SENATE BILL No. 126

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 13-18-15-2; IC 36-4; IC 36-9-22-2; IC 36-9-25-14.

Synopsis: Annexation. With certain exceptions, requires a municipality that initiates an annexation to file with the court an annexation petition approved by the signatures of: (1) at least 51% of the owners of non-tax exempt land in the annexation territory; or (2) the owners of at least 75% in assessed valuation of non-tax exempt land in the annexation territory. Requires the court to hold a hearing if the petition has enough signatures. Adds provisions for determining the validity of signatures. Eliminates the following: (1) Remonstrances and remonstrance waivers. (2) Reimbursement of remonstrator's attorney's fees and costs. (3) Adoption of a fiscal plan for voluntary annexations requested by 100% of landowners in the annexation territory. (4) Settlement agreements in lieu of annexation. (5) Provisions regarding contiguity of a public highway.

Effective: Upon passage.

Buck, Young M

January 8, 2025, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.



First Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2025)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2024 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 126

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 13-18-15-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2019,
2	SECTION 83, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The persons involved shall negotiate the
4	terms for connection and service under this chapter.
5	(b) If service is ordered under this chapter, a receiver of that service
6	that is located in an unincorporated area may grant a waiver to a
7	municipality providing the service. A waiver under this section:
8	(1) must waive the receiver's right of remonstrance against
9	annexation of the areas in which the service is to be provided; and
10	(2) may be one (1) of the terms for connection and service
11	described in subsection (a).
12	(c) The waiver, if granted:
13	(1) shall be noted on the deed of each property affected and
14	recorded as provided by law; and
15	(2) is considered a covenant running with the land.
16	(d) This subsection applies to any deed recorded after June 30,
17	2015. This subsection applies only to property that is subject to a



- remonstrance waiver. A municipality shall, within a reasonable time after the recording of a deed to property located within the municipality, provide written notice to the property owner that a waiver of the right of remonstrance exists with respect to the property.
- (e) A remonstrance waiver executed before July 1, 2003, is void. This subsection does not invalidate an annexation that was effective on or before July 1, 2019.
- (f) A remonstrance waiver executed after June 30, 2003, and before July 1, 2019, is subject to the following:
 - (1) The waiver is void unless the waiver was recorded (A) before January 1, 2020, and (B) with the county recorder of the county where the property subject to the waiver is located.
 - (2) A waiver that is not void under subdivision (1) or subsection
 - **(h)** expires not later than fifteen (15) years after the date the waiver is executed.

This subsection does not invalidate an annexation that was effective on or before July 1, 2019.

- (g) A remonstrance waiver executed after June 30, 2019, is subject to the following: (1) The waiver is void unless the waiver is must be recorded (A) not later than thirty (30) business days after the date the waiver was executed and (B) with the county recorder of the county where the property subject to the waiver is located. (2) A waiver that is not void under subdivision (1) expires not later than fifteen (15) years after the date the waiver is executed. This subsection does not invalidate an annexation that was effective on or before July 1, 2019.
- (h) Notwithstanding any other law, a waiver of the right of remonstrance is valid and binding on a landowner or a successor in title only with regard to an annexation for which the annexation ordinance was adopted before May 15, 2025.
- SECTION 2. IC 36-4-3-1.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.206-2016, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.5. (a) For purposes of this chapter, territory sought to be annexed may be considered "contiguous" only if at least one-eighth (1/8) of the aggregate external boundaries of the territory coincides with the boundaries of the annexing municipality. In determining if a territory is contiguous, a strip of land less than one hundred fifty (150) feet wide that connects the annexing municipality to the territory is not considered a part of the boundaries of either the municipality or the territory.
- (b) This subsection applies to an annexation for which an annexation ordinance is adopted after June 30, 2015, **and before May 15, 2025.** A public highway or the rights-of-way of a public highway



1	are contiguous to:
2	(1) the municipality; or
3	(2) property in the unincorporated area adjacent to the public
4	highway or rights-of-way of a public highway;
5	if the public highway or the rights-of-way of a public highway are
6	contiguous under subsection (a) and one (1) of the requirements in
7	subsection (c) is satisfied.
8	(c) This subsection applies to an annexation for which an
9	annexation ordinance is adopted after June 30, 2015, and before
10	May 15, 2025. A public highway or the rights-of-way of a public
11	highway are not contiguous unless one (1) of the following
12	requirements is met:
13	(1) The municipality obtains the written consent of the owners of
14	all property:
15	(A) adjacent to the entire length of the part of the public
16	highway and rights-of-way of the public highway that is being
17	annexed; and
18	(B) not already within the corporate boundaries of the
19	municipality.
20	A waiver of the right of remonstrance executed by a property
21	owner or a successor in title of the property owner for sewer
22	services or water services does not constitute written consent for
23	purposes of this subdivision.
24	(2) All property adjacent to at least one (1) side of the entire
25	length of the part of the public highway or rights-of-way of the
26	public highway being annexed is already within the corporate
27	boundaries of the municipality.
28	(3) All property adjacent to at least one (1) side of the entire
29	length of the part of the public highway or rights-of-way of the
30	public highway being annexed is part of the same annexation
31	ordinance in which the public highway or rights-of-way of a
32	public highway are being annexed.
33	A municipality may not annex a public highway or the rights-of-way of
34	a public highway or annex territory adjacent to the public highway or
35	rights-of-way of a public highway unless the requirements of this
36	section are met.
37	SECTION 3. IC 36-4-3-1.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.70-2022,
38	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.7. (a) This section applies only to an
40	annexation ordinance adopted after June 30, 2015. This section does
41	not apply to an annexation under section 5.1 of this chapter.
42	(b) Not earlier than six (6) months before a municipality introduces
-	(o) 1 for currer than 51x (o) months octore a municipality introduces



an annexation ordinance, the municipality shall conduct an outreach
program to inform citizens regarding the proposed annexation. For an
annexation under section 3 or 4 of this chapter, the outreach program
must conduct at least six (6) public information meetings regarding the
proposed annexation. For an annexation under section 5 or 5.2 of this
chapter, the outreach program must conduct at least three (3) public
information meetings regarding the proposed annexation. The public
information meetings must provide citizens with the following
information:

- (1) Maps showing the proposed boundaries of the annexation territory.
- (2) Proposed plans for extension of capital and noncapital services in the annexation territory, including proposed dates of extension. In the case of an annexation under section 5.2 of this chapter, a copy of the preliminary written fiscal plan.
- (3) Expected fiscal impact on taxpayers in the annexation territory, including any increase in taxes and fees.
- (c) The municipality shall provide notice of the dates, times, and locations of the outreach program meetings. The municipality shall publish the notice of the meetings under IC 5-3-1, including the date, time, and location of the meetings, except that notice must be published not later than thirty (30) days before the date of each meeting. The municipality shall also send notice to each owner of land within the annexation territory not later than thirty (30) days before the date of the first meeting of the outreach program. The notice to landowners shall be sent by first class mail, certified mail with return receipt requested, or any other means of delivery that includes a return receipt and must include the following information:
 - (1) The notice **to the landowner** must inform the landowner that the municipality is proposing to annex territory that includes the landowner's property.
 - (2) The municipality is conducting an outreach program for the purpose of providing information to landowners and the public regarding the proposed annexation.
 - (3) The date, time, and location of the meetings to be conducted under the outreach program.
- (d) The notice shall be sent to the address of the landowner as listed on the tax duplicate. If the municipality provides evidence that the notice was sent:
 - (1) by certified mail, with return receipt requested or any other means of delivery that includes a return receipt; and
 - (2) in accordance with this section;



1	it is not necessary that the landowner accept receipt of the notice.
2 3	(e) This subsection applies only to an annexation for which an annexation ordinance is adopted after June 30, 2015, and before
<i>3</i>	May 15, 2025. If a remonstrance is filed under section 11 of this
5	chapter, the municipality shall file with the court proof that notices
6	were sent to landowners under this section and proof of publication.
7	(e) (f) The notice required under this section is in addition to any
8	notice required under sections 2.1 and 2.2 of this chapter.
9	SECTION 4. IC 36-4-3-3.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.70-2022,
10	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.1. (a) This section does not apply to an
12	annexation under:
13	(1) section $4(a)(2)$, $4(a)(3)$, $4(b)$, $4(h)$, or 4.1 of this chapter; or
14	(2) section 5.1 of this chapter, for which an annexation
15	ordinance is adopted after May 14, 2025.
16	(b) A municipality shall develop and adopt a written fiscal plan and
17	establish a definite policy by resolution of the legislative body that
18	meets the requirements set forth in section 13 of this chapter.
19	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d) and section 5.2 of this
20	chapter, the municipality shall establish and adopt the written fiscal
21	plan before mailing the notification to landowners in the territory
22	proposed to be annexed under section 2.2 of this chapter.
23	(d) In an annexation under section 5 or 5.1 5.5 of this chapter, the
24	municipality shall establish and adopt the written fiscal plan before
25	adopting the annexation ordinance.
26	SECTION 5. IC 36-4-3-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2016,
27	SECTION 96, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection applies only to a
29	petition requesting annexation that is filed before July 1, 2015. If the
30	owners of land located outside of but contiguous to a municipality want
31	to have territory containing that land annexed to the municipality, they
32	may file with the legislative body of the municipality a petition:
33	(1) signed by at least:
34	(A) fifty-one percent (51%) of the owners of land in the
35	territory sought to be annexed; or
36	(B) the owners of seventy-five percent (75%) of the total
37	assessed value of the land for property tax purposes; and
38	(2) requesting an ordinance annexing the area described in the
39 40	petition. (b) This subsection applies only to a petition requesting approvation.
40	(b) This subsection applies only to a petition requesting annexation that is filed after June 30, 2015. A municipality may not collect
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4 ∠	signatures on an annexation petition that is filed with the legislative



