

HOUSE BILL No. 1470

DIGEST OF HB 1470 (Updated February 7, 2017 11:33 am - DI 87)

Citations Affected: IC 2-5; IC 2-6; IC 4-3; IC 5-14; IC 6-8.1; IC 22-4.5; IC 34-30; IC 36-2.

Synopsis: Government information. Provides that the general assembly and the legislative services agency on behalf of the general assembly have the authority to obtain all information held by an Indiana government entity regardless of form of the information. Establishes the management and performance hub as an agency within the executive department of state government to do the following: (1) Establish and maintain a program to collect, analyze, and exchange data in carrying out the powers and duties of the OMB and the powers and duties of state agencies. (2) In accordance with state privacy and public records laws, establish and maintain a program to make data available to agencies, political subdivisions, researchers, and public consumption. (3) Establish privacy and quality policies for state data that comply with all applicable Indiana and federal laws, rules, and policies. (4) Establish and maintain a program to ensure the security of state data. (5) Conduct operational and procedural audits of state agencies. (6) Perform financial planning and design and implement efficiency projects. (7) Advise and assist state agencies to identify and implement continuous process improvement in state government. Repeals the statute that establishes the Indiana workforce intelligence system. Makes conforming amendments.

Effective: July 1, 2017.

Ober, Mahan, McNamara, **Shackleford**

January 18, 2017, read first time and referred to Committee on Government and Regulatory

February 7, 2017, amended, reported — Do Pass.



First Regular Session of the 120th General Assembly (2017)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2016 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1470

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 2-5-1.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
2	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2017]:
4	Chapter 1.7. Access to Government Information by the Genera
5	Assembly
6	Sec. 1. The definitions in IC 5-14-3.3 apply throughout this
7	chapter.
8	Sec. 2. (a) As used in this chapter, "free accessibility" refers to
9	the ability to do the following:
0	(1) Electronically view, copy, import, extract, or otherwise
1	obtain a copy of government information electronically from
2	a governmental entity without cost to the legislative service
3	agency or the legislative department of state government.
4	(2) Inspect and copy or obtain a copy of all governmen
5	information:
6	(A) from the original records of the governmental entity of
7	web site owner containing the government information, as



1	specified by the legislative services agency;
2	(B) regardless of the data tier under which the information
3	is classified;
4	(C) in a format and on the schedule specified by the
5	legislative services agency; and
6	(D) without cost to the legislative services agency or the
7	legislative department of state government.
8	(b) The term does not include the ability to change information
9	in the possession of the governmental entity.
10	Sec. 3. "Government information" refers to recorded
11	information, regardless of the form or the media on which the
12	information is recorded.
13	Sec. 4. "Governmental entity" refers to any of the following:
14	(1) The state.
15	(2) A state agency.
16	(3) A political subdivision.
17	(4) An agency of a political subdivision.
18	(5) A state educational institution.
19	(6) A separate body corporate and politic.
20	(7) Any other entity established by Indiana law that performs
21	a governmental function.
22	Sec. 5. To carry out the constitutional and statutory
23	responsibilities of the legislative department of state government
24	and the legislative services agency, the legislative department of
25	state government, through the legislative services agency, shall
26	have free accessibility to government information.
27	Sec. 6. Notwithstanding section 5 of this chapter, a
28	governmental entity is not required to give the legislative services
29	agency free accessibility until the legislative services agency
30	requests free accessibility from the governmental entity. The
31	legislative services agency may enter into an agreement with a
32	government entity to establish the terms of the free accessibility. If
33	the governmental entity and the legislative services agency are
34	unable to agree on a matter regarding free accessibility, the
35	requirements of the legislative services agency prevail, subject to
36	section 7 of this chapter.
37	Sec. 7. (a) If information to which the legislative services agency
38	will have free accessibility is subject to federal law, federal
39	regulation, or federal executive order, the governmental entity
40	shall do the following:
41	(1) Provide to the legislative services agency a description of

the nature and scope of the restrictions or other conditions.



