HOUSE BILL No. 1560

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-6-4.2-14; IC 3-10-7-32; IC 3-11; IC 3-12-1.

Synopsis: Straight ticket voting. Removes a voter's option to vote for all candidates of a political party or an independent ticket at one time (straight ticket voting) in a general or municipal election. Repeals superseded statutes relating to straight ticket voting.

Effective: July 1, 2025.

Dant Chesser, Clere, Hamilton

January 21, 2025, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment.



First Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2025)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2024 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1560

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-6-4.2-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2023.
2	SECTION 2, AND BY P.L.227-2023, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED
3	TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 14. (a)
4	Each year in which a general or municipal election is held, the election
5	division shall call a meeting of all the members of the county election
6	boards, the boards of registration (subject to IC 3-7-12), and the boards
7	of elections and registration (as defined in IC 3-5-2-5.3) to instruct
8	them regarding all of the following:
9	(1) Their duties under this title and federal law (including HAVA
10	and NVRA).
11	(2) Requirements and best practices concerning cybersecurity for
12	the computerized list, voting systems, and electronic poll books.
13	(3) Physical security for all aspects of the election process
14	including voting systems, electronic poll books, absentee voting
15	and polling places.
16	(4) Requirements and best practices to ensure that voting systems,
17	precinct polling places, and vote centers are accessible to voters



1	with disabilities.
2	(5) Best practices in answering voters' questions on how to vote.
3	including providing instructions to voters on straight ticket voting.
4	(b) The election division may call a meeting under this section:
5	(1) during a year in which a general or a municipal election is not
6	held; and
7	(2) at other times when the election division determines that doing
8	so is necessary or desirable.
9	(c) Each circuit court clerk, each member of a board of registration
10	established under IC 3-7-12, and each director, assistant director, or
11	co-director of a board of elections and registration shall attend a
12	meeting called by the election division under this section. A member
13	of a county election board may attend a meeting called by the election
14	division under this section. A circuit court clerk, member of a board of
15	registration, or member of a board of elections and registration may
16	require the attendance of the following:
17	(1) Each of the circuit court clerk's, board of registration
18	member's, or board of elections and registration member's
19	appointed and acting chief deputies or chief assistants with
20	election related responsibilities.
21	(2) If the number of deputies or assistants:
22	(A) is not more than three (3), one (1) of the clerk's or
23	member's appointed and acting deputies or assistants; or
24	(B) is greater than three (3), two (2) of the clerk's or member's
25	appointed and acting deputies or assistants.
26	(d) The election division shall set the time and place of the
27	instructional meeting. In years in which a primary election is held, the
28	election division:
29	(1) may conduct the meeting before the first day of the year; and
30	(2) shall conduct the meeting before primary election day.
31	The instructional meeting may not last for more than three (3) days.
32	(e) Each individual who attends the meeting under subsection (c)
33	and an individual who has been elected or selected to serve as circuit
34	court clerk but has not yet begun serving in that office is entitled to
35	receive all of the following from the county general fund without
36	appropriation:
37	(1) A sum for mileage at a rate determined by the fiscal body of
38	the unit the official represents for each mile necessarily traveled
39	in going to and returning from the meeting by the most
40	expeditious route. Regardless of the duration of the conference,
41	only one (1) mileage reimbursement shall be allowed to the
42	official furnishing the conveyance even if the official transports



1	more than one (1) person.
2	(2) An allowance for lodging for each night preceding conference
3	attendance in an amount equal to the single room rate. However,
4	lodging expense, in the case of a one (1) day conference, shall
5	only be allowed for persons who reside fifty (50) miles or farther
6	from the conference location.
7	(3) Reimbursement of an official, a deputy, or an assistant in an
8	amount determined by the fiscal body of the unit the official,
9	deputy, or assistant represents, for meals purchased while
10	attending a conference called under this section.
11	(f) The election division shall certify the number of days of
12	attendance and the mileage for each conference to each official, deputy,
13	or assistant attending any conference under this section.
14	(g) All payments of mileage and lodging shall be made by the
15	proper disbursing officer in the manner provided by law on a duly
16	verified claim or voucher to which shall be attached the certificate of
17	the election division showing the number of days attended and the
18	number of miles traveled. All payments shall be made from the county
19	general fund from any money not otherwise appropriated and without
20	any previous appropriation being made therefore.
21	(h) A claim for reimbursement under this section may not be denied
22	by the body responsible for the approval of claims if the claim complies
23	with IC 5-11-10-1.6 and this section.
24	SECTION 2. IC 3-10-7-32, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2011,
25	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 32. (a) A town election board shall determine
27	what voting method will be used in a municipal election.
28	(b) The town election board and its precinct election officers shall
29	perform the duties of the county election board and its precinct election
30	officers under IC 3-11 for each voting method used.
31	(c) The town election board shall prepare the ballots in the form
32	prescribed by IC 3-11 and distribute them to the precincts in the town.
33	(d) This subsection applies only to paper ballots. Notwithstanding
34	subsection (c), the town election board, by unanimous consent of the
35	board's entire membership, may authorize the printing or reproduction
36	of ballots on equipment under the control of the town clerk-treasurer.
37	If the town election board acts under this subsection, the ballots are not
38	required to conform to the precise dimensions concerning the size of
39	political party devices under IC 3-11-2-9 or the placement of a
40	candidate's name under IC 3-11-2-10(f). IC 3-11-2-10(d). However,

the ballots must otherwise substantially conform with IC 3-11-2.