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1	body under this section after May 14, 2025. If the owners of land
2	located outside of but contiguous to a municipality want to have
3	territory containing that land annexed to the municipality, they may file
4	with the legislative body of the municipality a petition that meets the
5	following requirements:
6	(1) The petition is signed by at least one (1) of the following:
7	(A) Fifty-one percent (51%) of the owners of land in the
8	territory sought to be annexed. An owner of land may not:
9	(i) be counted in calculating the total number of owners of
10	land in the annexation territory; or
11	(ii) have the owner's signature counted;
12	with regard to any single property that the owner has an
13	interest in that was exempt from property taxes under
14	IC 6-1.1-10 or any other state law for the immediately
15	preceding year.
16	(B) The owners of seventy-five percent (75%) of the total
17	assessed value of the land for property tax purposes. Land that
18	was exempt from property taxes under IC 6-1.1-10 or any
19	other state law for the immediately preceding year may not be
20	included in calculating the total assessed valuation of the land
21	in the annexation territory. The court may not count an owner's
22	signature on a petition with regard to any single property that
23	the owner has an interest in that was exempt from property
24	taxes under IC 6-1.1-10 or any other state law for the
25	immediately preceding year.
26	(2) The petition requests an ordinance annexing the area
27	described in the petition.
28	(c) The petition circulated by the landowners must include on each
29	page where signatures are affixed a heading that is substantially similar
30	to the following:
31	"PETITION FOR ANNEXATION INTO THE (insert whether city
32	or town) OF (insert name of city or town).".
33	(d) If the legislative body fails to pass the ordinance within one
34	hundred fifty (150) days after the date of filing of a petition under
35	subsection (a) or (b), the petitioners may file a duplicate copy of the
36	petition in the circuit or superior court of a county in which the territory

- petition in the circuit or superior court of a county in which the territory is located, and shall include a written statement of why the annexation should take place. Notice of the proceedings, in the form of a summons, shall be served on the municipality named in the petition.
- 39 40 The municipality is the defendant in the cause and shall appear and 41 answer.
 - (e) The court shall hear and determine the petition without a jury,



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1 2	and shall order the proposed annexation to take place only if the
3	evidence introduced by the parties establishes that:
<i>3</i>	(1) essential municipal services and facilities are not available to the residents of the territory sought to be annexed;
5	(2) the municipality is physically and financially able to provide
6	municipal services to the territory sought to be annexed;
7	(3) the population density of the territory sought to be annexed is
8	at least three (3) persons per acre; and
9	(4) the territory sought to be annexed is contiguous to the
10	municipality.
11	If the evidence does not establish all four (4) of the preceding factors,
12	the court shall deny the petition and dismiss the proceeding.
13	(f) This subsection does not apply to a town that has abolished town
14	legislative body districts under IC 36-5-2-4.1. An ordinance adopted
15	under this section must assign the territory annexed by the ordinance
16	to at least one (1) municipal legislative body district.
17	SECTION 6. IC 36-4-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.160-2020,
18	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.1. (a) Owners of land that is located outside
20	but contiguous to a municipality or that is located in territory described
21	in section 4(i) of this chapter may voluntarily file a petition with the
22	legislative body of the municipality:
23	(1) requesting an ordinance annexing the area described in the
24	petition; and
25	(2) signed by:
26	(A) one hundred percent (100%) of the landowners that reside
27	within the territory that is proposed to be annexed, in the case
28	of a petition filed before July 1, 2015; and
29	(B) in the case of a petition filed after June 30, 2015, one
30	hundred percent (100%) of the owners of land within the
31	territory that is proposed to be annexed.
32	(b) Sections 2.1 and 2.2 of this chapter do not apply to an
33	annexation under this section.
34	(c) The petition circulated by the landowners must include on each
35	page where signatures are affixed a heading that is substantially similar
36	to the following:
37	"PETITION FOR ANNEXATION INTO THE (insert whether city
38	or town) OF (insert name of city or town).".
39	(d) The municipality may (1) adopt an annexation ordinance
40	annexing the territory and (2) adopt a fiscal plan and establish a
41	definite policy by resolution of the legislative body; after the legislative
42	body has held a public hearing on the proposed annexation.



- (e) The municipality may introduce and hold the public hearing on the annexation ordinance not later than thirty (30) days after the petition is filed with the legislative body. Notice of the public hearing may be published one (1) time in accordance with IC 5-3-1 at least twenty (20) days before the hearing. All interested parties must have the opportunity to testify at the hearing as to the proposed annexation.
- (f) The municipality may adopt the annexation ordinance not earlier than fourteen (14) days after the public hearing under subsection (e).
- (g) A landowner may withdraw the landowner's signature from the petition not more than thirteen (13) days after the municipality adopts the fiscal plan date of the public hearing under subsection (e) by providing written notice to the office of the clerk of the municipality. If a landowner withdraws the landowner's signature, the petition shall automatically be considered a voluntary petition that is filed with the legislative body under section 5 of this chapter, fourteen (14) days after the date the fiscal plan is adopted. of the public hearing under subsection (e). All provisions applicable to a petition initiated under section 5 of this chapter apply to the petition.
- (h) If the municipality does not adopt an annexation ordinance within sixty (60) days after the landowners file the petition with the legislative body, the landowners may file a duplicate petition with the circuit or superior court of a county in which the territory is located. The court shall determine whether the annexation shall take place as set forth in section 5 of this chapter.
- (i) A remonstrance under section 11 of this chapter may not be filed. However, an appeal under section 15.5 of this chapter may be filed.
- (j) (i) In the absence of an appeal under section 15.5 of this chapter, an annexation ordinance adopted under this section takes effect not less than thirty (30) days after the adoption of the ordinance and upon the filing and recording of the ordinance under section 22 of this chapter.

SECTION 7. IC 36-4-3-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 5.5. (a) This section does not apply to an annexation under section 5 or 5.1 of this chapter.**

- (b) This section applies only to an annexation for which an annexation ordinance is adopted after May 14, 2025.
- (c) After adopting an annexation ordinance under section 3 or 4 of this chapter, in order for the annexation to proceed, the municipality must file a written petition under subsection (f) signed by owners of land in the territory proposed to be annexed who are in favor of the annexation. The petition must be signed by:
 - (1) at least fifty-one percent (51%) of the owners of land:



1	(A) not exempt from property taxes under IC 6-1.1-10 or
2	any other state law; and
2 3	(B) in the territory proposed to be annexed; or
4	(2) the owners of more than seventy-five percent (75%) in
5	assessed valuation of land:
6	(A) not exempt from property taxes under IC 6-1.1-10 or
7	any other state law; and
8	(B) in the territory proposed to be annexed.
9	(d) The petition circulated by the municipality must include on
0	each page where signatures are affixed a heading that is
1	substantially similar to the following:
2	"PETITION FOR ANNEXATION INTO THE (insert whether
3	city or town) OF (insert name of city or town).".
4	(e) A landowner may withdraw the landowner's signature from
5	the petition not more than ten (10) days after the municipality
6	adopts the annexation ordinance by providing written notice to the
7	office of the clerk of the municipality. A landowner who withdraws
8	the landowner's signature from the petition is considered not to
9	have signed the petition for purposes of subsection (h)(2).
0.	(f) The municipality must file the petition with the circuit or
21	superior court of the county where the municipality is located not
22	later than ninety (90) days after the publication of the annexation
22 23 24	ordinance under section 7 of this chapter. The petition must be
.4	accompanied by:
25	(1) a copy of the ordinance; and
26	(2) the names and addresses of all persons who meet the
27	requirements of subsection (h).
28	(g) On receipt of the petition, the court shall determine whether
.9	the petition has the necessary signatures. In determining the total
0	number of landowners of the territory proposed to be annexed and
1	whether signers of the petition are landowners, the names
2	appearing on the tax duplicate for that territory constitute prima
3	facie evidence of ownership. Only one (1) person having an interest
4	in each single property, as evidenced by the tax duplicate, is
5	considered a landowner for purposes of this section. A person is
6	entitled to sign a petition only one (1) time, regardless of whether
7	the person owns more than one (1) parcel of real property. If the
8	court determines that the municipality's petition has a sufficient
9	number of signatures, the court shall fix a time, not later than sixty
-0	(60) days after its determination, for a public hearing on the
-1	petition.

(h) A person may intervene as a party at the hearing described



1	in subsection (g) if the following requirements are satisfied:
2	(1) The person owns, solely or with another person, property
3	that is in the territory proposed to be annexed.
4	(2) None of the owners of the property signed the petition filed
5	by the municipality.
6	(3) The person appeared in person or submitted a
7	remonstrance or other document objecting to the annexation
8	into the record of the municipality's public hearing on the
9	annexation ordinance under section 2.1 of this chapter.
10	The court shall give a person described in this subsection notice of
11	the public hearing on the petition by certified mail.
12	SECTION 8. IC 36-4-3-5.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
13	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.6. (a) This section applies only to an
15	annexation for which an annexation ordinance is adopted after
16	May 14, 2025.
17	(b) A waiver or release of the right of remonstrance by a
18	landowner or successor in title is void and may not be considered
19	or counted as a valid signature on a petition in favor of annexation
20	under section 5, 5.1, or 5.5 of this chapter.
21	(c) If, with regard to a signature on a petition for annexation
22	under section 5, 5.1, or 5.5 of this chapter:
23	(1) the validity of a signature is uncertain; and
24	(2) this section does not establish a standard to be applied in
25	the case;
26	a reasonable doubt must be resolved in favor of the validity of the
27	signature.
28	(d) Whenever the name of an individual, as printed or signed,
29	contains a minor variation from the name of the individual as set
30	forth in the relevant county records, the signature is considered
31	valid.
32	(e) Whenever the residence address or mailing address of an
33	individual contains a minor variation from the residence address
34	or mailing address as set forth in the relevant county records, the
35	signature is considered valid.
36	(f) If the residence address or mailing address of an individual
37	contains a substantial variation from the residence address or
38	mailing address as set forth in the relevant county records, the
39	signature is considered invalid.
40	(g) If the signature of an individual does not substantially
41	conform with the signature of the individual as set forth in the
42	relevant county records, the signature is considered invalid. In



determining whether a signature substantially conforms with the signature in the relevant county records, consideration shall be given to whether that lack of conformity may reasonably be attributed to the age, disability, or impairment of the individual.

SECTION 9. IC 36-4-3-7, AS AMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2025 GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) After an ordinance is adopted under section 3, 4, 5, 5.1, or 5.2, or 5.5 of this chapter, it must be published in the manner prescribed by IC 5-3-1.