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1	(2) Assist the legislative services agency with obtaining any
2	approvals or waivers and comply with any conditions
3	necessary to exercise free accessibility to the information.
4	(3) Provide free accessibility to the information to the
5	legislative services agency to the full extent permitted by the
6	applicable federal law, federal regulation, or federal executive
7	order.
8	(b) If the legislative services agency accesses, inspects, or copies
9	government information that is confidential, the legislative services
10	agency shall maintain the confidentiality of that information as
11	required by federal law, Indiana law, or both.
12	SECTION 2. IC 2-6-1.5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. (a) Not more than
14	fourteen (14) days (including Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays)
15	after the last day the governor must take action on enrolled acts passed
16	during any session of the general assembly, the legislative services
17	agency shall distribute to the clerk of the circuit court of each county
18	one (1) copy of each enrolled act of that session which became law.
19	(b) A copy of the enrolled acts distributed under subsection (a) may
20	be in the form of:
21	(1) a hard paper copy; or
22	(2) an electronic copy:
23	(A) on a computer disk;
24	(B) on a CD-ROM disk; or
25	(C) in another machine readable format (as defined
26	IC 5-14-3.3-7).
27	(c) The clerk of the circuit court of each county may inform the
28	legislative services agency whether the clerk prefers to receive the
29	enrolled acts in the form of:
30	(1) a hard paper copy; or
31	(2) an electronic copy described in subsection (b)(2) that is
32	available from the legislative services agency.
33	(d) If a clerk of circuit court informs the legislative services agency
34	under subsection (c) that the clerk prefers to receive the enrolled acts
35	in the form described in subsection (c)(1) or in a form described in
36	subsection (c)(2), the legislative services agency shall deliver the
37	enrolled acts to the clerk in the form for which the clerk has expressed
38	a preference.
39	(e) This distribution shall be delivered by certified mail, or by any
40	other means of delivery that includes a return receipt, to each of the

clerks of the counties of the state, and shall fulfill the publication and circulation requirements of Art. 4, Sec. 28 of the Constitution of the



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1	State of Indiana.
2	SECTION 3. IC 4-3-26 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
3	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
4	1, 2017]:
5	Chapter 26. Indiana Management and Performance Hub
6	Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "agency" refers to any
7	agency, authority, board, bureau, commission, department,
8	division, office, or other unit of state government in the executive,
9	including the administrative, department of state government
10	established by any of the following:
11	(1) The Constitution of the State of Indiana.
12	(2) An Indiana statute.
13	(3) An administrative rule.
14	(4) An executive order.
15	(b) The term does not include the following:
16	(1) The legislative department of state government.
17	(2) The judicial department of state government.
18	(3) The Indiana finance authority created by IC 4-4-11-4.
19	(4) A political subdivision.
20	(5) A state educational institution.
21	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "continuous process
22	improvement" means a management methodology that combines
23	tools to improve process speed and reduce waste with data driven
24	project analysis to provide products and services with improved
25	quality at lower cost.
26	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "data" has the meaning set forth
27	in IC 5-14-3.3-1.
28	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "MPH" refers to the
29	management and performance hub established by section 8 of this
30	chapter.
31	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "OMB" refers to the office of
32	management and budget established by IC 4-3-22-3.
33	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "political subdivision" has the
34	meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-13.
35	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "state data" has the meaning set
36	forth in IC 5-14-3.3-12.
37	Sec. 8. The management and performance hub is established
38	within the OMB.
39	Sec. 9. (a) The governor shall appoint a chief data officer, who
40	serves at the pleasure of the governor.

(b) The chief data officer shall do the following:

(1) Serve as the executive head of the MPH.



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1	(2) Advise agencies and political subdivisions regarding best
2	practices concerning the creation and maintenance of data.
3	(3) Coordinate data analytics and transparency master
4	planning for the state and provide leadership regarding data
5	analytics and transparency.
6	Sec. 10. The MPH shall do the following:
7	(1) Establish and maintain a program to collect, analyze, and
8	exchange data in carrying out the powers and duties of the
9	OMB and the powers and duties of the agency or entity
10	sharing the data. In carrying out this program, the MPH may,
11	in accordance with IC 4-1-6 and IC 5-14-3, obtain state data
12	from each agency.
13	(2) In accordance with IC 4-1-6 and IC 5-14-3, establish and
14	maintain a program to make data available to agencies,
15	political subdivisions, researchers, and public consumption,
16	subject to the following:
17	(A) In addition to the requirements of IC 4-1-6-8.6, a
18	research request submission must be accompanied by
19	written approval from an applicable institutional review
20	board or similar entity, as determined by the MPH.
21	(B) A program established and maintained under this
22	chapter must include policies governing access to data held
23	by the MPH under this chapter. Data may be made
24	available only in accordance with applicable
25	confidentiality and disclosure laws.
26	(3) Establish privacy and quality policies for state data that
27	comply with all applicable Indiana and federal laws, rules,
28	and policies.
29	(4) In accordance with standards developed by the office of
30	technology established by IC 4-13.1-2-1, establish and
31	maintain a program to ensure the security of state data under
32	this chapter.
33	(5) Conduct operational and procedural audits of agencies.
34	(6) Perform financial planning and design and implement
35	efficiency projects.
36	(7) Advise and assist each agency to identify and implement
37	continuous process improvement in state government.
38	(8) Carry out such other responsibilities as may be designated
39	by the director of the OMB or the chief data officer.
40	Sec. 11. Each agency shall do the following:
41	(1) In a manner determined by the MPH, make available to
42	the MPH the state data the MPH requires under this chapter.



