5	authorized to receive or submit the information, to comply with,
6	enforce, or administer this article.
7	Sec. 2. At a minimum, the statewide monitoring system must be
8	capable of storing and providing access to information that, in
9	conjunction with one (1) or more third party inventory control and
10	tracking systems, allows the following:
11	(1) Retention of a record of the date, time, quantity, and price
12	of each sale or transfer of cannabis or cannabis products.
13	(2) Determination of whether a particular sale or transfer
14	transaction will exceed the permissible limit established under
15	this article.
16	(3) Effective monitoring of cannabis seed to sale transfers.
17	(4) Receipt and integration of information from third party
18	inventory control and tracking systems.
19	Sec. 3. The commission shall seek bids under IC 5-22 to
20	establish, operate, and maintain the statewide monitoring system
21	under this chapter. The commission shall do the following:
22	(1) Evaluate bidders based on the cost of the service and the
23	ability to meet all requirements of this article.
24	(2) Give strong consideration to the bidder's ability to prevent
25	fraud, abuse, and other unlawful or prohibited activities
26	associated with the commercial trade in cannabis and
27	cannabis products, and the ability to provide additional tools
28	for the administration and enforcement of this article.
29	(3) Institute procedures to ensure that the contract awardee
30	does not disclose or use the information in the statewide
31	monitoring system for any use or purpose except for the
32	enforcement, oversight, and implementation of this article.
33	(4) Require the contract awardee to deliver the functioning
34	system within one hundred twenty (120) days after award of
35	the contract.
36	Sec. 4. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
37	implement this chapter.
38	Chapter 18. Safety Compliance Facility Permit
39	Sec. 1. The commission may issue a cannabis safety compliance

facility permit to a person who desires to test cannabis and

cannabis products for transfer, sale, and consumption in Indiana.

Sec. 2. A person who has a direct or indirect ownership interest



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1	in a grower, processor, transport, or retailer permit may not have
2	a direct or indirect ownership interest in a safety compliance
3	facility or a safety compliance facility permit.
4	Sec. 3. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
5	establish a proficiency testing program and designate safety
6	compliance facility participation that, at a minimum, comply with
7	reasonable and customary industry standards.
8	Sec. 4. (a) A safety compliance facility to which a permit has
9	been issued under this chapter may deposit that permit with the
10	commission for a period of one (1) year if the permittee is unable
11	to immediately operate the facility.
12	(b) If a permittee is unable to use the permit issued under this
13	chapter within one (1) year, the permit is forfeited to the
14	commission.
15	Sec. 5. (a) A safety compliance facility must test samples as
16	provided in this chapter and pursuant to rules adopted by the
17	commission.
18	(b) A safety compliance facility shall collect samples of cannabis
19	and cannabis products from another cannabis permittee. Every
20	cannabis permittee shall permit and assist the safety compliance
21	facility in the collection of samples for testing.
22	(c) The safety compliance facility shall take a physical sample of
23	the cannabis or cannabis product from another cannabis permittee
24	to be tested at the safety compliance facility.
25	(d) The safety compliance facility must develop a statistically
26	valid sampling method to collect a representative sample from each
27	batch of cannabis or cannabis product.
28	Sec. 6. (a) A safety compliance facility must comply with all the
29	following:
30	(1) The safety compliance facility shall ensure that samples of
31	the cannabis or cannabis product are identified in the
32	statewide monitoring system and placed in secured, sealed
33	containers that bear the labeling required under the rules of
34	the commission.
35	(2) A carrier's route plan and manifest that have been
36	transmitted to the facility must be entered into the statewide
37	monitoring system.
38	(3) The cannabis or cannabis product must be transported in
39	one (1) or more sealed containers and not be accessible while
40	in transit.

(4) The vehicle a safety compliance facility uses to transport samples of cannabis or cannabis products may not bear



1	markings or other indication that it is carrying cannabis or a
2	cannabis product.
3	(b) Except as otherwise required by the commission, the safety
4	compliance facility shall collect a sample size that is:
5	(1) sufficient to complete all required analyses; and
6	(2) not less than one-half percent (0.5%) of the weight of the
7	harvest batch.
8	(c) At least fifty percent (50%) of the sample taken must be
9	homogenized for testing.
10	(d) The safety compliance facility shall report all testing results
11	to the commission on a quarterly basis, including the rate of
12	failure.
13	Sec. 7. A safety compliance facility must do all of the following:
14	(1) Become fully accredited to the International Organization
15	for Standardization (ISO), ISO/IEC 17025, by an ISO 17011,
16	ILAC recognized accreditation body or by an entity approved
17	by the commission within one (1) year after the date the
18	permit is issued, and agree to have the inspections and reports
19	of the ISO made available to the commission.
20	(2) Maintain internal standard operating procedures.
21	(3) Maintain a quality control and quality assurance program.
22	Sec. 8. The commission may publish sample sizes for other
23	cannabis or cannabis products being tested.
24	Sec. 9. A cannabis permittee must allow the safety compliance
23 24 25	facility to have access to its entire batch for the purposes of
26	sampling.
27	Sec. 10. (a) An employee of the cannabis permittee from which
28	the cannabis or cannabis product test samples are being taken shall
29	be physically present to observe the safety compliance facility
30	employee collect the samples of cannabis or cannabis product for
31	testing. The employee shall ensure that the correct sample
32	increments are taken from throughout the batch.
33	(b) An employee of a cannabis permittee may not:
34	(1) be directly involved in the testing performed by the safety
35	compliance facility employee; or
36	(2) touch the cannabis or cannabis product or the sampling
37	equipment while the safety compliance facility employee is
38	obtaining the sample.
39	Sec. 11. (a) After samples have been selected, both the employee
40	of the cannabis permittee and the employee of the safety
41	compliance facility shall sign and date a chain of custody form,

attesting to the accuracy of the following sample information:



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1	(1) The name of the cannabis or cannabis product.
2	(2) The weight of the cannabis or cannabis product.
3	(3) That all cannabis and cannabis products and samples are
4	correctly identified in the statewide monitoring system.
5	(4) If the cannabis or cannabis product test sample is obtained
6	for a retest, the safety compliance facility confirms that it is
7	not accepting a cannabis or cannabis product test sample that
8	is prohibited from being retested.
9	(b) The cannabis permittee shall enter in the statewide
10	monitoring system the cannabis or cannabis product test sample
11	that is collected by a permitted safety compliance facility, including
12	the date and time the cannabis or cannabis product is collected and
13	transferred. The safety compliance facility shall enter into the
14	statewide monitoring system the test results within three (3)
15	business days of test completion.
16	(c) If a testing sample is collected from a cannabis permittee for
17	testing in the statewide monitoring system, that cannabis permittee
18	shall quarantine the cannabis or cannabis product that is
19	undergoing the testing from any other cannabis or cannabis
20	products at the cannabis permittee location. The quarantined
21	cannabis or cannabis product must not be packaged, transferred,
22	or sold until passing test results are entered into the statewide
23	monitoring system.
24	(d) A safety compliance facility may collect additional sample
25	material from the same permittee from which the original sample
26	was collected for the purposes of completing the required safety
27	tests as long as the requirements of this chapter are met.
28	(e) The commission may publish guidance that must be followed
29	by cannabis permittees for chain of custody documentation.
30	Sec. 12. A safety compliance facility shall use analytical testing
31	methodologies for the required quality assurance tests under this
32	chapter that are validated. The tests may be monitored on an
33	ongoing basis by the commission. The facility's methodology must
34	follow one (1) of the following:
35	(1) The most current version of the Cannabis Inflorescence:
36	Standards of Identity, Analysis, and Quality Control
37	monograph published by the American Herbal
38	Pharmacopoeia.
39	(2) An alternative testing methodology approved by the

commission and validated by an independent third party that

the methodology followed by the safety compliance facility

produces scientifically accurate results as quality assurance



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1	for each test it conducts.
2	Sec. 13. A safety compliance facility shall conduct quality
3	assurance tests that test for all of the following:
4	(1) Moisture content.
5	(2) Potency analysis.
6	(3) Tetrahydrocannabinol level.
7	(4) Tetrahydrocannabinol acid level.
8	(5) Cannabidiol and cannabidiol acid levels.
9	(6) Foreign matter inspection.
10	(7) Microbial and mycotoxin screening.
11	(8) Pesticides.
12	(9) Chemical residue.
13	(10) Fungicides.
14	(11) Insecticides.
15	(12) Metals screening.
16	(13) Residual solvents levels.
17	(14) Terpene analysis.
18	(15) Water activity content.
19	Sec. 14. The commission, in consultation with the state seed
20	commissioner and the Indiana state department of agriculture,
21	shall publish a list of approved pesticides for use in the growing
22	and production of cannabis and cannabis products to be sold or
23	transferred in Indiana.
24	Sec. 15. The commission shall take immediate disciplinary
25	action against any safety compliance facility that fails to comply
26	with the provisions of this article or falsifies records related to this
27	article, including any sanctions or fines, or both.
28	Sec. 16. A safety compliance facility is prohibited from doing
29	any of the following:
30	(1) Desiccating samples.
31	(2) Dry labeling samples.
32	(3) Pretesting samples.
33	Sec. 17. A safety compliance facility shall comply with random
34	quality assurance compliance checks upon the request of the
35	commission. The commission or its authorized agents may collect
36	a random sample of cannabis or cannabis product from a safety
37	compliance facility or designate another safety compliance facility
38	to collect a random sample of cannabis or cannabis product in a
39	secure manner to test that sample for quality assurance compliance
40	pursuant to this rule.

Sec. 18. (a) A safety compliance facility may retest cannabis or cannabis products that have failed initial safety testing, except as



1	indicated under subsection (c).
2	(b) A failed cannabis product must pass two (2) separate retests
3	with new samples consecutively to be eligible to proceed to sale or
4	transfer.
5	(c) The commission may publish a remediation protocol that
6	addresses, among other things, the sale or transfer of cannabis or
7	cannabis products after a failed safety test.
8	(d) The cannabis permittee that provided the sample is
9	responsible for all costs involved in a retest.
10	Sec. 19. (a) As used in this section, "research and development
11	testing" means optional testing performed before final compliance
12	testing.
13	(b) The commission may not take punitive action against a
14	cannabis permittee for conducting research and development
15	testing.
16	(c) The commission may adopt rules or publish guidance for
17	research and development testing.
18	(d) A permittee conducting research and development testing
19	must enter the testing and any other information required by the
20	commission into the statewide monitoring system.
21	Chapter 19. Violations
22	Sec. 1. If a permit holder violates this article, the permit holder
23	may be publicly reprimanded, assessed a civil penalty, or have the
24	permit revoked or suspended.
25	Sec. 2. (a) The commission may assess a civil penalty for a
26	violation of this article in an amount that does not exceed fifty
27	thousand dollars (\$50,000). A civil penalty may be assessed in
28	addition to other penalties allowed under this article.
29	(b) A civil penalty assessed under this section shall be deposited
30	in the cannabis regulation fund established by IC 7.1-8-2-12.
31	Sec. 3. A person who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally
32	provides cannabis or cannabis products to a person less than
33	twenty-one (21) years of age commits a Class B misdemeanor.
34	However, the offense is:
35	(1) a Class A misdemeanor if the person has a prior unrelated
36	conviction under this section; and
37	(2) a Level 6 felony if the use of the cannabis or cannabis
38	products is the proximate cause of the serious bodily injury or
39	death of any person.
40	Sec. 4. (a) A person who knowingly or intentionally:
41	(1) rents property; or
42	(2) provides or arranges for the use of property;



1	for the purpose of allowing or enabling a person less than
2	twenty-one (21) years of age to use cannabis or cannabis products
3	on the property commits a Class C infraction. However, the
4	violation is a Class B misdemeanor if the person has a prior
5	unrelated adjudication or conviction for a violation of this section
6	within the previous five (5) years.
7	(b) This section may not be construed to impose civil or criminal
8	liability upon any postsecondary educational institution, including
9	public and private universities and colleges, business schools,
10	vocational schools, and schools for continuing education, or its
11	agents for injury to any person or property sustained in
12	consequence of a violation of this section unless the institution or
13	its agent:
14	(1) sells, barters, exchanges, provides, or furnishes cannabis
15	or cannabis products to a person less than twenty-one (21)
16	years of age; or
17	(2) either:
18	(A) rents property; or
19	(B) provides or arranges for the use of property;
20	for the purpose of allowing or enabling a person less than
21	twenty-one (21) years of age to consume cannabis or cannabis
22	products on the property.
23	Sec. 5. (a) It is a Class C infraction for a person less than
24	twenty-one (21) years of age to enter the premises of a retailer or
25	other location where cannabis or cannabis products are provided.
26	(b) It is a Class C infraction for a parent, guardian, trustee, or
27	other person having custody of a child less than eighteen (18) years
28	of age to take that child into a retailer or other location where
29	cannabis or cannabis products are provided.
30	(c) It is a Class C infraction for a permittee to permit the parent,
31	guardian, trustee, or other person having custody of a child less
32	than eighteen (18) years of age to be with the child in a retailer or
33	other location where cannabis or cannabis products are provided.
34	Sec. 6. A person who knowingly or intentionally employs a
35	person less than twenty-one (21) years of age:
36	(1) where cannabis or cannabis products are provided; and
37	(2) in a capacity which requires or allows the person less than
38	twenty-one (21) years of age to provide or otherwise deal in
39	cannabis or cannabis products;
40	commits a Class B misdemeanor.
41	Sec. 7. A person who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age who
42	knowingly or intentionally aids, induces, or causes a person less