- **(b)** This subsection applies only to an annexation for which an annexation ordinance is adopted before May 15, 2025. Except as provided in subsection (b), (c), (d), or (e), in the absence of remonstrance and appeal under section 11 or 15.5 of this chapter, the ordinance takes effect at least ninety (90) days after its publication and upon the filing required by section 22(a) of this chapter.
 - (c) An annexation ordinance takes effect as follows:
 - (1) This subdivision applies to an annexation under section 5 of this chapter. Except as provided in subsection (e), in the absence of an appeal under section 15.5 of this chapter, the annexation ordinance takes effect at least ninety (90) days after its publication and upon the filing required under section 22(a) of this chapter.
 - (2) This subdivision applies to an annexation under section 5.1 of this chapter. Except as provided in subsection (e), in the absence of an appeal under section 15.5 of this chapter, the ordinance takes effect at least thirty (30) days after the adoption of the ordinance and upon the filing required under section 22(a) of this chapter.
 - (3) This subdivision applies to an annexation under section 5.5 of this chapter. Except as provided in subsection (e), if a final and unappealable judgment under section 12 or 15.5 of this chapter is entered in favor of the annexation, the annexation is effective upon the filing required under section 22(a) of this chapter.
 - (4) This subdivision applies to an annexation under section 7.1 of this chapter for which an annexation ordinance is adopted after May 14, 2025. If a final and unappealable judgment under section 12 or 15.5 of this chapter is entered in favor of the annexation, the annexation is effective upon the filing required under section 22(a) of this chapter.
- (5) This subdivision applies to an annexation under section 7.2



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1	of this chapter. In the absence of an appeal under section 15.5
2	of this chapter, the annexation ordinance takes effect at least
3	thirty (30) days after its publication and upon the filing
4	required under section 22(a) of this chapter.
5	(b) (d) For the purposes of this section, territory that has been:
6	(1) added to an existing fire protection district under
7	IC 36-8-11-11; or
8	(2) approved by ordinance of the county legislative body to be
9	added to an existing fire protection district under IC 36-8-11-11,
10	notwithstanding that the territory's addition to the fire protection
11	district has not yet taken effect;

shall be considered a part of the fire protection district as of the date that the fire protection district was originally established.

- (c) (e) This subsection applies only to a fire protection district established after July 1, 1987. This subsection does not apply to an annexation under subsection (g). Whenever a municipality annexes territory, all or part of which lies within a fire protection district (IC 36-8-11), the annexation ordinance, in the absence of remonstrance and appeal under section 11 or 15.5 of this chapter (in the case of an annexation for which an annexation ordinance is adopted before May 15, 2025), or in the absence of a hearing or an appeal under section 12 or 15.5 of this chapter (in the case of an annexation for which an annexation ordinance is adopted after May 14, 2025), takes effect the second January 1 that follows the date the ordinance is adopted and upon the filing required by section 22(a) of this chapter. The municipality shall:
 - (1) provide fire protection to that territory beginning the date the ordinance is effective; and
 - (2) send written notice to the fire protection district of the date the municipality will begin to provide fire protection to the annexed territory within ten (10) days of the date the ordinance is adopted.
- (d) (f) This subsection applies only to a fire protection district established after July 1, 1987. This subsection does not apply to an annexation under subsection (g). If the fire protection district from which a municipality annexes territory is indebted or has outstanding unpaid bonds or other obligations at the time the annexation is effective, the municipality is liable for and shall pay that indebtedness in the same ratio as the assessed valuation of the property in the annexed territory (that is part of the fire protection district) bears to the assessed valuation of all property in the fire protection district, as shown by the most recent assessment for taxation before the annexation, unless the assessed property within the municipality is



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already liable for the indebtedness. The annexing municipality shall
pay its indebtedness under this section to the board of fire trustees. If
the indebtedness consists of outstanding unpaid bonds or notes of the
fire protection district, the payments to the board of fire trustees shall
be made as the principal or interest on the bonds or notes becomes due.

- (e) This subsection applies to an annexation initiated by property owners under section 5.1 of this chapter in which all property owners within the area to be annexed petition the municipality to be annexed. Subject to subsection (c), and in the absence of an appeal under section 15.5 of this chapter, an annexation ordinance takes effect at least thirty (30) days after its publication and upon the filing required by section 22(a) of this chapter.
- (f) (g) Whenever a municipality annexes territory that lies within a fire protection district that has a total net assessed value (as determined by the county auditor) of more than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) on the date the annexation ordinance is adopted:
 - (1) the annexed area shall remain a part of the fire protection district after the annexation takes effect; and
 - (2) the fire protection district shall continue to provide fire protection services to the annexed area.

The municipality shall not tax the annexed territory for fire protection services. The annexing municipality shall establish a special fire fund for all fire protection services that are provided by the municipality within the area of the municipality that is not within the fire protection district, and which shall not be assessed to the annexed special taxing district. The annexed territory that lies within the fire protection district shall continue to be part of the fire protection district special taxing district.

SECTION 10. IC 36-4-3-7.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2022, SECTION 156, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7.1. (a) An ordinance adopted under section 4 or 5.1 of this chapter that meets the conditions set forth in subsection (b) takes effect as follows:

- (1) In the case of an annexation for which an annexation ordinance was adopted before May 15, 2025, the ordinance takes effect immediately:
 - (A) upon the expiration of the remonstrance and appeal period under section 11, 11.1, or 15.5 of this chapter; and
 - **(B)** after the publication, filing, and recording required by section 22(a) of this chapter. if all of the following conditions are met:
- (2) In the case of an annexation for which an annexation



1	ordinance was adopted after May 14, 2025, the ordinance
2	takes effect as set forth in section $7(c)(4)$ of this chapter.
3	(b) This section applies to an annexation that meets all of the
4	following conditions:
5	(1) The annexed territory has no population.
6	(2) Ninety percent (90%) of the total assessed value of the land
7	for property tax purposes has one (1) owner.
8	(3) The annexation is required to fulfill an economic development
9	incentive package and to retain an industry through various local
0	incentives, including urban enterprise zone benefits.
1	SECTION 11. IC 36-4-3-7.2, AS AMENDED BY THE
2	TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2025 GENERAL
3	ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7.2. (a) This section applies to an annexation
5	that satisfies all of the following:
6	(1) The annexation ordinance is adopted after December 31,
7	2020.
8	(2) The annexation is initiated by property owners under section
9	5.1 of this chapter in which all property owners within the
20	annexation territory petition the municipality to be annexed.
21	(3) All or part of the annexation territory is within a fire
22 23 24	protection district that was established after July 1, 1987.
23	(4) At least a majority of the members of the board of trustees of
.4	the fire protection district adopt a resolution consenting to the
25 26	annexation.
	(5) The portion of the annexation territory located within the fire
27	protection district constitutes less than three percent (3%) of the
28	total net assessed value (as determined by the county auditor) of
.9	the fire protection district on the date the annexation ordinance is
0	adopted.
1	(b) Section 7(b), 7(c), 7(d), and 7(e) of this chapter apply to an
2	annexation under this section.
3	(c) Section $\frac{7(a)}{7(b)}$, $\frac{7(b)}{7(b)}$, $\frac{7(f)}{7(g)}$, and $\frac{7(g)}{7(g)}$ of this chapter do not
4	apply to an annexation under this section.
5	(d) After an annexation ordinance is adopted, the ordinance must be
6	published in the manner prescribed by IC 5-3-1. In the absence of an
7	appeal under section 15.5 of this chapter, the annexation ordinance
8	takes effect at least thirty (30) days after its publication and upon the
9	filing required by section 22(a) of this chapter. The annexation
0	ordinance takes effect as set forth in section 7(c)(5) of this chapter.
1	SECTION 12. IC 36-4-3-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.206-2016,
-2	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) This subsection applies only to an annexation for which an annexation ordinance was adopted before July 1, 2015. Except as provided in section 5.1(i) of this chapter (as in effect on July 1, 2015) and subsections subsection (e), and (f), whenever territory is annexed by a municipality under this chapter, the annexation may be appealed by filing with the circuit or superior court of a county in which the annexed territory is located a written remonstrance signed by:

- (1) at least sixty-five percent (65%) of the owners of land in the annexed territory; or
- (2) the owners of more than seventy-five percent (75%) in assessed valuation of the land in the annexed territory.

The remonstrance must be filed within ninety (90) days after the publication of the annexation ordinance under section 7 of this chapter, must be accompanied by a copy of that ordinance, and must state the reason why the annexation should not take place.

- (b) This subsection applies only to an annexation for which an annexation ordinance was adopted before July 1, 2015. On receipt of the remonstrance, the court shall determine whether the remonstrance has the necessary signatures. In determining the total number of landowners of the annexed territory and whether signers of the remonstrance are landowners, the names appearing on the tax duplicate for that territory constitute prima facie evidence of ownership. Only one (1) person having an interest in each single property, as evidenced by the tax duplicate, is considered a landowner for purposes of this section.
- (c) This subsection applies only to an annexation for which an annexation ordinance was adopted before July 1, 2015. If the court determines that the remonstrance is sufficient, the court shall fix a time, within sixty (60) days after the court's determination, for a hearing on the remonstrance. Notice of the proceedings, in the form of a summons, shall be served on the annexing municipality. The municipality is the defendant in the cause and shall appear and answer.
- (d) This subsection applies only to an annexation for which an annexation ordinance was adopted after June 30, 2015, **and before May 15, 2025.** If the requirements of section 11.3(c) or (after December 31, 2016) section 11.4 of this chapter are met, the annexation may be appealed by filing with the circuit or superior court of a county in which the annexed territory is located:
 - (1) the signed remonstrances filed with the county auditor;
 - (2) the county auditor's certification under section 11.2(i) of this chapter;