SECTION 3. IC 3-11-2-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.227-2023,



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1	SECTION 65, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 9. (a) The device of each political party described
3	in section 6 of this chapter shall be:
4	(1) enclosed in a circle not less than three-fourths (3/4) of an inch
5	in diameter; and
6	(2) placed under the name of the party or independent ticket, as
7	required by section 10 of this chapter.
8	(b) A device of a political party must not be printed on a ballot if
9	(1) there are no candidates of that political party. or
10	(2) the only candidates of the political party are for election to
11	offices to which more than one (1) individual is to be elected and
12	which will not be credited with a vote under IC 3-12-1-7 if a voter
13	casts a straight party ticket.
14	SECTION 4. IC 3-11-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.227-2023,
15	SECTION 66, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 10. (a) Public questions shall be placed on the
17	general election ballot in the following order after the statement
18	described in section 7 of this chapter, and the instructions described in
19	subsections (d) and (e) subsection (c) and section 8 of this chapter, if
20	instructions are printed on the ballot:
21	(1) Ratification of a state constitutional amendment.
22	(2) Local public questions.
23	Subject to section 10.1 of this chapter, each public question shall be
24	placed in a separate column on the ballot.
25	(b) The name or title of the political party shall be placed on the
26	general election ballot after the public questions described in
27	subsection (a). The device of the political party shall be placed
28	immediately under the name of the political party. Notwithstanding
29	section 8(b) of this chapter, the instructions for voting a straight party
30	ticket shall be placed to the right of the device on the ballot.
31	(c) The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must conform
32	as nearly as possible to the following:
33	"(1) You are not required to vote a straight party ticket. If you do
34	not wish to vote a straight party ticket, do not make a mark in this
35	section, and proceed to voting the ballot by office.
36	(2) To vote a straight (insert political party name) ticket for all
37	(insert political party name) candidates on this ballot, except for
38	candidates described in (3) below, make a voting mark on or in
39	this circle and do not make any other marks on this ballot.
40	(3) To vote for any candidate for an at-large office (insert county
41	council, eity common council, town council, or township board if



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those offices appear on this ballot) to which more than one (1)

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1	person may be elected, you must make another voting mark for
2	each candidate you wish to vote for. Your straight party vote will
3	not count as a vote for any candidate for that office.
4	(4) If you wish to vote for a candidate seeking a nonpartisan office
5	or on a public question, you must make another voting mark on
6	the appropriate place on this ballot.".
7	(d) Except as permitted under section 8(b) of this chapter, if the
8	ballot contains an independent ticket described in section 6 of this
9	chapter and at least one (1) other independent candidate, the ballot
10	must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A
11	vote cast for an independent ticket will only be counted for the
12	candidates for President and Vice President or governor and lieutenant
13	governor comprising that independent ticket. This vote will NOT be
14	counted for any OTHER independent candidate appearing on the
15	ballot.".
16	(e) (c) Except as permitted under section 8(b) of this chapter, the
17	ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows:
18	"A write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for a
19	DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you
20	must make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you
21	have written in or your vote will not be counted.".
22	(f) (d) Subject to section 10.1 of this chapter, the list of candidates
23	of the political party shall be placed immediately under the instructions
24	for voting a straight party ticket. The names of the candidates shall be
25	placed three-fourths (3/4) of an inch apart from center to center of the
26	name. The name of each candidate must have, immediately on its left,
27	a square three-eighths $(3/8)$ of an inch on each side.
28	(g) (e) The circuit court clerk may authorize the printing of ballots
29	containing a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of

- a ballot is used within a precinct. SECTION 5. IC 3-11-2-12.4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
- JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 12.4. (a) This section applies whenever more than one (1) candidate may be elected to an office.
- (b) The office shall be placed on the general election ballot after the offices described in section 12 of this chapter and before the offices described in section 12.9 of this chapter.
- (c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a county council, city common council, or town council that includes both an at-large member and a member representing a district, the candidates seeking election as an at-large member shall be placed on the ballot before candidates seeking to represent a district.



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1	(d) The ballot shall contain a statement reading substantially as
2	follows above the name of the first candidate: "To vote for any
3	candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each
4	candidate you wish to vote for.". A straight party vote will not count as
5	a vote for any candidate for this office.".
6	SECTION 6. IC 3-11-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
7	SECTION 65, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), A
9	ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote
10	(1) except at a primary election, a straight party ticket for all of
11	the candidates of one (1) political party by a single voting mark
12	on each ballot eard;
13	(2) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party or
14	independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board
15	candidates nominated by petition.
16	(3) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties
17	and for independent candidates; or
18	(4) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting
19	individual votes for candidates of another political party or
20	independent candidate.
21	(b) A ballot card voting system must require that a voter who wishes
22	to east a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to
23	which more than one person may be elected, on a:
24	(1) county council;
25	(2) city common council;
26	(3) town council; or
27	(4) township board;
28	make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter
29	wishes to cast a vote. The ballot card voting system may not count any
30	straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an
31	office described by this subsection.
32	(c) (b) A ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote:
33	(1) for all candidates for presidential electors and alternate
34	presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket
35	by making a single voting mark; and
36	(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote.
37	SECTION 7. IC 3-11-7-6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
38	2025]. Sec. 6. A ballot card voting system must count a ballot in
39	accordance with IC 3-12-1-7 when a voter votes a straight ticket vote
40	and votes for individual candidates as described by IC 3-12-1-7.
41	SECTION 8. IC 3-11-7.5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,