1	than twenty-one (21) years of age to unlawfully possess cannabis or
2	cannabis products commits a Class C infraction.
3	Sec. 8. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, an enforcement
4	officer with police powers may engage a person who is:
5	(1) at least eighteen (18) years of age; and
6	(2) less than twenty-one (21) years of age;
7	to receive or purchase cannabis or cannabis products as part of an
8	enforcement action under this article.
9	(b) The initial or contemporaneous receipt or purchase of
10	cannabis or cannabis products under this section by a person
11	described in subsection (a) must:
12	(1) occur under the direction of an enforcement officer vested
13	with full police powers and duties; and
14	(2) be a part of the enforcement action.
15	Chapter 20. Professional Services
16	Sec. 1. A person licensed under IC 25 does not commit a crime
17	or an infraction under Indiana law solely for providing
18	professional services to persons permitted to engage in an activity
19	authorized by this article.
20	Chapter 21. Employment
21	Sec. 1. Nothing in this article prohibits an employer from
22	mandating drug screening for employees or from taking an adverse
23	employment action against an employee who tests positive for
24	cannabis use.
25	Chapter 22. Appropriation
26	Sec. 1. There is appropriated to the commission from the state
27	general fund, from money not otherwise appropriated, a sum
28	sufficient to defray the expenses incurred by the commission in the
29	implementation and administration of this article.
30	SECTION 4. IC 9-30-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.49-2021,
31	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) A person who operates a vehicle with an
33	alcohol concentration equivalent to at least eight-hundredths (0.08)
34	gram of alcohol but less than fifteen-hundredths (0.15) gram of alcohol
35	per:
36	(1) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
37	(2) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;
38	commits a Class C misdemeanor.
39	(b) A person who operates a vehicle with an alcohol concentration
10	equivalent to at least fifteen-hundredths (0.15) gram of alcohol per:
11	(1) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or

(2) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;



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1	commits a Class A misdemeanor.
2	(c) A person who operates a vehicle with a controlled substance
3	listed in schedule I or II of IC 35-48-2 or its metabolite in the person's
4	blood commits a Class C misdemeanor.
5	(d) It is a defense to subsection (c) that:
6	(1) the accused person consumed the controlled substance in
7	accordance with a valid prescription or order of a practitioner (as
8	defined in IC 35-48-1) who acted in the course of the
9	practitioner's professional practice; or
0	(2) the:
11	(A) controlled substance is marijuana or a metabolite or
12	marijuana; and
13	(B) person was not intoxicated.
14	(C) person did not cause a traffic accident; and
15	(D) substance was identified by means of a chemical test taker
16	pursuant to IC 9-30-7.
17	SECTION 5. IC 9-30-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2019
18	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. (a) A person who causes serious bodily injury
20	to another person when operating a vehicle:
21	(1) with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at leas
22	eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol per:
23	(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
24	(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;
25 26	(2) with a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II or
26	IC 35-48-2 or its metabolite in the person's blood; or
27	(3) while intoxicated;
28	commits a Level 5 felony. However, the offense is a Level 4 felony is
29	the person has a previous conviction of operating while intoxicated
30	within the five (5) years preceding the commission of the offense.
31	(b) A person who violates subsection (a) commits a separate offense
32	for each person whose serious bodily injury is caused by the violation
33	of subsection (a).
34	(c) It is a defense under subsection (a)(2) that:
35	(1) the accused person consumed the controlled substance in
36	accordance with a valid prescription or order of a practitioner (as
37	defined in IC 35-48-1) who acted in the course of the
38	practitioner's professional practice; or
39	(2) the:
10	(A) controlled substance is marijuana or a metabolite of
11	marijuana; and
12.	(R) person was not intoxicated



1	SECTION 6. IC 9-30-5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2019,
2	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 5. (a) A person who causes the death or
4	catastrophic injury of another person when operating a vehicle:
5	(1) with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least
6	eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol per:
7	(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
8	(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;
9	(2) with a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II of
10	IC 35-48-2 or its metabolite in the person's blood; or
11	(3) while intoxicated;
12	commits a Level 4 felony.
13	(b) A person who causes the death of a law enforcement animal (as
14	defined in IC 35-46-3-4.5) when operating a vehicle:
15	(1) with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least
16	eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol per:
17	(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
18	(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath; or
19	(2) with a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II of
20	IC 35-48-2 or its metabolite in the person's blood;
21	commits a Level 6 felony.
22	(c) A person who commits an offense under subsection (a) or (b)
23	commits a separate offense for each person or law enforcement animal
24	whose death (or catastrophic injury, in the case of a person) is caused
25	by the violation of subsection (a) or (b).
26	(d) It is a defense under subsection (a) or (b) that:
27	(1) the person accused of causing the death or catastrophic injury
28	of another person or the death of a law enforcement animal when
29	operating a vehicle with a controlled substance listed in schedule
30	I or II of IC 35-48-2 or its metabolite in the person's blood
31	consumed the controlled substance in accordance with a valid
32	prescription or order of a practitioner (as defined in IC 35-48-1)
33	who acted in the course of the practitioner's professional practice;
34	or
35	(2) the:
36	(A) controlled substance is marijuana or a metabolite of
37	marijuana; and
38	(B) person was not intoxicated.
39	SECTION 7. IC 10-10.5-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.122-2023,
40	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3. "Law enforcement officer" means any of the
42	following:



1	(1) A state police officer, enforcement officer of the alcohol and
2	tobacco commission, enforcement officer of the cannabis
3	commission, or conservation officer.
4	(2) A county, city, town, or tribal police officer.
5	(3) A police officer appointed by a state educational institution
6	under IC 21-39-4 or school corporation under IC 20-26-16.
7	(4) A gaming agent under IC 4-33-4.5 or a gaming control officer
8	under IC 4-33-20.
9	(5) A hospital police officer employed by a hospital police
10	department established under IC 16-18-4.
11	SECTION 8. IC 10-13-8-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.122-2023,
12	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "law enforcement
14	officer" means any of the following:
15	(1) A state police officer.
16	(2) A county sheriff.
17	(3) A county police officer.
18	(4) A correctional officer.
19	(5) An excise police officer, including an enforcement officer
20	of the cannabis commission.
21	(6) A county police reserve officer.
22	(7) A city police officer.
23	(8) A city police reserve officer.
24	(9) A conservation enforcement officer.
25	(10) A town marshal.
26	(11) A deputy town marshal.
27	(12) A probation officer.
28	(13) A state educational institution police officer appointed under
29	IC 21-39-4.
30	(14) A gaming agent of the Indiana gaming commission.
31	(15) A person employed by a political subdivision (as defined in
32	IC 36-1-2-13) and appointed as a special deputy under
33	IC 36-8-10-10.6.
34	(16) A school corporation police officer appointed under
35	IC 20-26-16.
36	(17) A police officer of a public or private postsecondary
37	educational institution whose board of trustees has established a
38	police department under IC 21-17-5-2 or IC 21-39-4-2.
39	(18) A tribal police officer.
40	(19) A hospital police officer employed by a hospital police
41	department established under IC 16-18-4.
42	(20) A conservancy district marshal.



1	(21) A deputy conservancy district marshal.
2	SECTION 9. IC 11-12-3.7-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.182-2011,
3	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "drug dealing offense"
5	means one (1) or more of the following offenses:
6	(1) Dealing in cocaine or a narcotic drug (IC 35-48-4-1), unless
7	the person received only minimal consideration as a result of the
8	drug transaction.
9	(2) Dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1), unless the
10	person received only minimal consideration as a result of the drug
11	transaction.
12	(3) Dealing in a schedule I, II, III, IV, or V controlled substance
13	(IC 35-48-4-2 through IC 35-48-4-4), unless the person received
14	only minimal consideration as a result of the drug transaction.
15	(4) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, salvia or a synthetic
16	cannabinoid or mislabeled low THC hemp extract (IC
17	35-48-4-10), unless the person received only minimal
18	consideration as a result of the drug transaction.
19	SECTION 10. IC 16-31-3-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.170-2022,
20	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 14. (a) A person holding a certificate or license
22	issued under this article must comply with the applicable standards and
23	rules established under this article. A certificate holder or license
24	holder is subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (b) if the
25	department of homeland security determines that the certificate holder
26	or license holder:
27	(1) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material
28	deception in order to obtain a certificate or license, including
29	cheating on a certification or licensure examination;
30	(2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of
31	professional services or activities;
32	(3) advertised services or goods in a false or misleading manner;
33	(4) falsified or knowingly allowed another person to falsify
34	attendance records or certificates of completion of continuing
35	•
	education courses required under this article or rules adopted
36	under this article;
37	(5) is convicted of a crime, if the act that resulted in the
38	conviction has a direct bearing on determining if the certificate
39	holder or license holder should be entrusted to provide emergency
40	medical services;
41	(6) is convicted of violating IC 9-19-14.5;
42	(7) fails to comply and maintain compliance with or violates any



1	applicable provision, standard, or other requirement of this article
2	or rules adopted under this article;
3	(8) continues to practice if the certificate holder or license holder
4	becomes unfit to practice due to:
5	(A) professional incompetence that includes the undertaking
6	of professional activities that the certificate holder or license
7	holder is not qualified by training or experience to undertake;
8	(B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory or
9	practice;
10	(C) physical or mental disability; or
11	(D) addiction to, abuse of, or dependency on alcohol or other
12	drugs that endanger the public by impairing the certificate
13	holder's or license holder's ability to practice safely;
14	(9) engages in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in connection
15	with the delivery of services to the public;
16	(10) allows the certificate holder's or license holder's name or a
17	certificate or license issued under this article to be used in
18	connection with a person who renders services beyond the scope
19	of that person's training, experience, or competence;
20	(11) is subjected to disciplinary action in another state or
21	jurisdiction on grounds similar to those contained in this chapter.
22	For purposes of this subdivision, a certified copy of a record of
23	disciplinary action constitutes prima facie evidence of a
24	disciplinary action in another jurisdiction;
25	(12) assists another person in committing an act that would
26	constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under this chapter;
27	(13) allows a certificate or license issued by the commission to
28	be:
29	(A) used by another person; or
30	(B) displayed to the public when the certificate or license is
31	expired, inactive, invalid, revoked, or suspended; or
32	(14) fails to notify the department in writing of any misdemeanor
33	or felony criminal conviction, except traffic related misdemeanors
34	other than operating a motor vehicle under the influence of a drug
35	or alcohol, within ninety (90) days after the entry of an order or
36	judgment. A certified copy of the order or judgment with a letter
37	of explanation must be submitted to the department along with the
38	written notice.
39	(b) The department of homeland security may issue an order under
40	IC 4-21.5-3-6 to impose one (1) or more of the following sanctions if
41	the department of homeland security determines that a certificate
	,

holder or license holder is subject to disciplinary sanctions under



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1	subsection (a):
2	(1) Revocation of a certificate holder's certificate or license
3	holder's license for a period not to exceed seven (7) years.
4	(2) Suspension of a certificate holder's certificate or license
5	holder's license for a period not to exceed seven (7) years.
6	(3) Censure of a certificate holder or license holder.
7	(4) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.
8	(5) Assessment of a civil penalty against the certificate holder or
9	license holder in accordance with the following:
10	(A) The civil penalty may not exceed five hundred dollars
11	(\$500) per day per violation.
12	(B) If the certificate holder or license holder fails to pay the
13	civil penalty within the time specified by the department of
14	homeland security, the department of homeland security may
15	suspend the certificate holder's certificate or license holder's
16	
17	license without additional proceedings. (6) Placement of a certificate holder or license holder on
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19	probation status and requirement of the certificate holder or license holder to:
20	
21	(A) report regularly to the department of homeland security
22	upon the matters that are the basis of probation;
23	(B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the department
23 24	of homeland security;
	(C) continue or renew professional education approved by the
25	department of homeland security until a satisfactory degree of
26	skill has been attained in those areas that are the basis of the
27	probation; or
28	(D) perform or refrain from performing any acts, including
29	community restitution or service without compensation, that
30	the department of homeland security considers appropriate to
31	the public interest or to the rehabilitation or treatment of the
32	certificate holder or license holder.
33	The department of homeland security may withdraw or modify
34	this probation if the department of homeland security finds after
35	a hearing that the deficiency that required disciplinary action is
36	remedied or that changed circumstances warrant a modification
37	of the order.
38	(c) If an applicant or a certificate holder or license holder has
39	engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material deception to
40	obtain a certificate or license, including cheating on the certification or
41	licensure examination, the department of homeland security may

rescind the certificate or license if it has been granted, void the



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- examination or other fraudulent or deceptive material, and prohibit the applicant from reapplying for the certificate or license for a length of time established by the department of homeland security.
- (d) The department of homeland security may deny certification or licensure to an applicant who would be subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (b) if that person were a certificate holder or license holder, has had disciplinary action taken against the applicant or the applicant's certificate or license to practice in another state or jurisdiction, or has practiced without a certificate or license in violation of the law. A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action.
- (e) The department of homeland security may order a certificate holder or license holder to submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination if the certificate holder's or license holder's physical or mental capacity to practice safely and competently is at issue in a disciplinary proceeding. Failure to comply with a department of homeland security order to submit to a physical or mental examination makes a certificate holder or license holder liable to temporary suspension under subsection (i).
- (f) Except as provided under subsection (a), subsection (g), and section 14.5 of this chapter, a certificate or license may not be denied, revoked, or suspended because the applicant, certificate holder, or license holder has been convicted of an offense. The acts from which the applicant's, certificate holder's, or license holder's conviction resulted may be considered as to whether the applicant or certificate holder or license holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a specific capacity.
- (g) The department of homeland security may deny, suspend, or revoke a certificate or license issued under this article if the individual who holds or is applying for the certificate or license is convicted of any of the following:
 - (1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.
 - (2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.
 - (3) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).
 - (4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(c).
 - (5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
 - (6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).