1	(3) the annexation ordinance; and
2	(4) a statement of the reason why the annexation should not take
3	place.
4	The remonstrance must be filed with the court not later than fifteen
5	(15) business days after the date the county auditor files the certificate
6	with the legislative body under section 11.2(i) of this chapter. After a
7	remonstrance petition is filed with the court, any person who signed a
8	remonstrance may file with the court a verified, written revocation of
9	the person's opposition to the annexation.
10	(e) If an annexation is initiated by property owners under section 5.1
11	of this chapter and all property owners within the area to be annexed
12	petition the municipality to be annexed, a remonstrance to the
13	annexation may not be filed under this section.
14	(f) (e) This subsection applies only to an annexation for which an
15	annexation ordinance is adopted before July 1, 2015. This subsection
16	applies if:
17	(1) the territory to be annexed consists of not more than one
18	hundred (100) parcels; and
19	(2) eighty percent (80%) of the boundary of the territory proposed
20	to be annexed is contiguous to the municipality.
21	An annexation may be appealed by filing with the circuit or superior
22	court of a county in which the annexed territory is located a written
23	remonstrance signed by at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the
24	owners of land in the annexed territory as determined under subsection
25	(b).
26	SECTION 13. IC 36-4-3-11.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.228-2015,
27	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11.1. (a) This section applies only to an
29	annexation ordinance adopted after June 30, 2015, and before May 15,
30	2025.
31	(b) After a municipality adopts an annexation ordinance in
32	accordance with all applicable notice and hearing requirements under
33	this chapter, the annexation may not proceed unless the annexing
34	municipality completes the procedures set forth in this section.
35	(c) The proper officers of the municipality must give notice of the
36	applicability of the remonstrance process by providing notice by:
37	(1) publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and
38	(2) first class mail or certified mail with return receipt requested,
39	or any other means of delivery that includes a return receipt;
40	to the circuit court clerk and to owners of real property described in
41	section 2.2 of this chapter. Notice under this section must be published
42	and mailed or delivered on the same date that notice of the adoption of



1	the annexation ordinance is published under section 7 of this chapter.
2	(d) The notice of the applicability of the remonstrance process under
3	subsection (c) must state the following:
4	(1) Any owners of real property within the area proposed to be
5	annexed who want to remonstrate against the proposed
6	annexation must complete and file remonstrance petitions in
7	compliance with this chapter. The notice must state:
8	(A) that remonstrance petitions must be filed not later than
9	ninety (90) days after the date that notice of the adoption of the
10	annexation ordinance was published under section 7 of this
11	chapter; and
12	(B) the last date in accordance with clause (A) that
13	remonstrance petitions must be filed with the county auditor
14	to be valid.
15	(2) A remonstrance petition may be signed at the locations
16	provided by the municipality under subsection (e). The notice
17	must provide the following information regarding each location:
18	(A) The address of the location.
19	(B) The dates and hours during which a remonstrance petition
20	may be signed at the location.
21	(e) Beginning the day after publication of the notice under
22	subsection (c) and ending not later than ninety (90) days after
23	publication of the notice under subsection (c), the municipality shall
24	provide both of the following:
25	(1) At least one (1) location in the offices of the municipality
26	where a person may sign a remonstrance petition during regular
27	business hours.
28	(2) At least one (1) additional location that is available for at least
29	five (5) days, where a person may sign a remonstrance petition.
30	The location must meet the following requirements:
31	(A) The location must be in a public building:
32	(i) owned or leased by the state or a political subdivision.
33	including a public library, community center, or parks and
34	recreation building; and
35	(ii) located within the boundaries of the municipality or the
36	annexation territory.
37	(B) The location must be open according to the following:
38	(i) On a day that the location is open on a weekday, the
39	location must be open at a minimum from 5 p.m. to 9 p.m.
40	(ii) On a day that the location is open on a Saturday or
41	Sunday, the location must be open at least four (4) hours
42	during the period from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.
14	during the period from 7 d.m. to 5 p.m.



I	(f) An additional location may not be open on a day that is a legal
2	holiday. At any location and during the hours that a remonstrance
3	petition may be signed, the municipality shall have a person present:
4	(1) to witness the signing of remonstrance petitions; and
5	(2) who shall swear and affirm before a notary public that the
6	person witnessed each person sign the remonstrance petition.
7	SECTION 14. IC 36-4-3-11.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.206-2016
8	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11.2. (a) This section applies only to ar
10	annexation ordinance adopted after June 30, 2015, and before May 15
11	2025.
12	(b) A remonstrance petition may be filed by an owner of rea
13	property that:
14	(1) is within the area to be annexed;
15	(2) was not exempt from property taxes under IC 6-1.1-10 or any
16	other state law for the immediately preceding year; and
17	(3) is not subject to a valid waiver of remonstrance.
18	(c) A remonstrance petition must comply with the following in order
19	to be effective:
20	(1) Each signature on a remonstrance petition must be dated, and
21	the date of the signature may not be earlier than the date on which
22	the remonstrance forms may be issued by the county auditor
23	under subsection (e)(7).
24	(2) Each person who signs a remonstrance petition must indicate
25	the address of the real property owned by the person in the area
26	to be annexed.
27	(3) A remonstrance petition must be verified in compliance with
28	subsection (e).
29	(d) The state board of accounts shall design the remonstrance forms
30	to be used solely in the remonstrance process described in this section
31	The state board of accounts shall provide the forms to the county
32	auditor in an electronic format that permits the county auditor to copy
33	or reproduce the forms using:
34	(1) the county auditor's own equipment; or
35	(2) a commercial copying service.
36	The annexing municipality shall reimburse the county auditor for the
37	cost of reproducing the remonstrance forms.
38	(e) The county auditor's office shall issue remonstrance forms
39	accompanied by instructions detailing all of the following
40	requirements:
41	(1) The closing date for the remonstrance period.

(2) Only one (1) person having an interest in each single property



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1	as evidenced by the tax duplicate is considered an owner of
2	property and may sign a remonstrance petition. A person is
3	entitled to sign a petition only one (1) time in a remonstrance
4	process, regardless of whether the person owns more than one (1)
5	parcel of real property.
6	(3) An individual may not be:
7	(A) compensated for; or
8	(B) reimbursed for expenses incurred in;
9	circulating a remonstrance petition and obtaining signatures.
0	(4) The remonstrance petition may be executed in several
1	counterparts, the total of which constitutes the remonstrance
2	petition. An affidavit of the person circulating a counterpart must
3	be attached to the counterpart. The affidavit must state that each
4	signature appearing on the counterpart was affixed in the person's
5	presence and is the true and lawful signature of the signer. The
6	affidavit must be notarized.
7	(5) A remonstrance petition that is not executed in counterparts
8	must be verified by the person signing the petition in the manner
9	prescribed by the state board of accounts and notarized.
20	(6) A remonstrance petition may be delivered to the county
21	auditor's office in person or by:
22 23 24	(A) certified mail, return receipt requested; or
23	(B) any other means of delivery that includes a return receipt.
24	The remonstrance petition must be postmarked not later than the
2.5	closing date for the remonstrance period.
.6	(7) The county auditor's office may not issue a remonstrance
27	petition earlier than the day that notice is published under section
28	11.1 of this chapter. The county auditor's office shall certify the
.9	date of issuance on each remonstrance petition. Any person may
0	pick up additional copies of the remonstrance petition to
1	distribute to other persons.
2	(8) A person who signs a remonstrance petition may withdraw the
3	person's signature from a remonstrance petition before a
4	remonstrance petition is filed with the county auditor by filing a
5	verified request to remove the person's name from the
6	remonstrance petition. Names may not be added to a
7	remonstrance petition after the remonstrance petition is filed with
8	the county auditor.
9	(f) The county auditor shall prepare and update weekly a list of the
-0	persons who have signed a remonstrance petition. The list must include
-1	a statement that the list includes all persons who have signed a
-2	remonstrance petition as of a particular date, and does not represent a



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list of persons certified by the county auditor as actual landowners in
the annexation territory using the auditor's current tax records under
subsection (i). The county auditor shall post the list in the office of the
county auditor. The list is a public record under IC 5-14-3.
(g) Not later than five (5) business days after receiving the
remonstrance petition, the county auditor shall submit a copy of the
remonstrance petition to the legislative body of the annexing
municipality.
(h) Not later than fifteen (15) business days after the legislative
body of the annexing municipality receives a copy of the remonstrance

- petition from the county auditor, the annexing municipality shall provide documentation to the county auditor regarding any valid waiver of the right of remonstrance that exists on the property within the annexation territory.
- (i) Not later than fifteen (15) business days after receiving the documentation regarding any valid waiver of the right of remonstrance from the annexing municipality under subsection (h), if any, the county auditor's office shall make a final determination of the number of owners of real property within the territory to be annexed:
 - (1) who signed the remonstrance; and
 - (2) whose property is not subject to a valid waiver of the right of remonstrance;

using the auditor's current tax records as provided in section 2.2 of this chapter. The county auditor shall file a certificate with the legislative body of the annexing municipality certifying the number of property owners not later than five (5) business days after making the determination.

SECTION 15. IC 36-4-3-11.3, AS ADDED BY P.L.228-2015, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11.3. (a) This section applies only to an annexation ordinance adopted after June 30, 2015, and before May 15, 2025.

- (b) An annexation ordinance is void if a written remonstrance petition is signed by one (1) of the following:
 - (1) At least sixty-five percent (65%) of the owners of land in the annexed territory. An owner of land may not:
 - (A) be counted in calculating the total number of owners of land in the annexation territory; or
 - (B) have the owner's signature counted on a remonstrance; with regard to any single property that an owner has an interest in that was exempt from property taxes under IC 6-1.1-10 or any other state law for the immediately preceding year.