SECTION 66, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



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1	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), An
2	electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote
3	(1) except at a primary election, a straight party ticket for all the
4	candidates of one (1) political party by touching the device of that
5	party;
6	(2) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party or
7	independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board
8	candidates nominated by petition.
9	(3) a split ticket for the eandidates of different political parties
10	and for independent candidates; or
11	(4) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting
12	individual votes for candidates of another political party or
13	independent candidates.
14	(b) An electronic voting system must require that a voter who
15	wishes to east a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district
16	to which more than one person may be elected, on a:
17	(1) county council;
18	(2) city common council;
19	(3) town council; or
20	(4) township board;
21	make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter
22	wishes to east a vote. The electronic voting system may not count any
23	straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an
24	office described by this subsection.
25	(c) (b) An electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote:
26	(1) for as many candidates for an office as the voter may vote for,
27	but no more;
28	(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote,
29	but no other; and
30	(3) for all the candidates for presidential electors and alternate
31	presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket
32	by making a single voting mark.
33	SECTION 9. IC 3-11-11-10 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
34	2025]. Sec. 10. If an election is a general or municipal election and a
35	voter desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or
36	group of petitioners, the voter may make a voting mark on or in a large
37	circle enclosing the device and before the name under which the
38	candidates of the party are printed. The voter's vote shall then be
39	counted for all the candidates under that party name.
40	SECTION 10. IC 3-11-13-7.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.109-2021,
41	SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies to a marking device



1	used in a voting system that:
2	(1) contains features of both a ballot card voting system and an
3	electronic voting system; and
4	(2) produces a ballot card with the voter's choices as selected by
5	the voter and marked on the card by the device.
6	(b) The interface of the marking device used with an optical scan
7	voting system must include all of the following:
8	(1) The information required by IC 3-11-14-3.5.
9	(2) The instructions required by IC 3-11-2-8.
0	(3) The information and instructions required by IC 3-11-2-10.
1	(c) A marking device must comply with the same disability access
2	standards as an electronic voting system under IC 3-11-15-13.6.
3	(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a ballot care
4	used with a marking device must have either preprinted or printed by
5	the marking device the following:
6	(1) When the marking device is used for absentee voting unde
7	IC 3-11-10-26, the circuit court clerk's signature and seal required
8	by IC 3-11-10-27.
9	(2) When the marking device is used by a voter to cast a
0.0	provisional ballot, the circuit court clerk's signature and sea
1	required by IC 3-11.7-1-7.
22	(3) A line or box for each poll clerk's initial as required by section
22 23 24 25	19 of this chapter.
4	(4) When the marking device is used during a primary election
25	the name of the political party whose primary the voter i
26	participating in or the word "nonpartisan" if the voter is voting
27	ballot that contains only a public question certified by the county
28	election board under IC 3-10-9.
9	(e) If the voting system produces a ballot card, the ballot card mus
0	contain a summary ballot scan of the voter's ballot that includes all o
1	the following:
2	(1) The name or designation of each office on the voter's ballot.
3	(2) The name of the candidate and the candidate's political party
4	selected by the voter.
5	(3) If the voter selects a straight party ticket, the name of the
6	political party ticket the voter selected.
7	(4) (3) A description of the text of any public question or judicia
8	retention question on the voter's ballot that the county election
9	board determines reasonably conveys the content of the public
-0	question or judicial retention question and the response the vote
-1	selected for each question.

The ballot card may contain additional information described in



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1	subsection (b).
2	(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a ballot card
3	used with the marking device may be a different dimension or size than
4	other ballot cards:
5	(1) approved by the county election board for use in an election;
6	and
7	(2) that are not designed to be marked by the marking device.
8	(g) A voter verifiable paper audit trail is not a marking device.
9	SECTION 11. IC 3-11-13-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.9-2024,
10	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 11. (a) The ballot information, whether placed on
12	the ballot card or on the marking device, must be in the order of
13	arrangement provided for ballots under this section.
14	(b) Each county election board shall have the names of all
15	candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public
16	questions printed on a ballot card as provided in this chapter. The
17	county may:
18	(1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot card; and
19	(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper
20	version of a ballot is used within a precinct.
21	(c) Each type of ballot card must be of uniform size and of the same
22	quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).
23	(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate
24	or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by
25	petitioners shall be listed on the ballot with the name and device set
26	forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device
27	may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device.
28	IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a
29	name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more
30	parties or petitioners.
31	(e) The offices and public questions on the general election ballot
32	must be placed on the ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12,
33	IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a),
34	IC 3-11-2-12.9(c), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c),
35	IC 3-11-2-14(a), IC 3-11-2-14(d), and IC 3-11-2-14(e). The offices and
36	public questions may be listed in a continuous column or row either
37	vertically or horizontally and on a number of separate pages.
38	(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold
39	type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
40	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
41	first candidate:



(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be

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1	elected to the office.
2	(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be
3	elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for
4	this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you
5	wish to vote for.", A straight party vote will not count as a vote for
6	any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to
7	be elected to the office.
8	(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by
9	subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be
10	grouped together in the following order:
11	(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest
12	greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the
13	last most recent election for secretary of state is listed first.
14	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second
15	highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of
16	state at the most recent election for secretary of state is listed
17	second.
18	(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties'
19	candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent
20	election for secretary of state are listed after the party listed in
21	subdivision (2).
22	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of
23	state in the last most recent election for secretary of state or a
24	nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket
25	(described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after
26	the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
27	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate
28	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot,
29	the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
30	the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
31	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
32	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law.
33	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
34	ballot.
35	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by
36	subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
37	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
38	political party, or the word "Independent" if the:
39	(1) candidate; or
10	(2) ticket of candidates for:
11	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
12	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;



is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the nam	e
of the candidate and must be printed in a uniform size and type.	