1	(7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
2	committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime
3	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before
4	its amendment on July 1, 2015).
5	(8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class
6	D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6
7	felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under
8	IC 35-48-4-11.
9	(9) A felony offense under IC 35-48-4 involving:
10	(A) possession of a synthetic drug (as defined in
11	IC 35-31.5-2-321);
12	(B) possession of a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as
13	defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1,
14	2019)) as a:
15	(i) Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
16	2014); or
17	(ii) Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30,
18	2014);
19	under IC 35-48-4-11.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019); or
20	(C) possession of a controlled substance analog (as defined in
21	IC 35-48-1-9.3).
22	(10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13
23	(repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a
24	controlled substance.
25	(11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription
26	forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
27	(h) A decision of the department of homeland security under
28	subsections (b) through (g) may be appealed to the commission under
29	IC 4-21.5-3-7.
30	(i) The department of homeland security may temporarily suspend
31	a certificate holder's certificate or license holder's license under
32	IC 4-21.5-4 before a final adjudication or during the appeals process if
33	the department of homeland security finds that a certificate holder or
34	license holder would represent a clear and immediate danger to the
35	public's health, safety, or property if the certificate holder or license
36	holder were allowed to continue to practice.
37	(j) On receipt of a complaint or information alleging that a person
38	certified or licensed under this chapter or IC 16-31-3.5 has engaged in
39	or is engaging in a practice that is subject to disciplinary sanctions
40	under this chapter, the department of homeland security must initiate
41	an investigation against the person.
42	(k) The department of homeland security shall conduct a factfinding



investigation as the department of homeland security considers proper in relation to the complaint.

- (l) The department of homeland security may reinstate a certificate or license that has been suspended under this section if the department of homeland security is satisfied that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill, competency, and safety to the public. As a condition of reinstatement, the department of homeland security may impose disciplinary or corrective measures authorized under this chapter.
- (m) The department of homeland security may not reinstate a certificate or license that has been revoked under this chapter.
- (n) The department of homeland security must be consistent in the application of sanctions authorized in this chapter. Significant departures from prior decisions involving similar conduct must be explained in the department of homeland security's findings or orders.
- (o) A certificate holder may not surrender the certificate holder's certificate, and a license holder may not surrender the license holder's license, without the written approval of the department of homeland security, and the department of homeland security may impose any conditions appropriate to the surrender or reinstatement of a surrendered certificate or license.
- (p) For purposes of this section, "certificate holder" means a person who holds:
 - (1) an unlimited certificate;
 - (2) a limited or probationary certificate; or
 - (3) an inactive certificate.
- (q) For purposes of this section, "license holder" means a person who holds:
 - (1) an unlimited license;
 - (2) a limited or probationary license; or
 - (3) an inactive license.

SECTION 11. IC 16-31-3-14.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.142-2020, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 14.5. The department of homeland security may issue an order under IC 4-21.5-3-6 to deny an applicant's request for certification or licensure or permanently revoke a certificate or license under procedures provided by section 14 of this chapter if the individual who holds the certificate or license issued under this title is convicted of any of the following:

- (1) Dealing in a controlled substance resulting in death under IC 35-42-1-1.5.
- (2) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a narcotic drug under



1	IC 35-48-4-1.
2	(3) Dealing in methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.1.
3	(4) Manufacturing methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.2.
4	(5) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance under
5	IC 35-48-4-2.
6	(6) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance under
7	IC 35-48-4-3.
8	(7) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance under
9	IC 35-48-4-4.
10	(8) Dealing in a substance represented to be a controlled
11	substance under IC 35-48-4-4.5 (repealed).
12	(9) Knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, advertising,
13	distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, advertise,
14	or distribute a substance represented to be a controlled substance
15	under IC 35-48-4-4.6.
16	(10) Dealing in a counterfeit substance under IC 35-48-4-5.
17	(11) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia or
18	mislabeled low THC hemp extract as a felony under
19	IC 35-48-4-10.
20	(12) An offense under IC 35-48-4 involving the manufacture or
21	sale of a synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), a
22	synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in
23	IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) under
24	IC 35-48-4-10.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019), a controlled
25	substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or a substance
26	represented to be a controlled substance (as described in
27	IC 35-48-4-4.6).
28	(13) A crime of violence (as defined in IC 35-50-1-2(a)).
29	SECTION 12. IC 16-42-27-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.36-2023,
30	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. (a) A prescriber may, directly or by standing
32	order, prescribe or dispense an overdose intervention drug without
33	examining the individual to whom it may be administered if all of the
34	following conditions are met:
35	(1) The overdose intervention drug is dispensed or prescribed to:
36	(A) a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related
37	overdose; or
38	(B) a family member, a friend, or any other individual or entity
39	in a position to assist an individual who, there is reason to
40	believe, is at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.
41	(2) The prescriber instructs the individual receiving the overdose
42	intervention drug or prescription to summon emergency services



1	either immediately before or immediately after administering the
2	overdose intervention drug to an individual experiencing an
3	opioid-related overdose.
4	(3) The prescriber provides education and training on drug
5	overdose response and treatment, including the administration of
6	an overdose intervention drug.
7	(4) The prescriber provides drug addiction treatment information
8	and referrals to drug treatment programs, including programs in
9	the local area and programs that offer medication assisted
10	treatment that includes a federal Food and Drug Administration
11	approved long acting, nonaddictive medication for the treatment
12	of opioid or alcohol dependence.
13	(b) A prescriber may provide a prescription of an overdose
14	intervention drug to an individual as a part of the individual's addiction
15	treatment plan.
16	(c) An individual described in subsection (a)(1) may administer an
17	overdose intervention drug to an individual who is suffering from an
18	overdose.
19	(d) An individual described in subsection (a)(1) may not be
20	considered to be practicing medicine without a license in violation of
21	IC 25-22.5-8-2, if the individual, acting in good faith, does the
22	following:
23	(1) Obtains the overdose intervention drug from a prescriber or
24	entity acting under a standing order issued by a prescriber.
25	(2) Administers the overdose intervention drug to an individual
26	who is experiencing an apparent opioid-related overdose.
27	(3) Attempts to summon emergency services either immediately
28	before or immediately after administering the overdose
29	intervention drug.
30	(e) An entity acting under a standing order issued by a prescriber
31	must do the following:
32	(1) Annually register with either the:
33	(A) state department; or
34	(B) local health department in the county where services will
35	be provided by the entity;
36	in a manner prescribed by the state department.
37	(2) Provide education and training on drug overdose response and
38	treatment, including the administration of an overdose
39	intervention drug.
40	(3) Provide drug addiction treatment information and referrals to
41	drug treatment programs, including programs in the local area and
12	programs that offer medication assisted treatment that includes a



1	federal Food and Drug Administration approved long acting,
2 3	nonaddictive medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
4	(4) Submit an annual report to the state department containing:
5	(A) the number of sales of the overdose intervention drug
6	dispensed;
7	(B) the dates of sale of the overdose intervention drug
8	dispensed; and
9	(C) any additional information requested by the state
10	department.
11	(f) The state department shall ensure that a statewide standing order
12	for the dispensing of an overdose intervention drug in Indiana is issued
13	under this section. The state health commissioner or a designated
14	public health authority who is a licensed prescriber may, as part of the
15	individual's official capacity, issue a statewide standing order that may
16	be used for the dispensing of an overdose intervention drug under this
17	section. A statewide standing order issued under this section must
18	allow for choice in the:
19	(1) purchasing;
20	(2) dispensing; and
21	(3) distributing;
22	of any formulation or dosage of a naloxone product that is approved by
21 22 23 24	the federal Food and Drug Administration. The immunity provided in
24	IC 34-13-3-3 applies to an individual described in this subsection.
25	(g) A law enforcement officer may not take an individual into
26	custody based solely on the commission of an offense described in
27	subsection (h), if the law enforcement officer, after making a
28	reasonable determination and considering the facts and surrounding
29	circumstances, reasonably believes that the individual:
30	(1) obtained the overdose intervention drug as described in
31 32	subsection (a)(1); (2) complied with the provisions in subsection (d);
33	(3) administered an overdose intervention drug to an individual
34	who appeared to be experiencing an opioid-related overdose;
35	(4) provided:
36	(A) the individual's full name; and
37	(B) any other relevant information requested by the law
38	enforcement officer;
39	(5) remained at the scene with the individual who reasonably
40	appeared to be in need of medical assistance until emergency
41	medical assistance arrived;
42	(6) cooperated with emergency medical assistance personnel and
	(5) cooperated with emergency medical assistance personner and



1	law enforcement officers at the scene; and
2	(7) came into contact with law enforcement because the
3	individual requested emergency medical assistance for another
4	individual who appeared to be experiencing an opioid-related
5	overdose.
6	(h) An individual who meets the criteria in subsection (g) is immune
7	from criminal prosecution for the following:
8	(1) IC 35-48-4-6 (possession of cocaine).
9	(2) IC 35-48-4-6.1 (possession of methamphetamine).
10	(3) IC 35-48-4-7 (possession of a controlled substance).
11	(4) IC 35-48-4-8.3 (possession of paraphernalia).
12	(5) IC 35-48-4-11 (possession of marijuana). salvia).
13	(6) An offense under IC 35-48-4 involving possession of a
14	synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), possession of a
15	controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or
16	possession of a substance represented to be a controlled substance
17	(as described in IC 35-48-4-4.6).
18	SECTION 13. IC 20-28-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2022,
19	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies when a prosecuting
21	attorney knows that a licensed employee of a public school or a
22	nonpublic school has been convicted of an offense listed in subsection
23	(c). The prosecuting attorney shall immediately give written notice of
24	the conviction to the following:
25	(1) The secretary of education.
26	(2) Except as provided in subdivision (3), the superintendent of
27	the school corporation that employs the licensed employee or the
28	equivalent authority if a nonpublic school employs the licensed
29	employee.
30	(3) The presiding officer of the governing body of the school
31	corporation that employs the licensed employee, if the convicted
32	licensed employee is the superintendent of the school corporation.
33	(b) The superintendent of a school corporation, presiding officer of
34	the governing body, or equivalent authority for a nonpublic school shall
35	immediately notify the secretary of education when the individual
36	knows that a current or former licensed employee of the public school
37	or nonpublic school has been convicted of an offense listed in
38	subsection (c), or when the governing body or equivalent authority for
39	a nonpublic school takes any final action in relation to an employee
40	who engaged in any offense listed in subsection (c).
41	(c) Except as provided in section 8.5 of this chapter, the department

shall permanently revoke the license of a person who is known by the



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1	department to have been convicted of any of the following:
2	(1) The following felonies:
3	(A) A sex crime under IC 35-42-4 (including criminal deviate
4	conduct (IC 35-42-4-2) (before its repeal)).
5	(B) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).
6	(C) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3).
7	(D) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).
8	(E) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a narcotic drug (IC
9	35-48-4-1).
10	(F) Dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1).
11	(G) Manufacturing methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.2).
12	(H) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance (IC
13	35-48-4-2).
14	(I) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance (IC
15	35-48-4-3).
16	(J) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance (IC
17	35-48-4-4).
18	(K) Dealing in a counterfeit substance (IC 35-48-4-5).
19	(L) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia or
20	mislabeled low THC hemp extract as a felony (IC
21	35-48-4-10).
22	(M) An offense under IC 35-48-4 involving the manufacture
23	or sale of a synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), a
24	synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in
25	IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) under
26	IC 35-48-4-10.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019), a
27	controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or
28	a substance represented to be a controlled substance (as
29	described in IC 35-48-4-4.6).
30	(N) Homicide (IC 35-42-1).
31	(O) Voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3).
32	(P) Reckless homicide (IC 35-42-1-5).
33	(Q) Battery as any of the following:
34	(i) A Class A felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
35	2014) or a Level 2 felony (for a crime committed after June
36	30, 2014).
37	(ii) A Class B felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
38	2014) or a Level 3 felony (for a crime committed after June
39	30, 2014).
40	(iii) A Class C felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
41	2014) or a Level 5 felony (for a crime committed after June
42	30, 2014).