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1	(2) The owners of at least eighty percent (80%) in assessed
2	valuation of the land in the annexed territory. Land that was
3	exempt from property taxes under IC 6-1.1-10 or any other state
4	law for the immediately preceding year may not be included in
5	calculating the total assessed valuation of the land in the
6	annexation territory. The court may not count the owner's
7	signature on a remonstrance with regard to any single property
8	that the owner has an interest in that was exempt from property
9	taxes under IC 6-1.1-10 or any other state law for the immediately
10	preceding year.
11	(c) The annexation may be appealed to the court under section 11
12	of this chapter, if a written remonstrance is signed by one (1) of the
13	following:
14	(1) At least fifty-one percent (51%) but less than sixty-five
15	percent (65%) of the owners of land. An owner of land may not:
16	(A) be counted in calculating the total number of owners of
17	land in the annexation territory; or
18	(B) have the owner's signature counted on a remonstrance:

- (B) have the owner's signature counted on a remonstrance; with regard to any single property that the owner has an interest in that was exempt from property taxes under IC 6-1.1-10 or any other state law for the immediately preceding year.
- (2) The owners of at least sixty percent (60%) but less than eighty percent (80%) in assessed valuation of land in the annexed territory. Land that was exempt from property taxes under IC 6-1.1-10 or any other state law for the immediately preceding year may not be included in calculating the total assessed valuation of the land in the annexation territory. The court may not count an owner's signature on a remonstrance with regard to any single property that the owner has an interest in that was exempt from property taxes under IC 6-1.1-10 or any other state law for the immediately preceding year.

SECTION 16. IC 36-4-3-11.4, AS AMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2025 GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11.4. (a) This section applies only to an annexation that the meets all of the following requirements:

- (1) The annexation ordinance is adopted after December 31, 2016, and before May 15, 2025.
- (2) Notwithstanding the contiguity requirements of section 1.5 of this chapter, at least one-tenth (1/10) of the aggregate external boundaries of the territory sought to be annexed coincides with the boundaries of:



1	(A) the municipality; and
2	(B) the site of an economic development project.
3	(b) As used in this section, "economic development project" means
4	any project developed by the municipality that meets all of the
5	following requirements:
6	(1) The annexing municipality determines that the project will:
7	(A) promote significant opportunities for the gainful
8	employment of its citizens;
9	(B) attract a major new business enterprise to the municipality;
0	or
1	(C) retain or expand a significant business enterprise within
2	the municipality.
3	(2) The project involves expenditures by the annexing
4	municipality for any of the following:
5	(A) Land acquisition, interests in land, site improvements,
6	infrastructure improvements, buildings, or structures.
7	(B) Rehabilitation, renovation, and enlargement of buildings
8	and structures.
9	(C) Machinery, equipment, furnishings, or facilities.
0.0	(D) Substance removal or remedial action.
21	(c) Notwithstanding section 11.3(b) of this chapter, even if a
22	remonstrance has enough signatures to satisfy the requirements of
23	section 11.3(b) of this chapter, the annexation ordinance is not void and
22 23 24	may be appealed to the court under section 11 of this chapter, if all of
25	the following requirements are met:
26	(1) The economic development project site needs the following
27	capital services that the municipality is lawfully able to provide:
28	(A) water;
9	(B) sewer;
0	(C) gas; or
1	(D) any combination of the capital services described in
2	clauses (A) through (C).
3	(2) The municipality finds that it is in the municipality's best
4	interest to annex the annexation territory in order to extend,
5	construct, or operate the capital services that are provided to the
6	economic development project site.
7	(3) Before the date the annexation ordinance is adopted, a
8	taxpayer whose business will occupy the economic development
9	project site has done at least one (1) of the following:
-0	(A) Filed a statement of benefits under IC 6-1.1-12.1 with the
-1	designating body for the annexing municipality for a deduction
-2	or abatement.



1	(B) Entered into an agreement with the Indiana economic
2	development corporation for a credit under IC 6-3.1-13.
3	(d) If the economic development project:
4	(1) has not commenced within twelve (12) months after the date
5	the annexation ordinance is adopted; or
6	(2) is not completed within thirty-six (36) months after the date
7	the annexation ordinance is adopted;
8	the annexation territory is disannexed from the municipality and reverts
9	to the jurisdiction of the unit having jurisdiction before the annexation.
0	For purposes of this subsection, a an economic development project is
1	considered to have commenced on the day that the physical erection,
2	installation, alteration, repair, or remodeling of a building or structure
3	commences on the site of the economic development project.
4	SECTION 17. IC 36-4-3-11.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11.5. (a) A
6	landowner in an unincorporated area is not required to grant a
7	municipality a waiver against remonstrance as a condition of
8	connection to a sewer or water service if all of the following conditions
9	apply:
20	(1) The landowner is required to connect to the sewer or water
21	service because a person other than the landowner has polluted or
.2	contaminated the area.
23	(2) A person other than the landowner or the municipality has
.4	paid the cost of connection to the service.
23 24 25 26	(b) Notwithstanding any other law, a waiver against
	remonstrance is effective and binding on a landowner or a
27	successor in title only with regard to an annexation for which the
28	annexation ordinance was adopted before May 15, 2025.
.9	SECTION 18. IC 36-4-3-11.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.228-2015,
0	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
1	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11.6. (a) This section applies to a
2	remonstrance filed after June 30, 2015, and before May 15, 2025.
3	(b) If the court orders an annexation not to take place after a hearing
4	under section 11 of this chapter, the remonstrators shall be reimbursed
5	by the annexing municipality for any reasonable attorney's fees,
6	including litigation expenses and appeal costs:
7	(1) that are incurred:
8	(A) after the date the annexation ordinance is adopted; and
9	(B) in remonstrating against the annexation; and
0.	(2) not to exceed thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars
-1	(\$37,500).
-2	SECTION 19. IC 36-4-3-11.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2019,



1	SECTION 112, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11.7. (a) This subsection
3	applies to any deed recorded after June 30, 2015. This subsection
4	applies only to property that is subject to a remonstrance waiver. A
5	municipality shall, within a reasonable time after the recording of a
6	deed to property located within the municipality, provide written notice
7	to the property owner that a waiver of the right of remonstrance exists
8	with respect to the property.
9	(b) A remonstrance waiver executed before July 1, 2003, is void.
10	This subsection does not invalidate an annexation that was effective on
11	or before July 1, 2019.
12	(c) A remonstrance waiver executed after June 30, 2003, and before
13	July 1, 2019, is subject to the following:
14	(1) The waiver is void unless the waiver was recorded:
15	(A) before January 1, 2020; and
16	(B) with the county recorder of the county where the property
17	subject to the waiver is located.
18	(2) A waiver that is not void under subdivision (1) expires not
19	later than fifteen (15) years after the date the waiver is executed.
20	This subsection does not invalidate an annexation that was effective on
21	or before July 1, 2019.
22	(d) A remonstrance waiver executed after June 30, 2019, is subject
23	to the following: (1) The waiver is void unless the waiver is must be
24	recorded (A) not later than thirty (30) business days after the date the
25	waiver was executed and (B) with the county recorder of the county
26	where the property subject to the waiver is located. (2) A waiver that
27	is not void under subdivision (1) expires not later than fifteen (15)
28	years after the date the waiver is executed. This subsection does not
29	invalidate an annexation that was effective on or before July 1, 2019.
30	(e) Notwithstanding any other law, a remonstrance waiver is
31	effective and binding on a landowner or a successor in title only
32	with regard to an annexation for which the annexation ordinance
33	was adopted before May 15, 2025.
34	SECTION 20. IC 36-4-3-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2022,
35	SECTION 158, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. The circuit or superior court
37	shall:
38	(1) on the date fixed under:
39	(A) section 11 of this chapter (in the case of an annexation
40	for which an annexation ordinance is adopted before May
41	15, 2025), hear and determine the remonstrance without a jury;



or

1	(B) section 5.5 of this chapter (in the case of an annexation
2 3	for which an annexation ordinance is adopted after May 14, 2025), hear and determine the petition without a jury;
4	and
5	(2) without delay, enter judgment on the question of the
6	annexation according to the evidence that either party may
7	introduce.
8	SECTION 21. IC 36-4-3-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.70-2022,
9	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
0	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e),
1	at the hearing under section 12 of this chapter, the court shall order a
12	proposed annexation to take place if the following requirements are
13	met:
14	(1) The requirements of either subsection (b) or (c).
15	(2) The requirements of subsection (d).
16	(3) The requirements of subsection (i) (in the case of an
17	annexation for which an annexation ordinance is adopted
18	before May 15, 2025).
19	(b) The requirements of this subsection are met if the evidence
20	establishes the following:
21	(1) That the territory sought to be annexed is contiguous to the
22	municipality.
22 23 24	(2) One (1) of the following:
	(A) The resident population density of the territory sought to
25	be annexed is at least three (3) persons per acre.
26	(B) Sixty percent (60%) of the territory is subdivided.
27	(C) The territory is zoned for commercial, business, or
28	industrial uses.
29	(c) The requirements of this subsection are met if the evidence
30	establishes one (1) of the following:
31	(1) That the territory sought to be annexed is:
32	(A) contiguous to the municipality as required by section 1.5
33	of this chapter, except that at least one-fourth (1/4), instead of
34	one-eighth (1/8), of the aggregate external boundaries of the
35	territory sought to be annexed must coincide with the
36	boundaries of the municipality; and
37	(B) needed and can be used by the municipality for its
38 39	development in the reasonably near future.
9 10	(2) This subdivision applies only to an annexation for which an
+0 11	annexation ordinance is adopted after December 31, 2016, and before May 15, 2025. That the territory sought to be annexed
+1 12	involves an economic development project and the requirements
τ∠	involves an economic development project and the requirements



1	of section 11.4 of this chapter are met.
2	(3) The territory is described in section 5.2 of this chapter.
3	(d) The requirements of this subsection are met if the evidence
4	establishes that the municipality has developed and adopted a written
5	fiscal plan and has established a definite policy, by resolution of the
6	legislative body as set forth in section 3.1 of this chapter. The fiscal
7	plan must show the following:
8	(1) The cost estimates of planned services to be furnished to the
9	territory to be annexed. The plan must present itemized estimated
10	costs for each municipal department or agency.
11	(2) The method or methods of financing the planned services. The
12	plan must explain how specific and detailed expenses will be
13	funded and must indicate the taxes, grants, and other funding to
14	be used.
15	(3) The plan for the organization and extension of services. The
16	plan must detail the specific services that will be provided and the
17	dates the services will begin.
18	(4) That planned services of a noncapital nature, including police
19	protection, fire protection, street and road maintenance, and other
20	noncapital services normally provided within the corporate
21	boundaries, will be provided to the annexed territory within one
22	(1) year after the effective date of annexation and that they will be
23	provided in a manner equivalent in standard and scope to those
24	noncapital services provided to areas within the corporate
25	boundaries regardless of similar topography, patterns of land use,
26	and population density.
27	(5) That services of a capital improvement nature, including street
28	construction, street lighting, sewer facilities, water facilities, and
29	storm water drainage facilities, will be provided to the annexed
30	territory within three (3) years after the effective date of the
31	annexation in the same manner as those services are provided to
32	areas within the corporate boundaries, regardless of similar
33	topography, patterns of land use, and population density, and in
34	a manner consistent with federal, state, and local laws,
35	procedures, and planning criteria.
36	(6) This subdivision applies to a fiscal plan prepared after June
37	30, 2015. The estimated effect of the proposed annexation on
38	taxpayers in each of the political subdivisions to which the
39	proposed annexation applies, including the expected tax rates, tax
40	levies, expenditure levels, service levels, and annual debt service
41	payments in those political subdivisions for four (4) years after

the effective date of the annexation.