1	(2) Make the MPH a party to any contractual agreement that
2	will generate state data.
3	(3) As requested by the MPH, make available personnel with
4	technical expertise to facilitate sharing of state data.
5	Sec. 12. (a) Title to any state data that is obtained by the MPH
6	under section 11 of this chapter and that is unchanged by the MPH
7	remains with the agency sharing the state data.
8	(b) Title to state data that is obtained by the MPH under section
9	11 of this chapter and that the MPH has changed in a substantive
10	manner is vested in the MPH.
11	Sec. 13. The MPH is considered to be an agent of the agency
12	sharing state data and is an authorized receiver of state data under
13	the statutory or administrative law that governs the state data.
14	Interagency data sharing under this chapter does not constitute a
15	disclosure or release under any statutory or administrative law
16	that governs the state data.
17	Sec. 14. (a) The MPH shall prescribe a form to be used to
18	memorialize the sharing of data under this chapter.
19	(b) The form prescribed under subsection (a) shall be:
20	(1) completed by the agency or other entity described in
21	section 15 of this chapter; and
22	(2) signed by the administrative head of the agency or other
23	entity.
24	(c) A data sharing form completed and signed under subsection
25	(b) constitutes the agreement required by any statutory or
26	administrative law that governs the data. No additional
27	documentation may be required to share data under this chapter.
28	Sec. 15. (a) The MPH may accept data from any of the
29	following:
30	(1) The legislative department of state government.
31	(2) The judicial department of state government.
32	(3) A state educational institution.
33	(4) A political subdivision.
34	(5) Any other individual or person.
35	(b) Title to any data received by the MPH under this section is
36	vested in the MPH.
37	SECTION 4. IC 5-14-3.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
38	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	JULY 1, 2017]:
40	Chapter 3.3. Government Data
41	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "data" means electronically



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recorded information.

1	Sec. 2. "Data owner" means a governmental entity that creates
2	or gathers data from other sources and stores that data for its
3	governmental purposes.
4	Sec. 3. "Data tier" refers to a classification of government data
5	according to any limitations on the access to that data as
6	determined by the management and performance hub under
7	IC 4-3-26-10(3).
8	Sec. 4. "Executive state agency" refers to an agency within the
9	executive (including the administrative) department of state
10	government.
11	Sec. 5. "Governmental entity" refers to any of the following:
12	(1) An executive state agency.
13	(2) A political subdivision.
14	(3) An agency of a political subdivision.
15	(4) A state educational institution.
16	Sec. 6. "Government web site" refers to an Internet web site
17	that is established for a governmental entity.
18	Sec. 7. "Machine readable" refers to a format in which data can
19	be easily processed by a computer without human intervention
20	while ensuring that semantic meaning is not lost.
21	Sec. 8. "OMB" refers to the office of management and budget
22	established by IC 4-3-22-3.
23	Sec. 9. "Open format" means a technical format based on an
24	underlying open standard that is:
25	(1) not encumbered by restrictions that would impede use or
26	reuse; and
27	(2) maintained by a standards organization.
28	Sec. 10. "Political subdivision" has the meaning set forth in
29	IC 36-1-2-13.
30	Sec. 11. "State agency" refers to an "agency" as defined in
31	IC 4-3-26-1.
32	Sec. 12. "State data" means any data created, received,
33	maintained, or stored by or otherwise in the control of an agency.
34	Sec. 13. "Web site owner" refers to the governmental entity
35	that:
36	(1) establishes and maintains a government web site; and
37	(2) is responsible for the content of that site.
38	Sec. 14. Except as provided in this chapter or in another statute,
39	the standards stated in this chapter apply to government data.
40	Sec. 15. A governmental entity should strive to make the data it
41	keeps in a machine readable and open format.