1	(R) Aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5).
2	(S) Robbery (IC 35-42-5-1).
3	(T) Carjacking (IC 35-42-5-2) (before its repeal).
4	(U) Arson as a Class A felony or Class B felony (for a crime
5	committed before July 1, 2014) or as a Level 2, Level 3, or
6	Level 4 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) (IC
7	35-43-1-1(a)).
8	(V) Burglary as a Class A felony or Class B felony (for a crime
9	committed before July 1, 2014) or as a Level 1, Level 2, Level
10	3, or Level 4 felony (for a crime committed after June 30,
11	2014) (IC 35-43-2-1).
12	(W) Human trafficking (IC 35-42-3.5).
13	(X) Dealing in a controlled substance resulting in death (IC
14	35-42-1-1.5).
15	(Y) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in
16	this subsection.
17	(Z) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed
18	in this subsection.
19	(2) Public indecency (IC 35-45-4-1) committed:
20	(A) after June 30, 2003; or
21	(B) before July 1, 2003, if the person committed the offense
22	by, in a public place:
23	(i) engaging in sexual intercourse or other sexual conduct
24	(as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-221.5);
25	(ii) appearing in a state of nudity with the intent to arouse
26	the sexual desires of the person or another person, or being
27	at least eighteen (18) years of age, with the intent to be seen
28	by a child less than sixteen (16) years of age; or
29	(iii) fondling the person's genitals or the genitals of another
30	person.
31	(d) The department shall permanently revoke the license of a person
32	who is known by the department to have been convicted of a federal
33	offense or an offense in another state that is comparable to a felony or
34	misdemeanor listed in subsection (c).
35	(e) A license may be suspended by the secretary of education as
36	specified in IC 20-28-7.5.
37	(f) The department shall develop a data base of information on
38	school corporation employees who have been reported to the
39	department under this section.
40	(g) Upon receipt of information from the office of judicial
41	administration in accordance with IC 33-24-6-3 concerning persons

convicted of an offense listed in subsection (c), the department shall:



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1	(1) cross check the information received from the office of
2	judicial administration with information concerning licensed
3	teachers (as defined in IC 20-18-2-22(b)) maintained by the
4	department; and
5	(2) if a licensed teacher (as defined in IC 20-18-2-22(b)) has been
6	convicted of an offense described in subsection (c), revoke the
7	licensed teacher's license.
8	SECTION 14. IC 22-15-5-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.142-2020,
9	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 16. (a) A practitioner shall comply with the
11	standards established under this licensing program. A practitioner is
12	subject to the exercise of the disciplinary sanctions under subsection
13	(b) if the department finds that a practitioner has:
14	(1) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material
15	deception in order to obtain a license to practice, including
16	cheating on a licensing examination;
17	(2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of
18	professional services or activities;
19	(3) advertised services or goods in a false or misleading manner;
20	(4) falsified or knowingly allowed another person to falsify
21	attendance records or certificates of completion of continuing
22	education courses provided under this chapter;
23	(5) been convicted of a crime that has a direct bearing on the
24	practitioner's ability to continue to practice competently;
25	(6) knowingly violated a state statute or rule or federal statute or
26	regulation regulating the profession for which the practitioner is
27	licensed;
28	(7) continued to practice although the practitioner has become
29	unfit to practice due to:
30	(A) professional incompetence;
31	(B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory or
32	practice;
33	(C) physical or mental disability; or
34	(D) addiction to, abuse of, or severe dependency on alcohol or
35	other drugs that endanger the public by impairing a
36	practitioner's ability to practice safely;
37	(8) engaged in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in connection
38	with the delivery of services to the public;
39	(9) allowed the practitioner's name or a license issued under this
40	chapter to be used in connection with an individual or business
41	who renders services beyond the scope of that individual's or
42	business's training, experience, or competence;



1	(10) had disciplinary action taken against the practitioner or the
2	practitioner's license to practice in another state or jurisdiction on
3	grounds similar to those under this chapter;
4	(11) assisted another person in committing an act that would
5	constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under this chapter;
6	or (12) 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
7	(12) allowed a license issued by the department to be:
8	(A) used by another person; or
9	(B) displayed to the public when the license has expired, is
10	inactive, is invalid, or has been revoked or suspended.
11	For purposes of subdivision (10), a certified copy of a record of
12	disciplinary action constitutes prima facie evidence of a disciplinary
13	action in another jurisdiction.
14	(b) The department may impose one (1) or more of the following
15	sanctions if the department finds that a practitioner is subject to
16	disciplinary sanctions under subsection (a):
17	(1) Permanent revocation of a practitioner's license.
18	(2) Suspension of a practitioner's license.
19	(3) Censure of a practitioner.
20	(4) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.
21	(5) Assessment of a civil penalty against the practitioner in
22	accordance with the following:
23	(A) The civil penalty may not be more than one thousand
24	dollars (\$1,000) for each violation listed in subsection (a),
25	except for a finding of incompetency due to a physical or
26	mental disability.
27	(B) When imposing a civil penalty, the department shall
28	consider a practitioner's ability to pay the amount assessed. If
29	the practitioner fails to pay the civil penalty within the time
30	specified by the department, the department may suspend the
31	practitioner's license without additional proceedings. However,
32	a suspension may not be imposed if the sole basis for the
33	suspension is the practitioner's inability to pay a civil penalty.
34	(6) Placement of a practitioner on probation status and
35	requirement of the practitioner to:
36	(A) report regularly to the department upon the matters that
37	are the basis of probation;
38	(B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the department;
39	(C) continue or renew professional education approved by the
40	department until a satisfactory degree of skill has been attained
41	in those areas that are the basis of the probation; or
42	(D) perform or refrain from performing any acts, including



64 1 community restitution or service without compensation, that 2 the department considers appropriate to the public interest or 3 to the rehabilitation or treatment of the practitioner. 4 The department may withdraw or modify this probation if the 5 department finds after a hearing that the deficiency that required 6 disciplinary action has been remedied or that changed 7 circumstances warrant a modification of the order. 8 (c) If an applicant or a practitioner has engaged in or knowingly 9 cooperated in fraud or material deception to obtain a license to 10 practice, including cheating on the licensing examination, the department may rescind the license if it has been granted, void the 11 12 examination or other fraudulent or deceptive material, and prohibit the 13 applicant from reapplying for the license for a length of time 14 established by the department. 15 (d) The department may deny licensure to an applicant who has had disciplinary action taken against the applicant or the applicant's license 16 17 to practice in another state or jurisdiction or who has practiced without 18 a license in violation of the law. A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's 19 20 disciplinary action. 21 (e) The department may order a practitioner to submit to a 22 reasonable physical or mental examination if the practitioner's physical 23 or mental capacity to practice safely and competently is at issue in a 24 disciplinary proceeding. Failure to comply with a department order to 25 submit to a physical or mental examination makes a practitioner liable 26 to temporary suspension under subsection (j). 27 (f) Except as provided under subsection (g) or (h), a license may not

- (f) Except as provided under subsection (g) or (h), a license may not be denied, revoked, or suspended because the applicant or holder has been convicted of an offense. The acts from which the applicant's or holder's conviction resulted may, however, be considered as to whether the applicant or holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a specific capacity.
- (g) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license issued under this chapter if the individual who holds the license is convicted of any of the following:
 - (1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.
 - (2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.
 - (3) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).
 - (4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(b) (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or IC 35-48-4-7(c) (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014).
 - (5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime



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1	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
2	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
3	(6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
4	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
5	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
6	(7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
7	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
8	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before
9	its amendment on July 1, 2015).
10	(8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class
11	D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level
12	6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under
13	IC 35-48-4-11.
14	(9) A felony offense under IC 35-48-4 involving possession of a
15	synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), possession of a
16	controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or
17	possession of a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in
18	IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) as a:
19	(A) Class D felony for a crime committed before July 1, 2014;
20	or
21	(B) Level 6 felony for a crime committed after June 30, 2014;
22	under IC 35-48-4-11.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019).
23	(10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13
24	(repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a
25	controlled substance.
26	(11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription
27	forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
28	(h) The department shall deny, revoke, or suspend a license issued
29	under this chapter if the individual who holds the license is convicted
30	of any of the following:
31	(1) Dealing in a controlled substance resulting in death under
32	IC 35-42-1-1.5.
33	(2) Dealing in cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-1.
34	(3) Dealing in methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.1.
35	(4) Manufacturing methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.2.
36	(5) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance under
37	IC 35-48-4-2.
38	(6) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance under
39	IC 35-48-4-3.
40	(7) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance under
41	IC 35-48-4-4.



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(8) Dealing in a substance represented to be a controlled

substance under IC 35-48-4-4.5 (repealed).

- (9) Knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, advertising, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, advertise, or distribute a substance represented to be a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-4.6.
- (10) Dealing in a counterfeit substance under IC 35-48-4-5.
 - (11) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia or mislabeled low THC hemp extract as a felony under IC 35-48-4-10.
 - (12) An offense under IC 35-48-4 involving the manufacture or sale of a synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) under IC 35-48-4-10.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019), a controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or a substance represented to be a controlled substance (as described in IC 35-48-4-4.6).
 - (13) A violation of any federal or state drug law or rule related to wholesale legend drug distributors licensed under IC 25-26-14.
- (i) A decision of the department under subsections (b) through (h) may be appealed to the commission under IC 4-21.5-3-7.
- (j) The department may temporarily suspend a practitioner's license under IC 4-21.5-4 before a final adjudication or during the appeals process if the department finds that a practitioner represents a clear and immediate danger to the public's health, safety, or property if the practitioner is allowed to continue to practice.
- (k) On receipt of a complaint or an information alleging that a person licensed under this chapter has engaged in or is engaging in a practice that jeopardizes the public health, safety, or welfare, the department shall initiate an investigation against the person.
- (l) Any complaint filed with the office of the attorney general alleging a violation of this licensing program shall be referred to the department for summary review and for its general information and any authorized action at the time of the filing.
- (m) The department shall conduct a fact finding investigation as the department considers proper in relation to the complaint.
- (n) The department may reinstate a license that has been suspended under this section if, after a hearing, the department is satisfied that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill, safety, and competency to the public. As a condition of reinstatement, the department may impose disciplinary or corrective measures authorized under this chapter.



- (o) The department may not reinstate a license that has been revoked under this chapter. An individual whose license has been revoked under this chapter may not apply for a new license until seven (7) years after the date of revocation.
- (p) The department shall seek to achieve consistency in the application of sanctions authorized in this chapter. Significant departures from prior decisions involving similar conduct must be explained in the department's findings or orders.
- (q) A practitioner may petition the department to accept the surrender of the practitioner's license instead of having a hearing before the commission. The practitioner may not surrender the practitioner's license without the written approval of the department, and the department may impose any conditions appropriate to the surrender or reinstatement of a surrendered license.
- (r) A practitioner who has been subjected to disciplinary sanctions may be required by the commission to pay the costs of the proceeding. The practitioner's ability to pay shall be considered when costs are assessed. If the practitioner fails to pay the costs, a suspension may not be imposed solely upon the practitioner's inability to pay the amount assessed. The costs are limited to costs for the following:
 - (1) Court reporters.
 - (2) Transcripts.

- (3) Certification of documents.
- (4) Photo duplication.
- (5) Witness attendance and mileage fees.
 - (6) Postage.
 - (7) Expert witnesses.
 - (8) Depositions.
 - (9) Notarizations.

SECTION 15. IC 25-1-1.1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.142-2020, SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. Notwithstanding IC 25-1-7, a board, a commission, or a committee may suspend, deny, or revoke a license or certificate issued under this title by the board, the commission, or the committee without an investigation by the office of the attorney general if the individual who holds the license or certificate is convicted of any of the following and the board, commission, or committee determines, after the individual has appeared in person, that the offense affects the individual's ability to perform the duties of the profession:

- (1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.
- (2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.
- (3) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).



