## **HOUSE BILL No. 1444**

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 34-24-5; IC 35-43-2-3.

**Synopsis:** Criminal and civil liability for ransomware. Increases the penalty for computer trespass to a Level 6 felony if the person who commits the offense prevents the owner of the computer system from accessing the computer system, the computer network, or one or more files located on the computer system or computer network. Provides that a person who is the victim of computer trespass may bring a civil action against the person who committed the offense for treble damages, costs, and reasonable attorney's fees.

Effective: July 1, 2017.

# Judy

January 17, 2017, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.



### Introduced

#### First Regular Session of the 120th General Assembly (2017)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2016 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1444**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

### Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 34-24-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
2	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
$\overline{3}$	1, 2017]:
4	Chapter 5. Liability for Computer Trespass
5	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "loss" includes expenses incurred
6	in securing a computer system or computer network against
7	unauthorized intrusion.
8	Sec. 2. A person who suffers a loss as the result of a violation of
9	IC 35-43-2-3(e) may bring an action against the person who caused
10	the loss for the following:
11	(1) An amount not to exceed three (3) times the actual
12	damages of the person who suffered the loss.
13	(2) The costs of the action.
14	(3) Reasonable attorney's fees.
15	Sec. 3. It is not a defense to an action under this chapter that the
16	defendant:
17	(1) has not been prosecuted; or



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1	(2) is facing criminal prosecution.
2	Sec. 4. Treble damages awarded under this chapter are not
$\frac{2}{3}$	punitive damages.
4	SECTION 2. IC 35-43-2-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.79-2009,
5	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this section:
7	"Access" means to:
8	(1) approach;
9	(1) approach, (2) instruct;
10	(2) Instruct, (3) communicate with;
10	
11	(4) store data in; (5) retrieve data from or
12	(5) retrieve data from; or
13 14	(6) make use of resources of;
	a computer, computer system, or computer network.
15	"Computer network" means the interconnection of communication
16	lines or wireless telecommunications with a computer or wireless
17	telecommunication device through:
18	(1) remote terminals;
19	(2) a complex consisting of two (2) or more interconnected
20	computers; or
21	(3) a worldwide collection of interconnected networks operating
22	as the Internet.
23	"Computer system" means a set of related computer equipment,
24	software, or hardware.
25	"Hoarding program" means a computer program designed to bypass
26	or neutralize a security measure, access control system, or similar
27	system used by the owner of a computer network or computer system
28	to limit the amount of merchandise that one (1) person may purchase
29	by means of a computer network.
30	(b) A person who knowingly or intentionally accesses:
31	(1) a computer system;
32	(2) a computer network; or
33	(3) any part of a computer system or computer network;
34	without the consent of the owner of the computer system or computer
35	network, or the consent of the owner's licensee, commits computer
36	trespass, a Class A misdemeanor, except as described in subsection
37	(e).
38	(c) A person who knowingly or intentionally uses a hoarding
39	program to purchase merchandise by means of a computer network
40	commits computer merchandise hoarding, a Class A misdemeanor. It
41	is a defense to a prosecution under this subsection that the person used
42	the hoarding program with the permission of the person selling the



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1 merchandise.

2 (d) A person who knowingly or intentionally sells, purchases, or
3 distributes a hoarding program commits unlawful distribution of a
4 hoarding program, a Class A misdemeanor. It is a defense to a
5 prosecution under this subsection that the hoarding program was sold,
6 purchased, or distributed for legitimate scientific or educational
7 purposes.

8 (e) The offense described in subsection (b) is a Level 6 felony if 9 the person who commits the offense prevents the owner of the 10 computer system from accessing the computer system, the 11 computer network, or one (1) or more files located on the computer 12 system or computer network.