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1	(7) This subdivision applies to a fiscal plan prepared after June
2	30, 2015. The estimated effect the proposed annexation will have
3	on municipal finances, specifically how municipal tax revenues
4	will be affected by the annexation for four (4) years after the
5	effective date of the annexation.
6	(8) This subdivision applies to a fiscal plan prepared after June
7	30, 2015. Any estimated effects on political subdivisions in the
8	county that are not part of the annexation and on taxpayers
9	located in those political subdivisions for four (4) years after the
10	effective date of the annexation.
11	(9) This subdivision applies to a fiscal plan prepared after June
12	30, 2015. A list of all parcels of property in the annexation
13	territory and the following information regarding each parcel:
14	(A) The name of the owner of the parcel.
15	(B) The parcel identification number.
16	(C) The most recent assessed value of the parcel.
17	(D) The existence of a known waiver of the right to
18	remonstrate on the parcel. This clause applies only to a fiscal
19	plan prepared after June 30, 2016, and before May 15, 2025.
20	(e) At the hearing under section 12 of this chapter with regard to
21	an annexation for which an annexation ordinance was adopted
22	before May 15, 2025, the court shall do the following:
23	(1) Consider evidence on the conditions listed in subdivision (2).
24	(2) Order a proposed annexation not to take place if the court
25	finds that all of the following conditions that are applicable to the
26	annexation exist in the territory proposed to be annexed:
27	(A) This clause applies only to an annexation for which an
28	annexation ordinance was adopted before July 1, 2015. The
29	following services are adequately furnished by a provider
30	other than the municipality seeking the annexation:
31	(i) Police and fire protection.
32	(ii) Street and road maintenance.
33	(B) The annexation will have a significant financial impact on
34	the residents or owners of land. The court may not consider:
35	(i) the personal finances; or
36	(ii) the business finances;
37	of a resident or owner of land. The personal and business
38	financial records of the residents or owners of land, including
39	state, federal, and local income tax returns, may not be subject
40	to a subpoena or discovery proceedings.
41	(C) The annexation is not in the best interests of the owners of



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land in the territory proposed to be annexed as set forth in

1	subsection (f).
2	(D) This clause applies only to an annexation for which an
3	annexation ordinance is adopted before July 1, 2015. One (1)
4	of the following opposes the annexation:
5	(i) At least sixty-five percent (65%) of the owners of land in
6	the territory proposed to be annexed.
7	(ii) The owners of more than seventy-five percent (75%) in
8	assessed valuation of the land in the territory proposed to be
9	annexed.
10	Evidence of opposition may be expressed by any owner of land
11	in the territory proposed to be annexed.
12	(E) This clause applies only to an annexation for which an
13	annexation ordinance is adopted after June 30, 2015, and
14	before May 15, 2025. One (1) of the following opposes the
15	annexation:
16	(i) At least fifty-one percent (51%) of the owners of land in
17	the territory proposed to be annexed.
18	(ii) The owners of more than sixty percent (60%) in assessed
19	valuation of the land in the territory proposed to be annexed.
20	The remonstrance petitions filed with the court under section
21	11 of this chapter are evidence of the number of owners of
22	land that oppose the annexation, minus any written revocations
23	of remonstrances that are filed with the court under section 11
24	of this chapter.
25	(F) This clause applies only to an annexation for which an
26	annexation ordinance is adopted before July 1, 2015. This
27	clause applies only to an annexation in which eighty percent
28	(80%) of the boundary of the territory proposed to be annexed
29	is contiguous to the municipality and the territory consists of
30	not more than one hundred (100) parcels. At least seventy-five
31	percent (75%) of the owners of land in the territory proposed
32	to be annexed oppose the annexation as determined under
33	section 11(b) of this chapter.
34	(f) This subsection applies only to an annexation for which an
35	annexation ordinance is adopted before May 15, 2025. The
36	municipality under subsection (e)(2)(C) bears the burden of proving
37	that the annexation is in the best interests of the owners of land in the
38	territory proposed to be annexed. In determining this issue, the court
39	may consider whether the municipality has extended sewer or water
40	services to the entire territory to be annexed:
41	(1) within the three (3) years preceding the date of the
42	introduction of the annexation ordinance; or
. –	mu concern of the uniteration of difficulties, of



1	(2) under a contract in lieu of annexation entered into under
2	$\frac{1C}{36-4-3-21}$ section 21 of this chapter.
3	The court may not consider the provision of water services as a result
4	of an order by the Indiana utility regulatory commission to constitute
5	the provision of water services to the territory to be annexed.
6	(g) The most recent:
7	(1) federal decennial census;
8	(2) federal special census;
9	(3) special tabulation; or
10	(4) corrected population count;
11	shall be used as evidence of resident population density for purposes
12	of subsection (b)(2)(A), but this evidence may be rebutted by other
13	evidence of population density.
14	(h) A municipality that prepares a fiscal plan after June 30, 2015
15	must comply with this subsection. A municipality may not amend the
16	fiscal plan after the date that:
17	(1) a remonstrance is filed with the court under section 11 of this
18	chapter (in the case of an annexation for which an annexation
19	ordinance was adopted before May 15, 2025); or
20	(2) a petition is filed with the court under section 5.5 of this
21	chapter (in the case of an annexation for which an annexation
22	ordinance was adopted after May 14, 2025);
23	unless amendment of the fiscal plan is consented to by at leas
24	sixty-five percent (65%) of the persons who signed the remonstrance
25	or the petition.
26	(i) The municipality must submit proof that the municipality has
27	complied with:
28	(1) the outreach program requirements and notice requirements
29	of section 1.7 of this chapter; and
30	(2) the requirements of section 11.1 of this chapter (in the case of
31	an annexation for which an annexation ordinance was
32	adopted after June 30, 2015, and before May 15, 2025).
33	SECTION 22. IC 36-4-3-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.228-2015
34	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) The court's judgment under section 12
36	or 15.5 of this chapter must specify the annexation ordinance. on which
37	the remonstrance is based. The clerk of the court shall deliver a
38	certified copy of the final and unappealable judgment to the clerk of the
39	municipality. The clerk of the municipality shall:
40	(1) record the judgment in the clerk's ordinance record; and

(2) make a cross-reference to the record of the judgment on the

margin of the record of the annexation ordinance.



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1	(b) If a final and unappealable judgment under section 12 or 15.5 of
2	this chapter is adverse to annexation, the municipality may not make
3	further attempts to annex the territory or any part of the territory during
4	the four (4) years after the later of:
5	(1) the judgment of the circuit or superior court; or
6	(2) the date of the final disposition of all appeals to a higher court;
7	unless the annexation is petitioned for under section 5 or 5.1 of this
8	chapter.
9	(c) This subsection applies if a municipality repeals the annexation
10	ordinance:
11	(1) less than sixty-one (61) days after the publication of the
12	ordinance under section 7(a) of this chapter; and
13	(2) before the hearing commences:
14	(A) on the remonstrance under section 11(c) of this chapter (in
15	the case of an annexation for which an annexation
16	ordinance is adopted before May 15, 2025); or
17	(B) on the petition under section 12 of this chapter (in the
18	case of an annexation for which an annexation ordinance
19	is adopted after May 14, 2025).
20	A municipality may not make further attempts to annex the territory or
21	any part of the territory during the twelve (12) months after the date the
22	municipality repeals the annexation ordinance. This subsection does
23	not prohibit an annexation of the territory or part of the territory that is
24	petitioned for under section 5 or 5.1 of this chapter.
25	(d) This subsection applies if a municipality repeals the annexation
26	ordinance:
27	(1) at least sixty-one (61) days but not more than one hundred
28	twenty (120) days after the publication of the ordinance under
29	section 7(a) of this chapter; and
30	(2) before the hearing commences:
31	(A) on the remonstrance under section 11(c) of this chapter (in
32	the case of an annexation for which an annexation
33	ordinance is adopted before May 15, 2025); or
34	(B) on the petition under section 12 of this chapter (in the
35	case of an annexation for which an annexation ordinance
36	is adopted after May 14, 2025).
37	A municipality may not make further attempts to annex the territory or
38	any part of the territory during the twenty-four (24) months after the
39	date the municipality repeals the annexation ordinance. This subsection
40	does not prohibit an annexation of the territory or part of the territory
41	that is petitioned for under section 5 or 5.1 of this chapter.
42	(e) This subsection applies if a municipality repeals the annexation