1	(4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under
2	IC 35-48-4-7(c).
3	(5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
4	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
5	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
6	(6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
7	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
8	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
9	(7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime
10	committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime
11	committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before
12	its amendment on July 1, 2015).
13	(8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class
14	D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level
15	6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under
16	IC 35-48-4-11.
17	(9) A felony offense under IC 35-48-4 involving possession of a
18	synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), possession of a
19	controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or
20	possession of a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in
21	IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) as a:
22	(A) Class D felony for a crime committed before July 1, 2014;
23	or
24	(B) Level 6 felony for a crime committed after June 30, 2014;
25	under IC 35-48-4-11.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019).
26	(10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13
27	(repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a
28	controlled substance.
29	(11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription
30	forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
31	(12) A sex crime under IC 35-42-4.
32	(13) A felony that reflects adversely on the individual's fitness to
33	hold a professional license.
34	SECTION 16. IC 25-1-1.1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.142-2020,
35	SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3. A board, a commission, or a committee shall
37	revoke or suspend a license or certificate issued under this title by the
38	board, the commission, or the committee if the individual who holds
39	the license or certificate is convicted of any of the following:
40	(1) Dealing in a controlled substance resulting in death under
41	IC 35-42-1-1.5.
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(2) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a narcotic drug under

1	IC 35-48-4-1.
2	(3) Dealing in methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.1.
3	(4) Manufacturing methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.2.
4	(5) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance under
5	IC 35-48-4-2.
6	(6) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance under
7	IC 35-48-4-3.
8	(7) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance under
9	IC 35-48-4-4.
10	(8) Dealing in a substance represented to be a controlled
11	substance under IC 35-48-4-4.5 (before its repeal on July 1.
12	2019).
13	(9) Knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, advertising
14	distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, advertise,
15	or distribute a substance represented to be a controlled substance
16	under IC 35-48-4-4.6.
17	(10) Dealing in a counterfeit substance under IC 35-48-4-5.
18	(11) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia or
19	mislabeled low THC hemp extract as a felony under
20	IC 35-48-4-10.
21	(12) An offense under IC 35-48-4 involving the manufacture or
22	sale of a synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), a
23	synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in
24	IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) under
25	IC 35-48-4-10.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019), a controlled
26	substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or a substance
27	represented to be a controlled substance (as described in
28	IC 35-48-4-4.6).
29	(13) A violation of any federal or state drug law or rule related to
30	wholesale legend drug distributors licensed under IC 25-26-14.
31	SECTION 17. IC 34-24-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2023,
32	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) The following may be seized:
34	(1) All vehicles (as defined by IC 35-31.5-2-346), if they are used
35	or are intended for use by the person or persons in possession of
36	them to transport or in any manner to facilitate the transportation
37	of the following:
38	(A) A controlled substance for the purpose of committing
39	attempting to commit, or conspiring to commit any of the
40	following:
41	(i) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a narcotic drug
42	(IC 35-48-4-1).



1	(ii) Dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1).
2	(iii) Manufacturing methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.2).
3	(iv) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance
4	(IC 35-48-4-2).
5	(v) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance (IC
6	35-48-4-3).
7	(vi) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance (IC
8	35-48-4-4).
9	(vii) Dealing in a counterfeit substance (IC 35-48-4-5).
10	(viii) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug (IC
11	35-48-4-6).
12	(ix) Possession of methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-6.1).
13	(x) Dealing in paraphernalia (IC 35-48-4-8.5).
14	(xi) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia oi
15	mislabeled low THC hemp extract (IC 35-48-4-10).
16	(xii) An offense under IC 35-48-4 involving a synthetic drug
17	(as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), a synthetic drug lookalike
18	substance (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its
19	repeal on July 1, 2019)) under IC 35-48-4-10.5 (before its
20	repeal on July 1, 2019), a controlled substance analog (as
21	defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or a substance represented to be
22	a controlled substance (as described in IC 35-48-4-4.6).
23	(xiii) A violation of IC 7.1-8.
24	(B) Any stolen (IC 35-43-4-2 or IC 35-43-4-2.2) or converted
25	property (IC 35-43-4-3) if the retail or repurchase value of that
26	property is one hundred dollars (\$100) or more.
27	(C) Any hazardous waste in violation of IC 13-30-10-1.5.
28	(D) A bomb (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-31) or weapon of
29	mass destruction (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-354) used to
30	commit, used in an attempt to commit, or used in a conspiracy
31	to commit a felony terrorist offense (as defined in
32	IC 35-50-2-18) or an offense under IC 35-47 as part of or ir
33	furtherance of an act of terrorism (as defined by
34	IC 35-31.5-2-329).
35	(2) All money, negotiable instruments, securities, weapons
36	communications devices, or any property used to commit, used in
37	an attempt to commit, or used in a conspiracy to commit a felony
38	terrorist offense (as defined in IC 35-50-2-18) or an offense under
39	IC 35-47 as part of or in furtherance of an act of terrorism or
40	commonly used as consideration for a violation of IC 35-48-4
41	(other than items subject to forfeiture under IC 16-42-20-5 or
42	IC 16-6-8.5-5.1, before its repeal):



1	(A) furnished or intended to be furnished by any person in
2	exchange for an act that is in violation of a criminal statute;
3	(B) used to facilitate any violation of a criminal statute; or
4	(C) traceable as proceeds of the violation of a criminal statute.
5	(3) Any portion of real or personal property purchased with
6	money that is traceable as a proceed of a violation of a criminal
7	statute.
8	(4) A vehicle that is used by a person to:
9	(A) commit, attempt to commit, or conspire to commit;
10	(B) facilitate the commission of; or
11	(C) escape from the commission of;
12	murder (IC 35-42-1-1), dealing in a controlled substance resulting
13	in death (IC 35-42-1-1.5), kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2), criminal
14	confinement (IC 35-42-3-3), rape (IC 35-42-4-1), child molesting
15	(IC 35-42-4-3), or child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4), or an offense
16	under IC 35-47 as part of or in furtherance of an act of terrorism.
17	(5) Real property owned by a person who uses it to commit any of
18	the following as a Level 1, Level 2, Level 3, Level 4, or Level 5
19	felony:
20	(A) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a narcotic drug (IC
21	35-48-4-1).
22	(B) Dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1).
23	(C) Manufacturing methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.2).
24	(D) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance (IC
25	35-48-4-2).
26	(E) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance (IC
27	35-48-4-3).
28	(F) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia or
29	mislabeled low THC hemp extract (IC 35-48-4-10).
30	(G) Dealing in a synthetic drug (as defined in
31	IC 35-31.5-2-321) or synthetic drug lookalike substance (as
32	defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1,
33	2019)) under IC 35-48-4-10.5 (before its repeal on July 1,
34	2019).
35	(H) Dealing in a controlled substance resulting in death (IC
36	35-42-1-1.5).
37	(6) Equipment and recordings used by a person to commit fraud
38	under IC 35-43-5.
39	(7) Recordings sold, rented, transported, or possessed by a person
40	in violation of IC 24-4-10.
41	(8) Property (as defined by IC 35-31.5-2-253) or an enterprise (as
42	defined by IC 35-45-6-1) that is the object of a corrupt business



1	influence violation (IC 35-45-6-2).
2	(9) Unlawful telecommunications devices (as defined in
3	IC 35-45-13-6) and plans, instructions, or publications used to
4	commit an offense under IC 35-45-13.
5	(10) Any equipment, including computer equipment and cellular
6	telephones, used for or intended for use in preparing,
7	photographing, recording, videotaping, digitizing, printing,
8	copying, or disseminating matter in violation of IC 35-42-4.
9	(11) Destructive devices used, possessed, transported, or sold in
10	violation of IC 35-47.5.
11	(12) Tobacco products that are sold in violation of IC 24-3-5,
12	tobacco products that a person attempts to sell in violation of
13	IC 24-3-5, and other personal property owned and used by a
14	person to facilitate a violation of IC 24-3-5.
15	(13) Property used by a person to commit counterfeiting or
16	forgery in violation of IC 35-43-5-2.
17	(14) After December 31, 2005, if a person is convicted of an
18	offense specified in IC 25-26-14-26(b) or IC 35-43-10, the
19	following real or personal property:
20	(A) Property used or intended to be used to commit, facilitate,
21	or promote the commission of the offense.
22	(B) Property constituting, derived from, or traceable to the
23	gross proceeds that the person obtained directly or indirectly
24	as a result of the offense.
25	(15) Except as provided in subsection (e), a vehicle used by a
26	person who operates the vehicle:
27	(A) while intoxicated, in violation of IC 9-30-5-1 through
28	IC 9-30-5-5, if in the previous five (5) years the person has two
29	(2) or more prior unrelated convictions for operating a motor
30	vehicle while intoxicated in violation of IC 9-30-5-1 through
31	IC 9-30-5-5; or
32	(B) on a highway while the person's driving privileges are
33	suspended in violation of IC 9-24-19-2 through IC 9-24-19-3,
34	if in the previous five (5) years the person has two (2) or more
35	prior unrelated convictions for operating a vehicle while
36	intoxicated in violation of IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5.
37	If a court orders the seizure of a vehicle under this subdivision,
38	the court shall transmit an order to the bureau of motor vehicles
39	recommending that the bureau not permit a vehicle to be
40	registered in the name of the person whose vehicle was seized
41	until the person possesses a current driving license (as defined in



IC 9-13-2-41).

1	(16) Cannabis and cannabis products grown, processed, sold
2	or offered for sale in violation of IC 7.1-8.
3	(16) (17) The following real or personal property:
4	(A) Property used or intended to be used to commit, facilitate
5	or promote the commission of an offense specified in
6	IC 23-14-48-9, IC 30-2-9-7(b), IC 30-2-10-9(b), or
7	IC 30-2-13-38(f).
8	(B) Property constituting, derived from, or traceable to the
9	gross proceeds that a person obtains directly or indirectly as a
10	result of an offense specified in IC 23-14-48-9, IC 30-2-9-7(b)
11	IC 30-2-10-9(b), or IC 30-2-13-38(f).
12	(17) (18) Real or personal property, including a vehicle, that is
13	used by a person to:
14	(A) commit, attempt to commit, or conspire to commit;
15	(B) facilitate the commission of; or
16	(C) escape from the commission of;
17	a violation of IC 35-42-3.5-1 through IC 35-42-3.5-1.4 (humar
18	trafficking) or IC 35-45-4-4 (promoting prostitution).
19	(b) A vehicle used by any person as a common or contract carrier in
20	the transaction of business as a common or contract carrier is no
21	subject to seizure under this section, unless it can be proven by a
22	preponderance of the evidence that the owner of the vehicle knowingly
23 24	permitted the vehicle to be used to engage in conduct that subjects it to
24	seizure under subsection (a).
25	(c) Equipment under subsection (a)(10) may not be seized unless i
26	can be proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the owner of the
27	equipment knowingly permitted the equipment to be used to engage ir
28	conduct that subjects it to seizure under subsection (a)(10).
29	(d) Money, negotiable instruments, securities, weapons
30	communications devices, or any property commonly used as
31	consideration for a violation of IC 35-48-4 found near or on a persor
32	who is committing, attempting to commit, or conspiring to commit any
33	of the following offenses shall be admitted into evidence in an action
34	under this chapter as prima facie evidence that the money, negotiable
35	instrument, security, or other thing of value is property that has been
36	used or was to have been used to facilitate the violation of a crimina
37	statute or is the proceeds of the violation of a criminal statute:
38	(1) IC 35-42-1-1.5 (dealing in a controlled substance resulting in
39	death).
10	(2) IC 35-48-4-1 (dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a
1 1	narcotic drug).
12	(3) IC 35-48-4-1.1 (dealing in methamphetamine).



1	(4) IC 35-48-4-1.2 (manufacturing methamphetamine).
2	(5) IC 35-48-4-2 (dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled
3	substance).
4	(6) IC 35-48-4-3 (dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance).
5	(7) IC 35-48-4-4 (dealing in a schedule V controlled substance)
6	as a Level 4 felony.
7	(8) IC 35-48-4-6 (possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug) as a
8	Level 3, Level 4, or Level 5 felony.
9	(9) IC 35-48-4-6.1 (possession of methamphetamine) as a Level
10	3, Level 4, or Level 5 felony.
11	(10) IC 35-48-4-10 (dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or
12	salvia or mislabeled low THC hemp extract) as a Level 5
13	felony.
14	(11) IC 35-48-4-10.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019) (dealing
15	in a synthetic drug or synthetic drug lookalike substance) as a
16	Level 5 felony or Level 6 felony (or as a Class C felony or Class
17	D felony under IC 35-48-4-10 before its amendment in 2013).
18	(e) A vehicle operated by a person who is not:
19	(1) an owner of the vehicle; or
20	(2) the spouse of the person who owns the vehicle;
21	is not subject to seizure under subsection (a)(15) unless it can be
22	proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the owner of the
23	vehicle knowingly permitted the vehicle to be used to engage in
24	conduct that subjects it to seizure under subsection (a)(15).
25	SECTION 18. IC 34-30-2.1-73.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
26	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
27	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 73.5. IC 7.1-8-7-16 (Concerning
28	acts and omissions of the members of the cannabis commission and
29	their officers and employees).
30	SECTION 19. IC 35-31.5-2-185, AS AMENDED BY P.L.122-2023,
31	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 185. (a) "Law enforcement officer" means:
33	(1) a police officer (including a tribal police officer, a correctional
34	police officer, and a hospital police officer employed by a hospital
35	police department established under IC 16-18-4), sheriff,
36	constable, marshal, prosecuting attorney, special prosecuting
37	attorney, special deputy prosecuting attorney, the securities
38	commissioner, or the inspector general;
39	(2) a deputy of any of those persons;
40	(3) an investigator for a prosecuting attorney or for the inspector
41	general;

(4) a conservation officer;