- (i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision must be grouped together:
 - (1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
 - (2) in the order established by subsection (g); and
 - (3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".

- (j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body of a school corporation must be grouped:
 - (1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking; and
 - (2) in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".

- (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:
 - (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.
 - (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8 $\frac{1C}{3-11-2-10(d)}$, and $\frac{1C}{3-11-2-10(e)}$. IC 3-11-2-10(c).
- (1) The ballot must include: a single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party ticket by one (1) mark as required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a straight party ticket ballot must be identified by:
 - (1) the name of the political party; and
 - (2) immediately below or beside the political party's name, the device of that party (described in IC 3-11-2-5).

The name and device of each political party must be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 must be placed on the ballot label. The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must include the statement: "If you do not wish to vote a straight



1	party ticket, do not make a mark in this section and proceed to voting
2	the ballot by office.".
3	(m) A public question must be in the form described in
4	IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a single connectable
5	arrow, a circle, or an oval may be used instead of a square. Except as
6	expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board
7	may not print a ballot card that contains language concerning the public
8	question other than the language authorized by a statute.
9	(n) The requirements in this section:
10	(1) do not replace; and
11	(2) are in addition to;
12	any other requirements in this title that apply to optical scan ballots.
13	(o) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a
14	ballot does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or
15	contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or
16	mistakes by voters.
17	(p) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does not
18	list:
19	(1) the names of political parties or candidates; or
20	(2) the text of public questions;
21	on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance
22	with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered circle
23	or oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question.
24	SECTION 12. IC 3-11-13-14 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
25	1, 2025]. Sec. 14. (a) In partisan elections, the ballot labels must
26	include a voting square or position where a voter may by one (1) voting
27	mark on each card record a straight party ticket vote for all the
28	candidates of one (1) political party, except for offices for which the
29	voter:
30	(1) is required to east an individual vote for a candidate under
31	IC 3-11-7-4(b); or
32	(2) has voted individually for a candidate for any other office.
33	(b) A ballot label must not include a voting square or position to
34	permit a voter to east a straight party ticket for a political party if:
35	(1) there are no candidates of that political party; or
36	(2) the only candidates of the political party are for election to
37	offices to which more than one (1) individual is to be elected and
38	which will not be credited with a vote under IC 3-12-1-7 if a voter
39	casts a straight party ticket.
40	SECTION 13. IC 3-11-13-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.227-2023,

SECTION 97, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 22. (a) This section applies to:



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1	(1) a ballot card voting system; and
2	(2) a voting system that includes features of a ballot card voting
3	system and a direct record electronic voting system.
4	(b) Not later than seventy-four (74) days before election day, for
5	each county planning to use automatic tabulating machines at the nex
6	election, VSTOP shall provide each county election board with a
7	randomly sorted list of unique identification numbers for the inventory
8	of machines in the county maintained under IC 3-11-16-4. Starting a
9	the top of the list, the county election board shall select machines in the
10	list in the order listed so that:
11	(1) if a machine to be selected in the list is not scheduled to be
12	used in the upcoming election, the selection process will move to
13	the next machine in the order listed;
14	(2) each selected machine is scheduled to be used in the
15	upcoming election; and
16	(3) the number of machines selected is not less than five percen
17	(5%) of the machines in the county scheduled by the county
18	election board to be used in the upcoming election.
19	(c) The county election board shall test the machines as described
20	in subsection (b) to ascertain that the machines will correctly count the
21	votes cast for straight party tickets, for all candidates (including
22	write-in candidates) and on all public questions. If an individua
23	attending the public test requests that additional automatic tabulating
24	machines be tested, then the county election board shall select and tes
25	additional machines from the list in the manner described in subsection
26	(b).
27	(d) If VSTOP does not provide the lists under subsection (b) no
28	later than sixty (60) days before the election, the county election board
29	shall establish and implement a procedure for random selection of no
30	less than five percent (5%) of the machines in the county to be used in
31	the upcoming election. The county election board shall then test the
32	machines selected as described in subsection (c).
33	(e) Not later than seven (7) days after conducting the test under
34	subsection (c), the county election board shall certify to the election
35	division that the test has been conducted in conformity with subsection
36	(c). The testing under subsection (c) must begin before absentee voting
37	begins in the office of the circuit court clerk under IC 3-11-10-26.
38	(f) Public notice of the time and place shall be given at least
39	forty-eight (48) hours before the test. The notice shall be published
40	once in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4.
41	(g) If a county election board determines that:



(1) a ballot:

1	(A) must be reprinted or corrected as provided by
2	IC 3-11-2-16 because of the omission of a candidate, political
3	party, or public question from the ballot; or
4	(B) is an absentee ballot that a voter is entitled to recast under
5	IC 3-11.5-4-2 because the absentee ballot includes a candidate
6	for election to office who:
7	(i) ceased to be a candidate; and
8	(ii) has been succeeded by a candidate selected under
9	IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2; and
10	(2) ballots used in the test conducted under this section were not
11	reprinted or corrected to remove the omission of a candidate,
12	political party, or public question, or indicate the name of the
13	successor candidate;
14	the county election board shall conduct an additional public test
15	described in subsection (c) using the reprinted or corrected ballots.
16	Notice of the time and place of the additional test shall be given in
17	accordance with IC 5-14-1.5, but publication of the notice in
18	accordance with IC 5-3-1-4 is not required.
19	(h) Notwithstanding IC 3-5-4-1.7, a county election board may send
20	a signed form from a public test to the election division by electronic
21	mail or fax.
22	SECTION 14. IC 3-11-13-31.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.227-2023,
23	SECTION 99, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 31.7. (a) This section is enacted to comply with
25	52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory
26	standards to define what constitutes a vote on an optical scan voting
27	system.
28	(b) After receiving ballot cards, a voter shall, without leaving the
29	room, go alone into one (1) of the booths or compartments that is
30	unoccupied and indicate:
31	(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by marking
32	the connectable arrows, circles, ovals, or squares immediately
33	beside:
34	(A) the candidates' names; or
35	(B) the numbers referring to the candidates; and
36	(2) the voter's preference on each public question by marking the
37	connectable arrow, oval, or square beside:
38	(A) the word "yes" or "no" under the question; or
39	(B) the number referring to the word "yes" or "no" on the
40	ballot.
41	(c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter
42	desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party, the voter
	in the second control of the second control



1	may mark:
2	(1) the circle enclosing the device; or
3	(2) the connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square described in
4	section 11 of this chapter;
5	that designates the candidates of that political party. Except as provided
6	by IC 3-11-7-4(b), the voter's vote shall then be counted for all the
7	candidates of that political party. However, if the voter marks the
8	circle, arrow, oval, or square of an independent ticket (described in
9	IC 3-11-2-6), the vote shall not be counted for any other independent
10	candidate on the ballot.
11	(d) (c) This subsection applies to a voter casting a ballot on a voting
12	system that includes features of both an optical scan ballot card voting
13	system and a direct record electronic voting system. After entering into
14	a booth used with the voting system, the voter shall indicate the
15	candidates for whom the voter desires to vote and the voter's preference
16	on each public question by:
17	(1) inserting a paper ballot or an optical scan ballot into the voting
18	system; or
19	(2) using headphones to listen to a recorded list of political
20	parties, candidates, and public questions.
21	(e) (d) A voter using a voting system described in subsection (d) (c)
22	may indicate the voter's selections by:
23	(1) touching a device on or in the squares immediately adjacent
24	to the name of a political party, candidate, or response to a public
25	question; or
26	(2) indicating the voter's choices by using a sip puff device that
27	enables the voter to indicate a choice by inhaling or exhaling.
28	SECTION 15. IC 3-11-14-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.115-2022,
29	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsections (c) and
31	(f), a county election board may use an approved electronic voting
32	system:
33	(1) in any election;
34	(2) in all or in some of the precincts within a political subdivision
35	holding an election; and
36	(3) instead of or in combination with any other voting method.
37	(b) A county election board may use an electronic voting system
38	which includes a voter verifiable paper audit trail if the voting system:
39	(1) otherwise complies with this chapter and IC 3-11-15; and
40	(2) is certified by the Indiana election commission.
41	(c) A county election board may not use an approved electronic
42	voting system purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the county



1	after December 31, 2019, unless the system:
2	(1) is certified by the Indiana election commission; and
3	(2) includes a voter verifiable paper audit trail.
4	This subsection does not prohibit a county election board from having
5	maintenance performed on an electronic voting system purchased,
6	leased, or otherwise acquired by the county before January 1, 2020.
7	(d) The voter verifiable paper audit trail must contain all of the
8	following:
9	(1) The name or code of the election as provided by the voting
10	system.
11	(2) The date of the election.
12	(3) The date the voter verifiable paper audit trail was printed.
13	(4) A security code and record number specific to each paper
14	receipt assigned by the voting system.
15	(5) The name or designation of the voter's precinct.
16	(6) The name or designation of each office on the voter's ballot.
17	(7) The name of the candidate and the designation of the
18	candidate's political party selected by the voter.
19	(8) If the voter selects a straight party ticket, the name of the
20	political party ticket the voter selected.
21	(9) (8) The following information:
22	(A) A description of the text of any public question or judicial
23	retention question on the voter's ballot that:
24	(i) contains not more than thirty (30) characters; and
25	(ii) the county election board determines reasonably conveys
26	the content of the public question or judicial retention
27	question.
28	(B) The response the voter selected for each question.
29	(e) The voter verifiable paper audit trail may contain additional
30	information and instructions determined to be useful to the voter by the
31	county election board subject to the design capabilities of the voter
32	verifiable paper audit trail.
33	(f) This subsection applies to a county in which any direct record
34	electronic voting system that does not include a voter verifiable paper
35	audit trail is used for an election. A county election board shall not use
36	a direct record electronic voting system in an election after July 1,
37	2022, unless the county election board:
38	(1) uses a number of direct record electronic voting systems
39	including a voter verifiable paper audit trail in the election that is
40	equal to or greater than ten percent (10%) of the total number of
41	direct record electronic voting systems owned, leased, or
42	otherwise available to the county as of January 1, 2022, and as of