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1	ordinance:
2	(1) either:
2 3	(A) at least one hundred twenty-one (121) days after
4	publication of the ordinance under section 7(a) of this chapter
5	but before the hearing commences:
6	(i) on the remonstrance under section 11(c) of this chapter
7	(in the case of an annexation for which an annexation
8	ordinance is adopted before May 15, 2025); or
9	(ii) on the petition under section 12 of this chapter (in the
10	case of an annexation for which an annexation ordinance
11	is adopted after May 14, 2025); or
12	(B) after the hearing commences:
13	(i) on the remonstrance as set forth in section 11(c) of this
14	chapter (in the case of an annexation for which an
15	annexation ordinance is adopted before May 15, 2025);
16	or
17	(ii) on the petition under section 12 of this chapter (in the
18	case of an annexation for which an annexation ordinance
19	is adopted after May 14, 2025); and
20	(2) before the date of the judgment of the circuit or superior court
21	as set forth in subsection (b).
22	A municipality may not make further attempts to annex the territory or
23	any part of the territory during the forty-two (42) months after the date
24	the municipality repeals the annexation ordinance. This subsection
25	does not prohibit an annexation of the territory or part of the territory
26	that is petitioned for under section 5 or 5.1 of this chapter.
27	(f) An annexation is effective when the clerk of the municipality
28	complies with the filing requirement of section 22(a) of this chapter.
29	SECTION 23. IC 36-4-3-15.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.156-2020,
30	SECTION 138, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
31	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15.3. (a) As used in this
32	section, "prohibition against annexation" means that a municipality
33	may not make further attempts to annex certain territory or any part of
34	that territory.
35	(b) As used in this section, "settlement agreement" means a written
36	court approved settlement of a dispute involving annexation under this
37	chapter between a municipality and remonstrators.
38	(c) Under a settlement agreement between the annexing
39	municipality and either:
40	(1) seventy-five percent (75%) or more of all landowners
41	participating in the remonstrance; or
42	(2) the owners of more than seventy-five percent (75%) in



1 assessed valuation of the land owned by all landowners 2 participating in the remonstrance; 3 the parties may mutually agree to a prohibition against annexation of 4 all or part of the territory by the municipality for a period not to exceed 5 twenty (20) years. The settlement agreement may address issues and 6 bind the parties to matters relating to the provision by a municipality 7 of planned services of a noncapital nature and services of a capital 8 improvement nature (as described in section 13(d) of this chapter), in 9 addition to a prohibition against annexation. The settlement agreement 10 is binding upon the successors, heirs, and assigns of the parties to the 11 agreement. However, the settlement agreement may be amended or 12 revised periodically on further agreement between the annexing 13 municipality and landowners who meet the qualifications of 14 subdivision (1) or (2). 15 (d) A settlement agreement executed after May 14, 2025, is void. SECTION 24. IC 36-4-3-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 16 17 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. (a) This 18 section does not apply to an annexation under: 19 (1) section 4(a)(2), 4(a)(3), 4(b), 4(h), or 4.1 of this chapter; or 20 (2) section 5.1 of this chapter, for which an annexation 21 ordinance is adopted after May 14, 2025. 22 (a) (b) Within one (1) year after the expiration of: 23 (1) the one (1) year period for implementation of planned services 24 of a noncapital nature under section 13(d)(4) of this chapter; or 25 (2) the three (3) year period for the implementation of planned 26 services of a capital improvement nature under section 13(d)(5) 27 of this chapter; 28 any person who pays taxes on property located within the annexed 29 territory may file a complaint alleging injury resulting from the failure 30 of the municipality to implement the plan. The complaint must name 31 the municipality as defendant and shall be filed with the circuit or 32 superior court of the county in which the annexed territory is located. 33 (b) (c) The court shall hear the case within sixty (60) days without 34 a jury. In order to be granted relief, the plaintiff must establish one (1) 35 of the following: 36 (1) That the municipality has without justification failed to 37 implement the plan required by section 13 of this chapter within 38 the specific time limit for implementation after annexation. 39 (2) That the municipality has not provided police protection, fire 40 protection, sanitary sewers, and water for human consumption 41 within the specific time limit for implementation, unless one (1)

of these services is being provided by a separate taxing district or



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1	by a privately owned public utility.
2	(3) That the annexed territory is not receiving governmental and
3	proprietary services substantially equivalent in standard and scope
4	to the services provided by the municipality to other areas of the
5	municipality, regardless of topography, patterns of land use, and
6	population density similar to the annexed territory.
7	(c) (d) The court may:
8	(1) grant an injunction prohibiting the collection of taxes levied
9	by the municipality on the plaintiff's property located in the
0	annexed territory;
1	(2) award damages to the plaintiff not to exceed one and
2	one-fourth (1 1/4) times the taxes collected by the municipality
3	for the plaintiff's property located in the annexed territory;
4	(3) order the annexed territory or any part of it to be disannexed
5	from the municipality;
6	(4) order the municipality to submit a revised fiscal plan for
7	providing the services to the annexed territory within time limits
8	set up by the court; or
9	(5) grant any other appropriate relief.
0.	(d) (e) A change of venue from the county is not permitted for an
1	action brought under this section.
22	(e) (f) If the court finds for the plaintiff, the defendant shall pay all
23 24 25	court costs and reasonable attorney's fees as approved by the court.
4	(f) (g) The provisions of this chapter that apply to territory
25	disannexed by other procedures apply to territory disannexed under this
26	section.
27	SECTION 25. IC 36-4-3-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.38-2021
28	SECTION 84, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 22. (a) The clerk of the municipality shall file.
0	(1) each annexation ordinance:
1	(A) against which:
2	(A) (i) a remonstrance (in the case of an annexation for
3	which an annexation ordinance is adopted before May
4	15, 2025) ; or
5	(ii) an appeal;
6	has not been filed during the period permitted under this
7	chapter; or
8	(B) against which a remonstrance was filed without a
9	sufficient number of signatures to meet the requirements of
0	section 11.3(c) of this chapter, in the case of an annexation for
-1	which an annexation ordinance was adopted after June 30
-2	2015, and before May 15, 2025; or



1	(2) the certified copy of a final and unappealable judgment
2	ordering an annexation to take place;
3	with the county auditor, circuit court clerk, and board of registration (if
4	a board of registration exists) of each county in which the annexed
5	territory is located, the office of the secretary of state, and the office of
6	census data established by IC 2-5-1.1-12.2. The clerk of the
7	municipality shall record each annexation ordinance adopted under this
8	chapter in the office of the county recorder of each county in which the
9	annexed territory is located.
10	(b) The ordinance or judgment must be filed and recorded no later
11	than ninety (90) days after:
12	(1) the expiration of the period permitted for:
13	(A) a remonstrance (in the case of an annexation for which
14	an annexation ordinance is adopted before May 15, 2025);
15	or
16	(B) an appeal under section 15.5 of this chapter;
17	(2) the delivery of a certified order under section 15 of this
18	chapter; or
19	(3) the date the county auditor files the written certification with
20	the legislative body under section 11.2 of this chapter, in the case
21	of an annexation:
22	(A) described in subsection (a)(1)(B); and
23	(B) for which an annexation ordinance is adopted before
24	May 15, 2025.
25	(c) Failure to record the annexation ordinance as provided in
26	subsection (a) does not invalidate the ordinance.
27	(d) The county auditor shall forward a copy of any annexation
28	ordinance filed under this section to the following:
29	(1) The county highway department of each county in which the
30	lots or lands affected are located.
31	(2) The county surveyor of each county in which the lots or lands
32	affected are located.
33	(3) Each plan commission, if any, that lost or gained jurisdiction
34	over the annexed territory.
35	(4) The sheriff of each county in which the lots or lands affected
36	are located.
37	(5) The township trustee of each township that lost or gained
38	jurisdiction over the annexed territory.
39	(6) The office of the secretary of state.
40	(7) The office of census data established by IC 2-5-1.1-12.2.
41	(8) The department of local government finance, not later than

August 1, in the manner described by the department.



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- (e) The county auditor may require the clerk of the municipality to furnish an adequate number of copies of the annexation ordinance or may charge the clerk a fee for photoreproduction of the ordinance. The county auditor shall notify the office of the secretary of state and the office of census data established by IC 2-5-1.1-12.2 of the date that the annexation ordinance is effective under this chapter.
- (f) The county auditor or county surveyor shall, upon determining that an annexation ordinance has become effective under this chapter, indicate the annexation upon the property taxation records maintained in the office of the auditor or the office of the county surveyor.

SECTION 26. IC 36-4-7-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2022, SECTION 162, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) The fiscal officer shall present the report of budget estimates to the city legislative body under IC 6-1.1-17. After reviewing the report, the legislative body shall prepare an ordinance fixing the rate of taxation for the ensuing budget year and an ordinance making appropriations for the estimated department budgets and other city purposes during the ensuing budget year. The legislative body, in the appropriation ordinance, may reduce any estimated item from the figure submitted in the report of the fiscal officer, but it may increase an item only if the executive recommends an increase. The legislative body shall promptly act on the appropriation ordinance.

(b) In preparing the ordinances described in subsection (a) the legislative body shall make an allowance for the cost of fire protection to annexed territory described in IC 36-4-3-7(e), IC 36-4-3-7(e), for the year fire protection is first offered to that territory.

SECTION 27. IC 36-9-22-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.156-2020, SECTION 148, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The power of the municipal works board to fix the terms of a contract under this section applies to contracts for the installation of sewage works that have not been finally approved or accepted for full maintenance and operation by the municipality on July 1, 1979.