Sec. 16. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter



or another statute, this chapter does not require a governmental entity to record information or expend resources for the purpose of computer programming to make or convert data to a format required under this chapter.

- Sec. 17. A government web site may disclose government data only in accordance with IC 4-1-6 and IC 5-14-3.
- Sec. 18. A web site owner and its officers, officials, and employees are immune from any civil liability for posting confidential information if the information was posted in reliance on a determination made by a data owner about the confidentiality of information on the government web site.
- Sec. 19. Except as specifically provided in IC 4-5-10-2, IC 4-13.1-2-4, IC 5-14-3-3.5, IC 5-14-3-3.6, or another statute, a web site owner may not charge a fee for access to the data on the web site.
- Sec. 20. (a) This section applies to a data owner only if an Indiana statute requires the data owner to submit data to a web site owner.
- (b) A web site owner may require the data owner to submit the data in an electronic format on a prescribed form.
- (c) A data owner shall include a link on the data owner's Internet web site to the Internet web site of the web site owner to which the data owner is required to submit data.

SECTION 5. IC 6-8.1-7-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.242-2015, SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1. (a) This subsection does not apply to the disclosure of information concerning a conviction on a tax evasion charge. Unless in accordance with a judicial order or as otherwise provided in this chapter, the department, its employees, former employees, counsel, agents, or any other person may not divulge the amount of tax paid by any taxpayer, terms of a settlement agreement executed between a taxpayer and the department, investigation records, investigation reports, or any other information disclosed by the reports filed under the provisions of the law relating to any of the listed taxes, including required information derived from a federal return, except to any of the following when it is agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be used solely for official purposes:

- (1) Members and employees of the department.
- (2) The governor.
- (3) A member of the general assembly or an employee of the house of representatives or the senate when acting on behalf of a taxpayer located in the member's legislative district who has



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1	provided sufficient information to the member or employee for
2	the department to determine that the member or employee is
3	acting on behalf of the taxpayer.
4	(4) An employee of the legislative services agency to carry out
5	the responsibilities of the legislative services agency under
6	IC 2-5-1.1-7 or another law.
7	(4) (5) The attorney general or any other legal representative of
8	the state in any action in respect to the amount of tax due under
9	the provisions of the law relating to any of the listed taxes. or
10	(5) (6) Any authorized officers of the United States.
11	when it is agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be
12	used solely for official nurnoses.

used solely for official purposes.

- (b) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed upon the receipt of a certified request of any designated officer of the state tax department of any other state, district, territory, or possession of the United States when:
 - (1) the state, district, territory, or possession permits the exchange of like information with the taxing officials of the state; and
 - (2) it is agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be used solely for tax collection purposes.
- (c) The information described in subsection (a) relating to a person on public welfare or a person who has made application for public welfare may be revealed to the director of the division of family resources, and to any director of a county office of the division of family resources located in Indiana, upon receipt of a written request from either director for the information. The information shall be treated as confidential by the directors. In addition, the information described in subsection (a) relating to a person who has been designated as an absent parent by the state Title IV-D agency shall be made available to the state Title IV-D agency upon request. The information shall be subject to the information safeguarding provisions of the state and federal Title IV-D programs.
- (d) The name, address, Social Security number, and place of employment relating to any individual who is delinquent in paying educational loans owed to a postsecondary educational institution may be revealed to that institution if it provides proof to the department that the individual is delinquent in paying for educational loans. This information shall be provided free of charge to approved postsecondary educational institutions (as defined by IC 21-7-13-6(a)). The department shall establish fees that all other institutions must pay to the department to obtain information under this subsection. However, these fees may not exceed the department's administrative costs in providing



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the information to the institution.

- (e) The information described in subsection (a) relating to reports submitted under IC 6-6-1.1-502 concerning the number of gallons of gasoline sold by a distributor and IC 6-6-2.5 concerning the number of gallons of special fuel sold by a supplier and the number of gallons of special fuel exported by a licensed exporter or imported by a licensed transporter may be released by the commissioner upon receipt of a written request for the information.
- (f) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed upon the receipt of a written request from the administrative head of a state agency of Indiana when:
 - (1) the state agency shows an official need for the information; and
 - (2) the administrative head of the state agency agrees that any information released will be kept confidential and will be used solely for official purposes.
- (g) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed upon the receipt of a written request from the chief law enforcement officer of a state or local law enforcement agency in Indiana when it is agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be used solely for official purposes.
- (h) The name and address of retail merchants, including township, as specified in IC 6-2.5-8-1(k) may be released solely for tax collection purposes to township assessors and county assessors.
- (i) The department shall notify the appropriate innkeeper's tax board, bureau, or commission that a taxpayer is delinquent in remitting innkeepers' taxes under IC 6-9.
- (j) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of the motor vehicle excise tax may be disclosed to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana and may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.
- (k) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of commercial vehicle excise taxes payable to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana may be disclosed to the bureau and may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.5.
- (l) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of commercial vehicle excise taxes payable under the International Registration Plan may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the