1	January 1 in each year thereafter;
2	(2) determines, not later than July 1, 2022, and January 1 of each
3	year thereafter, the minimum number of direct record electronic
4	voting systems including a voter verifiable paper audit trail
5	necessary to comply with the requirement of this subsection; and
6	(3) files a certification of this determination to the secretary of
7	state not later than August 11, 2022, and February 11 of each year
8	thereafter.
9	SECTION 16. IC 3-11-14-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.227-2023,
10	SECTION 100, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
11	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Each county election board
12	shall have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political
13	party offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in an
14	electronic voting system as provided in this chapter.
15	(b) The county may:
16	(1) print all offices and public questions on a single ballot label;
17	and
18	(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper
19	version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.
20	(c) Each type of ballot label must be of uniform size and of the same
21	quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).
22	(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate
23	or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by
24	petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device
25	set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the
26	device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the
27	device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not
28	include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2)
29	or more parties or petitioners.
30	(e) The ballot labels must list the offices and public questions on the
31	general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12,
32	IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a),
33	IC 3-11-2-12.9(c), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c),
34	IC 3-11-2-14(a), IC 3-11-2-14(d), and IC 3-11-2-14(e). Each office and
35	public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public
36	questions may be listed in a continuous column or row either vertically
37	or horizontally.
38	(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold
39	type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
40	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
41	first candidate:



(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be

1	elected to the office.
2	(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be
3	elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for
4	this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you
5	wish to vote for.", A straight party vote will not count as a vote for
6	any eandidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to
7	be elected to the office.
8	(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by
9	subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be
10	grouped together in the following order:
11	(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest
12	greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the
13	last most recent election for secretary of state is listed first.
14	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second
15	highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of
16	state at the most recent election for secretary of state is listed
17	second.
18	(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties'
19	candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent
20	election for secretary of state are listed after the party listed in
21	subdivision (2).
22	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of
23	state in the last most recent election for secretary of state or a
24	nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket
25	(described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after
26	the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
27	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate
28	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot,
29	the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
30	the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
31	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
32	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. A space for
33	write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no
34	declared write-in candidates for that office. However, procedures
35	must be implemented to permit write-in voting for candidates for
36	federal offices.
37	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
38	ballot.
39	
40	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
40	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
42	political party, or the word "Independent", if the:



1	(1) candidate; or
2	(2) ticket of candidates for:
3	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
4	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
5	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
6	of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and type.
7	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to
8	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
9	must be grouped together:
10	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
11	(2) in the party order established by subsection (g); and
12	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
13	surname.
14	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
15	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
16	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
17	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".
18	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
19	of a school corporation must be grouped:
20	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
21	and
22	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.
23	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
24	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
25	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
26	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
27	(k) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be
28	placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first public
29	question is listed.
30	(1) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8 $\frac{1}{1}$ C 3-11-2-10(d), and
31	IC 3-11-2-10(e) IC 3-11-2-10(c) may be:
32	(1) placed on the ballot label; or
33	(2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits the
34	voter to easily read the instructions.
35	(m) Except as provided in section 14.5 of this chapter, The ballot
36	label must include: a touch sensitive point or button for voting a
37	straight political party ticket by one (1) touch, and the touch sensitive
38	point or button must be identified by:
39	(1) the name of the political party; and
40	(2) immediately below or beside the political party's name, the
41	device of that party (described in IC 3-11-2-5).

The name and device of each party must be of uniform size and type,



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and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for listing
candidates under each office. The instructions described in
IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement
concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 must be
placed on the ballot label. The instructions for voting a straight party
ticket must include the statement: "If you do not wish to vote a straight
party ticket, press "NEXT" (or replace "NEXT" with the term used by
that voting system to permit a voter to skip a ballot screen) to continue
voting.".

- (n) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.
 - (o) The requirements in this section:
 - (1) do not replace; and

- (2) are in addition to;
- any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic voting systems.
- (p) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.
- SECTION 17. IC 3-11-14-14.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]. Sec. 14.5. A ballot label must not include a touch sensitive point or button to permit a voter to cast a straight party ticket for a political party if:
 - (1) there are no candidates of that political party; or
 - (2) the only candidates of the political party are for election to offices to which more than one (1) individual is to be elected and which will not be credited with a vote under IC 3-12-1-7 if a voter casts a straight party ticket.
- SECTION 18. IC 3-11-14-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 23. (a) This section is enacted to comply with 52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an electronic voting system.
- (b) If a voter is not challenged by a member of the precinct election board, the voter may pass the railing to the side where an electronic voting system is and into the voting booth. There the voter shall register the voter's vote in secret by indicating:



1	(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by touching
2	a device on or in the squares immediately above the candidates'
3	names;
4	(2) if the voter intends to cast a write-in vote, a write-in vote by
5	touching a device on or in the square immediately below the
6	candidates' names and printing the name of the candidate in the
7	window provided for write-in voting; and
8	(3) the voter's preference on each public question by touching a
9	device above the word "yes" or "no" under the question.
10	(c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter
11	desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or group
12	of petitioners, the voter may east a straight party ticket by touching that
13	party's device. Except as provided in IC 3-11-7.5-10(b), the voter's vote
14	shall then be counted for all the candidates under that name. However,
15	if the voter casts a vote by touching the circle of an independent ticket
16	comprised of two (2) candidates, the vote shall not be counted for any
17	other independent candidate on the ballot.
18	(d) (c) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, a voter casting a ballot on
19	an electronic voting system must be:
20	(1) permitted to verify in a private and independent manner the
21	votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
22	(2) provided the opportunity to change the ballot or correct any
23	error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is cast
24	and counted, including the opportunity to receive a replacement
25	ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or correct the
26	ballot; and
27	(3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting
28	multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to
29	correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.
30	SECTION 19. IC 3-11-14.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.135-2020,
31	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) Not later than seventy-four (74) days before
33	election day, for each county planning to use an electronic voting
34	system at the next election, VSTOP shall provide each county election
35	board with a randomly sorted list of unique identification numbers for
36	the inventory of machines in the county maintained under
37	IC 3-11-16-4. Starting at the top of the list, the county election board
38	shall select machines in the list in the order listed so that:
39	(1) if a machine to be selected in the list is not scheduled to be
40	used in the upcoming election, the selection process will move to
41	the next machine in the order listed;

(2) each selected machine is scheduled to be used in the



1	upcoming election; and
2	(3) the number of machines selected is not less than five percent
3	(5%) of the machines in the county scheduled by the county
4	election board to be used in the upcoming election.
5	(b) The county election board shall test the machines as described
6	in subsection (a) to ascertain that the machines will correctly count the
7	votes cast for straight party tickets, for all candidates (including
8	write-in candidates) and on all public questions. If an individual
9	attending the public test requests that additional electronic voting
10	systems be tested, then the county election board shall select and test
11	additional machines from the list in the manner described in subsection
12	(a).
13	(c) If VSTOP does not provide the lists under subsection (a) not
14	later than sixty (60) days before the election, the county election board
15	shall establish and implement a procedure for random selection of not
16	less than five percent (5%) of the machines in the county. The county
17	election board shall then test the machines selected to be used in the
18	upcoming election as described in subsection (b).
19	(d) The testing under subsection (b) must begin before absentee
20	voting starts in the office of the circuit court clerk under IC 3-11-10-26.
21	(e) If a county election board determines that:
22	(1) a ballot provided by an electronic voting system:
23	(A) must be corrected as provided by IC 3-11-2-16 because of
24	the omission of a candidate, political party, or public question
25	from the ballot; or
26	(B) is an absentee ballot that a voter is entitled to recast under
27	IC 3-11.5-4-2 because the absentee ballot includes a candidate
28	for election to office who:
29	(i) ceased to be a candidate; and
30	(ii) has been succeeded by a candidate selected under
31	IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2; and
32	(2) machines used in the test conducted under this section did not
33	contain a ballot that was reprinted or corrected to remove the
34	omission of a candidate, political party, or public question, or
35	indicate the name of the successor candidate;
36	the county election board shall conduct an additional public test
37	described in subsection (b) using the machines previously tested and
38	containing the reprinted or corrected ballots.
39	SECTION 20. IC 3-12-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.64-2014,
40	SECTION 68, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. Subject to sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9.5, and 13 of
42	this chapter, the primary factor to be considered in determining a
- —	respectively and the second se



voter's choice on a ballot is the intent of the voter. If the voter's intent can be determined on the ballot or on part of the ballot, the vote shall be counted for the affected candidate or candidates or on the public question. However, if it is impossible to determine a voter's choice of candidates on a part of a ballot or vote on a public question, then the voter's vote concerning those candidates or public questions may not be counted.

SECTION 21. IC 3-12-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 137, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection does not apply to a ballot card voting system or an electronic voting system. Except as provided in subsection (d), A voting mark made by a voter on or in a voting square at the left of a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate. or candidates of the political party.

- (b) This subsection applies to a ballot card voting system. A voting mark made by a voter:
 - (1) on or in a circle, oval, or square; or
 - (2) to connect a connectable arrow;
- immediately below or beside a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate. or candidates of the political party, except as provided in subsection (d).
- (c) This subsection applies to a direct record electronic voting system. A voting mark made by a voter touching a touch sensitive point or button below or beside a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate. or candidates of the political party, except as provided in subsection (d).
- (d) A voter who wishes to east a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to which more than one (1) person may be elected on a:
 - (1) county council;
 - (2) city common council;
 - (3) town council; or
 - (4) township board;

must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. A straight ticket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot eard voting system, or electronic voting system shall not be counted as a straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.