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1	(5) an enforcement officer of the alcohol and tobacco commission
2	or of the cannabis commission;
3	(6) an enforcement officer of the securities division of the office
4	of the secretary of state; or
5	(7) a gaming agent employed under IC 4-33-4.5 or a gaming
6	control officer employed by the gaming control division under
7	IC 4-33-20.
8	(b) "Law enforcement officer", for purposes of IC 35-42-2-1,
9	includes an alcoholic beverage enforcement officer, as set forth in
10	IC 35-42-2-1.
11	(c) "Law enforcement officer", for purposes of IC 35-45-15,
12	includes a federal enforcement officer, as set forth in IC 35-45-15-3.
13	(d) "Law enforcement officer", for purposes of IC 35-44.1-3-1 and
14	IC 35-44.1-3-2, includes a school resource officer (as defined in
15	IC 20-26-18.2-1) and a school corporation police officer appointed
16	under IC 20-26-16.
17	(e) "Law enforcement officer", for purposes of IC 35-40.5, has the
18	meaning set forth in IC 35-40.5-1-1.
19	SECTION 20. IC 35-45-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2023,
20	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) The definitions in this section apply
22	throughout this chapter.
23	(b) "Documentary material" means any document, drawing,
24	photograph, recording, or other tangible item containing compiled data
25	from which information can be either obtained or translated into a
26	usable form.
27	(c) "Enterprise" means:
28	(1) a sole proprietorship, corporation, limited liability company,
29	partnership, business trust, or governmental entity; or
30	(2) a union, an association, or a group, whether a legal entity or
31	merely associated in fact.
32	(d) "Pattern of racketeering activity" means engaging in at least two
33	(2) incidents of racketeering activity that have the same or similar
34	intent, result, accomplice, victim, or method of commission, or that are
35	otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics that are not
36	isolated incidents. However, the incidents are a pattern of racketeering
37	activity only if at least one (1) of the incidents occurred after August
38	31, 1980, and if the last of the incidents occurred within five (5) years
39	after a prior incident of racketeering activity.
40	(e) "Racketeering activity" means to commit, to attempt to commit,
41	to conspire to commit a violation of, or aiding and abetting in a



2025

violation of any of the following:

```
1
              (1) A provision of IC 23-19, or of a rule or order issued under
 2
              IC 23-19.
 3
              (2) A violation of IC 35-45-9.
 4
              (3) A violation of IC 35-47.
 5
              (4) A violation of IC 35-49-3.
 6
              (5) Murder (IC 35-42-1-1).
 7
              (6) Battery as a Class C felony before July 1, 2014, or a Level 5
 8
              felony after June 30, 2014 (IC 35-42-2-1).
 9
              (7) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).
10
              (8) Human and sexual trafficking crimes (IC 35-42-3.5).
11
              (9) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4).
12
              (10) Robbery (IC 35-42-5-1).
13
              (11) Cariacking (IC 35-42-5-2) (before its repeal).
14
              (12) Arson (IC 35-43-1-1).
15
              (13) Burglary (IC 35-43-2-1).
16
              (14) Theft (IC 35-43-4-2).
17
              (15) Receiving stolen property (IC 35-43-4-2) (before its
18
              amendment on July 1, 2018).
19
              (16) Forgery (IC 35-43-5-2).
20
              (17) An offense under IC 35-43-5.
21
              (18) Bribery (IC 35-44.1-1-2).
22
              (19) Official misconduct (IC 35-44.1-1-1).
23
              (20) Conflict of interest (IC 35-44.1-1-4).
24
              (21) Perjury (IC 35-44.1-2-1).
25
              (22) Obstruction of justice (IC 35-44.1-2-2).
26
              (23) Intimidation (IC 35-45-2-1).
27
              (24) Promoting prostitution (IC 35-45-4-4).
28
              (25) Professional gambling (IC 35-45-5-3).
29
              (26) Maintaining a professional gambling
                                                                         (IC
30
              35-45-5-3.5(b)).
31
              (27) Promoting professional gambling (IC 35-45-5-4).
32
              (28) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a narcotic drug (IC
33
              35-48-4-1).
34
              (29) Dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1).
35
              (30) Manufacturing methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.2).
36
              (31) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance (IC
37
              35-48-4-2).
38
              (32) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance (IC
39
              35-48-4-3).
40
              (33) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-4).
41
              (34) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia or
42
              mislabeled low THC hemp extract (IC 35-48-4-10).
```



1	(35) Money laundering (IC 35-45-15-5).
2	(36) A violation of IC 35-47.5-5.
3	(37) A violation of any of the following:
4	(A) IC 23-14-48-9.
5	(B) IC 30-2-9-7(b).
6	(C) IC 30-2-10-9(b).
7	(D) IC 30-2-13-38(f).
8	(38) Practice of law by a person who is not an attorney (IC
9	33-43-2-1).
10	(39) An offense listed in IC 35-48-4 involving the manufacture or
11	sale of a synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), a
12	synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in
13	IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) under
14	IC 35-48-4-10.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019), a controlled
15	substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9.3), or a substance
16	represented to be a controlled substance (as described in
17	IC 35-48-4-4.6).
18	(40) Dealing in a controlled substance resulting in death (IC
19	35-42-1-1.5).
20	(41) Organized retail theft (IC 35-43-4-2.2).
21	SECTION 21. IC 35-46-9-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2019,
22	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and
24	(c), a person who operates a motorboat while:
25	(1) having an alcohol concentration equivalent (as defined in
26	IC 9-13-2-2.4) to at least eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol
27	per:
28	(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
29	(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;
30	(2) having a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II of
31	IC 35-48-2 or its metabolite in the person's body; or
32	(3) intoxicated;
33	commits a Class C misdemeanor.
34	(b) The offense is a Level 6 felony if:
35	(1) the person has a previous conviction under:
36	(A) IC 14-1-5 (repealed);
37	(B) IC 14-15-8-8 (repealed); or
38	(C) this chapter; or
39	(2) the offense results in serious bodily injury to another person.
40	(c) The offense is a Level 5 felony if the offense results in the death
41	or catastrophic injury of another person.
42	(d) It is a defense to a prosecution under subsection (a)(2) that:



1	(1) the accused person consumed the controlled substance in
2	accordance with a valid prescription or order of a practitioner (as
3	defined in IC 35-48-1-24) who acted in the course of the
4	practitioner's professional practice; or
5	(2) the:
6	(A) controlled substance is marijuana or a metabolite of
7	marijuana; and
8	(B) person was not intoxicated.
9	SECTION 22. IC 35-48-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.84-2024,
10	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. (a) The controlled substances listed in this
12	section are included in schedule I.
13	(b) Opiates. Any of the following opiates, including their isomers,
14	esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, unless
15	specifically excepted by rule of the board or unless listed in another
16	schedule, whenever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and
17	salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
18	4-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl
19	Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-
20	piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide) (9815)
21	Acetyl fentanyl (Other names include:
22 23 24	N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide)
23	Acetylmethadol (9601)
24	Acrylfentanyl. Other name: N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-
25	N-phenylacrylamide
26	Allylprodine (9602)
27	Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-
28	thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide) (9832)
29	Alphacetylmethadol (9603)
30	Alphameprodine (9604)
31	Alphamethadol (9605)
32	Alpha'-Methyl butyryl fentanyl (2-methyl-N-(1-
33	phenethylpiperidin- 4-yl)-N-phenylbutanamide) (9864)
34	Alphamethylfentanyl (9814)
35	Benzethidine (9606)
36	Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (9831). Other name:
37	N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl
38]-N-phenylpropanamide
39	Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-
40	phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide) (9830)
41	Betacetylmethadol (9607)
12	Retamenrodine (9608)



1	Betamethadol (9609)
2	Betaprodine (9611)
3	Brorphine (9098). Other name:
4	1-(1-(4-bromophenyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)-1,3-dihydro-2
5	H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-one
6	2-(2-(4-butoxybenzyl)-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-1yl)-N,N-dieth
7	ylethan-1-amine (butonitazene); other name: butoxynitazene
8	Clonitazene (9612)
9	Cyclopentyl fentanyl. Other name:
10	N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopentanecarboxamide
11	Dextromoramide (9613)
12	Diampromide (9615)
13	Diethylthiambutene (9616)
14	N,N-diethyl-2-(2-(4-flourobenzyl)-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-1-y
15	l)ethan-1-amine (flunitazene)
16	N,N-diethyl-2-(2-(4-methoxybenzyl)-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl)eth
17	an-1-amine (metodesnitazene)
18	N,N-diethyl-2-(2-(4-methoxybenzyl)-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-
19	1-yl)ethan-1-amine (metonitazene)
20	N,N-diethyl-2-(5-nitro-2-(4-propoxybenzyl)-1H-benzimidazol-
21	1-yl)ethan-1-amine (protonitazene); other name: pronitazene
22	Difenoxin (9168)
23 24	Dimenoxadol (9617)
	Dimepheptanol (9618)
25	2',5'-Dimethoxyfentanyl (N-(1- (2,5-dimethoxyphenethyl)
26	piperidin-4-yl)- N-phenylpropionamide) (9861)
27	Dimethylthiambutene (9619)
28	Dioxaphetyl butyrate (9621)
29	Dipipanone (9622)
30	2-(2-(4-ethoxybenzyl)-1H-benzimidazol-1yl)-N,N-diethylethan-
31	1-amine (etodesnitazene; etazene)
32	2-(4-ethnoxybenzyl)5-nitro-1(2-(pyrorolidin-1-yl)ethyl)-1H-ben
33	zimidazol (N-pyrrolidino etonizatene; etonitazepyne)
34	Ethylmethylthiambutene (9623)
35	Etonitazene (9624)
36	Etoxeridine (9625)
37	Fentanyl related substances.
38	Furanyl fentanyl (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)- N-phenylfuran-
39	2-carboxamide) (9834)
40	3-Furanyl fentanyl (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin- 4-yl)-
41	N-phenylfuran- 3- carboxamide) (9860)
42	Furethidine (9626)



1	Hydroxypethidine (9627)
2	Isobutyryl fentanyl. Other name:
2 3	N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylisobutyramide
4	Isotonitazene. Other name: N,N-diethyl-2-
5	(2-(4 isopropoxybenzyl)-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-
6	1-yl)ethan-1-amine)
7	Isovaleryl fentanyl (3-methyl- N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)- N-
8	phenylbutanamide) (9862)
9	Ketobemidone (9628)
10	Levomoramide (9629)
11	Levophenacylmorphan (9631)
12	Meta-Fluorofentanyl (N-(3- fluorophenyl)- N-
13	(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl) propionamide) (9857)
14	Meta-Fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl (N-(3-fluorophenyl)- N-
15	(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl) isobutyramide) (9858)
16	Methoxyacetyl fentanyl. Other name:
17	2-methoxy-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide
18	3-Methylfentanyl [N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-
19	piperidyl]-N-phenyl-propanimide](9813)
20	3-Methylthiofentanyl (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
21	piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide) (9833)
22	M e t o n i t a z e n e
23	(N,N-diethyl-2-(2-(4-methoxybenzyl)-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol
24	-1-yl)ethan-1-amine) (9757)
25	MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine) (9961)
26	Morpheridine (9632)
27	N-[1-benzyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (benzylfentanyl),
28	including any isomers, salts, or salts of isomers (9818)
29	N-[1-[2-hydroxy-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl] 25 piperidin-4-yl]-
30	N-phenylpropionamide, also known as N-[1-[2-hydroxy-2-
31	(2-thienyl)ethyl] -4- piperidinyl]- N-phenylpropanamide,
32	(beta-hydroxythiofentanyl)
33	N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl) isobutyramide
34	(para-chloroisobutyryl fentanyl)
35	N-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)
36	acetamide (ocfentanil)
37	N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4 -yl) butyramide
38	(para-fluorobutyryl fentanyl)
39	N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylbutyramide, also known
40	as N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylbutanamide, (butyryl
41	fentanyl)
42	N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylpentanamide (valeryl



1	fentanyl)
2	N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin -4-yl) butyramide
3	(para-methoxybutyryl fentanyl)
4	N-[1-(2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide
5	(thenylfentanyl), including any isomers, salts, or salts of isomers
6	(9834)
7	N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylisobutyramide (isobutyryl
8	fentanyl)
9	N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)- Nphenylcyclopentanecarboxamide
10	(cyclopentyl fentanyl)
11	Noracymethadol (9633)
12	Norlevorphanol (9634)
13	Normethadone (9635)
14	Norpipanone (9636)
15	Ocfentanil. Other name:
16	N-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)
17	acetamide
18	Ortho-fluorofentanyl or 2-fluorofentanyl. Other name:
19	N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)propionamide
20	Ortho-Fluorofuranyl fentanyl (N-(2-fluorophenyl)- N-
21	(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)furan-2-carboxamide) (9863)
22	Para-chloroisobutyryl fentanyl. Other name:
23	N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide
24	Para-fluorobutyryl fentanyl. Other name:
25	N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide
26	Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-
27	[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl] propanamide (9812)
28	Para-methoxybutyryl fentanyl. Other name:
29	N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide
30	Para-Methoxyfuranyl fentanyl (N-(4-methoxyphenyl)- N-
31	(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl) furan-2-carboxamide (9859)
32	Para-Methylcyclopropyl fentanyl (N-(4-methylphenyl)- N-
33	(1-phenethylpiperidin- 4-yl)cyclopropanecarboxamide) (9865)
34	Phenadoxone (9637)
35	Phenampromide (9638)
36	Phenomorphan (9647)
37	Phenoperidine (9641)
38	PEPAP [1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine] (9663)
39	Piritramide (9642)
40	Proheptazine (9643)
41	Properidine (9644)
42	Propiram (9649)
	1 " (1 1 1)