1	taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.5.
2	(m) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of the
3	excise taxes imposed on recreational vehicles and truck campers that
4	are payable to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana may be disclosed
5	to the bureau and may be disclosed to another state if the information
6	is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the
7	taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.1.
8	(n) This section does not apply to:
9	(1) the beer excise tax, including brand and packaged type
0	(IC 7.1-4-2);
1	(2) the liquor excise tax (IC 7.1-4-3);
2	(3) the wine excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4);
3	(4) the hard cider excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4.5);
4	(5) the malt excise tax (IC 7.1-4-5);
5	(6) the motor vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5);
6	(7) the commercial vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5.5); and
7	(8) the fees under IC 13-23.
8	(o) The name and business address of retail merchants within each
9	county that sell tobacco products may be released to the division of
20	mental health and addiction and the alcohol and tobacco commission
21	solely for the purpose of the list prepared under IC 6-2.5-6-14.2.
22	(p) The name and business address of a person licensed by the
22	department under IC 6-6 or IC 6-7 may be released for the purpose of
.4	reporting the status of the person's license.
25	(q) The department may release information concerning total
26	incremental tax amounts under:
27	(1) IC 5-28-26;
28	(2) IC 36-7-13;
.9	(3) IC 36-7-26;
0	(4) IC 36-7-27;
1	(5) IC 36-7-31;
2	(6) IC 36-7-31.3; or
3	(7) any other statute providing for the calculation of incremental
4	state taxes that will be distributed to or retained by a political
5	subdivision or other entity;
6	to the fiscal officer of the political subdivision or other entity that
7	established the district or area from which the incremental taxes were
8	received if that fiscal officer enters into an agreement with the
9	department specifying that the political subdivision or other entity will
0	use the information solely for official purposes.

(r) The department may release the information as required in



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IC 6-8.1-3-7.1 concerning:

1	(1) an innkeeper's tax, a food and beverage tax, or an admissions
2	tax under IC 6-9;
3	(2) the supplemental auto rental excise tax under IC 6-6-9.7; and
4	(3) the covered taxes allocated to a professional sports
5	development area fund, sports and convention facilities operating
6	fund, or other fund under IC 36-7-31 and IC 36-7-31.3.
7	(s) Information concerning state gross retail tax exemption
8	certificates that relate to a person who is exempt from the state gross
9	retail tax under IC 6-2.5-4-5 may be disclosed to a power subsidiary (as
10	defined in IC 6-2.5-4-5) or a person selling the services or commodities
11	listed in IC 6-2.5-4-5(b) for the purpose of enforcing and collecting the
12	state gross retail and use taxes under IC 6-2.5.
13	SECTION 6. IC 22-4.5-10 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
14	2017]. (Indiana Workforce Intelligence System).
15	SECTION 7. IC 34-30-2-14.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.172-2011,
16	SECTION 136, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 14.7. IC 5-14-3.5-5 IC 5-14-3.3-18
18	(Concerning state and state officers, officials, and employees for
19	posting certain confidential information).
20	SECTION 8. IC 36-2-7-10.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2007,
21	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10.1. (a) As used in this section, "bulk form"
23	means:
24	(1) a copy of all recorded documents received by the county
25	recorder for recording in a calendar day, week, month, or year;
26	(2) the indices for finding, retrieving, and viewing all recorded
27	documents received by the county recorder for recording in a
28	calendar day, week, month, or year; or
29	(3) both subdivisions (1) and (2).
30	(b) As used in this section, "bulk user" means an individual, a
31	corporation, a partnership, a limited liability company, or an
32	unincorporated association that purchases bulk form copies. However,
33	"bulk user" does not include an individual, a corporation, a partnership,
34	a limited liability company, or an unincorporated association whose
35	primary purpose is to resell public records.
36	(c) As used in this section, "copy" means:
37	(1) duplicating electronically stored data onto a disk, tape, drum,
38	or any other medium of electronic data storage; or
39	(2) reproducing on microfilm.
40	(d) As used in this section, "indices" means all of the indexing
41	information used by the county recorder for finding, retrieving, and



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viewing a recorded document.