SECTION 22. IC 3-12-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 7. (a) This subsection applies whenever a voter:



1	(1) votes a straight party ticket; and
2	(2) votes only for one (1) or more individual candidates who are
3	all of the same political party as the straight ticket vote.
4	Except as provided in subsection (d) or (e), the straight ticket vote shall
5	be counted and the individual candidate votes may not be counted.
6	(b) This subsection applies whenever:
7	(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of
8	one (1) political party;
9	(2) only one (1) person may be elected to an office; and
10	(3) the voter has voted for one (1) individual candidate for the
11	office described in subdivision (2) who is:
12	(A) a candidate of a political party other than the party for
13	which the voter voted a straight ticket; or
14	(B) an independent candidate or declared write-in candidate
15	for the office.
16	If the voter has voted for one (1) individual candidate for the office
17	described in subdivision (2), the individual candidate vote for that
18	office shall be counted, the straight party ticket vote for that office may
19	not be counted, and the straight party ticket votes for other offices on
20	the ballot shall be counted.
21	(c) This subsection applies whenever:
22	(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of
23	one (1) political party; and
24	(2) the voter has voted for more individual candidates for the
25	office than the number of persons to be elected to that office.
26	The individual candidate votes for that office may not be counted, the
27	straight party ticket vote for that office may not be counted, and the
28	straight party ticket votes for other offices on the ballot shall be
29	counted.
30	(d) This subsection applies whenever:
31	(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of
32	one (1) political party;
33	(2) more than one (1) person may be elected to an office; and
34	(3) the voter has voted for individual candidates for the office
35	described in subdivision (2) who are:
36	(A) independent candidates or declared write-in candidates;
37	(B) candidates of a political party other than the political party
38	for which the voter cast a straight party ticket under
39	subdivision (1); or
40	(C) a combination of candidates described in clauses (A) and
41	(B).
42	The individual votes east by the voter for the office for the independent



candidates, declared write-in candidates, and the candidates of a political party other than the political party for which the voter cast a straight party ticket shall be counted unless the total number of these individual votes is greater than the number of persons to be elected to the office. The straight party ticket votes for the office shall not be counted. The straight party ticket votes for other offices on the voter's ballot shall be counted.

(e) This subsection applies whenever:

- (1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the eandidates of one (1) political party;
- (2) more than one (1) person may be elected to an office; and
- (3) the voter has voted for individual candidates for the office described in subdivision (2) who are:
 - (A) independent candidates, declared write-in candidates, or candidates of a political party other than the political party for which the voter cast a straight party ticket under subdivision (1); and
 - (B) candidates of the same political party for which the voter cast a straight party ticket under subdivision (1).

The individual votes east by the voter for the office for the independent candidates, the declared write-in candidates, and the candidates of a political party other than the political party for which the voter east a straight party ticket, and the candidates of the political party for which the voter east a straight party ticket shall be counted unless the total number of these individual votes is greater than the number of persons to be elected to the office. The straight party ticket votes for the office shall not be counted. The straight party ticket votes for other offices on the voter's ballot shall be counted.

- (f) If a voter votes a straight party ticket for more than one (1) political party, the whole ballot is void with regard to all candidates nominated by a political party, declared write-in candidates, or candidates designated as independent candidates on the ballot. However, the voter's vote for a school board candidate or on a public question shall be counted if otherwise valid under this chapter.
- (g) (a) If a voter does not vote a straight party ticket and the number of votes cast by that a voter for the candidates for an office are less than or equal to the number of openings for that office, the individual candidates votes shall be counted.
- (h) (b) If a voter does not vote a straight party ticket and the number of votes cast by that a voter for an office exceeds the number of openings for that office, none of the votes concerning that office may be counted.



1	SECTION 23. IC 3-12-1-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016,
2	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 7.5. (a) If a voter votes for one (1) individual
4	candidate for an office for which only one (1) person may be elected
5	and also writes in the name of another candidate for the same office,
6	neither vote may be counted.
7	(b) If a voter votes for at least one (1) individual candidate for an
8	office for which at least two (2) people may be elected and also writes
9	in the name of at least one (1) candidate, the vote for that office may
10	not be counted unless the number of individual votes cast for the office,
11	when added to the number of write-in votes cast for that office, is less
12	than or equal to the number of seats available for that office.
13	(c) If a voter votes an individual or a straight party vote for a
14	candidate for an office and also writes in the name of the same
15	candidate for the same office, only one (1) vote for that candidate may
16	be counted.
17	SECTION 24. IC 3-12-1-8 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
18	2025]. Sec. 8. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a voting mark
19	made by a voter on or in a circle containing a political party device
20	shall be counted as a vote for each candidate of that political party on
21	that ballot.
22	(b) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election
23	to an at-large district to which more than one (1) person may be elected
24	on a:
25	(1) county council;
26	(2) city common council;
27	(3) town council; or
28	(4) township board;
29	must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the
30	voter wishes to east a vote. A voting mark on or in a circle containing
31	a political party device shall not be counted as a straight party ticket
32	voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this
33	subsection.
34	SECTION 25. IC 3-12-1-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 14. (a) This section
36	does not apply to a vote
37	(1) cast for President or Vice President of the United States under
38	IC 3-10-4-6. or
39	(2) described by section 15 of this chapter.
40	(b) A vote cast for a candidate who ceases to be a candidate may not
41	be counted as a vote for a successor candidate selected under IC 3-13-1



or IC 3-13-2.

1	SECTION 26. IC 3-12-1-15 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
2	2025]. Sec. 15. (a) This section does not apply to a candidate for an
3	at-large office of a county council, city common council, town council,
4	or township board, if those offices appear on a ballot.
5	(b) This section applies to a vote cast for one (1) straight party ticket
6	that includes a candidate for election to office who:
7	(1) ecases to be a candidate; and
8	(2) is succeeded by a candidate selected under IC 3-13-1 or
9	IC 3 -13-2.
10	(c) A vote cast in the election for the original nominee is considered
11	a vote cast for the successor.