1	Racemoramide (9645)
2	Tetrahydrofuranyl fentanyl. Other name
3	N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carb
4	oxamide
5	Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
6	piperidinyl]-propanamide) (9835)
7	Tianeptine (7-[(3-chloro-6-methyl-5,5-dioxo-11H-benzo[c
8	[2,1]benzothiazepin-11-yl)amino]heptanoic acid)
9	Tilidine (9750)
10	Trimeperidine (9646)
11	U47700 (3,4-dichloro- N- [2-dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]
12	N-methyl- benzamide)
13	Valeryl fentanyl. Other name
14	N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylpentanamide
15	Zipeprol (1-methoxy-3-[4-(2-methoxy-2-phenylethyl) piperazin-
16	1-yl]- 1- phenylpropan- 2-ol) (9873)
17	(c) Opium derivatives. Any of the following opium derivatives, their
18	salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted by rule
19	of the board or unless listed in another schedule, whenever the
20	existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within
21	the specific chemical designation:
22	Acetorphine (9319)
23 24	Acetyldihydrocodeine (9051)
24	Benzylmorphine (9052)
25	Codeine methylbromide (9070)
26	Codeine-N-Oxide (9053)
27	Cyprenorphine (9054)
28	Desomorphine (9055)
29	Dihydromorphine (9145)
30	Drotebanol (9335)
31	Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt) (9056)
32	Heroin (9200)
33	Hydromorphinol (9301)
34	Methyldesorphine (9302)
35	Methyldihydromorphine (9304)
36	Morphine methylbromide (9305)
37	Morphine methylsulfonate (9306)
38	Morphine-N-Oxide (9307)
39	Myrophine (9308)
40	Nicocodeine (9309)
41	Nicomorphine (9312)
42	Normorphine (9313)



1	Pholcodine (9314)
2	Thebacon (9315)
3	(d) Hallucinogenic substances. Unless specifically excepted or
4	unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or
5	preparation which contains any quantity of the following
6	hallucinogenic, psychedelic, or psychogenic substances, their salts
7	isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of these salts
8	isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical
9	designation (for purposes of this subsection only, the term "isomer"
10	includes the optical, position, and geometric isomers):
11	(1) 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine (7473). Other name
12	TCPy.
13	(2) 4-Bromo-2, 5-Dimethoxyamphetamine (7391). Some trade of
14	other names: 4-Bromo-2, 5-Dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine
15	4-Bromo-2, 5-DMA.
16	(3) 4-Bromo-2, 5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (7392). Some trade
17	or other names:
18	2-[4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]-1-aminoethane
19	alpha-desmethyl DOB; 2C-B, Nexus.
20	(4) 2, 5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylamphet-amine (7399). Other name
21	DOET.
22	(5) 2, 5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine (7348)
23	Other name: 2C-T-7.
24	(6) 2, 5-Dimethoxyamphetamine (7396). Some trade or other
25	names: 2, 5-Dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 2, 5-DMA.
26	(7) 4-Methoxyamphetamine (7411). Some trade or other names
27	4-Methoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; Paramethoxyamphetamine
28	PMA.
29	(8) 5-Methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine (7401). Other
30	Name: MMDA.
31	(9) 5-Methoxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine, including any
32	isomers, salts, or salts of isomers (7439). Other name
33	5-MeO-DIPT.
34	(10) 4-methyl-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine (7395). Some trade
35	and other names: 4-methyl-2,
36	5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; DOM; and STP.
37	(11) 3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine (7400). Other name
38	MDA.
39	(12) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (7404). Other
40	names: N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)
41	phenethylamine; N-ethyl MDA; MDE; and MDEA.
42	(13) 3, 4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA) (7405).



1	(14) 3, 4, 5-trimethoxy amphetamine (7390). Other name: TMA.
2	(15) Alpha-ethyltryptamine (7249). Some trade and other names:
3	Etryptamine; Monase; [alpha]-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine;
4	3-(2-aminobutyl) indole; [alpha]-ET; and AET.
5	(16) Alpha-methyltryptamine (7432). Other name: AMT.
6	(17) Bufotenine (7433). Some trade and other names:
7	3-(B-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole;
8	3-(2-dimethylaminonethyl)-5-indolol; N, N-dimethylserotonin;
9	5-hydroxy-N, N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine.
10	(18) Diethyltryptamine (7434). Some trade or other names: N,
11	N-Diethyltryptamine; DET.
12	(19) Dimethyltryptamine (7435). Some trade or other names:
13	DMT.
14	(20) Ibogaine (7260). Some trade and other names: 7-Ethyl-6, 6b,
15	7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6, 9-methano-5H-pyrido
16	(1', 2': 1, 2, azepino 4, 5-b) indole; tabernanthe iboga.
17	(21) Lysergic acid diethylamide (7315). Other name: LSD.
18	(22) Marijuana (7360).
19	(23) (22) Mescaline (7381).
20	(24) (23) Methoxetamine[2-(ethylamino)-2-(3-methoxyphenyl)
21	cyclohexan-1-one or 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-(ethylamino)-
22	cyclohexanone].
23	(25) (24) Parahexyl (7374). Some trade or other names:
24	3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7, 8, 9, 10-Tetrahydro-6, 6,
25	9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo (b,d) pyran; Snyhexyl.
26	(26) (25) Peyote (7415), including:
27	(A) all parts of the plant that are classified botanically as
28	lophophora williamsii lemaire, whether growing or not;
29	(B) the seeds thereof;
30	(C) any extract from any part of the plant; and
31	(D) every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or
32	preparation of the plant, its seeds, or extracts.
33	(27) (26) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate (7482). Other name:
34	DMZ.
35	(28) (27) N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (7402).
36	Other names: N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4
37	(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine; and N-hydroxy MDA.
38	(29) (28) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate (7484). Other name:
39	LBJ.
40	(30) (29) Psilocybin (7437).
41	(31) (30) Psilocyn (7438).
42	(32) (31) Tetrahydrocannabinols (7370), including synthetic
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,



1	equivalents of the substances contained in the plant, or in the
2	resinous extractives of Cannabis, sp. and synthetic substances,
3	derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and
4	pharmacological activity such as:
5	(A) π^1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical
6	isomers;
7	(B) π^6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical
8	isomers; and
9	(C) π^{3} , cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical
10	isomers.
11	Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally
12	standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of
13	numerical designation of atomic positions are covered. Other
14	name: THC.
15	(33) (32) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine (7455). Some trade
16	or other names: N-Ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine;
17	(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)
18	ethylamine; cyclohexamine; PCE.
19	(34) (33) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine (7458). Some trade
20	or other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine; PCP _v ; PHP.
21	(35) (34) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine (7470). Some trade
22	or other names: 1-(1-(2-thienyl) cyclohexyl) piperidine; 2-Thienyl
23	Analog of Phencyclidine; TPCP.
24	(36) (35) Salvia divinorum or salvinorin A, including:
25	(A) all parts of the plant that are classified botanically as salvia
26	divinorum, whether growing or not;
27	(B) the seeds of the plant;
28	(C) any extract from any part of the plant; and
29	(D) every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or
30	preparation of the plant, its seeds, or extracts.
31	(36) 5-Methoxy-N,N-Dimethyltryptamine. Some trade or
32	other names: 5-methoxy-3-[2- (dimethylamino)ethyl]indole;
33	5-MeO-DMT.
34	(38) (37) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenyl)ethanamine (2C-E).
35	(39) (38) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine (2C-D).
36	(40) (39) 2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl) ethanamine (2C-C).
37	(41) (40) 2-(4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl) ethanamine (2C-I).
38	(42) (41) 2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl] ethanamine
39	(2C-T-2).
40	(43) (42) 2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl] ethanamine
41	(2C-T-4).
42	(44) (43) 2-(2 5-Dimethovynhenyl) ethanamine (2C-H)



1	(45) (44) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl) ethanamine (2C-N).
2	(46) (45) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl) ethanamine
3	(2C-P).
4	(47) (46) Deschloroketamine (2-Phenyl-2-
5	(methylamino)cyclohexanone).
6	(48) (47) 4-Hydroxy-MET (4-Hydroxy-N-methyl-N-
7	ethyltryptamine).
8	(49) (48) N-methyltryptamine (1H-Indole-3-ethanamine,
9	N-methyl-).
10	(50) (49) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)butan-1-one
11	(other names: eutylone; bk-EBDB (7549)).
12	(51) (50) N-(1-amino- 3,3-dimethyl-1- oxobutan-2-yl)-
13	1-butyl-1H-indazole-3- carboxamide (other name:
14	ADB-BUTINACA) (7027).
15	(52) (51) 4-methyl-1-phenyl-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)pentan-1-one
16	(other names: α-PiHP; alpha-PiHP) (7551).
17	(53) (52) 2-(methylamino)-1-(3-methylphenyl)propan-1-one
18	(other names: 3–MMC; 3-methylmethcathinone) (1259).
19	(e) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted in a rule adopted by
20	the board or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound,
21	mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
22	substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system,
23	including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence
24	of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the
25	specific chemical designation:
26	Etizolam (4-(2- chlorophenyl)-2- ethyl-9- methyl- 6H-
27	thieno[3,2-f] [1,2,4] triazolo[4,3-a] [1,4diazepine) (other names
28	include: Etilaam, Etizest, Depas, Etizola, Sedekopan, and
29	Pasaden)
30	Flubromazolam (8-bromo-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-
31	4H-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a][1,4]benzodiazepine)
32	Gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (other names include GHB;
33	gamma-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutanoic acid; sodium
34	oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate) (2010)
35	Mecloqualone (2572)
36	Methaqualone (2565)
37	(f) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
38	another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that
39	contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant
40	effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and
41	salts of isomers:
42	([+/-]) cis-4-methylaminorex $(([+/-])$ cis-4,5-



1	dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine) (1590).
2	Amineptine (7-[(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-
3	yl)amino] heptanoic acid) (1219).
4	Aminorex (1585). Other names: aminoxaphen;
5	2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; or
6	4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine.
7	4,4'-Dimethylaminorex (4,4'-DMAR; 4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-(4-
8	methylphenyl)- 2- oxazolamine; 4-methyl-5- (4-methylphenyl)-
9	4,5-dihydro-1,3-oxazol- 2-amine).
10	Benzylone, 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(benzylamino)propan
11	-1-one. Synonyms: BMDP, N-benzyl methylone,
12	3,4-Methylenedioxy-Nbenzylcathinone,
13	N-benzyl-3,4-methylenedioxycathinone.
14	Cathinone (1235). Some trade or other names:
15	2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone; alpha-aminopropiophenone;
16	2-aminopropiophenone; and norephedrone.
17	Fenethylline (1503).
18	N-Benzylpiperazine (7493). Other names: BZP; and
19	1-benzylpiperazine.
20	N-ethylamphetamine (1475).
21	Mesocarb (N-phenyl-N-(3-(1-
22	phenylpropan-2-yl)-1,2,3-oxadiazol-3- ium-5yl)carbamimidate)
23	(1227).
24	Methcathinone (1237). Some other trade names:
25	2-Methylamino-1-Phenylpropan-I-one; Ephedrone;
26	Monomethylpropion; UR 1431.
27	N, N-dimethylamphetamine (1480). Other names: N,
28	N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine; and N,
29	N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine.
30	Methiopropamine (N-methyl-1-(thiophen-2-yl) propan-2-amine)
31	(1478).
32	(g) Synthetic drugs as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321.
33	SECTION 23. IC 35-48-4-8.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.153-2018,
34	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 8.5. (a) A person who keeps for sale, offers for
36	sale, delivers, or finances the delivery of a raw material, an instrument,
37	a device, or other object that is intended to be or that is designed or
38	marketed to be used primarily for:
39	(1) ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human
40	body marijuana, hash oil, hashish, salvia, a synthetic drug, or a
41	controlled substance;
42	(2) testing the strength, effectiveness, or purity of marijuana, hash



1	oil, hashish, salvia, a synthetic drug, or a controlled substance;
2	(3) enhancing the effect of a controlled substance;
3	(4) manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing,
4	processing, or preparing marijuana, hash oil, hashish, salvia, a
5	synthetic drug, or a controlled substance;
6	(5) diluting or adulterating marijuana, hash oil, hashish, salvia, a
7	synthetic drug, or a controlled substance by individuals; or
8	(6) any purpose announced or described by the seller that is in
9	violation of this chapter;
0	commits a Class A infraction for dealing in paraphernalia.
l 1	(b) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates subsection (a)
12	commits a Class A misdemeanor. However, the offense is a Level 6
13	felony if the person has a prior unrelated judgment or conviction under
14	this section.
15	(c) This section does not apply to the following:
16	(1) Items marketed for use in the preparation, compounding,
17	packaging, labeling, or other use of marijuana, hash oil, hashish,
18	salvia, a synthetic drug, or a controlled substance as an incident
9	to lawful research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.
20	(2) Items marketed for or historically and customarily used in
21	connection with the planting, propagating, cultivating, growing,
22	harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing,
23 24	processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging,
24	storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, or inhaling
25	of tobacco or any other lawful substance.
26	(3) A qualified entity (as defined in IC 16-41-7.5-3) that provides
27	a syringe or needle as part of a program under IC 16-41-7.5.
28	(4) Any entity or person that provides funding to a qualified entity
29	(as defined in IC 16-41-7.5-3) to operate a program described in
30	IC 16-41-7.5.
31	SECTION 24. IC 35-48-4-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.153-2018,
32	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 10. (a) A person who:
34	(1) knowingly or intentionally:
35	(A) manufactures;
36	(B) finances the manufacture of;
37	(C) delivers; or
38	(D) finances the delivery of;
39	marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia, pure or adulterated; or
10	(2) possesses, with intent to:
11	(A) manufacture;
12	(R) finance the manufacture of:



1	(C) deliver; or
2	(D) finance the delivery of;
3	marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia, pure or adulterated;
4	commits dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia, a Class A
5	misdemeanor, except as provided in subsections (b) through (d).
6	(b) A person may be convicted of an offense under subsection (a)(2)
7	only if:
8	(1) there is evidence in addition to the weight of the drug that the
9	person intended to manufacture, finance the manufacture of,
10	deliver, or finance the delivery of the drug; or
11	(2) the amount of the drug involved is at least
12	(A) ten (10) pounds, if the drug is marijuana; or
13	(B) three hundred (300) grams, if the drug is hash oil, hashish,
14	or salvia.
15	(c) The offense is a Level 6 felony if:
16	(1) the person has a prior conviction for a drug offense and the
17	amount of the drug involved is
18	(A) less than thirty (30) grams of marijuana; or
19	(B) less than five (5) grams of hash oil, hashish, or salvia; or
20	(2) the amount of the drug involved is
21	(A) at least thirty (30) grams but less than ten (10) pounds of
21 22 23 24	marijuana; or
23	(B) at least five (5) grams but less than three hundred (300)
24	grams of hash oil, hashish, or salvia.
25 26	(d) The offense is a Level 5 felony if:
26	(1) the person has a prior conviction for a drug dealing offense
27	and the amount of the drug involved is
28	(A) at least thirty (30) grams but less than ten (10) pounds of
29	marijuana; or
30	(B) at least five (5) grams but less than three hundred (300)
31	grams of hash oil, hashish, or salvia; or
32	(2) the:
33	(A) amount of the drug involved is
34	(i) at least ten (10) pounds of marijuana; or
35	(ii) at least three hundred (300) grams of hash oil, hashish,
36	or salvia; or
37	(B) offense involved a sale to a minor. or
38	(3) the:
39	(A) person is a retailer;
40	(B) marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia is packaged in a
41	manner that appears to be low THC hemp extract; and
42	(C) person knew or reasonably should have known that the



1	product was marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia.
2	(e) A retailer who:
3	(1) knowingly or intentionally:
4	(A) manufactures;
5	(B) finances the manufacture of;
6	(C) delivers; or
7	(D) finances the delivery of;
8	marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia, pure or adulterated
9	that is packaged in a manner that appears to be low THC
0	hemp extract; or
l 1	(2) possesses, with intent to:
12	(A) manufacture;
13	(B) finance the manufacture of;
14	(C) deliver; or
15	(D) finance the delivery of;
16	marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia, pure or adulterated
17	that is packaged in a manner that appears to be low THC
18	hemp extract;
9	commits dealing in mislabeled low THC hemp extract, a Level 5
20	felony, if the retailer knew or reasonably should have known that
21	the product was marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia.
22	SECTION 25. IC 35-48-4-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.153-2018
23	SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23 24	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 11. (a) A person who
25	(1) knowingly or intentionally possesses (pure or adulterated)
26	marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia
27	(2) knowingly or intentionally grows or cultivates marijuana; or
28	(3) knowing that marijuana is growing on the person's premises
29	fails to destroy the marijuana plants;
30	commits possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia, a Class
31	B misdemeanor, except as provided in subsections (b) through (c).
32	(b) The offense described in subsection (a) is a Class A
33	misdemeanor if
34	(1) the person has a prior conviction for a drug offense. or
35	(2) the:
36	(A) marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia is packaged in a
37	manner that appears to be low THC hemp extract; and
38	(B) person knew or reasonably should have known that the
39	product was marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia.
10	(c) The offense described in subsection (a) is a Level 6 felony if:
11	(1) the person has a prior conviction for a drug offense; and
12	(2) the person possesses



(A) at least thirty (30) grams of marijuana; or

2	(B) at least five (5) grams of hash oil, hashish, or salvia.
3	(d) A person who:
4	(1) knowingly or intentionally possesses (pure or adulterated)
5	marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia that is packaged in a
6	manner that appears to be low THC hemp extract; and
7	(2) knew or reasonably should have known that the product
8	was marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia;
9	commits possession of mislabeled low THC hemp extract, a Class
10	A misdemeanor.
11	SECTION 26. IC 35-50-5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.144-2024,
12	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (i), (j), or
14	(l), or (m), in addition to any sentence imposed under this article for a
15	felony or misdemeanor, the court may, as a condition of probation or
16	without placing the person on probation, order the person to make
17	restitution to the victim of the crime, the victim's estate, or the family
18	of a victim who is deceased. The court shall base its restitution order
19	upon a consideration of:
20	(1) property damages of the victim incurred as a result of the
21	crime, based on the actual cost of repair (or replacement if repair
22	is inappropriate);
23	(2) medical and hospital costs incurred by the victim (before the
24	date of sentencing) as a result of the crime;
25 26	(3) the cost of medical laboratory tests to determine if the crime
26	has caused the victim to contract a disease or other medical
27	condition;
28	(4) earnings lost by the victim (before the date of sentencing) as
29	a result of the crime including earnings lost while the victim was
30	hospitalized or participating in the investigation or trial of the
31	crime; and
32	(5) funeral, burial, or cremation costs incurred by the family or
33	estate of a homicide victim as a result of the crime.
34	(b) A restitution order under subsection (a), (i), (j), or (l) $\frac{1}{0}$ or $\frac{1}{0}$ is
35	a judgment lien that:
36	(1) attaches to the property of the person subject to the order;
37	(2) may be perfected;
38	(3) may be enforced to satisfy any payment that is delinquent
39	under the restitution order by the person in whose favor the order
10	is issued or the person's assignee; and
11	(4) expires;
12	in the same manner as a judgment lien created in a civil proceeding.



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1 (c) When a restitution order is issued under subsec	ction (a), the
2 issuing court may order the person to pay the restitution,	
3 restitution, directly to:	•
4 (1) the victim services division of the Indiana crim	minal justice
5 institute in an amount not exceeding:	J
6 (A) the amount of the award, if any, paid to the	victim under
7 IC 5-2-6.1; and	
8 (B) the cost of the reimbursements, if any, fo	r emergency
9 services provided to the victim under IC 16-10-1	.5 (before its
10 repeal) or IC 16-21-8; or	
11 (2) a probation department that shall forward restitut	tion or part of
restitution to:	-
13 (A) a victim of a crime;	
(B) a victim's estate; or	
15 (C) the family of a victim who is deceased.	
The victim services division of the Indiana criminal jus	stice institute
shall deposit the restitution it receives under this subse	ection in the
violent crime victims compensation fund established by IG	C 5-2-6.1-40.
(d) When a restitution order is issued under subsection	
or (1), or (m), the issuing court shall send a certified copy	
21 to the clerk of the circuit court in the county where t	
misdemeanor charge was filed. The restitution order mus	
following information:	
24 (1) The name and address of the person that is to	receive the
25 restitution.	
26 (2) The amount of restitution the person is to receive	e.
Upon receiving the order, the clerk shall enter and index	
the circuit court judgment docket in the manner pr	
29 IC 33-32-3-2. The clerk shall also notify the department	•
of an order of restitution under subsection (i).	
31 (e) An order of restitution under subsection (a), (i), (j),	or (1) or (m)
does not bar a civil action for:	
33 (1) damages that the court did not require the person	to pay to the
victim under the restitution order but arise from	
property damage that is the basis of restitution or	
36 court; and	•
37 (2) other damages suffered by the victim.	
38 (f) Regardless of whether restitution is required under s	ubsection(a)
as a condition of probation or other sentence, the restitutio	
discharged by the completion of any probationary per	
sentence imposed for a felony or misdemeanor.	
42 (g) A restitution order under subsection (a), (i), (j), or	r (1) or (m) is



- not discharged by the liquidation of a person's estate by a receiver under IC 32-30-5 (or IC 34-48-1, IC 34-48-4, IC 34-48-5, IC 34-48-6, IC 34-1-12, or IC 34-2-7 before their repeal).
- (h) The attorney general may pursue restitution ordered by the court under subsections (a) and (c) on behalf of the victim services division of the Indiana criminal justice institute.
- (i) The court may order the person convicted of an offense under IC 35-43-9 to make restitution to the victim of the crime. The court shall base its restitution order upon a consideration of the amount of money that the convicted person converted, misappropriated, or received, or for which the convicted person conspired. The restitution order issued for a violation of IC 35-43-9 must comply with subsections (b), (d), (e), and (g), and is not discharged by the completion of any probationary period or other sentence imposed for a violation of IC 35-43-9.
- (j) The court may order the person convicted of an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5 to make restitution to the victim of the crime, the victim's estate, or the family of a victim who is deceased. The court shall base its restitution order upon a consideration of the amount of fraud or harm caused by the convicted person and any reasonable expenses (including lost wages) incurred by the victim in correcting the victim's credit report and addressing any other issues caused by the commission of the offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5. If, after a person is sentenced for an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5, a victim, a victim's estate, or the family of a victim discovers or incurs additional expenses that result from the convicted person's commission of the offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5, the court may issue one (1) or more restitution orders to require the convicted person to make restitution, even if the court issued a restitution order at the time of sentencing. For purposes of entering a restitution order after sentencing, a court has continuing jurisdiction over a person convicted of an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5 for five (5) years after the date of sentencing. Each restitution order issued for a violation of IC 35-43-5-3.5 must comply with subsections (b), (d), (e), and (g), and is not discharged by the completion of any probationary period or other sentence imposed for an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5.
- (k) The court shall order a person convicted of an offense under IC 35-42-3.5 to make restitution to the victim of the crime in an amount equal to the greater of the following:
 - (1) The gross income or value to the person of the victim's labor or services.
 - (2) The value of the victim's labor as guaranteed under the



1	minimum wage and overtime provisions of:
2	(A) the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended
3	(29 U.S.C. 201-209); or
4	(B) IC 22-2-2 (Minimum Wage);
5	whichever is greater.
6	(l) The court shall order a person who:
7	(1) is convicted of dealing in methamphetamine under
8	IC 35-48-4-1.1 or manufacturing methamphetamine under
9	IC 35-48-4-1.2; and
10	(2) manufactured the methamphetamine on property owned by
l 1	another person, without the consent of the property owner;
12	to pay liquidated damages to the property owner in the amount of ten
13	thousand dollars (\$10,000) or to pay actual damages to the property
14	owner, including lost rent and the costs of decontamination by a
15	qualified inspector certified under IC 16-19-3.1.
16	(m) The court shall order a person who:
17	(1) is convicted of dealing in marijuana under
18	IC 35-48-4-10(a)(1)(A); and
19	(2) manufactured the marijuana on property owned by another
20	person, without the consent of the property owner;
21	to pay liquidated damages to the property owner in the amount of two
22	thousand dollars (\$2,000).
23	SECTION 27. IC 35-52-7-97 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
24	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 97. IC 7.1-8-12-13 defines a crime
26	concerning cannabis.
27	SECTION 28. IC 35-52-7-98 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
28	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 98. IC 7.1-8-14-9 defines a crime
30	concerning cannabis.
31	SECTION 29. IC 35-52-7-99 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
32	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 99. IC 7.1-8-15-5 defines a crime
34	concerning cannabis.
35	SECTION 30. IC 35-52-7-100 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
36	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
37	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 100. IC 7.1-8-19-3 defines a crime
38	concerning cannabis.
39	SECTION 31. IC 35-52-7-101 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
10	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
11	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 101. IC 7.1-8-19-4 defines a crime
12	concerning cannabis.



1	SECTION 32. IC 35-52-7-102 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
2	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 102. IC 7.1-8-19-6 defines a crime
4	concerning cannabis.
5	SECTION 33. IC 36-1-8.5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.122-2023,
6	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "law enforcement
8	officer" means an individual who is employed or was formerly
9	employed as:
0	(1) a police officer (including a tribal police officer, a correctional
1	police officer, and a hospital police officer employed by a hospital
12	police department established under IC 16-18-4), sheriff,
13	constable, marshal, prosecuting attorney, special prosecuting
14	attorney, special deputy prosecuting attorney, the securities
15	commissioner, or the inspector general;
16	(2) a deputy of any of the persons specified in subdivision (1);
17	(3) an investigator for a prosecuting attorney or for the inspector
18	general;
19	(4) a conservation officer;
20	(5) an enforcement officer of the alcohol and tobacco commission
21	or of the cannabis commission; or
22	(6) an enforcement officer of the securities division of the office
23	of the secretary of state.