- (b) The works board of a municipality may contract with owners of real property for the construction of sewage works within the municipality or within four (4) miles outside its corporate boundaries in order to provide service for the area in which the real property of the owners is located. The contract must provide, for a period of not to exceed fifteen (15) years, for the payment to the owners and their assigns by any owner of real property who:
 - (1) did not contribute to the original cost of the sewage works;



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- (2) subsequently taps into, uses, or deposits sewage or storm waters in the sewage works or any lateral sewers connected to them:
- of a fair pro rata share of the cost of the construction of the sewage works, subject to the rules of the board and notwithstanding any other law relating to the functions of local governmental entities. However, the contract does not apply to any owner of real property who is not a party to the contract unless the contract or (after June 30, 2013) a signed memorandum of the contract has been recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the real property of the owner is located before the owner taps into or connects to the sewers and facilities. The board may provide that the fair pro rata share of the cost of construction includes interest at a rate not exceeding the amount of interest allowed on judgments, and the interest shall be computed from the date the sewage works are approved until the date payment is made to the municipality.
- (c) The contract must include, as part of the consideration running to the municipality, the release of the right of:
 - (1) the parties to the contract; and
- (2) the successors in title of the parties to the contract; to remonstrate against pending or future annexations by the municipality of the area served by the sewage works. Any person tapping into or connecting to the sewage works contracted for is considered to waive the person's rights to remonstrate against the annexation of the area served by the sewage works.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsection (c), the works board of a municipality may waive the provisions of subsection (c) in the contract if:
 - (1) the works board considers a waiver of subsection (c) to be in the best interests of the municipality; or
 - (2) the contract involves connection to the sewage works under IC 36-9-22.5.
- (e) This subsection does not affect any rights or liabilities accrued, or proceedings begun before July 1, 2013. Those rights, liabilities, and proceedings continue and shall be imposed and enforced under prior law as if this subsection had not been enacted. For contracts executed after June 30, 2013, if the release of the right to remonstrate is not void under subsection (i), (j), or (k), or (l), the release is binding on a successor in title to a party to the contract only if the successor in title:
 - (1) has actual notice of the release; or
 - (2) has constructive notice of the release because the contract, or



1	a signed memorandum of the contract stating the release, has beer
2	recorded in the chain of title of the property.
3	(f) Subsection (c) does not apply to a landowner if all of the
4	following conditions apply:
5	(1) The landowner is required to connect to the sewage works
6	because a person other than the landowner has polluted or
7	contaminated the area.
8	(2) The costs of extension of or connection to the sewage works
9	are paid by a person other than the landowner or the municipality
0	(g) Subsection (c) does not apply to a landowner who taps into
1	connects to, or is required to tap into or connect to the sewage works
2	of a municipality only because the municipality provides wholesale
3	sewage service (as defined in IC 8-1-2-61.7) to another municipality
4	that provides sewage service to the landowner.
5	(h) This subsection applies to any deed recorded after June 30
6	2015. This subsection applies only to property that is subject to a
7	remonstrance waiver. A municipality shall provide written notice to
8	any successor in title to property within a reasonable time after the
9	deed is recorded, that a waiver of the right of remonstrance exists with
0	respect to the property.
1	(i) A remonstrance waiver executed on or before July 1, 2003, is
2	void. This subsection does not invalidate an annexation that was
3	effective on or before July 1, 2019.
4	(j) A remonstrance waiver executed after June 30, 2003, and no
5	later than June 30, 2019, is subject to the following:
6	(1) The waiver is void unless the waiver was recorded:
7	(A) before January 1, 2020; and
8	(B) with the county recorder of the county where the property
9	subject to the waiver is located.
0	(2) A waiver that is not void under subdivision (1) or subsection
1	(I) expires not later than fifteen (15) years after the date the
2	waiver is executed.
3	This subsection does not invalidate an annexation that was effective or
4	or before July 1, 2019.
5	(k) A remonstrance waiver executed after June 30, 2019, is subject
6	to the following: (1) The waiver is void unless the waiver is must be
7	recorded (A) not later than thirty (30) business days after the date the
8	waiver was executed and (B) with the county recorder of the county
9	where the property subject to the waiver is located. (2) A waiver that
0	is not void under subdivision (1) expires not later than fifteen (15)
1	years after the date the waiver is executed. This subsection does no
2	invalidate an annoyation that was affective on or before July 1, 2010



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effective a	nd bindin	ng any other g on a lando t only with re	wner o	r a succ	essor	in title to	o a
the annexa	tion ordi	nance was ad	opted l	before M	Iay 15	5, 2025.	
SECTIO	N 28. IC	36-9-25-14, A	S AMI	ENDED	BY P	.L.156-202	20,
SECTION	149, IS	AMENDEL	OT O	READ	AS	FOLLOV	NS
[EFFECTIV	VE UPON	PASSAGE]: S	Sec. 14.	(a) As to	each	municipal	ity
to which th	is chapter	applies:					
(1) all	the territe	ory included v	vithin t	he corpo	rate b	oundaries	of
the mu	unicipality	; and					
(2) any	y territory,	town, additio	n, platte	ed subdiv	ision,	or unplat	ted
land l	ying outsi	de the corpora	ite boui	ndaries o	of the	municipal	ity

that has been taken into the district in accordance with a prior statute, the sewage or drainage of which discharges into or through the sewage system of the municipality; constitutes a special taxing district for the purpose of providing for the

sanitary disposal of the sewage of the district in a manner that protects the public health and prevents the undue pollution of watercourses of the district.

(b) Upon request by:

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- (1) a resolution adopted by the legislative body of another municipality in the same county; or
- (2) a petition of the majority of the resident freeholders in a platted subdivision or of the owners of unplatted land outside the boundaries of a municipality, if the platted subdivision or unplatted land is in the same county;

the board may adopt a resolution incorporating all or any part of the area of the municipality, platted subdivision, or unplatted land into the district.

- (c) A request under subsection (b) must be signed and certified as correct by the secretary of the legislative body, resident freeholders, or landowners. The original shall be preserved in the records of the board. The resolution of the board incorporating an area in the district must be in writing and must contain an accurate description of the area incorporated into the district. A certified copy of the resolution, signed by the president and secretary of the board, together with a map showing the boundaries of the district and the location of additional areas, shall be delivered to the auditor of the county within which the district is located. It shall be properly indexed and kept in the permanent records of the offices of the auditor.
- (d) In addition, upon request by ten (10) or more interested resident freeholders in a platted or unplatted territory, the board may define the



limits of an area within the county and including the property of the freeholders that is to be considered for inclusion into the district. Notice of the defining of the area by the board, and notice of the location and limits of the area, shall be given by publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1. Upon request by a majority of the resident freeholders of the area, the area may be incorporated into the district in the manner provided in this section. The resolution of the board incorporating the area into the district and a map of the area shall be made and filed in the same manner.

- (e) In addition, a person owning or occupying real property outside the district may enter into a sewer service agreement with the board for connection to the sewage works of the district. If the agreement provides for connection at a later time, the date or the event upon which the service commences shall be stated in the agreement. The agreement may impose any conditions for connection that the board determines. The agreement must also provide the amount of service charge to be charged for connection if the persons are not covered under section 11 of this chapter, with the amount to be fixed by the board in its discretion and without a hearing.
- (f) All sewer service agreements made under subsection (e) or (after June 30, 2013) a signed memorandum of the sewer service agreement shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of the county where the property is located. The agreements run with the property described and are binding upon the persons owning or occupying the property, their personal representatives, heirs, devisees, grantees, successors, and assigns. Each agreement that is recorded, or each agreement of which a signed memorandum is recorded, and that provides for the property being served to be placed on the tax rolls shall be certified by the board to the auditor of the county where the property is located. The certification must state the date the property is to be placed on the tax rolls, and upon receipt of the certification together with a copy of the agreement, the auditor shall immediately place the property certified upon the rolls of property subject to the levy and collection of taxes for the district. An agreement may provide for the collection of a service charge for the period services are rendered before the levy and collection of the tax.
- (g) Except as provided in subsections (j) and (l), sewer service agreements made under subsection (e) must contain a waiver provision that persons (other than municipalities) who own or occupy property agree for themselves, their executors, administrators, heirs, devisees, grantees, successors, and assigns that they will:
 - (1) neither object to nor file a remonstrance against the proposed



- annexation of the property by a municipality within the boundaries of the district;

 (2) not appeal from an order or a judgment annexing the property to a municipality; and
 - (3) not file a complaint or an action against annexation proceedings.
 - (h) This subsection does not affect any rights or liabilities accrued or proceedings begun before July 1, 2013. Those rights, liabilities, and proceedings continue and shall be imposed and enforced under prior law as if this subsection had not been enacted. For contracts executed after June 30, 2013, a waiver of the right to remonstrate under subsection (g) that is not void under subsection (m), (n), or (o), or (p) is binding as to an executor, administrator, heir, devisee, grantee, successor, or assign of a party to a sewer service agreement under subsection (g) only if the executor, administrator, heir, devisee, grantee, successor, or assign:
 - (1) has actual notice of the waiver; or
 - (2) has constructive notice of the waiver because the sewer service agreement or a signed memorandum of the sewer service agreement stating the waiver has been recorded in the chain of title of the property.
 - (i) This section does not affect any sewer service agreements entered into before March 13, 1953. However, this section applies to a remonstrance waiver regardless of when the waiver was executed.
 - (j) Subsection (g) does not apply to a landowner if all of the following conditions apply:
 - (1) The landowner is required to connect to a sewer service because a person other than the landowner has polluted or contaminated the area.
 - (2) The costs of extension of service or connection to the sewer service are paid by a person other than the landowner or the municipality.
 - (k) This subsection applies to any deed recorded after June 30, 2015. This subsection applies only to property that is subject to a remonstrance waiver. A municipality shall provide written notice to any successor in title to property within a reasonable time after the deed is recorded, that a waiver of the right of remonstrance has been granted with respect to the property.
 - (l) The board may waive the waiver provision described in subsection (g) in a sewer service agreement made under subsection (e) if the sewer service agreement involves a connection to the district's sewage works under IC 36-9-22.5.



1	(m) A remonstrance waiver executed before July 1, 2003, is void.
2	This subsection does not invalidate an annexation that was effective on
3	or before July 1, 2019.
4	(n) A remonstrance waiver executed after June 30, 2003, and before
5	July 1, 2019, is subject to the following:
6	(1) The waiver is void unless the waiver was recorded:
7	(A) before January 1, 2020; and
8	(B) with the county recorder of the county where the property
9	subject to the waiver is located.
10	(2) A waiver that is not void under subdivision (1) or subsection
11	(p) expires not later than fifteen (15) years after the date the
12	waiver is executed.
13	This subsection does not invalidate an annexation that was effective on
14	or before July 1, 2019.
15	(o) A remonstrance waiver executed after June 30, 2019, is subject
16	to the following: (1) The waiver is void unless the waiver is must be
17	recorded (A) not later than thirty (30) business days after the date the
18	waiver was executed and (B) with the county recorder of the county
19	where the property subject to the waiver is located. (2) A waiver that
20	is not void under subdivision (1) expires not later than fifteen (15)
21	years after the date the waiver is executed. This subsection does not
22	invalidate an annexation that was effective on or before July 1, 2019.
23	(p) Notwithstanding any other law, a remonstrance waiver is
24	effective and binding on a landowner or a successor in title to a
25	party to the contract only with regard to an annexation for which
26	the annexation ordinance was adopted before May 15, 2025.
27	SECTION 29. An emergency is declared for this act.