- (e) As used in this section, "recorded document" means a writing, a paper, a document, a plat, a map, a survey, or anything else received at any time for recording or filing in the public records maintained by the county recorder.
- (f) The county recorder shall collect the fees prescribed by this section for the sale of recorded documents in bulk form copies to bulk users of public records. The county recorder shall pay the fees into the county treasury at the end of each calendar month. The fees prescribed and collected under this section supersede all other fees for bulk form copies required by law to be charged for services rendered by the county recorder to bulk users.
- (g) Except as provided by subsection (h), the county recorder shall charge bulk users the following for bulk form copies:
 - (1) Seven cents (\$0.07) per page for a recorded document, including the index of the instrument number or book and page, or both, for retrieving the recorded document.
 - (2) Seven cents (\$0.07) per recorded document for a copy of the other indices used by the county recorder for finding, retrieving, and viewing a recorded document.
- (h) As used in this subsection, "actual cost" does not include labor costs or overhead costs. The county recorder may charge a fee that exceeds the amount established by subsection (g) if the actual cost of providing the bulk form copies exceeds the amount established by subsection (g). However, the total amount charged for the bulk form copies may not exceed the actual cost plus one cent (\$0.01) of providing the bulk form copies.
- (i) The county recorder shall provide bulk users with bulk form copies in the format or medium in which the county recorder maintains the recorded documents and indices. If the county recorder maintains the recorded documents and indices in more than one (1) format or medium, the bulk user may select the format or medium in which the bulk user shall receive the bulk form copies. If the county recorder maintains the recorded documents and indices for finding, retrieving, and viewing the recorded documents in an electronic or a digitized format, a reasonable effort shall be made to provide the bulk user with bulk form copies in a standard, generally acceptable, **machine** readable format (as defined in IC 5-14-3.3-7). Upon request of the bulk user, the county recorder shall provide the bulk form copies to the bulk user within a reasonable time after the recorder's archival process is completed and bulk form copies become available in the office of the county recorder.
 - (j) Bulk form copies under this section may be used:



1	(1) in the ordinary course of the business of the bulk user; and
2	(2) by customers of the bulk user.
3	(k) The bulk user may charge its customers a fee for using the bulk
4	form copies obtained by the bulk user. However, bulk form copies
5	obtained by a bulk user under this section may not be resold.
6	(1) All revenue generated by the county recorder under this section
7	shall be deposited in the recorder's record perpetuation fund and used
8	by the recorder in accordance with section 10(d) of this chapter.
9	(m) This section does not apply to enhanced access under
10	IC 5-14-3-3.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform, to which was referred House Bill 1470, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 2-5-1.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]:

Chapter 1.7. Access to Government Information by the General Assembly

- Sec. 1. The definitions in IC 5-14-3.3 apply throughout this chapter.
- Sec. 2. (a) As used in this chapter, "free accessibility" refers to the ability to do the following:
 - (1) Electronically view, copy, import, extract, or otherwise obtain a copy of government information electronically from a governmental entity without cost to the legislative services agency or the legislative department of state government.
 - (2) Inspect and copy or obtain a copy of all government information:
 - (A) from the original records of the governmental entity or web site owner containing the government information, as specified by the legislative services agency;
 - (B) regardless of the data tier under which the information is classified;
 - (C) in a format and on the schedule specified by the legislative services agency; and
 - (D) without cost to the legislative services agency or the legislative department of state government.
- (b) The term does not include the ability to change information in the possession of the governmental entity.
- Sec. 3. "Government information" refers to recorded information, regardless of the form or the media on which the information is recorded.

Sec. 4. "Governmental entity" refers to any of the following:

- (1) The state.
- (2) A state agency.
- (3) A political subdivision.
- (4) An agency of a political subdivision.
- (5) A state educational institution.



- (6) A separate body corporate and politic.
- (7) Any other entity established by Indiana law that performs a governmental function.
- Sec. 5. To carry out the constitutional and statutory responsibilities of the legislative department of state government and the legislative services agency, the legislative department of state government, through the legislative services agency, shall have free accessibility to government information.
- Sec. 6. Notwithstanding section 5 of this chapter, a governmental entity is not required to give the legislative services agency free accessibility until the legislative services agency requests free accessibility from the governmental entity. The legislative services agency may enter into an agreement with a government entity to establish the terms of the free accessibility. If the governmental entity and the legislative services agency are unable to agree on a matter regarding free accessibility, the requirements of the legislative services agency prevail, subject to section 7 of this chapter.
- Sec. 7. (a) If information to which the legislative services agency will have free accessibility is subject to federal law, federal regulation, or federal executive order, the governmental entity shall do the following:
 - (1) Provide to the legislative services agency a description of the nature and scope of the restrictions or other conditions.
 - (2) Assist the legislative services agency with obtaining any approvals or waivers and comply with any conditions necessary to exercise free accessibility to the information.
 - (3) Provide free accessibility to the information to the legislative services agency to the full extent permitted by the applicable federal law, federal regulation, or federal executive order.
- (b) If the legislative services agency accesses, inspects, or copies government information that is confidential, the legislative services agency shall maintain the confidentiality of that information as required by federal law, Indiana law, or both."
 - Page 1, line 15, delete "IC 5-14.5-1-15" and insert "IC 5-14-3.3-7". Page 2, line 19, after "26." insert "Indiana".
- Page 2, delete lines 20 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:
- "Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "agency" refers to any agency, authority, board, bureau, commission, department, division, office, or other unit of state government in the executive,



including the administrative, department of state government established by any of the following:

- (1) The Constitution of the State of Indiana.
- (2) An Indiana statute.
- (3) An administrative rule.
- (4) An executive order.
- (b) The term does not include the following:
 - (1) The legislative department of state government.
 - (2) The judicial department of state government.
 - (3) The Indiana finance authority created by IC 4-4-11-4.
 - (4) A political subdivision.
 - (5) A state educational institution.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "continuous process improvement" means a management methodology that combines tools to improve process speed and reduce waste with data driven project analysis to provide products and services with improved quality at lower cost.
- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "data" has the meaning set forth in IC 5-14-3.3-1.
- Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "MPH" refers to the management and performance hub established by section 8 of this chapter.
- Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "OMB" refers to the office of management and budget established by IC 4-3-22-3.
- Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "political subdivision" has the meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-13.
- Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "state data" has the meaning set forth in IC 5-14-3.3-12.
- Sec. 8. The management and performance hub is established within the OMB.
- Sec. 9. (a) The governor shall appoint a chief data officer, who serves at the pleasure of the governor.
 - (b) The chief data officer shall do the following:
 - (1) Serve as the executive head of the MPH.
 - (2) Advise agencies and political subdivisions regarding best practices concerning the creation and maintenance of data.
 - (3) Coordinate data analytics and transparency master planning for the state and provide leadership regarding data analytics and transparency.
 - Sec. 10. The MPH shall do the following:
 - (1) Establish and maintain a program to collect, analyze, and exchange data in carrying out the powers and duties of the



- OMB and the powers and duties of the agency or entity sharing the data. In carrying out this program, the MPH may, in accordance with IC 4-1-6 and IC 5-14-3, obtain state data from each agency.
- (2) In accordance with IC 4-1-6 and IC 5-14-3, establish and maintain a program to make data available to agencies, political subdivisions, researchers, and public consumption, subject to the following:
 - (A) In addition to the requirements of IC 4-1-6-8.6, a research request submission must be accompanied by written approval from an applicable institutional review board or similar entity, as determined by the MPH.
 - (B) A program established and maintained under this chapter must include policies governing access to data held by the MPH under this chapter. Data may be made available only in accordance with applicable confidentiality and disclosure laws.
- (3) Establish privacy and quality policies for state data that comply with all applicable Indiana and federal laws, rules, and policies.
- (4) In accordance with standards developed by the office of technology established by IC 4-13.1-2-1, establish and maintain a program to ensure the security of state data under this chapter.
- (5) Conduct operational and procedural audits of agencies.
- (6) Perform financial planning and design and implement efficiency projects.
- (7) Advise and assist each agency to identify and implement continuous process improvement in state government.
- (8) Carry out such other responsibilities as may be designated by the director of the OMB or the chief data officer.
- Sec. 11. Each agency shall do the following:
 - (1) In a manner determined by the MPH, make available to the MPH the state data the MPH requires under this chapter.
 - (2) Make the MPH a party to any contractual agreement that will generate state data.
 - (3) As requested by the MPH, make available personnel with technical expertise to facilitate sharing of state data.
- Sec. 12. (a) Title to any state data that is obtained by the MPH under section 11 of this chapter and that is unchanged by the MPH remains with the agency sharing the state data.
 - (b) Title to state data that is obtained by the MPH under section



11 of this chapter and that the MPH has changed in a substantive manner is vested in the MPH.

- Sec. 13. The MPH is considered to be an agent of the agency sharing state data and is an authorized receiver of state data under the statutory or administrative law that governs the state data. Interagency data sharing under this chapter does not constitute a disclosure or release under any statutory or administrative law that governs the state data.
- Sec. 14. (a) The MPH shall prescribe a form to be used to memorialize the sharing of data under this chapter.
 - (b) The form prescribed under subsection (a) shall be:
 - (1) completed by the agency or other entity described in section 15 of this chapter; and
 - (2) signed by the administrative head of the agency or other entity.
- (c) A data sharing form completed and signed under subsection (b) constitutes the agreement required by any statutory or administrative law that governs the data. No additional documentation may be required to share data under this chapter.
- Sec. 15. (a) The MPH may accept data from any of the following:
 - (1) The legislative department of state government.
 - (2) The judicial department of state government.
 - (3) A state educational institution.
 - (4) A political subdivision.
 - (5) Any other individual or person.
- (b) Title to any data received by the MPH under this section is vested in the MPH.".

Delete pages 3 through 27, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 3. IC 5-14-3.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]:

Chapter 3.3. Government Data

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "data" means electronically recorded information.
- Sec. 2. "Data owner" means a governmental entity that creates or gathers data from other sources and stores that data for its governmental purposes.
- Sec. 3. "Data tier" refers to a classification of government data according to any limitations on the access to that data as determined by the management and performance hub under IC 4-3-26-10(3).



- Sec. 4. "Executive state agency" refers to an agency within the executive (including the administrative) department of state government.
 - Sec. 5. "Governmental entity" refers to any of the following:
 - (1) An executive state agency.
 - (2) A political subdivision.
 - (3) An agency of a political subdivision.
 - (4) A state educational institution.
- Sec. 6. "Government web site" refers to an Internet web site that is established for a governmental entity.
- Sec. 7. "Machine readable" refers to a format in which data can be easily processed by a computer without human intervention while ensuring that semantic meaning is not lost.
- Sec. 8. "OMB" refers to the office of management and budget established by IC 4-3-22-3.
- Sec. 9. "Open format" means a technical format based on an underlying open standard that is:
 - (1) not encumbered by restrictions that would impede use or reuse; and
 - (2) maintained by a standards organization.
- Sec. 10. "Political subdivision" has the meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-13.
- Sec. 11. "State agency" refers to an "agency" as defined in IC 4-3-26-1.
- Sec. 12. "State data" means any data created, received, maintained, or stored by or otherwise in the control of an agency.
- Sec. 13. "Web site owner" refers to the governmental entity that:
 - (1) establishes and maintains a government web site; and
 - (2) is responsible for the content of that site.
- Sec. 14. Except as provided in this chapter or in another statute, the standards stated in this chapter apply to government data.
- Sec. 15. A governmental entity should strive to make the data it keeps in a machine readable and open format.
- Sec. 16. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter or another statute, this chapter does not require a governmental entity to record information or expend resources for the purpose of computer programming to make or convert data to a format required under this chapter.
- Sec. 17. A government web site may disclose government data only in accordance with IC 4-1-6 and IC 5-14-3.
 - Sec. 18. A web site owner and its officers, officials, and



employees are immune from any civil liability for posting confidential information if the information was posted in reliance on a determination made by a data owner about the confidentiality of information on the government web site.

- Sec. 19. Except as specifically provided in IC 4-5-10-2, IC 4-13.1-2-4, IC 5-14-3-3.5, IC 5-14-3-3.6, or another statute, a web site owner may not charge a fee for access to the data on the web site.
- Sec. 20. (a) This section applies to a data owner only if an Indiana statute requires the data owner to submit data to a web site owner.
- (b) A web site owner may require the data owner to submit the data in an electronic format on a prescribed form.
- (c) A data owner shall include a link on the data owner's Internet web site to the Internet web site of the web site owner to which the data owner is required to submit data.".

Page 28, delete lines 1 through 12.

Page 32, line 6, delete "IC 5-14.5-2-6" and insert "IC 5-14-3.3-18".

Page 32, delete lines 9 through 11.

Page 33, line 29, delete "IC 5-14.5-1-15" and insert "IC 5-14-3.3-7".

Page 34, delete lines 3 through 42.

Delete pages 35 through 36.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1470 as introduced.)

MAHAN

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 0.

